

2025 PacificSource Health Plans Prior Authorization Criteria

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POLICY NAME: ACTIMMUNE

Affected Medications: ACTIMMUNE (interferon gamma 1b)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Chronic Granulomatous Disease (CGD) Savara malian ant esta an starsis (CMO)
	 Severe, malignant osteopetrosis (SMO) NOON (Net in all Querra la construction of the second sec
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A
	or higher
Required Medical	• Patient's body surface area (BSA) must be documented along with the prescribed dose.
Information:	 Pediatrics with BSA less than 0.5 m²: weight must be documented along with prescribed dose
	Chronic granulomatous disease
	 Diagnosis established by a molecular genetic test identifying a gene-related mutation associated with CGD
	Severe, malignant osteopetrosis
	Diagnosis of severe infantile osteopetrosis established by ONE of the following:
	 Radiographic imaging consistent with osteopetrosis
	OR
	 Molecular genetic test identifying a gene-related mutation associated with SMO
	Oncology indications
	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
	anticipated treatment course
Appropriato	Chronic Granulomatous Disease
Appropriate Treatment	 Patient is on a prophylactic regimen with an antibacterial agent and an antifungal agent
Regimen & Other	• Tallent is on a prophylactic regimen with an antibacterial agent and an antibungal agent
Criteria:	
Cinteria.	All indications
	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	CGD: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist
Care Restrictions:	SMO: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
	Oncology indications: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	CGD and SMO:
	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



Oncology indications:
 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
 Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ADDYI & VYLEESI

Affected Medications: ADDYI (flibanserin), VYLEESI (bremelanotide injection)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Premenopausal women with acquired, generalized hypoactive sexual desire disorder (HSDD) Acquired HSDD refers to HSDD that develops in a patient who previously had no problems with sexual desire Generalized HSDD refers to HSDD that occurs regardless of the type of stimulation, situation, or partner
Required Medical Information:	 Mental health diagnosis according to Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, fifth edition (DSM-5) diagnostic criteria for female sexual interest or arousal disorder: Lack of, or significantly reduced, sexual interest or arousal, as manifested by at least three of the following:
Appropriate Treatment	Addyi Documentation of appropriate patient counseling regarding alcohol use while taking
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Addyi Vyleesi Documentation that patients who may become pregnant are using an effective form of contraception
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Postmenopausal females Males Intended use is to enhance sexual performance



Age Restriction:	Adult premenopausal women only
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a mental health provider
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ADENOSINE DEAMINASE (ADA) REPLACEMENT Affected Medications: REVCOVI (elapegademase-lvlr)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adenosine deaminase severe combined immune deficiency (ADA-SCID) in pediatric and adult patients
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of ADA-SCID confirmed by genetic testing showing biallelic pathogenic variants in the <i>ADA</i> gene Laboratory findings show at least ONE of the following: Absent ADA levels in lysed erythrocytes A marked increase in deoxyadenosine triphosphate (dATP) levels in erythrocyte lysates A significant decrease in ATP concentration in red blood cells Absent or extremely low levels of N adenosylhomocysteine hydrolase in red blood cells Increase in 2'-deoxyadenosine in urine and plasma
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation showing that neither gene therapy nor a matched sibling or family donor for HCT (hematopoietic cell transplantation) is available, or that gene therapy or HCT was unsuccessful Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as disease stability and/or improvement as indicated by one or more of the following: Increase in plasma ADA activity Decrease in red blood cell dATP/dAXP level Improvement in immune function with diminished frequency/complications of infections
Exclusion Criteria:	 Other forms of autosomal recessive SCIDs All uses not listed under covered uses are considered experimental
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist or specialist experienced in the treatment of severe combined immune deficiency (SCID) All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **ADZYNMA** Affected Medications: ADZYNMA (apadamtase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Congenital thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (cTTP)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of severe cTTP confirmed by BOTH of the following:
Information:	 Molecular genetic testing confirming mutation in the ADAMTS13 gene ADAMTS13 activity testing showing less than 10% of normal activity
	For on-demand treatment:
	 Documentation of current or past acute event with 50% or greater drop in
	platelet count OR platelet count less than 100,000/microliter
	 Lactase dehydrogenase elevation (LDH) is more than 2 times baseline or more
	than 2 times upper limit of normal (ULN) as defined by laboratory values
	For prophylactic use:
	 Must have history of at least one documented thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (TTP) event (past acute event or subacute event such as
	thrombocytopenia event or a microangiopathic hemolytic anemia event)
Appropriate	Dosing:
Treatment	 Prophylactic: 40 IU/kg once every other week
Regimen & Other	 May be dosed weekly with documentation of appropriate prior dosing
Criteria:	regimen or clinical response.
	• On-demand therapy: 40 IU/kg on day 1, 20 IU/kg on day 2, and 15 IU/kg on day
	3 and beyond until 2 days after the acute event is resolved.
	Reauthorization:
	For prophylactic use: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in
	the number or severity of TTP events, platelet counts, or clinical symptoms
	For on-demand use:
	 Documentation that after previous on-demand therapy, platelet counts increased
	to at least 150,000/microliter or 25% from baseline platelet count
	 Members without previous on-demand use must meet initial criteria
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of other TTP-like disorder, such as acquired or immune-mediated TTP
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, oncologist, intensive care
Care Restrictions:	specialist, or specialist in rare genetic hematologic diseases
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: AFAMELANOTIDE

Affected Medications: SCENESSE (afamelanotide injection)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of patients with erythropoietic protoporphyria (EPP) with phototoxic reactions
Required Medical Information:	 Erythropoietic Protoporphyria (EPP) Documented diagnosis of EPP confirmed by biallelic loss-of-function mutation in the ferrochelatase (FECH) gene Documented increase in total erythrocyte protoporphyrin, with at least 85% metal-free protoporphyrin Documented symptoms of phototoxic reactions, resulting in dysfunction and significant impact on activities of daily living
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Reauthorization</u>: Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g., decreased severity and number of phototoxic reactions, increased duration of sun exposure, increased quality of life, etc.) AND Continued implementation of sun and light protection measures during treatment to prevent phototoxic reactions
Exclusion Criteria:	Cosmetic indications, such as vitiligo
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist at a recognized Porphyria Center All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

AFINITOR

Affected Medications: AFINITOR, AFINITOR DISPERZ (everolimus), EVEROLIMUS SOLUBLE TABLET

Covered Uses:	Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required	Oncology Indications
Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed treatment regimen
	Tuberous Sclerosis Complex (TSC)
	Documentation of treatment resistant epilepsy, defined as lack of seizure control with 2 different antiepileptic regimens and meeting following criteria:
	 Documentation of treatment failure with Epidiolex (cannabidiol solution) adjunct therapy
	 Documentation that Afinitor Disperz (only form approved for TSC-seizures) is being used as adjunct therapy for seizures
	OR
	 Documentation of symptomatic subependymal giant cell tumors (SGCTs) or TSC- associated subependymal giant cell astrocytoma (SEGA) in a patient who is not a good candidate for surgical resection
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Treatment	
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	
Exclusion	Oncology Indications
Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status less than or equal to 50% or ECOG performance score
	greater than or equal to 3
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Oncology Indication: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	TSC Indication: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or specialist in the treatment of TSC
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	 Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ALEMTUZUMAB Affected Medications: LEMTRADA (alemtuzumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	 Documentation of inadequate response to Tysabri (natalizumab) AND one additional medication indicated for MS <u>Reauthorization</u> requires provider attestation of treatment success Eligible for renewal 12 months after administration of last dose
	 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection Active infection Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of multiple sclerosis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or a multiple sclerosis specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 5 doses for 5 days, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 3 doses for 3 days, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA

Affected Medications: LUMIZYME (alglucosidase alfa)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pompe Disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Pompe disease confirmed by an enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of acid α-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme activity or by DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA gene. Patient weight and planned treatment regimen
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 One or more clinical signs or symptoms of Pompe disease, including but not limited to: Readily observed evidence of glycogen storage (macroglossia, hepatomegaly, normal or increased muscle bulk) Involvement of respiratory muscles manifesting as respiratory distress (such as tachypnea) Profound diffuse hypotonia Proximal muscle weakness Reduced forced vital capacity (FVC) in upright or supine position Appropriate medical support is readily available when medication is administered in the event of anaphylaxis, severe allergic reaction, or acute cardiorespiratory failure Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of other enzyme replacement therapies such as Nexviazyme or Pombiliti and Opfolda
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist, endocrinologist, biochemical geneticist, or physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ALOSETRON Affected Medications: ALOSETRON, LOTRONEX (alosetron)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	• Women with severe diarrhea-predominant irritable bowel syndrome (IBS)
Required Medical	Female gender
Information:	Chronic IBS syndrome lasting at least 6 months
	Diarrhea AND one or more of the following are present:
	 Frequent and severe abdominal pain/discomfort
	 Frequent bowel urgency or fecal incontinence
	 Disability or restriction of daily activities due to IBS
	Other anatomical or biochemical abnormalities of the gastrointestinal tract have been
	excluded as a cause of symptoms
Appropriate Treatment	Documented inadequate response to all of the following:
Regimen & Other	 Dicyclomine
Criteria:	o Hyoscyamine
	 Diphenoxylate-atropine
	 Amitriptyline or nortriptyline
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	History of chronic or severe constipation or sequelae from constipation, intestinal obstruction, stricture, toxic megacolon, gastrointestinal perforation, and/or adhesions, ischemic colitis, impaired intestinal circulation, thrombophlebitis, or hypercoagulable state, Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis, diverticulitis, or severe hepatic impairment
	Concomitant use of fluvoxamine
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist
Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ALPHA-1 PROTEINASE INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: ARALAST NP, GLASSIA, PROLASTIN-C, ZEMAIRA

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Chronic augmentation and maintenance therapy in adults with clinically evident emphysema due to severe congenital alpha-1 antitrypsin (AAT) deficiency
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of severe congenital AAT deficiency, confirmed by BOTH of the following (a and b): Baseline AAT serum concentration of less than or equal to 11 mmol/L (equivalent to 57 mg/dL or less via nephelometry, 80 mg/dL or less via radial immunodiffusion) One of the following high-risk phenotypic variants: PiZZ, PiSZ, Pi(null)(null), or other rare allelic mutation Documentation of clinically evident emphysema or chronic pulmonary obstructive disease (COPD), confirmed by ONE of the following (a or b): Evidence of severe airflow obstruction, defined as forced expiratory volume in one second (FEV1) of 30-65% predicted Evidence of mild-moderate airflow obstruction, defined as an FEV1 between 66-80% of predicted, but has demonstrated a rapid decline by at least 100 mL/year
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of non-smoker status Has not smoked for a minimum of 6 consecutive months leading up to therapy initiation and will continue to abstain from smoking during therapy Dosing: 60 mg/kg intravenously once weekly Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in the management of lung disease in which severe AAT deficiency has not been established Patients with IgA deficiency or with the presence of IgA antibodies Prior liver transplant
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

AMIFAMPRIDINE

Affected Medications: FIRDAPSE (amifampridine phosphate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Lambert-Eaton myasthenic syndrome (LEMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of LEMS confirmed by ONE of the following: Positive anti-P/Q-type voltage-gated calcium channel (VGCC) antibody test Repetitive nerve stimulation (RNS) abnormalities, such as an increase in compound muscle action potential (CMAP) amplitude at least 60 percent after maximum voluntary contraction (i.e., post-exercise stimulation) or at high frequency (50 Hz) Documentation of clinical signs and symptoms consistent with LEMS, as follows: proximal muscle weakness (without atrophy), with or without autonomic features and areflexia
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of inadequate clinical response or intolerance to ONE of the following (except in active small cell lung carcinoma [SCLC]-LEMS): Combination oral prednisone and azathioprine therapy Combination intravenous immunoglobulin therapy with one of the following: oral prednisone or azathioprine Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success, confirmed by improved or sustained muscle strength on clinical assessments
Exclusion Criteria:	 Seizure disorder Active brain metastases Clinically significant long QTc interval on ECG in previous year OR history of additional risk factors for torsade de pointes
Age Restriction:	6 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ANIFROLUMAB Affected Medications: SAPHNELO (anifrolumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of SLE with moderate to severe disease (significant but non-organ threatening disease including constitutional, cutaneous, musculoskeletal, or hematologic involvement) Autoantibody-positive SLE, defined as positive for antinuclear antibodies (ANA) and/or anti-double-stranded DNA (anti-dsDNA) antibody
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Failure with at least 12 weeks of combination therapy including hydroxychloroquine OR chloroquine with one of the following: Cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, or mycophenolate mofetil Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of subcutaneous Benlysta Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success or a clinically significant improvement such as a decrease in flares or corticosteroid use
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Use in combination with other biologic therapies Use in severe active central nervous system lupus 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist or a specialist with experience in the treatment of systemic lupus erythematosus All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

ANTIEMETICS

Affected Medications: AKYNZEO CAPSULES (netupitant-palonosetron), AKYNZEO INJECTION (fosnetupitant-palonosetron), VARUBI (rolapitant)

Covered Uses:	plan design o Preventior courses of emetogen • Va o Preventior repeat cou • A o Preventior repeat cou emetogen	Administration (FDA)-ap n of delayed nausea and f emetogenic cancer che ic chemotherapy arubi (rolapitant) n of acute and delayed n urses of highly emetoger kynzeo injection (fosne n of acute and delayed n urses of cancer chemoth ic chemotherapy kynzeo capsules (netup	vomiting associated wi motherapy, including, b ausea and vomiting ass nic cancer chemotherap tupitant-palonosetron) ausea and vomiting ass erapy, including, but no	th initial and repeat but not limited to, highly sociated with initial and y.			
Required Medical	-	ed Nausea and Vomiti					
Information:	Documentation of planned chemotherapy regimen						
	 Varubi Documentation of a highly OR moderately emetogenic chemotherapy regimen Akynzeo injection Documentation of a highly emetogenic chemotherapy regimen Akynzeo capsule Documentation of a highly OR moderately emetogenic chemotherapy regimen 						
	Highly Emetogenic Chemotherapy						
	Any regimen that contains an anthracycline and cyclophosphamide	Cyclophosphamide	Fam-trastuzumab deruxtecan-nxki	Sacituzumab govitecan-hziy			
	Carboplatin	Dacarbazine	Ifosfamide	Streptozocin			
	Carmustine	Doxorubicin	Mechlorethamine	FOLFOX			
	Cisplatin	Epirubicin	Melphalan				
	May be considered highly emetogenic in certain patients						
	Dactinomycin	Idarubicin	Methotrexate (250 mg/m ² or greater)	Trabectedin			
	Daunorubicin	Irinotecan	Oxaliplatin				



	Moderately Emetogenic Chemotherapy			
	Aldesleukin	Cytarabine	Idarubicin	Mirvetuximab soravtansine-gynx
	Amifostine	Dactinomycin	Irinotecan	Naxitamab-gqgk
	Bendamustine	Daunorubicin	Irinotecan (liposomal)	Oxaliplatin
	Busulfan	Dinutuximab	Lurbinectedin	Romidepsin
	Clofarabine	Dual-drug liposomal encapsulation of cytarabine and daunorubicin	Methotrexate (250 mg/m ² or greater)	Temozolomide
	Trabectedin			
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Chemotherapy induced Nausea and Vomiting Prophylaxis Varubi: Documented treatment failure with a 5-HT3 receptor antagonist (e.g., ondansetron, granisetron) in combination with dexamethasone while receiving the current chemotherapy regimen Akynzeo injection and capsule Documented treatment failure with both of the following while receiving the current chemotherapy regimen: 5-HT3 receptor antagonist (e.g., ondansetron, granisetron or palonosetron) NK1 receptor antagonist (e.g., aprepitant, fosaprepitant or rolapitant) 			
		per 14 days on and capsule: 1 dose per quires documentation of tre		itial criteria to be met
Exclusion Criteria:	 Treatment of acute or breakthrough nausea and vomiting Used in anthracycline or cyclophosphamide-based chemotherapy (Akynzeo injection only) 			
Age Restriction:	18 years of age	and older		



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ANTIHEMOPHILIC FACTORS

Affected Medications: Advate, Adynovate, Afstyla, Alphanate, Alphanate/VWF Complex/Human, Alphanine SD, Alprolix, Altuviiio, Benefix, Corifact, Eloctate, Esperoct, Feiba NF, Helixate FS, Hemofil M, Humate P, Idelvion, Ixinity, Jivi, Koate DVI, Kogenate FS, Kovaltry, Monoclate-P, Mononine, Novoseven RT, NovoEight, Nuwiq, Obizur, Rebinyn, Recombinate, Riastap, Rixubis, Sevenfact, Tretten, Vonvendi, Wilate, Xyntha

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of dose based on reasonable projections, current dose utilization, product labeling, diagnosis, baseline factor level, circulating factor activity (% of normal or units/dL), and rationale for use Current weight Documentation of Bethesda Titer level and number of bleeds in the past 3 months with severity and cause of bleed
	 Documentation of one of the following diagnostic categories: Hemophilia A or Hemophilia B Mild: factor levels greater than 5% and less than 30% Moderate: factor levels of 1% to 5% Severe: factor levels of less than 1% Von Willebrand disease (VWD), which must be confirmed with plasma von Willebrand factor (VWF) antigen, plasma VWF activity, and factor VIII activity
	 Documentation of one of the following indications: Acute treatment of moderate to severe bleeding in patients with: Mild, moderate, or severe hemophilia A or B Severe VWD Mild to moderate VWD in clinical situations with increased risk of bleeding Perioperative prophylaxis and/or treatment of acute, moderate to severe bleeding in patients with hemophilia A, hemophilia B, or VWD Routine prophylaxis in patients with severe hemophilia A, severe hemophilia B, or severe VWD For Wilate and Vonvendi for routine prophylaxis: documentation of severe Type 3 VWD
Appropriate	Hemophilia A (factor VIII deficiency)
Treatment	Documentation indicates requested medication is to achieve or maintain but not to
Regimen & Other	exceed maximum functional capacity in performing daily activities
Criteria:	 For mild disease: treatment failure or contraindication to Stimate (desmopressin) Eloctate and Nuwiq require documented inadequate response, or documented intolerable adverse event, with all preferred products (Kogenate FS, Kovaltry, Novoeight, Jivi, Adynovate) Holivate FS requires documented treatment failure with Kogenate FS due to an
	Helixate FS requires documented treatment failure with Kogenate FS due to an intolerable adverse event and the prescriber has a compelling medical rationale for not expecting the same event to occur with Helixate FS



	Altuviiio requires documentation of severe hemophilia or moderate hemophilia with a severe bleeding phenotype defined by frequent non-traumatic bleeds requiring prophylaxis
	 Hemophilia B (factor IX deficiency) For Benefix, Idelvion, and Rebinyn: documentation treatment failure or contraindication to Rixubis For Alprolix: documentation of contraindication to Rixubis for perioperative management Yon Willebrand disease (VWD) For Vonvendi: Documentation of treatment failure or contraindication to Humate P AND Alphanate for perioperative prophylaxis and/or treatment of acute, moderate to severe bleeding Documentation of treatment failure or contraindication to Wilate for routine
	 prophylaxis <u>All Indications</u> Approval based on necessity and laboratory titer levels Coverage for a non-preferred product requires documentation of one of the following:
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : requires documentation of planned treatment dose, number of acute bleeds since last approval (with severity and cause of bleed), past treatment history, and titer inhibitor level to factor VIII and IX as appropriate
Exclusion Criteria:	 Acute thrombosis, embolism, or symptoms of disseminated intravascular coagulation Obizur for congenital hemophilia A or VWD Tretten for congenital factor XIII B-subunit deficiency Jivi and Adynovate for VWD Idelvion for immune tolerance induction in patients with Hemophilia B Vonvendi for congenital hemophilia A or hemophilia B Afstyla and Nuwiq for VWD
Age Restriction:	 Subject to review of FDA label for each product Jivi and Adynovate: 12 years of age and older Vonvendi: 18 years of age and older Wilate for routine prophylaxis with von Willebrand disease: 6 years and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist Members who are on a State Based Drug List are required to utilize pharmacy benefits only All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	
	•	Perioperative management: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULINS

Affected Medications: ATGAM (antithymocyte globulin – equine), THYMOGLOBULIN (antithymocyte globulin – rabbit)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	 Treatment of allograft rejection in renal transplant recipients (Atgam, 		
	Thymoglobulin)		
	• Treatment of moderate to severe aplastic anemia in patients unsuitable for bone		
	marrow transplantation (Atgam)		
	• Prophylaxis of acute rejection in renal transplant recipients (Thymoglobulin)		
	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A		
	or better		
	Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (Thymoglobulin)		
	 Prophylaxis and treatment of acute rejection in: 		
	 Heart transplant recipients 		
	 Liver transplant recipients 		
	 Lung transplant recipients 		
	 Pancreas transplant recipients 		
	 Intestinal transplant recipients 		
	 Prophylaxis of acute rejection in multivisceral transplant recipients 		
	• Prophylaxis of graft-versus-host disease in unrelated donor hematopoietic stem		
	cell transplant recipients		
Required	Oncology uses		
Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and		
Information:	anticipated treatment course		
	All Indications		
	 All Indications Documentation of a complete treatment plan with planned dose, frequency and duration 		
	 Documentation of a complete treatment plan with planned dose, frequency and duration of therapy 		
	Current patient weight		
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced		
	Prophylaxis of acute transplant rejection		
	 Patient must be considered high risk for acute rejection or delayed graft function based 		
	on one or more of either the following donor/recipient risk factors:		
	Donor risk factors:		
	 Donor cold ischemia for more than 24 hours 		
	 Donor age older than 50 years old 		
	 Donor without a heartbeat 		
	 Donor with ATN 		
	 Donor requiring high-dose inotropic support 		
	Recipient risk factors:		
	 Repeated transplantation 		
	 Panel-reactive antibody value exceeding 20% before transplant 		



	 Black race
	 One or more HLA antigen mismatches with the donor
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Prophylaxis of acute transplant rejection Documented treatment failure, intolerable adverse event, or contraindication to the use of basiliximab Treatment of allograft rejection in renal transplant recipients Requests for Atgam require documented treatment failure or rationale for avoidance of Thymoglobulin
Exclusion Criteria:	 Oncology uses: Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Active acute or chronic infections which contraindicate additional immunosuppression Use in patients with aplastic anemia who are suitable candidates for bone marrow transplantation or in patients with aplastic anemia secondary to neoplastic disease, storage disease, myelofibrosis, Fanconi's syndrome, or in patients known to have been exposed to myelotoxic agents or radiation (Atgam)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in oncology, hematology, nephrology or transplant medicine as appropriate for diagnosis All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ANTITHROMBIN III

Affected Medications: ANTITHROMBIN III (THROMBATE III)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design.
	 Indicated in patients with hereditary antithrombin deficiency (hATd) for:
	 Prevention of perioperative and peripartum thromboembolism
	 Prevention and treatment of thromboembolism
Required	All Indications
Medical	Documented diagnosis of hATd, confirmed by antithrombin (AT) activity levels below
Information:	70% on functional assay (not taken during acute illness, surgery, or thromboembolic
A	event that could give falsely low antithrombin levels)
Appropriate Treatment	Prevention of Perioperative Thromboembolism
Regimen &	Approved first-line for perioperative thromboprophylaxis in combination with heparin, with
Other Criteria:	or without intent to use as bridge to warfarin therapy
	Prevention of Peripartum Thromboembolism
	 Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Personal or family history of thrombosis
	 Insufficient response to heparin AND intolerance to direct oral anticoagulants
	(DOACs)
	(DEACS)
	Prevention of Thromboembolism
	 Documentation of inadequate clinical response, intolerance, or contraindication to BOTH
	of the following:
	o Warfarin
	 At least one DOAC
	Treatment of Thromboembolism
	Approved first-line for treatment of thromboembolism as adjunct to anticoagulant
	therapy, unless coagulation is temporarily contraindicated
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age	
Restriction: Prescriber/Site of	Proscribed by or in consultation with a homatologist geneticist or obstatrician
Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, geneticist, or obstetrician All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost offective site of core
Coverage	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Duration:	Perioperative/peripartum prevention; thromboembolism treatment: 1 month, unless otherwise specified
	otherwise specified
	Thromboembolism prevention: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ANTI-AMYLOID MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY

Affected Medications: LEQEMBI (lecanemab), KISUNLA (donanemab-azbt)

Covered Uses:	Leqembi (lecanemab) and Kisunla (donanemab-azbt) are not considered medically necessary due to insufficient evidence of therapeutic value.
Required Medical	
Information:	
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	



POLICY NAME: ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS AGENTS

Affected Medications: SIRTURO (bedaquiline), PRETOMANID

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design.
	○ Sirturo
	 Treatment of adult and pediatric patients with pulmonary tuberculosis
	(TB) due to Mycobacterium tuberculosis resistant to at least rifampin and
	isoniazid
	○ Pretomanid
	 Treatment of adults with pulmonary TB resistant to isoniazid, rifamycins,
	a fluoroquinolone and a second line injectable antibacterial drug
	 Treatment of adults with pulmonary TB resistant to isoniazid and
	rifampin who are treatment-intolerant or nonresponsive to standard
	therapy
Required Medical	Sirturo
Information:	Documented diagnosis of multidrug resistant TB (MDR-TB), defined as resistance to at
	least isoniazid and rifampin
	Bratananid
	 Pretomanid Documented diagnosis of one of the following:
	5
	 Extensively drug resistant TB (XDR-TB) Treatment intelerent or neurospensive MDR TR
Appropriate	Treatment-intolerant or nonresponsive MDR-TB Sirturo
Treatment	 Documentation that this drug has been prescribed as part of a combination regimen with
Regimen & Other	other anti-tuberculosis agents
Criteria:	 Documentation that this drug is being administered by directly observed therapy (DOT)
Unterna.	
	Pretomanid
	• Documentation that this drug has been prescribed as part of a combination regimen with
	Sirturo (bedaquiline) and linezolid
	Documentation that this drug is being administered by DOT
Exclusion Criteria:	Drug-sensitive (DS) pulmonary TB
	Latent infection due to Mycobacterium tuberculosis
	Extra-pulmonary infection due to Mycobacterium tuberculosis
	Infections caused by non-tuberculous mycobacteria
Age Restriction:	Sirturo: 5 years of age and older
	Pretomanid: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Sirturo
	Authorization: 24 weeks, unless otherwise specified
	Pretomanid



Authorization: 26 weeks, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: APOMORPHINE

Affected Medications: KYNMOBI, APOKYN, APOMORPHINE SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Acute, intermittent treatment of hypomobility, "off" episodes in patients with advanced Parkinson's disease (PD) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of advanced PD Documentation of acute, intermittent hypomobility, "off" episodes occurring for at least 2 hours per day while awake despite an optimized oral PD treatment regimen 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Concurrent therapy with levodopa/carbidopa (at the maximum tolerated dose) and a second agent from one of the following alternate anti-Parkinson's drug classes: Monoamine oxidase-B (MAO-B) inhibitors (ex: selegiline, rasagiline) Dopamine agonists (ex: amantadine, pramipexole, ropinirole) Catechol-O-methyltransferase (COMT) inhibitors (ex: entacapone) Requests for Apokyn and apomorphine solution require documentation of treatment failure or contraindication to Kynmobi <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as monotherapy or first line agent	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist	
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: APROCITENTAN

Affected Medications: TRYVIO (aprocitentan)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of hypertension in combination with other antihypertensive drugs
Required Medical	Diagnosis of resistant hypertension
Information:	 Blood pressure remains above target goal (as determined by treating provider) despite adherence to antihypertensive therapies Documentation of intent to use as an adjunct to current antihypertensive therapies
Appropriate Treatment	 Documented treatment failure with concurrent use of at least four antihypertensive drugs (from different drug classes) at maximum tolerated doses, for a minimum of 12 weeks: Angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor OR angiotensin II receptor
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor OK angiotensin inteceptor blocker (ARB) Calcium channel blocker (e.g. amlodipine, nifedipine, diltiazem, verapamil) Diuretic (e.g. hydrochlorothiazide, chlorthalidone) Beta-blocker (e.g. atenolol, carvedilol) Mineralocorticoid receptor antagonist (e.g. spironolactone, eplerenone)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and continued use of at least three background blood pressure therapies
Exclusion Criteria:	Pregnancy
	 Concurrent use with an endothelin receptor antagonist (e.g. ambrisentan, bosentan, Opsumit, Filspari)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist, nephrologist, or endocrinologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **ARIKAYCE** Affected Medications: ARIKAYCE (Amikacin inhalation suspension)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of <i>Mycobacterium avium</i> complex (MAC) lung disease as part of a combination antibacterial drug regimen in adults who have limited or no alternative treatment options, and who do not achieve negative sputum cultures after a minimum of 6 consecutive months of a multidrug background regimen therapy
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of MAC lung disease confirmed by BOTH of the following: A MAC-positive sputum culture obtained within the last 3 months Evidence of underlying nodular bronchiectasis and/or fibrocavity disease on a chest radiograph or chest computed tomography The MAC isolate is susceptible to amikacin with a minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) of less than or equal to 64 µg/mL Documentation of failure to obtain a negative sputum culture after a minimum of 6 consecutive months of a multidrug background regimen therapy for MAC lung disease such as clarithromycin (or azithromycin), rifampin and ethambutol
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of BOTH of the following: This drug has been prescribed as part of a combination antibacterial drug regimen This drug will be used with the Lamira® Nebulizer System Reauthorization requires documentation of negative sputum culture obtained within the last 30 days. The American Thoracic Society/Infectious Diseases Society of America (ATS/IDSA) guidelines state that patients should continue to be treated until they have negative cultures for 1 year. Treatment beyond the first reauthorization (after 18 months) will require documentation of a positive sputum culture to demonstrate the need for continued treatment. Patients that have had negative cultures for 1 year will not be approved for continued treatment.
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of non-refractory MAC lung disease
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ASCIMINIB

Affected Medications: SCEMBLIX (asciminib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration plan design 	tion (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
		ive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A
	or better	,
Required	Documentation of performance	e status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Medical	anticipated treatment course	
Information:		a chromosome positive (Ph+) or BCR::ABL1- positive
		IL) in chronic phase (May be appropriate in some cases of
	advanced phase CML- Check	, , , , , , ,
Appropriate	•	CR::ABL1- positive chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) in
Treatment	chronic phase (CP) meeting one	
Regimen &		
Other Criteria:	Low Risk Score	
		with imatinib (if used as initial tyrosine kinase inhibitor
		onal tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) bosutinib, dasatinib, or
		nase domain mutation status for drug specific
	contraindications)	
	Intermediate or high-risk score	
		with a second-generation tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI),
		b. (Note BCR:ABL1 kinase domain mutation status for drug
	specific contraindications)	
	Drug	Contraindicated Mutations
	Asciminib	A337T, P465S, M244V, or F359V/I/C
	Bosutinib	T315I, V299L, G250E, or F317L
	Dasatinib Nilotinib	T315I/A, F317L/V/I/C, or V299L
	Ponatinib	T315I, Y253H, E255K/V, or F359V/C/I None
	Fonaumo	None
	OR	
	 Documented T315I positive m 	nutation
	AND	
	Documented treatment failure	with ponatinib
	Reauthorization requires docume	entation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion		s 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Criteria:		65S, M244V, or F359V/I/C BCR::ABL1 kinase domain
	mutation	
Age		
Restriction: Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultati	on with on appolagist
Care Restrictions:		
	All approvals are subject to ut	ilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage Duration:	•	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
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POLICY NAME: ATIDARSAGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: LENMELDY (atidarsagene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of children with pre-symptomatic late-infantile (PSLI), pre- symptomatic early-juvenile (PSEJ), or early symptomatic early-juvenile (ESEJ) metachromatic leukodystrophy (MLD)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of metachromatic leukodystrophy (MLD) confirmed by the following:
Information:	 Arylsulfatase (ARSA) activity below the normal range in peripheral blood
	mononuclear cells or fibroblasts
	 Presence of two disease-causing mutations of either known or novel alleles
	• Presence of sulfatides in a 24-hour urine collection (to exclude MLD carriers and
	patients with ARSA pseudodeficiency)
	AND
	Diagnosis of the late-infantile subtype of MLD confirmed by two out of three of the following:
	following: o Age at onset of symptoms in the older sibling(s) less than or equal to 30 months
	 Peripheral neuropathy as determined by electroneurographic study OR
	 Diagnosis of the early-juvenile subtype of MLD confirmed by two out of three of the
	following:
	 Age at onset of symptoms (in the patient or in the older sibling) between 30
	months and 6 years (has not celebrated their seventh birthday)
	\circ One null (0) and one residual (R) mutant ARSA allele(s)
	 Peripheral neuropathy as determined by electroneurographic study
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplantation in the previous six months
	Previous gene therapy
	Documented HIV infection
	Documented history of a hereditary cancer
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist or hematologist/oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months (for one time infusion), no reauthorization, unless otherwise
	specified



POLICY NAME: AVACOPAN Affected Medications: TAVNEOS 10mg capsule

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design As an adjunctive treatment of adult patients with severe, active anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic autoantibody (ANCA)-associated vasculitis (AAV), including granulomatosis with polyangiitis (GPA) and microscopic polyangiitis (MPA), in combination with standard therapy including glucocorticoids
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis supported by at least one of the following: Tissue biopsy of kidney or other affected organs Positive ANCA, clinical presentation compatible with AAV, and low suspicion for secondary vasculitis Clinical presentation compatible with AAV, low suspicion for secondary vasculitis, and concern for rapidly progressive disease Documented severe, active disease (including major relapse), defined as: vasculitis with life- or organ-threatening manifestations (e.g., alveolar hemorrhage, glomerulonephritis, central nervous system vasculitis, subglottic stenosis, mononeuritis multiplex, cardiac involvement, mesenteric ischemia, limb/digit ischemia) Documentation of all prior therapies used and anticipated treatment course Baseline liver test panel: serum alanine aminotransferase, aspartate aminotransferase, alkaline phosphatase, and total bilirubin Current hepatitis B virus (HBV) status
Appropriate	Will be used with a standard immunosuppressive regimen including glucocorticoids
Treatment	Will be used during induction therapy only
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Will be used in any of the following populations/scenarios: In patients unable to use glucocorticoids at appropriate doses In patients with an estimated glomerular filtration rate less than 30 mL/min/1.73 m2 In patients who have experienced relapse following treatment with two or more different induction regimens, including both rituximab- and cyclophosphamide-containing regimens (unless contraindicated) During subsequent induction therapy in patients with refractory disease (failure to achieve remission with initial induction therapy regimen) Dosing: 30 mg (three 10 mg capsules) twice daily (once daily when used concomitantly with strong CYP3A4 inhibitors) Reauthorization: must meet criteria above (will not be used for maintenance treatment)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Treatment of eosinophilic-GPA (EGPA) Active, untreated and/or uncontrolled chronic liver disease (e.g., chronic active hepatitis B, untreated hepatitis C virus infection, uncontrolled autoimmune hepatitis) and cirrhosis Active, serious infections, including localized infections History of angioedema while receiving Tavneos, unless another cause has been established



	History of HBV reactivation while receiving Tavneos, unless medically necessary
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, nephrologist, or pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: AVALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA-NGPT

Affected Medications: NEXVIAZYME (avalglucosidase alfa-ngpt)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Late-Onset Pompe Disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Pompe Disease confirmed by an enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of acid α-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme activity or by DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA gene. Patient weight and planned treatment regimen.
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 One or more clinical signs or symptoms of Late-Onset Pompe Disease: Progressive proximal weakness in a limb-girdle distribution Delayed gross-motor development in childhood Involvement of respiratory muscles causing respiratory difficulty (such as reduced forced vital capacity [FVC] or sleep disordered breathing) Skeletal abnormalities (such as scoliosis or scapula alata) Low/absent reflexes Appropriate medical support is readily available when medication is administered in the event of anaphylaxis, severe allergic reaction, or acute cardiorespiratory failure. Patients weighing less than 30 kilograms will require documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Lumizyme. Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced. Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy.
Exclusion Criteria:	 Diagnosis of infantile-onset Pompe Disease Concurrent use of other enzyme replacement therapies such as Lumizyme or Pombiliti and Opfolda
Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist, endocrinologist, biochemical geneticist, or physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: AVATROMBOPAG

Affected Medications: DOPTELET (avatrombopag)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic liver disease (CLD) who are acheduled to undergo a procedure
	 scheduled to undergo a procedure Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic immune thrombocytopenia (ITP)
	 I hrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an insufficient response to a previous treatment
Required	Thrombocytopenia in patients with CLD undergoing a procedure
Medical	 Documentation of planned procedure including date
Information:	 Documentation of planned procedure including date Documentation of baseline platelet count of less than 50,000/microliter
	Documentation of baseline platelet count of less than 50,000/microiner
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP
	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter
	 Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding
	 Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such
	as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding
	at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
Appropriate	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic (ITP):
Treatment	 Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did not increase to at least
Regimen &	50,000/microliter, to the following therapies:
Other Criteria:	\circ ONE of the following:
	 Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for immune
	thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids, rituximab, or
	immunoglobulin
	 Splenectomy
	o Promacta
	Beautherization (chronic ITD only)
	 Reauthorization (chronic ITP only) Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter (not to exceed
	400,000/microliter)
	OR
	The platelet counts have not increased to at least 50,000/microliter and the patient has
	NOT been on the maximum dose for at least 4 weeks
Exclusion	Use in combination with another thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase
Criteria:	inhibitor, or similar treatments (Promacta, Nplate, Tavalisse)
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterology/liver specialist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Thrombocytopenia in patients with CLD undergoing a procedure:
Duration:	\circ 1 month (for a one time 5-day regimen), unless otherwise specified
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP:
	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	 Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: AVONEX Affected Medications: AVONEX, AVONEX PEN

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of Multiple Sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	 Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	 Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate	
Treatment	Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications for treatment of MS
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: AZTREONAM

Affected Medications: CAYSTON (aztreonam)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Cystic fibrosis
Required Medical	Documentation of confirmed diagnosis of cystic fibrosis
Information:	Culture and sensitivity report confirming presence of Pseudomonas aeruginosa in the lungs
	Baseline FEV1 greater than 25% but less than 75% predicted
Appropriate	Documented failure, contraindication, or resistance to inhaled tobramycin.
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Dosing: 28 days on and 28 days off
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> : requires documentation of improved respiratory symptoms and confirmed need for long-term use
Exclusion Criteria:	Baseline FEV1 less than 25% or greater than 75% predicted
Age Restriction:	Age 7 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BELIMUMAB Affected Medications: BENLYSTA (belimumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE)
	 Systemic Eupus Erymematosus (SEE) Lupus Nephritis (LN)
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of current weight (intravenous requests only)
	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus:
	 Documentation of active SLE with moderate classification (significant but non-organ threatening disease including constitutional, cutaneous, musculoskeletal, or hematologic involvement)
	 Autoantibody-positive SLE, defined as positive for antinuclear antibodies (ANA) and/or anti-double-stranded DNA (anti-dsDNA) antibody
	Baseline measurement of ONE or more of the following:
	 SLE Responder Index-4 (SRI-4), SLE Activity Index (SLEDAI) variant, or other validated scale
	 Frequency of flares requiring corticosteroid use
	Lupus Nephritis:
	 Documentation of biopsy-proven active Class III, IV, and/or V disease
	 Baseline measurement of one or more of the following: urine protein-creatinine ratio
	(uPCR), urine protein, estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR), or frequency of flares or corticosteroid use
Appropriate	All uses:
Treatment Regimen &	Use of intravenous formulation requires:
Other Criteria:	 Documented inability to use subcutaneous formulation OR
	 Currently receiving treatment with the intravenous formulation, excluding via
	samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs
	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced (intravenous requests only)
	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus:
	• Failure with at least 12 weeks of combination therapy including hydroxychloroquine OR
	chloroquine with one of the following:
	 Cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, or mycophenolate mofetil
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as ONE of the following:
	Clinically significant improvement in SRI-4, SLEDAI variant, or other validated scale for
	 measurement of disease Decrease in frequency of flares or corticosteroid use
	Lupus Nephritis:



	 No dialysis in the past 12 months AND estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) equal to or above 30 mL/min/1.73m² Failure of at least 12 weeks of mycophenolate mofetil AND cyclophosphamide
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as ONE of the following:
	 Improvement in eGFR Reduction in urinary protein-creatinine ratio or urine protein Decrease in flares or corticosteroid use
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with other biologic therapies for LN or SLE Use in severe active central nervous system lupus
Age Restriction:	5 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, rheumatologist, or specialist with experience in the treatment of systemic lupus erythematosus or lupus nephritis All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BELZUTIFAN

Affected Medications: WELIREG (belzutifan)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical	Von Hippel-Lindau (VHL) disease
Information:	 Diagnosis documented by the following: Pathogenic VHL germline mutation diagnostic for VHL disease AND at least one of the following: Presence of solid, locoregional tumor in kidney showing accelerated tumor growth (growth of 5 mm or more per year) Presence of symptomatic and/or progressively enlarging central nervous system (CNS) hemangioblastomas not amenable to surgery Presence of pancreatic solid lesion or pancreatic neuroendocrine tumor (pNET) with rapid tumor growth
	 Advanced disease after use of the following treatments (per NCCN guidelines): A programmed death receptor-1 (PD-1) OR programmed death-ligand 1 (PD-L1) AND A vascular endothelial growth factor tyrosine kinase inhibitor (VEGF-TKI) Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Treatment	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Metastatic pNET disease Not to be used in combination with other oncologic agents for the treatment of VHL disease
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BENRALIZUMAB

Affected Medications: FASENRA (benralizumab subcutaneous injection)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of patients with severe asthma aged 6 years and older with an eosinophilic phenotype
	 Treatment of adult patients with eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA)
Required Medical	Eosinophilic asthma
Information:	 Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by both of the following: Baseline eosinophil count of at least 150 cells/µL OR dependent on daily oral
	corticosteroids
	 AND FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
	EGPA
	 Diagnosis of relapsing or refractory EGPA confirmed by all of the following: Chronic rhinosinusitis Asthma
	 Blood eosinophilia (at least 1,000 cells/mcL and/or greater than 10% of the total leukocyte count) at baseline
	Documented relapsing disease while on the highest tolerated oral corticosteroid or immunosuppressant dose
Appropriate	Eosinophilic asthma
Treatment	Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta
Regimen & Other Criteria:	agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms AND
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or
	systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination
	inhaler treatment and at least 80% adherence
	 Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	EGPA
	Documented treatment failure or contraindication to at least two oral immunosuppressant drugs (azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate) for at least 12 weeks each
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Nucala, Xolair, Cinqair, Tezspire)
Age Restriction:	Eosinophilic asthma: 6 years of age and older
	EGPA: 18 years of age and older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 <u>Eosinophilic asthma</u>: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist <u>EGPA</u>: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of EGPA (such as an immunologist or rheumatologist) All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BEREMAGENE GEPERPAVEC-SVDT

Affected Medications: VYJUVEK (beremagene geperpavec-svdt)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa (DEB)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of recessive DEB confirmed by both of the following: Skin biopsy of an induced blister with immunofluorescence mapping (IFM) and/or transmission electron microscopy (TEM) Genetic test results documenting mutations in the COL7A1 gene Clinical signs and symptoms of DEB such as skin fragility, blistering, scarring, nail changes, and milia formation in the areas of healed blistering
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of receiving standard of care preventative or treatment therapies for wound care, control of infection, nutritional support Documented trial and failure of Filsuvez <u>Dosing</u> is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed the following: Maximum weekly volume of 2.5 mL (1.6 mL useable dose) Maximum of 12-week course per wound Maximum of 4 tubes per 28 days <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success defined as complete wound healing on a previous site and need for treatment on a new site
Exclusion Criteria:	 Evidence or history of squamous cell carcinoma in the area that will undergo treatment Concurrent use with Filsuvez (birch triterpenes topical gel) Dominant DEB (DDEB)
Age Restriction:	6 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist or a specialist experienced in the treatment of epidermolysis bullosa All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

BESREMI

Affected Medications: BESREMI (ropeginterferon alfa-2b)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of adults with polycythemia vera
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Information:	• Evidence of increased red cell volume such as abnormal hemoglobin, hematocrit, or red cell mass AND one of the following:
	 Presence of JAK2 V617F or JAK2 exon 12 mutation
	 Subnormal serum erythropoietin level
Appropriate	Documentation of treatment failure, intolerance, or contraindication to hydroxyurea
Treatment	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or hematologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BETAINE Affected Medications: CYSTADANE (betaine), BETAINE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Homocystinuria
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of homocystinuria associated with one of the following: Cystathionine beta-synthase (CBS) deficiency 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) deficiency Cobalamin cofactor metabolism (cbl) defect Baseline plasma homocysteine levels
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented trial and failure of ONE of the following forms of supplementation: Vitamin B6 (pyridoxine) Vitamin B9 (folate) Vitamin B12 (cobalamin) Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy shown by lowering of plasma homocysteine levels
Exclusion Criteria:	Uncorrected vitamin B12 or folic acid levels
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic or genetic disease specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BETASERON Affected Medications: BETASERON (interferon beta-1b)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS O Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization:</u> provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of multiple sclerosis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or multiple sclerosis specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BETIBEGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: ZYNTEGLO (betibeglogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of beta thalassemia in adult and pediatric patients who require regular red blood cell (RBC) transfusions
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of transfusion dependent beta thalassemia (TDT), defined as: Requiring at least 100 mL/kg per year of packed red blood cells (pRBCs) or at least 8 transfusions per year of pRBCs in the 2 years preceding therapy Confirmed genetic testing based on the presence of biallelic mutations at the beta-globin gene (<i>HBB</i> gene) Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) Used as single agent therapy (not applicable to lymphodepleting or bridging therapy while awaiting manufacture) Females of reproductive potential must have negative pregnancy test prior to start of mobilization, reconfirmed prior to conditioning procedures, and again before administration of Zynteglo
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Patients must weigh a minimum of 6 kilograms and be able to provide a minimum number of cells (5,000,000 CD34+ cells/kilogram)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior HSCT or other gene therapy Severe iron overload warranting exclusion from therapy, as determined by the treating physician Uncorrected bleeding disorder Cardiac T2* less than 10 milliseconds by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) White blood cell count less than 3x10⁹/L and/or platelet count less than 100x10⁹/L that is unrelated to hypersplenism Positive for human immunodeficiency virus 1 & 2 (HIV-1/HIV-2), hepatitis B virus, or hepatitis C virus, advanced liver disease, or current or prior malignancy
Age Restriction:	4 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months (one-time infusion), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **BEVACIZUMAB**

Affected Medications: AVASTIN, MVASI, ZIRABEV, ALYMSYS, VEGZELMA

Covered Uses:	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher For the Treatment of Ophthalmic disorders: Neovascular (Wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD) Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus
Required Medical	Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment
Information:	course
Appropriate	Stage III or IV Epithelial Ovarian, Fallopian Tube, or Primary Peritoneal Cancer
Treatment	following initial surgical resection
Regimen & Other	Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy
Criteria:	
	All Indications
	Coverage for a non-preferred product (Avastin, Alymsys, Vegzelma) requires
	documentation of one of the following:
	• Use for an ophthalmic condition (Avastin only)
	 A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Mvasi and Zirabev, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Oncologic indication: prescribed by, on in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	Ophthalmic indication: prescribed by, on in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
-	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BEZLOTOXUMAB

Affected Medications: ZINPLAVA (bezlotoxumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Beduce recurrence of Cleatridicides difficile infection (CDI) in patients who are
	 Reduce recurrence of Clostridioides difficile infection (CDI) in patients who are receiving antibacterial drug treatment for CDI and are at a high risk for CDI recurrence
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of CDI confirmed by both of the following: Presence of at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile collected within 7 days prior to request Patient must be receiving concurrent CDI treatment when infusion is administered
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of ONE of the following risk factors for CDI recurrence: Age greater than 65 One or more episodes of CDI in the past 6 months prior to the current episode Immunocompromised status Clinically severe CDI (defined by Zar score greater than or equal to 2) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	Previous treatment with Zinplava
Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month (a single 10 mg/kg dose) with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BIRCH TRITERPENES

Affected Medications: FILSUVEZ (birch triterpenes topical gel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa (DEB)
	 Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa (JEB)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of recessive DEB or JEB confirmed by skin biopsy of an induced blister with
Information:	immunofluorescence mapping (IFM) and/or transmission electron microscopy (TEM)
	Genetic test results documenting mutations in one of the following genes: COL7A1,
	COL17A1, ITGB4, LAMA3, LAMB3, or LAMC2
	Clinical signs and symptoms of EB such as skin fragility, blistering, scarring, nail
	changes, and milia formation in the areas of healed blistering
	• Presence of open partial-thickness wounds that have been present for at least 21 days
Appropriate	Documentation of receiving standard of care preventative or treatment therapies for
Treatment	wound care, control of infection, nutritional support.
Regimen & Other	Dosing does not exceed the following:
Criteria:	 Maximum of 1 mm layer to affected area(s)
	 Maximum of 28 tubes per 28 days
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as complete wound healing on a previous site and need for continued treatment on a new site
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with Vyjuvek (beremagene geperpavec-svdt)
	Dominant DEB (DDEB)
Age Restriction:	6 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist or a specialist experienced in the
Care Restrictions:	treatment of epidermolysis bullosa
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BOTOX

Affected Medications: BOTOX (onabotulinum toxin A)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia-supported indications
	not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Spasticity
	 Opacially Ohronic migraine
	 Overactive bladder (OAB) with symptoms of urge urinary incontinence, urgency,
	and frequency
	 Focal dystonia Convisol dystania
	Cervical dystonia
	Blepharospasm
	Laryngeal dystonia
	Oromandibular dystonia
	 Severe brachial dystonia (writer's cramp)
	• Strabismus
	 Primary axillary hyperhidrosis
	o Achalasia
	 Anal fissure
Required Medical	Pertinent medical records and diagnostic testing
Information:	Complete description of the site(s) of injection
	Strength and dosage of botulinum toxin used
Appropriate Treatment	For use in Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia supported
Regimen & Other	indications not otherwise excluded by plan design that are not listed below, failure of
Criteria:	first-line recommended and conventional therapies is required
	Approved first-line for: focal dystonia, hemifacial spasm, orofacial dyskinesia,
	upper/lower limb spasticity, or other conditions of focal spasticity wherein botulinum
	toxin is the preferred mode of therapy
	Overactive bladder (OAB)/Neurogenic detrusor overactivity (NDO):
	 Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to at least two urinary
	incontinence anticholinergic agents (e.g., oxybutynin, solifenacin, tolterodine)
	Chronic migraine
	Documentation of chronic migraine defined as headaches on at least 15 days per
	month, of which at least 8 days are with migraine
	Documented failure with an adequate trial (at least 8 weeks) of a migraine preventative therapy, as follows:
	 Candesartan 16 mg daily
	 Antiepileptic (divalproex sodium 500 mg daily, valproic acid 500 mg daily,
	topiramate 50 mg daily)
	 Beta-blocker (metoprolol 100 mg daily, propranolol 40 mg daily, timolol 20 mg
	daily, nadolol 80 mg daily)
	 Antidepressant (amitriptyline 25 mg daily, nortriptyline 25 mg daily, venlafaxine



r	
	 75 mg daily, duloxetine 60 mg daily) Anti-calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) monoclonal antibody or CGRP receptor antagonist (when used for prevention)
	Primary Axillary Hyperhidrosis
	 Thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH) level AND inadequate response to two or more alternative therapies (topical aluminum chloride 20%, iontophoresis, oral glycopyrrolate, oral oxybutynin)
	Achalasia (Cardiospasm) - must meet 1 of the following
	 Type I or II achalasia: Treatment failure with peroral endoscopic myotomy (POEM), laparoscopic Heller myotomy (LHM), and pneumatic dilation (PD)
	Type III achalasia: Treatment failure with tailored POEM and LHM
	Not a candidate for POEM, surgical myotomy, or pneumatic dilation due to high risk of complications
	Anal fissure
	Documented failure or intolerance to an 8-week trial of each of the following: Desting and the provide the provided of the following:
	 Rectiv ointment Topical diltiazem or topical nifedipine
	Number of treatments must not exceed the following:
	OAB/NDO: 4 treatments per 12 months
	Chronic migraine: initial treatment limited to two injections given 3 months apart, subsequent treatment approvals limited to 4 treatments per 12 months
	 subsequent treatment approvals limited to 4 treatments per 12 months Primary axillary hyperhidrosis: 2 treatments per 12 months
	 Anal fissure: 2 treatments per 12 months
	All other indications maximum of 4 treatments per 12 months unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization:
	Chronic migraine continuation of treatment: Additional treatment requires that the member has achieved or maintained a 50% reduction in monthly headache frequency
	 since starting therapy with Botox. All other indications: Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy.
Exclusion Criteria:	Cosmetic procedures
	For intradetrusor injections: documented current/recent urinary tract infection or urinary
	retention
	Possible medication overuse headache: headaches occurring 15 or more days each month in a patient with pre-existing headache-causing condition possibly due to
	• Use of ergotamines, triptans, opioids, or combination analgesics at least 10
	days per month for at least three months
	 Use of simple analgesics (acetaminophen, aspirin, or an NSAID) at least 15 days per month for at least 3 months
	 Combined use of any of the previously mentioned products without overuse of any one agent if no causative pattern can be established
	Combined use with an anti-calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) monoclonal antibody or an oral CGRP antagonist when used for migraine prevention



Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist for the following: Blepharospasm, strabismus: ophthalmologist, optometrist, or neurologist Chronic migraine: neurologist or headache specialist OAB/NDO: urologist or neurologist Anal fissure: gastroenterologist or colorectal surgeon All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Chronic migraine: Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified OAB/NDO: Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Anal Fissure: Authorization: 3 months (one treatment), unless otherwise specified All other indications: Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BUROSUMAB Affected Medications: CRYSVITA (burosumab-twza)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design X-linked hypophosphatemia (XLH) FGF23-related hypophosphatemia in tumor induced osteomalacia (TIO) associated with phosphaturic mesenchymal tumors
Required Medical	All Indications
Information:	 Documentation of diagnosis by: A blood test demonstrating ALL of the following (in relation to laboratory reference ranges): Low phosphate Elevated FGF23
	Tumor-Induced Osteomalacia
	 Documentation that tumor cannot be located or is unresectable
	Alternative renal phosphate-wasting disorders have been ruled out
Appropriate	All Indications
Treatment Regimen & Other	Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 months of oral phosphate and calcitriol supplementation in combination, unless contraindicated or not tolerated
Criteria:	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization requires:
	Documentation of normalization of serum phosphate levels
	 If established on therapy for 12 months or more, improvement in radiographic imaging of skeletal abnormalities
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, endocrinologist, or a provider
Restrictions:	 experienced in managing patients with metabolic bone disease All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **CALCIFEDIOL** Affected Medications: RAYALDEE (calcifediol extended-release)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of secondary hyperparathyroidism in adult patients with stage 3 or 4 chronic kidney disease (CKD) and serum total 25-hydroxyvitamin D levels less than 30 ng/mL
Required Medical Information:	 A confirmed diagnosis of secondary hyperparathyroidism with persistently elevated or progressively rising serum intact parathyroid hormone (iPTH) that is at least 2.3 times above the upper limit of normal for the assay used Documentation of all of the following prior to treatment initiation: Stage 3 or 4 CKD Serum total 25-hydroxyvitamin D level is less than 30 ng/mL Corrected serum calcium is below 9.8 mg/dL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of persistent vitamin D deficiency (level below 30 ng/mL), despite at least 12 weeks of adherent treatment with each of the following at an appropriate dose, unless contraindicated or not tolerated: Vitamin D2 (ergocalciferol) or vitamin D3 (cholecalciferol) Calcitriol Doxercalciferol Paricalcitol Reauthorization will require documentation of a clinically significant response to therapy, evidenced by increased serum total 25-hydroxyvitamin D level (to at least 30 ng/mL) and reduced plasma iPTH to goal therapeutic range (or an approximate 30% reduction compared to baseline)
Exclusion Criteria:	 A diagnosis of stage 1, 2, or 5 chronic kidney disease, or end-stage renal disease (ESRD) on dialysis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist or endocrinologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

CALCITONIN GENE-RELATED PEPTIDE (CGRP) INHIBITORS Affected Medications: AJOVY (fremanezumab), EMGALITY (galcanezumab), QULIPTA (atogepant), VYEPTI (eptinezumab)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
 Preventative treatment of migraine in adults
 Episodic cluster headaches (Emgality only)
Chronic migraine prevention:
 Diagnosis of chronic migraine defined as headaches on at least 15 days per month of which at least 8 days are with migraine at baseline
Episodic migraine prevention:
 Diagnosis of episodic migraine with at least 4 migraines per month at baseline
Episodic cluster headaches (Emgality Only):
History of episodic cluster headache with at least two cluster periods lasting from 7 days to 1 year (when untreated) separated by pain-free remission periods of at least one month
Headaches are not due to medication overuse: headaches occurring 15 or more days each month in a patient with pre-existing headache-causing condition possibly due to:
 Use of simple analgesics (acetaminophen, aspirin, or an NSAID) at least 15 days per month for at least 3 months
 Use of combination of any previously mentioned products without overuse of any one agent if no causative pattern can be established
Chronic or Episodic migraine:
 Documented treatment failure with an adequate trial (at least 8 weeks) of ONE oral migraine preventive therapy as follows:
 Candesartan 16 mg daily Propranolol 40 mg daily, metoprolol 100 mg daily, timolol 20 mg daily, nadolol 80 mg daily
 Amitriptyline 25 mg daily, nortriptyline 25 mg daily, venlafaxine 75 mg daily, duloxetine 60 mg daily
 Topiramate 50 mg daily, valproic acid 500 mg daily, divalproex sodium 500 mg daily
• <u>Requests for Ajovy</u> : Documented treatment failure to an adequate 8-week trial of an oral preventative therapy AND a minimum 12-week trial with Emgality
 <u>Requests for Vyepti:</u> Documented treatment failure to an adequate 8-week trial of an oral preventive therapy AND a minimum 12-week trial with each of the following: One preferred drug: Ajovy, Emgality, Qulipta Botox (chronic migraine only)



	Episodic cluster headaches (Emgality Only):
	• Documented treatment failure with an adequate trial of verapamil (dose of at least 480 mg daily for a minimum of 3 weeks), or if unable to tolerate verapamil or contraindications apply, another oral preventative therapy (lithium, topiramate)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as a 50% reduction in monthly headache frequency since starting therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Combined use with Botox Combined use with another anti-calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) monoclonal antibody or CGRP receptor antagonist (acute or preventive)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

CANNABIDIOL

Affected Medications: EPIDIOLEX (cannabidiol)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)
	 Dravet Syndrome (DS)
	 Tuberous Sclerosis Complex (TSC)
Required Medical	All Indications
Information:	Patient weight
	Documentation that cannabidiol will be used as adjunctive therapy
	Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)
	Documentation of at least 8 drop seizures per month while on stable antiepileptic drug
	therapy
	Documented treatment and inadequate seizure control with at least three guideline
	directed therapies including:
	• Valproate and
	 Lamotrigine and Rufinamide, topiramate, felbamate, or clobazam
	o Rumanide, topiramate, reibanate, or clobazam
	Dravet Syndrome (DS)
	Documentation of at least 4 convulsive seizures in the last month while on stable
	antiepileptic drug therapy
	 Documented treatment and inadequate seizure control with at least four guideline
	directed therapies including:
	 Valproate and
	 Clobazam and
	 Topiramate and Observations of a service ser
	 Clonazepam, levetiracetam, or zonisamide
	Tuberous Sclerosis Complex (TSC)
	 Documentation of monotherapy failure for seizure control with two antiepileptic regimens AND
	Documentation of failure with at least one adjunctive therapy for seizure control
Appropriate	Dosing:
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	 Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome or Dravet Syndrome: Not to exceed 20 mg/kg per day
Criteria:	Tuberous Sclerosis Complex: Not to exceed 25 mg/kg per day
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a reduction in seizure
	severity, frequency, and/or duration.
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as monotherapy for seizure control
Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	
Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist



	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CANTHARIDIN Affected Medications: YCANTH

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Molluscum contagiosum (MC)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of MC confirmed by one of the following: Presence of lesions that are consistent with MC (small, firm, pearly, with pitted centers, 2-5 millimeters in diameter, not associated with systemic symptoms such as fever) For lesions with unclear cause or otherwise not consistent with MC, confirmation of diagnosis using dermoscopy, microscopy, histological examination, or biopsy Documentation of persistent itching or pain AND one of the following: Concomitant bacterial infection of the lesion Concomitant atopic dermatitis Significant concern for contagion (such as daycare setting) and prevention cannot be reasonably prevented through good hygiene and covering lesions with bandages or clothing Continued presence of lesions after 12 months
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Trial of at least two cycles of one of the following procedures for the removal of MC lesions: Cryotherapy Curettage Laser therapy Adequate trial and failure of one additional treatment for MC that has evidence supporting use, such as: Topical podofilox for at least 1 month Oral cimetidine for at least 2 months Dosing: Two applicators per treatment every 21 days, limit to 4 total treatments
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	2 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CAPLACIZUMAB-YHDP

Affected Medications: CABLIVI (caplacizumab-yhdp)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult patients with acquired thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (aTTP), in combination with plasma exchange and immunosuppressive therapy 		
Required Medical Information:	 Severe thrombocytopenia (platelet count less than 100 x 10⁹/L) Microangiopathic hemolytic anemia (MAHA) confirmed by red blood cell fragmentation (e.g., schistocytes) on peripheral blood smear Baseline ADAMTS13 activity level of less than 10% Documentation of <u>ONE</u> of the following: Failure of at least one initial treatment for aTTP, such as therapeutic plasma exchange (TPE), glucocorticoids, or rituximab Documentation of high-risk disease meeting <u>ONE</u> of the following: Neurologic abnormalities (seizures, focal weakness, aphasia, dysarthria confusion, coma) Altered mental status Elevated serum troponin levels Documentation that Cablivi will be used in combination with standard-of-care treatment for aTTP (TPE and glucocorticoid) 		
Appropriate	Total treatment duration will be limited to 58 days beyond the last TPE treatment		
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documented signs of ongoing disease (such as suppressed ADAMTS13 activity levels) and no more than 2 recurrences of aTTP while on Cablivi. Recurrence is defined as thrombocytopenia after initial recovery of platelet count (platelet count greater than or equal to 150,000) that requires re-initiation of daily plasma exchange.		
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for other causes of thrombocytopenia, such as other TTP-like disorders (congenital or hereditary TTP)		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist		
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 3 months (for new episode), unless otherwise specified 		



POLICY NAME: CAPSAICIN KIT Affected Medications: QUTENZA (capsaicin kit)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Neuropathic pain associated with postherpetic neuralgia (PHN) Neuropathic pain associated with diabetic peripheral neuropathy (DPN) of the feet 	
Required Medical Information:		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of ALL of the following: gabapentin pregabalin carbamazepine, oxcarbazepine, or valproic acid/divalproex sodium amitriptyline or nortriptyline topical lidocaine Dose limited to a single treatment (up to 4 patches) once every 90 days Reauthorization: requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as assessed by the prescribing provider 	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pain management specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months (single treatment), unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months (up to 4 treatments), unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: CARGLUMIC ACID

Affected Medications: CARBAGLU, CARGLUMIC ACID

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	 Acute hyperammonemia due to one of the following: 		
	 N-Acetylglutamate Synthase (NAGS) deficiency 		
	 Propionic Acidemia (PA) or Methylmalonic Acidemia (MMA) 		
	 Chronic hyperammonemia due to N-Acetylglutamate Synthase (NAGS) 		
	deficiency		
Demoine I			
Required	Diagnosis is confirmed by enzymatic, biochemical, or genetic testing		
Medical	• Ammonia level above the upper limit of normal (ULN) reference range for the patient's		
Information:	age		
Appropriate Treatment	Current weight		
Regimen &	Acute hyperammonemia		
Other Criteria:	• Prescribed in combination with at least one other ammonia-lowering therapy (examples		
	include: sodium phenylacetate and sodium benzoate, intravenous glucose, insulin, L-		
	arginine, L-carnitine, protein restriction, dialysis)		
	• For disease due to PA or MMA: Prescribed treatment course does not exceed 7 days		
	Descrite all sector for south discourse describes described of assessment of south		
	Reauthorization for acute disease requires documentation of reoccurrence of acute		
	hyperammonemia meeting initial criteria		
	Chronic hyperammonemia due to N-Acetylglutamate Synthase (NAGS) deficiency		
	 Prescribed in combination with a protein-restricted diet 		
	Reauthorization for chronic disease requires:		
	Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as		
	evidenced by reduction in ammonia levels		
	Documentation of member's current weight and continuation of appropriate treatment		
	course		
Exclusion	Hyperammonemia caused by other enzyme deficiencies in the urea cycle:		
Criteria:	 Carbamyl phosphate synthetase I (CPSI) deficiency 		
	 Ornithine transcarbamylase (OTC) deficiency 		
	 Argininosuccinate synthetase (ASS) deficiency 		
	 Argininosuccinate lyase (ASL) deficiency 		
	• Arginase deficiency		
	Chronic treatment (use beyond 7 days) of acute or chronic hyperammonemia due to		
•	MMA or PA		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site of	 Dressribed by ar in consultation with a metabolic disease encoded int 		
Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic disease specialist		
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Coverage	Acute Hyperammonemia due to PA or MMA:		
Duration:	Authorization: 7 days, unless otherwise specified		



Acute Hyperammonemia due to NAGs deficiency:
Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified
• Autionzation. Thionth, unless otherwise specified
Chronic Hyperammonemia:
 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CERLIPONASE ALFA

Affected Medications: BRINEURA (cerliponase alfa)

A			
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded		
	by plan design		
	 To slow the loss of ambulation in pediatric patients with neuronal ceroid 		
	lipofuscinosis type 2 (CLN2), also known as tripeptidyl peptidase-1 (TPP1)		
	deficiency		
Required	Diagnosis of CLN2 disease confirmed by BOTH of the following:		
Medical	 Enzyme assay demonstrating deficient TPP1 activity 		
Information:	 Genetic testing that has detected two pathogenic variants/mutations in the 		
	TPP1/CLN2 gene (one on each parental allele of the TPP1/CLN2 gene)		
	Documentation of mild to moderate functional impairment at baseline using the CLN2		
	Clinical Rating Scale, defined as ALL the following:		
	 Combined score of 3 to 6 in the motor and language domains 		
	 Score of at least 1 in the motor domain 		
	 Score of at least 1 in the language domain 		
Appropriate	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling		
Treatment			
Regimen &	Reauthorization:		
Other Criteria:	 Documentation of clinical responsiveness to therapy defined as disease stabilization 		
	OR a score of at least 1 in the motor domain of the CLN2 Clinical Rating Scale		
Exclusion	 Any sign or symptom of acute or unresolved localized infection on or around the device 		
Criteria:	insertion site (e.g., cellulitis or abscess); or suspected or confirmed CNS infection (e.g.,		
e no na	cloudy CSF or positive CSF gram stain, or meningitis)		
Any acute intraventricular access device-related complication (e.g., leakage, extravasation of fluid, or device failure)			
 Other forms of neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis 			
	 Patients with ventriculoperitoneal shunts 		
A ===	Patients with ventriculopentoneal shufts		
Age			
Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site of Care			
Restrictions:	CLN2		
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Coverage	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:			



POLICY NAME: CFTR MODULATORS

Affected Medications: ORKAMBI (lumacaftor/ivacaftor), KALYDECO (ivacaftor), TRIKAFTA (elexacaftor, tezacaftor and ivacaftor; ivacaftor), SYMDEKO (tezacaftor/ivacaftor tablets)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 Cystic fibrosis in patients with mutation(s) in the F508del cystic fibrosis 	
	transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene	
Required Medical	Documentation of cystic fibrosis (CF) diagnosis confirmed by appropriate genetic or	
Information: diagnostic testing (FDA-approved CF mutation test)		
	 Please provide the diagnostic testing report and/or Cystic Fibrosis Foundation 	
	Patient Registry Report	
	• Documentation of mutation(s) in the CFTR gene for which the drug has been FDA-	
	approved to treat	
Appropriate	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success	
Treatment		
Regimen & Other		
Criteria:		
Exclusion Criteria:	<u>Kalydeco</u> : Homozygous F508del mutation	
	Concurrent use with another CFTR modulator	
Age Restriction:	<u>Kalydeco</u> : one month of age and older	
	<u>Orkambi</u> : 1 year of age and older	
	<u>Trikafta</u> : 2 years of age and older	
	<u>Symdeko</u> : 6 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist or provider who specializes in CF	
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: 24 months unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: CHELATING AGENTS

Preferred drugs: deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet Non-Preferred drugs: Ferriprox (deferiprone), deferiprone

1.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2		
2.	Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to one of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications?	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met		
Pre	Chronic Iron Overload Due to Blood Transfusions in Myelodysplastic Syndromes Preferred Drugs – deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet Non -Preferred drugs: Ferriprox (deferiprone), deferiprone				
1.	Documentation of International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) low or intermediate-1 risk level?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met		
2.	Documentation of a history of more than 20 red blood cell (RBC) transfusions OR that it is anticipated that more than 20 would be required?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met		
3.	Documentation of serum ferritin levels greater than 2500 ng/ml?	Yes – Document and go to # 4	No – Criteria not met		
4.	Is the request for generic formulation of deferasirox (oral or soluble tablet)?	Yes – Go to #6	No- Go to #5		
5.	Is there documented failure to deferasirox and deferoxamine (Desferal)?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met		
6.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist specialist?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met		
7.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met		
Chronic Iron Overload Due to Blood Transfusions in Thalassemia syndromes, Sickle Cell Disease, or other anemias					

Preferred Drugs – deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet **Non -Preferred drugs:** Ferriprox (deferiprone), deferiprone



2.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	
1.	Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy defined as a reduction from baseline liver iron concentration (LIC) or serum ferritin level (LIC and serum ferritin must still be above 3 mg Fe per gram of dry weight and 500 mcg/L, respectively)	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
Re	Renewal Criteria			
3.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Documentation of serum ferritin levels consistently greater than 300 mcg/L prior to initiation of treatment	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met	
1.	Documentation of liver iron (Fe) concentration (LIC) levels consistently greater than or equal to 5 mg Fe per gram of dry weight	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
Chronic Iron Overload in Non-Transfusion Dependent Thalassemia Syndromes Preferred Drugs –deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet				
6.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	
5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist specialist?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met	
4.	Documentation of platelet counts greater than 50,000 per microliter?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met	
3.	Is there documented failure to deferasirox and deferoxamine (Desferal)?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Is the request for generic formulation of deferasirox (oral or soluble tablet)?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Go to #3	
1.	Documentation of pretreatment serum ferritin level within the last 60 days of at least 1000 mcg/L?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	



Quantity Limitations

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- Exjade (deferasirox soluble tablet) available in 125mg, 250mg, 500mg tablets
 - o 20-40 mg/kg/day
- Jadenu (deferasirox tablet or granules) available in 90mg, 180mg, 360mg tablets
 14-28 mg/kg/day
 - Ferriprox (deferiprone) 100mg/ml oral solution, 500mg, 1000mg tablets
 - o **75-99 mg/kg/day**
 - Can be used in adult and pediatric patients 8 years of age and older (tablets), or 3 years of age and older (solution)



POLICY NAME: CHOLBAM Affected Medications: CHOLBAM (cholic acid)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of bile acid synthesis disorders due to single enzyme defects (SEDs) Adjunctive treatment of peroxisomal disorders, including Zellweger spectrum disorders, in patients who exhibit manifestations of liver disease, steatorrhea, or complications from decreased fat-soluble vitamin absorption
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of all prior therapies, patient weight and anticipated treatment course Baseline liver function tests (AST, ALT, GGT, ALP, total bilirubin, INR)
	 Bile acid synthesis disorder Diagnosis confirmed by assessment of serum or urinary bile acid levels using mass spectrometry (Fast Atom Bombardment ionization - Mass Spectrometry (FAB-MS) analysis)
	 Peroxisomal disorders including Zellweger spectrum disorders Diagnosis confirmed by clinical features, elevated very long-chain fatty acid (VLCFA) levels, peroxisomal biomarkers, genetic testing
	 Prothrombin time (vitamin K), serum levels of vitamins A, D, and E Hepatic injury or at risk of liver injury (elevations in liver enzymes or atypical bile acids) OR
	If normal liver function tests, must show manifestations of liver disease, steatorrhea, or complications from decreased fat-soluble vitamin absorption
Appropriate Treatment Regimen &	Will not be used for treatment of extrahepatic manifestations (such as neurologic symptoms) of bile acid synthesis disorders
Other Criteria:	 <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of clinically significant improvement in liver function as determined by meeting TWO of the following criteria: Improvement in abnormal liver chemistries (AST, ALT, bilirubin)
	 Reduction or stabilization of hepatic inflammation and fibrosis Reduced levels of the toxic C27-bile acid intermediates dihydroxycholestanoic acid (DHCA) and trihydroxycholestanoic acid (THCA) in plasma and urine
	 Improvement in prothrombin time (as a result of improved vitamin K absorption) and serum levels of vitamins A, D, and E No evidence of cholestasis on liver biopsy Body weight increased or stabilized
	 Treatment should be discontinued if liver function does not improve after 3 months of start of treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or metabolic specialist 	
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: CHOLESTATIC LIVER DISEASE

Affected Medications: BYLVAY (odevixibat), LIVMARLI (maralixibat)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design 	
	 Pruritus due to progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC) 	
	 Cholestatic pruritus in patients with Alagille syndrome (ALGS) 	
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of experiencing moderate to severe pruritis associated with PFIC or ALGS	
	Documentation of serum bile acid concentration above the upper limit of normal (ULN) reference range for the reporting laboratory	
	PFIC	
	 Documentation of confirmed molecular diagnosis of PFIC type 1 or type 2 Documentation of absence of ABCB11 gene variant if PFIC type 2 	
	ALGS	
	Documentation of ALGS confirmed by:	
	 Genetic test detecting a JAG1 or NOTCH2 mutation OR 	
	 Liver biopsy and at least three clinical features: 	
	Chronic cholestasis	
	Cardiac disease	
	 Ocular or skeletal abnormalities 	
	Characteristic facial features	
A	Renal and vascular disease	
Appropriate	Documentation of current weight and dosing in accordance with FDA labeling	
Treatment	 Documented treatment failure with <u>ALL</u> of the following for at least 30 days: 	
Regimen & Other	• Rifampin	
Criteria:	o Ursodiol	
	 Cholestyramine (or colesevelam if requesting for ALGS) 	
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior hepatic decompensation events	
	• Decompensated cirrhosis (such as ALT or total bilirubin greater than 10-times the ULN)	
	Concomitant liver disease (e.g., biliary atresia, liver cancer, non- PFIC related	
	cholestasis)	
	Prior liver transplant	
Age Restriction:	Age is in accordance with FDA labeling	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist or a specialist with experience in	
Care Restrictions:	the treatment of PFIC or ALGS	
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	



Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **CIALIS** Affected Medications: CIALIS (2.5 mg, 5 mg), tadalafil (2.5 mg, 5 mg)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of symptomatic benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH) Mantal hashthadia massia of anastila disensitien (ED) masting assured theferentian
	 Mental health diagnosis of erectile disorder (ED) meeting sexual dysfunction
	criteria
Required Medical	Diagnosis of benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH)
Information:	 Mental health diagnosis for the sexual dysfunction of erectile dysfunction, meeting the following Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, fifth edition (DSM-5) diagnostic criteria:
	 At least one of the three following symptoms must be experienced with 75% to 100% of occasions of sexual activity:
	 Marked difficulty in obtaining an erection during sexual activity Marked difficulty in maintaining an erection until the completion of sexual activity
	 Marked decrease in erectile rigidity
	 The above symptoms have persisted for a minimum duration of approximately 6 months AND
	 The above symptoms cause clinically significant distress in the individual AND The sexual dysfunction is not:
	 Better explained by a nonsexual mental disorder OR
	 A consequence of severe relationship distress or other significant stressors AND
	 It is not attributable to the effects of substance or medication use or another medical condition (such as a physical condition)
Appropriate	Benign Prostate Hyperplasia (BPH)
Treatment Regimen &	Treatment failure of at least two of the following: alfuzosin ER, doxazosin, finasteride, prazosin, tamsulosin
Other Criteria:	
other official	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
	Limited to 1 tablet per day
Exclusion	 Erectile dysfunction unrelated to a mental health diagnosis of sexual dysfunction
Criteria:	according to the DSM-5 diagnostic criteria
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Mental health diagnosis of sexual dysfunction: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a
Care Restrictions:	mental health provider
	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CLADRIBINE Affected Medications: MAVENCLAD (cladribine)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with (or intolerance to) a minimum 12-week trial of at least two disease-modifying therapies for MS <u>Reauthorization (one time only)</u>: provider attestation of treatment success Eligible to initiate second treatment cycle 43 weeks after last dose was administered
Exclusion Criteria:	 Current malignancy Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection Active chronic infections (e.g., hepatitis, tuberculosis) Pregnancy Treatment beyond 2 years
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist All approved are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: COAGADEX Affected Medications: COAGADEX (Factor X)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Indicated in children and adults with hereditary Factor X (FX) deficiency for:
	 Routine prophylaxis to reduce frequency of bleeding episodes
	 On-demand treatment and control of bleeding episodes
	 Perioperative management of bleeding in mild, moderate, or severe disease
Required Medical	All Indications
Information:	 Documented diagnosis of hereditary Factor X (FX) deficiency, confirmed by baseline plasma FX levels (FX:C) less than or equal to 10%
	 Patient weight
	Routine Prophylaxis
	Documented baseline frequency of bleeding episodes
	Perioperative Management
	Documentation of scheduled procedure with intent to use Coagadex for perioperative
	management of bleeding episodes
Appropriate	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Treatment	Beer the scientification
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization
Criteria:	Prophylaxis: Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment plan and
	responsiveness to therapy, defined as a reduction in spontaneous bleeds requiring treatment
	• Treatment: Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment plan, number of acute
	bleeds since last approval, and number of doses on-hand (not to exceed 6 total doses)
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Prophylaxis/On-demand:
	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	 Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Perioperative:
	 Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: COMPOUNDED MEDICATION Affected Medications: ALL COMPOUNDED MEDICATIONS

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	All compounded ingredients must be submitted on the pharmacy claim
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Compounded medications will only be payable after <u>ALL</u> commercially available or formulary products have been exhausted In the case of payable claim, only compound ingredients that are covered on the applicable formulary will be reimbursed under this policy Compounds above a certain dollar threshold will be stopped by the claim adjudication system
Exclusion Criteria:	 Compounds for experimental or investigational uses will not be covered Compounds containing non-Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved ingredients will not be covered Compounded medications will not be covered when an Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved, commercially available medication is on the market for treatment of requested condition
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CONTINUOUS GLUCOSE MONITORS

Preferred Products: Freestyle Libre, Freestyle Libre 2, Freestyle Libre 2 Plus, Freestyle Libre 3, Freestyle Libre 3 Plus, Dexcom G6, Dexcom G7

Non-Preferred Products: Medtronic Products (Enlite, Guardian, Minimed Guardian, Sof-sensor), Eversense Products

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of diabetes mellitus diagnosis Currently on insulin treatment of at least 3 subcutaneous (SubQ) injections daily OR on an insulin pump Performing at least 4 blood glucose tests per day with a home blood glucose monitoring device Requiring frequent insulin dose adjustments based on home blood glucose monitoring readings
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Coverage for non-preferred continuous glucose monitoring devices and supplies (receiver, transmitter, sensor) must meet the following criteria: Current use of insulin pump that is only compatible with a non-preferred continuous glucose monitor
Exclusion Criteria:	 Type 2 diabetes not on intensive insulin therapy Use of continuous glucose monitor while on dialysis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Must utilize pharmacy benefits only for coverage of all continuous glucose monitoring systems All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 years, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CORLANOR Affected Medications: CORLANOR (ivabradine), IVABRADINE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Heart failure with reduced ejection fraction (adjunctive agent) Heart failure due to dilated cardiomyopathy (DCM) in pediatric patients 6 months and older Inappropriate sinus tachycardia
Required Medical	Chronic heart failure
Information:	 Documentation of chronic heart failure with left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) 35% or less AND
	Resting heart rate of at least 70 beats per minute (bpm)
	Heart failure in pediatric patients
	 Documentation of stable symptomatic disease due to DCM
	Currently in sinus rhythm with an elevated heart rate
	Inappropriate sinus tachycardia
	• Heart rate of at least 100 beats per minute, with average mean heart rate of at least 90
	beats per minute over 24 hours not due to appropriate physiologic response or primary
	 abnormality (hyperthyroidism or anemia) Symptomatic (palpitations, shortness of breath, dizziness, and/or decreased exercise
	capacity)
	 Documentation for absence of identifiable causes of sinus tachycardia and exclusion of atrial tachycardia
Appropriate	Effective contraception is recommended in women of child-bearing age
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Chronic heart failure
Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with a beta blocker (metoprolol succinate extended release, carvedilol, or carvedilol extended release) at the maximally tolerated dose for heart failure treatment OR
	Documentation of contraindication to beta-blocker use
	Heart failure in pediatric patients
	• Treatment failure with beta blocker or digoxin, or contraindication to beta blocker and digoxin use.
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy; development of atrial fibrillation while on therapy will exclude patient from reauthorization
Exclusion Criteria:	Acute, decompensated heart failure
	 Blood pressure less than 90/50 mm Hg
	 Sick sinus syndrome, sinoatrial block, third-degree atrioventricular block (unless stable with functioning demand pacemaker)
	Severe hepatic impairment (Child-Paugh class C)



	Heart rate maintained exclusively by pacemaker
Age Restriction:	Heart failure due to DCM: 6 months to less than 18 years of age
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: COVERAGE OF SELECT HIGH INTENSITY STATINS AT TIER 0 COPAY

Affected Medications: ATORVASTATIN (40 mg, 80 mg), ROSUVASTATIN (20 mg, 40 mg), SIMVASTATIN (80 mg)

Primary prevention of cardiovascular disease (must meet all of the following):
 40 to 75 years of age Presence of at least one cardiovascular risk factor such as: Dyslipidemia Diabetes Hypertension Smoking Estimated 10-year risk of cardiovascular event of at least 10% or higher
 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CRIZANLIZUMAB

Affected Medications: ADAKVEO (crizanlizumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To reduce the frequency of vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) in adults and pediatric patients aged 16 years and older with sickle cell disease
Required Medical	Diagnosis of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing
Information:	Two or more sickle cell-related crises in the past 12 months
	Therapeutic failure of 6-month trial on maximum tolerated dose of hydroxyurea or intolerable adverse event to hydroxyurea
Appropriate	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined by a decrease in the
Criteria:	number of vaso-occlusive crises
Exclusion Criteria:	Long-term red blood cell transfusion therapy
	Hemoglobin is less than 4.0 g/dL
	Chronic anticoagulation therapy (such as warfarin, heparin) other than aspirin
	History of stroke within the past 2 years
	Combined use with Endari (L-glutamine)
Age Restriction:	16 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CROVALIMAB Affected Medications: PIASKY (crovalimab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH)
Required Medical Information:	 Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g., granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes)
	Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 2 times the upper limit of normal range
	 One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings: Presence of a thrombotic event
	 Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis
	 History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months Body weight
Appropriate	Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab-cwvz
Treatment	(Ultomiris)
Regimen & Other	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and most recent body weight
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use with other biologics for PNH (Soliris, Ultomiris, Empaveli, Fabhalta) Current meningitis infection or other unresolved serious infection caused by encapsulated bacteria
Age Restriction:	13 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CYSTARAN, CYSTADROPS

Affected Medications: CYSTARAN SOLUTION 0.44 % OPHTHALMIC (cysteamine hydrochloride solution), CYSTADROPS SOLUTION 0.37% OPHTHALMIC (cysteamine hydrochloride solution)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Ocular Cystinosis
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of ocular cystinosis Documentation of slit-lamp examination showing corneal cystine crystal accumulation
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as reduction in cystine crystals compared to baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

CYSTEAMINE

Affected Medications: PROCYSBI (cysteamine bitartrate delayed release)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Nephropathic cystinosis
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of nephropathic cystinosis confirmed by ONE of the following: Molecular genetic testing showing mutations in the CTNS gene Leukocyte cystine concentration above the laboratory reference range Presence of cysteine corneal crystals by slit lamp examination
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Cystagon
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: DANICOPAN Affected Medications: VOYDEYA (danicopan)

Covered Lless	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of extravascular hemolysis (EVH) in adults with paroxysmal nocturnal
	hemoglobinuria (PNH)
Required Medical	Patients must be administered a meningococcal vaccine at least two weeks prior to
Information:	initiation of the requested therapy and revaccinated according to current Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) guidelines
Appropriate	Must be used in combination with ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris) or eculizumab (Soliris)
Treatment	[separate authorization required]
Regimen & Other	Documentation of clinically significant extravascular hemolysis (EVH) defined as
Criteria:	persistent anemia (Hgb less than or equal to 9.5 gram/deciliter) with absolute reticulocyte
	count greater than or equal to 120 x 10 ⁹ /liter despite use of Ultomiris or Soliris for at least
	6 months
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	Use without Ultomiris or Soliris
	Concurrent use with biologics for PNH other than Ultomiris and Soliris (such as
	pegcetacoplan or iptacopan)
	Current meningitis infection
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
O	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Coverage Duration:	• Initial Authonzation. O months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: DASATINIB Affected Medications: DASATINIB

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed treatment regimen Documentation of Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1-positive mutation status
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	For patients with Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CML) and low risk score, documented clinical failure with imatinib <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response)
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status less than or equal to 50% or ECOG performance score greater than or equal to 3
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: DEFIBROTIDE

Affected Medications: DEFITELIO (defibrotide sodium)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult and pediatric patients with hepatic veno-occlusive disease (VOD), also known as sinusoidal obstruction syndrome (SOS), with renal or pulmonary dysfunction following hematopoietic stem-cell transplantation (HSCT)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of, or high suspicion for, classical or late-onset hepatic VOD Weight prior to HSCT, dose, and frequency
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Requested dose within the FDA-approved label
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: DEFLAZACORT Affected Medications: DEFLAZACORT

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) in patients 2 years of age and older
Required Medical Information:	 Laboratory confirmation of Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) diagnosis by genetic testing and serum creatinine kinase at least 10 times the upper limit of normal prior to starting treatment Baseline motor function assessment from one of the following: 6-minute walk test North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) Motor Function Measure (MFM) Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFMS)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with a 6-month trial of prednisone, or intolerable adverse event causing one of the following: Clinically significant weight gain defined as greater than or equal to 10% of body weight gain over a 6-month period Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior, aggression, irritability) that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatment Reauthorization requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: DELANDISTROGENE MOXEPARVOVEC-ROKL

Affected Medications: ELEVIDYS (delandistrogene moxeparvovec-rokl)

Covered Uses:	Some Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of ambulatory pediatric patients ages 4 and up with Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD)
Required Medical	Confirmed mutation of DMD gene between exons 18-58
Information:	Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane
	North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) scale total score of 17 or more
	Receiving physical and/or occupational therapy
	 Baseline anti-AAVrh74 total binding antibody titer of less than 1:400 as measured by ELISA
	Current weight
Appropriate	Documentation of being on a stable dose of an oral corticosteroid such as prednisone for
Treatment	at least 12-weeks, and will continue prior to and following Elevidys infusion, according to
Regimen & Other	FDA approved labeling
Criteria:	Does not exceed FDA approved dosing based on weight and maximum of 70 vials
	Number of vials needed = patient body weight (kg) rounded to nearest number of vials
Exclusion Criteria:	Exon 8 and/or exon 9 deletion in DMD gene
	Concomitant therapy or within the past 6 months with DMD-directed antisense
	oligonucleotides such as golodirsen, casimersen, viltolarsen, eteplirsen
	Current active infection
	Previous Elevidys treatment in their lifetime
	Acute liver disease or impaired liver function
	Treatment in non-ambulatory patients – at this time, this indication is not considered medically necessary due to insufficient available evidence of therapeutic value
Age Restriction:	
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
-	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



POLICY NAME: **DIFELIKEFALIN** Affected Medications: KORSUVA (difelikefalin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Chronic kidney disease-associated pruritus (CKD-aP) during hemodialysis (HD)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of chronic kidney disease confirmed by presence of kidney damage or decreased kidney function for three or more months Documentation of moderate to severe pruritus associated with HD Documentation of normal serum parathyroid hormone (PTH), phosphate, calcium, and magnesium levels Documentation of patient's current dry body weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of inadequate relief with trial of all of the following therapies (minimum 1 month trial each):
Exclusion Criteria:	 Peritoneal dialysis Severe hepatic impairment
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: DINUTUXIMAB

Affected Medications: UNITUXIN (dinutuximab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of high-risk neuroblastoma diagnosis as defined per the International Neuroblastoma Response Criteria (INRC): An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or serum) catecholamines or their metabolites] OR Evidence of metastases to bone marrow on an aspirate or trephine biopsy with concomitant elevation of urinary or serum catecholamines or their metabolites Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including: Stage 2/3/4/4S disease with amplified MYCN gene (any age) Stage 4 disease in patients greater than 18 months of age Documented history of previous treatment with at least a partial response to prior first-line multi-agent, multimodality therapy
Appropriate	Maximum duration: 5 cycles
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	Under 18 years of age
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 5 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: DIROXIMEL FUMARATE

Affected Medications: VUMERITY (diroximel fumarate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate Treatment	Relapsing forms of MS
Regimen & Other	Coverage of Vumerity (diroximel fumarate) requires documentation of one of the
Criteria:	 following: Documented disease progression or intolerable adverse event with one of the following: teriflunomide, dimethyl fumarate or fingolimod Currently receiving treatment with Vumerity (diroximel fumarate), excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program
	Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of multiple sclerosis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or a multiple sclerosis specialist
Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **DOJOLVI** Affected Medications: DOJOLVI (triheptanoin oral liquid)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. A source of calories and fatty acids for the treatment of pediatric and adult patients with molecularly confirmed long-chain fatty acid oxidation disorders
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of long chain fatty acid oxidation disorder (LC-FAOD) confirmed by molecular genetic testing or enzyme assay Documentation of total prescribed daily caloric intake Documentation of severe disease as evidenced by one of the following: Hypoglycemia after short periods of fasting Evidence of functional cardiomyopathy with poor ejection fraction requiring ongoing management Frequent severe major medical episodes requiring emergency room visits, acute care, or hospitalization (3 events within the past year, or 5 events within the past 2 years) Elevated creatinine kinase (chronic or episodic)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of persistent symptoms despite dietary management and use of an over the counter (OTC) medium-chain triglyceride (MCT) product Dose not to exceed 35% of daily caloric intake <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of another medium chain triglyceride product
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or provider experienced in the management of metabolic disorders All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **DONISLECEL** Affected Medications: LANTIDRA (donislecel solution)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of type 1 diabetes for 5 or more years Documentation of inability to achieve target HbA1c despite adherence to intensive insulin management with all the following: Multiple daily injections of prandial and basal insulin or on an insulin pump Performing at least four blood glucose tests per day or using a continuous glucose monitor Documentation of 2 or more episodes of severe hypoglycemia (blood glucose level less than 50 mg/dL) in the past three years requiring assistance of another person with either an oral carbohydrate, intravenous glucose, or glucagon administration Documentation of hypoglycemia unawareness, defined by the absence of adequate autonomic symptoms during an episode of severe hypoglycemia
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of not achieving exogenous insulin independence within one year of infusion or within one year of losing independence from exogenous insulin (maximum of three infusions per lifetime)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Pregnancy Malignancy Active infection Previous kidney or pancreas transplant Prior portal vein thrombosis
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months (single treatment), unless specified otherwise



POLICY NAME: DORNASE ALFA

Affected Medications: PULMOZYME (dornase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 The diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis (CF) has been confirmed by appropriate diagnostic or genetic testing Additional testing should include evaluation of overall clinical lung status and respiratory function (e.g., pulmonary function tests, lung imaging, etc.)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Pulmozyme will be used in conjunction with standard therapies for cystic fibrosis Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	1 month of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: DROXIDOPA Affected Medications: DROXIDOPA

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of orthostatic dizziness with symptomatic neurogenic orthostatic hypotension (nOH) caused by: Primary autonomic failure (Parkinson's disease [PD], multiple system atrophy [MSA], pure autonomic failure [PAF]) Dopamine beta-hydroxylase deficiency Non-diabetic autonomic neuropathy 	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of nOH caused by one of the following: Primary autonomic failure (such as PD, MSA, PAF) Dopamine beta-hydroxylase deficiency Non-diabetic autonomic neuropathy Documentation of severe symptomatic orthostatic hypotension, demonstrated by both of the following: Minimum 20 mmHg decrease in systolic blood pressure OR minimum 10 mmHg decrease in diastolic blood pressure within 3 minutes of standing Documentation of significant symptoms affecting activities of daily living 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with a minimum 30-day trial to both fludrocortisone and midodrine <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success as determined by treating provider	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or cardiologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME:

DUOPA

Affected Medications: DUOPA (carbidopa-levodopa enteral suspension)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of motor fluctuations in patients with advanced Parkinson's disease (PD) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of all the following: Diagnosis of advanced PD Clear response to levodopa treatment with evidence of "On" periods Persistent motor fluctuations with "Off" time occurring 3 hours or more per day while awake despite an optimized PD treatment regimen Has undergone or has planned placement of a nasojejunal (NJ) tube for temporary administration of Duopa OR gastrostomy-jejunostomy (PEG-J) tube for long-term administration of Duopa 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with both of the following: Oral levodopa/carbidopa Two additional agents from different anti-PD drug classes: Monoamine oxidase-B (MAO-B) inhibitors (ex: selegiline, rasagiline) Dopamine agonists (ex: amantadine, pramipexole, ropinirole) Catechol-O-methyltransferase (COMT) inhibitors (ex: entacapone) Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Atypical Parkinson's syndrome ("Parkinson's Plus" syndrome) or secondary Parkinson's Non-levodopa responsive PD Contraindication to percutaneous endoscopic gastro-jejunal (PEG-J) tube placement or long-term use of a PEG-J Concomitant use with nonselective MAO inhibitors or have recently (within 2 weeks) taken a nonselective MAO inhibitor 	
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist 	
Care Restrictions: Coverage Duration:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: **DUPILUMAB** Affected Medications: DUPIXENT (dupilumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)–approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Moderate to severe eosinophilic phenotype or oral corticosteroid dependent asthma Moderate to severe atopic dermatitis (AD) Chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis (CRSwNP) Eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE) Prurigo nodularis (PN)
	 Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)
Required Medical Information:	 <u>AD:</u> Documentation of severe inflammatory skin disease defined as functional impairment (inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction) Body surface area (BSA) involvement greater than or equal to 10% or hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement
	 Asthma: Documentation of BOTH of the following: Baseline eosinophil count at least 150 cells/μL Forced expiratory volume (FEV1) less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
	 CRSwNP: Documentation of both of the following: Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total ethmoidectomy Indicated for revision sinus endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction)
	 EoE: Diagnosis confirmed by endoscopic biopsy with greater than or equal to 15 eosinophils per high power field (HPF) Documentation of TWO or more dysphagia episodes per week despite current treatment
	 PN: Documentation of all the following: Diagnosis confirmed by skin biopsy Presence of at least 20 PN lesions for at least 3 months Severe itching
	<u>COPD</u>



	Diagnosis of COPD with moderate to severe airflow limitation	
	FEV1/FVC ratio less than 0.7 and FEV1 of 30-70% predicted	
	 Baseline eosinophil count of at least 300 cells/µL 	
	Symptoms of chronic productive cough for at least 3 months	
Appropriate	Requested dosing according to the FDA label based on diagnosis	
Treatment	Requested dusing according to the LDA label based on diagnosis	
Regimen & Other	AD:	
Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of two of the following (1 in each category): 	
	 Tacrolimus ointment or pimecrolimus cream or Eucrisa 	
	 Phototherapy or cyclosporine or azathioprine or methotrexate or mycophenolate 	
	Asthma:	
	Use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta agonist (LABA) for	
	at least three months with continued symptoms	
	Documentation of one of the following:	
	 Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or 	
	systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination	
	inhaler treatment with at least 80% adherence	
	 Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required 	
	 <u>CRSwNP:</u> Documented treatment failure with at least 1 intranasal corticosteroid (such as 	
	fluticasone) after ethmoidectomy	
	 Documented treatment failure with Sinuva implant 	
	EoE:	
	Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of BOTH of the following:	
	• High dose (twice daily dosing) proton pump inhibitor (e.g., omeprazole or	
	esomeprazole)	
	 Swallowed corticosteroid therapy (such as fluticasone or budesonide) 	
	<u>PN:</u>	
	Documented treatment failure with at least 2 weeks of a super high potency topical	
	corticosteroid (such as clobetasol propionate 0.05%, halobetasol propionate 0.05%)	
	Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of one of the following:	
	phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporine	
	COPD	
	 Documented use of inhaled triple therapy consisting of a long-acting muscarinic 	
	antagonist (LAMA), long-acting beta agonist (LABA), and inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) for	
	at least 12 weeks with continued symptoms	
	 Documentation of one of the following: 	
	 History of at least two moderate COPD exacerbations requiring treatment with a 	
	systemic corticosteroid and/or an antibiotic in the past year while adherent on	



	triple therapy and at least 80% adherence
	 History of at least one severe COPD exacerbation requiring hospitalization in the past year while adherent on triple therapy and at least 80% adherence
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success as determined by treating provider
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with another therapeutic immunomodulator agent utilized for the same indication
Age Restriction:	AD: 6 months of age and older
	Asthma: 6 years of age and older
	CRSwNP: 12 years of age and older
	EoE: 1 year of age and older
	PN: 18 years of age and older
	COPD: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, pulmonologist, otolaryngologist,
Care Restrictions:	gastroenterologist, allergist, or immunologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ECULIZUMAB Affected Medications: SOLIRIS (eculizumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) to reduce hemolysis Atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS) to inhibit complement-mediated thrombotic microangiopathy Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adults who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adult patients who are anti-aquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive
Required Medical	PNH
Information:	 Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g., granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes) Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper limit of normal range One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings: Presence of a thrombotic event Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months Clinical presentation of microangiopathic hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, and acute kidney injury
	 Patient shows signs of thrombotic microangiopathy (TMA) (e.g., changes in mental status, seizures, angina, dyspnea, thrombosis, increasing blood pressure, decreased platelet count, increased serum creatinine, increased LDH, etc.) ADAMTS13 activity level greater than or equal to 10% Shiga toxin E. coli related hemolytic uremic syndrome (ST-HUS) has been ruled out History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
	gMG
	 Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by ONE of the following: A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test A positive edrophonium chloride test Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV Positive serologic test for AChR antibodies Documentation of ONE of the following: MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater
	<u>NMOSD</u>



	by all the following: Documentation Exclusion of alte At least ONE co Acute o Acute o Acute a hiccups Acute b Sympto NMOSE (MRI) [s	a or nausea/vomiting) prainstem syndrome prainstem syndrome prainstem syndrome prainc narcolepsy OR acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with D-typical diencephalic lesion on magnetic resonance imaging see table below] prerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see
	Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings
	Diencephalic syndrome	Periependymal lesionHypothalamic/thalamic lesion
	Acute cerebral syndrome	 Extensive periependymal lesion Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion Long corticospinal tract lesion Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 (Ultomiris) aHUS Failure to respond to plasma for the second to	e with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 ssive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus,



	 Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to each of the following: Efgartigimod-alfa (Vyvgart) Ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris) MMOSD Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ALL of the following: Rituximab (preferred products: Riabni, Ruxience) Satralizumab-mwge (Enspryng) Inebilizumab-cdon (Uplizna) Ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris) Reauthorization: gMG: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in MG-ADL and QMG scores from baseline NMOSD: documentation of treatment success defined as the stabilization or improvement in neurological symptoms as evidenced by a decrease in acute relapses, Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score, hospitalizations, or plasma exchange treatments PNH: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline aHUS: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved serum creatinine, increased platelet count, and decreased plasma exchange/infusion requirement compared to baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication, unless otherwise indicated by the FDA for combination use with Soliris Current meningitis infection
Age Restriction:	 PNH, gMG and NMOSD: 18 years of age and older aHUS: 2 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist PNH: hematologist aHUS: hematologist or nephrologist gMG: neurologist NMOSD: neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EDARAVONE Affected Medications: RADICAVA (edaravone), RADICAVA ORS

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of "definite" or "probable" ALS diagnosis based on revised El Escorial (Airlie House) or Awaji criteria Disease duration of 2 years or less Normal respiratory function defined as percent-predicted forced vital capacity values (% FVC) of at least 80% Patient currently retains most activities of daily living (ADLs), defined as at least 2 points
Appropriate	on all 12 items of the ALS functional rating scale-revised (ALSFRS-R) Reauthorization requires both of the following:
Treatment Regimen &	 Documentation of treatment success, as determined by prescriber (e.g., retention of most ADLs)
Other Criteria:	 Patient is not dependent on invasive mechanical ventilation (e.g., intubation, tracheostomy)
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider with experience in treating ALS
-	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EFLORNITHINE Affected Medications: IWILFIN (eflornithine)

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not oth plan design Maintenance therapy in patients with high-risk neuroblastoma least a partial response to prior systemic agents and have commaintenance immunotherapy with an anti-GD2 antibody NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evor higher Required Medical Information: Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior thera anticipated treatment course Diagnosis of neuroblastoma as defined per the International Neurobla Criteria (INRC): An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by ligh or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or incoserum) catecholamines or their metabolites] OR Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including:	a who achieve at ompleted vidence level of 2A apies used, and	
 Computed tomography (CT) or magnetic resonance imaging primary site and nodal sites of metastatic disease Bone imaging (preferably with a metaiodobenzylguanidine [M positron emission topography (PET) scan (if MIBG is negative) 	at microscopy [with creased urine (or ephine biopsy with their metabolites at least 18 months ation (INPC) as as follows: (MRI) scan of the MIBG] scan and	
• Documentation of a partial response to prior systemic agents and cor		
	maintenance immunotherapy with an anti-GD2 antibody (Dinutuximab, Naxitamab)	
Regimen & Other Criteria:Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy u years of treatment	ip to a total of 2	
Exclusion Criteria: • Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance sc	core 3 or greater	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist	
• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site o	of care	
Coverage Duration: Initial authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: One time reauthorization of 20 months to complete 2 tractment of the second field	2 years of	
treatment, unless otherwise specified	,	



POLICY NAME:

ELAGOLIX

Affected Medications: ORILISSA (elagolix), ORIAHNN (elagolix/estradiol/norethindrone acetate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design		
	 Moderate to severe endometriosis-associated pain (Orilissa) 		
	 Heavy menstrual bleeding associated with uterine leiomyomas (Oriahnn) 		
Required Medical	Pain due to endometriosis		
Information:	Documentation of both of the following:		
	 Diagnosis of moderate to severe pain associated with endometriosis 		
	 Attestation that patient is premenopausal 		
	Heavy menstrual bleeding due to uterine leiomyomas		
	Documentation of both of the following:		
	 Diagnosis of heavy menstrual bleeding associated with uterine leiomyomas 		
	 Attestation that patient is premenopausal 		
Appropriate	Pain due to endometriosis		
Treatment	Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3		
Regimen & Other	months of both of the following first-line therapies:		
Criteria:	 Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) 		
	 Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives 		
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy		
Exclusion Criteria:	History of osteoporosis		
	Pregnancy		
	Severe (Child-Pugh Class C) hepatic impairment (Orilissa)		
	 Mild, moderate, and severe (Child-Pugh Class A, B, and C) hepatic impairment (Oriahnn) 		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in obstetrics/gynecology or		
Care Restrictions:	reproductive endocrinology		
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		
	 Reauthorization: 18 months (Orilissa 150 mg once daily* and Oriahnn only), unless otherwise specified 		



hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh Class B) and Orilissa 200 mg twice daily is 6 months. Reauthorization not allowed		
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POLICY NAME: ELIVALDOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: SKYSONA (elivaldogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Early, active cerebral adrenoleukodystrophy (CALD) in male patients
Required Medical	Confirmed diagnosis of CALD with all of the following:
Information:	 Confirmed ABCD1 gene mutation
	 Elevated very-long-chain fatty acid (VLCFA) values for ALL of the following:
	 Concentration of C26:0
	 Ratio of C24:0 to C22:0
	 Ratio of C26:0 to C22:0
	• Neurologic function score (NFS) less than or equal to 1 (asymptomatic or mildly
	symptomatic disease)
	• Active central nervous system disease established by central radiographic
	review of brain magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) demonstrating both of the
	following:
	 Gadolinium enhancement on MRI of demyelinating lesions
	 Loes scores between 0.5 and 9 on the 34-point scale
Appropriate	Coverage of Skysona is provided if the patient does not have access to a hematopoietic
Treatment	stem cell transplant with a matched sibling donor
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Approved for one-time single infusion only
Exclusion Criteria:	Female gender
	Previously received an allogeneic transplant or gene therapy
Age Restriction:	4 to 17 years of age
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist, endocrinologist, or
Care Restrictions:	hematologist/oncologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified (one infusion only)



POLICY NAME: ELTROMBOPAG DERIVATIVES

Affected Medications: PROMACTA (eltrombopag olamine), PROMACTA PACKET, ALVAIZ (eltrombopag choline)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of thrombocytopenia in patients with persistent or chronic immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) Treatment of thrombocytopenia in patients with hepatitis C infection Treatment of severe aplastic anemia
Required Medical Information:	 Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP Documentation of ONE of the following: Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
	 Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C Documentation of plan to initiate interferon-based therapy Documentation of platelet count less than 75,000/microliter Severe aplastic anemia Diagnosis confirmed by bone marrow biopsy Documentation of at least two of the following: Absolute reticulocyte count (ARC) less than 60,000/microliter Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter Absolute neutrophil count (ANC) less than 500/microliter
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Promacta packet formulation requires documented medical inability to use oral tablet formulation <u>Thrombocytopenia in patients with persistent or chronic ITP</u> Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did not increase to at least 50,000/microliter, to the following therapies: ONE of the following: Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for immune thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids, rituximab, or immunoglobulin Splenectomy
	 Reauthorization: Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter (not to exceed 400,000/microliter) OR The platelet counts have not increased to a platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter and the patient has NOT been on the maximum dose for at least 4 weeks



	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C
	Reauthorization:
	 Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 90,000/microliter (not to exceed 400,000/microliter) and eltrombopag is used in combination with antiviral therapy
	 Severe aplastic anemia Documentation of refractory severe aplastic anemia as indicated by insufficient response to at least one prior immunosuppressive therapy
	OR
	• For those less than 40 years of age without a rapidly available matched related donor (MRD) or 40 years of age and older: documentation that eltrombopag is being used as first line treatment in combination with standard immunosuppressive therapy (Atgam and cyclosporine)
	Reauthorization (refractory severe aplastic anemia only): Requires hematologic response to treatment defined as meeting ONE or more of the following criteria:
	 Platelet count increases to 20,000/microliter above baseline, or stable platelet counts with
	transfusion independence for a minimum of 8 weeks
	Hemoglobin increases by greater than 1.5 g/dL or a reduction in greater than or equal to
	4 units red blood cell (RBC) transfusions for 8 consecutive weeks
	ANC increase of 100% or an ANC increase greater than 500/microliter
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase inhibitor, or similar treatments (Doptelet, Nplate, Tavalisse)
Age Restriction:	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP
	 1 year of age and older (Promacta) 6 years of age and older (Alvaiz)
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C and patients with severe
	 aplastic anemia 18 years of age and older (Promacta and Alvaiz)
	Severe Aplastic Anemia (initial therapy)
	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	 18 years of age and older (Alvaiz) Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterology/liver specialist
Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterology/liver specialist All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP
	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C
	 Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Severe aplastic anemia



 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Severe aplastic anemia in combination with cyclosporine and Atgam
Severe aplastic anemia in combination with cyclosponne and Atgain
Authorization: 6 months, no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EMAPALUMAB

Affected Medications: GAMIFANT (emapalumab-lzsg)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult and pediatric (newborn and older) patients with primary hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) with refractory, recurrent or progressive disease or intolerance with conventional HLH therapy
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed by presence of a genetic mutation known to cause primary HLH (e.g., PRF1, UNC13D, STX11, STXBP2) OR documentation showing at least 5 of the following are present: Prolonged fever (lasting over 7 days) Splenomegaly Two of the following cytopenias in the peripheral blood: Hemoglobin less than 9 g/dL Platelet count less than 100,000/mcL Neutrophils less than 100/mcL One of the following:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of refractory, recurrent, or progressive disease (or intolerable adverse event) on conventional HLH therapy (e.g., dexamethasone, etoposide, methotrexate, hydrocortisone) Must be used in combination with dexamethasone (if established on the following, patient may instead continue: oral cyclosporine A; intrathecal methotrexate and/or glucocorticoids) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced <u>Reauthorization</u>: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy AND patient has not received HSCT
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, oncologist, transplant specialist, or provider with experience in the management of HLH All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EMICIZUMAB

Affected Medications: HEMLIBRA (emicizumab-kxwh)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of hemophilia A with or without inhibitors
Information:	 Prescribed for routine prophylaxis to prevent or reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Baseline factor level less than 1% AND prophylaxis required OR Baseline factor level 1% to 3% AND a documented history of at least two episodes of spontaneous bleeding into joints Prophylactic agents must be discontinued Factor VIII Inhibitors: after the first week of HEMLIBRA Bypassing Agents: one day before starting HEMLIBRA
	Loading Dose:
	3 mg/kg once every week for 4 weeks
	Maximum 1,380 mg per 28 day supply
	 Maintenance dose: 1.5 mg/kg once every week or 3 mg/kg once every 2 weeks or 6 mg/kg once every 4 weeks Any increases in dose must be supported by an acceptable clinical rationale (i.e. weight gain, increase in breakthrough bleeding when patient is fully adherent to therapy, etc.) Product Availability Single-dose vials for injection: 30 mg/mL, 60 mg/0.4 mL, 105 mg/0.7 mL, 150 mg/mL Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in spontaneous bleeds requiring treatment, as well as documentation of bleed history since last approval
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Care Restrictions:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EMSAM Affected Medications: EMSAM (selegiline)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of major depressive disorder (MDD)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure to an adequate trial (clinically sufficient doses for a minimum 6-week duration) to each of the following: A selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor (SSRI) A serotonin/norepinephrine reuptake inhibitor (SNRI) A tricyclic or tetracyclic antidepressant Bupropion OR Documentation of inability to take any oral preparations (including commercially available liquid antidepressants) <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Pheochromocytoma
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ENDOTHELIN RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

Affected Medications: BOSENTAN, AMBRISENTAN, OPSUMIT (macitentan), OPSYNVI (macitentan and tadalafil)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary artery hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 confirmed by right heart catheterization meeting the following criteria: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blocker), unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that the drug will be used in combination with a phosphodiesterase-5 (PDE-5) inhibitor Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to oral calcium channel blocking agents if positive Acute Vasoreactivity Test For Opsumit (macitentan) and Opsynvi (macitentan and tadalafil) requests: documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to ambrisentan AND bosentan for 12 weeks is required Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the
	 following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ENFUVIRTIDE Affected Medications: FUZEON (enfuvirtide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) infection in combination with other antiretroviral agents in treatment-experienced patients with evidence of HIV-1 replication despite ongoing antiretroviral therapy
Required Medical Information:	 Documented weight greater than or equal to 11 kg Documentation of current (within past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA viral load of at least 200 copies/mL Documented treatment failure with minimum 12-weeks of antiretroviral therapy with at least one antiretroviral agent from three different classes (unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced): Nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs) Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIS) Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTIs) Protease inhibitors (PIs)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Prescribed in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of all of the following: Treatment plan including continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen Documentation of treatment success as evidenced by one of the following: Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load Absence of postbaseline emergence of enfuvirtide resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing
Exclusion Criteria:	Initial therapy in patients who are antiretroviral naïve
Age Restriction:	6 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease or HIV specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

ENZYME REPLACEMENT THERAPY (ERT) FOR GAUCHER DISEASE TYPE 1 Affected Medications: CERDELGA (eliglustat), VPRIV (velaglucerase alfa), CEREZYME (imiglucerase), ELELYSO (taliglucerase alfa)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Vpriv: Gaucher disease type 1 (GD1) Elelyso: GD1 for ages 4 years and older Cerdelga: GD1 in adults who are CYP2D6 extensive metabolizers (EMs), intermediate metabolizers (IMs), or poor metabolizers (PMs) as detected by an FDA-cleared test Cerezyme: GD1 for ages 2 years and older that results in one or more of the following conditions: Anemia Thrombocytopenia Bone disease Hepatomegaly or splenomegaly
Required Medical	 Diagnosis confirmed by enzyme assay showing deficiency of beta-glucocerebrosidase
Information:	 Budgheold commod by enzyme activity OR genetic testing indicating mutation of two alleles of the glucocerebrosidase genome For Cerdelga, must also have documentation of cytochrome P450 2D6 (CYP2D6) genotype by an FDA-approved test indicating CYP2D6 EM, IM, or PM status Documentation of baseline tests such as hemoglobin level, platelet count, liver function tests, renal function tests Documentation of at least one clinically significant disease complication of GD1: Anemia (low hemoglobin and hematocrit levels) Thrombocytopenia (platelet count less than 120,000 mm³) Bone disease (T-score less than -2.5 or bone pain) Hepatomegaly or splenomegaly For symptomatic children: symptoms of early presentation, such as malnutrition, growth retardation, impaired psychomotor development, and/or fatigue
Appropriate	<u>Cerdelga</u>
Treatment	Extensive or Intermediate Metabolizers of CYP2D6
Regimen & Other	Quantity limit - 84 mg capsules #60 per 30 days
Criteria:	
	Poor Metabolizers of CYP2D6
	Quantity limit - 84 mg capsules #30 per 30 days
	 Elelyso, Vpriv, and Cerezyme Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and patient's most recent weight Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced



	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concomitant use with another ERT for GD1 or with miglustat
	<u>Cerdelga</u> :
	CYP2D6 ultrarapid metabolizers
	Moderate or severe hepatic impairment
	 Pre-existing cardiac disease (congestive heart failure, myocardial infarction, bradycardia, heart block, arrhythmias, and long QT syndrome)
	Presence of moderate to severe renal impairment or end stage renal disease
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the management of
Care Restrictions:	Gaucher disease (hematologist, oncologist, hepatologist, geneticist or orthopedic specialist)
	All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EPLONTERSEN, PATISIRAN, VUTRISIRAN

Affected Medications: WAINUA (eplontersen), ONPATTRO (patisiran), AMVUTTRA (vutrisiran)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of hereditary transthyretin amyloidosis with polyneuropathy (hATTR-PN) in adults
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of hATTR confirmed by BOTH of the following: Amyloid deposition on biopsy Presence of pathogenic transthyretin (TTR) variant on genetic testing Presence of clinical manifestations of the disease, confirmed by presence of peripheral neuropathy on nerve conduction studies OR 2 of the following: Autonomic dysfunction (bladder/urinary tract infections, gastrointestinal disturbances, erectile dysfunction, orthostatic hypotension) Documented symptoms of sensorimotor polyneuropathy (e.g., paresthesia, balance issues, weakness/numbness in the hands/feet, or loss of sensation for pain, temperature, proprioception) Cardiomyopathy, ocular involvement, or renal involvement Documentation of ONE of the following: Baseline polyneuropathy disability (PND) score of less than or equal to IIIb Baseline neuropathy impairment score (NIS) between 10 and 130 Baseline familial amyloid polyneuropathy (FAP) stage 1 or 2
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	Onpattro: Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Criteria:	 <u>Reauthorization</u>: Documentation of a positive clinical response (e.g., stabilized or improved neurologic impairment, motor function, cardiac function, quality of life assessment, serum TTR levels)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior or planned liver transplantation New York Heart Association (NYHA) Functional Class III or IV Combined use with TTR-lowering or stabilizing therapy
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or specialist experienced in the treatment of amyloidosis All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EPOPROSTENOL

Affected Medications: EPOPROSTENOL, VELETRI (epoprostenol), FLOLAN (epoprostenol)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required Medical Information:	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1 Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criteria: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class III or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index OR Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) Documentation of a clear treatment plan
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to the following therapy classes is required: PDE5 inhibitors AND Endothelin receptor antagonists (exception WHO Functional Class IV) <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	 Congestive heart failure due to severe left ventricular systolic dysfunction Long-term use in patients who develop pulmonary edema during dose initiation
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ERECTILE DYSFUNCTION

Affected Medications: VIAGRA, SILDENAFIL (25 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg), CIALIS (10 mg and 20 mg), EDEX KIT, LEVITRA, MUSE PELLET, STAXYN, STENDRA, TADALAFIL (10 mg, 20 mg), VARDENAFIL, CAVERJECT

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment for a mental health diagnosis of erectile dysfunction (ED), also known as erectile disorder, meeting sexual dysfunction criteria Mental health diagnosis according to Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, fifth edition (DSM-5) diagnostic criteria for sexual dysfunction and erectile disorder: At least one of the three following symptoms must be experienced with 75% to 100% of occasions of sexual activity: Marked difficulty in obtaining an erection during sexual activity Marked difficulty in maintaining an erection until the completion of sexual activity Marked decrease in erectile rigidity The above symptoms have persisted for a minimum duration of approximately 6 months AND The sexual dysfunction is not: Better explained by a nonsexual mental disorder OR
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of treatment failure with tadalafil 2.5 mg or 5 mg tablets
Exclusion Criteria:	Erectile dysfunction unrelated to a mental health diagnosis of sexual dysfunction according to the DSM-5 diagnostic criteria
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a mental health provider All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Age Restriction:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ERGOT ALKALOIDS

Affected Medications: DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE INJECTION, DIHYDROERGOTAMINE MESYLATE NASAL SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of moderate to severe migraines
Appropriate	• Documentation of treatment failure, intolerance, or contraindication to all of the following:
Treatment	• At least two prescription strength non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
Regimen & Other	or combination analgesics (such as ibuprofen, naproxen,
Criteria:	acetaminophen/aspirin/caffeine)
	 At least <u>one</u> oral 5-hydroxytryptamine-1 (5-HT₁) receptor agonist (such as
	sumatriptan, naratriptan, rizatriptan, zolmitriptan)
	• At least <u>one</u> non-oral 5-HT ₁ receptor agonist (such as sumatriptan, zolmitriptan)
Exclusion Criteria:	 response to therapy Hemiplegic or basilar migraine Uncontrolled hypertension Ischemic heart disease (e.g., angina pectoris, history of myocardial infarction, history of silent ischemia) Peripheral artery disease Pregnancy or breastfeeding Documented severe chronic liver disease Severe renal impairment
A De statette a	Use in combination with 5HT1 receptor agonist such as sumatriptan
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

ERYTHROPOIESIS STIMULATING AGENTS (ESAs)

Affected Medications: ARANESP (darbepoetin alfa), EPOGEN (epoetin alfa), MIRCERA (methoxy polyethylene glycolepoetin beta), PROCRIT (epoetin alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	Epogen & Aranesp & Procrit & Mircera
	• Treatment of anemia due to chronic kidney disease (CKD), including patients on dialysis and not on dialysis to decrease the need for red blood cell (RBC) transfusion
	Epogen & Procrit & Aranesp
	• Treatment of anemia in patients with non-myeloid malignancies where anemia is due to the effect of concomitant myelosuppressive chemotherapy, and upon initiation, there is a minimum of two additional months of planned chemotherapy
	Epogen & Procrit only
	• To reduce the need for allogeneic RBC transfusions among patients with perioperative hemoglobin greater than 10 to 13 or less g/dL who are at high risk for perioperative blood loss from elective, noncardiac, nonvascular surgery
	Treatment of anemia due to zidovudine administered at ≤ 4200 mg/week in patients with HIV-infection with endogenous serum erythropoietin levels of ≤ 500 mUnits/mL
	Compendia-supported uses
	Symptomatic anemia in Myelodysplastic syndrome
	Allogenic bone marrow transplantation
	Anemia associated with Hepatitis C (HCV) treatment
Demuined Medical	Anemia associated with rheumatoid arthritis (RA)/ rheumatic disease
Required Medical Information:	One of the following in accordance with FDA (Food and Drug Administration)-approved label or compendia support:
	 Anemia associated with chronic renal failure
	 Anemia secondary to chemotherapy with a minimum of two additional months of representations.
	planned chemotherapy
	 Anemia secondary to zidovudine-treated Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) patients
	 Anemia in patients scheduled to undergo elective, non-cardiac, nonvascular
	surgery
	 Symptomatic anemia in Myelodysplastic syndrome
	 Allogenic bone marrow transplantation
	 Anemia associated with Hepatitis C (HCV) treatment
	 Anemia associated with rheumatoid arthritis (RA)/ rheumatic disease
Appropriate	Coverage for the non-preferred drugs (Epogen, Procrit, Mircera) is provided when the
Treatment	following criteria is met:
Regimen & Other	 A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred product Retacrit, and
Criteria:	the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another erythropoiesis stimulating agent (ESA)
Age Restriction:	
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, oncologist, or nephrologist



Coverage Duration:	•	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ETELCALCETIDE

Affected Medications: PARSABIV (etelcalcetide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Secondary hyperparathyroidism in adults with chronic kidney disease (CKD) on dialysis
Required	Documentation of both of the following:
-	
Medical	• Currently on dialysis
Information:	 Intact parathyroid hormone (iPTH) level greater than 300 pg/mL
	 Documentation of iPTH that is persistently elevated above target range despite at least 12 weeks of adherent treatment with each of the following at an appropriate dose, unless contraindicated or not tolerated: Calcitriol
	 Doxercalciferol
	 Paricalcitol
	 Cinacalcet
Appropriate	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
Treatment	response to therapy
	response to therapy
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	
Exclusion	Diagnosis of parathyroid carcinoma, primary hyperparathyroidism or with chronic kidney
Criteria:	disease who are not on hemodialysis
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or nephrologist
Care Restrictions:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	
Duration.	



POLICY NAME: ETRANACOGENE

Affected Medications: HEMGENIX (etranacogene dezaparvovec-drlb)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hemophilia B (congenital factor IX deficiency)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of diagnosis of Hemophilia B Documentation of baseline circulating level of factor IX less than or equal to 2% as attested by the managing physician AND requiring prophylactic Factor IX treatment Documentation of negative Factor IX inhibitor titers (if test result is positive, re-test within 2 weeks with negative result) Baseline lab values (less than 2 times upper limit of normal): ALT AST Total bilirubin Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of plan to discontinue Factor IX prophylaxis therapy upon achieving circulating factor IX levels of 5%
	 Dosing: 2 x 10¹³ genome copies (gc) per kilogram of body weight
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior gene therapy administration
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Care Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or specialist with experience in the treatment of hemophilia
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months (one-time infusion only), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EVKEEZA and JUXTAPID

Affected Medications: EVKEEZA (evinacumab-dgnb), JUXTAPID (lomitapide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of baseline untreated low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C) Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following: Baseline LDL-C greater than 500 mg/dL Baseline LDL-C of 400 mg/dL and at least 1 parent with familial hypercholesterolemia Baseline LDL-C of 400 mg/dL with aortic valve disease or xanthoma in ages less than 20 years Presence of two abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defects
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 History of statin intolerance requires documentation of the following: Minimum of two different statin trials Documentation of statin-associated muscle symptoms, which stopped when statin therapy was discontinued and restarted when re-challenged History of statin-associated rhabdomyolysis requires documentation of elevation in creatinine kinase (CK) level to at least 10 times the upper limit of normal, in concurrence with statin use Documented treatment failure defined as an LDL-C greater than 100mg/dL despite at least six months of adherent therapy with all of the following, unless contraindicated or not tolerated: Maximally tolerated statin therapy Ezetimibe PCSK9 monoclonal antibody, unless double-null or LDLR activity 15% or less Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy defined by an LDL-C level at goal or decreased by at least 30% from baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	Combination therapy with Juxtapid and Evkeeza is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	Juxtapid: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, cardiologist, or lipid specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EVOLOCUMAB Affected Medications: REPATHA (evolocumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
	plan design			
	 Secondary prevention in clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) 			
	• Primary hyperlipidemia (including heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia			
	[HeFH])			
	 Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH) 			
Required Medical	All Indications			
Information:	 Documentation of current complete lipid panel within last 3 months 			
	Documentation of baseline (untreated) low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C)			
	Documentation of dietary measures being undertaken to lower cholesterol			
	Clinical ASCVD			
	 Documentation of established ASCVD, confirmed by at least ONE of the following: 			
	 Acute coronary syndromes (ACS) 			
	 History of myocardial infarction (MI) 			
	 Stable or unstable angina 			
	 Coronary or other arterial revascularization 			
	 Stroke or transient ischemic attack 			
	 Peripheral artery disease (PAD) presumed to be of atherosclerotic origin 			
	Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH			
	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:			
	• Minimum baseline LDL-C of 160 mg/dL in adolescents or 190 mg/dL in adults			
	AND 1 first-degree relative affected			
	 Presence of one abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defect (e.g., LDL receptor 			
	[LDLR], apolipoprotein B [apo B], proprotein convertase subtilisin kexin type 9			
	[PCSK9] gain-of-function mutation, LDL receptor adaptor protein 1 [LDLRAP1])			
	 World Health Organization (WHO)/Dutch Lipid Network criteria score of at least 8 			
	points			
	 Definite FH diagnosis per the Simon Broome criteria 			
	HoFH			
	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:			
	 Baseline LDL-C greater than 500 mg/dL 			
	 Baseline LDL-C of 400 mg/dL and at least 1 parent with familial 			
	hypercholesterolemia			
	 Baseline LDL-C of 400 md/dL with aortic valve disease or xanthoma in ages < 			
	20 years			
	 Presence of two abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defect (excluding double-null LDLR mutations) 			
Appropriate	All Indications			
Treatment				



Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented intent to take alongside maximally tolerated statin, unless otherwise contraindicated History of statin intolerance requires documentation of the following: Minimum of two different statin trials Documentation of statin-associated muscle symptoms, which stopped when statin therapy was discontinued and restarted when re-challenged History of statin-associated rhabdomyolysis requires documentation of elevation in creatinine kinase (CK) level to at least 10 times the upper limit of normal, in concurrence with statin use Documented treatment failure with minimum 12 weeks of consistent statin therapy at maximally tolerated dose, as shown by ONE of the following: Current LDL-C of at least 70 mg/dL Current LDL-C of at least 55 mg/dL in patients at very high risk of future ASCVD events (based on history of multiple major ASCVD events OR 1 major ASCVD event + multiple high-risk conditions)
	Major ASCVD Events High-Risk Conditions
	 ACS within the past 12 months History of MI (distinct from ACS event) Ischemic stroke Symptomatic PAD Age 65 years and older HeFH Prior coronary artery bypass or percutaneous intervention (outside of major ASCVD events) Diabetes Hypertension Chronic kidney disease Currently smoking History of congestive heart failure
	 Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH/HoFH Documented treatment failure with minimum 12 weeks of consistent statin therapy at maximally talerated does
Exclusion Criteria:	maximally tolerated dose
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EXAGAMGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: CASGEVY (exagamglogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	• Treatment of sickle cell disease in adults and pediatric patients at least 12 years
	of age with recurrent vaso-occlusive crises.
	 Treatment of transfusion-dependent beta-thalassemia in adults and pediatric
	patients at least 12 years of age.
Required Medical	SICKLE CELL DISEASE
Information:	
	Documentation of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing to show the presence
	of $\beta S/\beta S$, $\beta S/\beta 0$ or $\beta S/\beta +$ genotype as follows:
	 Identification of significant quantities of HbS with or without an additional
	abnormal β-globin chain variant by hemoglobin assay
	OR
	• Identification of biallelic <i>HBB</i> pathogenic variants where at least one allele is the
	p.Glu6Val or p.Glu7Val pathogenic variant on molecular genetic testing
	AND
	\circ Patient does NOT have disease with more than two α -globin gene deletions
	Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises
	(VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous year (4 events over 2 years
	will also meet this requirement) VOC/VOEs defined as:
	 Acute pain event requiring a visit to a medical facility and administration of pain
	medications (opioids or IV NSAIDs) or RBC transfusions
	 Acute chest syndrome
	 Priapism lasting more than 2 hours and requiring visit to medical facility
	 Splenic sequestration
	 Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) but
	unable to find a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched, related donor
	 Adequate bone marrow, lung, heart, and liver function to undergo myeloablative
	conditioning regimen
	TRANSFUSION DEPENDENT BETA THALASSEMIA
	Documented diagnosis of homozygous beta thalassemia or compound heterozygous
	beta thalassemia including β -thalassemia/hemoglobin E (HbE) (excludes alpha-
	thalassemia and hemoglobin S/ß-thalassemia variants) as outlined by the following:
	• Patient diagnosis is confirmed by HBB sequence gene analysis showing biallelic
	pathogenic variants
	ÓR
	• Patient has severe microcytic hypochromic anemia, anisopoikilocytosis with
	nucleated red blood cells on peripheral blood smear, and hemoglobin analysis
	that reveals decreased amounts or complete absence of hemoglobin A and
	increased amounts of hemoglobin F
	 Documented transfusion-dependent disease defined as a history of transfusions of at
	least 100 mL/kg/year of packed red blood cells (pRBCs) or with 10 or more transfusions
	of pRBCs <i>per year</i> in the 2 years preceding therapy
	or preces per year in the 2 years preceding therapy



	Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) but unable to find a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched, related donor
Appropriate Treatment	 Must weigh a minimum of 6 kilograms and able to provide a minimum number of cells (3 x 10⁶ CD34+ cells/kg)
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that cardiac iron overload has been evaluated and there is no evidence of severe iron overload. (cardiac T2* less than 10 msec by magnetic resonance imaging [MRI] or left ventricular ejection fraction [LVEF] less than 45% by echocardiogram) No evidence of advanced liver disease [i.e., AST or ALT more than 3 times the upper limit of normal (ULN), or direct bilirubin value more than 2.5 times the ULN, or if a liver biopsy demonstrated bridging fibrosis or cirrhosis]
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior HSCT or other gene therapy
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months (one time infusion), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FABRY DISEASE AGENTS

Affected Medications: ELFABRIO (pegunigalsidase alfa), FABRAZYME (agalsidase beta), GALAFOLD (migalastat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Fabry disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Fabry disease confirmed by one of the following: Males: enzyme assay demonstrating undetectable (less than 3 percent) alpha-galactosidase A enzyme activity Males: deficiency of alpha-galactosidase A enzyme activity (less than 35 percent) and genetic testing showing a mutation in the galactosidase alpha (GLA) gene Females: genetic testing showing a mutation in the GLA gene For Galafold: Genetic testing confirming the presence of at least one amenable GLA variant
	 Clinical signs and symptoms of Fabry disease, such as: Severe neuropathic pain Dermatologic manifestations (telangiectasias and angiokeratomas) Corneal opacities Kidney manifestations (proteinuria, polyuria, polydipsia) Cardiac involvement (left ventricular hypertrophy, myocardial fibrosis, heart failure) Cerebrovascular involvement (transient ischemic attacks, ischemic strokes) Other manifestations common in Fabry disease (sweating abnormalities, hearing loss, or intolerance to heat, cold, or exercise)
Appropriate Treatment	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use with another agent on this policy (Galafold or enzyme replacement therapy for Fabry disease) For Galafold: Severe renal impairment (eGFR less than 30) or end-stage renal disease requiring dialysis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a geneticist or a specialist experienced in the
Care Restrictions:	treatment of Fabry disease
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FECAL MICROBIOTA

Affected Medications: REBYOTA (fecal microbiota, live-jslm), VOWST (fecal microbiota spores, live-brpk)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prophylaxis of <i>Clostridioides difficile</i> (C.diff) infection recurrence following antibiotic treatment
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation confirming a current diagnosis of recurrent C.diff infection (CDI) with a history of at least 2 recurrent episodes (initial episode + a minimum of 2 recurrences) Recurrent CDI is defined as a resolution of CDI symptoms while on appropriate therapy, followed by a reappearance of symptoms within 8 weeks of discontinuing treatment Current episode of CDI must be controlled (less than 3 unformed or loose stools per day for 2 consecutive days) Administration will occur following completion of antibiotic course for CDI treatment Within 24 to 72 hours for Rebyota Within 2 to 4 days for Vowst Positive stool test for C.diff within the 30 days prior to request
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Previous treatment with each of the following in the setting of CDI recurrence: Vancomycin OR fidaxomicin (Dificid) Zinplava OR fecal microbiota transplantation (FMT) For Vowst requests: Documented treatment failure with all of the above agents AND Rebyota
Exclusion Criteria:	Retreatment with Rebyota or Vowst
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FENFLURAMINE Affected Medications: FINTEPLA (fenfluramine)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of seizures associated with Dravet syndrome (DS) Treatment of seizures associated with Lennox-Gastaut syndrome (LGS)
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of Dravet syndrome (DS) or Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS) Current weight Documentation that therapy is being used as adjunct therapy for seizures
	 Dravet Syndrome Documentation of at least 6 convulsive seizures in the last 6 weeks while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
	 Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS) Documentation of at least 8 drop seizures per month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dravet Syndrome Documented treatment and inadequate control of seizures with Epidiolex AND at least four of the following therapies: Valproate, clobazam, clonazepam, levetiracetam, zonisamide, or topiramate
	 Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS) Documented treatment and inadequate control of seizures with Epidiolex AND at least three guideline directed therapies: Valproate, lamotrigine, rufinamide, topiramate, felbamate, or clobazam
	Dosing: not to exceed 26 mg daily
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a reduction in seizure severity, frequency, or duration
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FIDANACOGENE

Affected Medications: BEQVEZ (fidanacogene elaparvovec-dzkt)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Hemophilia B (congenital factor IX deficiency)
Required Medical	Documentation of diagnosis of Hemophilia B
Information:	 Documentation of baseline circulating level of factor IX less than or equal to 2% of normal AND requiring prophylactic factor IX treatment for at least 6 months Documentation of negative factor IX inhibitor titers (less than 0.6 Bethesda units)
	 Documentation of negative factor ix implified fitters (less than 0.6 betriesda units) Documentation of negative antibodies to AAVRh74var capsid per FDA approved diagnostic test
	 Baseline lab values (less than 2 times upper limit of normal): ALT AST
	 AST Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)
	 Alkaline prosphalase (ALP) Bilirubin
Appropriate	Documentation of plan to discontinue factor IX prophylaxis therapy upon achieving
Treatment	circulating factor IX levels of 5%
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Dosing
	 5 x 10¹¹ vector genomes per kilogram of body weight
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior gene therapy administration
	Unstable liver or biliary disease
	Active Hepatitis B or C infection
	 HIV infection with CD4 cell count less than 200 mm³ or viral load greater than 20 copies/mL
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation, with a hematologist or specialist with experience in
Care Restrictions:	treatment of hemophilia
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months (one-time infusion)



POLICY NAME: FINERENONE Affected Medications: KERENDIA (finerenone)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	 plan design Chronic kidney disease associated with type 2 diabetes to reduce the risk of: Sustained estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) decline End-stage kidney disease Cardiovascular death Non-fatal myocardial infarction Hospitalization for heart failure
Required Medical	Documentation of all the following:
Information:	 eGFR greater than or equal to 25 mL/min/1.73 m²
	 Urine albumin-to-creatinine ratio (UACR) greater than or equal to 30 mg/g Serum potassium level less than or equal to 5.0 mEq/L
Appropriate	Currently receiving maximally tolerated dosage of an angiotensin converting enzyme
Treatment	(ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), unless intolerant or
Regimen & Other	contraindicated
Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to at least 12 weeks of sodium-glucose cotransporter 2 (SGLT2) inhibitor therapy
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, endocrinologist, or cardiologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **FLUCYTOSINE** Affected Medications: FLUCYTOSINE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Candida endocarditis Candidiasis Candidiasis of urogenital site Cryptococcosis Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable) Candida endophthalmitis Central nervous system candidiasis Cryptococcal meningitis – HIV infection HIV infection – Pulmonary cryptococcosis
Required Medical Information:	Susceptibility cultures matching flucytosine activity
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dosing: maximum 150 mg/kg/day
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 8 weeks, or lesser requested duration, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FLUOCINOLONE OCULAR IMPLANT

Affected Medications: ILUVIEN, RETISERT, YUTIQ

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Diabetic macular edema (DME) Chronic, non-infectious posterior uveitis
Required Medical	Iluvien
Information:	 Diagnosis of clinically significant diabetic macular edema Documentation of past treatment with corticosteroids without a clinically significant rise in intraocular pressure
	Retisert and Yutig
	Diagnosis of chronic, non-infectious posterior uveitis confirmed by slit lamp and fundoscopic examination
Appropriate	Iluvien
Treatment	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to an intravitreal vascular
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 endothelial growth factor (VEGF) inhibitor (preferred products: Avastin, Byooviz, Cimerli) Documentation of inadequate response to laser photocoagulation
	Retisert and Yutig
	 Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to all of the following: Minimum 12-week trial with oral systemic corticosteroid At least one corticosteroid-sparing immunosuppressive therapy (methotrexate, azathioprine, or mycophenolate mofetil)
	 At least one calcineurin inhibitor (cyclosporine, tacrolimus)
	 Retisert: Documentation of treatment failure with Yutiq
Exclusion Criteria:	Active or suspected ocular or periocular infections
	Concurrent use of intravitreal implants or injections (corticosteroid, anti-VEGF)
	Iluvien: Glaucoma (with cup to disc ratios greater than 0.8)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Iluvien: 36 months, unless otherwise specified
	Retisert: 30 months, unless otherwise specified
	Yutiq: 36 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

Food and Drug Administration (FDA) APPROVED DRUG – Drug or Indication Not Yet Reviewed By Plan for Formulary Placement

Affected Medications: New Medications or Indications of Existing Drugs Not Yet Reviewed By Plan for Formulary Placement

Covered Uses:	Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical	Documentation of disease state, level of control, and therapies failed
Information:	Documentation of failure with all available formulary products for treatment of disease state
	Documentation that delay in treatment will cause loss of life, limb, function or other extreme pain
Appropriate	Drug must be dosed according to package insert requirements
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Exclusion based on package insert requirements
Age Restriction:	Age based on package insert requirements
Prescriber/Site of	Prescriber restrictions based on package insert requirements
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Case by case based on member need



POLICY NAME: FOSTAMATINIB Affected Medications: TAVALISSE (fostamatinib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thrombocytopenia in adults with chronic immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an insufficient response to a previous treatment
Required Medical Information:	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP • Documentation of ONE of the following: • Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter • Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding • Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did not increase to at least 50,000/microliter, to the following therapies: ONE of the following: Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for immune thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids, rituximab, or immunoglobulin Splenectomy Promacta
	 Reauthorization: Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter or above (not to exceed 400,000/microliter)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with a thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase inhibitor, or similar treatment for thrombocytopenia (such as Promacta, Doptelet, or Nplate)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or consultation with, a hematologist
Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FYARRO Affected Medications: FYARRO (nab-sirolimus)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
Appropriate	Perivascular Epithelioid Cell Tumor (PEComa)
Treatment	Presence of malignant locally advanced unresectable or metastatic disease confirmed by pathology
Regimen & Other	pathology.
Criteria:	 History of intolerable adverse event with trial of each of the following agents: Sirolimus oral tablet
	 Everolimus or temsirolimus
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	History of disease progression with prior mechanistic target of rapamycin (mTOR) inhibitor treatment.
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	 Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: GABA-A RECEPTOR MODULATORS

Affected Medications: ZULRESSO (brexanolone), ZURZUVAE (zuranolone)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of postpartum depression (PPD)
Required Medical	 Documentation of major depressive episode as diagnosed by DSM-5 Criteria
Information:	 Five or more of the following symptoms present during the same two-week period and represent a change from previous function. Must include either (1) depressed mood or (2) lack of interest or pleasure Depressed mood most of the day, nearly every day, as indicated by either subjective report (e.g., feels sad, empty, hopeless) or observations made by others (e.g., appears tearful). (NOTE: In children and adolescents, can be irritable mood.) Markedly diminished interest or pleasure in all, or almost all, activities most of the day, nearly every day (as indicated by either subjective account or observation) Significant weight loss when not dieting or weight gain (e.g., a change of more than 5% of body weight in a month) or decrease or increase in appetite nearly every day. (NOTE: In children, consider failure to make expected weight gain.) Insomnia or hypersomnia nearly every day Psychomotor agitation or retardation nearly every day (observable by others, not merely subjective feelings of restlessness or being slowed down) Fatigue or loss of energy nearly every day Feelings of worthlessness or excessive or inappropriate guilt (which may be delusional) nearly every day (not merely self-reproach or guilt about being sick) Diminished ability to think or concentrate, or indecisiveness, nearly every day (either by their subjective account or as observed by others) Recurrent thoughts of death (not just fear of dying), recurrent suicidal ideation without a specific plan, or a suicide attempt or a specific plan for committing suicide
	 Episode is not attributable to the direct physiological effects of a substance or to another condition
	 Major depressive episode began no earlier than the third trimester and no later than the first 4 weeks following delivery
	Moderate to severe postpartum depression documented by one of the following rating scales:
	 Hamilton Rating Scale for Depression (HAM-D) score of greater than 17 Patient Health Questionnaire-9 (PHQ-9) score of greater than 10 Montgomery-Åsberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS) greater than 20 points Edinburgh Postnatal Depression Scale (EPDS) score of greater than 13



Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented trial with an oral antidepressant for at least 8 weeks unless contraindicated or documentation shows that the severity of the depression would place the health of the mother or infant at significant risk For Zulresso requests: Documented treatment failure with Zurzuvae
Exclusion Criteria:	Greater than 6 months postpartum
Age Restriction:	 15 years of age and older for Zulresso 18 years of age and older for Zurzuvae
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month, one time approval per pregnancy, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: GANAXOLONE Affected Medications: ZTALMY (ganaxolone)

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of seizures associated with cyclin-dependent kinase-like 5 (CDKL5) deficiency disorder (CDD) in patients 2 years of age and older 		
Documentation of CDKL5 mutation confirmed by genetic testing		
Documentation of inadequately controlled seizures despite current treatment		
Documented treatment failure with at least two therapies for seizure management		
Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in		
seizure frequency when compared to baseline		
West syndrome		
Seizures of a predominantly infantile spasm type		
2 years of age and older		
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist		
All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: GIVINOSTAT Affected Medications: DUVYZAT (givinostat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design			
Required Medical				
•	Genetically confirmed diagnosis of DMD			
Information:	 Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane 			
	 North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) scale total score of 17 or more 			
	Baseline motor function assessment from one of the following:			
	 4-stair climb (4SC) test 			
	 Time to Stand Test (TTSTAND) 			
	 6-minute walk test (6MWT) 			
	 North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) 			
	 Motor Function Measure (MFM) 			
	 Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFMS) 			
	Current weight and planned treatment regimen			
Appropriate	Documentation of being on a stable dose of an oral corticosteroid such as prednisone for			
Treatment	at least 6 months, and will continue while on Duvyzat unless contraindicated			
Regimen & Other				
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor			
	function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool			
Exclusion Criteria:	Concomitant therapy or within the past 6 months with DMD-directed antisense			
	oligonucleotides such as golodirsen, casimersen, viltolarsen, eteplirsen			
	Platelet, white blood cell, or hemoglobin counts less than the lower limit of normal			
	• QTc is greater than 500 ms or the change from baseline is greater than 60 ms.			
	• History of additional risk factors for torsades de pointes (e.g. heart failure, hypokalemia,			
	or family history of long QT syndrome)			
Age Restriction:	6 years of age and older			
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist			
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care			
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified			
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME: GIVOSIRAN Affected Medications: GIVLAARI (givosiran)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adults with acute hepatic porphyria (AHP) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of elevated urine porphobilinogen (PBG) levels based on specific lat utilized Diagnosis confirmed based on Porphyria Genomic testing Documentation of baseline acute attack frequency Evaluation and elimination of exacerbating factors of porphyria attacks including cer medications, smoking, drinking, and infections 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of active disease defined as at least 2 documented porphyria attacks within the last six months, which can include hospitalization, urgent healthcare visits, or requiring intravenous Hemin administration Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of positive clinical response and a reduction in acute attack frequency from baseline 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Active HIV, hepatitis C, or hepatitis B infection(s) History of pancreatitis Concomitant use with prophylactic hemin History of liver transplant 	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, specialist in the treatment of acute hepatic porphyria All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME:

GLUCAGON-LIKE PEPTIDE (GLP-1) RECEPTOR AGONIST Affected Medications: TRULICITY, OZEMPIC, RYBELSUS, MOUNJARO, LIRAGLUTIDE

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	 Diabetes Mellitus, Type 2 		
 Required Medical Information: Available information is reviewed, including previous fill history Diagnosis of Type 2 diabetes with a recent hemoglobin A1c greater than despite current therapy Documented treatment failure with minimum of 12-week trial with metfor extended release 2000 mg daily (or if unable to tolerate 2000 mg daily, t tolerated dose) defined as failure to achieve or maintain A1c less than 7 If intolerant to immediate release metformin, 12-week trial with r extended release must be trialed 			
Appropriate			
Treatment	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy		
Regimen & Other Criteria:			
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for weight loss or other excluded diagnosis		
	 Dosing above Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label for treatment of diabetes 		
	• Use in patients who have achieved remission of diabetes (defined as a return of HbA1c		
	to less than 6.5% that occurs spontaneously or following an intervention and that persists		
	for at least three months in the absence of usual glucose-lowering pharmacotherapy)		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Care Restrictions:			
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: GONADOTROPIN

Affected Medications: CHORIONIC GONADOTROPIN, PREGNYL, NOVAREL

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hypogonadotropic hypogonadism secondary to a pituitary deficiency in males Prepubertal cryptorchidism not caused by anatomic obstruction Perioperative use in male infants/toddlers with hypospadias and chordee OR total epispadias and bladder exstrophy 		
Required Medical Information:	 Hypogonadotropic hypogonadism secondary to a pituitary deficiency in males: Documentation confirming the diagnosis 		
Appropriate Treatment	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy		
Regimen & Other Criteria:			
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use for the diagnosis or treatment of infertility (if benefit exclusion) Obesity Prevention of recurrent or habitual miscarriage Treatment or prevention of breast cancer 		
Age Restriction:	 Prepubertal cryptorchidism: generally, between 4 and 9 years of age Hypospadias or epispadias: infant or toddler 		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: GOSERELIN ACETATE IMPLANT

Affected Medications: ZOLADEX (goserelin acetate implant)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Endometriosis Endometrial thinning NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A 			
	or better			
Required Medical Information:	Endometriosis:			
	Documentation of moderate to severe pain due to endometriosis			
Appropriate	Endometriosis:			
Treatment				
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3 months of both of the following first-line therapies: Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives 			
	Endometrial thinning:			
	 Documentation of both of the following: Diagnosis of dysfunctional uterine bleeding Planning to use as an endometrial-thinning agent prior to endometrial ablation 			
	Reauthorization for oncologic uses require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy			
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater			
	For endometriosis, prior use of Zoladex for a 6-month period			
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older			
Prescriber/Site of	For oncologic uses: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist			
Care Restrictions:	 For gynecologic uses: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gynecologist 			
oure restrictions.	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 			
Coverage Duration:	Oncologic uses:			
0	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified			
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			
	Endometriosis:			
	 Authorization: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified 			
	Endometrial thinning:			
	 Authorization: 4 months (up to 2 doses only), unless otherwise specified 			



POLICY NAME: GROWTH HORMONES

Affected Medications: GENOTROPIN, GENOTROPIN MINIQUICK, HUMATROPE, NORDITROPIN FLEXPRO, NUTROPIN AQ NUSPIN, OMNITROPE, SAIZEN, SKYTROFA, ZOMACTON, SOGROYA, NGENLA

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 <u>All indications:</u> Documentation of baseline height, height velocity, bone age (pediatrics), and patient weight
	 Growth hormone deficiency or Pituitary dwarfism For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: Diagnosis of growth hormone deficiency or pituitary dwarfism AND Low serum values for GH stimulation test, IGF-1, and IGFBP-3 with delayed
	 bone age AND Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6th percentile) OR
	 Height velocity impaired AND Height SDS of -2 (2.3rd percentile) for bone age
	 For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: Diagnosis of Turner Syndrome done through genetic testing AND For patients less than 2 years of age: Documented 50% delay in growth from projected based on World Health Organization (WHO) growth curves at equivalent age, AND No secondary factor present that would explain observed growth delays For patients greater than or equal to 2 years of age: Height below the 5th percentile for bone age, AND No secondary factor present that would explain observed growth delays For patients greater than or equal to 2 years of age:
	 Noonan's syndrome For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: Diagnosis of Noonan's syndrome done through genetic testing AND Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6th percentile) OR Height velocity impaired AND Height SDS of -2 (2.3rd percentile) for bone age
	 Short stature homeobox-containing gene (SHOX) deficiency For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: Diagnosis of SHOX deficiency done through genetic testing Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6th percentile) OR
	 Height velocity impaired AND Height SDS of -2 (2.3rd percentile) for bone age



	 Chronic kidney disease stage 3 and greater OR kidney transplant For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: Diagnosis of chronic kidney disease stage 3 or higher (CrCl less than 60mL/min) Height velocity (SDS) less than -1.88 for bone age. Prader-Willi syndrome For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: Diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome through genetic testing AND Height velocity impaired
	 to 4 years of age Birth weight and/or length of at least 2 standard deviations (-2 SD) from the mean for gestational age and sex Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6th percentile) Age at start of growth hormone therapy cannot be greater than 10 years Exclusion of other causes of short stature including growth-inhibiting medication, chronic disease, endocrine disorders
	 Adult Growth Hormone Deficiency: For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: Dose and frequency are appropriate AND Documented Growth Hormone Deficiency AND Documented IGF-1 outside reference range for patient's sex and age, AND the patient has failed one growth hormone stimulation test (insulin tolerance test-ITT or Glucagon stimulation test when ITT is contraindicated)
	 Reauthorization: Pediatric Indications: requires a documented growth rate increase of at least 2.5 cm over baseline per year AND evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open Adult Growth Hormone Deficiency: requires documented clinical improvement and IGF-I within normal reference range for age and sex
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented trial and failure of at least 12 weeks of Norditropin prior to any other daily growth hormone For Skytrofa and Sogroya: Documented trial and failure of at least 12 weeks of Norditropin and one additional daily growth hormone
Exclusion Criteria:	 Pregnancy Elderly adults with age-adjusted low IGF-1 levels and no history of pituitary or hypothalamic disease. Growth Hormone (GH) replacement to enhance athletic performance Diagnosis of: Idiopathic Short Stature (ISS), height standard deviation score (SDS) less than -2.25, and associated with growth rates unlikely to permit attainment of adult height in the normal range
Age	



Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: HEPATITIS C DIRECT-ACTING ANTIVIRALS

Affected Medications: MAVYRET (glecaprevir & pibrentasvir), Vosevi (Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir/Voxilaprevir), Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. AASLD (American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases)-supported use with class I or class IIa-Level A recommendation
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) by liver biopsy or by Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved serum blood test Current HIV status Current Hepatitis B status Baseline HCV RNA level within last 3 months with genotyping Documentation that patient is one of the following: Treatment-naïve Treatment experienced, including documentation of previous treatment regimen and outcome Current documentation of hepatic impairment severity with Child-Pugh Classification OR bilirubin, albumin, INR, ascites status, and encephalopathy status to calculate Child-Pugh score, within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start of therapy Expected survival from non-Hepatitis C-associated morbidity is greater than 12 months
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dose/duration or according to the most recently updated AASLD guideline recommendation (See table below)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Mavyret is contraindicated in patients with moderate and severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh B and C) Vosevi is not recommended in patients with moderate or severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class B or C) Concurrent use of Vosevi with rifampin is contraindicated
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, liver transplant physician, or infectious disease specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	See Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria

Recommended Treatment Regimens for Adults and Adolescents 12 years of age and older with Chronic Hepatitis C virus

Treatment History	Cirrhosis Status	Recommended Regimen	
Treatment Naïve (Genotype 1-6)			
DAA-Treatment naïve, confirmed reinfection or prior treatment with		SOF/VEL x 12 weeks Mavyret x 8 weeks	



PEG/RBV	Compensated Cirrhosis	SOF/VEL x 12 weeks	
		Mavyret x 8 weeks	
	Decompensated Cirrhosis	SOF/VEL + RBV x 12 weeks	
		SOF/VEL x 24 weeks (if ribavirin	
		ineligible*)	
Treatment Experienced (Genotype	e 1-6)		
Sofosbuvir based regimen treatment	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	Vosevi x 12 weeks	
failures, including:		Mavyret x 16 weeks (except genotype	
 Sofosbuvir + ribavirin Ledipasvir/sofosbuvir (Harvoni) SOF/VEL 		3)	
Elbasvir/grazoprevir (Zepatier) treatment failures	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	Vosevi x 12 weeks	
Mavyret treatment failures	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	Mavyret + SOF + RBV x 16 weeks Vosevi x 12 weeks (plus RBV if compensated cirrhosis)	
Multiple DAA treatment failures, including: - Vosevi - Mavyret + sofosbuvir	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	Mavyret + SOF + RBV x 16-24 weeks Vosevi + RBV x 24 weeks	
Abbreviations: DAA = direct-acting antiviral; PEG = pegylated interferon; RBV = ribavirin; SOF/VEL =			
sofosbuvir/velpatasvir			

*Ribavirin ineligible/intolerance may include: 1) neutrophils less than 750 mm3, 2) hemoglobin less than 10 g/dL, 3) platelets less than 50,000 cells/mm3, autoimmune hepatitis or other autoimmune condition, hypersensitivity or allergy to ribavirin

Recommended Treatment Regimens for children ages 3 to 12 years of age with Chronic Hepatitis C virus

Treatment History	Cirrhosis Status	Recommended Regimen
Treatment Naïve (Genotype 1-6	; ;;	
DAA-Treatment naïve, confirmed reinfection or prior treatment with PEG/RBV	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	SOF/VEL x 12 weeks Mavyret x 8 weeks
	Decompensated Cirrhosis	SOF/VEL + RBV x 12 weeks
Treatment Experienced		
treatment regimens in adults if FI	imited in treatment experienced patients in t DA approved for pediatric use. Recommend ng antiviral; PEG = pegylated interferon; RB	

Recommended dosage of SOF/VEL in pediatric patients 3 years of age and older

Body Weight

Dosing of SOF/VEL



Less than 17kg	One 150mg/37.5mg pellet packet once daily
17kg to less than 30kg	One 200mg/50mg pellet packet OR tablet once daily
	Two 200mg/50mg pellet packets once daily OR one 400mg/100mg tablet once daily

Recommended dosage of Mavyret in pediatric patients 3 years of age and older

Body Weight	Dosing of Mavyret
Less than 20kg	Three 50mg/20mg pellet packets once daily
20kg to less than 30kg	Four 50mg/20mg pellet packets once daily
30kg to less than 45kg	Five 50mg/20mg pellet packets once daily
45kg and greater OR 12 years of age and older	Three 100mg/40mg tablets once daily



POLICY NAME: HISTRELIN

Affected Medications: SUPPRELIN LA (histrelin acetate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Central precocious puberty (CPP) Gender dysphoria
Required Medical Information:	 <u>Central Precocious Puberty:</u> Documentation of CPP confirmed by basal luteinizing hormone (LH), follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH), and either estradiol or testosterone concentrations <u>Gender Dysphoria:</u> Documentation of all of the following: Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent for treatment Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health (WPATH) Standards of Care
Appropriate	All Indications:
Treatment	Approval requires documented treatment failure with leuprolide
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Central Precocious Puberty: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist Gender dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of gender dysphoria All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: HEREDITARY ANGIOEDEMA

Affected Medications: Berinert, Icatibant Acetate, Sajazir, Ruconest, Kalbitor, Cinryze, Haegarda, Takhzyro, Orladeyo

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Hereditary angioedema attacks, prophylaxis (Cinryze, Haegarda, Takhzyro, Orladeyo)
	 Hereditary angioedema attacks, acute treatment (Berinert, icatibant acetate,
	Sajazir, Kalbitor, Ruconest)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of hereditary angioedema (HAE) classified as one of the following:
Information:	Type I or II HAE confirmed by low C4 levels AND one of the following:
	\circ Low C1 inhibitor functional or antigenic level less than 50% of the lower limit of
	normal as defined by the laboratory performing test
	• "Type III" HAE confirmed by normal C4, C1 inhibitor (functional and antigenic) with one
	of the following:
	 Genetic testing confirming presence of HAE causing mutation such as mutation
	of coagulation factor XII gene (F12 mutation), mutation in the angiopoietin-1
	gene, mutation in the plasminogen gene, mutation in the kininogen 1 gene,
	mutation in the myoferlin gene, mutation in the heparan sulfate 3-
	Osulfotransferase 6 gene
	 Family history of HAE AND documented recurring angioedema attacks that are
	refractory to high dose antihistamines (four times the usual dose)
	 Desumented full treatment plan and surrent body weight
	Documented full treatment plan and current body weight
A	Documentation of number of attacks requiring treatment in the past year
Appropriate	Acute Treatment: Documented history of one of the following:
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	 Non-inflammatory subcutaneous angloedema (without hives) which is recurrent and lasts greater than 12 hours
Criteria:	•
	 Abdominal pain without a clear organic cause lasting greater than 6 hours
	Coverage for non-preferred products (Berinert, Kalbitor, Ruconest) requires documentation
	of one of the following:
	 Documented treatment failure to one of the preferred products: icatibant acetate or
	Sajazir
	Currently receiving treatment with a non-preferred product, excluding via samples or
	manufacturer's patient assistance programs
	For requests to treat more than 3 attacks per month:
	Documentation of current treatment with, or failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for
	avoidance of, prophylactic therapies
	 Authorization for acute treatment will provide a sufficient quantity to treat the average
	number of acute attacks per month plus 1 additional dose
	Prenhylevia Treetment
	Prophylaxis Treatment:



	• History of TWO or more severe attacks per month for the past 3 months (airway swelling,
	debilitating cutaneous or gastrointestinal episodes) despite short term treatment and at
	least one of the following:
	 Disabling symptoms for at least 5 days per month
	 History of at least one laryngeal attack caused by HAE
	Avoidance of possible triggers for HAE attacks such as
	 estrogen containing oral contraceptives/hormone replacement
	 angiotensin-converting-enzyme (ACE) inhibitors
	 dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-4) inhibitors
	 Neprilysin inhibitor
	Coverage for non-preferred products (Cinryze, Orladeyo) requires documentation of one of the following:
	Documented treatment failure to the preferred products Haegarda and Takhzyro
	Currently receiving treatment with a non-preferred product, excluding via samples or
	manufacturer's patient assistance programs
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of number of acute HAE attacks treated in the past year AND documentation of treatment success defined as reduction of frequency and severity of HAE attack episodes requiring acute therapy by greater than or equal to 50% from baseline.
	Requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label
	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced for all medical infusion drugs
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of multiple HAE prophylactic treatments (Orladeyo, Haegarda, Takhzyro, Cinryze)
	Concurrent use of multiple HAE acute treatments (Berinert, Kalbitor, Runconest,
	icatibant acetate, Sajazir)
Age Restriction:	Product specific per FDA labeled indication
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
Care Restrictions:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
-	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: HEREDITARY TYROSINEMIA (HT-1) AGENTS

Affected Medications: NITYR, ORFADIN, NITISINONE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hereditary tyrosinemia type 1 (HT-1)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of hereditary tyrosinemia type 1 confirmed by: Presence of succinylacetone (SA) in urine or blood Genetic testing showing a mutation in the gene encoding fumarylacetoacetate hydrolase (FAH) Current patient weight
Appropriate	Use as an adjunct to dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine
Treatment	Orfadin requires:
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 A documented intolerable adverse event to Nityr and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
	Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success confirmed by:
	Reduction in urine or plasma succinylacetone from baseline
	Documentation of dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine
Exclusion Criteria:	Use without dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of hereditary
Care Restrictions:	tyrosinemia or related disorders
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
-	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

Hormone Supplementation under 18 years of age

Affected Medications: Depo-Estradiol oil, Estradiol twice weekly patch, Estradiol weekly patch, Dotti patch, Estradiol tablets, Estradiol gel, Menest, Divigel transdermal, Elestrin gel, Estrogel, Evamist, Premarin tablets, Testosterone Cypionate solution, Testosterone enanthate, testosterone transdermal (gel, patch), Testred capsule, Methitest tablets, Alora Patches, Climara patches, Delestrogen oil, Estrace tablets, Estradiol valerate oil, Lyllana Patch, Menostar Patch, Minivelle Patch, Premarin solution, Vivelle-dot patches

Covered Uses:	 Gender dysphoria Applies to patients under 18 years of age 	
Required Medical Information:	 Gender dysphoria Documentation of all the following: Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent for treatment Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health (WPATH) Standards of Care Note: For requests following pubertal suppression therapy, an updated or new comprehensive mental health evaluation must be provided prior to initiation of hormone supplementation 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of gender dysphoria All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: HYDROCORTISONE ORAL GRANULES

Affected Medications: ALKINDI SPRINKLE (hydrocortisone oral granules)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Glucocorticoid replacement therapy in pediatric patients with adrenocortical insufficiency
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of adrenal insufficiency confirmed with an adrenal stimulation test Current body surface area (or height and weight to calculate) Current height and weight velocity For adolescents, evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open Complete treatment plan including dose in mg/m²/day
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with a 6-month trial of two or more of the following: Hydrocortisone tablets Cortisone acetate tablets Prednisolone or prednisone tablets Compounded hydrocortisone oral capsules or solution Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed the following: Starting dose: 8-10 mg/m²/day in 3 divided doses When switching from other oral hydrocortisone formulations, use the same total hydrocortisone dosage Infants with Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia may start at a dose of 8-15 mg/m²/day in 3 divided doses Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in adolescents who have achieved their adult height Use for stress dosing Use in acute treatment of adrenal crisis or acute adrenal insufficiency Long term use with strong CYP3A4 inducers, unless medically necessary
Age Restriction:	Less than 18 years of age
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric endocrinologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: HYFTOR Affected Medications: HYFTOR (sirolimus gel)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design For the treatment of facial angiofibroma (FA) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex (TSC)
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of FA associated with TSC which are: Rapidly changing in size and/or number Causing functional interference, pain or bleeding Inhibiting social interactions Current and baseline description of FA including lesion count, associated symptoms and complications, and overall severity
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure with laser therapy and/or surgery (such as shave excision, cryotherapy, radiofrequency ablation, or dermabrasion), unless contraindicated <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of a positive clinical response to therapy (decrease
Exclusion Criteria:	 in size and/or redness of facial angiofibromas) Concurrent use of systemic mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR) inhibitors Treatment of non-facial angiofibroma
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, oncologist, or neurologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: HYPOXIA-INDUCIBLE FACTOR PROLYL HYDROXYLASE (HIF PH) INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: JESDUVROQ (daprodustat), VAFSEO (vadadustat)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Anemia due to chronic kidney disease (CKD) in adults who have been receiving dialysis
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of anemia due to CKD Documentation of dialysis use for: Jesduvroq: 4 or more months Vafseo: 3 or more months Documentation of pretreatment hemoglobin level greater than 8 g/dL and less than 12 g/dL Adequate iron stores as indicated by current (within the last three months) serum ferritin level greater than or equal to 100 mcg/L or serum transferrin saturation greater than or equal to 20%
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of ONE of the following: Documented hypo-responsiveness to an erythropoiesis stimulating agent (ESA), defined as the need for ONE of the following: Greater than 300 IU/kg per week of epoetin alfa Greater than 1.5 mcg/kg per week of darbepoetin Intolerance to BOTH preferred ESA products epoetin alfa-epbx (Retacrit) and darbepoetin alfa (Aranesp) Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and hemoglobin of greater than 8 g/dL and less than 12 g/dL
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with ESAs Current uncontrolled hypertension Active malignancy For Jesduvroq: Major adverse cardiac events (such as myocardial infarction, acute coronary syndrome, stroke, transient ischemic attack, venous thromboembolism) within 3 months prior to starting treatment
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist, such as a hematologist or nephrologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: IBREXAFUNGERP

Affected Medications: BREXAFEMME (ibrexafungerp)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of vulvovaginal candidiasis (VVC)
	 Reduction in the incidence of recurrent vulvovaginal candidiasis (RVVC)
Required Medical	All Indications
Information:	 Documented presence of signs/symptoms of current acute vulvovaginal candidiasis with a positive potassium hydroxide (KOH) test
	Documentation confirming that the patient is not pregnant and is on contraceptive for length of planned treatment
	RVVC
	 Documentation of three or more episodes of symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis infection within the past 12 months
Appropriate	VVC
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with both of the following for the current VVC episode:
Regimen & Other	 Vaginally administered treatment (such as clotrimazole cream, miconazole
Criteria:	cream, terconazole cream or suppository)
	 A 7-day course of fluconazole taken orally every third day for a total of 3 doses (days 1, 4, and 7)
	RVVC
	 Documented disease recurrence following 10 to 14 days of induction therapy with a topical antifungal agent or oral fluconazole, followed by fluconazole 150 mg once per week for 6 months
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis episodes, and documentation supporting the need for additional treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization (VVC): 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Authorization (RVVC): 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ILARIS Affected Medications: ILARIS (canakinumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Associated Periodic Syndrome (TRAPS), Hyperimmunoglobulin D syndrome (HIDS)/Mevalonate Kinase Deficiency (MKD), Familial Mediterranean Fever (FMF), Adult-Onset Still's Disease (AOSD), Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (SJIA), Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS), Gout Flares
Required Medical	Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Associated Periodic Syndrome (TRAPS)
Information:	 Confirmed diagnosis of TRAPS with frequent and/or severe recurrent disease (such as recurrent fevers, prominent myalgias, migratory rash, periorbital edema) AND documented genetic defect of TNFRSF1A gene
	Hyperimmunoglobulin D syndrome (HIDS)/ Mevalonate Kinase Deficiency (MKD)
	 Confirmed diagnosis with one of the following: Elevated serum IgD with or without elevated IgA Genetic testing showing presence of heterozygous or homozygous mutation in the mevalonate kinase (MVK) gene
	Documentation of 3 or more febrile acute flares within a 6-month period
	 Still's Disease Confirmed diagnosis of Still's Disease, including Adult-Onset Still's Disease (AOSD) and Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (SJIA) in patients 2 years of age and older Documented clinical signs and symptoms including fever, rash, arthritis, arthralgia, myalgia, pharyngitis, pulmonary disease, elevated liver enzymes, C-reactive protein (CRP), erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), serum ferritin Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS) Confirmed diagnosis of CAPS in patients 4 years and older including Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS) or Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS) with one of the following: Elevated inflammatory markers such as CRP and serum amyloid A with two of the following manifestations: Urticaria-like rash, cold-triggered episodes, sensorineural hearing loss, musculoskeletal symptoms, chronic aseptic meningitis, skeletal abnormalities Genetic testing showing presence of NALP3 mutations
	 Confirmed diagnosis of gout that is refractory to standard therapies Documentation of having 3 or more gout flares in the past 12 months
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 TRAPS Documented clinical failure to episodic treatment with nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), glucocorticoids (prednisone or prednisolone), and a minimum 12-week trial with Enbrel



	 HIDS/MKD Documented treatment failure to episodic treatment with nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), glucocorticoids, and anakinra
	 FMF Documented treatment failure with maximal tolerable dose of colchicine (3 mg daily in adults and 2 mg daily in children) Documentation of frequent and/or severe recurrence disease despite adequate treatment with at least 12 weeks of anakinra
	Still's Disease • Documentation of frequent and/or severe recurrent disease despite adequate treatment with a minimum 12-week trial with each of the following: • NSAIDs or glucocorticoids • Methotrexate or leflunomide • Kineret (anakinra) • Actemra (tocilizumab)
	 CAPS Documentation of treatment failure with a minimum 12-week trial with anakinra
	 <u>Gout Flares</u> Documented treatment failure with all of the following for the symptomatic treatment of gout flares: Prescription strength NSAIDs (naproxen, indomethacin, diclofenac, meloxicam, or celecoxib) Colchicine Glucocorticoids (oral or intraarticular)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	 Treatment of neonatal onset multisystem inflammatory disorder (NOMID) or chronic infantile neurological cutaneous and articular syndrome (CINCA), rheumatoid arthritis, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), type 2 diabetes mellitus Use in combination with tumor necrosis factor (TNF) blocking agents (e.g., Enbrel, Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Cimzia, Remicade, Simponi), Kineret, or Arcalyst
Age Restriction:	 FMF, HIDS/MKD, juvenile idiopathic arthritis, TRAPS: 2 years of age and older CAPS: 4 years of age and older Gout Flares: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or rheumatologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ILOPROST Drug Name: VENTAVIS (iloprost)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO)
	Group 1
Required	Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
documentation:	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following
	criteria:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Dubmonary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg
	• Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class
	III or higher symptoms
	Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to aclairum abannal blackara) unless there are contraindicational
	calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90)
	 Low cardiac index OR
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to the following therapy classes is
Treatment	required:
Regimen:	• PDE5 inhibitors AND
	 Endothelin receptor antagonists (exception WHO Functional Class IV)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the
	following:
	Improvement in walking distance
	Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in pulmonary function
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or a pulmonologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: IMMUNE GLOBULIN

Affected Medications: ASCENIV, BIVIGAM, FLEBOGAMMA, GAMMAGARD LIQUID/S-D, GAMMAPLEX, GAMUNEX-C, OCTAGAM, PANZYGA, PRIVIGEN, GAMMASTAN, ALYGLO

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (EDA) approved and compandia supported uses not
covered 03es.	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia-supported uses not otherwise excluded by plan design as follows:
	 Multifocal Motor Neuropathy Dedictric HIV(Pactorial control or provention
	 Pediatric HIV: Bacterial control or prevention
	 Myasthenia Gravis
	 Dermatomyositis/Polymyositis Dermating of tengen leasted applied energy (high even least hearth personal)
	 Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas)
	and bone marrow transplant
	• Stiff-Person Syndrome
	 Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant
	 Kawasaki's disease (Pediatric)
	 Fetal alloimmune thrombocytopenia (FAIT)
	 Hemolytic disease of the newborn
	 Auto-immune Mucocutaneous Blistering Diseases
	 Chronic lymphocytic leukemia with associated hypogammaglobulinemia (CLL)
	 Toxic Shock Syndrome
	 Pediatric Acute-Onset Neuropsychiatric Syndrome (PANS)/Pediatric Autoimmune
	Neuropsychiatric Disorder Associated with Streptococcal Infections (PANDAS)
Initial Approval	Primary immunodeficiency (PID)/Wiskott - Aldrich syndrome:
Criteria:	
	Includes but not limited to: X-linked agammaglobulinemia, common variable
	immunodeficiency (CVID), transient hypogammaglobulinemia of infancy, IgG subclass
	deficiency with or without IgA deficiency, antibody deficiency with near normal
	immunoglobulin levels) and combined deficiencies (severe combined immunodeficiencies,
	ataxia-telangiectasia, x-linked lymphoproliferative syndrome)
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 IgG level less than 200
	 Low IgG levels (below the laboratory reference range lower limit of normal) AND
	a history of multiple hard to treat infections as indicated by at least one of the
	following:
	 Four or more ear infections within 1 year
	 Two or more serious sinus infections within 1 year
	 Two or more months of antibiotics with little effect
	 Two or more pneumonias within 1 year
	 Recurrent or deep skin abscesses
	 Need for intravenous antibiotics to clear infections
	 Two or more deep-seated infections including septicemia
	AND
	Documentation showing a deficiency in producing antibodies in response to vaccination
	including all the following:
	 Titers that were drawn before challenging with vaccination
	 Titers that were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks after vaccination



Idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura (ITP):
For Acute disease state:
 Documented use to manage acute bleeding due to severe thrombocytopenia (platelet
counts less than 30,000/microliter)
OR
To increase platelet counts prior to invasive surgical procedures, such as splenectomy
(platelet count less than 100,000/microliter)
OR
 Documented severe thrombocytopenia (platelet count less than 20,000/microliter) and is considered to be at risk for intracerebral hemorrhage
Chronic Immune Thrombocytopenia (CIT):
 Documentation of increased risk for bleeding as indicated by a platelet count less than
30,000/microliter
History of failure, contraindication, or intolerance with corticosteroids
Duration of illness more than 6 months
Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP):
 Documented baseline in strength/weakness using objective clinical measuring tool
(INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6 MWT, Rankin, Modified
Rankin)
Documented disease course is progressive or relapsing and remitting for 2 months or
longer
 Abnormal or absent deep tendon reflexes in upper or lower limbs
 Electrodiagnostic testing indicating demyelination with one of the following:
 Motor distal latency prolongation in 2 nerves
 Reduction of motor conduction velocity in 2 nerves
 Prolongation of F-wave latency in 2 nerves
 Absence of F-waves in at least 1 nerve
 Partial motor conduction block of at least 1 motor nerve Absorbed temperated dispersion in at least 2 perves
 Abnormal temporal dispersion in at least 2 nerves Distal CMAP duration increase in at least 1 nerve
 Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) analysis indicates all the following (if electrophysiologic findings are pondiagnostic):
are nondiagnostic): ○ CSF white cell count of less than 10 cells/mm3
 Refractory to or intolerant of corticosteroids (prednisolone, prednisone) given in therapeutic doses over at least three months
מופומףכעווט טטשבט טעפו מנופמטנ מוופב ווטוונווט
Guillain-Barre Syndrome (Acute inflammatory polyneuropathy):
 Documentation that the disease is severe (aid required to walk)
Onset of symptoms are recent (less than 1 month)
Multifocal Motor Neuropathy (MMN):



 Slowly progressive or stepwise progressive, focal, asymmetric limb weakness over at least one month
 Partial conduction block or abnormal temporal dispersion conduction must be present in at least 2 nerves
 Absence of upper motor neuron signs and bulbar involvement
 Baseline in strength/weakness has been documented using objective clinical measuring tool (e.g., Inflammatory Neuropathy Cause and Treatment (INCAT) Disability Score, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6 Minute walk test, Rankin, Modified Rankin
Pediatric HIV: Bacterial control or prevention:
 Approved for those 13 years of age and younger with HIV diagnosis Documented hypogammaglobulinemia (IgG less than 400 mg/dL) OR
 Functional antibody deficiency as demonstrated by either poor specific antibody titers or recurrent bacterial infections
Myasthenia Gravis:
 Documented myasthenic crisis (impending respiratory or bulbar compromise) Documented use for an exacerbation (difficulty swallowing, acute respiratory failure, functional disability leading to discontinuation of physical activity) Documented failure with conventional therapy alone (azathioprine, cyclosporine and/or cyclophosphamide)
Dermatomyositis/Polymyositis:
 Documented severe active disease state on physical exam Documentation of at least two of the following: Proximal muscle weakness in all upper and/or lower limbs
 Elevated serum creatine kinase (CK) or aldolase level Interstitial lung disease (ILD)
 Skin findings such as Gottron papules, Gottron sign, heliotrope eruption, poikiloderma Nailfold abnormalities
 Hyperkeratosis and fissuring of palms and lateral fingers
 Documented failure with a trial of corticosteroids (such as prednisone) Documented failure with a trial of an immunosuppressant (methotrexate, azathioprine, cyclophosphamide)
Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) and
bone marrow transplant:
Coverage is provided for one or more of the following:
Suppression of panel reactive anti-HLA antibodies prior to transplantation
 Treatment of antibody mediated rejection of solid organ transplantation Prevention of cytomegalovirus (CMV) induced pneumonitis
Stiff-Person Syndrome:



 Documented anti-GAD antibodies Documented failure with at least 2 of the following treatments: benzodiazepines, baclofen, phenytoin, clonidine and/or tizanidine Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant: Approved in use for prevention of acute Graft- Versus- Host Disease (GVHD) or infection
 (such as cytomegalovirus) Documentation that the bone marrow transplant (BMT) was allogeneic Transplant was less than 100 days ago
Kawasaki's Disease (Pediatric):
 Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of Kawasaki's disease 13 years of age and under
Fetal alloimmune thrombocytopenia (FAIT):
 Documentation of one or more of the following: Previous FAIT pregnancy Family history of the disease Screening reveals platelet alloantibodies Authorization is valid until delivery date only
Hemolytic disease of the newborn:
Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of hemolytic disease in newborn patient
Auto-immune Mucocutaneous Blistering Diseases:
 Diagnosis confirmed by biopsy of one of the following: Pemphigus vulgaris Pemphigus foliaceus Bullous Pemphigoid Mucous Membrane Pemphigoid (Cicatricial Pemphigoid) Epidermolysis bullosa aquisita Pemphigus gestationis (Herpes gestationis) Linear IgA dermatosis
 Documented severe disease that is extensive and debilitating Disease is progressive and refractory to a trial of conventional combination therapy with corticosteroids and immunosuppressive treatment (azathioprine, cyclophosphamide, mycophenolate mofetil)
Chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) with associated hypogammaglobulinemia:
 Documentation of an IgG level less than 500 mg/dL Documented history of recurrent or chronic infections that have required intravenous antibiotics or hospitalization



	Toxic Shock Syndrome:
	Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of toxic shock syndrome
	Pediatric Acute-Onset Neuropsychiatric Syndrome (PANS)/Pediatric Autoimmune Neuropsychiatric Disorder Associated with Streptococcal Infections (PANDAS):
	 A clinically appropriate trial of two or more less-intensive treatments was either not effective, not tolerated, or did not result in sustained improvement in symptoms, as measured by a lack of clinically meaningful improvement on a validated instrument directed at the patient's primary symptom complex. Treatments may be given concurrently or sequentially and may include: Selective-serotonin reuptake inhibitor SSRI (e.g., fluoxetine, fluvoxamine, sertraline) Behavioral therapy Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) (e.g., naproxen, diclofenac, ibuprofen) Oral and IV corticosteroids (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone) Documentation of a consultation with a pediatric subspecialist (or adult subspecialist for adolescents) and the consulted subspecialist and the patient's primary care provider recommend the treatment
Renewal Criteria:	 Primary immunodeficiency (PID) Renewal requires disease response as evidenced by a decrease in the frequency and/or
	severity of infections
	Chronic Immune Thrombocytopenia (Chronic ITP or CIT)
	Renewal requires disease response as indicated by the achievement and maintenance of
	a platelet count of at least 50 as necessary to reduce the risk for bleeding
	Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP)
	 Renewal requires documentation of a documented clinical response to therapy based on an objective clinical measuring tool (e.g., INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6 Minute walk test, Rankin, Modified Rankin)
	Multifocal Motor Neuropathy (MMN)
	• Renewal requires documentation that there has been a demonstrated clinical response to therapy based on an objective clinical measuring tool (INCAT, Medical Research Council
	(MRC) muscle strength, 6 Minute walk test, Rankin, Modified Rankin)
	Pediatric HIV: Bacterial control or prevention
	13 years of age or less
	Dermatomyositis/Polymyositis
	 Renewal requires documentation that CPK (Creatine phosphokinase) levels are lower and documentation of clinically significant improvement above baseline per physical exam
	Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) and bone marrow transplant
	Renewal requires documentation of clinically significant disease response
	Stiff Person Disease
	Renewal requires documentation of a clinically significant improvement over baseline per
	physical exam
	Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant



		documentation that the IgG is less than			
		exceed one year past date of allogenei	c bone marrow transplantation		
		utaneous blistering diseases:			
		a documented clinically significant impr	ovement over baseline per		
	physical exam	loukemic (CLL) with accordented by	o gommoglobulinomio		
		leukemia (CLL) with associated hyp			
	 Renewal requires of severity of infection 	disease response as evidenced by a de	crease in the frequency and/or		
		t Neuropsychiatric Syndrome (PANS	S)/Podiatric Autoimmuno		
		order Associated with Streptococca			
	 Renewal requires a 				
		ation of a clinical reevaluation at three	months after treatment initiation		
	 Documentation of clinically meaningful improvement in the results of clinical testing with a validated instrument (which must be performed pretreatment and posttreatment) 				
Dosing and Coverage	 Dose-rounding to t 	he nearest vial size within 10% of the p	prescribed dose will be enforced		
Duration:		tions are as stated below, unless other			
	Indication	Dose	Approval Duration		
	PID	Up to 800 mg/kg every 3 to 4 weeks	Initial: up to 3 months		
			Reauthorization: up to 12		
			months		
	CIDP	2 g/kg divided over 2-5 days for one	Initial: up to 3 months		
		dose then maintenance dosing of 1	Reauthorization: up to 12		
		g/kg every 21 days	months		
	ITP	1 g/kg once daily for 1-2 days	Acute ITP:		
			Approval: 1 month only		
		May be repeated monthly for	Chronic ITP:		
		chronic ITP	 Initial: up to 3 months 		
			 Reauthorization: up to 		
			12 months		
	FAIT	1 g/kg/week until delivery	Authorization is valid until		
		T g/kg/week until delivery	delivery date only		
	Kawaaaki'a Diaaaaa	Up to 2 g/kg x 1 single dose			
			Approval: 1 month only		
	(pediatric				
	patients)				
	MMN	2 g/kg divided over 2-5 days in a	Initial approval: 1 month		
		28-day cycle	Reauthorization: up to 12		
		May be repeated monthly	months		
	CLL	400 mg/kg every 3 to 4 weeks	Approval: up to 6 months		
	Pediatric HIV	400 mg/kg every 28 days	Initial: up to 3 months		
			Reauthorization: up to 12		
	1 1	1	months		



	Guillain-Barre Myasthenia Gravis Auto- immune blistering diseases	400 mg/kg once daily for 5 days Up to 2 g/kg x 1 dose (acute attacks) Up to 2 g/kg divided over 5 days in a 28-day cycle	Approval: maximum of 2 rounds of therapy within 6 weeks of onset; 2 months maximum Approval: 1 month (one course of treatment) Approval: up to 6 months
	Dermatomyositis /Polymyositis	Up to 2 g/kg given over 2-5 days in a 28-day cycle	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 6 months
	Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant	500 mg/kg/week x 90 days, then 500 mg/kg/month up to one-year post-transplant	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: until up to one-year post-transplant
	Complications of transplanted solid organ: (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) transplant	2 g/kg divided over 5 days in a 28-day cycle	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
	Stiff Person Syndrome	2 g/kg divided over 5 days in a 28-day cycle	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
	Toxic shock syndrome	1 g/kg on day 1, followed by 500 mg/kg once daily on days 2 and 3	Approval: 1 month (one course of treatment)
	Hemolytic disease of the newborn	1 g/kg x 1 dose, may be repeated once if needed	Approval: 1 month (one course of treatment)
	PANS/PANDAS	Each dose: Up to 2 g/kg divided over 2-5 days	Initial: up to 3 months (3 monthly doses) Reauthorization: up to 3 months (3 monthly doses)
Prescriber/Site of	 Must be prescribed 	by a specialist for the condition being	Total 6 monthly doses only treated (such as neurologist,
Care Restrictions:	rheumatologist, imn	nunologist, hematologist) bject to utilization of the most cost-effe	



POLICY NAME: INCLISIRAN Affected Medications: LEQVIO (inclisiran subcutaneous injection)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
	plan design			
	 Primary hyperlipidemia (including heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia [HeFH]) 			
	 Secondary prevention in atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) 			
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of baseline (untreated) low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C)			
	Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH			
	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:			
	 Minimum baseline LDL-C of 160 mg/dL in adolescents or 190 mg/dL in adults AND 1 first-degree relative affected 			
	 Presence of one abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defect (e.g., LDL receptor [LDLR], apolipoprotein B [apo B], proprotein convertase subtilisin kexin type 9 [PCSK9] loss-of-function mutation, or LDL receptor adaptor protein 1 			
	[LDLRAP1])			
	 World Health Organization (WHO)/Dutch Lipid Network criteria score of at least 8 			
	points			
	 Definite FH diagnosis per the Simon Broome criteria 			
	Clinical ASCVD			
	Documentation of established ASCVD, confirmed by at least ONE of the following:			
	 Acute coronary syndromes (ACS) 			
	 History of myocardial infarction (MI) 			
	 Stable or unstable angina 			
	 Coronary or other arterial revascularization 			
	 Stroke or transient ischemic attack 			
	Peripheral artery disease (PAD) presumed to be of atherosclerotic origin			
Appropriate	All Indications			
Treatment	 History of statin intolerance requires documentation of the following: Minimum of two different statin trials 			
Regimen & Other				
Criteria:	 Documentation of statin-associated muscle symptoms, which stopped when statin therapy was discontinued and restarted when re-challenged 			
	 History of statin-associated rhabdomyolysis requires documentation of elevation in 			
	creatinine kinase (CK) level to at least 10 times the upper limit of normal, in concurrence with statin use			
	Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH			
	 Documented treatment failure with minimum 12-week trial with ALL of the following, 			
	shown by inability to achieve LDL-C reduction of 50% or greater OR LDL-C less than			
	100 mg/dL:			



	 Maximally tolerated statin therapy Repatha Clinical ASCVD Documented treatment failure with minimum 12 weeks of consistent statin therapy at maximally tolerated dose, as shown by ONE of the following: Current LDL-C of at least 70 mg/dL Current LDL-C of at least 55 mg/dL in patients at very high risk of future ASCVD events, based on history of multiple major ASCVD events OR 1 major ASCVD event + multiple high-risk conditions (see below) Documented treatment failure or intolerance to minimum 12-week trial of Repatha 		
	Major ASCVD EventsHigh-Risk Conditions• ACS within the past 12 months • History of MI (distinct from ACS event)• Age 65 years and older • HeFH • Prior coronary artery bypass or percutaneous intervention (outside of major ASCVD events)• Ischemic stroke • Symptomatic PAD• Diabetes • Hypertension • Chronic kidney disease • Current smoking • History of congestive heart failure		
Exclusion Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as assessed by the prescribing provider • Concurrent use with other PCSK9 inhibitors		
Age Restriction:	 18 years of age and older 		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: INEBILIZUMAB-CDON

Affected Medications: UPLIZNA (inebilizumab-cdon)

Covered Uses:	plan design ⊙ Neuromyelitis o	nistration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by ptica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adults who are anti- QP4) antibody positive	
Required Medical	NMOSD	/ ,	
Information:		e aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD confirmed	
	 Documentation of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-based assay 		
		ernative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis)	
		e clinical characteristic:	
		ptic neuritis	
	 Acute n 	•	
		rea postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained	
		or nausea/vomiting)	
	-		
	NMOSD-typical diencephalic lesion on magnetic resonance imaging		
	(MRI) [see table below]		
	 Acute cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see table below] 		
	table below]		
	Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings	
	Diencephalic syndrome	Periependymal lesion	
		Hypothalamic/thalamic lesion	
	Acute cerebral syndrome	 Extensive periependymal lesion Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum 	
		lesion	
		Long corticospinal tract lesion	
		 Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion 	
		deep while maller lesion	
	 History of at least 1 attack in the past year, or at least 2 attacks in the past 2 years, requiring rescue therapy 		
Appropriate		quate response, contraindication, or intolerance to each of the	
Treatment	following:		
Regimen & Other	 Rituximab (preferred products: Riabni, Ruxience) 		
Criteria:	 Satralizumab-m 	wge (Enspryng)	
	Reauthorization requires d	ocumentation of treatment success	
Exclusion Criteria:	Active Hepatitis B Virus		
	-		
	 Active or untreated later 		



	Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist.	
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	ion: Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: INHALED MANNITOL

Affected Medications: BRONCHITOL (mannitol)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Add-on maintenance therapy to improve pulmonary function in cystic fibrosis
Required Medical	 Documentation of cystic fibrosis (CF) diagnosis confirmed by appropriate genetic or
Information:	diagnostic testing
	 Additional testing should include evaluation of overall clinical lung status and respiratory function (e.g., pulmonary function tests, lung imaging, etc.)
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with 6-month trial of twice daily inhaled hypertonic saline
Treatment	(at least 80% adherence), unless contraindicated or intolerable. Treatment failure
Regimen & Other	defined as one or more of the following:
Criteria:	 Increased pulmonary exacerbations from baseline
	 Decrease in FEV1
	Requests for Bronchitol 7-day and 4-week treatment packs for add-on maintenance
	therapy:
	 Documentation confirming successful completion of the Bronchitol Tolerance Test (BTT)
	 Prescribed in conjunction with a short-acting bronchodilator and standard therapies for CF
	Reauthorization requires documentation of a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: INTRAVITREAL ANTI-VEGF THERAPY

Affected Medications: LUCENTIS (ranibizumab injection), EYLEA (aflibercept), EYLEA HD (aflibercept), BEOVU (brolucizumab), SUSVIMO (ranibizumab implant), VABYSMO (faricimab), PAVBLU (aflibercept-ayyh)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved, or compendia supported, indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Neovascular (Wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD) Eylea, Eylea HD, Pavblu, Lucentis, Susvimo, Beovu, Vabysmo, Byooviz, Cimerli Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) Eylea, Pavblu, Lucentis, Byooviz, Cimerli, Vabysmo Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) Eylea, Eylea HD, Pavblu, Lucentis, Vabysmo, Beovu, Cimerli Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus Eylea, Eylea HD, Pavblu, Lucentis, Cimerli Myopic Choroidal Neovascularization (mCNV) Lucentis, Byooviz, Cimerli Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP) Eylea, Lucentis, Byooviz, Cimerli
Required Medical Information:	Anticipated treatment course with dose and frequency clearly stated in chart notes
Appropriate	Eylea/Pavblu Dosing
Treatment	Coverage for the non-preferred products Eylea or Pavblu is provided when one
Regimen &	of the following criteria is met:
Other Criteria:	 Currently receiving treatment with Eylea or Pavblu, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs. A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with all the preferred products (Avastin, AND Byooviz or Cimerli) Documentation of treatment-naïve retinopathy of prematurity (ROP) in a preterm infant 32 weeks or younger
	 AMD – 2 mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections followed by 2 mg (0.05 mL) every 8 weeks
	 Continued every 4-week dosing requires documented clinical failure to every 8-week maintenance dosing BVO 2 mg (0.05 ml.) guery 4 weeks
	 RVO - 2 mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks DME and DR - 2 mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 5 injections followed by 2 mg (0.05 mL) every 8 weeks
	 ROP – 0.4 mg (0.01 mL) as a single injection per affected eye(s); dose may be repeated up to 2 times with a minimum treatment interval between doses of at least 10 days (maximum of 3 doses total)
	Eylea HD Dosing Coverage for the non-preferred product Eylea HD is provided when one of the
	following criteria is met:
	 Currently receiving treatment with Eylea HD, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs.



rr	
	 A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with all the preferred products (Aventin AND Preprint or Cimerli)
	preferred products (Avastin AND Byooviz or Cimerli)
•	AMD and DME – 8 mg (0.07 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections, followed by 8 mg (0.07 mL) every 8 to 16 weeks
	 Every 4-week dosing is limited to the first 3 injections only
•	DR - 8 mg (0.07 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections, followed by 8 mg (0.07
	mL) every 8 weeks to 12 weeks
	 Every 4-week dosing is limited to the first 3 injections only
Lu	icentis Dosing
•	Coverage for the non-preferred product Lucentis is provided when the following
	criteria is met:
	 A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with all of the preferred products (Avastin, Byooviz, and Cimerli)
•	AMD and RVO – maximum 0.5 mg every 4 weeks
•	DME and DR – 0.3 mg every 4 weeks
•	mCNV- 0.5 mg every 4 weeks for up to 3 months
•	ROP – 0.1 to 0.3 mg as a single injection in the affected eye(s); dose may be
	repeated up to 2 times with a minimum treatment interval between doses of 28 days
	(maximum of 3 doses total)
Ba	Desing
De	eovu Dosing Coverage for the non-preferred product Beovu is provided when either of the
•	following criteria is met:
	 Currently receiving treatment with Beovu, excluding when the product is
	obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs.
	 A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with all the
	preferred products (Avastin, AND Byooviz or Cimerli)
•	AMD – 6 mg every month for the first three doses followed by 6 mg every 8 to 12
	weeks
•	DME – 6 mg every six weeks for the first five doses followed by 6 mg every 8 to 12
	weeks
Su	isvimo Dosing
	Coverage for the non-preferred product Susvimo is provided when the following
	criteria is met:
	 A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with all of
	the preferred products (Avastin, Byooviz, and Cimerli)
•	Must be established on ranibizumab (Lucentis, Byooviz, or Cimerli) injections with
	response to treatment for a minimum of 6 months at standard dosing (0.5 mg every 4
	weeks)
•	AMD – 2 mg administered continuously via ocular implant with refills every 24 weeks.
Va	ibysmo Dosing
•	Coverage for the non-preferred product Vabysmo is provided when either of the
	following criteria is met:
	 Currently receiving treatment with Vabysmo, excluding when the product is
	obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs.
	 A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with all the



	preferred products (Avastin, AND Byooviz or Cimerli)
	• AMD – 6 mg every 4 weeks for the first 4 injections followed by 6 mg every 8 to 16
	weeks
	 Some patients may require continued every 4-week injections following the
	initial doses
	• DME
	 Fixed interval regimen: 6 mg every 4 weeks for the first 6 injections followed by 6 mg every 8 weeks
	 Variable interval regimen: 6 mg once every 4 weeks for at least the first 4
	injections followed by 6 mg every 4 to 16 weeks (based on visual assessments)
	 Some patients may require continued every 4-week injections following the
	initial doses
	RVO - 6 mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks for up to 6 months
	Reauthorization requires documentation of vision stability defined as losing fewer than 15
	letters of visual acuity and/or improvements in visual acuity with evidence of decreased
	leakage and/or fibrosis (central retinal thickness)
Exclusion	Evidence of a current ocular or periocular infections
Criteria:	Active intraocular inflammation
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) for Vabysmo
Duration:	Authorization: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified
	Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP)
	Authorization: 3 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified
	All other indications
	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: INTRAVITREAL COMPLEMENT INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: SYFOVRE (pegcetacoplan), IZERVAY (avacincaptad pegol)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of geographic atrophy (GA) secondary to age-related macular degeneration (AMD)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of geographic atrophy (GA) secondary to age-related macular degeneration (AMD) confirmed by all the following: Fundus Autofluorescence (FAF) imaging showing: Total GA area size between 2.5 and 17.5 mm² If GA is multifocal, at least 1 focal lesion that is 1.25 mm² or greater Best-corrected visual acuity (BCVA) using Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study (ETDRS) charts Must be 24 letters or greater (approximately 20/320 Snellen equivalent)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	 Dosing not to exceed: Every 25-day dosing for Syfovre Every 30-day dosing with a maximum duration of 12 months for Izervay
Criteria:	 <u>Reauthorization</u>: <u>Syfovre</u> requires: Documentation of treatment success as determined by treating provider BCVA remains 24 letters or greater Izervay:
Exclusion Criteria:	 No reauthorization - maximum duration up to 12 months Presence of choroidal neovascularization in the eye(s) receiving treatment
Age Restriction:	 60 years of age and older for Syfovre 50 years of age and older for Izervay
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

INTRON-A

Affected Medications: INTRON-A, INTRON-A WITH DILUENT (interferon alfa-2b)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher Hypereosinophilic Syndrome (HES) in patients that are consistently symptomatic or with evidence of and argan damage.
Required Medical Information:	 evidence of end-organ damage. For Hepatitis B and C: Documentation of intolerance to or clinical rationale for avoidance of PEGylated interferon. HES: documentation of steroid resistant disease OR disease responding only to high-dose steroids and the addition of a steroid-sparing agent would be beneficial. Non-lymphocytic variants of HES will also require documented failure with at least 12 weeks of hydroxyurea prior to interferon-alfa approval. Recent liver function tests, comprehensive metabolic panel, complete blood count with differential, TSH (within past 3 months) Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Patients with preexisting cardiac abnormalities and/or advanced cancer: recent electrocardiogram Chest X ray for patients with pulmonary disorders Recent ophthalmologic exam at baseline for all patients Uncontrolled severe mental health illness should be addressed before use and monitored during treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	 Autoimmune hepatitis Decompensated liver disease
Age Restriction:	 Hepatitis B: greater than or equal to 1 year of age Hepatitis C: greater than or equal to 3 years of age All other indications greater than or equal to 18 years of age
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ISAVUCONAZONIUM SULFATE

Affected Medications: CRESEMBA (isavuconazonium sulfate)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Invasive aspergillosis Invasive mucormycosis Diagnosis of invasive aspergillosis or invasive mucormycosis confirmed by one or more of the following: Sputum fungal staining and culture Biopsy showing aspergillosis or mucormycosis organisms
	 Serum biomarkers such as galactomannan, beta-D-glucan assays, or polymerase chain reaction (PCR) testing
Appropriate	Aspergillosis
Treatment	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least a 6-week trial of
Regimen & Other	all of the following:
Criteria:	 Voriconazole
	 Posaconazole
	 Mucormycosis Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least a 6-week trial of one of the following: Amphotericin B (if request is for initial therapy) Posaconazole (if request is for oral step-down therapy after initial therapy)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Familial short QT syndrome
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist, transplant
Care Restrictions:	physician, or oncologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LAROTRECTINIB

Affected Medications: VITRAKVI (larotrectinib)

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of positive neurotrophic tyrosine receptor kinase (NTRK) gene-fusion without a known acquired resistance mutation, as determined by an FDA approved test
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of an intolerance to, or clinical rationale for avoidance of Rozlytrek (entrectinib) <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LAZERTINIB Affected Medications: LAZCLUZE (lazertinib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
	 Documentation of confirmed non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) that is metastatic or unresectable with epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) exon 19 deletions or exon 21 L858R substitution mutations
Appropriate	Documented intolerable adverse event to Tagrisso (osimertinib) with or without
Treatment	chemotherapy
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
-	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LENACAPAVIR Affected Medications: SUNLENCA (lenacapavir)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) infection, in combination with other antiretrovirals, in heavily treatment-experienced adults with multidrug resistant HIV-1 infection failing their current antiretroviral regimen due to resistance, intolerance, or safety considerations
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of multidrug resistance within at least 3 of the 4 following antiretroviral classes (as defined by resistance to at least 2 agents within each of the 3 classes), unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced: Nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs) Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs) Protease inhibitors (PIs) Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTIs) Documentation of current (within the past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA viral load of at least 200 copies/mL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	Must be used in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen that contains at least one agent demonstrating full viral susceptibility, as confirmed by resistance testing
Criteria:	 <u>Reauthorization</u> requires all of the following: Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen Documentation of treatment success, as evidenced by one of the following: Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load Absence of postbaseline emergence of lenacapavir resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease or HIV specialist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Oral Tablet Initial Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Injection Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Injection Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LENIOLISIB Affected Medications: JOENJA (leniolisib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Activated phosphoinositide 3-kinase delta syndrome (APDS)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of an APDS-associated <i>PIK3CD/PIK3R1</i> mutation without concurrent use of immunosuppressive medication Presence of at least one measurable nodal lesion on a CT or MRI scan Documentation of both of the following: Nodal and/or extranodal lymphoproliferation History of repeated oto-sino-pulmonary infections and/or organ dysfunction (e.g., lung, liver)
	Current weight (must be at least 45 kg)
Appropriate Treatment	Females of reproductive potential should have pregnancy ruled out and use effective contraception during therapy
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success as shown by both of the following:
	 Improvement in lymphoproliferation as measured by a change from baseline in lymphadenopathy
	Normalization of immunophenotype as measured by the percentage of naïve B cells out of total B cells
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	12 to 75 years of age
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist, hematologist/oncologist, or
Care Restrictions:	specialist with experience in the treatment of APDS
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LETERMOVIR Affected Medications: PREVYMIS (letermovir)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prophylaxis of cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection and disease in CMV-seropositive recipients [R+] of an allogeneic hematopoietic cell transplant for adults and pediatric patients 6 months of age and older and weighing at least 6 kg Prophylaxis of CMV disease in kidney transplant recipients at high risk for adult and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older and weighing at least 40 kg
Required Medical	Has received an allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT)
Information:	Is cytomegalovirus CMV-seropositive
	 OR Has received a kidney transplant and is at high risk (Donor CMV-seropositive/Recipient)
	CMV-seronegative [D+/R-] of CMV infection
Appropriate	Documented trial and failure (or intolerable adverse event) with an adequate trial (at
Treatment	least 14 days) of at least one of the following: ganciclovir, valganciclovir, Foscarnet
Regimen & Other	(HSCT only)
Criteria:	
	HSCT Dosing : 480 mg (or 240 mg) once daily beginning between Day 0 and Day 28 post- transplantation and continued through Day 100 post-transplantation
	Kidney transplant Dosing : 480mg once daily beginning between Day 0 and Day 7 post kidney transplant for high-risk recipients (donor CMV-seropositive/recipient CMV-seronegative) and continue through day 200 post transplantation
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease provider or a specialist with
Care Restrictions:	experience in the prevention and treatment of CMV infection
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	HSCT
J	Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Kidney Transplant
	Authorization: 7 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

LEUPROLIDE

Affected Medications: leuprolide acetate, LUPRON DEPOT, LUPRON DEPOT-PED, ELIGARD, LUPANETA (leuprolidenorethindrone), FENSOLVI, CAMCEVI

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Endometriosis
	 Uterine leiomyomata (fibroids)
	 Central precocious puberty (CPP)
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications level 2A or higher
	Gender dysphoria
Required Medical	Endometriosis:
Information:	
	Documentation of moderate to severe pain due to endometriosis
	Uterine leiomyomata (fibroids):
	Documentation of all of the following:
	 Preoperative anemia due to uterine leiomyomata (fibroids)
	 Planning to undergo leiomyomata-related surgery in the next 6 months or less
	 Planning to use in combination with iron supplements
	Gender dysphoria:
	Documentation of all the following:
	 Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and
	testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty
	 The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent for treatment
	 Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed
	• A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed
	mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most
	current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health
	(WPATH) Standards of Care
	Central precocious puberty:
	• Documentation of CPP confirmed by basal luteinizing hormone (LH), follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH), and either estradiol or testosterone concentrations
Appropriate	Endometriosis:
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	• Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3 months
Criteria:	of both of the following first-line therapies:
	 Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) Continuous (no placebo pillo) hormonal contracentives
	 Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives



	Central precocious puberty:
	Approval of Fensolvi requires rationale for avoidance of Lupron and Supprelin LA
Exclusion Criteria:	Undiagnosed abnormal vaginal bleeding
	Management of uterine leiomyomata without intention of undergoing surgery.
	Pregnancy or breastfeeding
	Use for infertility (if benefit exclusion)
Age Restriction:	Endometriosis and preoperative uterine leiomyomata: 18 years of age and older
	• Central precocious puberty (CPP): 11 years of age or younger (females), 12 years of age
	or younger (males)
Prescriber/Site of	Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a
Care Restrictions:	specialist in the treatment of gender dysphoria
	• All other indications: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist, endocrinologist,
	or gynecologist as appropriate for diagnosis
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Uterine leiomyomata: maximum of 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Endometriosis: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	All other diagnoses: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LEVOKETOCONAZOLE

Affected Medications: RECORLEV (levoketoconazole)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Cushing syndrome
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Cushing's syndrome due to one of the following:
Information:	 Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH)-secreting pituitary adenoma (Cushing's disease)
	 Ectopic ACTH secretion by a non-pituitary tumor
	 Cortisol secretion by an adrenal adenoma
	• Mean 24-hour urine free cortisol (mUFC) greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal
	(ULN) for the assay (at least two measurements)
Appropriate	Documentation confirming surgery is not an option OR previous surgery has not been
Treatment	curative
Regimen & Other	Documentation of ONE of the following:
Criteria:	 Clinical failure to maximally tolerated dose of oral ketoconazole for at least 8 weeks
	 Intolerable adverse event to oral ketoconazole, and the adverse event was not
	an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as mUFC
	normalization (i.e., less than or equal to the ULN)
Exclusion Criteria:	Adrenal or pituitary carcinoma
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, neurologist, or adrenal surgeon
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LIFILEUCEL Affected Medications: AMTAGVI (lifileucel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Diagnosis of unresectable or Stage IV metastatic melanoma
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
	ECOG PS of 0 or 1
	Left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) greater than 45%
	Forced expiratory volume (FEV1) greater than 60%
	New York Heart Association (NYHA) classification not more than Class I
Appropriate	At least one resectable lesion (or aggregate of lesions resected) of 1.5 cm or more in
Treatment	diameter post-resection to generate tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes (TILs)
Regimen & Other	Disease progression after 1 or more prior systemic therapy including:
Criteria:	 a PD-1–blocking antibody; and
	 if BRAF V600 mutation-positive, a BRAF inhibitor or BRAF inhibitor plus a MEK inhibitor
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	Melanoma of uveal or ocular origin
	Untreated or active brain metastasis
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist.
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months (one dose per patient's lifetime), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LONAFARNIB Affected Medications: ZOKINVY (Ionafarnib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 To reduce risk of mortality in Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome
	 For treatment of processing-deficient Progeroid Laminopathies
Required Medical	A diagnosis of Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome (HGPS) confirmed by mutational
Information:	analysis (G608G mutation in the lamin A gene)
	OR
	• A diagnosis of processing-deficient Progeroid Laminopathies with one of the following:
	 Heterozygous LMNA mutation with progerin-like protein accumulation
Appropriato	Homozygous or compound heterozygous ZMPSTE24 mutations
Appropriate Treatment	 Documented height and weight, or body surface area (BSA) Documentation of medication review and avoidance of drugs that significantly affect the
	 Documentation of medication review and avoidance of drugs that significantly affect the metabolism of lonafarnib (e.g. strong or moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors/inducers)
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Females of reproductive potential should have pregnancy ruled out and use effective
Criteria:	contraception during treatment
	Labs:
	Absolute Phagocyte Count (sum of absolute neutrophil count, bands, and monocytes)
	greater than 1,000/microliters
	Platelets greater than 75,000/microliters (transfusion independent)
	Hemoglobin greater than 9g/dl.
	Dosing:
	 Available as oral capsules: 50 mg, 75 mg
	 Initial, 115 mg/m2/dose twice daily for 4 months, then increase to 150 mg/m2/dose twice
	daily
	 Do not exceed 115 mg/m2/dose twice daily when used in combination with a
	weak CYP3A4 inhibitor
	 Round all total daily doses to the nearest 25 mg increment
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and initial criteria to be met.
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for other progeroid syndromes or processing-proficient progeroid laminopathies
	Concomitant use with strong or moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors/inducers, midazolam,
	lovastatin, atorvastatin, or simvastatin
	Overt renal, hepatic, pulmonary disease or immune dysfunction
	BSA less than to 0.39 m2
Age Restriction:	• Age 12 months or older with a BSA of greater than or equal to 0.39 m2
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a provider with experience in treating progeria
Care Restrictions:	and/or progeroid laminopathies
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months
	Reauthorization: 12 months



POLICY NAME: LOTILANER Affected Medications: XDEMVY

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Demodex blepharitis (DB)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of DB meeting both of the following criteria:
Information:	 Presence of erythema of the upper eyelid margin
	 Presence of mites upon examination of eyelashes by light microscopy OR
	presence of collarettes on slit lamp examination
	Documented trial and failure to oral ivermectin, 200 mcg/kg in a single dose and
	repeated at least once after 7 days
Appropriate	Reauthorization may be given at least 12 months after the first treatment and will require
Treatment	documentation of treatment success and returned presence of mites or collarettes requiring
Regimen & Other	retreatment
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an optometrist or ophthalmologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LOVOTIBEGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: LYFGENIA (lovotibeglogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of sickle cell disease in adults and pediatric patients at least 12 years of age with a history of recurrent vaso-occlusive crises
Required Medical Information: Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing to show the presence of βS/βS, βS/β0 or βS/β+ genotype as follows: Identification of significant quantities of HbS with or without an additional abnormal β-globin chain variant by hemoglobin assay OR Identification of biallelic <i>HBB</i> pathogenic variants where at least one allele is the p.Glu6Val or p.Glu7Val pathogenic variant on molecular genetic testing AND Patient does NOT have disease with more than two α-globin gene deletions Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous year (4 events over 2 years will also meet this requirement) VOC/VOEs defined as an event requiring a visit to a medical facility for evaluation AND necessitating subsequent interventions such as opioid pain management, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, red blood cell (RBC) transfusions, which results in a diagnosis of such being documented due to one (or more) of the following: Acute pain event Acute splenic sequestration Acute hepatic sequestration Acute hepatic sequestration Acute hepatic sequestration For patients under 18 years of age, the patient does not have a known and suitable (10/10) human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched related donor willing to participate in an allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) Adequate bone marrow, lung, heart, and liver function to undergo myeloablative conditioning regimen Confirmed HIV negative as confirmed by a negative HIV test prior to mobilization
Exclusion Criteria:	 Previous treatment with gene therapy for sickle cell disease Prior hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) History of hypersensitivity to dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) or dextran 40
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage Duration:	•	Authorization: 12 months (one-time infusion), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LUSPATERCEPT-AAMT

Affected Medications: REBLOZYL (luspatercept-aamt)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of anemia in adults with beta thalassemia who require regular red blood cell (RBC) transfusions Treatment of anemia in adults without previous erythropoiesis stimulating agent
	 use (ESA-naïve) with very low- to intermediate-risk myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS) who may require regular RBC transfusions Treatment of anemia failing an ESA and requiring 2 or more RBC units over 8 weeks in adult patients with very low- to intermediate-risk MDS with ring sideroblasts (MDS-RS) or with myelodysplastic/myeloproliferative neoplasm with ring sideroblasts and thrombocytosis (MDS/MPN-RS-T)
Required Medical	Beta Thalassemia
Information:	Documented diagnosis of beta thalassemia OR hemoglobin E/beta thalassemia
	 Documentation of transfusion dependence as evidenced by BOTH of the following in the previous 24 weeks:
	 Has required regular transfusions of at least 6 RBC units No transfusion free period greater than 25 days
	• No transfusion-free period greater than 35 days
	• Pre-treatment or pre-transfusion hemoglobin (Hgb) level is less than or equal to 11 g/dL
	Myelodysplastic Syndromes
	Documented diagnosis of MDS, MDS-RS or MDS/MPN-RS-T with very low, low, or intermediate risk as classified by the Intermetional Programming System Davised
	intermediate risk as classified by the International Prognostic Scoring System-Revised (IPSS-R)
	Documentation of requiring at least 2 RBC units over the previous 8 weeks
	Pre-treatment or pre-transfusion level is less than or equal to 11 g/dL
Appropriate	Myelodysplastic Syndromes
Treatment	For those with MDS-RS or MDS/MPN-RS-T, must have documentation of treatment
Regimen & Other	failure with an ESA (e.g., Retacrit, Procrit, Epogen, Mircera), unless intolerant or current
Criteria:	endogenous serum erythropoietin (sEPO) level is greater than 500 U/L
	Reauthorization
	• Beta thalassemia: requires documentation of treatment success, defined as a reduction
	in RBC transfusion burden from baseline by at least 20%
	• MDS: requires documentation of treatment success, defined as achieving transfusion
	independence and/or an improvement in Hgb level from baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of non-transfusion-dependent beta thalassemia
	Use as immediate correction as a substitute for RBC transfusions
	Diagnosis of alpha thalassemia
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	•	Beta thalassemia : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist MDS : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	•	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LUSUTROMBOPAG

Affected Medications: MULPLETA (lusutrombopag)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic liver disease who are scheduled to undergo a procedure
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of ALL the following: O Planned procedure including date Baseline platelet count of less than 50,000/microliter
Appropriate	Approved for one time 7-day dosing regimen
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterology/liver specialist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month (7 days of treatment), based on planned procedure date, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MARIBAVIR Affected Medications: LIVTENCITY (maribavir)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adults and pediatric patients (12 years of age and older and weighing at least 35 kg) with post-transplant cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection/disease that is refractory to treatment (with or without genotypic resistance) with ganciclovir, valganciclovir, cidofovir or foscarnet
Required Medical	Documentation of post-transplant CMV infection
Information:	Documentation of patient's current weight
Appropriate	Documented clinical failure (not due to drug intolerance) with an adequate trial (at least
Treatment	14 days) of at least one of the following: ganciclovir, valganciclovir, cidofovir or foscarnet
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization:
	Documented treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy and continued need for treatment.
Exclusion Criteria:	CMV infection involving the central nervous system, including the retina.
Age Restriction:	12 years and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by an infectious disease provider or a specialist with experience in the
Care Restrictions:	treatment of CMV infection
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MARSTACIMAB

Affected Medications: HYMPAVZI (marstacimab hncq)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency)
	 Hemophilia B (congenital factory IX deficiency)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of congenital factor VIII deficiency (hemophilia A) or congenital factory IX
Information:	deficiency (hemophilia B) without inhibitors
	Documentation of baseline factor level less than 1% AND prophylaxis required OR
	 Baseline factor level 1% to 3% and a documented history of at least two episodes of spontaneous bleeding into joints
	 Prescribed for routine prophylaxis to prevent or reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes
Appropriate	Hemophilia A
Treatment	 Documented treatment failure with Hemlibra (emicizumab-kxwh)
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Hemophilia B
Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure to factor IX prophylaxis for at least 6 months
	Dose escalation to 300 mg once weekly:
	 Documentation of weighing at least 50 kg and experiencing at least 2 breakthrough
	bleeds while on 150 mg dose for at least 6 months
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in
	spontaneous bleeds requiring treatment, and documentation of bleed history since last
	approval
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with bypassing agents
	Prior gene therapy administration
	Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Ŭ	 Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MAVACAMTEN Affected Medications: CAMZYOS (mayacam

Affected Medications: CAMZYOS (mavacamten)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
	 Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy with left ventricular outflow tract obstruction
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (OHCM)
Information:	 New York Heart Association (NYHA) class II or III symptoms
	 Left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of 55% or greater prior to starting therapy
	 Valsalva left ventricular outflow tract (LVOT) peak gradient of 50 mmHg or greater at rest or with provocation, prior to starting therapy
Appropriate	• Documentation of negative pregnancy test AND use of effective contraception in females
Treatment	of reproductive potential
Regimen & Other	Documented treatment failure, intolerance, or contraindication, to ALL of the following:
Criteria:	 Non-vasodilating beta-blocker (e.g., atenolol, metoprolol, bisoprolol, propranolol) Non-dihydropyridine calcium channel blocker (e.g., verapamil, diltiazem)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of symptomatic improvement and that LVEF remains above 50%
Exclusion Criteria:	History of two measurements of LVEF less than 50% while on mavacamten 2.5 mg tablets
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or a specialist with experience in the
Care Restrictions:	treatment of obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MAVORIXAFOR Affected Medications: XOLREMDI (mavorixafor)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of WHIM syndrome (warts, hypogammaglobulinemia, infections and myelokathexis) in patients 12 years of age and older to increase the number of circulating mature neutrophils and lymphocytes.
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of WHIM syndrome confirmed by genotype variant of CXCR4 and ANC (absolute neutrophil count) of 400 cells/µL or less
	 Documentation of symptoms and complications associated with WHIM syndrome requiring medical treatment
Appropriate	Documentation of weight to assess appropriate dosing
Treatment	Documentation of baseline ALC (absolute lymphocyte count) and ANC (absolute
Regimen & Other	neutrophil count) to assess clinical response to treatment
Criteria:	
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy with sustained improvement in ALC and ANC
Exclusion Criteria:	Concomitant use with drugs that are highly dependent on CYP2D6 for clearance.
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist or hematologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **MECASERMIN** Affected Medications: INCRELEX (mecasermin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Severe primary insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) deficiency (Primary IGFD) Patient with growth hormone (GH) gene deletion with neutralizing antibodies to GH
Required Medical Information:	 Prior to starting therapy, a height at least 3 standard deviations below the mean for chronological age and sex, and an IGF-1 level at least 3 standard deviations below the mean for chronological age and sex. One stimulation test showing patient has a normal or elevated GH level
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Initial: 0.04-0.08 mg/kg subcutaneously twice daily. Maintenance: Up to 0.12 mg/kg subcutaneously twice daily. <u>Reauthorization</u>: requires a documented growth rate increase of at least 2.5 cm over baseline per year AND evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain
Exclusion Criteria:	 open. Epiphyseal closure, active or suspected neoplasia malignancy, or concurrent use with GH therapy. Patient has secondary causes of IGF1 deficiency (e.g., hypothyroidism, malignancy, chronic systemic disease, skeletal disorders, malnutrition, celiac disease)
Age Restriction:	For patients 2 to 18 years of age.
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric endocrinologist All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MEDICAL NECESSITY

Affected Medications: Abilify MyCitea, Abrilada, Absorica, Absorica LD, Acanya, Aciphex, Actemra SQ, Acthar Gel, Acuvail, Acyclovix, Aczone, Adalimumab-adbm, Adalimumab-fkjp, Adalimumab-ryvk, Adapalene pads, Adcirca, Adlarity, Adlyxin, Admelog, Advicor, Adzenys ER, Adzenys XR, Aerospan, Afrezza, Aimovig, AirDuo, AirDuo Digihaler, Airsupra, Aklief, Allopurinol 200 mg tablet, Allzital, Alprazolam Dispersible, Alprazolam Intensol, Altoprev, Alvesco, Ameluz, Amitiza, Amjevita, Amphetamine ER suspension, Ampyra, Amrix, Amturnide, Amzeeg, Ancobon, Androgel, Androxy, Apadaz, APAP-Caff-Dihydrocodeine, Apidra, Aplenzin, Arazlo, Aripiprazole Dispersible, Armonair Digihaler, Armonair Respiclick, Arymo ER, Asacol HD, Asmanex, Asmanex HFA, Aspruzyo, Astepro solution, Atorvalig, Aubagio, Auvelity, Aveed, Azathioprine tablet (75 mg, 100 mg), Azelex, Azesco, Azmiro, Azstarys, Baclofen Oral Suspension, Basaglar, Basaglar Tempo pen, Baxdela, Beconase, Belbuca, Beser, Bevespi Aerophere, Bexagliflozin, BiDil, Biifenac, Bimzelx, Bismuth Subcitrate-Metronidazole-Tetracycline, Brenzavvy, Breztri, Bridion, Brisdelle, Briviact, Bryhali, Budesonide 9 mg ER tablet, Bunavail, Bupap, Buphenyl, Bupropion XL 450 mg, Butisol, Butrans patch, Bydureon, Bydureon BCise, Byetta, Bynfezia, Byvalson, Cabtreo, Calcipotriene-Betamethasone Dipropionate suspension, Cambia, Capex shampoo, Capital-Codeine, Carac, Carbinoxamine 6 mg tablet, Carisoprodol-ASA, Carisoprodol-ASA-Codeine, CaroSpir, Carticel implant, Cataflam, Cephalexin 750 mg capsule, Cephalexin tablet, Cegua, Chlorpheniramine-Codeine, Chlorzoxazone 250 mg tablet, Cibingo, Ciloxan, Cimzia, Ciprodex OTIC, Cipro HC Otic, Clemastine syrup, Clindamycin Phosphate-Benzoyl Peroxide gel 1.2-2.5 %, Clindavix, Clobetasol ophthalmic suspension, Clobetex, Clonidine ER 0.17 mg tablet, Codar AR, Colazal, Conjupri, Consensi, Conzip, Copaxone, Coreg CR, Cosopt PF, Cotempla XR ODT, Coxanto, Crexont, Crinone, Cuprimine, Cuvposa, Cyanocobalamin Nasal Spray, Cyclobenzaprine ER, Cyclosporine in Klarity, Cyltezo, Dapagliflozin, Dapagliflozin-Metformin ER, Dartisla ODT, Debacterol, Degludec, Delzicol, Demser, Depen, DermacinRx Lexitral cream pack, Dermalid, Desonate gel, Desonide gel, Desonide lotion, DesRx gel, Dexilant, Dhivy, Dichlorphenamide, Diclofenac 1.3 % patch, Diclofenac Potassium capsule, Diclofenac Potassium packet, Diclofenac Potassium 25 MG tablet, Diclofenac Sod soln 1.5 % & Capsaicin cream 0.025 % ther pack, Diclofex DC cream, Diclopak, Diclosaicin cream, Diclotral pack. Diclotrex, Diclovix DM pak, Diflorasone Diacetate, Dipentum, Doryx MPC, Doxepin 5 % cream, Doxycyline Hyclate 50 mg tablet, Doxycycline Hyclate DR tablet (50 mg, 80 mg, 200 mg), Doxycycline Monohydrate DR 40 mg capsule, Duaklir Pressair, Duetact, Duexis, Dulera, Duobrii, Durlaza, Dutoprol, Duzallo, Dxevo, Dvanavel XR, Dvmista, Dvnabec, Ebglyss, Econasil, Edarbi, Edarbyclor, Egaten, Egrifta, Elepsia XR, Elidel, Elyxyb, Emend, Emflaza, Emflaza Suspension, Enalapril oral solution, Enstilar foam, Entadfi, Entvvio SQ, Eohilia, Epaned, Epanova, Epclusa, Eprontia, Equetro, Ergomar, Esbriet, Eskata, Evzio, Exjade, Exservan, Extavia, Extina foam 2 %, Fabior foam, Faslodex, Fenofibrate 120 mg, Fenortho, Firazyr, First-lansoprazole, Flector patch, Fleqsuvy, Flolipid, Flowtuss, Fluopar kit, Fluorouracil 0.5 % cream, Flurandrenolide, Fluoxetine (PMDD) tablet, Forfivo XL, Fortamet, Fortesta gel, Fosamax Plus D, Fulvzag, Furoscix, Gabacaine pak, Gabapal, Giazo, Gilenya, Gimoti, Gleevec, Gloperba, Glumetza, Glycate, Glycopyrrolate 1.5 mg tablet, Gocovri, Gonitro, GPL pak, Halog, Halcinonide cream, Harvoni, Harvoni pak, Helidac, Hemady, Hemangeol, Hetlioz capsule, Hulio, Humalog, Humalog Junior KwikPen, Humatin, Humira, Humulin, Humulin 70/30 KwikPen, Humulin N, Humulin R-100, Hycofenix, Hyrimoz (Sandoz), Ibrance, Ibsrela, Ibuprofen-Famotidine, Idacio, Igalmi, Iheezo, Ilumya, Imbruvica 70 mg capsule, Imbruvica 140 mg & 280 mg tablet, Imiquimod 3.75 %, Impeklo, Impoyz, Imvexxy, Inbrija, Inderal LA, Indocin suppository, Indomethacin 20 mg capsule, Inflatherm kit, Inflatherm pak, Infugem, Ingrezza, Ingrezza Sprinkle, Innolet Insulin, Inpefa, Insulin Aspart, Insulin Aspart Protamine & Aspart 70/30, Insulin Degludec, Insulin Glargine, Insulin Glargine-yfgn, Insulin Lispro, Intrarosa, Invega ER, Invokamet, Invokamet XR, Invokana, Isordil Titradose, Isosorbide Dinitrate-Hydralazine, Isotretinoin 25 mg and 35 mg capsule, Iyuzeh, Jadenu, Jadenu sprinkle packet, Jentadueto, Jentadueto XR, Jublia, Jylamvo, Karbinal ER, Katerzia, Kazano, K-bicarb, Kenalog aerosol, Kenalog susp, Keragel, KeragelT, Kerydin, Kesimpta, Ketek, Ketorolac nasal spray, Keveyis, Kevzara, Kineret, Klisyri, Kombiglyze XR, Konvomep, Korlym, Kyzatrex, Lampit, Latuda, Lescol XL, Letairis, Levamlodipine, Levorphanol Tartrate, Lexette, Lexuss, Lialda, Libervant, Licart, Lido GB 300 kit, Lidostream, Lidotin Pak, Lifems, Likmez, Lipritin Pak, Liptruzet, Lithostat, LMR Plus Lidocaine, Lodoco, Lofena, Lonhala Magnair, Loreev XR, Lucemyra, Luzu, Lybalvi, Lyrica, Lyrica CR tablet, Lyumjev, Lyumjev Kwikpen, Lyvispah, Meclofen, Meloxicam capsule, Mentax cream 1 %, Mesalamine DR 800 mg tablet, Metaclopramide disintegrating tablet, Metaxall, Metaxall CP, Metformin ER (OSM), Metformin solution, Methadone Intensol, MethylTESTOSTERone capsule, Metyrosine, Miebo, Mifepristone, Migraine pack, Minocycline ER, Minolira, Mitigare, Monocycline ER, MorphaBond, MorphaBond ER, Motegrity, Motofen, Motpoly XR, Mycapssa, Myfembree, Myhibbin, Myrbetrig, Mytesi, Nalocet, Namenda XR, Namzaric, Naprelan, Naproxen-Esomeprazole, Nascobal, Natesto



gel, Neo-Synalar cream, Nesina, Nexiclon XR, Nexletol, Nexlizet, Nitisinone, Nocdurna, Noctiva, Nolix, Nopioid TC kit, Norgesic Forte, Noritate, Norligva, Noroxin, Northera, Nourianz, Novolin 70/30 Relion, Novolin N Relion, Novolin R Relion, Noxafil, NuDiclo Solupak, Nurtec, Nuvakaan kit, Nuvakaan II kit, Nuvigil, Nuzyra, Ofloxacin tablet, Ohtuvayre, Olpruva, Olumiant, Olysio, Omeprazole-Sodium Bicarb, Omnaris, Omvoh SQ, Ondansetron 24 mg tablet, Onexton, Onfi, Onglyza, Onmel. Onvda XR, Onzetra Xsail, Oracea, Oralair, Orencia SQ, Ormalvi, Orphenadrine-Aspirin-Caffeine tablet, Orphengesic Forte, Ortikos, Oseni, Otrexup, Oxaprozin capsule, Oxaydo, Oxycodone-Acetaminophen (2.5 mg-300 mg, 5 mg-300 mg, 7.5 mg-300 mg, 10 mg-300 mg), Ozobax, Pamelor, Panlor, Panretin gel, Paromomycin, Pazeo, Pedizolpak, Penicillamine tablet, Pennsaid solution, Pentican pak, Percocet, Pertzye, Pheburane, Picato, Pioglitazone-Glimepiride, Pirfenidone 534 mg tablet, Plaquenil, Pradaxa, Praluent, Prevacid SoluTab, Prevpac, Prialt, Prilo Patch, Prilopentin, Primlev, Primsol, Pristig, ProAir Digihaler, Prolate, Prudoxin, Purified Cortrophin gel, Purixan, Qbrelis, Qbrexza, Qdolo, Qelbree, Qmiiz, QNASL, Qtern, Qudexy XR, QuilliChew ER, Quillivant XR, Quinixil, Quinosone, Qwo, Ranexa, Rasuvo, Rayos, Recarbrio, Reditrex, Relexxii, Relion Insulins, Relprevv, Reltone, Retin-A Micro pump gel (0.06 %, 0.08 %), Revatio, Rezvoglar, Rhofade, Ribasphere, Ridaura, Riomet, Riomet ER, Rocklatan, Ryaltris, Ryvent, Ryzodeg 70/30, Sabril, Samsca, Saphris, Sarafem, Savaysa, Saxagliptin-Metformin ER, Seconal, Seebri Neohaler, Seglentis, Segluromet, Semglee, Sensipar, Sernivo, Seysara, Siklos, Silenor, Sila III pak, Silig subcutaneous injection, Simlandi, Simponi, Simvastatin suspension, Skelaxin, Skelid, Soaanz, Sofdra, Soligua, Solodyn, Solosec, Soolantra, Sorilux, Sotyktu, Sovaldi, Sovaldi pak, Spevigo Subcutaneous, Spironolactone suspension, Sporanox solution, Spritam, Sprix, Sprycel, Steglatro, Steglujan, Striant, Striant buccal, Suboxone, Sumatriptan-Naproxen, Sure Result DSS premium pack, Symbyax, Sympazan, Symproic, Synalar, Syndros, Syprine, Taclonex suspension, Talicia, Taltz, Tanzeum, Targadox, Tascenso ODT, Tasoprol, Tavaborole, Tazarotene foam, Tazarotene cream 0.05%, Tazorac Cream, Tazorac Gel, Tecfidera, Technivie, Thalitone, Thiola, Thiola EC, Thyquidity, Ticlopidine, Tiglutik, Tiopronin, Tivorbex, Tolak, Tolsura, Topiramate ER, Tosymra, Tovet kit, Tracleer, Tradjenta, Tramadol oral solution, Tretinoin Microsphere Gel 0.08 %, Treximet, Tri-Luma, Trixylitral kit, Trokendi XR, Trudhesa, Trulance, Tudorza Pressair, Twyneo, Tyrvaya, Tyzeka, Tyzine, Ubrelvy, Ultravate, Ultresa, Uptravi, Ursodiol capsule (200 mg, 400 mg), Utibron Neohaler, Uzedy, Valsartan oral solution, Vanatol LQ, Vanos, Varophen, Vasotec, Vecamyl, Vectical, Velsipity, Veltassa, Venlafaxine Besylate ER, Veozah, Veramyst, Veregen, Verkazia, Versacloz, Vesicare LS, Vevye, Vexasyn, Vexasyn gel, Vfend oral suspension, V-Go, Viberzi, Vibramycin, Victoza, Victrelis, Viekira, Vigafyde, Viibryd, Viibryd Starter Pack, Vimovo, Viokace, Vivlodex, Vogelxo, Voguezna dual pak, Voriconazole oral suspension, Vtol LQ solution, Vyzulta, Wakix, Wegovy, Winlevi, Wynorza, Xaciato, Xadago, Xartemis XR, Xatmep, Xcopri, Xelitral pack, Xeloda, Xelstrym, Xenazine, Xenleta, Xerese, Xermelo, Xhance, Ximino, Xtampza ER, Xultophy, Xyosted, Yosprala, Yuflyma, Yupelri, Yusimry, Zanaflex capsule, Zavzpret, Zcort, Zebutal, Zecuity, Zelnorm, Zembrace, Zenevix, Zepatier, Zetonna, Zileuton ER, Zinbryta, Zipsor, Zituvimet, Zituvimet XR, Zituvio, Zolpak, Zolpidem capsule, Zolpimist, Zonalon, Zonisade, Zorvolex, ZTLido, Z-Tuss, Zyclara, Zymfentra, Zypitamag, Zytiga

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Documented intolerance or treatment failure with the formulary alternatives for the submitted diagnosis
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved compendia supported dosing
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage Duration:	• Dependent on expected duration of therapy and necessity of documentation of response
	to therapy



POLICY NAME: MEPOLIZUMAB Affected Mediactions: NULCALA (monoli

Affected Medications: NUCALA (mepolizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	• Add-on maintenance treatment of patients with severe asthma aged 6 years and
	older with an eosinophilic phenotype
	 Treatment of adult patients with eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA)
	 Treatment of patients aged 12 years and older with hypereosinophilic syndrome (HES)
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps (CRSwNP) in adult patients 18 years of age and older with inadequate response to nasal corticosteroids (NCS)
Required Medical	Eosinophilic asthma
Information:	Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by both of the
	following:
	 Baseline eosinophil count of at least 150 cells/µL OR dependent on daily oral corticosteroids
	 AND FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
	EGPA
	 Diagnosis of relapsing or refractory EGPA confirmed by all of the following: Chronic rhinosinusitis
	 Asthma Blood eosinophilia (at least 1,500 cells/mcL and/or 10% eosinophils on differential) at baseline
	 Diagnosis must be confirmed by a second clinical opinion
	 Documented relapsing disease while on the highest tolerated oral corticosteroid dose
	HES
	Diagnosis of HES with all of the following:
	 Blood eosinophil count greater than or equal to 1,000 cells/mcL Disease duration greater than 6 months
	 Disease duration greater than 6 months At least 2 flares within the past 12 months
	• At least 2 flares within the past 12 months
	 Lab work showing Fip1-like1-platelet-derived growth factor receptor alpha (FIP1L1-PDGFRα) mutation negative disease
	 Non-hematologic secondary HES (e.g., drug hypersensitivity, parasitic helminth
	infection, HIV infection, non-hematologic malignancy) has been ruled out
	 Documentation that disease is currently controlled on the highest tolerated glucocorticoid
	dose (defined as an improvement in clinical symptoms and a decrease in eosinophil count by at least 50% from baseline)
	· · · · · ·



	CRSwNP
	Documentation of both of the following:
	 Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total
	ethmoidectomy
	 Indicated for revision sinus endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction)
Appropriate	Eosinophilic asthma
Treatment	 Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta
Regimen & Other	agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
Criteria:	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaler treatment with at least 80% adherence Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	<u>EGPA</u>
	Documented treatment failure or contraindication to at least two oral immunosuppressant drugs (azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate) for at least 12 weeks each
	HES
	 Documented treatment failure or contraindication to at least 12 weeks of hydroxyurea
	(not required if patient has a lymphocytic variant of HES [L-HES])
	Documented treatment failure with interferon alfa
	CRSwNP
	Documented treatment failure with at least 1 intranasal corticosteroid (such as
	fluticasone) after ethmoidectomy
	Documented treatment failure with Sinuva implant
	Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Fasenra, Xolair, Cinqair, Tezspire)
Age Restriction:	Eosinophilic asthma: 6 years of age and older
	EGPA: 18 years of age and older
	HES: 12 years of age and older
	CRSwNP: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	• Eosinophilic asthma: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist,
Care Restrictions:	or pulmonologist
	 <u>EGPA</u>: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of EGPA (such as an immunologist or rheumatologist)
	HES: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of HES (such as
	an immunologist or hematologist)
	 <u>CRSwNP</u>: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist



	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: METHYLNALTREXONE

Affected Medications: RELISTOR (methylnaltrexone bromide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Opioid-induced constipation in adult patients with advanced illness or pain caused by active cancer who require opioid dosage escalation for palliative care Opioid-induced constipation in adult patients with chronic non-cancer pain, including patients with chronic pain related to prior cancer or its treatment who do not require frequent (e.g., weekly) opioid dosage escalation 			
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of treatment of opioid-induced constipation (OIC) in an adult with: Advanced illness who is receiving palliative care OR Chronic non-cancer pain who has taken opioids for at least 4 weeks 			
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 OIC in adults with chronic non-cancer pain Documented treatment failure or contraindication to a trial of all of the following: Lubiprostone Linzess Movantik 			
Exclusion Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success, a clinically significant response to therapy, and documentation of continued opioid use			
Age Restriction:	Known or suspected mechanical gastrointestinal obstruction or increased risk for recurrent obstruction			
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care			
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 			



POLICY NAME: **METRELEPTIN** Affected Medications: MYALEPT (metreleptin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) annound indications not all provide a such dad by
Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Congenital or acquired generalized lipodystrophy as a result of leptin deficiency
Required	Current weight
Medical	 Baseline serum leptin levels, hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c), fasting glucose, fasting
Information:	triglycerides, fasting serum insulin
	 Prior Myalept use will require testing for anti-metrepeptin antibodies
	Documented leptin deficiency confirmed by laboratory testing (serum leptin of less than
	12 ng/mL)
	Documentation of congenital or acquired generalized lipodystrophy with least ONE of the
	following:
	 Concurrent hypertriglyceridemia
	 Concurrent diabetes
Appropriate	Generalized lipodystrophy with concurrent hypertriglyceridemia
Treatment	 Triglycerides of 500 mg/dL or higher despite optimized therapy with at least two
Regimen &	triglyceride-lowering agents from different classes (e.g., fibrates, statins) at maximum
Other Criteria:	tolerated doses for at least 12 weeks each
	Generalized lipodystrophy with concurrent diabetes
	 Persistent hyperglycemia (HbA1c 7 percent or greater) despite dietary intervention and
	optimized insulin therapy at maximally tolerated doses for at least 12 weeks
	optimized medim therapy at maximally telefated debee for at least 12 weeke
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy documented by increased metabolic control defined by improvement in
	HbA1c, fasting glucose, and fasting triglyceride levels
Exclusion	Partial lipodystrophy
Criteria:	General obesity not associated with leptin deficiency
	HIV-related lipodystrophy
	Metabolic disease, including diabetes mellitus and hypertriglyceridemia, without
	concurrent documentation of generalized lipodystrophy
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

MIACALCIN

Affected Medications: MIACALCIN injection (calcitonin-salmon)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Paget's disease of bone Hypercalcemia
Required Medical	 <u>Hypercalcemia</u> Documented calcium level greater than or equal to 14 mg/dL (3.5 mmol/L)
Information:	
	Paget's disease of bone
	 Documented baseline radiographic findings of osteolytic bone lesions
	 Abnormal liver function test (LFT), including alkaline phosphatase
	Documented lack of malignancy within the past 3 months
Appropriate	<u>Hypercalcemia</u>
Treatment	Documentation that additional methods for lowering calcium (such as intravenous fluids)
Regimen &	did not result in adequate efficacy OR
Other Criteria:	Clinical judgement necessitated immediate administration without waiting for other methods to show efficacy
	 Paget's disease of bone Documented trial and failure (or intolerable adverse event) with an adequate trial of both of the following: Zoledronic acid (at least one dose)
	 Oral bisphosphonate (e.g., alendronate, risedronate) for at least 8 weeks OR
	 Documentation that the patient has severe renal impairment (e.g., creatinine clearance less than 35 mL/min) AND
	Documentation of all of the following:
	 Normal vitamin D and calcium levels and/or supplementation Symptoms that necessitate treatment with medication (e.g., bone pain, bone deformity)
	Reauthorization – Paget's disease of bone:
	 Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy (such as stable or lowered alkaline phosphatase level, resolution of bone pain or other symptoms)
Exclusion	Related to Paget's disease of bone
Criteria:	 History of a skeletal malignancy or bone metastases
	 Concurrent use of zoledronic acid or oral bisphosphonates
	 Asymptomatic Paget's Disease of the bone
	Treatment or prevention of osteoporosis
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older - for Paget's disease of bone only
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage	•	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:		



POLICY NAME: MIGLUSTAT Affected Medications: MIGLUSTAT

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult patients with mild to moderate type 1 Gaucher disease Compendia-supported uses that will be covered: Niemann-Pick disease type C (NPC)
Required Medical Information:	 <u>Gaucher Disease</u> Diagnosis of Gaucher disease confirmed by ONE of the following: An enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of betaglucocerebrosidase enzyme activity Detection of biallelic pathogenic variants in the GBA gene by molecular genetic testing Enzyme replacement therapy is not a therapeutic option (e.g., due to allergy, hypersensitivity, or poor venous access)
	 NPC Diagnosis of NPC confirmed by genetic testing showing biallelic pathogenic variants in either the NPC1 gene or NPC2 gene Documentation of at least one neurological symptom of Niemann-Pick disease type C, such as: Loss of motor function Problems with swallowing or speech Cognitive impairment Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane Documentation of baseline signs and symptoms of NPC
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Gaucher Disease: <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy <u>NPC</u> : <u>Reauthorization</u> requires:
Exclusion Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment success defined as stability or improvement of Niemann-Pick disease type C signs and symptoms Documentation that patient is still ambulatory Female of childbearing potential who is pregnant or planning a pregnancy
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, one of the following: A specialist in the management of Gaucher disease (hematologist, oncologist, hepatologist, geneticist or orthopedic specialist) A specialist in the management of NPC (such as a geneticist, endocrinologist, metabolic disorder subspecialist, or neurologist) All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MILTEFOSINE Affected Medications: IMPAVIDO (miltefosine)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of the following in adults and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older weighing greater than or equal to 30 kg (66 lbs): Visceral leishmaniasis caused by <i>Leishmania donovani</i> Cutaneous leishmaniasis caused by <i>Leishmania braziliensis</i>, <i>Leishmania guyanensis</i>, and <i>Leishmania panamensis</i> Mucosal leishmaniasis caused by <i>Leishmania braziliensis</i> 	
Required Medical	All Indications	
Information:	Current weight	
	 <u>Visceral Leishmaniasis</u> Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by smear or culture in tissue (usually bone marrow or spleen) 	
	 <u>Cutaneous and Mucosal Leishmaniasis</u> Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by histology, culture, or molecular analysis via polymerase chain reaction (PCR) 	
Appropriate	Dosing:	
Treatment	30 to 44 kg: 50 mg twice daily for 28 days	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	45 kg or greater: 50 mg three times daily for 28 days	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Pregnancy Sjögren-Larsson syndrome Weight less than 30 kg (66 lbs) Treatment of leishmaniasis outside of the visceral, cutaneous, or mucosal settings Treatment of other <i>Leishmania</i> species 	
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist	
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: **MITAPIVAT** Affected Medications: PYRUKYND (mitapivat tablet)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise exclu plan design Hemolytic anemia 		
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of pyruvate kinase deficiency (PKD), defined by ALL the following: Presence of at least two mutant alleles in the pyruvate kinase liver and red bl cell (PKLR) gene At least one of the mutant alleles is a missense mutation Documentation of ONE of the following: Receiving regular transfusions: A minimum of 6 transfusion episodes in the 12-month period prior to treatment AND Baseline transfusion amount, including date of transfusion and number of red blood cell (RBC) units transfused OR Not receiving regular transfusions: No more than 4 transfusions in the 12-month period prior to treatment and no transfusions in the 3-month period prior to treatment AND Baseline hemoglobin (Hb) must be less than or equal to 10 g/dL 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Baseline hemoglobin (Hb) must be less than or equal to 10 g/dL <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy, defined as: <u>For patients receiving regular transfusions at baseline</u>: must document greater than o equal to a 33% reduction in RBC units transfused compared to baseline <u>For patients not receiving regular transfusions at baseline</u>: must document greater that or equal to a 1.5 g/dL increase in Hb from baseline sustained at 2 or more scheduled visits AND no transfusions were needed Discontinue therapy after 6 months if no benefit in transfusion requirement or Hb has been observed Dose: Approve 5 mg, 20 mg, and 50 mg tablets (QL of 56 per 28 days) per dosing schedule below 		



		Table 1: Dose Titration Schedule
	Duration	Dosage
	Week 1 through Week 4	5 mg twice daily
	Week 5 through Week 8	If Hb is below normal range or patient has required a transfusion within the last 8 weeks:
		 Increase to 20 mg twice daily and maintain for 4 weeks.
		If Hb is within normal range and patient has not required a transfusion within the last 8 weeks:
		 Maintain 5 mg twice daily.
	Week 9 through Week 12	If Hb is below normal range or patient has required a transfusion within the last 8 weeks:
		 Increase to 50 mg twice daily and maintain thereafter.
		If Hb is within normal range and patient has not required a transfusion within the last 8 weeks:
		 Maintain current dose (5 mg twice daily or 20 mg twice daily).
	Maintenance	If Hb decreases, consider up-titration to the maximum of 50 mg twice daily as per the above schedule.
Exclusion Criteria:	 (without the pre Splenectomy so prior to starting Previous bone Receiving hem 	or the c.1436G>A (p.R479H) variant or have a esence of another missense variant) in the Pk cheduled during treatment or have undergone treatment marrow or stem cell transplant atopoietic stimulating agents or anabolic stere within 28 days prior to treatment
Age Restriction:	Must be 18 yea	ars or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:		or in consultation with, a hematologist re subject to utilization of the most cost-effect
Coverage Duration:		ation: 6 months, unless otherwise specified n: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MOMETASONE SINUS IMPLANT

Affected Medications: SINUVA (mometasone sinus implant)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps in patients who have had ethmoid sinus surgery
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of a diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total ethmoidectomy Indication for revision endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure to an adequate trial (minimum of 3 months each) with two nasal corticosteroid sprays Documented treatment failure of a minimum 14-day trial with an oral corticosteroid <u>Reauthorization</u>: documented presence of ethmoid sinus polyps, grade 1 or higher, at least 90 days after previous treatment with Sinuva
Exclusion Criteria:	 Known history of resistant or poor response to oral steroids Acute bacterial or invasive fungal sinusitis Immune deficiency (including cystic fibrosis)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MONOMETHYL FUMARATE

Affected Medications: BAFIERTAM (monomethyl fumarate)

Covered Uses: Required Medical	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS) Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS 	
Information:	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Relapsing forms of MS</u> Coverage of Bafiertam (monomethyl fumarate) requires documentation of one of the following: Documented disease progression or intolerable adverse event with one of the following: teriflunomide, dimethyl fumarate or fingolimod Currently receiving treatment with Bafiertam (monomethyl fumarate), excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program <u>Reauthorization</u> requires provider attestation of treatment success 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of multiple sclerosis	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or a multiple sclerosis specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.	



POLICY NAME: MOTIXAFORTIDE

Affected Medications: APHEXDA (motixafortide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan
	 In combination with filgrastim (granulocyte colony-stimulating factor [G-CSF]) to mobilize hematopoietic stem cells (HSCs) to the peripheral blood circulation to
	facilitate their collection for subsequent autologous stem cell transplantation (ASCT) in patients with multiple myeloma (MM)
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better (autologous HSCT must be NCCN recommended)
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
	Documentation of diagnosis of multiple myeloma in first or second remission
	Eligible for Autologous stem cell transplantation (ASCT)
	At least 7 days from most recent high dose induction therapy
	No single agent chemotherapy or maintenance therapy within 7 days
	Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status (PS) of 0 or 1
Appropriate	Inadequate stem cell collection amount despite previous trial with ALL the following:
Treatment	 Single agent granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF)
Regimen & Other	 G-CSF in combination with plerixafor
Criteria:	No reauthorization
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status (PS) of 2 or greater
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS (MPS) AGENTS

Affected Medications: VIMIZIM (elosulfase alfa), NAGLAZYME (galsulfase), MEPSEVII (vestronidase alfa-vjbk), ALDURAZYME (laronidase), ELAPRASE (idursulfase)

I	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Vimizim: Mucopolysaccharidosis type IVA (MPS IVA; Morquio A syndrome) Naslasymes: Mucopolysaccharidosis type 2/4 (MPS)/4 Morateouv/ Lemu
	 Naglazyme: Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI (MPS VI, Maroteaux-Lamy syndrome)
	 Mepsevii: Mucopolysaccharidosis VII (MPS VII; Sly Syndrome)
	• Aldurazyme:
	 Hurler Mucopolysaccharidosis type I (MPS I H)
	 Herler-Scheie Mucopolysaccharidosis type I (MPS I H/S)
	 Scheie form of Mucopolysaccharidosis (MPS I S) with moderate to source symptome
	severe symptoms
Required Medical	 Elaprase: Mucopolysaccharidosis type II (MPS II; Hunters syndrome) Diagnasis of apacific MDS type confirmed by approve apacy abaying definition activity of
Information:	Diagnosis of specific MPS type confirmed by enzyme assay showing deficient activity of the relevant enzyme CP detection of acthematic mutations in the relevant encycle.
information:	the relevant enzyme OR detection of pathogenic mutations in the relevant gene by
	molecular genetic testing, as follows:
	 For Vimizim: N-acetylgalactosamine 6-sulfatase (GALNS) enzyme or GALNS gene
	 For Naglazyme: N-acetylgalactosamine 4-sulfatase (ASB) enzyme or
	Arylsulfatase B (ARSB) gene
	 For Mepsevii: beta-glucuronidase (GUSB) enzyme or GUSB gene
	 For Aldurazyme: alpha-L-iduronidase (IDUA) enzyme or IDUA gene
	 For Elaprase: iduronate 2-sulfatase (I2S or IDS) enzyme or IDS gene
	Documented clinical signs and symptoms of MPS, such as soft tissue abnormality,
	skeletal abnormality, joint abnormality, respiratory disease, gait abnormality, motor
	issues, or cardiac abnormality
	Baseline value for one or more of the following:
	 Function test such as the Bruininks-Oseretsky Test of Motor Proficiency (BOT-
	2), 6-minute walk test (6MWT), three-minute stair climb test (3-MSCT), or
	pulmonary function tests (PFTs)
	 Liver and/or spleen volume
	 Urinary glycosaminoglycan (GAGs) level
Appropriate	Dose does not exceed the recommended dosing according to the FDA label
Treatment	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will
Regimen & Other	be enforced
Criteria:	
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as ONE or more of
	 the following: Stability or improvement in function tests such as BOT-2, 6MWT, 3-MSCT, or PFTs
	Reduction in liver and/or spleen volume
	Reduction in urinary GAG level
	Other clinically significant improvement in MPS signs and symptoms



Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of central nervous system manifestation of the disorder
	Severe, irreversible cognitive impairment
Age Restriction:	Vimizim and Naglazyme: 5 years of age and older
	Elaprase: 16 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of inherited
Care Restrictions:	metabolic disorders, such as a geneticist or endocrinologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY RNA THERAPY

Affected Medications: AMONDYS 45 (casimersen), EXONDYS 51 (eteplirsen), VYONDYS 53 (golodirsen), VILTEPSO (viltolarsen)

Covered Uses:	• Casimersen (Amondys 45), eteplirsen (Exondys 51), golodirsen (Vyondys 53), and viltolarsen (Viltepso) are not considered medically necessary due to insufficient evidence of therapeutic value.
Required Medical	
Information:	
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	



POLICY NAME: MYELOID GROWTH FACTORS

Affected Medications: UDENYCA (pegfilgrastim-cbqv), FULPHILA (pegfilgrastim-jmdb), NEULASTA (pegfilgrastim), ZIEXTENZO (pegfilgrastim-bmez), NYVEPRIA (pegfilgrastim-apgf), NEUPOGEN (filgrastim), ZARXIO (filgrastim-sndz), GRANIX (tbo-filgrastim), LEUKINE (sargramostim), NIVESTYM (filgrastim-aafi), RELEUKO (filgrastim-ayow), FYLNETRA (pegfilrastim-pbbk), ROLVEDON (eflapegrastim-xnst), STIMUFEND (pegfilgrastim-fpgk)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design		
	Neupogen, Nivestym, Releuko and Zarxio Patients with Cancer Receiving Myelosuppressive Chemotherapy		
	• Indicated to decrease the incidence of infection, as manifested by febrile neutropenia, in patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs associated with a significant incidence of severe neutropenia with fever.		
	Patients With Acute Myeloid Leukemia Receiving Induction or Consolidation		
	<u>Chemotherapy</u>		
	• Indicated for reducing the time to neutrophil recovery and the duration of fever, following induction or consolidation chemotherapy treatment of adults with acute myeloid leukemia.		
	Patients with Cancer Receiving Bone Marrow Transplant		
	• Indicated to reduce the duration of neutropenia and neutropenia-related clinical sequelae,		
	(e.g., febrile neutropenia) in patients with non-myeloid malignancies undergoing myeloablative chemotherapy followed by marrow transplantation.		
	Patients Undergoing Autologous Peripheral Blood Progenitor Cell Collection and		
	Therapy (Neupogen, Nivestym, Zarxio)		
	 Indicated for the mobilization of autologous hematopoietic progenitor cells into the peripheral blood for collection by leukapheresis. 		
	Patients With Severe Chronic Neutropenia		
	 Indicated for chronic administration to reduce the incidence and duration of sequelae of neutropenia (e.g., fever, infections, oropharyngeal ulcers) in symptomatic patients with 		
	congenital neutropenia, cyclic neutropenia, or idiopathic neutropenia.		
	Patients Acutely Exposed to Myelosuppressive Doses of Radiation (Hematopoietic Syndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome) (Neupogen)		
	 Indicated to increase survival in patients acutely exposed to myelosuppressive doses of radiation. 		
	Leukine		
	Use Following Induction Chemotherapy in Acute Myelogenous Leukemia		
	 Indicated for use following induction chemotherapy in older adult patients with acute myelogenous leukemia to shorten time to neutrophil recovery and to reduce the incidence of severe and life-threatening infections and infections resulting in death. 		



	Use in Mobilization and Following Transplantation of Autologous Peripheral Blood
	 Progenitor Cells Indicated for the mobilization of hematopoietic progenitor cells into peripheral blood for
	collection by leukapheresis.
	Use in Myeloid Reconstitution After Autologous Bone Marrow Transplantation
	Indicated for acceleration of myeloid recovery in patients with non-Hodgkin's lymphoma
	(NHL), acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) and Hodgkin's disease undergoing
	autologous bone marrow transplantation (BMT).
	Use in Myeloid Reconstitution After Allogeneic Bone Marrow Transplantation
	 Indicated for acceleration of myeloid recovery in patients undergoing allogeneic BMT
	from human leukocyte antigen (HLA)-matched related donors.
	Use in Bone Marrow Transplantation Failure or Engraftment Delay
	Indicated in patients who have undergone allogeneic or autologous BMT in whom
	engraftment is delayed or has failed.
	Neulasta, Fulphila, Udenyca, Ziextenzo, Nyvepria, Fylnetra, Stimufend, and Rolvedon
	Patients with Cancer Receiving Myelosuppressive Chemotherapy
	Indicated to decrease the incidence of infection, as manifested by febrile neutropenia, in
	patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs
	associated with a significant incidence of severe neutropenia with fever.
	Patients with Hematopoietic Subsyndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome (Neulasta,
	Udenyca, Ziextenzo)
	Indicated to increase survival in patients acutely exposed to myelosuppressive doses of
	radiation
	Granix
	Indicated to reduce the duration of severe neutropenia in patients with non-myeloid
	malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs associated with a clinically
	significant incidence of febrile neutropenia.
	Compendia supported uses that will be covered (if applicable)
	Neupogen/Granix/Zarxio/Nivestym/Leukine:
	 Treatment of chemotherapy-induced febrile neutropenia in patients with non-myeloid malignancies
	 Treatment of anemia in patients with myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS)
	 Treatment of neutropenia in patients with MDS
	 Following chemotherapy for acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL)
	 Stem cell transplantation-related indications
	Agranulocytosis
	Aplastic anemia
	 Neutropenia related to human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)
	Neutropenia related to renal transplantation
Required Medical	Complete blood counts with differential and platelet counts will be monitored at baseline and regularly throughout thereasy.
Information:	and regularly throughout therapy



	Documentation of therapy intention (curative, palliative) for prophylaxis of febrile
	neutropenia
	Documentation of patient specific risk factors for febrile neutropenia
	Documentation of febrile neutropenia risk associated with the chemotherapy regimen
	Documentation of planned treatment course
Annanziata	Documentation of current patient weight
Appropriate Treatment	Filgrastim products: Neupogen, Nivestym, Releuko, Zarxio, Granix
Regimen &	When requested via the MEDICAL benefit:
Other Criteria:	Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and Granix, is provided when
other officina.	the member meets the following criteria:
	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Zarxio and Nivestym
	When requested through the specialty PHARMACY benefit:
	Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Zarxio, Releuko and Granix, is provided
	when the member meets the following criteria:
	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Nivestym
	Sargramostim product: Leukine
	Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when the member meets one of
	the following criteria:
	• Leukine will be used for myeloid reconstitution after autologous or allogenic bone marrow
	transplant or bone marrow transplant engraftment delay or failure
	A documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to preferred products listed
	above
	Destitues d'actue de la Nacionale de Establite di Januare Ziendenne. Nacionale Estadore
	Pegfilgrastim products: Neulasta, Fulphila, Udenyca, Ziextenzo, Nyvepria, Fylnetra,
	Stimufend, Rolvedon
	Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neulasta, Fylnetra, Rolvedon, Stimufend, Ziextenzo
	and Nyvepria is provided when the member meets the following criteria:
	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Fulphila and Udenyca
	Eflapegrastim product: Rolvedon
	Coverege for the new professed product. Delveden is previded when the member results the
	Coverage for the non-preferred product, Rolvedon, is provided when the member meets the
	 following criteria: Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to the preferred pegfilgrastim
	 Documented treatment failure of intolerable adverse event to the preferred pegligrastim products Fulphila and Udenyca
	For prophylaxis of febrile neutropenia (FN) or other dose-limiting neutropenic events
	for patients receiving myelosuppressive anticancer drugs:
	Meets ONE of the following:
	Curative Therapy:
	 High risk (greater than 20% risk) for febrile neutropenia based on chemotherapy
	regimen OR
	 Intermediate risk (10-20% risk) for febrile neutropenia based on chemotherapy
	regimen with documentation of significant patient risk factors for serious medical
	consequences OR



	 Has experienced a dose-limiting neutropenic event on a previous cycle of current chemotherapy to be continued Palliative Therapy: Myeloid growth factors will not be approved upfront for prophylaxis of febrile neutropenia in the palliative setting. Per the NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network), chemotherapy regimens with a 20% or greater risk of neutropenic events should not be used. If however, a dose limiting neutropenic
	 event occurs on a previous cycle of chemotherapy, and the effectiveness of chemotherapy will be reduced with dose reduction, growth factor will be approved for secondary prophylaxis on a case by case basis. For Treatment of Severe Chronic Neutropenia Must meet <u>ALL</u> the following: Congenital neutropenia, cyclic neutropenia, OR idiopathic neutropenia
	 Current documentation of absolute neutrophil count (ANC) less than 500 cells/microliter Neutropenia symptoms (fever, infections, oropharyngeal ulcers)
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **NAFARELIN** Affected Medications: SYNAREL (nafarelin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Central Precocious Puberty (CPP) Endometriosis
Required Medical Information:	 <u>Central Precocious Puberty:</u> Documentation of CPP confirmed by basal luteinizing hormone (LH), follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH), and either estradiol or testosterone concentrations <u>Endometriosis:</u> Documentation of moderate to severe pain due to endometriosis
Appropriate	Endometriosis:
Treatment	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3 months of both of the following first-line therapies: Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives Maximum treatment duration 6 months total
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use for infertility (if benefit exclusion) Undiagnosed abnormal vaginal bleeding
Age Restriction:	 Endometriosis: 18 years of age and older Central precocious puberty (CPP): 11 years of age or younger (females), 12 years of age or younger (males)
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or gynecologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Endometriosis: 6 months (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified CPP: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **NALOXEGOL** Affected Medications: MOVANTIK (naloxegol)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design.
	 Opioid-induced constipation
Required Medical	Documentation supporting a diagnosis of opioid-induced constipation in a patient with
Information:	chronic, non-cancer pain that has been taking opioids for at least 4 weeks
iniormation.	
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to polyethylene glycol 3350
Treatment	(PEG 3350) and one other laxative (such as lactulose)
Regimen & Other	Deputh existing will require depute the of treatment eveness and a glinically significant
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy, AND documented continued use of opioid pain medication
Exclusion Criteria:	Known or suspected mechanical gastrointestinal obstruction.
Age Restriction:	
0	
Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	



POLICY NAME: NATALIZUMAB Affected Medications: TYSABRI (natalizumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
	 Crohn's disease (CD)
Required Medical	Screening for anti-JC virus (JCV) antibodies prior to initiating Tysabri therapy
Information:	
information.	Relapsing Forms of MS
	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald
	diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	Crohn's disease
	 Moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment
Appropriate	Relapsing Forms of MS
Treatment	 Documentation of treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to:
Regimen & Other	 Rituximab (preferred biosimilar products: Riabni and Ruxience) OR
Criteria:	
Gillena.	
	 Documentation of pregnancy and severe disease
	 <u>Crohn's disease</u> Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 12 weeks of TWO oral treatments: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, sulfasalazine, balsalazide, or methotrexate AND Documented clinical failure with at least 12 weeks of infliximab (preferred biosimilar)
	products: Inflectra and Renflexis) Reauthorization:
	 Anti-JCV antibody <u>negative</u>: documentation of positive clinical response to therapy Anti-JCV antibody <u>positive</u>: documentation of positive clinical response to therapy and periodic MRI to monitor for progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy (PML)
Exclusion Criteria:	Current or prior history of PML
	• MS: concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of
	multiple sclerosis
	CD: concurrent use of other targeted immune modulators for the treatment of Crohn's disease
Age Restriction:	disease
Prescriber/Site of	MS: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or a MS specialist
Care Restrictions:	
	CD: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist



	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 <u>Relapsing Forms of MS:</u> Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	 <u>Crohn's Disease:</u> Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **NAXITAMAB** Affected Medications: DANYELZA (naxitamab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsed or refractory high-risk neuroblastoma in the bone or bone marrow (in combination with granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor [GM-CSF]) in patients who have demonstrated a partial response, minor response, or stable disease to prior therapy NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course. Diagnosis of neuroblastoma as defined per the International Neuroblastoma Response Criteria (INRC): An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or serum) catecholamines or their metabolites] OR
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Must be used in combination with granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor (GM-CSF). Reauthorization will require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Patients with progressive disease
Age Restriction:	1 year of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist/oncologist with expertise in neuroblastoma All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage Duration:	٠	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NEMOLIZUMAB-ILTO

Affected Medications: NEMLUVIO (nemolizumab-ilto)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Prurigo nodularis (PN)
Required Medical	Documentation of all the following:
Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed by skin biopsy
	 Presence of at least 20 PN lesions for at least 3 months
	 Severe itching
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with at least 2 weeks of a super high potency topical
Treatment	corticosteroid (such as clobetasol propionate 0.05%, halobetasol propionate 0.05%)
Regimen & Other	Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of one of the following:
Criteria:	phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporine
	Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of Dupixent (dupilumab)
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with another therapeutic immunomodulator agent
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NEONATAL FC RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

Affected Medications: VYVGART (efgartigimod alfa), VYVGART HYTRULO (efgartigimod alfa and hyaluronidase), RYSTIGGO (rozanolixizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
plan design			
	Vyvgart		
	 Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti- 		
	acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive		
	Rystiggo		
	 Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are AChR or anti- muscle-specific tyrosine kinase (MuSK) antibody positive 		
	Vyvgart Hytrulo		
	 Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti- 		
	acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive		
	 Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP) 		
Dequired Medical			
Required Medical	<u>Myasthenia Gravis</u>		
Information:	Diagnosis of generalized Myasthenia Gravis (gMG) confirmed by one of the following:		
	 A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test 		
	• A positive edrophonium chloride test		
	 Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor 		
	Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV		
	Positive serologic test for AChR or MuSK antibodies (for Rystiggo)		
	Documentation of ONE of the following:		
	 MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater 		
	 Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater 		
	CIDP (Vyvgart Hytrulo only)		
	 Documented baseline in strength/weakness using an objective clinical measuring tool 		
	(INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6 Minute Walk Test, Rankin,		
	Modified Rankin)		
	 Documented disease course is progressive or relapsing and remitting for 2 months or 		
	longer		
	 Abnormal or absent deep tendon reflexes in upper or lower limbs 		
	Electrodiagnostic evidence of demyelination indicated by one of the following: Mater distal latency prolongation in 2 period		
	 Motor distal latency prolongation in 2 nerves Reduction of motor conduction velocity in 2 nerves 		
	 Prolongation of F-wave latency in 2 nerves Absence of F-waves in at least 1 nerve 		
	 Abnormal temporal dispersion in at least 2 nerves Distal CMAP duration increase in at least 1 nerve 		
	Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) analysis indicates all of the following (if electrophysiologic findings are non diagnostic):		
	findings are non-diagnostic):		
	 CSF white cell count of less than 10 cells/mm³ CSF protein is aloueted (greater than or equal to 45mg/dl.) 		
Appropriato	 CSF protein is elevated (greater than or equal to 45mg/dL) 		
Appropriate	Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, corticesteraid, or non-atenaidal immunoquipressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be		
Treatment	corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be		



Regimen & Other	continued during initial treatment with Vyvgart, Vyvgart Hytrulo, or Rystiggo
Criteria:	
	 Documentation of ONE of the following: Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate) Need for ongoing rescue therapy (at least 3 courses in the past 12 months) with plasmapheresis, plasma exchange, or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) while consistently taking immunosuppressive therapy (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate)
	Coverage for Rystiggo is provided when one of the following is met:
	Currently receiving treatment with Rystiggo, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs
	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Vyvgart for AChR antibody positive gMG
	Documented treatment failure with rituximab for MuSK antibody positive gMG (preferred products: Riabni, Ruxience)
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization:
	 Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy defined as:
	 A minimum 2-point reduction in MG-ADL score from baseline or improvement in QMG total score
	 Absent or reduced need for rescue therapy compared to baseline Documentation that the patient requires continuous treatment, after an initial beneficial response, due to new or worsening disease activity
	Note : a minimum of 50 days for Vyvgart/Vyvgart Hytrulo or 63 days for Rystiggo must have elapsed from the start of the previous treatment cycle
	 <u>CIDP (Vyvgart Hytrulo only)</u> Documented trial and failure of at least 3 months of intravenous or subcutaneous immune globulin
	Reauthorization:
	 Documentation of a clinical response to therapy based on an objective clinical measuring tool (e.g., INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6-Minute walk test, Rankin, Modified Rankin)
Exclusion Criteria:	Immunoglobulin G (IgG) levels less than 600 mg/dL at baseline
Age Restriction:	 Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for the treatment of gMG 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	
	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NIEMANN-PICK DISEASE TYPE C (NPC) AGENTS

Affected Medications: MIPLYFFA (arimoclomol citrate), AQNEURSA (levacetylleucine)

Pick disease type C (NPC) confirmed by genetic testing showing biallelic pathogenic variants in ene or NPC2 gene at least one neurological symptom of Niemann-Pick disease type C, otor function with swallowing or speech impairment being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a r, or cane	
confirmed by genetic testing showing biallelic pathogenic variants in ene or NPC2 gene at least one neurological symptom of Niemann-Pick disease type C, otor function with swallowing or speech impairment being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a	
ene or NPC2 gene at least one neurological symptom of Niemann-Pick disease type C, otor function with swallowing or speech impairment being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a	
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with swallowing or speech impairment being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a	
with swallowing or speech impairment being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a	
impairment being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a	
being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a	
r, or cane	
baseline signs and symptoms of NPC	
Documentation that patient has been receiving miglustat with a stable dose for at least	
the past 6 consecutive months	
at Miplyffa will be taken in combination with miglustat	
ires:	
treatment success defined as stability or improvement of Niemann-	
C signs and symptoms	
at patient is still ambulatory	
the drug continues to be used in combination with miglustat	
d Aqneursa in combination	
of age and older	
of age and older and pediatric patients weighing 15 kilograms or greater	
-	
and pediatric patients weighing 15 kilograms or greater	
and pediatric patients weighing 15 kilograms or greater in consultation with, a specialist in the management of NPC (such as a	
r	



POLICY NAME: **NILOTINIB** Affected Medications: TASIGNA (nilotinib)

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed treatment regimen Documentation Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1-positive mutation status
Appropriate Treatment	For patients with Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CML) and low-risk score, documented clinical failure with imatinib
Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response)
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less, ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NIROGACESTAT

Affected Medications: OGSIVEO (nirogacestat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Progressive desmoid tumor(s) requiring systemic therapy
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
	Diagnosis of biopsy proven desmoid tumor/aggressive fibromatosis (DT/AF) with documentation of tumor progression (tumor growth causing chronic pain, disfigurement, internal bleeding, and/or impaired range of motion)
Appropriate	Documentation of clinical failure with sorafenib
Treatment	Deputh or institute depute the set discourse and a set the set of the set of
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NON-Preferred HYALURONIC ACID DERIVATIVES

Affected Medications: DUROLANE (hyaluronic acid), EUFLEXXA (1% sodium hyaluronate), GEL-ONE (cross-linked hyaluronate), GELSYN-3 (sodium hyaluronate 0.84%), GENVISC 850 (sodium hyaluronate), HYALGAN (sodium hyaluronate), HYMOVIS (high molecular weight viscoelastic hyaluronan), MONOVISC (high molecular weight hyaluronan), SUPARTZ (sodium hyaluronate), SYNOJOYNT (sodium hyaluronate), TRILURON (sodium hyaluronate), VISCO-3 (sodium hyaluronate)

1.	Is this the first time a Hyaluronic Acid (HA) derivative product is being used in this member for this indication?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Document date of last use and go to Renewal criteria
2.	Is the request for a Food and Drug Administration (FDA)- approved indication: Treatment of osteoarthritis pain of the knee?	Yes – Go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is there documented failure to respond to conservative non- pharmacologic therapy (such as ice, physical therapy) and simple analgesics (such as acetaminophen)?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4.	Has there been a documented intolerable adverse event to Synvisc, Synvisc-One, and Orthovisc with date and description of reactions?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Go to #5
5.	Is the member currently undergoing treatment and coverage is required to complete the current course of treatment?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Document and approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Re	newal for hyaluronic acid (HA) after previous administration	on of HA product	
1.	Is there documentation of treatment success that lasted at least 6 months from date of previous HA administration AND documented intolerable adverse event to Synvisc, Synvisc-One, and Orthovisc with date and description of reactions?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met



Quantity Limitations

- Durolane: 1 injection per course
- Euflexxa: 3 injections per course
- Gel-One: 1 injection per course
- Gelsyn-3: 3 injections per course
- GenVisc 850: 3 to 5 injections per course
- Hyalgan: 5 injections per course
- Hymovis: 2 injections per course
- Monovisc: 1 injection per course
- Supartz: 3 to 5 injections per course
- Synojoynt: 3 injections per course
- Triluron: 3 injections per course
- Trivisc: 3 injections per course
- Visco-3: 3 injections per course



POLICY NAME: NON-PREFERRED MEDICAL DRUG CODES

Affected Medications: BORTEZOMIB, PEMETREXED

Covered Uses:	plan design		oved indications not otherwise e nsive Cancer Network (NCCN) i	-
	with evidence leve			naioationio
Required Medical Information:		<u> </u>		
Appropriate	Approval of a non-preferred medical drug listed below requires documentation of an			
Treatment	intolerable adverse event to all the preferred alternatives, and the adverse event was not			
Regimen & Other	an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient			
Criteria:				
	Drug	Non-Preferred code (Manufacturer)	Preferred Alternatives	
	Bortezomib (Velcade)	J9046 (Dr. Reddys)	J9041, J9048, J9049	
	Pemetrexed (Pemfexy, Alimta, Pemrydi RTU)	J9304 (Apotex)	J9294, J9296, J9297, J9305, J9314, J9324	
	Reauthorization: doo	cumentation of disease resp	onsiveness to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:				
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care			
Care Restrictions:				
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME:

NUEDEXTA

Affected Medications: NUEDEXTA (dextromethorphan hydrobromide/quinidine sulfate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Treatment of pseudobulbar affect (PBA)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of at least ONE underlying neurological condition associated with PBA such as: amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) extrapyramidal and cerebellar disorders (Parkinson's disease, multiple system atrophy, progressive supranuclear palsy) multiple sclerosis (MS) traumatic brain injury Alzheimer's disease and other dementias stroke. Baseline Center for Neurologic Study-Lability Scale (CNS-LS) score of 13 or greater Documentation of treatment failure to a 30-day trial of each of the following: serotonin reuptake inhibitor (SSRI) tricyclic antidepressant (TCA)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as decreased frequency of pseudobulbar affect (PBA) episodes.
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions: Coverage Duration:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **NULIBRY** Affected Medications: NULIBRY (fosdenopterin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To reduce the risk of mortality in patients with molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type A
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of presumptive or genetically confirmed molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type A diagnosis <u>Presumptive diagnosis of Molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type A</u> Documentation of family history meeting ONE of the following: Affected sibling(s) with confirmed MoCD Type A; or a history of deceased sibling(s) with classic MoCD presentation One or both parents are known to carry a copy of the mutated gene [Molybdenum Cofactor Synthesis 1 (MOCS1)] Child has consanguineous parents with a family history of MoCD Onset of clinical and/or laboratory signs and symptoms consistent with MoCD Type A, such as: Clinical presentation: intractable seizures, exaggerated startle response, high-pitched cry, axial hypotonia, limb hypertonia, feeding difficulties Biochemical findings: elevated urinary sulfite and/or S-sulfocysteine (SSC), elevated xanthine in urine or blood, or low/absent uric acid in the urine or blood Genetic testing to confirm diagnosis of MoCD Type A is scheduled or in progress Confirmed diagnosis of MoCD Type A. Diagnosis of MoCD Type A confirmed by genetic testing showing the presence of mutation in molybdenum cofactor synthesis gene 1 (MOSC1)
Appropriate	Reauthorization:
Treatment	Documentation of clinically significant response to therapy as determined by prescribing
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 provider Documentation of genetically confirmed MoCD Type A (MOCS1 mutation) if initially approved for presumptive diagnosis
Exclusion Criteria:	 Molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type B (MOCS2 mutation) MoCD Type C (gephyrin or GPHN mutation)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neonatologist, pediatrician, pediatric neurologist,
Care Restrictions:	 neonatal neurologist, or geneticist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Presumptive diagnosis:



• Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified. Must have confirmed diagnosis for
continued approval.
Confirmed diagnosis:
Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **NUPLAZID** Affected Medications: NUPLAZID (pimavanserin tartrate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of hallucinations and delusions associated with Parkinson's disease (PD) psychosis 	
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Parkinson's disease (PD)	
Information:	Presence of psychotic symptoms: hallucinations and/or delusions described as severe and frequent that started after the PD diagnosis	
Appropriate	Documentation of treatment failure or contraindication to a 30-day trial of quetiapine	
Treatment		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist	
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: **NUSINERSEN** Affected Medications: SPINRAZA (nusinersen)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) 	
Required Medical Information: Diagnosis of SMA type 1, 2, or 3 confirmed by genetic testing of chromoson demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or more copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) Documentation of one of the following baseline motor assessments approp patient age and motor function: 		
Appropriate		
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with or intolerable adverse event on Evrysdi	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of improvement in baseline motor assessment score, clinically meaningful stabilization, or delayed progression of SMA-associated signs and symptoms	
Exclusion Criteria:	 SMA type 4 Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation support) Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi) Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi, risdiplam, etc.) 	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider who is experienced in treatment of spinal muscular atrophy All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 8 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: OCRELIZUMAB

Affected Medications: OCREVUS (ocrelizumab), OCREVUS ZUNOVO (ocrelizumab hyaluronidase)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Primary progressive multiple sclerosis (PPMS) Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical	All Indications:
Information:	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	Primary Progressive MS:
	Documentation of at least one year of disease progression and baseline Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate	Relapsing forms of MS:
Treatment	Coverage of Ocrevus (ocrelizumab) or Ocrevus Zunovo (ocrelizumab hyaluronidase)
Regimen & Other	 requires documentation of one of the following: Documented disease progression or intolerable adverse event with rituximab
Criteria:	(biosimilar products, Riabni and Ruxience, preferred)
	 Currently receiving treatment with Ocrevus (ocrelizumab) or Ocrevus Zunovo
	(ocrelizumab hyaluronidase), excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Active hepatitis B infection
Ana Destrictions	Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of	
	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

OFEV

Affected Medications: OFEV (nintedanib esylate)

Criteria:	<u>SSc-ILD:</u>
Regimen & Other	
Treatment	Documented treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerance to pirfenidone
Appropriate	IPF:
	 Baseline DLCO 30% to less than 80% of predicted
	 Baseline FVC greater than or equal to 45% of predicted
	Documentation of relevant librosis (greater than 10% librotic reatures) on chest HRC1 scan
	 honeycombing) Documentation of relevant fibrosis (greater than 10% fibrotic features) on chest HRCT
	bronchiectasis, new ground-glass opacity or fine reticulation, new/increased
	 Radiological evidence of disease progression (eg, increased traction
	10% or greater OR FVC reduced by 5% or greater)
	 Physiological evidence of disease progression (defined as DLCO reduced by
	 Worsening respiratory symptoms
	 Documented diagnosis of chronic fibrosing ILD with a progressive phenotype (aka progressive pulmonary fibrosis), confirmed by at least two of the following:
	Chronic Fibrosing Interstitial Lung Disease (ILD) with a Progressive Phenotype
	 Documentation of predicted DLCO 30-89% of predicted
	 Documentation of baseline FVC greater than or equal to 40% of predicted
	Documentation of greater than or equal to 10% fibrosis on a chest high resolution computed tomography (HRCT) scan conducted within the previous 12 months
	Documented diagnosis of SSc-ILD
	Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease (SSc-ILD)
	 Baseline diffusing capacity for carbon monoxide (DLCO) greater than or equal to 30 percent predicted
	predicted
	 Baseline forced vital capacity (FVC) greater than or equal to 50 percent
	Documentation of BOTH of the following:
	(e.g., rheumatic disease, environmental exposure, drug toxicity)
	Documentation confirming known causes of interstitial lung disease have been ruled out
	 Probable UIP pattern demonstrated on BOTH HRCT and surgical lung biopsy
	 UIP pattern demonstrated on surgical lung biopsy
	computed tomography (HRCT)
	 Usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) pattern demonstrated on high-resolution
	following:
Required Medical Information:	 Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis (IPF) Documented diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF) confirmed by ONE of the
Deguined Medical	Systemic sclerosis-associated interstitial lung disease (SSc-ILD)
	 Chronic fibrosing interstitial lung disease (ILD) with a progressive phenotype
	 Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF)
1	by plan design



	Documented treatment failure with mycophenolate (MMF)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	 Documentation of airway obstruction (such as pre-bronchodilator FEV/FVC less than 0.7) Combined use with pirfenidone (Esbriet)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist or rheumatologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OLIPUDASE ALFA

Affected Medications: XENPOZYME (olipudase alfa-rpcp)

<u> </u>	
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of non-central nervous system manifestations of acid
	sphingomyelinase deficiency (ASMD) in adult and pediatric patients
Required Medical	Documentation of acid sphingomyelinase deficiency as evidenced by one of the
Information:	following:
	 Enzyme assay showing diminished (less than 10% of controls) or absent acid
	sphingomyelinase (ASM) activity
	 Gene sequencing showing biallelic pathogenic sphingomyelin
	phosphodiesterase-1 (SMPD1) mutation
	Documentation of clinical presentation outside the central nervous system (e.g.,
	hepatosplenomegaly, interstitial lung disease, liver fibrosis, growth restriction of childhood)
	 Documentation of current body mass index (BMI), weight, and height
	 For adults 18 years of age and older, documentation of both of the following:
	 Diffusion capacity of lungs (DLCO) is less than or equal to 70% of the predicted
	normal value
	 Spleen volume greater than or equal to 6 multiples of normal (MN) measured
	by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)
	 For pediatrics 18 years of age and younger, documentation of both of the following:
	 Spleen volume greater than or equal to 5 MN measured by MRI Height Z-score -1 or lower
A	5
Appropriate Treatment	 Dosing: Dosed every two weeks based on FDA label Body mass index (BMI) less than or equal 30, the dosage is based on actual body
	• Body mass index (Bivir) less than of equal 50, the dosage is based on actual body weight (kg)
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 BMI of greater than 30 is dosed based on adjusted body weight
Cinteria.	 Adjusted body weight = (height in m²) x 30
	Availability: 20 mg single-dose vials
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be
	enforced
	Reauthorization requires documentation of improvement in patient specific disease
	presentation such as:
	Improvement in PFT or DLCO
	Improvement in spleen and/or liver volume or function
	Improvement/stability in platelet counts
	Improvement in linear growth progression (pediatric)
Exclusion Criteria:	Exclusive central nervous system manifestations
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OMALIZUMAB Affected Medications: XOLAIR (omalizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of moderate to severe allergic asthma in adults and pediatric patients
	6 years of age and older
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps (ODCuND) is a dult activate
	(CRSwNP) in adult patients
	 Treatment of symptomatic chronic spontaneous urticaria (CSU) in patients 12
	 years of age and older Reduction of allergic reactions (Type I), including anaphylaxis, that may occur
	with accidental exposure to one or more foods in adults and pediatric patients
	aged 1 year and older with an IgE-mediated food allergy
Required Medical	Allergic Asthma
Information:	Documentation of moderate to severe allergic asthma defined by all of the following:
	• A positive skin test or in vitro reactivity to a perennial aeroallergen (e.g., house
	dust mite, animal dander [dog, cat], cockroach, feathers, mold spores)
	 A serum total IgE level at baseline of:
	 At least 30 IU/mL and less than 700 IU/mL in patients 12 years of age
	and older OR
	 At least 30 IU/mL and less than 1,300 IU/mL in patients 6 to 11 years of
	age
	 FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from
	normal
	CREWNR
	CRSwNP Documentation of both of the following:
	 Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total
	ethmoidectomy
	 Indicated for revision sinus endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms
	of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus
	obstruction)
	<u>CSU</u>
	Documentation of active CSU where the underlying cause is not considered to be any
	other allergic condition or other form of urticaria
	• Documentation of presence of recurrent urticaria, angioedema, or both, for a period of
	six weeks or longer
	Documented avoidance of triggers (such as nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs
	[NSAIDs])
	 Documented baseline score from an objective clinical evaluation tool, such as:
	 Urticaria Activity Score (UAS7) (Score of 28 or higher)
	 Orticaria Control Test (UCT)) (Score under 12)
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) (Score of 21 or higher)
L	



	• Chronic Urticaria Quality of Life Questionnaire (CU-QoL) (Score of 75 or higher)
	IgE-Mediated Food Allergy
	 Serum total IgE level between 30 and 1850 IU/mL Body weight between 10 and 150 kg
	 Diagnosis of IgE-mediated food anaphylactic allergy to three or more foods with documented positive skin prick test and positive serum IgE Documentation of past IgE-mediated food anaphylactic reactions requiring use of
	epinephrine despite avoidance of food allergen and modifications to diet
	 Documentation that avoidance of food allergen alone is not feasible based on the number of allergens, malnutrition due to nutritional restrictions, and impaired quality of life causing food allergy-related anxiety
Appropriate Treatment	 <u>Allergic Asthma</u> Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta
Regimen & Other	agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
Criteria:	 Documentation of one of the following: A documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaled treatment with at least 80% adherence.
	 Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	 CRSwNP Documented treatment failure with at least 1 intranasal corticosteroid (such as fluticasone) after ethmoidectomy Documented treatment failure with Sinuva implant
	CSU
	 Documented treatment failure with up to 4-fold standard dosing (must be scheduled) of one of the following second generation H1-antihistamine products for at least one month: cetirizine, fexofenadine, loratadine, desloratadine, or levocetirizine
	• Documented treatment failure with scheduled dosing of ALL of the following for at least one month each:
	 Add-on therapy with a leukotriene antagonist (montelukast or zafirlukast) Add-on therapy with a H2-antagonist (famotidine or cimetidine) Add-on therapy with cyclosporine A
	 IgE-Mediated Food Allergy Trial and failure of oral immunotherapy (OIT)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Fasenra, Nucala, Tezspire, Dupixent, Cinqair)
Age Restriction:	<u>Allergic Asthma</u> : 6 years of age and older
	<u>CRSwNP</u> : 18 years of age and older
	<u>CSU</u> : 12 years of age and older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 <u>Allergic Asthma</u>: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist <u>CRSwNP</u>: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist <u>CSU/IgE-Mediated Food Allergy</u>: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist or immunologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OMAVELOXOLONE

Affected Medications: Skyclarys (omaveloxolone)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Friedreich's ataxia in adults and adolescents aged 16 years and older
Required Medical	Genetically confirmed diagnosis of Friedreich's Ataxia
Information:	Documentation of baseline modified Friedreich's Ataxia Rating Scale (mFARS) score under 81
	Documentation that the patient is still ambulatory or retains enough activity to assist in activities of daily living
Appropriate	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success, such as a reduction in the
Treatment	rate of decline, as determined by prescriber
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	16 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OMIDUBICEL

Affected Medications: OMISIRGE (Omidubicel)

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
	Documented diagnosis of a hematologic malignancy
	Clinically stable and eligible for umbilical cord blood transplantation (UCBT) following myeloablative conditioning
Appropriate	• Must NOT have a matched related donor (MRD), matched unrelated donor (MUD),
Treatment	mismatched unrelated donor (MMUD), or haploidentical donor readily available.
Regimen & Other	Documentation that NONE of the following are present:
Criteria:	• Other active malignancy
	 Active or uncontrolled infection
	 Active central nervous system (CNS) disease
	Reauthorization: None - Omisirge will be used as a one-time treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status (KPS) of 50% or less or Eastern Cooperative Oncology
	Group (ECOG) score of 3 or greater
	HLA (human leukocyte antigen)-matched donor able to donate
	Prior allo-HSCT (hematopoietic stem cell transplantation)
	Pregnancy or lactation
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months for 1 time administration, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ONASEMNOGENE ABEPARVOVEC XIOI

Affected Medications: ZOLGENSMA (onasemnogene abeparvovec xioi)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of SMA type 1 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2 demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or fewer copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene Documentation of previous treatment history Documentation of ventilator use status: Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16 hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days) This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance Documentation of anti-adeno-associated virus (AAV) serotype 9 antibody titer less than or equal 1:50 Patient weight and planned treatment regimen
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi) Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., nusinersen, risdiplam, etc.) Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation support)
Age Restriction:	Children less than 2 years of age
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric neurologist or provider who is experienced in treatment of spinal muscular atrophy All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Approved for one dose only per lifetime, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ONCOLOGY AGENTS

Affected Medications: ABECMA, ABRAXANE, ADCETRIS, ADSTILADRIN, AKEEGA, ALECENSA, ALIQOPA, ALKERAN, ALUNBRIG 180mg ORAL TABLET, ANKTIVA, ARZERRA, ASPARLAS, AUGTYRO, AYVAKIT, AZEDRA, BALVERSA, BAVENCIO, BELEODAQ, BELRAPZO, BENDAMUSTINE, BENDEKA, BESPONSA, BLENREP, BLINCYTO, BOSULIF, BRAFTOVI, BREYANZI, BRUKINSA, CABOMETYX, CALQUENCE, CAPRELSA, CARVYKTI, CLOFARABINE, CLOLAR, COLUMVI, COMETRIQ, COPIKTRA, COSELA, COTELLIC, CYRAMZA, DACOGEN, DARZALEX, DARZALEX FASPRO, DAURISMO, DOXIL, DOXORUBICIN LIPOSOMAL, ELAHERE, ELREXFIO, EMPLICITI, ENHERTU, EPKINLY, ERBITUX, ERIVEDGE, ERLEADA, ERLOTINIB, ERWINAZE, EVOMELA, FOTIVDA, FRUZAQLA, GAZYVA, GAVRETO, GEFITINIB, GILOTRIF, HEPZATO, HYCAMTIN, IBRUTINIB, ICLUSIG, IDHIFA, IMBRUVICA, IMDELLTRA, IMFINZI, IMJUDO, IMLYGIC IRESSA, INLYTA, INQOVI, INREBIC, IOBENGUANE I-131, ISTODAX, ITOVEBI, IXEMPRA, JAKAFI, JAYPIRCA, JELMYTO, JEMPERLI, JEVTANA, KADCYLA, KEYTRUDA, KIMMTRAK, KISQALI, KISQALI FEMARA, KRAZATI, KYMRIAH, KYPROLIS, LAPATINIB, LARTRUVO, LENALIDOMIDE, LENVIMA, LIBTAYO, LONSURF, LOQTORZI, LORBRENA, LUMAKRAS, LUMOXITI, LUNSUMIO, LUTATHERA, LYNPARZA, LYTGOBI, MARGENZA, MARQIBO, MATULANE, MEKINIST, MEKTOVI, MELPHALAN, MONJUVI, MYLOTARG, NAB-PACLITAXEL, NEXAVAR, NERLYNX, NILANDRON, NINLARO, NIVOLUMAB, NUBEQA, ODOMZO, OJEMDA, OJJAARA, ONCASPAR, ONIVYDE, ONUREG, OPDIVO, OPDUALAG, ORSERDU, PADCEV, PAZOPANIB, PEMAZYRE, PEPAXTO, PERJETA, PHOTOFRIN, PIQRAY, PLUVICTO, POLIVY, POMALYST, POTELIGEO, PROLEUKIN, PROVENGE, QINLOCK, RETEVMO, REVLIMID, REZLIDHIA, REZUROCK, ROMIDEPSIN, ROZLYTREK, RUBRACA, RYBREVANT, RYDAPT, RYLAZE, RYTELO, SARCLISA, SORAFENIB, STIVARGA, SUNITINIB, SUTENT, SYNRIBO, TABRECTA, TAFINLAR, TAGRISSO, TALVEY, TALZENNA, TARCEVA, TAZVERIK, TECARTUS, TECELRA, TECENTRIQ, TECENTRIQ HYBREZA, TECVAYLI, TEMODAR, TEMOZOLOMIDE, TEPADINA, TEPMETKO, TEVIMBRA, TIBSOVO, TIVDAK, TORISEL, TREANDA, TRODELVY, TRUQAP, TURALIO, TYKERB, VANFLYTA, VECTIBIX, VENCLEXTA, VERZENIO, VIDAZA, VIVIMUSTA, VIZIMPRO, VONJO, VORANIGO, VOTRIENT, VYXEOS, XALKORI, XOFIGO, XOSPATA, XPOVIO, XTANDI, YERVOY, YESCARTA, YONDELIS, ZALTRAP, ZEJULA TABLETS, ZELBORAF, ZEPZELCA, ZOLINZA, ZYDELIG, ZYKADIA, ZYNLONTA, ZYNYZ

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization:</u> documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **OPIOID QUANTITY ABOVE 90 MORPHINE MILLIGRAM EQUIVALENTS (MME)**

Affected Medications: ALL OPIOIDS

Information: fol	 Necent surgery Recent surgery Acute injury Acute of opioids with a Morphine MME requires: 	e Milligram Equivalents (MME) per day greater than
	MME requires:	winigram Equivalence (winiE) per day greater than
	taper plan or rationale for avoid	ocumentation of risk of abuse apers have been attempted or documentation of a dance of taper initiation
	lating morphine milligram equivale	ents (MME)
Treatment	:	Factor
Regimen & OtherOpioCriteria:Meth	adone	Factor 4.7
Code		0.15
Fenta	anyl transdermal (mcg/hr)	2.4
Hydr	ocodone	1
Hydr	omorphone	5
Morp	hine	1
Охус	odone (Roxicodone, Oxycontin)	1.5
Oxyn	norphone	3
Tram	adol	0.2
Bupr	enorphine patch	**
Таре	ntadol	0.4
Охус	odone myristate	1.67



	 In other words, the conversion factor not accounting for days of use would be 9/5 or 1.8. Since the buprenorphine patch remains in place for 7 days, we have multiplied the conversion factor by 7 (1.8 X 7 = 12.6). In this example, MME/day for four 5 mcg/hr buprenorphine patches dispensed for use over 28 days would work out as follows: Example: 5 mcg/hr buprenorphine patch X (4 patches/28 days) X 12.6 = 9 MME/day. Please note that because this allowance has been made based on the typical dosage of one buprenorphine patch per 7 days. You should first change all days supply in your prescription data to follow this standard, i.e., days supply for buprenorphine patches= # of patches x 7
Exclusion Criteria:	 Pain related to current active cancer Chronic pain related to sickle cell disease Pain related to hospice care Surgery or documented acute injury – 1 month approval
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **OPZELURA** Affected Medications: OPZELURA CREAM (1.5%)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Atopic dermatitis
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of affected body surface area (BSA) and areas of involvement Documentation of severe atopic dermatitis, resulting in functional impairment as defined by one of the following: Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living Significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction Documentation of one or more of the following: BSA of at least 10% Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with a minimum 6-week trial with two of the following: tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream, Eucrisa Documented treatment failure with a minimum 12-week trial of two of the following: phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate Documented treatment failure with a minimum 12-week trial with each of the following: Dupixent, Adbry Reauthorization: No reauthorization permitted.
Exclusion Criteria:	 Combined use with a biologic or Janus kinase (JAK) inhibitor Previous 8-week treatment course Cosmetic indications, such as vitiligo
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 8 weeks (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified.



POLICY NAME: ORAL-INTRANASAL FENTANYL

Affected Medications: ABSTRAL, ACTIQ, FENTORA, FENTANYL CITRATE BUCCAL TABLET, LAZANDA, SUBSYS, FENTANYL CITRATE LOZENGE ON A HANDLE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Management of breakthrough pain in cancer patients who are already receiving and who are tolerant to around-the-clock opioid therapy for their underlying persistent cancer pain 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of ALL of the following: This drug is being prescribed for breakthrough cancer-related pain The patient is currently receiving, and will continue to receive, around-the-clock opioid therapy for underlying persistent cancer pain The patient is opioid tolerant, defined as taking one of the following for one week or longer: At least 60 mg of oral morphine per day At least 30 mg of oral oxycodone per day At least 8 mg of oral hydromorphone per day At least 25 mg of oral oxymorphone per day At least 25 mg of oral oxymorphone per day At least 25 mg of oral hydrocodone per day At least 60 mg of oral hydrocodone per day At least 60 mg of oral hydrocodone per day At least 60 mg of oral hydrocodone per day At least 60 mg of oral hydrocodone per day At least 60 mg of oral hydrocodone per day At least 60 mg of oral hydrocodone per day At least 60 mg of oral hydrocodone per day At least 60 mg of oral hydrocodone per day At least 60 mg of oral hydrocodone per day	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of ONE of the following: The patient is unable to swallow, or has dysphagia, esophagitis, mucositis, or uncontrollable nausea/vomiting The patient has documented intolerance or allergies to two other short-acting narcotics (such as oxycodone, morphine sulfate, hydromorphone, etc.) PDL only: Actiq requests will require documentation of clinical trial and failure with fentanyl citrate lozenge on a handle <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy 	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or specialist in the treatment of cancer-related pain All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: ORENITRAM Affected Medications: ORENITRAM (Treprostinil oral)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required Medical Information:	Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1 • Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criteria: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units • Etiology of PAH: idiopathic, heritable, or associated with connective tissue disease • PAH secondary to one of the following conditions: • Connective tissue disease • Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection • Cirrhosis • Drugs and toxins • Portal hypertension New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class II or higher symptoms • Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: • Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) • Low cardiac index OR • Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of failure with Remodulin The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal medical and/or surgical treatment of the identified condition Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin, Tyvaso, Orenitram should not be used in combination) Not recommended for PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension (e.g., left sided atrial or ventricular disease, left sided valvular heart disease, etc) or disorders of the respiratory system (e.g., chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, interstitial lung disease, obstructive sleep apnea or other sleep disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, etc.) Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class



Exclusion Criteria:	Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh Class C)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



POLICY NAME: ORGOVYX Affected Medications: ORGOVYX (relugolix)

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher	
Required Medical Information:		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Prostate Cancer Ocumented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with leuprolide or degarelix Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: OSILODROSTAT

Affected Medications: ISTURISA (osilodrostat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 Cushing's disease 	
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of Cushing's disease	
Information:	Documentation of at least TWO of the following:	
	• Mean (at least two measurements) 24-hour urine free cortisol (mUFC) greater	
	than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal (ULN) for the assay	
	 Bedtime salivary cortisol (at least two measurements) greater than 145 ng/dL 	
	 Overnight dexamethasone suppression test (DST) with a serum cortisol greater than 1.8 mcg/dL 	
Appropriate	• Documentation confirming pituitary surgery is not an option OR previous surgery has not	
Treatment	been curative	
Regimen & Other		
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as mUFC normalization (i.e., less than or equal to the ULN)	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, neurologist, or adrenal surgeon	
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: OTESECONAZOLE

Affected Medications: VIVJOA (oteseconazole)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To reduce the incidence of recurrent vulvovaginal candidiasis (RVVC) in females with a history of RVVC who are not of reproductive potential, alone or in combination with fluconazole
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of RVVC defined as three or more episodes of symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis infection within the past 12 months Documented presence of signs/symptoms of current acute vulvovaginal candidiasis with a positive potassium hydroxide (KOH) test Documentation confirming that the patient is permanently infertile (e.g., due to tubal ligation, hysterectomy, salpingo-oophorectomy) or postmenopausal
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented disease recurrence following 10 to 14 days of induction therapy with a topical antifungal agent or oral fluconazole, followed by fluconazole 150 mg once per week for 6 months Not to exceed one treatment course per year
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis episodes, and documentation supporting the need for additional treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	Women of reproductive potential or who are pregnant or breastfeeding
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OXERVATE Affected Medications: OXERVATE (cenegermin-bkbj)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
Deguired	Treatment of neurotrophic keratitis
Required Medical	 Documentation of decreased corneal sensitivity (≤ 4 cm using the Cochet-Bonnet aesthesiometer) within the area of the recurrent/persistent epithelial defect or corneal
Information:	ulcer AND outside of the area of the defect, in at least one corneal quadrant
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Stage 2 neurotrophic keratitis, confirmed by presence of recurrent or persistent corneal epithelial defect
	 Stage 3 neurotrophic keratitis, confirmed by presence of corneal ulceration (with or without stromal melting and perforation)
Appropriate	Documented progression in disease severity with all of the following treatments:
Treatment	 Preservative-free artificial tears, gel, or ointments
Regimen &	• Therapeutic corneal or scleral contact lenses
Other Criteria:	 Amniotic membrane transplantation and conjunctival flap surgery OR targent entry OB surgery or the optimized state of the optimized st
	tarsorrhaphy OR cyanoacrylate glue OR soft-bandage contact lens
	Dose may not exceed more than 1 vial per eye per day
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment response, as shown by a reduction in
Exclusion	corneal staining with fluorescein
Criteria:	Active or suspected ocular or periocular infections
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	 Initial Authorization: 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	 Reauthorization: 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified
	Lifetime Limit: 16 weeks (per affected eye)



POLICY NAME:

OXYBATES

Affected Medications: LUMRYZ (sodium oxybate extended release), XYREM (sodium oxybate), XYWAV (oxybate salts), SODIUM OXYBATE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Narcolepsy with cataplexy Narcolepsy with excessive daytime sleepiness (EDS) Idiopathic Hypersomnia (IH) (Xywav only)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed by polysomnography and multiple sleep latency test Other causes of sleepiness have been ruled out or treated (including but not limited to obstructive sleep apnea, insufficient sleep syndrome, shift work, the effects of substances or medications, or other sleep disorders)
	 Narcolepsy with cataplexy: Documentation of cataplexy episodes defined as more than one episode of sudden loss of muscle tone with retained consciousness
	 Narcolepsy with EDS or IH: Current evaluation of symptoms and Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS) score of more than 10 despite treatment
Appropriate	Narcolepsy with cataplexy:
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with TWO of the following for at least 1 month each:
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Venlafaxine Fluoxetine Duloxetine Tricyclic antidepressant (such as clomipramine, protriptyline)
	Narcolepsy or IH, with EDS:
	 Documented treatment failure to all of the following (1 in each category required) for at least 1 month each: Modafinil or armodafinil
	 Methylphenidate, or dextroamphetamine, or lisdexamfetamine Sunosi (Narcolepsy with EDS only)
	Reauthorization:
	 Narcolepsy with cataplexy: requires clinically significant reduction in cataplexy episodes Narcolepsy or IH, with EDS: requires clinically significant improvement in activities of daily living and in Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS) score
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of alcohol, sedative/hypnotic drugs, or other central nervous system depressants.
Age Restriction:	 Use for other untreated causes of sleepiness 7 years of age and older for cataplexy or EDS due to narcolepsy
	 18 years of age and older for EDS due to IH



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a sleep specialist or neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **OZANIMOD** Affected Medications: ZEPOSIA (ozanimod)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design: Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS) Ulcerative Colitis
Required	Multiple Sclerosis
Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	Ulcerative Colitis
	Diagnosis supported by endoscopy/colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy or biopsy with moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment
Appropriate	Relapsing forms of MS
Treatment	Coverage of Zeposia (ozanimod) requires documentation of one of the following:
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented disease progression or intolerable adverse event with one of the following toriflum agride, dimethol formante or fingeligned
	 following: teriflunomide, dimethyl fumarate or fingolimod Currently receiving treatment with Zeposia (ozanimod), excluding via samples or
	 Currently receiving treatment with Zeposia (ozanimod), excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program
	Ulcerative Colitis
	 Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks each: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, azathioprine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, 6- mercaptopurine AND
	• Documented treatment failure with or intolerable adverse event with all preferred pharmacy drugs (Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Xeljanz, Stelara, Rinvoq)
	Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion	• MS: concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of
Criteria:	multiple sclerosis
	UC: concurrent use with a JAK inhibitor or biologic medication for the treatment of ulcerative colitis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	MS: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or a multiple sclerosis specialist
Care Restrictions:	 UC: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: UC: 6 months, unless otherwise specified MS: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
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POLICY NAME: **PALFORZIA** Affected Medications: PALFORZIA (peanut allergen powder)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Mitigation of allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis, that may occur with accidental exposure to peanut
Required Medical	Documented treatment plan, including dose and frequency
Information:	Diagnosis of peanut allergy confirmed by one of the following:
	 A positive skin prick test (SPT) response to peanut with a wheal diameter at least 3 mm larger than the control
	 Serum peanut-specific IgE level greater than or equal to 0.35 kUA/L
	 Documented history of an allergic reaction to peanut with all of the following:
	 Signs and symptoms of a significant systemic allergic reaction to peanut (e.g.,
	hives, swelling, wheezing, hypotension, gastrointestinal symptoms)
	• The reaction occurred within a short period of time following a known ingestion
	of peanut or peanut-containing food
	• The reaction was severe enough to warrant a prescription for an epinephrine
	injection
	Documentation indicating a significant impact on quality of life due to peanut allergies
Appropriate	Dosing:
Treatment	Requests for initial dose escalation: must be between 1 and 17 years of age
Regimen & Other	Requests for up-dosing and maintenance phase: 1 year of age and older
Criteria:	
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of completion of the appropriate initial dose escalation and up-dosing phases prior to moving on to the maintenance phase AND documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy, defined by one or more of the following:
	Improvement in quality of life
	Reduction in severe allergic reactions
	Reduction in epinephrine use
	Reduction in physician office visits, ER visits, or hospitalizations due to peanut allergy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for the emergency treatment of allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis
	Uncontrolled asthma
	History of eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE) and other eosinophilic gastrointestinal disease
	History of cardiovascular disease, including uncontrolled or inadequately controlled
	hypertension
	 History of a mast cell disorder, including mastocytosis, urticarial pigmentosa, and hereditary or idiopathic angioedema
Age Restriction:	 hereditary or idiopathic angioedema 1 year of age and older (see Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria for specific
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of	hereditary or idiopathic angioedema



Coverage Duration:	•	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PALIVIZUMAB

Affected Medications: SYNAGIS (palivizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required	Documentation of one of the following conditions:
Medical	1. Congenital heart disease (CHD):
Information:	a. With cardiac transplantation, cardiac bypass, or extra-corporeal membrane oxygenation
	b. That is hemodynamically significant (e.g., acyanotic heart disease, congestive heart failure, or moderate to severe pulmonary hypertension)
	 Chronic lung disease (CLD) of prematurity: a. In the first year of life, born less than 32 weeks gestation and requiring greater that 21% oxygen for at least the first 28 days of life
	 In the second year of life necessitating continued medical support within the 6 month period prior to RSV season (e.g. corticosteroids, diuretics, supplemental oxygen)
	3. Cystic Fibrosis and:
	 a. Clinical evidence of CLD and/or nutritional compromise b. Severe lung disease (e.g., previous hospitalization for pulmonary exacerbation in the first year of life or abnormalities on chest radiography or computed tomography that persist when stable)
	c. A weight for length less than the 10 th percentile
	4. Congenital airway abnormality or neuromuscular condition (not cystic fibrosis) that
	impairs the ability to clear airway secretions
	5. Premature infants without above conditions
Appropriate	Prevention of serious lower respiratory tract disease caused by respiratory syncytial
Treatment	<u>virus (RSV)</u>
Regimen &	The first dose of Synagis should be administered prior to commencement of the RSV
Other Criteria:	season
	 Remaining doses should be administered monthly throughout the RSV season
	(Exception: dose administration should occur immediately post cardiopulmonary bypass
	surgery, even if dose is administered earlier than a month from previous dose, then
	dosing schedule should resume monthly)
	No more than 5 monthly doses During the RSV season, November 1 through March 31
F	Discontinue prophylaxis therapy if hospitalized for RSV
Exclusion Criteria:	For use in the treatment of RSV disease
	Received Beyfortus during the current RSV season
Age Restriction:	Refer to numbered conditions above in "Required Medical Information":
Restriction:	1a. Less than 2 years of age
	• 1b. Less than 1 year of age
	• 2a. Less than 1 year of age; Gestational Age less than 32 weeks
	• 2b. Less than 2 years of age; Gestational Age less than 32 weeks
	3a. Less than 1 year of age
	3b. Less than 2 years of age
	3c. Less than 2 years of age
	4. Less than 1 year of age



	5. Less than 1 year of age; Gestational Age less than 29 weeks
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: 5 months (November 1 through March 31) [5 monthly doses], unless otherwise specified 1 month for off-season when RSV activity greater than or equal to 10% for the region according to the CDC [1 monthly dose], unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PALOVAROTENE

Affected Medications: SOHONOS (palovarotene)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
plan design
 Fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP)
Documented diagnosis of FOP confirmed by ACVR1 R206H mutation by molecular
genetic testing
Radiographic features of FOP including joint malformations (such as hallux valgus
deformity, malformed first metatarsal, absent or fused interphalangeal joint), and progressive heterotopic ossification (HO)
 Documentation of experiencing at least two flare-ups in the past 12 months requiring prescription non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and oral glucocorticoids such as prednisone
Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in HO
volume or number of flare-ups compared to baseline
Patients weighing less than 10 kg
Pregnancy
Females 8 years of age and older
Males 10 years of age and older
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a physician who specializes in rare connective
tissue diseases
All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **PALYNZIQ** Affected Medications: PALYNZIQ (pegvaliase-pqpz)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce phenylalanine (Phe) blood concentrations in adults with phenylketonuria (PKU) who have uncontrolled blood Phe greater than 600 micromol/L on existing management
Required Medical	Documentation of a diagnosis of PKU
Information:	 Documentation of treatment failure with dual therapy of sapropterin and a Phe restricted diet as shown by a blood Phe level greater than 600 micromol/L (10 mg/dL) despite treatment
Appropriate	Documentation that Palynzig will not be used in combination with sapropterin
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization requires documentation of one of the following:
Criteria:	Reduction in baseline Phe levels by 20 percent
	Increase in dietary Phe tolerance
	Improvement in clinical symptoms
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in metabolic disorders or an
Care Restrictions:	endocrinologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PARATHYROID HORMONE

Affected Medications: YORVIPATH (palopegteriparatide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of hypoparathyroidism
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of the following lab values while on standard of care calcium and active vitamin D treatment: 25-hydroxyvitamin D levels between 20-80 ng/mL Total serum calcium (albumin-corrected) greater than 7.8 mg/dL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of a consistent supplementation regimen as follows: Calcium 1000-2000 mg (elemental) daily Vitamin D metabolite (calcitriol) OR vitamin D analog <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success defined as total serum calcium (albumin-corrected) within the lower half of the normal range (approximately 8-9 mg/dL)
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or nephrologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PARATHYROID HORMONE ANALOGS

Affected Medications: TERIPARATIDE, TYMLOS (abaloparatide), FORTEO (teriparatide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of osteoporosis in men and postmenopausal women at high risk for fracture (teriparatide, Tymlos, and Forteo) Treatment of glucocorticoid-induced osteoporosis in men and women at high risk for fracture (teriparatide and Forteo only)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of osteoporosis as defined by at least one of the following: T-score -2.5 or lower (current or past) at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site T-score between -1.0 and -2.5 at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site AND increased risk of fracture as defined by at least one of the following Fracture Risk Assessment Tool (FRAX) scores: FRAX 10-year probability of major osteoporotic fracture is 20% or greater FRAX 10-year probability of hip fracture is 3% or greater FRAX 10-year probability of hip fracture is 3% or greater Froglucocorticoid-induced osteoporosis, in addition to the above, must also provide documentation of the following:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure (new fracture or worsening T-score despite adherence to an adequate trial of therapy), contraindication, or intolerance to BOTH of the following: Oral or intravenous bisphosphonate (such as, alendronate, risedronate, zoledronic acid or ibandronate) Prolia (denosumab) High risk of fracture defined as T-score -3.5 or lower, OR T-score -2.5 or lower with a history of fragility fractures For Forteo requests: Documented treatment failure with Tymlos and teriparatide Total duration of therapy with parathyroid hormone analogs should not exceed 2 vears in a lifetime Forteo or teriparatide may be reauthorized for up to one additional year beyond two years of parathyroid hormone analog use (maximum of 3 total years) if meeting the following criteria:
Exclusion	Paget's Disease



Criteria:	 Open epiphyses (such as, pediatric or young adult patient) Bone metastases or skeletal malignancies Hereditary disorders predisposing to osteosarcoma Prior external beam or implant radiation therapy involving the skeleton Concurrent use of bisphosphonates, other parathyroid hormone analogs, or RANK ligand inhibitors Preexisting hypercalcemia Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 24 months (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PEDMARK Affected Medications: PEDMARK (sodium

Affected Medications: PEDMARK (sodium thiosulfate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To reduce the risk of ototoxicity associated with cisplatin in pediatric patients 1 month of age and older with localized, non-metastatic solid tumors.
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of a treatment plan that is a cisplatin-based regimen treating a localized, non-metastatic solid tumor
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Metastatic disease
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months or duration of cisplatin regimen, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PEGASYS Affected Medications: PEGASYS

Covered Uses:		d and Drug Administration (FDA)-ap erwise excluded by plan design	pproved and compendia-supported in	dications
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of anticipated treatment course, to include full antiviral regimen, and duration of therapy			and
	Chronic Hepatitis C (CHC):			
			ICV) genotype by liver biopsy or by F	ood and
		dministration (FDA)-approved serun e HCV RNA level	n test	
		epatitis B (CHB): entation of HBeAg-positive or HBeA	Ag-negative chronic hepatitis B virus	(HB\/)
	infection	n		(1127)
		e HBV DNA level		
	Current	(within 12 weeks) alanine transami	inase (ALT) level	
		epatitis C and B:		
			ent severity with Child-Pugh Classific encephalopathy status to calculate C	
		ithin 12 weeks prior to anticipated s		Jilliu-Fugii
	Docume	entation if HIV/HCV/HBV coinfection	n	
Appropriate	Chronic He	epatitis C:		
Treatment	Approve	e if used in combination with Food a	and Drug Administration (FDA)- and/	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	AASLD/IDSA- recommended regimen and if not otherwise excluded from PacificSource policies of other medications in the regimen			icSource
	Chronic Hepatitis B:			
	Docume	entation of ONE of the following sce	enarios:	
	HBeAg	HBV DNA	ALT	
	Without c	irrhosis		
	Positive	Greater than 20,000 copies/mL	Greater than 2 times the upper limit of normal (ULN)	
	Negative	Greater than 2,000 copies/mL	Greater than 2 times the ULN	
	Negative	Greater than 2,000 copies/mL	1-2 times the ULN and moderate/severe liver	
	Negative		inflammation/fibrosis	
	With com	pensated cirrhosis		
	Either	Greater than 2,000 copies/mL	Any ALT	
Exclusion Criteria:		ent of patients with CHC who have	had solid organ transplantation	
		mune hepatitis decompensation (Child-Pugh score	e greater than 6)	
Age Restriction:		years of age and older		
		8 years of age and older		



Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, or infectious	
Care Restrictions:	disease specialist	
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	CHC: 12 weeks, unless otherwise specified (depends on regimen and diagnosis)	
	CHB: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: **PEGLOTICASE** Affected Medications: KRYSTEXXA (pegloticase)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Chronic gout in adults refractory to conventional therapy
Required Medical Information:	 Baseline serum uric acid (SUA) level greater than 8 mg/dL Documentation of ONE of the following: 2 or more gout flares per year that were inadequately controlled by colchicine and/or nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDS) or oral/injectable corticosteroids At least 1 non-resolving subcutaneous gouty tophus Chronic gouty arthritis (defined clinically or radiographically as joint damage due to gout)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented contraindication, intolerance or clinical failure (defined as inability to reduce SUA level to less than 6 mg/dL) following a 12-week trial at maximum tolerated dose to BOTH: Xanthine oxidase inhibitor (allopurinol or febuxostat) Combination of a xanthine oxidase inhibitor AND a uricosuric agent (such as probenecid). If xanthine oxidase inhibitor is contraindicated, trial with uricosuric agent required. Documentation Krystexxa will be used in combination with oral methotrexate 15 mg weekly unless contraindicated Meauthorization will require ALL of the following: Documentation of SUA less than 6 mg/dL prior to next scheduled Krystexxa dose Documentation of response to treatment such as reduced size of tophi or number of flares or affected joints Rationale to continue treatment after resolution of tophi or reduction in symptoms
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with oral urate-lowering therapies
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist or rheumatologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **PEMIVIBART** Affected Medications: PEMGARDA (pemivibart)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or compendia supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) in moderate-to-severe immune compromised individuals 12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg Documentation of moderate-to-severe immune compromise due to a medical condition or receipt of immunosuppressive medications or treatments, and are unlikely to mount an adequate response to COVID-19 vaccination, meeting one of the following: Active treatment for solid tumor and hematologic malignancies Hematologic malignancies associated with poor responses to COVID-19 vaccines regardless of current treatment status (e.g., chronic lymphocytic leukemia, non-Hodgkin lymphoma, multiple myeloma, acute leukemia) Receipt of solid-organ transplant or an islet transplant and taking immunosuppressive therapy Receipt of chimeric antigen receptor (CAR)-T-cell or hematopoietic stem cell transplant (within 2 years of transplantation or taking immunosuppressive therapy) Moderate or severe primary immunodeficiency (e.g., common variable immunodeficiency disease, severe combined immunodeficiency, DiGeorge syndrome, Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome) Advanced or untreated human immunodeficiency viruses (HIV) infection (people with HIV and CD4 cell counts less than 200/mm³, history of an AIDS-defining illness without immune reconstitution, or clinical manifestations of symptomatic HIV) Active treatment with high-dose corticosteroids (at least 20 mg prednisone or equivalent per day when administered for 2 or more weeks), alkylating agents, antimetabolites, transplant-related immunosuppressive drugs, cancer chemotherapeutic agents classified as severely immunosuppressive, and biologic agents that are immunosuppressive or immuno
	 cell depleting agents) Documentation of prophylactic use Baseline SARS-CoV-2 titers that show undetectable antibodies
Annranziata	Weight of 40 kg or more
Appropriate Treatment	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed 4500 mg once every 3
	months
Regimen & Other	Peautherization requires documentation of continued immune compremise and low SARS
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of continued immune compromise and low SARS-CoV-2 titers
Exclusion Criteria:	 Positive SARS-CoV-2 antigen test or PCR test within the last 3 months
	Received COVID-19 vaccine within the last 3 months
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Care Restrictions:	



Coverage Duration:	•	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PENICILLAMINE

Affected Medications: PENICILLAMINE CAPSULE

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Cystinuria Wilson's Disease Rheumatoid arthritis Copper measurement in urine Documented treatment plan including routine urinalysis, WBCs, hemoglobin, platelet count, liver function tests, renal function tests due to risk of fatalities due to aplastic anemia, agranulocytosis, thrombocytopenia, myasthenia gravis, and Goodpasture's Syndrome
	 Wilson's Disease Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following: Genetic testing results confirming biallelic pathogenic ATP7B mutations (in either symptomatic or asymptomatic individuals) Liver biopsy findings consistent with Wilson's disease Presence of Kayser-Fleischer (KF) rings AND serum ceruloplasmin level less than 20 mg/dL AND 24-hour urinary copper excretion greater than 40 mcg Presence of Kayser-Fleischer (KF) rings AND 24-hour urinary copper excretion greater than 100 mcg Absence of KF rings with serum ceruloplasmin level less than 10 mg/dL AND 24-hour urinary copper excretion greater than 10 mcg
	 <u>Rheumatoid arthritis</u> Documentation of severe, active disease defined by one of the following: The Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 The Simplified Disease Activity Index (SDAI) greater than 11 The Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Rheumatoid arthritis</u> Has failed to respond to an adequate trial of conventional therapies (such as methotrexate, sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide, Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Xeljanz, Rinvoq, and Inflectra) <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy For Wilson's disease, must have normalization of free serum copper (non-ceruloplasmin bound copper) to less than 15 mcg/dL and 24-hour urinary copper in the range of 200 to 500 mcg
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use of penicillamine during pregnancy (except for treatment of Wilson's disease or cystinuria)
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist familiar with the toxicity and dosage considerations (such as a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or liver transplant physician for Wilson's Disease) All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PHENOXYBENZAMINE

Affected Medications: PHENOXYBENZAMINE, DIBENZYLINE (phenoxybenzamine)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of sweating and hypertension associated with pheochromocytoma
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of pheochromocytoma that requires treatment to control episodes of hypertension and sweating This drug will be used for one of the following: Preoperative preparation for a scheduled surgical resection Chronic treatment of pheochromocytoma that is not amenable to surgery
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of treatment failure, intolerance, or contraindication to a selective alpha-1 adrenergic receptor blocker (e.g., doxazosin, terazosin, prazosin) <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or a specialist with experience in the management of pheochromocytoma All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Preoperative preparation: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Chronic treatment: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

PHESGO

Affected Medications: PHESGO (pertuzumab-trastuzumab-hyaluronidase-zzxf)

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and prescribed dosing regimen Documentation of HER2 positivity based on: 3+ score on immunohistochemistry (IHC) testing OR Positive gene amplification by fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) test
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of an intolerable adverse event to all of the preferred products (Perjeta in combination with Kanjinti, Perjeta in combination with Ogivri) and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredients <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

PHOSPHODIESTERASE-5 (PDE-5) ENZYME INHIBITORS FOR PULMONARY ARTERIAL HYPERTENSION

Affected Medications: ALYQ (tadalafil 20 mg tablet), TADALAFIL (PAH) 20 MG TABLET, TADLIQ (tadalafil 20 mg/5 ml suspension), SILDENAFIL 20 MG TABLET, SILDENAFIL 10 MG/ML SUSPENSION, LIQREV (sildenafil 10 mg/mL suspension)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 PAH confirmed by right heart catheterization meeting the following criteria: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blocker) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	 For all brand requests: Documented inadequate response or intolerance to sildenafil citrate 20 mg tablets and tadalafil 20 mg tablets Requests for oral suspension must have documented inability to swallow tablets
Criteria:	 <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis Concomitant use of a guanylate cyclase stimulator (such as riociguat or vericiguat) Use for erectile dysfunction
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PIRFENIDONE

Affected Medications: PIRFENIDONE (267 and 801 mg)

O			
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis (IPF) 		
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF) confirmed by ONE of the following: Usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) pattern demonstrated on high-resolution computed tomography (HRCT) UIP pattern demonstrated on surgical lung biopsy Probable UIP pattern demonstrated on BOTH HRCT and surgical lung biopsy Documentation confirming known causes of interstitial lung disease have been ruled out (e.g., rheumatic disease, environmental exposure, drug toxicity) Documentation of BOTH of the following: Baseline forced vital capacity (FVC) greater than or equal to 50 percent predicted Baseline diffusing capacity for carbon monoxide (DLCO) greater than or equal to 30 percent predicted 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success		
Exclusion Criteria:	Combined use with nintedanib (Ofev)		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 		
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 		



POLICY NAME: **PLEGRIDY** Affected Medications: PLEGRIDY (peglyated interferon beta-1a)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization:</u> provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of multiple sclerosis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or multiple sclerosis specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: POMBILITI and OPFOLDA

Affected Medications: POMBILITI (cipaglucosidase alfa-atga intravenous injection), OPFOLDA (miglustat oral capsule)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Late-onset Pompe disease for patients weighing 40 kg or more and who are not improving on their current enzyme replacement therapy (ERT)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of late-onset Pompe disease confirmed by one of the following: Enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of acid alpha-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme activity DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA gene One or more clinical signs or symptoms of late-onset Pompe disease: Progressive proximal weakness in a limb-girdle distribution Delayed gross-motor development in childhood Involvement of respiratory muscles causing respiratory difficulty (such as reduced forced vital capacity [FVC] or sleep disordered breathing) Skeletal abnormalities (such as scoliosis or scapula alata) Low/absent reflexes Documentation that patient has a 6-minute walk test (6MWT) of 75 meters or more Patient weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of planned treatment regimen for both Pombiliti and Opfolda which are within FDA-labeling Documentation that patient is no longer improving after at least one year of current enzyme replacement therapy (ERT) with Lumizyme (alglucosidase alfa) or Nexviazyme (avalglucosidase alfa-ngpt) <u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as evidenced by an improvement, stabilization, or slowing of progression in percent-predicted FVC and/or 6MWT
Exclusion Criteria:	 Pregnancy or, if female of reproductive potential, not using effective contraception during treatment Use of invasive or noninvasive ventilation support for more than 6 hours a day while awake Diagnosis of infantile-onset Pompe disease Concurrent treatment with Lumizyme or Nexviazyme Pombiliti or Opfolda as monotherapy Use of Opfolda for Gaucher disease
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist, endocrinologist, biochemical geneticist, or provider experienced in the management of Pompe disease All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **PONVORY** Affected Medications: Ponvory (ponesimod)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure with TWO of the following (minimum 12-week trial each): fingolimod, teriflunomide, Mayzent <u>Reauthorization:</u> provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of multiple sclerosis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or a multiple sclerosis specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

POSACONAZOLE

Affected Medications: NOXAFIL (posaconazole), POSACONAZOLE

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required	Susceptibility cultures matching posaconazole activity
Medical Information:	Current body weight (for pediatric patients)
Appropriate	Treatment of invasive aspergillosis
Treatment Regimen &	Documentation of resistance (or intolerable adverse event) to voriconazole
Other Criteria:	Prophylaxis of invasive Aspergillus and Candida infections
	 Documentation of severely immunocompromised state, such as hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) recipients with graft versus-host disease (GVHD) or those with hematologic malignancies with prolonged neutropenia from chemotherapy Documentation of resistance (or intolerable adverse event) to one other compendia-supported systemic agent (e.g. fluconazole, itraconazole, voriconazole)
	 Treatment of oropharyngeal candidiasis (OPC): Documented failure (or intolerable adverse event) to 10 days or more of treatment with all of the following:
	• Fluconazole
Exclusion	o Itraconazole
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	 Posaconazole delayed release tablets – 2 years of age and older, who weigh greater than 40 kg Noxafil oral suspension – 13 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Care Restrictions:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **POZELIMAB** Affected Medications: VEOPOZ (pozelimab-bbfg)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of CD55-deficient protein-losing enteropathy (PLE) or CHAPLE disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of CD-55-deficient PLE confirmed by biallelic CD55 loss-of-function mutation using molecular genetic testing Documentation of hypoalbuminemia (serum albumin of 3.2 g/dL or less) Clinical signs and features of active PLE including abdominal pain, diarrhea, peripheral edema, or facial edema Documentation of at least two albumin transfusions or hospitalizations in the past year
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Dosing</u> is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed the following: Loading Dose: 30 mg/kg by intravenous infusion for 1 dose Maintenance Dose: Starting on day 8; 10 mg/kg as a subcutaneous injection once weekly May be increased to 12 mg/kg starting week 4 Maximum maintenance dosage of 800 mg once weekly Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of positive clinical response with all the following: Improvement or stabilization of clinical symptoms Improvement or normalization of serum albumin concentrations Reduction in albumin transfusion requirements and/or hospitalizations
Exclusion Criteria:	 Receiving concurrent therapy with Soliris (eculizumab) Unresolved Neisseria meningitidis, Streptococcus pneumoniae, or Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib) infection
Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, gastroenterologist, or provider that specializes in rare genetic hematologic diseases All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PRAMLINTIDE

Affected Medications: SYMLINPEN (pramlintide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Type 1 diabetes mellitus Type 2 diabetes mellitus
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of inadequate glycemic control (HbA1c greater than 7 percent) on optimized insulin therapy AND Patient will take SymlinPen in addition to mealtime insulin therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 HbA1c level greater than 9 percent Weight loss treatment
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Care Restrictions: Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **PROLIA** Affected Medications: PROLIA (denosumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Osteoporosis/bone loss
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dosage is 60 mg once every 6 months
Coverage Duration:	 Initiation Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PROSTAGLANDIN IMPLANTS

Affected Medications: Durysta (bimatoprost intracameral implant), iDose TR (travoprost intracameral implant)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Reduction of intraocular pressure (IOP) in patients with open angle glaucoma (OAG) or ocular hypertension (OHT)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of OAG or OHT with a baseline IOP of at least 22 mmHg
Information:	• Documentation of clinical justification for inability to manage routine topical therapy (e.g., due to progression of glaucoma, aging, comorbidities, and administration difficulties that cannot be addressed through instruction and technique)
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least two IOP-lowering
Treatment	agents with different mechanisms of action, (used concurrently), one of which must
Regimen & Other	include a prostaglandin analog such as latanoprost, bimatoprost, tafluprost, travoprost
Criteria:	 For iDose TR requests: Documented treatment failure to the preferred product Durysta
Exclusion Criteria:	Repeat implantation with the same prostaglandin implant
	Diagnosis of corneal endothelial cell dystrophy (e.g., Fuchs' Dystrophy)
	 Prior corneal or endothelial cell transplantation (e.g., Descemet's Stripping Automated Endothelial Keratoplasty [DSAEK])
	Active or suspected ocular or periocular infections
	Absent or ruptured posterior lens capsule (Durysta)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month (one implant per impacted eye), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PROXIMAL COMPLEMENT INHIBITOR

Affected Medications: EMPAVELI (pegcetacoplan), FABHALTA (iptacopan)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adults with paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) Reduce proteinuria in adults with primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) at risk of rapid disease progression, generally a urine protein-to-creatinine ratio (UPCR) ≥1.5 g/g (Fabhalta)
Required Medical Information:	 Patients must be administered a meningococcal vaccine at least two weeks prior to initiation of the requested therapy and revaccinated according to current Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) guidelines
	 PNH Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g., granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes) Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper limit of normal range. One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings: Presence of a thrombotic event Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months Diagnosis of IgAN confirmed with biopsy Documentation of one of the following (with labs current within 30 days of request): Proteinuria defined as equal to or greater than 1 g/day UPCR greater than 1.5 g/g
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 PNH For Empaveli: documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab (Ultomiris) For Fabhalta: documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to another complement inhibitor such as ravulizumab (Ultomiris) or Empaveli Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline IgAN (Fabhalta) Documented treatment failure (defined as proteinuria equal to or greater than 1 g/day OR UPCR greater than 1.5 g/g) with a minimum of 12 weeks of all of the following: Maximum tolerated dose of an angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) High dose glucocorticoid therapy such as oral prednisone or methylprednisolone (or an adverse effect to two or more glucocorticoid therapies that is not associated with the corticosteroid class)



	 Filspari (sparsentan)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as reduction in UPCR or proteinuria from baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use with other biologics for PNH (Soliris, Ultomiris, Empaveli, or Fabhalta) except when cross tapering according to FDA approved dosing Current meningitis infection or other unresolved serious infection caused by encapsulated bacteria
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or a nephrologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PRIMARY BILIARY CHOLANGITIS AGENTS

Affected Medications: OCALIVA (obeticholic acid), IQIRVO (elafibranor), LIVDELZI (seladelpar)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Primary biliary cholangitis (PBC)
Required Medical	Liver function tests (including alkaline phosphatase and bilirubin)
Information:	Child-Pugh score
Appropriate Treatment	Documentation that after at least 12 months of adherent therapy with ursodiol or clinical inability to tolerate ursodiol, the patient has ONE of the following:
Regimen & Other	 Alkaline phosphatase level (ALP) at least 1.67 times the upper limit of normal (ULN) of the reference lab
Criteria:	 Total bilirubin above the ULN of the reference lab
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success defined as a significant reduction in alkaline phosphatase (ALP) and/or bilirubin levels
Exclusion Criteria:	Complete biliary obstruction
	 Decompensated cirrhosis (e.g., Child-Pugh Class B or C) or a prior decompensation event
	• For Ocaliva: Compensated cirrhosis with evidence of portal hypertension (e.g., ascites, gastroesophageal varices, persistent thrombocytopenia)
	Use in combination with another drug on this policy (Ocaliva, Iqirvo, Livdelzi)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PYRIMETHAMINE

Affected Medications: Daraprim, pyrimethamine

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Toxoplasmosis
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of recent <i>Toxoplasma</i> infection Documentation of one of the following: Severe symptoms (pneumonitis, myocarditis, etc) or prolonged symptoms greater than 4 weeks with significant impact on quality of life Immunocompromised status
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dosing Regimen (adult): Day 1: Pyrimethamine 100 mg, sulfadiazine 2-4 gm divided four times daily, leucovorin 5-25 mg Day 2: Pyrimethamine 25-50 mg, sulfadiazine 2-4 gm divided four times daily, leucovorin 5-25 mg Day 3 and beyond: Pyrimethamine 25-50 mg, sulfadiazine 500 mg-1 gm divided four times daily, leucovorin 5-25 mg
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment regimen does not contain leucovorin and a sulfonamide (or alternative if allergic to sulfa)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: Up to 6 weeks, with no reauthorization unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **RAVICTI** Affected Medications: RAVICTI (glycerol phenylbutyrate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Chronic management of patients with urea cycle disorders (UCDs) who cannot be managed by dietary protein restriction and/or amino acid supplementation alone
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis confirmed by enzymatic, biochemical, or genetic testing
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with dietary protein restriction and/or amino acid supplementation alone Documented treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) to sodium phenylbutyrate or documented comorbid condition with high risk of sodium-induced fluid retention such as heart failure, renal impairment, or edema Must be used in combination with dietary protein restriction Reauthorization will require BOTH of the following: Documentation of treatment success defined as ammonia levels maintained within normal limits That this drug continues to be used in combination with dietary protein restriction
Exclusion Criteria:	 Known hypersensitivity to phenylbutyrate Use for treatment of acute hyperammonemia or N-acetylglutamate synthase (NAGS) deficiency
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist experienced in the treatment of metabolic diseases All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RAVULIZUMAB-CWVZ

Affected Medications: ULTOMIRIS (ravulizumab-cwvz)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) to reduce hemolysis
	 Atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS) to inhibit complement-mediated thrombotic microangiopathy
	receptor (AChR) antibody positive
	 Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) who are anti-aquaporin-4
	(AQP4) antibody positive for adult patients
Required Medical	PNH
Information:	Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing
	 Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein
	deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g., granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes)
	Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper limit of normal range.
	One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings:
	 Presence of a thrombotic event
	 Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis
	 History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
	aHUS
	Clinical presentation of microangiopathic hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, and acute
	kidney injury
	Patient shows signs of thrombotic microangiopathy (TMA) (e.g., changes in mental
	status, seizures, angina, dyspnea, thrombosis, increasing blood pressure, decreased
	platelet count, increased serum creatinine, increased LDH, etc.)
	 ADAMTS13 activity level greater than or equal to 10%
	 Sniga toxin E. coll related hemolytic uremic syndrome (ST-HUS) has been ruled out History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
	History of 4 of more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
	gMG
	Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by ONE of the following:
	 A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test
	 A positive edrophonium chloride test
	 Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor
	Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV
	 Positive serologic test for AChR antibodies
	 Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater
	 Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater
	NMOSD
	Diagnosis of NMOSD with aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4- IgG) antibody positive
	disease confirmed by all of the following:
	 Documentation of positive test for AQP4-IgG antibodies via cell-based assay



	 At least ONE core clinica Acute optic neuri Acute myelitis Area postrema si nausea/vomiting) Acute brainstem Symptomatic nar NMSOD-typical of Symptomatic cer resonance imagi 	tis yndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained hiccups or)
	Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings
	Diencephalic syndrome	Periependymal lesion
		Hypothalamic/thalamic lesion
	Acute cerebral syndrome	Extensive periependymal lesion
		 Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion Long corticospinal tract lesion
		 Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Life-threatening of failure 	apy within 10 days ot required if one of the following is present: complications of HUS such as seizures, coma, or heart nce of a high-risk complement genetic variant (e.g., CFH
	 immunosuppressive thera cyclosporine, methotrexa Has required three or mo exchange and/or intraver immunosuppressive thera 	adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 apies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, te) re courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma nous immunoglobulin), while on at least one apy, over the last 12 months re, contraindication, or intolerance to efgartigimod-alfa



	 Rituximab (preferred products: Riabni, Ruxience)
	 Satralizumab-mwge (Enspryng)
	 Inebilizumab-cdon (Uplizna)
	Reauthorization requires:
	 gMG: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in MG-ADL and QMG scores from baseline
	PNH: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline
	 aHUS: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved serum creatinine, increased platelet count, and decreased plasma exchange/infusion requirement compared to baseline
	NMOSD: documentation of treatment success defined as the stabilization or
	improvement in neurological symptoms as evidenced by a decrease in acute relapses, Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score, hospitalizations, or plasma exchange treatments
Exclusion Criteria:	Current meningitis infection
	Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication, unless
	otherwise specified
Age Restriction:	PNH, aHUS: 1 month of age and older
	gMG: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist
Care Restrictions:	• PNH: hematologist
	 aHUS: hematologist or nephrologist gMG: neurologist
	 gMG: neurologist NMOSD: neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist
	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	 Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **REBIF** Affected Medications: REBIF, REBIF TITRATION PACK

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate	Reauthorization: provider attestation of treatment success
Treatment	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications for the treatment of MS
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



RELYVRIO

Affected Medications: RELYVRIO (sodium phenylbutyrate-taurursodiol)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)
Required Medical	Definite or probable Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) based on El Escorial revised
Information:	(Airlie House) criteria
	Symptom onset within 18 months
	Slow vital capacity (SVC) of at least 60 percent
	• Patient currently retains most activities of daily living defined as at least 2 points on all 12
	items of the ALS functional rating scale-revised (ALSFRS-R)
Appropriate	Documentation of one of the following:
Treatment	 Member is stable on riluzole
Regimen & Other	 Prescriber has indicated clinical inappropriateness of riluzole
Criteria:	
	Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success as determined by prescriber
	including retaining most activities of daily living
Exclusion Criteria:	Presence of a tracheostomy
	Use of permanent assisted ventilation
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **REMODULIN** Affected Medications: REMODULIN INJECTION (treprostinil)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 	
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension in patients requiring transition from 	
	epoprostenol	
Required	Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1	
Medical	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following	
Information:	criteria:	
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg 	
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg 	
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units 	
	Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH, OR	
	PAH secondary to one of the following conditions:	
	 Connective tissue disease 	
	 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection 	
	 Cirrhosis 	
	 Anorexigens 	
	 Congenital left to right shunts 	
	 Schistosomiasis 	
	 Drugs and toxins 	
	 Portal hypertension 	
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class	
	II or higher symptoms	
	 Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to 	
	calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:	
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) 	
	 Low cardiac index 	
	OR	
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) 	
Appropriate Treatment	 The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal medical and/or surgical treatment of the identified condition 	
Regimen &	• Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin,	
Other Criteria:	Tyvaso, Orenitram should not be used in combination)	
	Treatment with oral calcium channel blocking agents has been tried and failed, or has	
	been considered and ruled out	
	 Treatment with combination of endothelin receptor antagonist (ERA) and 	
	phosphodiesterase 5 inhibitor (PDE5I) has been tried and failed for WHO functional class	
	II and III	
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following:	
	•	
	Improvement in walking distance	
	Improvement in exercise ability	
	Improvement in pulmonary function	



	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	• PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension (e.g., left sided atrial or ventricular disease, left sided valvular heart disease, etc) or disorders of the respiratory system (e.g., chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, interstitial lung disease, obstructive sleep apnea or other sleep disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, etc.)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **RESLIZUMAB** Affected Medications: CINQAIR (reslizumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Add-on maintenance treatment of adult patients with severe asthma with an
Required Medical Information:	 eosinophilic phenotype Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by both of the following: Baseline eosinophil count of at least 400 cells/µL FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
Appropriate Treatment	Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of one of the following: Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaler treatment and at least 80% adherence Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with all of the preferred products (Dupixent, Fasenra, Nucala, and Xolair) Availability: 100 mg/10 mL vials Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	 to therapy Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Nucala, Xolair, Economy Tempine)
Age Restriction:	Fasenra, Tezspire) • 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **RESMETIROM** Affected Medications: REZDIFFRA (resmetirom)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	• Treatment of adults with noncirrhotic nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH) with
	moderate to advanced liver fibrosis (consistent with stages F2 to F3 fibrosis), in conjunction with diet and exercise
Required Medical	Diagnosis of NASH or metabolic dysfunction-associated steatohepatitis (MASH) with
Information:	moderate to advanced (F2 to F3) liver fibrosis confirmed by ONE of the following:
	 Conclusive result from a well-validated non-invasive test such as:
	 Fibroscan-AST (FAST) score
	 MAST (score from MRI–proton density fat fraction, Magnetic resonance elastography [MRE], and serum AST)
	 MEFIB (Fibrosis-4 Index ≥1.6 and MRE ≥3.3 kPa)
	 Liver biopsy (also required if non-invasive testing is inconclusive or other causes for liver disease have not been ruled out)
	Other causes for liver steatosis have been ruled out (such as alcohol-associated liver
	disease, chronic hepatitis C, Wilson disease, drug-induced liver disease)
	Baseline lab values for AST and ALT
Appropriate	Documentation of abstinence from alcohol consumption
Treatment	Documentation of comprehensive comorbidity management being undertaken, including
Regimen & Other	all of the following:
Criteria:	 Use of diet and exercise for weight management
	 Medications to manage associated comorbid conditions, such as thyroid disease
	(must not have active disease), diabetes, dyslipidemia, hypertension, or
	cardiovascular conditions
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy based on improvements or stability in laboratory results, such as ALT and AST, or fibrosis as evaluated by a non-invasive test
Exclusion Criteria:	History of excessive alcohol use or alcohol-associated liver disease
	Current excessive alcohol use
	Continued use of medications associated with liver steatosis
	Stage 4 liver disease or cirrhosis
	Use for other liver disease
	Active or untreated thyroid disease
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist or gastroenterologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care



RETHYMIC

Affected Medications: RETHYMIC (allogeneic processed thymus tissue-agdc)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Immune reconstitution in pediatric patients with congenital athymia
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of congenital athymia associated with one of the following: Complete DiGeorge Syndrome (cDGS) Forkhead Box N1 (<i>FOXN1</i>) deficiency 22q11.2 deletion CHARGE Syndrome (Coloboma, Heart defects, Atresia of the nasal choanae, Retardation of growth and development, Genitourinary anomalies, Ear anomalies) CHD7 mutation 10p13-p14 deletion
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Congenital athymia confirmed by flow cytometry that demonstrates: Fewer than 50 naïve T cells/mm3 in the peripheral blood OR Less than 5% of total T cells being naïve T cells
Exclusion Criteria:	 Treatment of patients with severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID) Prior thymus transplant
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric immunologist or prescriber experienced in the treatment of congenital athymia All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month (1 treatment only), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **RILONACEPT** Affected Medications: ARCALYST (rilonacept)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	 Treatment of Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS), including 		
	Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS), and Muckle-Wells Syndrome		
	(MWS) in adults and pediatric patients 12 years and older		
	• The maintenance of remission of Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist		
	(DIRA) in adults and pediatric patients weighing at least 10 kg		
	 Treatment of recurrent pericarditis (RP) and reduction in risk of recurrence in 		
	adults and pediatric patients 12 years and older		
Required	Documentation confirming one of the following:		
Medical	 Diagnosis of Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS), including Familial Cold 		
Information:			
internation.	Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS), and Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS)		
	 Diagnosis of Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA) 		
	 Must include genetic testing results which confirm the presence of homozygous 		
	mutations in the interleukin-1 receptor antagonist (IL1RN) gene		
	 Disease must currently be in remission 		
	• Diagnosis of Recurrent Pericarditis with an inflammatory phenotype shown by one of the		
	following:		
	• Fever, elevated C-Reactive protein (CRP), elevated white blood cell count,		
	elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), pericardial late gadolinium		
	enhancement (LGE) on cardiac magnetic resonance (CMR), or pericardial		
	contrast enhancement on computed tomography (CT) scan		
Appropriate	All Indications:		
Treatment	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with trial of Kineret (anakinra)		
Regimen &			
Other Criteria:	Recurrent Pericarditis:		
	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to triple therapy with all of the		
	following:		
	 Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) or aspirin 		
	Reauthorization:		
	All indications: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response		
	to therapy		
	Recurrent pericarditis: documentation that the patient is unable to remain		
	asymptomatic with normal CRP levels upon trial of an appropriate tapering regimen		
Exclusion	Active or chronic infection		
Criteria:	 Concurrent therapy with anakinra, tumor necrosis factor (TNF) inhibitors, or other 		
	biologics		



Age Restriction:	CAPS or Recurrent Pericarditis: 12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, immunologist, cardiologist, or dermatologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **RIOCIGUAT** Affected Medications: ADEMPAS (riociguat)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded plan design Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 Chronic-Thromboembolic Pulmonary Hypertension (WHO Group 4) 	
Required	Chronic Thromboembolic Pulmonary Hypertension (CTEPH)	
Medical Information:	 Documentation of CTEPH (WHO Group 4) meeting the following criteria: Evidence of thromboembolic occlusion of proximal or distal pulmonary vasculature on CT/MRI or V/Q scan Mean pulmonary arterial pressure greater than 20 mm Hg PAWP less than 15 mm Hg Elevated pulmonary vascular resistance over 2 Wood units 	
	Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH)	
	 Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criteria: 	
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units 	
	 Etiology of PAH (idiopathic, heritable, or associated with connective tissue disease) New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class II or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blocker) unless there are contraindications: 	
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index OR 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) <u>CTEPH</u> Documentation of failure of or inability to receive pulmonary endarterectomy surgery Current therapy with anticoagulants 	
	 PAH Documented failure to the following therapy classes: Phosphodiesterase type 5 (PDE5) inhibitors AND endothelin receptor antagonists 	
	 <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability 	
	Improvement in pulmonary function	
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class	
Exclusion Criteria:	Concomitant use with nitrates or nitric oxide donors (such as amyl nitrite)	



	Concomitant use with specific PDE-5 inhibitors (such as sildenafil, tadalafil, or vardenafil) or non-specific PDE inhibitors (such as dipyridamole or theophylline)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or a pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **RISDIPLAM** Affected Medications: EVRYSDI (risdiplam)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded to plan design Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of SMA type 1, 2, or 3 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2 demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 4 or fewer copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene Documentation of one of the following baseline motor assessments appropriate for patient age and motor function: Hammersmith Infant Neurological Examination (HINE-2) Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFSME) Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neuromuscular Disorders (CHOP-INTEND) Upper Limb Module (ULM) test 6-Minute Walk Test (6MWT) Documentation of ventilator use status: Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16 hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days) This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance Patient weight and planned treatment regimen	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of improvement in baseline motor assessment score, clinically meaningful stabilization, or delayed progression of SMA-associated signs and symptoms	
Exclusion Criteria:	 SMA type 4 Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation support) Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi) Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi, nusinersen, etc.) 	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider who is experienced in treatment of spinal muscular atrophy All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



RITUXIMAB

Affected Medications: RITUXAN (rituximab), RITUXAN HYCELA (rituximab and hyaluronidase human), TRUXIMA (rituximab-abbs), RUXIENCE (rituximab-pvvr), RIABNI (rituximab-arrx)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Rheumatoid arthritis (RA) Microscopic Polyangiitis (MPA) Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis (GPA) Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA) Relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS) Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS) Neuromyelitis Optica Spectrum Disorder (NMOSD) Pemphigus Vulgaris (PV) and other autoimmune blistering skin diseases Thrombocytopenia in patients with immune thrombocytopenia (ITP)
Required	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment
Medical Information:	course RA • Documentation of moderate to severe disease despite current treatment • Documented current level of disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale): Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 Simplified Disease Activity Index (SDAI) greater than 11 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 Weighted RAPID3 of at least 2.3 MPA or GPA Documentation of active GPA or MPA EGPA Non-severe disease: documentation of active EGPA OR Severe disease: documentation of organ or life-threatening manifestations as defined by the American College of Rheumatology/Vasculitis Foundation (ACR/VF) Relapsing Forms of MS Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for multiple sclerosis (MS) Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	NMOSD



by all of the following: • Documentation • Exclusion of alte • At least one con • Acute o • Acute o • Acute a hiccups	re aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD confirmed of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-based assay ernative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis) re clinical characteristic: optic neuritis nyelitis urea postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained or nausea/vomiting) orainstem syndrome
NMOSE (MRI) [s Acute c table be	-
Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings
Diencephalic syndrome	 Periependymal lesion Hypothalamic/thalamic lesion
Acute cerebral syndrome	 Extensive periependymal lesion Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion Long corticospinal tract lesion Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion
 pemphigus foliaceus, bull bullosa acquisita, and par Diagnosis confirmed by Documented severe or systemic therapies 	biopsy refractory disease with failure to conventional topical and oral
 Platelet count less than One of the following: Documented steleast 3 months 	



	 Lack of clinically meaningful response to corticosteroids (defined as inability to increase platelets to at least 50,000/mcL)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 All Uses Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Coverage of Truxima, Rituxan, or Rituxan Hycela requires documentation of one of the following: A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Riabni and Ruxience, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
	 Oncology Uses Documentation of ECOG performance status of 1 or 2 OR Karnofsky performance score greater than 50%
	 RA Initial Course: Documented failure with two of the preferred pharmacy drugs (Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Xeljanz, Rinvoq)
	 Relapsing Forms of MS Initial: May include one-time induction dose (e.g., 1,000 mg once every 2 weeks for 2 doses) Maintenance: Approvable up to 2,000 mg annually. Higher doses will require documentation to support
	 NMOSD Initial: May include one-time induction dose (e.g., 1,000 mg once every 2 weeks for 2 doses) Maintenance: Approvable up to 2,000 mg annually. Higher doses will require documentation to support (e.g., detection of CD19+ lymphocytes)
	 MPA and GPA Initial: May include one-time induction dose (e.g., 1,000 mg once every 2 weeks for 2 doses or 375 mg/m² once weekly for 4 doses), to be used in combination with a systemic glucocorticoid Maintenance: Approvable for up to 1,000 mg annually. Higher doses will require documentation to support (e.g., positive ANCA titers, detection of CD19+ lymphocytes)
	 EGPA Non-severe disease: Documented treatment failure with a corticosteroid Documented treatment failure to an adequate trial (at least 12 weeks) with an



	oral immunosuppressive therapy: azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate, leflunomide
	Severe disease:
	• Documentation that rituximab will be administered in combination with a systemic
	glucocorticoid
	PV and other autoimmune blistering skin diseases
	 Documentation that rituximab will be administered in combination with a systemic glucocorticoid (if appropriate)
	Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of a corticosteroid AND
	• Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of an immunosuppressant at an adequate dose (e.g., azathioprine, mycophenolate, methotrexate, etc.) or other appropriate corticosteroid-sparing therapy
	All other indications
	 A Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia supported dose, frequency, and duration of therapy
	Documented treatment failure of first-line recommended and conventional therapies
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	MS: Concurrent anti-CD20-directed therapy or other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS Other paper appelogy indications: Concurrent use with torgeted immune medulators
A	Other non-oncology indications: Concurrent use with targeted immune modulators
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	• For RA, MPA, GPA, EGPA: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist
Care Restrictions:	For CLL, NHL: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
	For MS, NMOSD: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
	For PV: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist
	All approvals are subjects to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization:
Duration:	 PV, MPA, GPA, EGPA – 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	 Oncology – 4 months, unless otherwise specified DA MS NMOSD – 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	• RA, MS, NMOSD – 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RNA INTERFERENCE DRUGS FOR PRIMARY HYPEROXALURIA 1

Affected Medications: OXLUMO (lumasiran), RIVFLOZA (nedosiran)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Primary hyperoxaluria type 1 (PH1)
Required Medical Information:	 A diagnosis of primary hyperoxaluria type 1 (PH1) confirmed by genetic testing confirming presence of AGXT gene mutation Metabolic testing demonstrating elevated urinary oxalate excretion Presence of clinical manifestations diagnostic of PH1 such as: Metabolic testing demonstrating elevated urinary glycolate excretion Normal levels of L-glyceric acid (elevation indicates PH type 2) Normal levels of hydroxy-oxo-glutarate (elevation indicates PH type 3) For Rivfloza: eGFR of 30 or more
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For Rivfloza: Trial and failure or contraindication with Oxlumo <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of the following criteria related to treatment success: Reduction from baseline in urine or plasma oxalate levels Improvement, stabilization, or slowed worsening of one or more clinical manifestation of PH1 (i.e., nephrocalcinosis, renal stone events, renal impairment, systemic oxalosis)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Diagnosis of primary hyperoxaluria type 2 or type 3 Secondary hyperoxaluria Concurrent use of another RNA interference drug for PH1
Age Restriction	For Rivfloza: age in accordance with FDA labeling
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, urologist, geneticist, or specialist in the treatment of PH1 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **ROMIPLOSTIM** Affected Medications: NPLATE (romiplostim)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Adult patients with immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an insufficient
	response to corticosteroids, immunoglobulins, or splenectomy
	• Pediatric patients 1 year of age and older with ITP for at least 6 months who
	have had an insufficient response to corticosteroids, immunoglobulins, or
	splenectomy
	 Adult and pediatric patients (including term neonates) with acute exposure to
	myelosuppressive radiation doses
Required	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP
Medical	 Documentation of ONE of the following:
Information:	 Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter
information:	
	 Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased right for bleeding
	 Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such
	as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding
	at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
	Hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome
	Suspected or confirmed exposure to radiation levels greater than 2 gray (Gy)
Appropriate	Current weight
Treatment	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP
	Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did not increase to at least
	50,000/microliter, to the following therapies:
	• ONE of the following:
	 Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for immune
	thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids, rituximab, or
	immunoglobulin
	Splenectomy
	o Promacta
	Reauthorization (ITP only):
	Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter (not to exceed
	400,000/microliter)
	OR
	The platelet counts have not increased to a level of at least 50,000/microliter and
	member has NOT been on the maximum dose for at least 4 weeks
	Hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome
	Approved for one-time single subcutaneous injection of 10 mcg/kg
Exclusion	 Treatment of thrombocytopenia due to myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS)
Criteria:	 Use in combination with another thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase
	• Ose in combination with another thrombopoletin receptor agonist, spieen tyrosine kinase inhibitor, or similar treatments (Promacta, Nplate, Tavalisse)
A == 0	
Age	
Restriction:	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP Initial Approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	 Hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ROMOSOZUMAB

Affected Medications: EVENITY (romosozumab-aqqg)

Covered Uses:	All Fand and Dave Administration (FDA) are seen to the first sector to the sector to the
Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of osteoporosis in postmenopausal women at high risk for fracture,
	defined as one of the following:
	History of osteoporotic fracture
	Multiple risk factors for fracture
	 History of treatment failure or intolerance to other available osteoporosis therapy
Required	Diagnosis of osteoporosis as defined by at least one of the following:
Medical Information:	 T-score less than or equal to –2.5 (current or past) at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site
	◦ T-score between −1.0 and −2.5 at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or
	1/3 radius site AND increased risk of fracture as defined by at least one of the
	following Fracture Risk Assessment Tool (FRAX) scores:
	 FRAX 10-year probability of major osteoporotic fracture is 20% or greater
	 FRAX 10-year probability of hip fracture is 3% or greater
	 History of non-traumatic fractures in the absence of other metabolic bone disorders
Appropriate	Treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerance to all of the following:
Treatment	 Intravenous bisphosphonate (zoledronic acid or ibandronate)
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Prolia (denosumab)
	Total duration of therapy with Evenity should not exceed 12 months in a lifetime
Exclusion	Heart attack or stroke event within the preceding year
Criteria:	Concurrent use of bisphosphonates, parathyroid hormone analogs, or RANK ligand
	inhibitors
	Hypocalcemia that is uncorrected prior to initiating Evenity
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified



RUFINAMIDE

Affected Medications: BANZEL (rufinamide), RUFINAMIDE SUSPENSION, RUFINAMIDE TABLET

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome(LGS)
Required Medical	All Indications
Information:	Patient weight
	Documentation that rufinamide will be used as adjunctive therapy
	Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)
	 Documentation of at least 8 drop seizures per month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
	Documented treatment and inadequate seizure control with at least three guideline directed therapies including:
	• Valproate and
	 Lamotrigine and
	 Topiramate, felbamate, or clobazam
Appropriate	Dosing: not to exceed 3200 mg daily
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
Criteria:	response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Familial Short QT syndrome
	Use as monotherapy for seizure control
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **RYPLAZIM** Affected Medications: RYPLAZIM

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 Plasminogen Deficiency Type 1 	
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of symptomatic congenital plasminogen deficiency (C-PLGD) type 1, as evidenced by documentation of all of the following:	
	 Clinical signs and symptoms of the disease (such as ligneous conjunctivitis, gingivitis, tonsillitis, abnormal wound healing) 	
	 Presence of (ligneous) pseudomembranous lesions with documentation of size, location, and total number of lesions 	
	 Baseline plasminogen activity level less than or equal to 45% of laboratory standard 	
Appropriate	Dosing	
Treatment	Dosing may not exceed 6.6 mg/kg every 2 days.	
Regimen & Other	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be	
Criteria:	enforced.	
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy, defined as the following:	
	Trough plasminogen activity level (taken 72 hours after dose) increased by 10% or greater above baseline	
	Improvement (reduction) in lesion number/size from baseline	
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior treatment failure with Ryplazim	
	Treatment of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist	
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: SACROSIDASE

Affected Medications: SUCRAID (sacrosidase)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) entroyed indications not otherwise evoluted by	
covered uses.	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 Oral replacement therapy for congenital sucrase-isomaltase deficiency (CSID) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed congenital sucrose-isomaltase deficiency, diagnosed by one of the following: Small bowel biopsy Sucrose breath test Genetic test Documentation of current symptoms (e.g., diarrhea, abdominal pain or cramping, bloating, gas, loose stools, nausea, vomiting) <u>Reauthorization:</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant 	
	response to therapy (fewer stools, lower number of symptoms)	
Appropriate		
Treatment		
Regimen & Other Criteria:		
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	5 months of age or older	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist or genetic specialist	
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: SAPROPTERIN

Affected Medications: KUVAN (sapropterin), SAPROPTERIN

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce phenylalanine (Phe) levels in those that are one month of age and older with phenylketonuria (PKU)
Required Medical	Documentation of a diagnosis of PKU
Information:	 Baseline (pre-treatment) blood Phe level greater than or equal to 360 micromol/L (6 mg/dL)
	Documentation of failure to Phe restricted diet as monotherapy
Appropriate	Documentation of continuation on a Phe restricted diet
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization requires documentation of one of the following:
Criteria:	• Reduction in baseline Phe levels by 30 percent or levels maintained between 120 - 360
	micromol/L (2 - 6 mg/dL)
	Increase in dietary Phe tolerance
	Improvement in clinical symptoms
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in metabolic disorders or an
Care Restrictions:	endocrinologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SATRALIZUMAB-MWGE

Affected Medications: ENSPRYNG (satralizumab-mwge)

Covered Uses:	plan design ○ Neuromyelitis o aquaporin-4 (A	inistration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adults who are anti- QP4) antibody positive	
Required Medical Information:	aquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive NMOSD • Diagnosis of seropositive aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD confirmed by all the following: Documentation of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-based assay Exclusion of alternative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis) At least one core clinical characteristic: Acute optic neuritis Acute area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained hiccups or nausea/vomiting) Acute brainstem syndrome Symptomatic narcolepsy OR acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with NMOSD-typical diencephalic lesion on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) [see table below] Acute cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see table below] 		
	Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings	
	Diencephalic syndrome	 Periependymal lesion Hypothalamic/thalamic lesion 	
	Acute cerebral syndrome	 Extensive periependymal lesion Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion Long corticospinal tract lesion Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion 	
	requiring rescue therap		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	(preferred agents Riabr	e response, contraindication, or intolerance to rituximab ni and Ruxience) locumentation of treatment success	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Active Hepatitis B Virus Active or untreated late 	(HBV) infection	



Age Restriction:	•	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist
Care Restrictions:	•	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	•	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SEBELIPASE ALFA

Affected Medications: KANUMA (sebelipase alfa)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Lysosomal Acid Lipase (LAL) deficiency 	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of LAL deficiency or Rapidly Progressive LAL deficiency within the first 6 months of life confirmed by one of the following: Absence or deficiency in lysosomal acid lipase activity Mutation in the lipase A, lysosomal acid type (<i>LIPA</i>) gene Documentation of patient weight Documentation of prescribed treatment regimen (dose and frequency) Baseline fasting lipid panel including LDL-c prior to initiating therapy (not required for Rapidly Progressive LAL deficiency) 	
Appropriate	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced	
Treatment		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Reauthorization</u>: Rapidly Progressive LAL deficiency: documentation of improvement in weight-for-age Z-score LAL deficiency: documentation of improvement in LDL-c 	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	1 month of age or older	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or metabolic specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



SELF-ADMINISTERED DRUGS (SAD) Affected Medications: Please refer to package insert for directions on self-administration.

Covered Uses:	
Required Medical Information:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Appropriate	Pharmaceuticals covered under your pharmacy benefit are in place of, not in addition to,
Treatment	those same covered supplies under the medical plan. Please refer to your benefit book
Regimen & Other	for more information.
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	



POLICY NAME: SELUMETINIB Affected Medications: KOSELUGO (selumetinib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Neurofibromatosis type 1 with symptomatic, inoperable plexiform neurofibromas in pediatric patients 2 years of age and older NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documented body surface area (BSA) and requested dose <u>Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) with inoperable plexiform neurofibromas</u> Documentation of diagnosis of symptomatic and/or progressive, inoperable NF1, defined as one or more plexiform neurofibromas that cannot be completely removed without risk for substantial morbidity due to encasement of, or close proximity to, vital structures, invasiveness, or high vascularity Documentation of 2 or more of the following clinical diagnostic criteria as evaluated by a multidisciplinary specialist care team (A child of a parent with NF1 can be diagnosed if one or more of these criteria are met): Six or more café-au-lait macules over 5 mm in greatest diameter in prepubertal individuals and over 15 mm in greatest diameter in post pubertal individuals Freckling in the axillary or inguinal region Two or more iris Lisch nodules identified by slit lamp examination or two or more choroidal abnormalities A distinctive osseous lesion such as sphenoid dysplasia, anterolateral bowing of the tibia, or pseudarthrosis of a long bone A heterozygous pathogenic NF1 variant with a variant allele fraction of 50% in apparently normal tissue such as white blood cells 	
	 NCCN Indications Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Reauthorization</u>: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy For NF1: defined as a decrease in tumor volume from baseline and improvement in symptoms, such as pain 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 NCCN Indications Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater 	
Age Restriction:	 Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) with inoperable plexiform neurofibromas 2 to 18 years of age 	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 <u>Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) with inoperable plexiform neurofibromas</u> Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric oncologist or specialist with experience in the treatment of neurofibromatosis
	 NCCN Indications Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SEROSTIM Affected Medications: SEROSTIM (somatropin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design HIV (human immunodeficiency virus)-associated wasting, cachexia 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of current body mass index (BMI), actual body weight, and ideal body weight (IBW) Serostim is used in combination with antiretroviral therapy to which the patient has documented compliance Alternative causes of wasting (e.g., inadequate nutrition intake, malabsorption, opportunistic infections, hypogonadism) have been ruled out or treated appropriately Prior to somatropin, patient had a suboptimal response to at least 1 other therapy for wasting or cachexia (e.g., megestrol, dronabinol, cyproheptadine, or testosterone therapy if hypogonadal) unless contraindicated or not tolerated Diagnosis of HIV-association wasting syndrome or cachexia confirmed by one of the following: Unintentional weight loss greater than or equal to 10% of body weight over prior 12 months Unintentional weight loss greater than or equal to 5% of body weight over prior 6 months BMI less than 20 kg/m² Weight is less than 90% of IBW 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Reauthorization</u>: Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g., improved or stabilized BMI, increased physical endurance compared to baseline, etc.) Documentation of continued compliance to antiretroviral regimen 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Acute critical illness due to complications following open heart or abdominal surgery, multiple accidental trauma or acute respiratory failure Active malignancy Acute respiratory failure Active proliferative or severe non-proliferative diabetic retinopathy 	
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 8 months (maximum duration of therapy 48 weeks total) 	



POLICY NAME: SIGNIFOR Affected Medications: SIGNIFOR (pasireotide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Cushing's disease
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of Cushing's disease Documentation of at least TWO of the following: Mean 24-hour urine free cortisol (mUFC) greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal (ULN) for the assay (at least two measurements) Bedtime salivary cortisol greater than 145 ng/dL (at least two measurements) Overnight dexamethasone suppression test (DST) with a serum cortisol greater than 1.8 mcg/dL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to ketoconazole and cabergoline Documentation confirming pituitary surgery is not an option OR previous surgery has not been curative <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as mUFC normalization (i.e., less than or equal to the ULN)
Exclusion Criteria:	Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh C)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SIGNIFOR LAR Affected Medications: SIGNIFOR LAR (pasireotide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Acromegaly
	 Cushing's disease
Required	Acromegaly
Medical	 Documentation confirming clinical manifestations of disease
Information:	 Diagnosis of acromegaly confirmed by ONE of the following:
	 Elevated pre-treatment serum insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) level for
	age/gender
	 Serum growth hormone (GH) level of 1 microgram/mL or greater after an oral
	glucose tolerance test (OGTT)
	Cushing's Disease
	Documented diagnosis of Cushing's disease
	Documentation of at least TWO of the following:
	 Mean 24-hour urine free cortisol (mUFC) greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of
	normal (ULN) for the assay (at least two measurements)
	 Bedtime salivary cortisol greater than 145 ng/dL (at least two measurements)
	• Overnight dexamethasone suppression test (DST) with a serum cortisol greater
	than 1.8 mcg/dL
Appropriate	Acromegaly
Treatment	Documented treatment failure or intolerance to ONE of the following: lanreotide
Regimen &	(Somatuline Depot), Sandostatin LAR, or pegvisomant (Somavert)
Other Criteria:	Documentation confirming ONE of the following:
	 Inadequate response to surgery or radiotherapy
	 Not a candidate for surgical management or radiotherapy (e.g., medically
	unstable, high risk for complications under anesthesia, major systemic
	complications of acromegaly, severe hypertension, uncontrolled diabetes, etc.)
	• Dosing: Not to exceed 60 mg every 4 weeks (after 3 months of 40 mg)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success shown by decreased/normalized IGF-1 or GH levels
	 <u>Cushing's Disease</u> Documentation confirming pituitary surgery is not an option OR previous surgery has no been curative Documented treatment failure or intolerance to ketoconazole and cabergoline Dosing: Not to exceed 40 mg every 4 weeks (after 4 months of 10 mg)



	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as mUFC normalization (i.e., less than or equal to the ULN)
Exclusion Criteria:	Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh C)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SILTUXIMAB Affected Medications: SYLVANT (siltuximab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of patients with multicentric Castleman's disease (MCD) who are
	human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) negative and human herpesvirus-8 (HHV-8) negative
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Information:	 The diagnosis was confirmed by biopsy of lymph gland Documented negative tests for HIV and HHV-8 Patient weight
Appropriate	Dosing
Treatment	• MCD: 11 mg/kg intravenous (IV) infusion once every 3 weeks until treatment failure
Regimen &	Cytokine release syndrome (CRS): 11 mg/kg IV one time only
Other Criteria:	 Availability: 100 mg and 400 mg vials
	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	• MCD:
Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	 Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	CRS: 1 month (1 dose only), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SIPONIMOD Affected Medications: MAYZENT (siponimod)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following:
	 Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS) Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Coverage of Mayzent (siponimod) requires documentation of one of the following: Documented disease progression or intolerable adverse event with one of the following: teriflunomide, dimethyl fumarate or fingolimod Currently receiving treatment with Mayzent (siponimod), excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program
	Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	 Presence of CYP2C9*3/*3 genotype Concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or a MS specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE Affected Medications: SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE

Covered Uses: All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by • plan design Adjunctive therapy in the chronic management of patients with urea cycle 0 disorders (UCDs) involving deficiencies of carbamylphosphate synthetase (CPS), ornithine transcarbamylase (OTC), or argininosuccinic acid synthetase (AS) Neonatal-onset deficiency (complete enzymatic deficiency, presenting within the 0 first 28 days of life) Late-onset disease (partial enzymatic deficiency, presenting after the first month 0 of life) with history of hyperammonemic encephalopathy **Required Medical** Diagnosis confirmed by blood, enzymatic, biochemical, or genetic testing • Information: Appropriate Oral tablets require documented inability to use sodium phenylbutyrate powder **Treatment Regimen &** Documented treatment failure with dietary protein restriction and/or amino acid • Other Criteria: supplementation alone Must be used in combination with dietary protein restriction • Reauthorization will require BOTH of the following: Documentation of treatment success defined as ammonia levels maintained within . normal limits That this drug continues to be used in combination with dietary protein restriction **Exclusion Criteria:** Use for management of acute hyperammonemia • Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist experienced in the treatment of • **Care Restrictions:** metabolic diseases All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care • **Coverage Duration:** Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified •



POLICY NAME: SOLRIAMFETOL

Affected Medications: SUNOSI (solriamfetol)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Excessive daytime sleepiness associated with narcolepsy
	 Excessive daytime sleepiness associated with obstructive sleep apnea
Required Medical	Narcolepsy
Information:	Diagnosis confirmed by polysomnography and multiple sleep latency test
	Symptoms of excessive daytime sleepiness consistent with narcolepsy have been
	present for at least 3 months
	An Epworth Sleepiness Scale score of more than 10 despite treatment
	Obstructive Sleep Apnea (OSA)
	Diagnosis confirmed by sleep study
	An Epworth Sleepiness Scale score of more than 10 despite drug treatment and current
	use of continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) for at least 3 months
	Documentation that CPAP use will be continued during treatment with solriamfetol
	All indications:
	Documentation that other causes of sleepiness have been treated or ruled out (including
	but not limited to insufficient sleep syndrome, shift work, the effects of substances or
	medications, or other sleep disorders)
Appropriate	Documented trial and failure or contraindication to modafinil OR armodafinil
Treatment	For narcolepsy only, documented trial and failure or contraindication to ONE of the
Regimen & Other	following: methylphenidate, dextroamphetamine, lisdexamfetamine, amphetamine-
Criteria:	dextroamphetamine
Griteria.	doxidamphotamino
	Reauthorization requires clinically significant improvement in activities of daily living and in
	Epworth Sleepiness Scale score
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for other untreated causes of sleepiness
	 Concurrent use of sedative/hypnotic drugs or other central nervous system depressants
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	18 years of age and older
	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a sleep specialist or neurologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SOMATOSTATIN ANALOGS

Affected Medications: OCTREOTIDE, SANDOSTATIN LAR, LANREOTIDE, SOMATULINE DEPOT (lanreotide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Octreotide, Sandostatin LAR: Acromegaly Symptomatic treatment of metastatic carcinoid tumors (carcinoid syndrome) Symptomatic treatment of vasoactive intestinal peptide tumors (VIPomas)
	 Lanreotide, Somatuline Depot: Acromegaly Carcinoid syndrome (to reduce the frequency of short-acting somatostatin analog rescue therapy) Unresectable, well- or moderately-differentiated, locally advanced or metastatic gastroenteropancreatic neuroendocrine tumors (GEP-NETs) NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Acromegaly Documentation confirming clinical manifestations of disease Diagnosis of acromegaly confirmed by ONE of the following: Elevated pre-treatment serum insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) level for age/gender Serum growth hormone (GH) level of 1 microgram/mL or greater after an oral glucose tolerance test (OGTT)
	All other indications Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate	Acromegaly
Treatment	 Documentation confirming ONE of the following:
Regimen & Other	 Inadequate response to surgery or radiotherapy
Criteria:	 Not a candidate for surgical management or radiotherapy (e.g., medically unstable, high risk for complications under anesthesia, major systemic complications of acromegaly, severe hypertension, uncontrolled diabetes, etc.)
	 Sandostatin LAR Coverage for the non-preferred product Sandostatin LAR is provided when ONE of the following criteria is met: Currently receiving treatment with Sandostatin LAR, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs Documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with one of the following: Lanreotide, Somatuline Depot, OR Somavert (Note: Somavert indicated for acromegaly only)



	Lanreotide, Somatuline Depot
	GEP-NETs must use 120 mg injection
	Reauthorization:
	 Acromegaly: requires documentation of treatment success shown by decreased/normalized IGF-1 or GH levels
	All other indications: requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist, endocrinologist, or gastroenterologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
_	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **SOMAVERT** Affected Medications: SOMAVERT (pegvisomant)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Acromegaly
Required Medical Information: Appropriate Treatment	 Documentation confirming clinical manifestations of disease Diagnosis of acromegaly confirmed by ONE of the following: Elevated pre-treatment serum insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) level for age/gender Serum growth hormone (GH) level of 1 microgram/mL or greater after an oral glucose tolerance test (OGTT) Documented treatment failure or intolerance to octreotide or lanreotide (Somatuline Depot)
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation confirming one of the following: Inadequate response to surgery or radiotherapy Not a candidate for surgical management or radiotherapy (e.g., medically unstable, high risk for complications under anesthesia, major systemic complications of acromegaly, severe hypertension, uncontrolled diabetes, etc.) Dosing: Not to exceed 30 mg daily <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success shown by decreased/normalized IGF-1 or GH levels
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SOTATERCEPT-CSRK

Affected Medications: WINREVAIR (sotatercept-csrk)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criteria:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 5 Wood units
	Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH
	OR
	PAH secondary to one of the following conditions:
	 Connective tissue disease
	 Simple, congenital systemic to pulmonary shunts at least 1 year following repair Drugs and toxins
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class II or III symptoms
	 Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to
	calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90)
	 Low cardiac index (cardiac index less than 2 L/min/m²)
	OR
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
	Baseline 6-minute walk test (6MWD)
Appropriate	Documentation that drug will be used as an add-on treatment with all the following (one
Treatment	from each category) at therapeutic doses for at least 90 days:
Regimen & Other	 Phosphodiesterase-5 (PDE-5) inhibitor: sildenafil, tadalafil
Criteria:	 Endothelin Receptor Antagonist: ambrisentan, bosentan, Opsumit Brostosycling trappostance Vantavia
	• Prostacyclin: treprostinil, epoprostenol, Ventavis
	 Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to oral calcium channel blocking agents (nifedipine, diltiazem) if positive Acute Vasoreactivity Test
	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the
	following:
	 Improvement in walking distance (6MWD) Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)-associated PAH
Exclusion officia.	 PAH associated with portal hypertension
	 Schistosomiasis-associated PAH
	Schistosomiasis-associated PAH Pulmonary yeno occlusive disease
	 Schistosomiasis-associated PAH Pulmonary veno occlusive disease Platelet count less than 50,000/mm³ (50 x 10⁹/L)



Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SPARSENTAN Affected Medications: FILSPARI (sparsentan)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design OReduce proteinuria in adults with primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) at risk of rapid disease progression
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) confirmed with biopsy Documentation of ONE of the following (with labs current within 30 days of request): Proteinuria defined as equal to or greater than 1 g/day Urine protein-to-creatinine ratio (UPCR) greater than 1.5 g/g
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure (defined as proteinuria equal to or greater than 1 g/day <u>OR</u> UPCR greater than 1.5 g/g) with a minimum of 12 weeks of each of the following: Maximum tolerated dose of an angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) High dose glucocorticoid therapy such as oral prednisone or methylprednisolone (or an adverse effect to two or more glucocorticoid therapies that is not associated with the corticosteroid class)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class A-C) Estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) that is less than 30 mL/min/1.73 m²
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SPESOLIMAB Affected Medications: SPEVIGO INTRAVENOUS (IV) SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Generalized pustular psoriasis flares (GPP, also called von Zumbusch psoriasis)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of generalized pustular psoriasis as confirmed by the following: The presence of widespread sterile pustules arising on erythematous skin Pustulation is not restricted to psoriatic plaques Signs and symptoms of an acute GPP flare of moderate-to-severe intensity as follows: A Generalized Pustular Psoriasis Physician Global Assessment (GPPGA) total score of greater than or equal to 3 A GPPGA pustulation category subscore of greater than or equal to 2 Greater than or equal to 5% body surface area (BSA) covered with erythema and the presence of pustules
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure of acute disease flare (or documented intolerable adverse event) with: A one-week trial of cyclosporine AND Infliximab (preferred biosimilars Inflectra, Renflexis) Treatment for each flare is limited to two 900 mg infusions of Spevigo separated by 1 week
Exclusion Criteria:	 Previous use of Spevigo Erythrodermic plaque psoriasis without pustules or with pustules restricted to psoriatic plaques Synovitis-acne-pustulosis-hyperostosis-osteitis syndrome Drug-induced acute generalized exanthematous pustulosis
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SPRAVATO

Affected Medications: SPRAVATO (esketamine nasal spray)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Admir	nistration (FDA)-approved in	dications not otherwise exclud	led by
	plan design			
	 Indicated, in con 	junction with an oral antidep	ressant, for the treatment of:	
		nt-resistant depression (TRI		
			major depressive disorder (M	חט)
	-	te suicidal ideation or behav		22)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Treatment-Re	sistant Depression (TRD)		
Information:	Assessment of patient's			
			ore (or other standard rating s	cale)
	Diagnosis of Major Depres	sive Disorder (MDD) with a	icute suicidal ideation or	
	behavior:			
	Assessment of patient's			~
			RS) total score greater than 2	
Appropriato	Treatment-Resistant Depre		g scale indicating severe depr	ession
Appropriate			0% improvement in depression	n
Treatment			as a PHQ-9) to an adequate	
Regimen & Other			antidepressants from at least	
Criteria:		the current depressive episo		
		mentation therapy such as:		
			ms of action used concurrentl	У
	 An antidepressant and a second-generation antipsychotic used concurrently 			
	 An antidepressant and lithium used concurrently 			
	 An antidepressant and buspirone used concurrently 			
	-	nt and thyroid hormone used	-	
			such as Cognitive Behavioral	
	as a PHQ-9	terpersonal merapy as doct	imented by an objective scale	such
		combination with an oral ant	idepressant (at a therapeutic	dasa)
	 Dosing according to the a 		depressant (at a therapeutic	uuse)
			Adults	
			Adults	
	Induction Phase	Weeks 1 to 4	Day 1 starting dose: 56	
	induction Fliase	<u>Weeks 1 to 4</u>	mg	
			mg	
		Administer twice per	Subsequent doses: 56	
		week	mg or 84 mg	
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	Maintenance Phase	Weeks 5 to 8		
		Administer once weekly	56 mg or 84 mg	



		Weeks 9 and after		
		Administer every 2 weeks or once weekly*	56 mg or 84 mg	
	*Dosing frequency should be individualized to the least frequent dosing to maintain remission/response			
	 <u>Reauthorization (for TRD indication only)</u> requires: Documentation of treatment success defined as at least a 50% reduction in symptoms of depression compared to baseline using a standard rating scale that measures depressive symptoms Spravato continues to be used in combination with an oral antidepressant 			
	 Documentation of current documentation of why prevention of why prevention of why prevention of the set of t	r (MDD) with acute suicidal ent inpatient psychiatric hospit patient is not currently at inpa n combination with an oral an eekly for 4 weeks maximum (I net)	talization OR adequate tient level of care tidepressant	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concomitant psychotic disorder Bipolar or related disorders History of substance use disorder Use as an anesthetic agent Pregnancy Aneurysmal vascular disease (including thoracic and abdominal aorta, intracranial, and peripheral arterial vessels) or arteriovenous malformation History of intracerebral hemorrhage Hypersensitivity to esketamine, ketamine, or any of the excipients 			
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and old	ler		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:		nsultation with, a psychiatrist of the most control of the most co		
Coverage Duration:	 #24 nasal spray device TRD: 2 months (Inducti followed by once weekl) 	der (MDD) with acute suicidal s in 28 days of treatment only on phase – maximum of 23 n y maintenance phase), unles cation only): 6 months, unless	 v), unless otherwise specifie asal spray devices in first 2 s otherwise specified 	d



POLICY NAME: STIRIPENTOL Affected Medications: DIACOMIT (stiripentol)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of seizures associated with Dravet syndrome (DS)
Required Medical Information:	 Current Weight Documentation that therapy is being used as adjunct to clobazam for seizures Documentation of at least 4 generalized clonic or tonic-clonic seizures in the last month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment and inadequate control of seizures with at least four guideline directed therapies including: Valproate Clobazam Topiramate Clonazepam, levetiracetam, or zonisamide Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a reduction in seizure severity, frequency, or duration
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	6 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **STRENSIQ** Affected Medications: STRENSIQ (asfotase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 Perinatal/infantile or Juvenile onset hypophosphatasia (HPP) 	
Demuired Medical	Diamagia of Devinetal/Infentile on Invenile enert hymenhoenhotesis (IJDD) with ALL of	
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of Perinatal/Infantile or Juvenile onset hypophosphatasia (HPP) with ALL of the following:	
information.	Age of onset less than 18 years	
	 One of the following: 	
	 Clinical manifestations consistent with hypophosphatasia at onset prior to age 	
	18, such as: vitamin B6 dependent seizures, respiratory insufficiency, failure to thrive, non-traumatic fracture, dental abnormalities, low score on 6-minute walk test, low bone density score	
	 Skeletal abnormalities confirmed with radiographic imaging (such as flared and frayed metaphyses, widened growth plate, bowed arms or legs, rachitic chest deformity, craniosynostosis) 	
	Genetic test confirming mutation of tissue-non-specific alkaline phosphatase (TNSALP) gene	
	• Low level of serum alkaline phosphatase (ALP) evidenced by lab result below reference range for patient's age and gender	
	Elevated levels of one of the following:	
	 Urine or serum concentration of phosphoethanolamine (PEA) Serum concentration of pyridoxal 5'-phosphate (PLP) in the absence of vitamin 	
	supplements within one week prior to the test	
	 Urinary inorganic pyrophosphate (PPi) 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Please note: the 80 mg/0.8 mL vial is for patients weighing greater than 40 kilograms only 	
	Reauthorization requires documentation of:	
	Laboratory results confirming a decrease in urine concentration of urine or serum	
	phosphoethanolamine (PEA), serum concentration of pyridoxal 5'-phosphate (PLP), or	
	urinary inorganic pyrophosphate (PPi)	
	• Improvement or stabilization in the clinical signs and symptoms of hypophosphatasia,	
	such as:	
	 Radiographic evidence of improvement in skeletal deformities or growth 	
	 Improvement in 6-minute walk test 	
	 Improved bone density 	
	 Reduction in fractures 	
	 Respiratory function/breathing 	
	 Improvement in developmental milestones 	



Exclusion Criteria:	Other types of osteomalacia or hypophosphatasia, including adult onset hypophosphatasia
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or specialist experienced in the treatment of metabolic bone disorders All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SUBCUTANEOUS IMMUNE GLOBULIN

Affected Medications: CUTAQUIG, CUVITRU, GAMUNEX-C, HIZENTRA, HYQVIA, XEMBIFY

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Primary immunodeficiency (PID)/Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome
	 Such as: x-linked agammaglobulinemia, common variable
	immunodeficiency (CVID), transient hypogammaglobulinemia of infancy,
	immunoglobulin G (IgG) subclass deficiency with or without
	immunoglobulin A (IgA) deficiency, antibody deficiency with near normal
	immunoglobulin levels) and combined deficiencies (severe combined
	immunodeficiencies, ataxia-telangiectasia, x-linked lymphoproliferative
	syndrome) [list not all inclusive]
	 Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP)
Required Medical	Monthly intravenous immune globulin (IVIG) dose for those transitioning
Information:	Patient weight
	Primary Immunodeficiency (PID)
	Type of immunodeficiency
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Recent IgG level less than 200
	 Low IgG levels (below the laboratory reference range lower limit of normal) AND
	a history of multiple hard to treat infections as indicated by at least one of the
	following:
	 Four or more ear infections within 1 year
	 Two or more serious sinus infections within 1 year
	 Two or more months of antibiotics with little effect
	 Two or more pneumonias within 1 year
	 Recurrent or deep skin abscesses
	 Need for intravenous antibiotics to clear infections
	 Two or more deep-seated infections including septicemia
	Documentation showing a deficiency in producing antibodies in response to vaccination
	including all of the following:
	 Titers that were drawn before challenging with vaccination
	\circ Titers that were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks after vaccination
	Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP)
	Documented baseline in strength/weakness has been documented using an objective
	clinical measuring tool (INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6
	Minute Walk Test, Rankin, Modified Rankin)
	Documented disease course is progressive or relapsing and remitting for 2 months or
	 Abnormal or absent deep tendon reflexes in upper or lower limbs
L	



	Electrodiagnostic evidence of demyelination indicated by one of the following:
	 Motor distal latency prolongation in 2 nerves
	 Reduction of motor conduction velocity in 2 nerves
	 Prolongation of F-wave latency in 2 nerves
	 Absence of F-waves in at least 1 nerve
	 Partial motor conduction block of at least 1 motor nerve
	 Abnormal temporal dispersion in at least 2 nerves
	 Distal CMAP duration increase in at least 1 nerve
	Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) analysis indicates all of the following (if electrophysiologic
	findings are non-diagnostic):
	 CSF white cell count of less than 10 cells/mm³
	 CSF protein is elevated (greater than or equal to 45mg/dL)
Appropriate	Meets all criteria for IVIG approval
Treatment	• Exceptions may be given for patients without prior intravenous (IV) or subcutaneous
Regimen & Other	(SC) immune globulin use
Criteria:	
	PID
	Documentation of at least 3 months of IVIG therapy
	CIDP
	HyQvia, Hizentra and Gamunex-c only
	Refractory to or intolerant of corticosteroids (prednisolone, prednisone) given in
	therapeutic doses over at least three months
	Reauthorization:
	PID: Documented disease response defined as a decrease in the frequency or severity
	of infections
	CIDP:
	• Documentation of a beneficial clinical response to maintenance therapy, without
	relapses, based on an objective clinical measuring tool
	OR
	• Re-initiating maintenance therapy after experiencing a relapse while on Hizentra;
	AND documented improvement and stability on IVIG treatment AND was NOT
	receiving maximum dosing of Hizentra prior to relapse
Exclusion Criteria:	IgA deficiency with antibodies to IgA
	History of hypersensitivity to immune globulin or product components
	Hyperprolinemia type I or II
Age Restriction:	PID: 2 years of age and older
	CIDP: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	PID: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist
Care Restrictions:	• CIDP: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or rheumatologist with CIDP
	expertise
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization:
J	CIDP: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	 PID: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **SUTIMLIMAB** Affected Medications: ENJAYMO (sutimlimab-jome)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of hemolysis in adults with cold agglutinin disease (CAD) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Cold Agglutinin Disease (CAD) Documentation of current weight Diagnosis of CAD as confirmed by all of the following: Chronic hemolysis as confirmed by hemoglobin level of 10 g/dL or less AND elevated indirect bilirubin level Positive monospecific direct antiglobulin test (DAT) or Coombs test for C3d A positive DAT or Coombs test for IgG of 1+ or less Cold agglutinin titer of greater than or equal to 64 at 4°C 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Cold Agglutinin Disease (CAD) • Dosing: • 39 kg to less than 75 kg: 6,500 mg/dose • 75 kg or greater: 7,500 mg/dose • Administered weekly for the first two weeks, then every two weeks thereafter Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (e.g., increased hemoglobin, normalized markers of hemolysis [bilirubin, lactate dehydrogenase, reticulocyte count], reduced blood transfusion requirements)	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Disease secondary to infection, rheumatologic disease, systemic lupus erythematosus, or overt hematologic malignancy Concomitant use of rituximab with or without cytotoxic agents 	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME:

TAFAMIDIS

Affected Medications: VYNDAQEL (tafamidis meglumine 20 mg), VYNDAMAX (tafamidis 61 mg)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of wild type or hereditary transthyretin amyloid cardiomyopathy (ATTR-CM) to reduce cardiovascular mortality and cardiovascular-related hospitalizations in adults
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of ATTR-CM supported by ONE of the following (a, b, or c): a. Cardiac tissue biopsy confirms presence of ATTR amyloid deposits by immunohistochemistry (IHC) or mass spectrometry b. Documentation of BOTH of the following (i and ii): Noncardiac tissue biopsy confirms presence of ATTR amyloid deposits by IHC or mass spectrometry ii. Imaging consistent with cardiac amyloidosis (echocardiogram [ECG], cardiac magnetic resonance [CMR], or positron emission tomography [PET]) c. Documentation of ALL the following (i, ii, and iii):
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness (improvement in
Treatment	symptoms, quality of life, or 6-Minute Walk Test; slowing or stabilization of disease
Regimen & Other Criteria:	progression; reduced cardiovascular-related hospitalizations, etc.)
Exclusion Criteria:	NYHA Functional Class IV heart failure
	Presence of light-chain (primary) amyloidosis
	Prior liver or heart transplant
	Implanted cardiac mechanical assist device
	Combined use with transthyretin-lowering therapy
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or specialist experienced in the
Care Restrictions:	treatment of amyloidosis
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
-	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	,,



POLICY NAME: TAGRAXOFUSP-ERZS

Affected Medications: ELZONRIS (tagraxofusp-erzs)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm (BPDCN) in adults and in pediatric patients at least 2 years of age NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better 	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of BPDCN is confirmed by ALL of the following: A biopsy showing the morphology of plasmacytoid dendritic blast cells At least 3 of the following plasmacytoid dendritic cell (pDC) markers are expressed by immunohistochemistry (IHC) or flow cytometry: CD123 CD4 CD56 TCF4 CD303 CD304 The following pDC markers are negative: CD3, CD14, CD19, CD34, lysozyme, myeloperoxidase Diagnosis is made by a board-certified hematopathologist or dermatopathologist Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Pregnancy 	
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a prescriber experienced in the treatment of BPDCN All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: TARGETED IMMUNE MODULATORS

PA Policy Applicable to:

Preferred Drugs: Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Cosentyx, Otezla, Tremfya, Stelara, Xeljanz, Skyrizi, Rinvoq

Preferred Medical Drugs: Inflectra, Renflexis, Skyrizi Intravenous, Stelara, Simponi Aria Intravenous, Tofidence Intravenous, Tyenne Intravenous, Tremfya Intravenous

Non-preferred Medical Drugs: Remicade, Entyvio, Orencia Intravenous, Actemra Intravenous, Avsola, Infliximab (J1745), Cosentyx Intravenous

-			
1.	Is the request for continuation of currently approved therapy?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2
2.	Is the request for combined treatment with multiple targeted immune modulators (E.g., Hadlima plus Otezla)	Yes – Criteria not met, experimental	No – Go to #3
3.	Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to one of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia supported indications?	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met
Pro Pro	eumatoid Arthritis (RA) eferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), A eferred Medical Drugs –Inflectra, Renflexis, Simponi Aria, ⁻ on-Preferred Medical Drugs – Remicade, Actemra IV, Orenc	Fofidence IV, Tyenne	IV
1.	 Is there documented current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale)? Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3 	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is there documented treatment failure with minimum 12- week trial with methotrexate? If contraindicated or unable to tolerate, is there evidence of 12-week treatment failure with sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, or leflunomide?	Yes – Go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Go to #5
4.	Is there documented treatment failure with each of the following: One of the preferred pharmacy drugs: Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Xeljanz, Rinvoq AND One of the preferred medical drugs: Inflectra,	Yes – Document and Go to #5	No – Criteria not met



	Renflexis, Simponi Aria, Tofidence IV, Tyenne IV		
5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatology specialist?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Pre Ste Pre	aque Psoriasis (PP) eferred Pharmacy Drugs –Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Ac elara, Skyrizi, Tremfya eferred Medical Drugs – Inflectra, Renflexis, Stelara n-Preferred Medical Drugs – Remicade, Infliximab (J1745)		brel, Cosentyx, Otezla,
1.	 Is there documentation that the skin disease meets one of the following: At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement 	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is there documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least two systemic therapies: methotrexate, cyclosporine, Acitretin, phototherapy (UVB, PUVA)?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Go to #5
4.	 Is there documented treatment failure with each of the following: One of the preferred pharmacy drugs: Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Cosentyx, Otezla, Stelara, Skyrizi, Tremfya AND One of the preferred medical drugs: Inflectra, Renflexis 	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatology specialist?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met



Pre Co Pre No	Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA) Preferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Otezla, Cosentyx, Xeljanz, Stelara, Tremfya, Rinvoq, Skyrizi Preferred Medical Drugs – Inflectra, Renflexis, Stelara, Simponi Aria Non-Preferred Medical Drugs – Remicade, Orencia IV, Infliximab (J1745), Avsola, Cosentyx Intravenous			
	 Is there documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score 3 or greater based on chart notes: Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point 	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Is there documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate, or if unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met	
3.	Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Go to #5	
4.	Is there documented treatment failure with each of the following: • One of the preferred pharmacy drugs: Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Otezla, Cosentyx, Xeljanz, Stelara, Tremfya, Rinvoq, Skyrizi AND • One of the preferred medical drugs: Inflectra, Renflexis, Simponi Aria	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met	
5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatology specialist?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met	
6.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met	



quantity limitations?			
Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS) & Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (nr-axSpA) & Psoriatic Arthritis with Axial Involvement Preferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Cosentyx, Xeljanz, Rinvoq Preferred Medical Drugs –Inflectra, Renflexis, Simponi Aria Non-preferred Medical Drugs –Remicade, Infliximab (J1745), Avsola, Cosentyx Intravenous			
 Is there a diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by sacroiliitis on imaging AND at least 1 Spondyloarthritis (SpA) feature: Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met): Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years Insidious onset Improvement with exercise No improvement with rest Pain at night (with improvement upon arising) Arthritis Enthesitis Uveitis Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit) Psoriasis Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis Good response to NSAIDs Family history of SpA Elevated CRP OR HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least 2 SpA features 	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
 Is there documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale? 	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met	
 Is there documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each? OR For isolated sacroiliitis, enthesitis, peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid? 	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met	



4.	Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Go to #6
5.	Is there documented treatment failure with each of the following: One of the preferred pharmacy drugs: Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Cosentyx, Xeljanz, Rinvoq AND One of the preferred medical drugs: Inflectra, Renflexis, Simponi Aria 	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatology specialist?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met
7.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Pre Pre	ohn's Disease (CD) eferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), A eferred Medical Drugs – Inflectra, Renflexis, Skyrizi Intrave n-preferred Medical Drugs –Remicade, Entyvio, Infliximab	enous, Stelara	lara, Skyrizi, Rinvoq
1.	Is there a diagnosis supported by endoscopy/colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy or biopsy with moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is there documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide? OR Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No –Go to #3
3.	Is there documented severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following: Fistulizing disease Stricture Presence of abscess/phlegmon Deep ulcerations Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal involvement 	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4.	Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Go to #6



Is there documented treatment failure with each of the following: One of the preferred pharmacy drugs: Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Stelara, Skyrizi, Rinvoq AND One of the preferred medical drugs: Inflectra, Renflexis 	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterology specialist?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met
Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
eferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), A yrizi, Tremfya eferred Medical Drugs –Inflectra, Renflexis, Stelara, Skyriz n-Preferred Medical Drugs –Remicade, Entyvio, Omvoh, Ir	i Intravenous, Tremf	/a Intravenous
endoscopy/colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy or biopsy with moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment?		
 Is there severely active disease despite current treatment, defined by one of the following: Greater than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR) Recent hospitalization for ulcerative colitis 	Yes – Document and got to #4	No – Go to #3
Is there documented failure with at least two oral treatments, for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, azathioprine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, 6-mercaptopurine	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met
Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Go to #6
Is there documented treatment failure with each of the following:	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
	following: One of the preferred pharmacy drugs: Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Stelara, Skyrizi, Rinvoq AND One of the preferred medical drugs: Inflectra, Renflexis Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterology specialist? Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations? erative Colitis (UC) ferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), A rrizi, Tremfya ferred Medical Drugs –Inflectra, Renflexis, Stelara, Skyrizh-Preferred Medical Drugs –Remicade, Entyvio, Omvoh, Ir Is there a diagnosis supported by endoscopy/colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy or biopsy with moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment? Is there severely active disease despite current treatment, defined by one of the following: Greater than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR) Recent hospitalization for ulcerative colitis Is there documented failure with at least two oral treatments, for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, azathioprine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, 6-mercaptopurine Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	following: One of the preferred pharmacy drugs: Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Stelara, Skyrizi, Rinvoq ANDOne of the preferred medical drugs: Inflectra, Renflexis Yes – Go to #7Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterology specialist?Yes – Go to #7Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?Yes – Approve up to 6 monthserative Colitis (UC) ferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Rim rrizi, Tremfya ferred Medical Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Rim rrizi, Tremfya ferred Medical Drugs – Inflectra, Renflexis, Stelara, Skyrizi Intravenous, Tremfya h-Preferred Medical Drugs – Remicade, Entyvio, Omvoh, Infliximab (J1745), Avail Is there a diagnosis supported by endoscopy/colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy or biopsy with moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment?Yes – Go to #2Is there severely active disease despite current treatment?Yes – Document and got to #4o. Greater than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR) o Recent hospitalization for ulcerative colitisYes – Document and got to #4Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?Yes – Go to #5Is there documented treatment failure with a leach of theYes – Go to #5



	 Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Stelara, Skyrizi, Rinvoq, Xeljanz, Tremfya AND One of the preferred medical drugs: Inflectra, Renflexis 		
6.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterology specialist?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met
7.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Pre Pre	venile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA) eferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), A eferred Medical Drug – Simponi Aria, Tofidence IV, Tyenne n-Preferred Medical Drugs – Orencia IV, Actemra IV		brel, Xeljanz, Rinvoq
1.	Is there documented current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD global score) or active joint count?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	 Is there documented failure with each of the following: Glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids AND Minimum 12-week trial with methotrexate or leflunomide 	Yes – Go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Go to #5
4.	Is there documented treatment failure with each of the following:	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist? specialist?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met



Uv	eitis – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz			
1.	Is there a confirmed diagnosis of noninfectious uveitis?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Is the diagnosis being treated intermediate or panuveitis?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Go to #3	
3.	Is the diagnosis being treated posterior uveitis?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Go to #4	
4.	Is the diagnosis being treated anterior uveitis?	Yes – Criteria not met		
5.	 Is there documented treatment failure with the following: One immunosuppressive agent: methotrexate, azathioprine, mycophenolate AND One systemic calcineurin inhibitor (cyclosporine, tacrolimus) 	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met	
6.	Is there documented treatment failure with Yutiq AND Retisert?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met	
7.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmology specialist?	Yes – Go to #8	No – Criteria not met	
8.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met	
Pre Pre	Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS) Preferred Pharmacy Drugs – Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Cosentyx Preferred Medical Drugs –Inflectra, Renflexis Non-Preferred Medical Drugs –Remicade, Infliximab (J1745), Avsola			
1.	Is there a diagnosis of moderate to severe Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS) [Hurley Stage II or III disease] AND Documentation of baseline count of abscess and inflammatory nodules?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	



2.	Is there documented treatment failure with each of the following: Minimum 90-day trial with oral antibiotics: tetracycline/doxycycline/minocycline OR clindamycin with rifampin Minimum 8-week oral retinoid trial: isotretinoin OR acitretin 	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is the request for a non-preferred medical drug?	Yes – Go to #4	No- Go to #5
4.	Is there documented treatment failure with each of the following:	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatology specialist?	Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is the age of the member and requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Gia	ant Cell Arteritis (GCA) & Cytokine Release Syndrome (CR	S) – Actemra, Tofide	nce IV, Tyenne IV
1.	Is there a confirmed diagnosis of Cytokine Release Syndrome (CRS)?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Go to #2
2.	Is there a confirmed diagnosis of Giant Cell Arteritis (GCA) based on temporal artery biopsy or color doppler ultrasound OR Large vessel GCA diagnosis by advanced imaging of the vascular tree with computed tomography (CT), magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), magnetic resonance	Yes – Go to #3	No – Criteria not met



	angiography (MRA), positron emission tomography (PET) or PET with CT?		
3.	Is there documentation of disease refractory to treatment with glucocorticoids?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatology specialist?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5.	Is the age of the member and requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months (Maximum 4 doses for CRS)	No – Criteria not met
Ora	al Ulcers Associated with Behcet's Disease – Otezla	ł	1
1.	Is there a diagnosis of Behcet's with documentation of recurrent oral aphthae at least 3 times in a year AND two of the following:	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is there documented treatment failure to a minimum 12- week trial to one of the following: colchicine, prednisone, azathioprine	Yes – Go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist with experience in treating Behcet's?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4.	Is the age of the member and requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met



1.	Is there documentation of a planned hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) including procedure date, patient weight, and planned dose?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is there documentation that the drug will be used in combination with a systemic calcineurin inhibitor (tacrolimus, cyclosporine) AND methotrexate?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is there documentation of a prior allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT), human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection, or any uncontrolled active infection (viral, bacterial, fungal, or protozoal)?	Yes – Criteria not met	No – Go to #4
4.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or oncologist?	Yes – Approve up to 1 month (4 days of treatment maximum) with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified	No – Criteria not met
Ato	opic Dermatitis (AD) - Rinvoq		
1.	Is there documentation of severe inflammatory skin disease defined as functional impairment (inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction)?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is there a documented body surface area (BSA) affected of at least 10% OR hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is there documented failure with at least 6 weeks of treatment with one of the following: tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream, Eucrisa?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4.	Is there documented treatment failure with one of the following for at least 12 weeks: phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate?	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Criteria not met



5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of atopic dermatitis (such as a dermatologist)?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
	thesitis-Related Arthritis (ERA) Preferred Drugs - Cosenty venile Psoriatic Arthritis (JPsA) Preferred Drugs – Cosenty		
1.	Is there diagnosis of ERA confirmed by presence of the following: • Arthritis persisting at least 6 weeks AND enthesitis present OR • Arthritis or enthesitis with two of the following features: • Sacroiliac tenderness or inflammatory lumbosacral pain • Positive HLA-B27 • Onset of arthritis in males greater than 6 years of age • Acute symptomatic anterior uveitis • First-degree relative with ERA, sacroiliitis associated with inflammatory bowel disease, reactive arthritis, or acute anterior uveitis	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Go to #2
2.	 Is there diagnosis of JPsA confirmed by presence of: Arthritis and psoriasis OR Arthritis and at least 2 of the following: Dactylitis Nail pitting or onycholysis Psoriasis in a first-degree relative 	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is there documented treatment failure with a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (ibuprofen, naproxen, celecoxib, meloxicam, etc.) with a minimum trial of 1 month?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4.	Is there documented treatment failure with at least one of the following disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs) with a minimum trial of 12 weeks: methotrexate, sulfasalazine, leflunomide.	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Criteria not met



Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met
Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
(J1745)	
Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met
Yes – Go to #5	No – Go to #6
Yes – Go to #6	No – Criteria not met
Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met
	and go to #6 Yes – Approve up to 6 months (J1745) Yes – Document and go to #2 Yes – Document and go to #3 Yes – Document and go to #4 Yes – Go to #5 Yes – Go to #6



7.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met		
Re	newal Criteria	1	1		
1.	Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as assessed by the prescribing provider, with clinical documentation to support?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met		
2.	Is the request for combined treatment with multiple targeted immune modulators? (E.g., Hadlima plus Otezla)	Yes – Criteria not met	No – Go to #3		
3.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months			
Qu	antity Limitations	•	•		
•	 Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz Induction PP/Uveitis: 80 mg as a single dose, followed week after initial dose (160 mg total in first 2 CD/UC/HS: 160 mg on day 1, followed by 80 beginning on day 29 Maintenance RA/PP/PsA/CD/UC/AS/nr-axSpA/Uveitis/JIA HS: 40 mg every week OR 80 mg every othe Dose escalation (40 mg every week OR 80 mg every minimum of 16 weeks with standard mainter 	8 days)) mg on day 15, then n .: 40 mg every other w er week y other week) entation of lost or inade	naintenance dosing		
•	Enbrel o Induction				
	 PP: 50 mg twice weekly for 3 months (8 injections per 28 days for 3 months) Maintenance (All indications): PP/JPsA: 50 mg once weekly (4 injections per 28 days) RA/PP/PsA/AS/nr-axSpA/JIA: 25 mg twice weekly (8 injections per 28 days) 50 mg once weekly (4 injections per 28 days) 50 mg once weekly (4 injections per 28 days) 50 mg once weekly (4 injections per 28 days) 50 mg once weekly (4 injections per 28 days) 50 mg once weekly (4 injections per 28 days) 				

• Cosentyx



Induction

- Adult Plaque Psoriasis: 4 two-packs (300 mg) in first 28 days
- Pediatric Plaque Psoriasis/Pediatric Psoriatic Arthritis/Pediatric Enthesitis-Related Arthritis:
 - Less than 50 kg: four 75 mg doses in the first 28 days
 - Greater than or equal to 50 kg: four 150 mg doses in the first 28 days
- Hidradenitis Suppurativa: 4 two-packs (300 mg) in first 28 days
- o Maintenance
 - Adult Plaque Psoriasis: 1 two-pack (300 mg) per 28 days
 - Pediatric Plaque Psoriasis/Pediatric Psoriatic Arthritis/Pediatric Enthesitis-Related Arthritis:
 - Less than 50 kg: 75 mg per 28 days
 - Greater than or equal to 50 kg: 150 mg per 28 days
 - Psoriatic arthritis without plaque psoriasis/AS/Nr-axSpA: 1 injection (150 mg) per 28 days
 - If a patient continues to have active disease, a dosage of 300 mg may be considered
 - Hidradenitis Suppurativa: 1 two-pack (300 mg) per 28 days

Otezla

- Induction (All indications): Titration pack
- Maintenance (All indications): 60 tablets per 30 days
- Stelara
 - o Induction
 - Plaque Psoriasis: One 45 mg injection (0.5 mL) in first 28 days for those weighing 60 to 100 kg, one 90 mg injection (1 mL) in first 28 days for those weighing over 100 kg
 - For those under 60kg, the dose is 0.75 mg/kg
 - Psoriatic Arthritis: One 45 mg injection (0.5 mL) in the first 28 days
 - For coexistent moderate to severe PP and weight greater than 100kg: one 90 mg injection (1 mL) in first 28 days
 - Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis: A single intravenous infusion per below
 - 55 kg or less: 260 mg
 - 55 kg to 85 kg: 390 mg
 - More than 85 kg: 520 mg
 - o Maintenance
 - Plaque Psoriasis: One 45 mg injection (0.5 mL) per 84 days for those weighing 100 kg or less; one 90 mg injection (1 mL) per 84 days for those weighing over 100 kg
 - Psoriatic Arthritis: 45 mg (0.5 mL) per 84 days
 - For coexistent moderate-to-severe plaque psoriasis weighing more than 100 kg: 90 mg (1 ml) per 84 days
 - Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis: 90 mg (1 mL) per 56 days starting 8 weeks after the initial IV dose
- Tremfya
 - PP/PsA:
 - Induction: 100 mg (one injection) in first 28 days



- Maintenance: 100 mg (one injection) per 56 days
- Ulcerative Colitis:
 - Induction: 200 mg intravenous at week 0, week 4, and week 8
 - Maintenance: 100 mg subcutaneously every 8 weeks, beginning week 16
 - For consideration of every 4 week dosing, must meet all of the following:
 - Documented clinical failure to Tremfya 100 mg every 8 week dosing for at least 3 months

Skyrizi

- PP/PsA:
 - Induction: 150 mg in the first 28 days
 - Maintenance: 150 mg per 84 days
- o Crohn's Disease:
 - Induction: 600 mg intravenous at week 0, week 4, and week 8
 - Maintenance: 360 mg subcutaneously every 8 weeks, beginning week 12
- o Ulcerative Colitis:
 - Induction: 1200 mg intravenous at week 0, week 4, and week 8
 - Maintenance: 360 mg subcutaneously every 8 weeks, beginning week 12

Rinvoq

- RA/PsA/AS/nr-axSpA: 15 mg once daily (30 tablets per 30 days)
- AD: 15 mg once daily, may increase to 30 mg once daily if inadequate response (30 tablets per 30 days)
- UC: 45 mg once daily for 8 weeks then 15 mg once daily. May increase to 30 mg once daily if inadequate response (30 tablets per 30 days).

**45mg limited to 56 tablets (first 8 weeks of treatment)

 CD: 45 mg once daily for 12 weeks, then 15 mg once daily. May increase to 30 mg once daily for patients with refractory, severe or extensive disease.

**45mg limited to 84 tablets (first 12 weeks of treatment)

Polyarticular JIA/Pediatric Psoriatic Arthritis: 10 kg to <20 kg: 3 mg (3 mL solution) twice daily; 20 kg to <30 kg: 4 mg (4 mL solution) twice daily; 30 kg and greater: 6 mg (6 mL solution) twice daily or 15 mg tablet once daily

• Xeljanz

- o RA/PsA/AS: 60 tablets per 30 days (5 mg IR) OR 30 tablets per 30 days (11 mg XR)
- UC: 60 tablets per 30 days (5 mg or 10 mg IR tablets) OR 30 tablets per 30 days (11 mg or 22 mg XR)
- JIA: 10 kg to less than 20 kg: 3.2 mg (3.2 mL oral solution) twice daily; 20 kg to less than 40 kg: 4 mg (4 mL oral solution) twice daily; 40 kg or greater: 5 mg (one 5 mg tablet or 5 mL oral solution) twice daily
 - Oral solution available as 240 mL bottle
- Infliximab (Remicade, Inflectra, Renflexis, Avsola, Infliximab (J1745))*
 - Availability: 100 mg single-dose vials
 - Crohn's/UC/HS: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter. For those who respond and lose response, consideration may be given to treatment with 10 mg/kg



- Psoriatic Arthritis/Plaque Psoriasis/Generalized Pustular Psoriasis: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter
- RA: 3 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter. For those with an incomplete response, consideration may be given for dosing up to 10 mg/kg or as often as every 4 weeks
- AS: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 6 weeks thereafter

• Simponi Aria Intravenous*

- Availability: 50 mg single-dose vials
- o RA/PsA/AS: 2 mg/kg at weeks 0 and 4, then every 8 weeks thereafter
- o Pediatric PsA and JIA: 80 mg/m2 at weeks 0 and 4, then every 8 weeks thereafter

Orencia Intravenous*

- Availability: 250 mg single-use vials
- RA/PsA: <60 kg: 500 mg, 60-100 kg: 750 mg, >100 kg: 1,000 mg at 0, 2, and 4 weeks followed by every 4 weeks thereafter
- JIA: 6 years and older and <75 kg: 10 mg/kg; 75-100 kg: 750 mg; >100 kg: 1,000 mg (maximum dose) at 0, 2 and 4 weeks followed by every 4 weeks thereafter
- Acute GVHD Prophylaxis:
 - 2 to less than 6 years: 15 mg/kg on day -1 (day before transplantation) followed by 12 mg/kg on days 5, 14, and 28 post-transplant
 - 6 years and older: 10 mg/kg on day -1 (day before transplantation) followed by 10 mg/kg on days 5, 14, and 28 post-transplant (maximum: 1,000 mg/dose)

Entyvio*

- Availability: 300 mg single-use vials
- o Crohn's/UC: 300 mg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by every 8 weeks thereafter
- For Consideration of every 4 week dosing must meet all of the following:
 - Documented clinical failure to Entyvio at standard dosing for at least 6 months
 - Clinical failure defined as failure to achieve a clinical response (greater than or equal to 70 point improvement in CDAI score for Crohn's)
 - Documented failure to minimum of 12 weeks on two alternative Tumor necrosis factor– alpha (TNF) inhibitors

Actemra Intravenous, Tofidence Intravenous, Tyenne Intravenous*

- Availability: 400 mg, 200 mg & 80 mg single-dose vials
- RA: 4 mg/kg once every 4 weeks; may be increased to 8 mg/kg once every 4 weeks based on clinical response (maximum dose: 800 mg)
- o GCA: 6mg/kg every 4 weeks
- CRS: For patients less than 30kg, recommended dose is 12mg/kg; patients 30kg or greater recommended dose is 8mg/kg up to maximum of 800mg (Maximum 4 doses)
- Polyarticular JIA: <30 kg: 10 mg/kg every 4 weeks; 30 kg or greater: 8 mg/kg every 4 weeks
- Systemic JIA: <30 kg: 12 mg/kg every 2 weeks; 30 kg or greater: 8 mg/kg every 2 weeks

*Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced for all medical infusion drugs



Drug Name	Ankylosin g Spondyliti s	Crohn's Disease	Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis	Plaque Psoriasis	Psoriati c Arthritis	Rheumatoi d Arthritis	Ulcerativ e Colitis	Other
Abatacept (Orencia SQ & <mark>Orencia IV)</mark>			≥2 уо		≥2 yo	≥18 yo		Acute GVHD prophylaxis: IV: ≥2 yo
Adalimumab (Hadlima, Hyrimoz (Cordavis), Adalimumab- adaz)	≥18 уо	≥6 yo ≥18 yo (biosimilar s)	≥2 yo ≥4 yo (biosimilar s)	≥18 yo	≥18 yo	≥18 уо	≥5 yo	Uveitis (noninfectiou s) ≥2 yo HS ≥12 yo
Anakinra (Kineret)						≥18 yo		NOMID
<mark>Apremilast</mark> (Otezla)				≥6 yo	≥18 yo			Behçet's Disease
Baricitinib (Olumiant)						≥18 yo		
Brodalumab (Siliq)				≥18 yo				
Canakinumab (Ilaris) [See standalone policy]			≥2 уо					FCAS ≥4 yo MWS ≥4 yo TRAPS ≥2 yo HIDS ≥2 yo MKD ≥2 yo FMF ≥2 yo
Certolizumab (Cimzia)	≥18 yo	≥18 yo		≥18 yo	≥18 yo	≥18 yo		Nr-axSpA ≥18 yo
Etanercept <mark>(Enbrel)</mark>	≥18 уо		≥2 уо	≥4 yo (Enbrel) ≥18 yo (biosimilar s)	≥18 yo	≥18 уо		JPsA ≥2 yo
Golimumab (Simponi & <mark>Simponi Aria</mark>)	≥18 уо		≥2 yo (Simponi Aria)		≥18 yo (Simponi) ≥2 yo (Simponi Aria)	≥18 уо	≥18 yo (Simponi)	



Guselkumab				>10.40	>10.00		>10.40	
Guseikumab (Tremfya)				≥18 yo	≥18 yo		≥18 yo	
Infliximab (J1745), Remicade, Inflectra, Renflexis, Avsola	≥18 yo	≥6 yo		≥18 yo	≥18 уо	≥18 yo	≥6 yo	GPP≥18 yo
lxekizumab (Taltz)	≥18 yo			≥6 yo	≥18 yo			Nr-axSpA ≥18 yo
Rituximab (Rituxan) [See standalone policy]						≥18 yo		CLL \geq 18 yo NHL \geq 18 yo; \geq 6 yo (Rituxan) GPA \geq 18 yo; \geq 2 yo (Rituxan) Pemphigus Vulgaris \geq 18 yo RRMS \geq 18 yo
Risankizuma b-rzaa <mark>(Skyrizi)</mark>		≥18 yo		≥18 yo	≥18 yo		≥18 yo	
Sarilumab (Kevzara)						≥18 yo		
Secukinumab (Cosentyx)	≥18 уо			≥6 yo	≥2 уо			Nr-axSpA ≥18 yo ERA ≥ 4 yo JPsA ≥ 2 yo HS ≥18 yo
Tildrakizuma b-asmn (llumya)				≥18 yo				
Tocilizumab (Actemra SQ & Actemra IV, Tofidence IV, Tyenne IV SQ)			≥2 уо			≥18 уо		CRS >2 yo GCA >18 yo



Tofacitinib <mark>(Xeljanz)</mark>	≥18 yo		≥2 уо		≥18 yo	≥18 yo	≥18 yo	
Upadacitinib <mark>(Rinvoq)</mark>	≥18 yo	≥18 yo			≥18 yo	≥18 yo	≥18 уо	AD ≥12 yo Nr-axSpA ≥18 yo
Ustekinumab <mark>(Stelara)</mark>		≥18 yo		≥6 yo	≥18 yo		≥18 yo	
Vedolizumab (Entyvio)		≥18 yo					≥18 yo	

Yellow: Preferred Pharmacy Drugs

Green: Medical Infusion Drugs

Abbreviations: AD = Atopic Dermatitis; CLL = Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia; CRS = Cytokine Release Syndrome; ERA= Enthesitis-Related Arthritis; FCAS = Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome; FMF = Familial Mediterranean Fever; GCA = Giant Cell Arteritis; GPA = Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis (Wegener's Granulomatosis); HIDS: Hyperimmunoglobulin D Syndrome; HS = Hidradenitis Suppurativa; JPsA= Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis; MKD = Mevalonate Kinase Deficiency; MPA = Microscopic Polyangiitis; MWS = Muckle-Wells Syndrome; NHL = Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma; NOMID = Neonatal Onset Multi-Systemic Inflammatory Disease; Nr-axSpA = nonradiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis; Still's dx = Adult-onset Still's disease; TRAPS = Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Associated Periodic Syndrome; RRMS = Relapsing-Remitting Multiple Sclerosis; yo = years



POLICY NAME:

TARPEYO

Affected Medications: TARPEYO (Budesonide Delayed Release Capsule 4 mg)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Reduce the loss of kidney function in adults with primary immunoglobulin A
	nephropathy (IgAN) who are at risk for disease progression
Required Medical	Diagnosis of primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) confirmed with biopsy
Information:	• Documentation of risk of rapid disease progression with a urine protein-to-creatinine ratio
	(UPCR) equal to or greater than 1.5 g/g (labs current within 30 days of request) OR
	• Proteinuria defined as equal to or greater than 1 g/day (labs current within 30 days of
	request)
Appropriate	Documentation of treatment failure with a minimum of 12 weeks of an angiotensin-
Treatment	converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) AND
Regimen & Other	• Documentation of treatment failure with a minimum of 12 weeks of glucocorticoid therapy
Criteria:	such as oral prednisone or methylprednisolone (treatment failure defined as proteinuria
	equal to or greater than 1 g/day or an adverse effect to two glucocorticoid therapies that
	is not associated with the corticosteroid class) AND
	• Documentation of treatment failure with a minimum of 12 weeks of Filspari (treatment
	failure defined as proteinuria equal to or greater than 1 g/day or an adverse effect to
	Filspari)
	No reauthorization – Recommended duration of therapy is 9 months followed by a 2-week dose taper prior to discontinuation
Exclusion Criteria:	Other glomerulopathies or nephrotic syndrome
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 10 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TASIMELTEON

Affected Medications: HETLIOZ LQ SUSPENSION, TASIMELTEON

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of Non-24-Hour Sleep-Wake Disorder (Non-24)
	 Treatment of nighttime sleep disturbances in Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)
Required Medical	<u>Non-24</u>
Information:	 Documentation of being totally blind with no light perception Diagnosis of Non-24 hour sleep wake disorder meeting ALL of the following:
	 Documented history of insomnia, excessive daytime sleepiness, or both, that alternates with asymptomatic periods
	 Symptoms have been present for at least three months
	 Drift in rest-activity patterns demonstrated by at least 4 weeks of data from daily sleep logs and actigraphy
	 Documentation that other sleep disorders were treated or ruled out using a sleep
	study
	Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)
	Diagnosis of Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS) confirmed by both of the following: Constitution of the retirection of the r
	 Genetic test showing mutation or deletion of the retinoic acid-induced 1 (RAI1) gene
	 Documentation of significant nighttime sleep disturbances
Annanalata	New O4
Appropriate	<u>Non-24</u>
Treatment	Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of melatonin
Treatment Regimen & Other	 Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of melatonin <u>Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)</u>
Treatment	Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of melatonin
Treatment Regimen & Other	 Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of melatonin <u>Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)</u> Documented trial and failure with treatment regimen that includes both melatonin taken at bedtime AND acebutolol taken during daytime for at least 12 weeks
Treatment Regimen & Other	 Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of melatonin <u>Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)</u> Documented trial and failure with treatment regimen that includes both melatonin taken at bedtime AND acebutolol taken during daytime for at least 12 weeks <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
Treatment Regimen & Other	 Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of melatonin <u>Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)</u> Documented trial and failure with treatment regimen that includes both melatonin taken at bedtime AND acebutolol taken during daytime for at least 12 weeks
Treatment Regimen & Other	 Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of melatonin <u>Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)</u> Documented trial and failure with treatment regimen that includes both melatonin taken at bedtime AND acebutolol taken during daytime for at least 12 weeks <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of melatonin <u>Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)</u> Documented trial and failure with treatment regimen that includes both melatonin taken at bedtime AND acebutolol taken during daytime for at least 12 weeks <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of melatonin <u>Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)</u> Documented trial and failure with treatment regimen that includes both melatonin taken at bedtime AND acebutolol taken during daytime for at least 12 weeks <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy Sleep disorders other than Non-24 and SMS such as insomnia, shift work disorder, jet lag
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of melatonin <u>Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)</u> Documented trial and failure with treatment regimen that includes both melatonin taken at bedtime AND acebutolol taken during daytime for at least 12 weeks <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy Sleep disorders other than Non-24 and SMS such as insomnia, shift work disorder, jet lag disorder, irregular sleep-wake rhythm disorder, delayed sleepwake phase disorder,
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of melatonin <u>Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)</u> Documented trial and failure with treatment regimen that includes both melatonin taken at bedtime AND acebutolol taken during daytime for at least 12 weeks <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy Sleep disorders other than Non-24 and SMS such as insomnia, shift work disorder, jet lag disorder, irregular sleep-wake rhythm disorder, delayed sleepwake phase disorder, advanced sleep-wake rhythm disorder
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of melatonin <u>Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)</u> Documented trial and failure with treatment regimen that includes both melatonin taken at bedtime AND acebutolol taken during daytime for at least 12 weeks <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy Sleep disorders other than Non-24 and SMS such as insomnia, shift work disorder, jet lag disorder, irregular sleep-wake rhythm disorder, delayed sleepwake phase disorder, advanced sleep-wake rhythm disorder Sleep disturbances caused by taking sedative or stimulant central nervous system-active
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of melatonin <u>Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)</u> Documented trial and failure with treatment regimen that includes both melatonin taken at bedtime AND acebutolol taken during daytime for at least 12 weeks <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy Sleep disorders other than Non-24 and SMS such as insomnia, shift work disorder, jet lag disorder, irregular sleep-wake rhythm disorder, delayed sleepwake phase disorder, advanced sleep-wake rhythm disorder Sleep disturbances caused by taking sedative or stimulant central nervous system-active drugs
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of melatonin <u>Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)</u> Documented trial and failure with treatment regimen that includes both melatonin taken at bedtime AND acebutolol taken during daytime for at least 12 weeks <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy Sleep disorders other than Non-24 and SMS such as insomnia, shift work disorder, jet lag disorder, irregular sleep-wake rhythm disorder, delayed sleepwake phase disorder, advanced sleep-wake rhythm disorder Sleep disturbances caused by taking sedative or stimulant central nervous system-active drugs Sleep disturbances caused by other conditions
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of melatonin <u>Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)</u> Documented trial and failure with treatment regimen that includes both melatonin taken at bedtime AND acebutolol taken during daytime for at least 12 weeks <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy Sleep disorders other than Non-24 and SMS such as insomnia, shift work disorder, jet lag disorder, irregular sleep-wake rhythm disorder, delayed sleepwake phase disorder, advanced sleep-wake rhythm disorder Sleep disturbances caused by taking sedative or stimulant central nervous system-active drugs Sleep disturbances caused by other conditions Non-24: 18 years of age and older SMS: Capsules: 16 years of age and older
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of melatonin <u>Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS)</u> Documented trial and failure with treatment regimen that includes both melatonin taken at bedtime AND acebutolol taken during daytime for at least 12 weeks <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy Sleep disorders other than Non-24 and SMS such as insomnia, shift work disorder, jet lag disorder, irregular sleep-wake rhythm disorder, delayed sleepwake phase disorder, advanced sleep-wake rhythm disorder Sleep disturbances caused by taking sedative or stimulant central nervous system-active drugs Sleep disturbances caused by other conditions Non-24: 18 years of age and older SMS:



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with a neurologist or sleep specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **TEDIZOLID** Affected Medications: SIVEXTRO injection, SIVEXTRO tablets

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Acute bacterial skin and skin structure infections (ABSSSI) caused by susceptible isolates of the following Gram-positive microorganisms: Staphylococcus aureus (including methicillin-resistant [MRSA] and methicillin-susceptible [MSSA] isolates) Streptococcus agalactiae Streptococcus anginosus Group (including Streptococcus anginosus, Streptococcus intermedius, and Streptococcus constellatus) Enterococcus faecalis
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed or suspected diagnosis Documentation of treatment history and current treatment regimen Documentation of culture and sensitivity data Documentation of planned treatment duration
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dosing: 200 mg once daily for 6 days Requests for the intravenous formulation will require both of the following: Documentation of treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerable adverse event with intravenous linezolid AND Documentation of treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerable adverse event with at least 2 of the following drugs/drug classes: Vancomycin Avoidance of vancomycin due to nephrotoxicity will require documentation of multiple (at least 2 consecutive) increased serum creatinine concentrations (increase of 0.5 mg/dL [44 mcmol/L] or at least 50 percent increase from baseline, whichever is greater), without an alternative explanation
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a infectious disease specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **TEDUGLUTIDE** Affected Medications: GATTEX (teduglutide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Short Bowel Syndrome (SBS)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed SBS diagnosis Dependence on parenteral nutrition (PN) and/or intravenous (IV) fluids at least 12 consecutive months continuously Receiving three or more days per week of PN support such as fluids, electrolytes, and/or nutrients
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of inability to be weaned from PN despite use of the following conventional measures: Dietary manipulations, oral rehydration solutions Antidiarrheal/motility agents: loperamide or diphenoxylate Antisecretory agents: H2 receptor antagonists or proton pump inhibitors OR Developed significant complications or severe impairment in quality of life related to parenteral nutrition use (such as loss of vascular access sites, recurrent catheter-related bloodstream infections, and liver disease) Dose does not exceed 0.05 mg/kg daily Reauthorization requires documentation of clinically significant benefit defined by parenteral support reduction of 1 day or greater a week
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Weight of less than 10 kg Onset or worsening of gallbladder/biliary disease Onset or worsening of pancreatic disease Presence of any gastrointestinal malignancy Presence of intestinal or stomal obstruction 1 year of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist or SBS specialist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **TENAPANOR** Affected Medications: XPHOZAH (tenapanor)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of hyperphosphatemia associated with chronic kidney disease (CKD)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of hyperphosphatemia associated with CKD and currently on dialysis treatment Documentation of progressively or persistently elevated serum phosphate that is greater than 5.5 mg/dL over the past 6 months despite adherence to phosphate binders and dietary restrictions Documentation that Xphozah will be used as add-on therapy to phosphate binder therapy unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects were experienced
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with at least an 8-week trial, at maximally indicated doses, of two or more of the following: calcium acetate lanthanum carbonate sevelamer Velphoro Auryxia Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as reduction in serum phosphorus from pretreatment level and maintenance of serum phosphorus level at 5.5 mg/dL or lower
Exclusion Criteria:	Known or suspected mechanical gastrointestinal obstruction
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TENOFOVIR ALAFENAMIDE

Affected Medications: VEMLIDY (tenofovir alafenamide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design For the treatment of chronic hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection in adults and pediatric patients 6 years of age and older with compensated liver disease
Required Medical	Documentation confirming diagnosis of chronic hepatitis B infection
Information:	Documentation of compensated liver disease (Child-Pugh A) within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start of therapy
Appropriate	Documentation of one or more of the following:
Treatment	• Inadequate virologic response or intolerable adverse event to tenofovir disoproxil
Regimen & Other	fumarate
Criteria:	 CrCl less than or equal to 80 mL/min within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start date OR high risk for acute renal injury (i.e., nephrotoxic medications) Diagnosis of osteoporosis, osteopenia, or high risk for developing osteoporosis with supporting documentation (i.e., chronic use of steroids or other drugs that worsen bone density, poor nutrition, early menopause) Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to
	therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Decompensated hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh B or C)
Age Restriction:	6 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or infectious
Restrictions:	disease specialist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TEPLIZUMAB-MZWV

Affected Medications: TZIELD (teplizumab-mzwv)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administratic	on (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	in (i DA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
		s, to delay the onset of Stage 3 type 1 diabetes in adults,	
		<i>i</i> th Stage 2 type 1 diabetes	
Required Medical		betes, confirmed by both of the following:	
Information:	• • • • •	e of the following pancreatic islet cell autoantibodies within	
	the past 6 months:		
	•	lecarboxylase 65 (GAD) autoantibodies	
	 Insulin autoanti 		
		ociated antigen 2 autoantibody (IA-2A)	
		r 8 autoantibody (ZnT8A)	
	 Islet cell autoar 	- · · ·	
		ucose tolerance testing (OGTT) within the past 6 months,	
	as shown by one of the		
	-	lucose between 110 mg/dL and 125 mg/dL	
	• •	greater than or equal to 140 mg/dL and less than 200	
	mg/dL		
	-	inute value on OGTT greater than or equal to 200 mg/dL	
	on two separate	• • •	
	 Documentation that the patient has a first-degree or second-degree relative with type 1 		
	diabetes and one of the following:		
		prother, sister, parent, offspring), patient must be between	
	8 and 45 years of age		
		e (niece, nephew, aunt, uncle, grandchild, cousin), patient	
	must be between 8 and		
		current body surface area (BSA) or height and weight to	
	calculate BSA		
	• Treatment plan, including plann	ed dose and frequency	
Appropriate Treatment		usion only, based on the following dosing schedule:	
Regimen & Other			
Criteria:	Treatment Day	Dose	
	Day 1	65 mcg/m ²	
	Day 2	125 mcg/m ²	
	Day 3	250 mcg/m ² 500 mcg/m ²	
	Day 4 Days 5- 14	1,030 mcg/m ²	
		1,000 mog/m	
	• Availability: 2 mg/2 mL (1 mg/m	L) single-dose vials	
		al size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced	
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior treatment with Tzield		
	• Diagnosis of Stage 3 type 1 dial	betes (clinical type 1 diabetes)	



	Diagnosis of Type 2 diabetes
	Current active serious infection or chronic infection
	Pregnant or lactating
Age Restriction:	8 to 45 years of age
	 See Required Medical Information for age requirements based on first-degree or second- degree relative
Prescriber/Site of Care	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified (one 14-day infusion only)



POLICY NAME: TEPROTUMUMAB-TRBW

Affected Medications: TEPEZZA (teprotumumab-trbw)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thyroid Eye Disease (TED) regardless of TED activity or duration
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation that baseline disease is under control prior to starting therapy, as defined by one of the following: Patient is euthyroid (thyroid function tests are within normal limits) Patient has recent and mild hypo- or hyperthyroidism (thyroid function tests show free thyroxine (T4) and free triiodothyronine (T3) levels less than 50% above or below normal limits) and will undergo treatment to maintain euthyroid state TED has an appreciable impact on daily life, defined as: Proptosis greater than or equal to 3 mm increase from baseline (prior to diagnosis of TED) and/or proptosis greater than or equal to 3 mm above normal for race and gender OR Current moderate-to-severe active TED with a Clinical Activity Score (CAS) greater than or equal to 4 (on the 7-item scale) for the most severely affected eye and symptoms such as: lid retraction greater than or equal to 3 mm, moderate or severe soft tissue involvement, diplopia, and/or proptosis greater than or equal to 3 mm above normal for race and gender
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Evidence of stable, well-controlled disease if comorbid inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) or diabetes Documented failure to intravenous or oral steroid at appropriate dose over 12 weeks
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use of more than one course of Tepezza treatment Prior orbital irradiation, orbital decompression, or strabismus surgery Decreasing visual acuity, new defect in visual field, color vision defect from optic nerve involvement within the previous 6 months Corneal decompensation that is unresponsive to medical management
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 7 months, maximum approval (total of 8 doses) with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

TESTOSTERONE

Affected Medications: TESTOPEL (testosterone pellets), JATENZO (testosterone undecanoate capsules), TLANDO (testosterone undecanoate capsules)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Testosterone replacement therapy in adult males for conditions associated with a deficiency or absence of endogenous testosterone: primary hypogonadism or hypogonadotropic hypogonadism Gender Dysphoria
Required	All Indications
Medical	If 65 years of age and older, must provide documentation of a yearly evaluation that
Information:	includes ALL of the following:
	 The need for continued hormone replacement therapy
	 Education on the risks of hormone replacement therapy (heart attack, stroke)
	 Discussion about the limited efficacy and safety for hormone replacement
	therapy in patients experiencing an age-related decrease in testosterone levels
	Hypogonadism in Adults
	Confirmed low testosterone level (total testosterone less than 300 ng/dl or morning free
	or bioavailable testosterone less than 5 ng/dL) or absence of endogenous testosterone
	Gender Dysphoria
	Documented diagnosis of gender dysphoria
	 If under 18 years of age, documentation of all of the following:
	 Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and
	testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty
	 Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent
	 The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent for treatment
	• Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled
	• A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed
	mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most
	current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health
	(WPATH) Standards of Care
	Note: For requests following pubertal suppression therapy, an updated or new
	comprehensive mental health evaluation must be provided prior to initiation of hormone supplementation
Appropriate	All Indications
Treatment	Requests for oral testosterone (e.g., Jatenzo, Tlando) require documented treatment
Regimen &	failure with testosterone injections AND generic transdermal testosterone
Other Criteria:	Requests for Testopel require all of the following:
	 Documented treatment failure with testosterone injections AND generic
	transdermal testosterone



	 Documented treatment plan, including dosage in milligrams or number of pellets to be administered and frequency Maximum dosage: 450 mg per treatment Maximum of 4 treatments in 12 months
	 <u>Reauthorization</u>: Hypogonadism in Adults: Documentation of a recent testosterone level within normal limits Gender Dysphoria: Documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of sexual dysfunction Treatment of symptoms of menopause
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of gender dysphoria All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Testopel: Authorization: 12 months (maximum of 4 treatments), unless otherwise specified All other formulations: Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TEZEPELUMAB-EKKO

Affected Medications: TEZSPIRE (tezepelumab-ekko)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	• Add-on maintenance treatment of patients aged 12 years and older with severe
	asthma
Required Medical	Diagnosis of severe asthma defined by the following:
Information:	 For adults: FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least
	5% from normal
	 For adolescents aged 12 to 17: FEV1 less than 90% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
Appropriate	Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta
Treatment	agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
Regimen & Other	A documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic
Criteria:	corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaled treatment
	with at least 80% adherence
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Fasenra, Nucala, Xolair, Dupixent, Cinqair)
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **THALIDOMIDE** Affected Medications: THALOMID (thalidomide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia-supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Multiple Myeloma (MM) Erythema Nodosum (ENL) Systemic light chain amyloidosis AIDS-related aphthous stomatitis Waldenström macroglobulinemia Graft-versus-host disease, chronic (refractory) NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
Appropriate	Multiple Myeloma
Treatment	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with evidence level of 2A or higher
Regimen & Other Criteria:	nighei
Chiena.	Systemic light chain amyloidosis
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with evidence level of 2A or
	higher
	 Waldenström Macroglobulinemia NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with evidence level of 2A or higher
	 <u>AIDS-related or Severe recurrent aphthous stomatitis</u> Documented trial and failure with BOTH topical and systemic corticosteroids
	 Erythema Nodosum Leprosum (ENL) Acute treatment of the cutaneous manifestations of moderate to severe ENL (Type 2 reaction) Maintenance therapy for prevention and suppression of the cutaneous manifestations of ENL recurrence Reauthorization: Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
EAGINSION GRIEFIA:	 Pregnancy Karnofsky Performance Status less than or equal to 50% or ECOG performance score greater than or equal to 3
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or infectious disease specialist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified



	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
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POLICY NAME: TOBRAMYCIN INHALATION

Affected Medications: BETHKIS (tobramycin), KITABIS PAK (tobramycin), TOBI (tobramycin), TOBI PODHALER (tobramycin), TOBRAMYCIN NEBULIZED SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Management of Cystic Fibrosis (CF) patients with Pseudomonas aeruginosa
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis (phenotyping not required). Culture and sensitivity report confirming presence of pseudomonas aeruginosa in the lungs Baseline forced expiratory volume in 1 second (FEV1) Tobi Podhaler: FEV1 equal to or between 25% and 80% Bethkis: FEV1 equal to or between 40% and 80% Kitabis Pak: FEV1 equal to or between 25% and 75%
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For Tobi Podhaler, Kitabis Pak, Bethkis, and Tobi: Documentation of failure with nebulized tobramycin or clinical rationale for avoidance Use is limited to a 28 days on and 28 days off regimen <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of improved respiratory symptoms and need for long-term use
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist, or provider who specializes in CF All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **TOFERSEN** Affected Medications: QALSODY (tofersen)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) associated with a mutation in the superoxide dismutase 1 (SOD1) gene (SOD1-ALS)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of "definite" or "probable" ALS diagnosis based on revised El Escorial (Airlie House) or Awaji criteria Documentation of a confirmed SOD1 genetic mutation Forced vital capacity (FVC) greater than or equal to 50% as adjusted for age, sex, and
	 height (from a sitting position) Baseline plasma neurofilament light chain (NfL) value Patient currently retains most activities of daily living defined as at least 2 points on all 12
Ammonuista	items of the ALS functional rating scale-revised (ALSFRS-R)
Appropriate Treatment	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy, defined as both of the following:
	Reduction in plasma NfL from baseline
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 The patient's baseline functional status has been maintained at or above baseline level or not declined more than expected given the natural disease progression Patient is not dependent on invasive mechanical ventilation (e.g., intubation,
	tracheostomy)
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist, neuromuscular specialist, or specialist with experience in the treatment of ALS
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TOLVAPTAN

Affected Medications: JYNARQUE, TOLVAPTAN (15 mg, 30 mg)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Tolvaptan: treatment of clinically significant hypervolemic and euvolemic hyponatremia (serum sodium less than 125 mEq/L OR less marked hyponatremia that is symptomatic and has resisted correction with fluid restriction), including patients with heart failure and Syndrome of Inappropriate Antidiuretic Hormone (SIADH) Jynarque: to slow kidney function decline in adults at risk of rapidly progressing autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease (ADPKD)
Required Medical Information:	 Hyponatremia Serum sodium less than 125 mEq/L at baseline OR Serum sodium less than 135 mEq/L at baseline and symptomatic (nausea, vomiting, headache, lethargy, confusion)
	 ADPKD Diagnosis of typical ADPKD confirmed by family history, imaging, and if applicable, genetic testing Estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) greater than or equal to 25 mL/min/1.73m² High risk for rapid progression determined by Mayo imaging class 1C, 1D, or 1E
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Hyponatremia</u> Treatment is initiated or re-initiated in a hospital setting prior to discharge <u>ADPKD</u> Documentation of intensive blood pressure control with an angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), unless contraindicated <u>Reauthorization (for ADPKD)</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Patients requiring intervention to raise serum sodium urgently to prevent or treat serious neurological symptoms Patients who are unable to sense or respond to thirst Hypovolemic hyponatremia Anuria Uncorrected urinary outflow obstruction
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	 <u>Hyponatremia</u> Authorization: 1 month (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified 	
	 ADPKD Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME:

TOPICAL AGENTS FOR CUTANEOUS T-CELL LYMPHOMA (including Mycosis fungoides and Sézary syndrome) Affected Medications: VALCHLOR (mechlorethamine topical gel), TARGRETIN (bexarotene gel)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (CTCL), stage and type confirmed by biopsy. Extent of skin involvement (limited/localized or generalized)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Limited/localized skin involvement (topical bexarotene and mechlorethamine) Documented clinical failure to ALL of the following: Topical corticosteroids (high or super-high potency) such as clobetasol, betamethasone, fluocinonide, halobetasol Topical imiquimod Phototherapy Generalized skin involvement (topical mechlorethamine only) Documentation of failure or contraindication to at least 1 skin-directed therapy Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TOPICAL DERMATITIS AND PSORIATIC AGENTS

Affected Medications: VTAMA (tapinarof 1% cream), ZORYVE (roflumilast 0.3% cream), ZORYVE (roflumilast 0.3% foam), ZORYVE (roflumilast 0.15% cream)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Plaque psoriasis (Vtama and Zoryve 0.3% cream) Seborrheic dermatitis (Zoryve 0.3% foam) Atopic dermatitis (Zoryve 0.15% cream) 			
Required Medical Information:	 <u>All Indications</u> Documentation of affected body surface area (BSA) and areas of involvement 			
	 Plaque Psoriasis Documentation of chronic plaque psoriasis that meets <u>ONE</u> of the following: At least 10% BSA involvement despite current treatment Hand, foot, face, or mucous membrane involvement 			
	 Seborrheic Dermatitis Diagnosis of moderate to severe seborrheic dermatitis with presence of lesions that are characteristic of the condition (such as erythematous plaques and yellowish scales distributed on areas with sebaceous glands) Documentation of persistent itching, scaling, and erythema despite current therapy 			
	 Atopic Dermatitis Documentation of atopic dermatitis that meets <u>ONE</u> of the following: At least 10% BSA involvement despite current treatment Hand, foot, face, or mucous membrane involvement 			
Appropriate Treatment Regimen &	 <u>All Indications</u> Documented treatment failure with a high or super-high potency topical corticosteroid 			
Other Criteria:	 Plaque Psoriasis Documented treatment failure with each of the following for a minimum of 4-weeks: Topical vitamin D analog (e.g., calcipotriene, calcitriol) Tazarotene <u>Vtama</u>: Requires additional treatment failure with 8 weeks of Zoryve 0.3% cream 			
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy, defined as a decrease in affected BSA from baseline			
	 Seborrheic Dermatitis Documented failure with ALL the following: Minimum 6-week trial of one topical calcineurin inhibitor (e.g., tacrolimus, pimecrolimus) Topical antifungal (such as ketoconazole, ciclopirox, or selenium sulfide) 			



	Reauthorization: Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy, defined as a reduction in itching, scaling, erythema, and number of affected areas compared to baseline Atopic Dermatitis • Documented treatment failure with a minimum 6-week trial of one of the following: topical calcineurin inhibitor, Eucrisa Reauthorization: Documentation of disease responsiveness, defined as a decrease in
	affected BSA from baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age	Vtama: 18 years of age and older
Restriction:	Zoryve cream: 6 years of age and older
	Zoryve foam: 9 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

TRALOKINUMAB Affected Medications: ADBRY (tralokinumab)

1.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2
2.	 Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to one of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications? Treatment of moderate to severe atopic dermatitis in adults 	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met
Мс	oderate to Severe Atopic Dermatitis		
1.	Is there documentation of severe inflammatory skin disease defined as functional impairment (inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction)?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is there a documented body surface area (BSA) effected of at least 10% OR hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is there documented failure with at least 6 weeks of treatment with one of the following: tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream, Eucrisa?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4.	Is there documented treatment failure with two of the following for at least 12 weeks: Phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate?	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of atopic dermatitis (Such as a dermatologist)?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Renewal Criteria			
1.	Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as assessed by the prescribing provider?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met



Quantity Limitations

• Adbry

- o Availability: 150 mg/mL prefilled syringes, 300 mg/2 mL autoinjectors
- Dosing:

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- Adults 18 years and older: 600 mg as single dose, then 300 mg every 2 weeks.
 - If less than 100 kg and clear/almost clear is achieved, dosing may be reduced to 300 mg every 4 weeks
- Pediatric patients 12 to 17 years old: 300 mg as a single dose, then 150 mg every 2 weeks.



POLICY NAME: TRASTUZUMAB

Affected Medications: HERCEPTIN IV (trastuzumab), HERCEPTIN HYLECTA SQ (trastuzumab and hyaluronidase), KANJINTI (trastuzumab-anns), OGIVRI (trastuzumab-dkst), TRAZIMERA (trastuzumab-qyyp), HERZUMA (trastuzumab-pkrb), ONTRUZANT (trastuzumab-dttb)

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher		
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and prescribed dosing regimen Documentation of HER2 positivity based on: 3+ score on immunohistochemistry (IHC) testing OR Positive gene amplification by fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) test 		
Appropriate Treatment	Maximum duration for adjuvant breast cancer therapy is 12 months		
Regimen & Other	All Indications		
Criteria:	 Coverage for a non-preferred product (Trazimera, Herzuma, Ontruzant, Herceptin, or Herceptin Hylecta) requires documentation of the following: A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products Kanjinti and Ogivri and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient 		
	Reauthorization will require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy		
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist		
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Coverage Duration:	 For new starts to adjuvant breast cancer therapy – approve for 12 months with no reauthorization For all other clinical scenarios: Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 		



POLICY NAME: TRIENTINE

Affected Medications: TRIENTINE HYDROCHLORIDE, CUVRIOR (trientine tetrahydrochloride)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Wilson's disease 	
Required Medical Information: Diagnosis of Wilson's disease confirmed by ONE of the following:		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For Cuvrior, must meet BOTH of the following: Documented treatment failure with a minimum 6-month trial of penicillamine that was not due to tolerability Documented intolerable adverse event to a maximally tolerated dosage of generic trientine hydrochloride and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response therapy as shown by normalization of free serum copper (non-ceruloplasmin bound copper) to less than 15 mcg/dL and 24-hour urinary copper in the range of 200 to 500 mcg 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 For trientine hydrochloride: Treatment of rheumatoid arthritis Treatment of cystinuria Treatment of biliary cirrhosis 	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or liver transplant provider All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization:12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME:

TRIPTORELIN

Affected Medications: TRELSTAR, TRIPTODUR (triptorelin)

Covered Uses:	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	• Prostate Cancer (Trelstar)
	 Central Precocious Puberty (Triptodur)
	Gender Dysphoria
Required Medical	Central Precocious Puberty (CPP)
Information:	 Documentation of CPP confirmed by one of the following labs:
	 Elevated basal luteinizing hormone (LH) level greater than 0.2 - 0.3 mIU/L
	 Elevated leuprolide-stimulated LH level greater than 3.3 - 5 IU/L (dependent on
	type of assay used)
	Bone age greater than 2 standard deviations (SD) beyond chronological age
	Gender Dysphoria
	Documentation of all the following:
	 Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and
	testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty
	 Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent
	 The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give
	consent for treatment
	• Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled
	 A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed
	mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most
	current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health (WPATH) Standards of Care
Appropriate Treatment	For all Triptodur requests:
Regimen & Other	Documentation of treatment failure with leuprolide
Criteria:	
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as neoadjuvant androgen deprivation therapy (ADT) for radical prostatectomy
Age Restriction:	• CPP: 2 years of age through 11 years for females, 2 years of age through 12 years for
-	males
Prescriber/Site of Care	Oncology: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Restrictions:	CPP: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric endocrinologist
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Oncology Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
-	CPP Approval/Oncology Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **TROFINETIDE** Affected Medications: DAYBUE (trofinetide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Rett syndrome (RTT)
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of typical RTT (per the revised diagnostic criteria for Rett Syndrome) AND a period of regression followed by recovery or stabilization Documented presence of mutation in the <i>MECP2</i> gene Documentation of all the following: Partial or complete loss of acquired purposeful hand skills Partial or complete loss of acquired spoken language Gait abnormalities: Impaired (dyspraxic) or absence of ability Stereotypic hand movements such as hand wringing/squeezing, clapping/tapping, mouthing, and washing/rubbing automatisms Current weight (within past 30 days) Must weigh minimum of 9 kilograms
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success determined by treating
Treatment	provider
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Brain injury secondary to trauma or severe infection
	Grossly abnormal psychomotor development in first 6 months of life
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider experienced in the
Care Restrictions:	management of Rett syndrome
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **TROGARZO** Affected Medications: TROGARZO (ibalizumab-uiyk/IV infusion)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) infection, in combination with other antiretrovirals, in heavily treatment-experienced adults with multidrug resistant HIV-1 infection failing their current antiretroviral regimen
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of all prior therapies used Documentation of active antiretroviral therapy for at least 6 months Documented resistance to at least one antiretroviral agent from three different classes: Nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs) Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs) Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTIs) Protease inhibitors (PIs) Documentation of current (within the past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA viral load of at least 200 copies/mL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Prescribed in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen <u>Reauthorization</u> requires all of the following: Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen Documentation of treatment success as evidenced by one of the following: Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load Absence of postbaseline emergence of ibalizumab resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care	 18 years of age and older Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease or HIV specialist
Restrictions: Coverage Duration:	 All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **TUCATINIB** Affected Medications: TUKYSA (tucatinib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of RAS wild-type, human epidermal growth factor receptor-2 (HER2) positive, unresectable or metastatic colorectal cancer that has progressed following treatment with fluoropyrimidine, oxaliplatin, and irinotecan-based chemotherapy OR Advanced, unresectable or metastatic, HER2-positive breast cancer with prior treatment of 1 or more anti-HER2-based regimens in the metastatic setting
Appropriate	Colorectal cancer
Treatment	Documented intolerable adverse event to Lapatinib
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	Colorectal cancer ONLY: previous treatment with a HER2 inhibitor
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **TYVASO** Affected Medications: TYVASO (treprostinil inhalation)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group
Deguired	3 Dulmonory Arterial Hypertension (DAH) W/HO Crown 1
Required Medical Information:	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1 Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criteria: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH, OR PAH secondary to one of the following conditions: Connective tissue disease Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection Drugs Congenital left to right shunts Schistosomiasis Portal hypertension New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class III or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index OR Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
	 Pulmonary Hypertension Associated with Interstitial Lung Disease WHO Group 3 Documentation of diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis confirmed by presence of usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) on high resolution computed tomography (HRCT), and/or surgical lung biopsy OR Pulmonary fibrosis and emphysema OR Connective tissue disorder
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal medical and/or surgical treatment of the identified condition Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin, Tyvaso, Orenitram should not be used in combination)
	WHO Group 1 only:



	 Treatment with oral calcium channel blocking agents has been tried and failed, or has been considered and ruled out Treatment with combination of endothelin receptor antagonist (ERA) and phosphodiesterase 5 inhibitor (PDE5I) has been tried and failed for WHO functional class II and III Ambrisentan and tadalafil Bosentan and riociguat Macitentan and sildenafil Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the fallowing:
	following:
	Improvement in walking distance
	Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in pulmonary function
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	 PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension such as left sided atrial or ventricular disease, left sided valvular heart disease, or disorders of the respiratory system such as chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, obstructive sleep apnea or other sleep disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, etc.
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: UBLITUXIMAB-XIIY

Affected Medications: BRIUMVI (ublituximab-xiiy)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following:
	 Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	 Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required Medical	Relapsing Forms of MS
Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable, but must be consistent with MS
Appropriate	Relapsing Forms of MS
Treatment	Documentation of one of the following:
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented disease progression or intolerable adverse event with rituximab (biosimilar products, Riabni and Ruxience, preferred)
	 Currently receiving treatment with Briumvi, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program
	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Active hepatitis B infection
	Concurrent use of disease-modifying medications indicated for treatment of MS
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or a multiple sclerosis specialist
Care Restrictions:	All approved are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **UPNEEQ** Affected Medications: UPNEEQ (oxymetazoline opthalmic solution)

Covered Uses:	Upneeq (oxymetazoline opthalmic solution) is not considered medically necessary due to insufficient evidence of therapeutic value.
Required Medical	
Information:	
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	



POLICY NAME: VAGINAL PROGESTERONE

Affected Medications: FIRST-PROGESTERONE VGS 100 MG, FIRST-PROGESTERONE VGS 200 MG

Covered Uses:	Prevention of preterm birth in pregnancy
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of a current pregnancy with one or more risk factor(s) for preterm birth, including but not limited to: Ethnicity (e.g., African American, American Indian/Alaska Native) Lifestyle factors (e.g., smoking, drinking alcohol, using illegal drugs) Being underweight or obese before pregnancy Prior preterm delivery Having multiple gestations (e.g., twins, triplets) Short time period between pregnancies (less than 6 months between a birth and the beginning of the next pregnancy) Documentation of a short cervix (defined as cervical length less than or equal to 25 mm) confirmed by ultrasound Current week of gestation and estimated delivery date
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	May continue until completion of 36 weeks gestation
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of infertility
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gynecologist or obstetrician
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: up to 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VALOCTOCOGENE ROXAPARVOVEC-RVOX

Affected Medications: ROCTAVIAN (valoctocogene roxaparvovec-rvox) - Available on Medical Benefit only

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hemophilia A (Factor VIII deficiency)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of diagnosis of Hemophilia A Documentation of current testing with negative results for active factor VIII inhibitors on 2 consecutive occasions (at least one week apart within the past 12 months) and is not receiving a bypassing agent (e.g., Feiba) Documentation of baseline circulating level of factor with Factor VIII activity level equal to or less than 1 IU/dL or 1% endogenous factor VIII Evidence of any bleeding disorder NOT related to hemophilia A has been ruled out No detectable antibodies to AAV5 as determined by an FDA-approved/CLIA-compliant test Has received stable dosing of prophylactic Factor VIII replacement therapy on a regular basis for at least 1 year Baseline lab values (must be less than 2 times upper limit of normal): ALT Att Att Att Altaline phosphatase (ALP)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dosing 6 × 10¹³ vector genomes/kg (which is 3 mL/kg) as a single one-time dose
Exclusion Criteria:	 History of or current presence of Factor VIII inhibitors Prior gene therapy administration Active Hepatitis B or C infection or other active acute or uncontrolled chronic infection Cirrhosis Female gender at birth Allergy to mannitol
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation, with a hematologist or specialist with experience in treatment of hemophilia All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months (one time infusion), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VAMOROLONE

Affected Medications: AGAMREE (vamorolone)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) in patients 2 years of age and older
Required Medical	 Confirmation of Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) diagnosis by genetic testing or
Information:	biopsy showing lack of muscle dystrophin
	 Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a
	wheelchair, walker, or cane
	 Baseline motor function assessment from one of the following:
	 Time to Stand Test (TTSTAND)
	\circ 6-minute walk test
	 North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA)
	 Motor Function Measure (MFM)
	 Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFMS)
	 Patient weight and planned treatment regimen
Appropriate	 Documented treatment failure with a 6-month trial of prednisone, or intolerable adverse
Treatment	event causing one of the following:
Regimen & Other	 Clinically significant weight gain defined as greater than or equal to 10% of body
Criteria:	weight gain over a 6-month period
	 Psychiatric/behavioral issues (e.g., abnormal behavior, aggression, irritability)
	that persists beyond the first six weeks of prednisone treatment
	Reauthorization requires a documented improvement from baseline or stabilization of motor
	function demonstrated by a motor function assessment tool
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

VARIZIG

Affected Medications: VARIZIG (varicella zoster immune globulin (human) IM injection)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design For post exposure prophylaxis of varicella in high-risk individuals
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of immunocompromised patient, defined as: Newborns of mothers with signs and symptoms of varicella shortly before or after delivery (five days before to two days after delivery) Hospitalized premature infants born at least 28 weeks of gestation who are exposed during their hospitalization and whose mothers do not have evidence of immunity Hospitalized premature infants less than 28 weeks of gestation or who weigh 1000 grams or less at birth and were exposed to varicella during hospitalization, regardless of mother's immunity status to varicella Immunocompromised children and adults who lack evidence of immunity to varicella Dregnant women who lack evidence of immunity to varicella Lack evidence of immunity to varicella is defined as: those who are seronegative for varicella zoster antibodies OR those with unknown history of varicella
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	If repeat dose is necessary due to re-exposure, use more than 3 weeks after initial administration
Exclusion Criteria:	Coagulation disorders
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VELMANASE ALFA-TYCV

Affected Medications: LAMZEDE (velmanase alfa-tycv)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
	plan design			
	 The treatment of non-central nervous system manifestations of alpha- 			
	mannosidosis			
Required Medical	Diagnosis of alpha-mannosidosis (AM) confirmed by enzyme assay demonstrating			
Information:	alpha-mannosidase activity less than 10% of normal activity			
	Documentation of symptoms consistent with AM such as hearing impairment, difficulty			
	walking, skeletal abnormalities, or intellectual disabilities			
Appropriate	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success such as improvement in			
Treatment	motor function, forced vital capacity (FVC), or reduction in frequency of infections			
Regimen & Other				
Criteria:				
Exclusion Criteria:	AM with only central nervous system manifestations and no other symptoms			
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care			
Care Restrictions:	• Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist familiar with the treatment of lysosomal			
	storage disorders			
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME: VERTEPORFIN Affected Medications: VISUDYNE (verteporfin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of predominantly classic subfoveal choroidal neovascularization (CNV) due to one of the following: Age-related macular degeneration (AMD) Pathologic myopia Presumed ocular histoplasmosis 		
Required Medical Information: • Subfoveal choroidal neovascularization (CNV) lesions caused by age-relative degeneration (AMD); or • Ocular histoplasmosis; or • Ocular histoplasmosis; or • Pathologic myopia • Pathologic myopia			
	<u>Note</u> : Most individuals treated with verteporfin will need to be re-treated every 3 months. All individuals having a re-treatment will need to have a fluorescein angiogram or ocular coherence tomography (OCT) performed prior to each treatment. Re-treatment is necessary if fluorescein angiograms or OCT show any signs of recurrence or persistence of leakage		
Appropriate	Coverage for the non-preferred product Visudyne is provided when one of the following		
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 criteria is met: Currently receiving treatment with Visudyne, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with all of the preferred products (Avastin AND Byooviz or Cimerli) Dosing: 6 mg/m2 body surface area given intravenously; may repeat at 3-month intervals 		
	(if evidence of choroidal neovascular leakage)		
	• Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced		
	Reauthorization requires documented treatment success and a continued need for treatment with the non-preferred product		
Exclusion Criteria:			
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site of	/Site of • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist		
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 		



POLICY NAME:

VIGABATRIN

Affected Medications: VIGABATRIN, VIGADRONE (vigabatrin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	 Refractory complex partial seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness) 		
	 Infantile spasms 		
Required	Infantile Spasms		
Medical	Used as monotherapy for pediatric patients (1 month to 2 years of age)		
Information:			
	Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)		
	Used as adjunctive therapy only		
Appropriate	Refractory complex partial seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)		
Treatment	Documentation of treatment failure with at least 2 alternative therapies: carbamazepine,		
Regimen &	phenytoin, levetiracetam, topiramate, oxcarbazepine, or lamotrigine		
Other Criteria:			
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a reduction in seizure		
	severity, frequency, and/or duration		
Exclusion	Use as a first line agent for complex partial seizures (focal seizures with impaired		
Criteria:	awareness)		
Age	Infantile Spasms: 1 month to 2 years of age		
Restriction:	Refractory complex partial seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness): greater		
	than 2 years of age		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist		
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Coverage	Infantile Spasms		
Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified 		
	Reauthorization: 12 months (or up to 2 years of age), unless otherwise specified		
	Petrostery Complex Pertial Sciences (feed sciences with impaired averages)		
	Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)		
	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: VIJOICE Affected Medications: VIJOICE (alpelisib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 Treatment of severe manifestations of PIK3CA-related overgrowth spectrum 	
	(PROS) in patients who require systemic therapy	
Required • Documented diagnosis of PROS, to include any of the following:		
Medical	 CLAPOS syndrome 	
Information:	 CLOVES syndrome 	
	 Diffuse capillary malformation with overgrowth (DCMO) 	
	 Dysplastic megalencephaly (DMEG) 	
	 Facial infiltrating lipomatosis (FIL) 	
	• Fibroadipose hyperplasia (FAH)/fibroadipose overgrowth (FAO)/hemihyperplasia	
	multiple lipomatosis (HHML) syndrome	
	 Fibroadipose vascular anomaly (FAVA) 	
	 Hemimegalencephaly (HMEG) 	
	 Klippel-Trenaunay syndrome (KTS) 	
	 Lipomatosis of nerve (LON) 	
	 Megalencephaly-capillary malformation (MCAP) syndrome 	
	 Muscular hemihyperplasia (HH) 	
	Documentation of PIK3CA gene mutation	
	Documentation of clinical manifestations that were assessed by the treating provider as	
	severe or life-threatening and necessitating systemic treatment	
	• Documentation that clinical manifestations are a direct result of a lesion that is both of the	
	following:	
	 Inoperable, as defined by the treating provider 	
	 Causing functional impairment 	
	• Documentation of one or more target lesion(s) identified on imaging within 6 months prior to request, including location(s) and volume of lesion(s)	
Appropriate	• Treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with sirolimus for at least 6 months at a	
Treatment	dose of at least 2 mg daily in patients with lymphatic, venous, or combined manifestations	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	of disease	
	Reauthorization will require documentation of both of the following:	
	 Radiological response, defined as greater than or equal to a 20% reduction from 	
	baseline in the sum of measurable target lesion volume, confirmed by at least	
	one subsequent imaging assessment	
	 Absence of greater than or equal to a 20% increase from baseline in any target 	
	lesion, progression of non-target lesions, or appearance of a new lesion	
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of PIK3CA-mutated conditions other than PROS	
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist with experience in the treatment of PROS All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: VISTOGARD

Affected Medications: VISTOGARD (uridine triacetate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design For the emergency treatment of adult and pediatric patients: Following a fluorouracil or capecitabine overdose regardless of the presence of symptoms, OR Who exhibit early-onset, severe, or life-threatening toxicity affecting the cardiac or central nervous system, and/or early-onset, unusually severe adverse reactions (e.g., gastrointestinal toxicity and/or neutropenia) within 96 hours following the end of fluorouracil or capecitabine administration 		
Required Medical	Documentation of fluorouracil or capecitabine administration		
Information:	Documentation of overdose OR early-onset, severe adverse reaction, or life-threatening toxicity		
Appropriate	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling		
Treatment			
Regimen & Other			
Criteria:			
Exclusion Criteria:	Non-emergent treatment of adverse events associated with fluorouracil or capecitabine		
	Use more than 96 hours following the end of fluorouracil or capecitabine administration		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist		
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care		
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 7 days, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: VMAT2 INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: TETRABENAZINE, AUSTEDO (deutetrabenazine), AUSTEDO XR (deutetrabenazine)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Chorea associated with Huntington's disease Tardive dyskinesia 		
Required Medical Information:	 <u>Chorea related to Huntington's Disease</u> Diagnosis of Huntington's Disease with Chorea requiring treatment 		
	 Tardive Dyskinesia Diagnosis of moderate to severe tardive dyskinesia including all of the following: A history of at least one month of ongoing or previous dopamine receptor- blocking agent exposure Presence of dyskinetic or dystonic involuntary movements that developed either while exposed to a dopamine receptor-blocking agent, or within 4 weeks of discontinuation from an oral agent (8 weeks from a depot formulation) Other causes of abnormal movements have been excluded Baseline evaluation of the condition using one of the following: Abnormal Involuntary Movement Scale (AIMS) Extrapyramidal Symptom Rating Scale (ESRS) 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Tardive Dyskinesia</u> Persistent dyskinesia despite dose reduction or discontinuation of the offending agent OR Documented clinical inability to reduce dose or discontinue the offending agent <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant 		
Exclusion Criteria:	 <u>Tardive Dyskinesia: must include an improvement in AIMS or ESRS score from baseline</u> Use for Huntington's comorbid with untreated or inadequately treated depression or actively suicidal Concomitant use with another VMAT2 inhibitor or reserpine Hepatic impairment 		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or psychiatrist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care 		
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 		



POLICY NAME: VOCLOSPORIN

Affected Medications: LUPKYNIS CAPSULE 7.9 MG ORAL

1.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2	
2.	Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indication? a. For use in combination with a background immunosuppressive therapy regimen for the treatment of adult patients with active lupus nephritis	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met	
Lu	pus Nephritis (LN)		: 	
1.	Is there documented International Society of Nephrology/Renal Pathology Society (ISN/RPS) biopsy- proven active class III, IV and/or V disease?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	 Are there documented current baseline values (within the last 3 months) for all of the following? a. Estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) b. Urine protein to creatinine ratio (uPCR) c. Blood pressure 	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met	
3.	Is there documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of standard therapy with both mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) AND cyclophosphamide?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met	
4.	Is there documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of subcutaneous Benlysta?	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Criteria not met	
5.	Will Lupkynis be used in combination with MMF and corticosteroids or other background immunosuppressive therapy, other than cyclophosphamide?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met	
6.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, immunologist, nephrologist or kidney specialist?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met	
7.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	
Re	Renewal Criteria			



1.	Is there documentation of treatment success defined as an increase in eGFR, decrease in uPCR, or decrease in flares and corticosteroid use?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	
Qu	Quantity Limitations			
•	 Lupkynis Starting dose: 23.7 mg twice daily (BID) Starting dose must be reduced in the below situations as follows: eGFR 45 mL/min/1.73 m² or less at initiation: 15.8 mg BID Mild-to-moderate hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh A or B): 15.8 mg BID Concomitant use with moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors: 15.8 mg in morning and 7.9 mg in afternoon. 			



POLICY NAME: VORETIGENE NEPARVOVEC

Affected Medications: LUXTURNA (Voretigene neparvovec-rzyl intraocular suspension for subretinal injection)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Inherited Retinal Dystrophies (IRD) caused by mutations in the retinal pigment epithelium-specific protein 65kDa (RPE65) gene
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of a confirmed biallelic RPE65 mutation-associated retinal dystrophy (e.g., Leber's congenital amaurosis [LCA], Retinitis pigmentosa [RP], Early Onset Severe Retinal Dystrophy [EOSRD], etc.) Genetic testing documenting biallelic mutations of the RPE65 gene Visual acuity of at least 20/800 OR have remaining light perception in the eye(s) receiving treatment Visual acuity of less than 20/60 OR a visual field of less than 20 degrees Presence of neural retina and a retinal thickness greater than 100 microns within the posterior pole as assessed by optical coherence tomography with AND have sufficient viable retinal cells as assessed by the treating physician
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Patient has been previously enrolled in clinical trials of gene therapy for retinal dystrophy RPE65 mutations or has been previously treated with gene therapy for retinal dystrophy in the eye(s) receiving treatment Patient has other pre-existing eye conditions or complicating systemic diseases that would eventually lead to irreversible vision loss and prevent the patient from receiving full benefit from treatment (e.g., severe diabetic retinopathy)
Age Restriction:	12 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Ophthalmologist or retinal surgeon with experience providing sub-retinal injections
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month - 1 injection per eye per lifetime, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VOSORITIDE Affected Medications: VOXZOGO (vosoritide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design			
	• To increase linear growth in pediatric patients with achondroplasia with open			
	epiphyses			
Required Medical	Diagnosis of achondroplasia confirmed by molecular genetic testing showing a mutation			
Information:	in the fibroblast growth factor receptor type 3 (FGFR3) gene			
	Baseline height, growth velocity, and patient weight			
Appropriate	Documentation of all the following:			
Treatment	 Evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they are open 			
Regimen & Other	 Growth velocity greater than or equal to 1.5 cm/yr 			
Criteria:				
	Reauthorization:			
	Evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open			
	Growth velocity greater than or equal to 1.5 cm/yr			
Exclusion Criteria:	Hypochondroplasia			
	Other short stature condition other than achondroplasia			
	Evidence of growth plate closure			
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric orthopedist, endocrinologist, or a			
Care Restrictions:	provider with experience in treating skeletal dysplasia			
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care			
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME: XEOMIN, DYSPORT, MYOBLOC, and DAXXIFY

Affected Medications: XEOMIN (incobotulinum toxin A), DYSPORT (abobotulinumtoxinA), MYOBLOC (rimabotulinumtoxinB), JEUVEAU (prbotulinumtoxinA-xvfs), DAXXIFY (daxibotulinumtoxinA-lanm)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia-supported indications		
	not otherwise excluded by plan design		
	 Dysport 		
	 Focal dystonia (cervical dystonia, blepharospasm, laryngeal spasm, 		
	oromandibular dystonia, severe writer's cramp)		
	 Hemifacial spasm 		
	 Upper/lower limb spasticity 		
	• Xeomin		
	 Cervical dystonia 		
	 Blepharospasm 		
	 Diepharospasm Upper limb spasticity 		
	Chronic sialorrhea		
	 Myobloc, Daxxify Convical dystopia 		
Poquirod Modical	Cervical dystonia		
Required Medical Information:	Pertinent medical records and diagnostic testing Complete description of the site(s) of injection		
information:	Complete description of the site(s) of injection Strength and desage of betulinum toxin used		
Appropriate	Strength and dosage of botulinum toxin used Dysport		
Treatment	Approved first-line for focal dystonia, hemifacial spasm, drug-induced orofacial		
Regimen & Other			
Criteria:	dyskinesia, upper or lower limb spasticity		
Onteria.	Xeomin		
	Approved first-line for cervical dystonia, blepharospasm, upper limb spasticity, chronic		
	sialorrhea		
	Myobloc		
	• Cervical dystonia: Documentation of treatment failure with Botox, Dysport, and Xeomin		
	Axillary hyperhidrosis: Documentation of treatment failure with Botox		
	Chronic sialorrhea: Documentation of treatment failure with glycopyrrolate oral tablets		
	Daxxify		
	Cervical dystonia: Documentation of treatment failure with Botox, Dysport, and Xeomin		
	Quantity limitations		
	Maximum of 4 treatments per 12 months		
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy		
Exclusion Criteria:	Cosmetic procedures (including glabellar lines, horizontal forehead lines, lateral canthal lines)		
	 Migraine headache use (Botox is preferred product) 		



Age Restriction:	Myobloc, Daxxify: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Blepharospasm: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist, ophthalmologist, or optometrist Other indications: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: XGEVA Affected Medications: XGEVA (denosumab)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. One of these diagnoses: Giant cell tumor Bone metastases from solid tumors Hypercalcemia of malignancy Multiple myeloma NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher Giant cell tumor Unresectable disease or surgical resection would likely result in severe morbidity. Bone metastases from solid tumors Hypercalcemia of malignancy Refractory to bisphosphonate therapy or contraindication Multiple myeloma Requires failure of zoledronic acid or pamidronate OR creatinine clearance less than 30 mL/min
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
Treatment	response to therapy
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	 Giant cell tumor: Adults and adolescents at least 12 years of age and skeletally mature weighing at least 45 kg All other indications: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	• All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: XIAFLEX Affected Medications: XIAFLEX (collagenase clostridium histolyticum)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Dupuytren's contracture with a palpable cord Peyronie's disease
Required Medical	Peyronie's disease:
information.	 Documented diagnosis of Peyronie's disease with a palpable plaque Curvature deformity is at least 30 degrees at the start of therapy Documentation of stable disease defined as symptoms that have remained unchanged for at least 3 months
Appropriate	Dupuytren's:
Treatment Regimen & Other	• Authorization will be limited per joint as follows: One injection per month for a maximum
Criteria:	of three injections per cord
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
	Peyronie's disease:
	One treatment cycle consists of two Xiaflex injection procedures
	 <u>Reauthorization</u> for additional treatment cycles may be given if the curvature deformity is more than 15 degrees after the first, second or third treatment cycle, or if the prescribing healthcare provider determines that further treatment is clinically indicated Maximum of 4 treatment cycles per plaque, administered at 6-week intervals
Exclusion Criteria:	Peyronie's plaques that involve the penile urethra
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Peyronie's: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a urologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Dupuytren's: 12 weeks, unless otherwise specified
	Peyronie's: 6 weeks, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: XIFAXAN Affected Medications: XIFAXAN (rifaximin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Prevention of hepatic encephalopathy (HE)
	• Treatment of Travelers' Diarrhea caused by noninvasive strains of <i>Escherichia</i>
	coli (E. coli)
	 Treatment of Irritable Bowel Syndrome with Diarrhea (IBS-D)
	Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable)
	 Treatment of HE
	 Treatment of recurrent Clostridium difficile (C. diff)-associated diarrhea
	 Treatment of Small Intestinal Bacterial Overgrowth (SIBO)
Required Medical	Documentation of complete & current treatment course required
Information:	Documentation of E-coli bacterial cultures for travelers' diarrhea
	Previous antibiotic history and documented allergies/hypersensitivity
Appropriate	Recurrent C. diff
Treatment	Documentation confirming a current diagnosis of recurrent C. diff infection (CDI) with
Regimen & Other	ALL of the following:
Criteria:	 CDI symptoms resolved on prior appropriate therapy and have reappeared
	within 8 weeks of completing prior therapy
	 Presence of at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours
	 Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile
	Documented treatment failure with oral vancomycin
	HE
	 Documented treatment failure with at least 1 month of lactulose therapy defined as
	continued altered mental status or elevated ammonium levels despite adequate upward
	titration
	Travelers' Diarrhea
	 Documentation of ALL of the following:
	 Travelers' diarrhea is caused by noninvasive strains of E. coli
	 Systemic signs of infection (fever or blood in stool) are not present
	• Member is returning from an area of high fluoroquinolone resistance
	Documented treatment failure with a fluoroquinolone (e.g., ciprofloxacin, levofloxacin) and azithromycin
	and azithromycin
	SIBO
	 Documented diagnosis confirmed by a carbohydrate breath test
	 Documented treatment failure with trial of at least one of the following antibiotics:
	amoxicillin/clavulanic acid, ciprofloxacin, metronidazole
	IBS-D
	 Documentation confirming a Rome IV diagnosis with recurrent abdominal pain, on
	average, at least one day per week in the last 3 months, associated with two or more of
	the following:
	······································



e in stool frequency e in stool form (appearance) ths prior to diagnosis th ALL of the following: mine (e.g., amitriptyline, nortriptyline) Patient must have responded to the initial treatment for ter than or equal to 30% improvement from baseline in ain score OR at least a 50% reduction in number of consistency of Bristol Stool Scale type 6 or 7 compared h ragged edges, a mushy stool; 7: watery stool, no solid ent can be approved when recurrence of symptoms y stool consistency) occur for 3 weeks of a rolling 4- e approved twice per lifetime.
, ,
times per day for 20 days nded dose of 550 mg twice daily or 400 mg 3 times daily f hepatic encephalopathy times per day for total of 3 days bloody stool, or caused by bacteria other than times per day for 14 days drome or diagnosis of irritable bowel syndrome with times per day for 14 days
ation of the most cost-effective site of care
therwise specified s otherwise specified nerwise specified
6 C



•	Authorization: 14 days, unless otherwise specified (one treatment per lifetime)
<u>IB</u>	<u>IS-D</u>
•	Authorization: 14 days, unless otherwise specified (maximum of 3 treatment courses per
	lifetime)



POLICY NAME: **XURIDEN** Affected Medications: XURIDEN (uridine triacetate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hereditary orotic aciduria
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of hereditary orotic aciduria confirmed by ONE of the following: Molecular genetic testing confirming biallelic pathogenic mutation in the UMPS gene Urinary orotic acid level above the normal reference range Clinical manifestations consistent with disease such as: Megaloblastic anemia Leukopenia Developmental delays Failure to thrive
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success based on ONE of the following: Improvement of hematologic abnormalities such as megaloblastic anemia and leukopenia Reduction of urinary orotic acid levels
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist or geneticist All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: YONSA Affected Medications: YONSA (abiraterone)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A
	or higher
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate	Documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with the preferred
Treatment	product abiraterone acetate
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Child-Pugh Class C
	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **ZILUCOPLAN** Affected Medications: ZILBRYSQ (zilucoplan)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-
	acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive
Required Medical	• Diagnosis of generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) confirmed by one of the following:
Information:	 A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test
	 A positive edrophonium chloride test
	 Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor
	Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV
	Positive serologic test for AChR antibodies
	MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater OR Quantitative
	Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater
Appropriate	• Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor,
Treatment	corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be
Regimen & Other	continued during initial treatment with Zilbrysq
Criteria:	Documentation of one of the following:
Unicha.	 Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least two
	immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus,
	cyclosporine, methotrexate)
	 Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma
	exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one
	immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months
	Reauthorization:
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
	defined as:
	 A minimum 2-point reduction in MG-ADL score from baseline AND
	 Absent or reduced need for rescue therapy compared to baseline
	• That the patient requires continuous treatment, after an initial beneficial response, due to
	new or worsening disease activity
Exclusion Criteria:	Current or recent systemic infection within 2 weeks
	Concurrent use with other biologics (rituximab, eculizumab, IVIG, etc)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
-	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: