

2024 Prior Authorization Criteria

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2024 Medicaid Preapproval Criteria

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ABATACEPT

Affected Medications: ORENCIA CLICKJET AUTO-INJECTOR, ORENCIA PREFILLED SYRINGE, ORENCIA INTRAVENOUS (IV) SOLUTION

(IV) SOLUTION	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	o Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
	o Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)
	 Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)
	 Acute Graft Versus Host Disease (GVHD) Prophylaxis
Required Medical	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Information:	Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent)
	objective scale):
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	• Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or
	greater based on chart notes:
	 Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one
	point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
	Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
	Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
	Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
	 Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point
	Psoriatic Arthritis in pediatrics 2 years and older
	Diagnosis of PsA confirmed by presence of:
	 Arthritis and psoriasis OR
	 Arthritis and at least 2 of the following:
	Dactylitis
	Nail pitting or onycholysis
	 Psoriasis in a first-degree relative
	Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis
	 Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD global score) or active joint count



Acute GVHD Prophylaxis

 Documentation of a planned hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) including procedure date, patient weight, and planned dose

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - o If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
- One of the following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola),
 Actemra IV AND
- Two of the following: Olumiant, Kevzara, Simponi Aria, Actemra SQ, Kineret, rituximab (preferred biosimilar products Truxima, Riabni, and Ruxience), Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation

Psoriatic Arthritis in pediatrics 2 years and older

- Documented treatment failure with a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (ibuprofen, naproxen, celecoxib, meloxicam, etc.) with a minimum trial of 1 month
- Documented treatment failure with at least one of the following disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs) with a minimum trial of 12 weeks: methotrexate, sulfasalazine, leflunomide

Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide
- Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
 12 weeks of two of the following therapies:
 - Actemra IV, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), and Simponi Aria
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation

Acute GVHD Prophylaxis

Documentation that the drug will be used in combination with a calcineurin inhibitor



	(tacrolimus, cyclosporine) AND methotrexate
	QL Intravenous: RA/PsA: initial IV infusion at weeks 0, 2, and 4, followed by every 4 weeks thereafter per below: 60-100 kg: 500 mg 60-100 kg: 750 mg 7100 kg: 1000 mg IlA: initial IV infusion at weeks 0, 2, and 4, followed by every 4 weeks thereafter per below: 75- kg: 10 mg/kg 75-100 kg: 750 mg 75-100 kg: 1000 mg (max dose) Acute GVHD Prophylaxis: 75- kg: 10 mg/kg on day -1 (day before transplantation) followed by 12 mg/kg on days 5, 14, and 28 post-transplant 6 years and older: 10 mg/kg on day -1 (day before transplantation) followed by 10 mg/kg on days 5, 14, and 28 post-transplant (maximum: 1,000 mg/dose) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Subcutaneous: RA: with or without IV loading dose, followed by 125 mg once weekly PsA: (no IV loading dose) 125 mg once weekly JIA and PsA (pediatrics): (no IV loading dose) 10-25 kg: 50 mg once weekly, 25-50 kg: 87.5 mg once weekly, 50 kg or more: 125 mg once weekly
	response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
S. Itoliai	 For Acute GVHD Prophylaxis: prior allogeneic HSCT, HIV infection or any uncontrolled
	active infection (viral, bacterial, fungal, or protozoal)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	• RA, JIA, PsA: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist or dermatologist as
Restrictions:	appropriate for diagnosis
	 Acute GVHD Prophylaxis: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or oncologist
Coverage	• RA, JIA, PsA:
Duration:	o Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



Γ	 Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified
	Acute GVHD Prophylaxis:
	 Authorization: 1 month (4 days of treatment maximum) with no
	reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



ACNE AGENTS

Affected Medications: Adapalene gel 0.1%, adapalene gel 0.3%, adapalene-benzoyl peroxide gel 0.1-2.5%, benzoyl peroxide-erythromycin gel 5-3%, clindamycin phosphate gel 1%, clindamycin phosphate lotion 1%, clindamycin phosphate swab 1%, dapsone gel 5%, dapsone gel 7.5%, erythromycin solution 2%, tretinoin cream 0.025%, tretinoin cream 0.05%, tretinoin gel 0.01%, tretinoin gel 0.025%, tretinoin gel 0.05%

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Acne vulgaris
	 Severe acne
	Compendia-supported uses
	 Hidradenitis suppurativa (HS) (clindamycin only)
Required Medical	Severe Acne
Information:	For age 21 years and older:
	Documentation of severe acne confirmed by ONE of the following:
	 Persistent or recurrent inflammatory nodules and cysts AND ongoing
	scarring
	Diagnosis of acne conglobata involving recurrent abscesses or
	communicating sinuses O Diagnosis of acne fulminans
	Diagnosis of actie fullfillians
	Hidradenitis Suppurativa
	For age 21 years and older:
	 Documentation of baseline count of abscesses and inflammatory nodules
Appropriate	Acne:
Treatment	Step 2 agents:
Regimen & Other	Approval requires documented trial and failure with ONE Step 1 agent
Criteria:	
	Step 1 Agents
	• Clindamycin phosphate 1% (solution, gel, lotion, swab)
	• Erythromycin 2% (solution, gel)
	Sulfacetamide lotion 10%
	Oral antibiotics for treatment of acne (e.g., doxycycline,
	minocycline)
<u>i</u>	



	Step 2 Agents
	• Adapalene gel (0.1%, 0.3%)
	Adapalene-benzoyl peroxide gel 0.1-2.5%
	Benzoyl peroxide-erythromycin gel 5-3%
	• Dapsone gel (5%, 7.5%)
	• Tretinoin cream (0.025%, 0.05%, 0.1%)
	• Tretinoin gel (0.01%, 0.025%, 0.05%)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Hidradenitis Suppurativa Topical clindamycin (clindamycin phosphate solution 1%, clindamycin phosphate gel 1%, clindamycin phosphate lotion 1%, clindamycin phosphate swab 1%) Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Age Restriction:	
Age Reserved	
Prescriber	HS: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 5 years, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ACTIMMUNE

Affected Medications: ACTIMMUNE (Interferon Gamma - b)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design.
	 Chronic Granulomatous Disease (CGD)
	 Severe, malignant osteopetrosis (SMO)
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level
	of 2A or higher
Required Medical	Patient's body surface area (BSA) must be documented along with the prescribed
Information:	dose.
	• Pediatrics with BSA less than 0.5 m ² : weight must be documented along with
	prescribed dose.
	Chronic granulomatous disease
	Diagnosis established by a molecular genetic test identifying a gene-related
	mutation associated with CGD
	mutation associated with CGD
	Severe, malignant osteopetrosis
	• Diagnosis of severe infantile osteopetrosis established by ONE of the following:
	 Radiographic imaging consistent with osteopetrosis
	OR
	 Molecular genetic test identifying a gene-related mutation associated
	with SMO
	With Sivio
	Oncology indications
	• Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used,
	and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment	Chronic Granulomatous Disease
Regimen & Other	Patient is on a prophylactic regimen with an antibacterial and antifungal
Criteria:	
	All indications
	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be
	enforced
	Cinoreca
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy



Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	CGD: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist
	SMO: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
	Oncology indications: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	CGD and SMO
	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Oncology indications:
	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ADALIMUMAB

Affected Medications: Adalimumab-fkjp (unbranded Hulio), Hadlima (HC, LC), Adalimumab-adaz (unbranded Hyrimoz)

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 - o Plaque Psoriasis (PP)
 - Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
 - Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)
 - Ankylosing Spondylitis (SpA)
 - Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis (nr-axSpA)
 - Crohn's Disease (CD)
 - Uveitis
 - Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)
 - Ulcerative Colitis (UC)
 - Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)

Required Medical Information:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale)
 - o The Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
 - o The Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
 - o Weighted RAPID3 of at least 2.3

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment as defined by one of the following:
 - o Dermatology Life Quality Index (DQLI) 11 or greater
 - o Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
 - Severe disease on other validated tools
 - Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction

AND

- Documentation of one or more of the following:
 - At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment

OR

Hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documentation of CASPAR criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes:
 - Skin psoriasis: present two points, OR previously present by history one point,
 OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected one point



- Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
- o Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
- O Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
- Juxtaarticular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point

Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS), Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (nr-axSpA)

- Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by Sacroiliitis on imaging AND at least 1
 Spondyloarthritis (SpA) feature:
 - Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
 - Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
 - Insidious onset
 - Improvement with exercise
 - No improvement with rest
 - Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
 - Arthritis
 - Enthesitis
 - o Uveitis
 - Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
 - Psoriasis
 - Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
 - Good response to NSAIDs
 - o Family history of SpA
 - Elevated CRP

OR

- HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
- Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale

Ulcerative Colitis

Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy

Crohn's disease

Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment

Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)

Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD global score) or active joint count

Uveitis

• Documented diagnosis of noninfectious intermediate, posterior, or panuveitis uveitis

Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)



- Diagnosis of moderate to severe HS as defined by Hurley stage II or stage III disease
- Documentation of baseline count of abscesses and inflammatory nodules

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - One of following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola), Actemra IV
- Maintenance: 40 mg every other week
- Dose escalation: 40 mg every week OR 80 mg every other week
 - Approval will require documentation of lost or inadequate response after a minimum of 16 weeks with standard maintenance dosing

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies:
 Methotrexate, Cyclosporine, Acitretin, Phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
- Initial: 80 mg as a single dose, followed by 40 mg every other week beginning 1 week after initial dose (160 mg total in first 28 days)
- Maintenance: 40 mg every other week
- **Dose escalation:** 40 mg every week **OR** 80 mg every other week
 - Approval will require documentation of lost or inadequate response after a minimum of 16 weeks with standard maintenance dosing

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
- Maintenance: 40 mg every other week

Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS), Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (nr-axSpA)

- Documentation of ONE of the following:
 - Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal antiinflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each



- For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
- Maintenance: 40 mg every other week

Crohn's Disease (CD)

- Documentation of ONE of the following:
 - Documented treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for minimum of 12 weeks trial: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide

OR

- Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease
 OR
- Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following:
 - Fistulizing disease
 - Stricture
 - Presence of abscess/phlegmon
 - Deep ulcerations
 - Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal involvement
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
- Initial: 160 mg on day 1, followed by 80 mg on day 15, then maintenance dosing beginning day 29
- Maintenance: 40 mg every other week
- **Dose escalation:** 40 mg every week **OR** 80 mg every other week
 - Approval will require documentation of lost or inadequate response after a minimum of 16 weeks with standard maintenance dosing (e.g., CDAI 220 or greater, CRP 10 mg/mL or greater, serum adalimumab concentrations less than 5 mcg/mL)

Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide
- Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids
- Maintenance: 40 mg every other week

Uveitis

• Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of TWO of the following: an immunosuppressive agent such as: methotrexate, azathioprine, mycophenolate or a calcineurin inhibitor such as cyclosporine, tacrolimus



- Documented failure with (or documented intolerable adverse event) with 12 weeks of infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, and Avsola)
- Initial: 80 mg as a single dose, followed by 40 mg every other week beginning 1 week after initial dose (160 mg total in first 28 days)
- Maintenance: 40 mg every other week

<u>Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)</u>

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks trial of oral antibiotics for treatment of HS
 - O Doxycycline, Tetracycline, Minocycline, or clindamycin plus rifampin
- Documented failure with 8 weeks on a systemic retinoid (e.g., isotretinoin or acitretin)
- Documented failure with (or documented intolerable adverse event) with 12 weeks of infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra and Avsola)
- Initial: 160 mg on day 1, followed by 80 mg on day 15, then maintenance dosing beginning day 29
- Maintenance: 40 mg every week **OR** 80 mg every other week

Ulcerative Colitis (UC)

- Documentation of **ONE** of the following:
 - Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6- mercaptopurine
 - Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for ulcerative colitis
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
- Initial: 160 mg on day 1, followed by 80 mg on day 15, then maintenance dosing beginning day 29
- Maintenance: 40 mg every other week
- Dose escalation: 40 mg every week OR 80 mg every other week
 - Approval will require documentation of lost or inadequate response after a minimum of 16 weeks with standard maintenance dosing (eg, baseline low albumin, CRP 10 mg/mL or greater, serum adalimumab concentrations less than 5 mcg/mL)

Reauthorization

Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy

Exclusion Criteria:

 Concurrent use with any other biologic therapy or Otezla is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit



	Anterior Uveitis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/ dermatologist/ophthalmologist/gastroenterologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



ADENOSINE DEAMINASE (ADA) REPLACEMENT

Affected Medications: REVCOVI (elapegademase-lvlr)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adenosine deaminase severe combined immune deficiency (ADASCID) in pediatric and adult patients
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of ADA-SCID confirmed by genetic testing showing biallelic pathogenic variants in the ADA gene Laboratory findings show the following: Absent ADA levels in lysed erythrocytes A marked increase in deoxyadenosine triphosphate (dATP) levels in erythrocyte lysates A significant decrease in ATP concentration in red blood cells Absent or extremely low levels of N adenosylhomocysteine hydrolase in red blood cells Increase in 2'-deoxyadenosine in urine and plasma
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation showing that neither gene therapy nor a matched sibling or family donor for HCT (hematopoietic cell transplantation) is available, or that gene therapy or HCT was unsuccessful Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as disease stability and/or improvement as indicated by one or more of the following: Increase in plasma ADA activity Decrease in red blood cell dATP/dAXP level Improvement in immune function with diminished frequency/complications of infections
Exclusion Criteria:	 Other forms of autosomal recessive SCIDs All uses not listed under covered uses are considered experimental
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist or specialist experienced in the treatment of severe combined immune deficiency (SCID)
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



ADZYNMA

Affected Medications: Adzynma (apadamtase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
Covered oses.	by plan design
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Required Medical	Congenital thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (cTTP) Diagnosis of source cTTP confirmed by POTU of the following:
Information:	Diagnosis of severe cTTP confirmed by BOTH of the following: Add to the confirmed by BOTH of the following:
Inioiniation.	Molecular genetic testing confirming mutation in the ADAMTS13 gene
	 ADAMTS13 activity testing showing less than 10% of normal activity
	For on-demand treatment:
	 Documentation of current or past acute event with 50% or greater drop in
	platelet count OR platelet count less than 100,000/microliter AND
	 Lactase dehydrogenase elevation (LDH) is more than 2 times baseline or more
	than 2 times upper limit of normal (ULN) as defined by laboratory values
	For prophylactic use:
	 Must have history of at least one documented thrombotic thrombocytopenic
	purpura (TTP) event (past acute event or subacute event such as
_	thrombocytopenia event or a microangiopathic hemolytic anemia event)
Appropriate	Dosing:
Treatment	 Prophylactic: 40 IU/kg once every other week
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 May be dosed weekly with documentation of appropriate prior dosing regimen
Criteria:	or clinical response
	On-demand therapy: 40 IU/kg on day 1, 20 IU/kg on day 2, and 15 IU/kg on day
	3 and beyond until 2 days after the acute event is resolved
	Reauthorization:
	For prophylactic use: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement
	in the number or severity of TTP events, platelet counts, or clinical symptoms
	For on-demand use:
	 Documentation that after previous on-demand therapy, platelet counts
	increased to at least 150,000/microliter or 25% from baseline platelet count
	 Members without previous on-demand use must meet initial criteria
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of other TTP-like disorder, such as acquired or immune-mediated TTP
Age Restriction:	Prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist, oncologist, intensive care
	specialist, or specialist in rare genetic hematologic diseases
Prescriber/Site of	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Care Restrictions:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



Coverage Duration:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded [By plan design]
	Congenital thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (cTTP)



POLICY NAME: **AFAMELANOTIDE**

Affected Medications: Scenesse (afamelanotide injection)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of patients with erythropoietic protoporphyria (EPP) with
	phototoxic reactions (including X-linked protoporphyria [XLP])
Required Medical	• Documented symptoms of phototoxic reactions, resulting in dysfunction and significant
Information:	impact on activities of daily living
	Erythropoietic Protoporphyria (EPP)
	Documented diagnosis of EPP confirmed by biallelic loss-of-function mutation in the
	ferrochelatase (FECH) gene
	Documented increase in total erythrocyte protoporphyrin, with at least 85% metal-free
	protoporphyrin
	X-Linked Erythropoietic Protoporphyria (XLP)
	Documented diagnosis of XLP confirmed by gain-of-function mutations in the delta-
	aminolevulinic acid synthase (ALAS2) gene
	• Documented increase in total erythrocyte protoporphyrin, with at least 50% metal-free protoporphyrin
Appropriate	Reauthorization:
Treatment	 Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g.,
Regimen & Other	decreased severity and number of phototoxic reactions, increased duration of sun
Criteria:	exposure, increased quality of life, etc.)
	 Continued implementation of sun and light protection measures during treatment to
	prevent phototoxic reactions
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed and managed by a specialist at a recognized Porphyria Center
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



AFINITOR

Affected Medications: AFINITOR DISPERZ (everolimus), everolimus soluble tablet

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Oncology Indications
Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed treatment regimen
<u>Tuberous Sclerosis Complex (TSC) Indications</u>
Documentation of treatment resistant epilepsy, defined as lack of seizure control
with 2 different antiepileptic regimens and meeting following criteria:
 Documentation of treatment failure with Epidiolex (cannabadiol solution) adjunct therapy
 Documentation that Afinitor Disperz (only form approved for TSC-seizures)
is being used as adjunct therapy for seizures
OR
Documentation of symptomatic subependymal giant cell tumors (SGCTs) or
Tuberous sclerosis complex—associated subependymal giant cell astrocytoma
(SEGA) in a patient who is not a good candidate for surgical resection
Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Oncology Indications
Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Oncology Indication: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
TSC Indication: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or specialist in the treatment of TSC
 Initial approval: 4 months (2-week initial partial fill), unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ALEMTUZUMAB

Affected Medications: LEMTRADA (alemtuzumab)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following:
	 neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses) Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions) Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance to) ONE of the following: Rituximab (preferred biosimilar products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience) Ocrelizumab (Ocrevus), if previously established on treatment (excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs) No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success Eligible for renewal 12 months after administration of last dose
Exclusion Criteria:	 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection Active infection
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 5 doses for 5 days, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 3 doses for 3 days, unless otherwise specified





POLICY NAME: ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA

Affected Medications: LUMIZYME (alglucosidase alfa)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Pompe Disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Pompe disease confirmed by an enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of acid α-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme activity or by DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA gene. Patient weight and planned treatment regimen.
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 One or more clinical signs or symptoms of Pompe disease, including but not limited to: Readily observed evidence of glycogen storage (macroglossia, hepatomegaly, normal or increased muscle bulk) Involvement of respiratory muscles manifesting as respiratory distress (e.g., tachypnea) Profound diffuse hypotonia Proximal muscle weakness Reduced forced vital capacity (FVC) in upright or supine position Appropriate medical support is readily available when medication is administered in the event of anaphylaxis, severe allergic reaction, or acute cardiorespiratory failure. Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist, endocrinologist,
Restrictions:	biochemical geneticist, or physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease.
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



ALPHA-1 PROTEINASE INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: ARALAST NP, GLASSIA, PROLASTIN-C, ZEMAIRA

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design.
	 Indicated for chronic augmentation and maintenance therapy in adults with
	clinical evidence of emphysema due to severe hereditary deficiency of Alpha1-
	PI (alpha1-antitrypsin deficiency)
Required Medical	Documentation of severe alpha1-antitrypsin (AAT) deficiency with emphysema or
Information:	Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) that includes ALL of the following:
	 Baseline (pretreatment) alpha1-antitrypsin serum concentration less than 11
	micromol/L, OR less than 57 mg/dL by nephelometry, OR less than 80 mg/dL by
	radial immunodiffusion
	 Forced Expiratory Volume in one second (FEV1) between 30-64% of predicted,
	OR FEV1 that is between 65-80% of predicted, but has declined by at least 100
	mL per year
Appropriate	Documentation of non-smoker status
Treatment	 Has not smoked for a minimum of 6 consecutive months leading up to therapy
Regimen & Other	initiation and will continue to abstain from smoking during therapy
Criteria:	
	Coverage of Aralast NP, Glassia, or Zemaira will require a documented intolerable
	adverse event to Prolastin-C
	Dosing: 60 mg/kg intravenously once weekly
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in the management of lung disease in which severe AAT deficiency has not been
	established
	Patients with IgA deficiency or with the presence of IgA antibodies
	Prior lung or liver transplant
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist
Restrictions:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Coverage	Approval 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
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POLICY NAME: AMIFAMPRIDINE

Affected Medications: FIRDAPSE (amifampridine phosphate)

Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Lambert-Eaton myasthenic syndrome (LEMS) Documented diagnosis of LEMS confirmed by ONE of the following: Positive anti-P/Q-type voltage-gated calcium channel (VGCC) antibody test Repetitive nerve stimulation (RNS) abnormalities, such as an increase in compound muscle action potential (CMAP) amplitude at least 60 percent after maximum voluntary contraction (i.e., post-exercise stimulation) or at high frequency (50 Hz) Documentation of clinical signs and symptoms consistent with LEMS, as follows: proximal muscle weakness (without atrophy), with or without autonomic features
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 and areflexia Documentation of inadequate clinical response or intolerance to ONE of the following (except in active small cell lung carcinoma [SCLC]-LEMS): Combination oral prednisone and azathioprine therapy Combination intravenous immunoglobulin therapy with one of the following: oral prednisone or azathioprine Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success, confirmed by improved or sustained muscle strength on clinical assessments
Exclusion Criteria:	 Seizure disorder Active brain metastases Clinically significant long QTc interval on ECG in previous year OR history of additional risk factors for torsade de pointes
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	 6 years of age or older Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ANAKINRA

Affected Medications: KINERET PREFILLED SYRINGE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
	 Neonatal-onset multisystem inflammatory disease (NOMID), also known as chronic infantile neurological cutaneous and articular (CINCA) syndrome Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA)
	 Compendia-supported uses that will be covered Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA) Still's Disease (SD)
Required Medical	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Information:	 Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale):
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3
	Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis
	• Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD
	global score) or active joint count
	Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist
	Documentation of genetically confirmed DIRA
Appropriate	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Treatment	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
Regimen & Other	o If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease
Criteria:	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 13 weeks of each theorem.
	 12 weeks of each therapy: One of following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola), Actemra IV
	Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis
	 Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide
	Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
	12 weeks of two of the following therapies:
	 Actemra IV, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima,
	Adalimumab-adaz), and Simponi Aria



	 QL RA/JIA: 100 mg once daily, 18.76 mL per 28 days DIRA: maximum dose of 8 mg/kg/day
	Reauthorization
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental
Criteria:	and is not a covered benefit
	Sepsis syndrome or graft versus host disease
	Use in the management of symptomatic osteoarthritis, lupus arthritis, or type 2 diabetes mellitus
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ANIFROLUMAB

Affected Medications: SAPHNELO (anifrolumab)

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design.		
	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE)		
Required Medical	Documentation of SLE with moderate classification (significant but non-organ		
Information:	threatening disease including constitutional, cutaneous, musculoskeletal, or hematologic		
	involvement)		
	Autoantibody-positive SLE, defined as positive for antinuclear antibodies (ANA) and/or		
	anti-double-stranded DNA (anti-dsDNA) antibody		
Appropriate	Failure with at least 12 weeks of combination therapy including hydroxychloroquine OR		
Treatment	chloroquine with one of the following:		
Regimen & Other	 Cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, or mycophenolate mofetil 		
Criteria:	AND		
	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of Benlysta		
	Reauthorization:		
	Documentation of treatment success or a clinically significant improvement such as a		
	decrease in flares or corticosteroid use		
Exclusion	Use in combination with other biologic therapies		
Criteria:	Use in severe active central nervous system lupus		
Gricoriai	Ose in severe active central hervous system lupus		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older		
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist or a specialist with experience in		
Restrictions:	the treatment of systemic lupus erythematosus		
Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		



ANTIEMETICS

Affected Medications: Akynzeo (fosnetupitant and palonosetron injection), Varubi (rolapitant), Sustol (granisetron extended-release injection)

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
- Varubi (rolapitant)
 - Prevention of delayed nausea and vomiting associated with initial and repeat courses of emetogenic cancer chemotherapy, including, but not limited to, highly emetogenic chemotherapy
- Akynzeo (fosnetupitant and palonosetron)
 - Prevention of acute and delayed nausea and vomiting associated with initial and repeat courses of highly emetogenic cancer chemotherapy
- Sustol (granisetron)
 - Prevention of acute and delayed nausea and vomiting associated with initial and repeat courses of moderately emetogenic chemotherapy (MEC) or anthracycline and cyclophosphamide (AC) combination chemotherapy regimens

Required Medical Information:

Chemotherapy Induced Nausea and Vomiting Prophylaxis

- Documentation of planned chemotherapy regimen
- Varubi
 - o Documentation of a highly OR moderately emetogenic chemotherapy regimen
- Akynzeo
 - o Documentation of a highly emetogenic chemotherapy regimen
- Sustol
 - Documentation of a moderately emetogenic chemotherapy regimen OR anthracycline and cyclophosphamide (AC) combination chemotherapy regimen

Highly Emetogenic Chemotherapy			
Any regimen that	Cyclophosphamide	Fam-trastuzumab	Sacituzumab
contains an		deruxtecan-nxki	govitecan-hziy
anthracycline and			
cyclophosphamide			
Carboplatin	Dacarbazine	Ifosfamide	Streptozocin
Carmustine	Doxorubicin	Mechlorethamine	FOLFOX
Cisplatin	Epirubicin	Melphalan	
May be considered highly emetogenic in certain patients			
Dactinomycin	Idarubicin	Methotrexate	Trabectedin
		(250 mg/m2 or	
		greater)	
Daunorubicin	Irinotecan	Oxaliplatin	
Moderately Emetogenic Chemotherapy			



	Aldesleukin Cytarabine Idarubicin Mirvetuximab soravtansine-gynx Amifostine Dactinomycin Bendamustine Daunorubicin Irinotecan (liposomal) Busulfan Dinutuximab Lurbinectedin Clofarabine Dual-drug liposomal Liposomal Mirvetuximab Soravtansine-gynx Naxitamab-gqgk Oxaliplatin Cytarabine Daunorubicin Irinotecan (liposomal) Dinutuximab Lurbinectedin Romidepsin Temozolomide Iposomal
	liposomal (250 mg/m2 or encapsulation of greater) cytarabine and daunorubicin Trabectedin
Appropriate	Chemotherapy Induced Nausea and Vomiting Prophylaxis
Treatment	Varubi
Regimen &	 Documented treatment failure with a 5-HT3 receptor antagonist (e.g., ondansetron,
Other Criteria:	granisetron) in combination with dexamethasone while receiving the current chemotherapy regimen
	 Akynzeo Documented treatment failure with both of the following while receiving the current chemotherapy regimen:
	Varubi: 1 dose per 14 days
	Akynzeo: 1 dose per 7 days
	Sustol: 1 dose per 7 days Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and initial criteria to be met
Exclusion	Treatment of acute or breakthrough nausea and vomiting
Criteria:	Used in anthracycline or cyclophosphamide-based chemotherapy (Akynzeo only)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist



Coverage	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



ANTIHEMOPHILIC FACTORS

Affected Medications: Advate, Adynovate, Afstyla, Alphanate, AlphaNine SD, Alprolix, Altuviiio, Benefix, Corifact, Eloctate, Esperoct, Feiba NF, Helixate FS, Hemofil M, Humate-P, Idelvion, Ixinity, Jivi, Koate DVI, Kogenate FS, Kovaltry, Monoclate-P, Mononine, NovoEight, Novoseven RT, Nuwiq, Obizur, Rebinyn, Recombinate, Riastap, Rixubis, Sevenfact, Tretten, Vonvendi, Wilate, Xyntha

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
Doguired Medical	Decree station of deep hand on accompliance in the company deep willington
Required Medical	Documentation of dose based on reasonable projections, current dose utilization, and total labeling discrete level singulation for the particle of the projection of
Information:	product labeling, diagnosis, baseline factor level, circulating factor activity (% of normal or units/dL) and rationale for use
	Patient weight
	 Documentation of Bethesda Titer level and number of bleeds in past 3 months with
	severity and cause of bleed
	Documentation of one of the following diagnostic categories:
	Hemophilia A or Hemophilia B:
	 Mild: factor levels greater than 5 and less than 30%
	 Moderate: factor levels of 1% to 5%
	 Severe: factor levels of less than 1%
	• von Willebrand disease (VWD), which must be confirmed with plasma von Willebrand
	factor (VWF) antigen, plasma VWF activity, and factor VIII activity
	Documentation of one of the following indications:
	Acute treatment of moderate to severe bleeding in patients with:
	Mild, moderate, or severe hemophilia A or B
	Severe VWD Mild to moderate VWD in clinical situations with increased rick of blooding.
	Mild to moderate VWD in clinical situations with increased risk of bleeding Perioperative management (prophylavis and/or treatment) of moderate to severe
	 Perioperative management (prophylaxis and/or treatment) of moderate to severe bleeding in patients with hemophilia A, hemophilia B, or VWD
	Routine prophylaxis in patients with severe hemophilia A, severe hemophilia B, or
	severe VWD
	 For Wilate and Vonvendi for routine prophylaxis; documentation of severe
	Type 3 VWD
Appropriate	Approval based on necessity and laboratory titer levels
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Hemophilia A (factor VIII deficiency)
Criteria:	Documentation indicates requested medication is to achieve or maintain but not to
	exceed maximum functional capacity in performing daily activities
	For mild disease: treatment failure or contraindication to Stimate (demopressin)



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	 For NovoEight, Afstyla, and Nuwiq: Must have documentation of failure or contraindication to Advate or Hemofil M. For Eloctate and Altuviiio: documentation of severe hemophilia or moderate hemophilia
	with a severe bleeding phenotype defined by frequent non-traumatic bleeds requiring prophylaxis
	Hemophilia B (factor IX deficiency)
	For Benefix, Idelvion and Rebinyn: documentation of failure or contraindication to
	Rixubis
	 For Alprolix: documentation of contraindication to Rixubis in perioperative management
	Von Willebrand disease (VWD)
	• For Vonvendi:
	 Documentation of failure or contraindication to Humate P AND Alphanate for perioperative prophylaxis and/or treatment of acute, moderate to severe bleeding
	 Documentation of treatment failure or contraindication to Wilate for routine prophylaxis
	Reauthorization : requires documentation of planned treatment dose, number of acute bleeds since last approval (with severity and cause of bleed), past treatment history, and titer inhibitor level to factor VIII, and IX as appropriate
Exclusion Criteria:	 Acute thrombosis, embolism or symptoms of disseminated intravascular coagulation Obizur for congenital hemophilia A or VWD
	Tretten for congenital factor XIII B-subunit deficiency
	Jivi and Adynovate for VWD
	Idelvion for immune tolerance induction in patients with Hemophilia B
	Vonvendi for congenital hemophilia A or hemophilia B Africa and Newsig for NAVD.
Age Restriction:	 Afstyla and Nuwiq for VWD Subject to review of FDA label for each product
Age Resultation.	Jivi and Adynovate: 12 years and older
	Vonvendi: 18 years and older
	Wilate for routine prophylaxis with von Willebrand disease: 6 years and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified
	 Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified Perioperative management: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ANTITHROMBIN

Affected Medications: ATRYN (antithrombin alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosed hereditary antithrombin deficiency via reduced plasma antithrombin level (not in midst of acute illness or surgery that could give falsely low antithrombin levels)
	 Can be given for prophylaxis if negative personal/family history of thromboembolic events in high risk-settings as in surgery and pregnancy. Patient weight
	 Documentation of intended dose based on reasonable projections and current dose utilization and product labeling.
Appropriate	Confirmed diagnosis of Hereditary Antithrombin deficiency
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Peri-partum thromboembolic prophylaxis
Criteria:	If positive personal/family history of VTE, ATryn recommended prior to and at the
	time of delivery when anticoagulation cannot be administered, and used until
	anticoagulation can be resumed
	If negative personal history of VTE, patient may need single dose of ATryn
	ATryn use is limited to third trimester
	If positive personal/family history of VTE, ATryn recommended
	Can be concomitantly given with LMWH or heparin
	Peri-operative thromboembolic event prophylaxis
	 Used during warfarin interruption leading up to surgical procedure (with or without heparin)
	Utilized until patient can resume warfarin therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Hypersensitivity to goats and goat milk protein
	Administration within first two trimesters of pregnancy
	Active thromboembolic event
Age Restriction:	• 18 – 65 years of age
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an OB-GYN, MD
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ANTITHYMOCYTE

Affected Medications: ATGAM (Antithymocyte globulin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Management of allograft rejection in renal transplant patients Treatment of moderate to severe aplastic anemia in patients unsuitable for bone marrow transplantation National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better Myelodysplastic Syndromes (MDS)
Required Medical Information:	For myelodysplastic syndromes: Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dosing Aplastic anemia: 10 to 20 mg/kg once daily for 8 to 14 days, then if needed, may administer every other day for 7 more doses for a total of 21 doses in 28 days OR 40 mg/kg daily for 4 days MDS: 40 mg/kg once daily for 4 days Renal transplant rejection: 10 to 15 mg/kg once daily for 14 days. Additional alternate-day therapy up to a total of 21 doses may be given. Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	 All uses not listed in covered uses are considered experimental and are excluded from coverage Oncology: Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Use in patients with aplastic anemia who are suitable candidates for bone marrow transplantation or in patients with aplastic anemia secondary to neoplastic disease, storage disease, myelofibrosis, Fanconi's syndrome, or in patients known to have been exposed to myelotoxic agents or radiation
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in oncology, hematology or transplant medicine
Coverage Duration:	Approval: Maximum 4 weeks per dosing above



ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS AGENTS

Affected Medications: SIRTURO (bedaquiline), PRETOMANID

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise		
	excluded by plan design		
	o Sirturo		
	 Treatment of adult and pediatric patients with pulmonary 		
	tuberculosis (TB) due to <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> resistant to at		
	least rifampin and isoniazid		
	o Pretomanid		
	 Treatment of adults with pulmonary TB resistant to isoniazid, 		
	rifamycins, a fluoroquinolone and a second line injectable		
	antibacterial drug		
	 Treatment of adults with pulmonary TB resistant to isoniazid and rifampin who are treatment-intolerant or nonresponsive to standard therapy 		
Required Medical	Sirturo		
Information:	Documented diagnosis of multidrug resistant TB (MDR-TB), defined as resistance to		
	at least isoniazid and rifampin		
	Pretomanid		
	Documented diagnosis of one of the following: Documented diagnosis of one of the following:		
	 Extensively drug resistant TB (XDR-TB) 		
Ammunuinte	Treatment-intolerant or nonresponsive MDR-TB		
Appropriate Treatment	Sirturo		
Regimen & Other	Documentation that this drug has been prescribed as part of a combination The provided as part of a combination as part of a combination The provided as part of a combination as		
Criteria:	regimen with other anti-tuberculosis agents		
	 Documentation that this drug is being administered by directly observed therapy (DOT) 		
	Pretomanid		
	Documentation that this drug has been prescribed as part of a combination		
	regimen with Sirturo (bedaquiline) and linezolid		
	 Documentation that this drug is being administered by DOT 		
Exclusion Criteria:	Drug-sensitive (DS) pulmonary TB		
	Latent infection due to Mycobacterium tuberculosis		
	Extra-pulmonary infection due to Mycobacterium tuberculosis		
	Infections caused by non-tuberculous mycobacteria		
Age Restriction:	Sirturo: 5 years of age and older		
	and and a years of age and older		



		Pretomanid: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	•	Sirturo: 24 weeks, unless otherwise specified
	•	Pretomanid: 26 weeks, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: APOMORPHINE

Affected Medications: KYNMOBI (apomorphine), APOKYN (apomorphine), APOMORPHINE SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Acute, intermittent treatment of hypomobility, "off" episodes in patients with advanced Parkinson's disease (PD)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of advanced PD Documentation of acute, intermittent hypomobility, "off" episodes occurring for at least 2 hours per day while awake despite an optimized oral PD treatment regimen
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Concurrent therapy with levodopa/carbidopa (at the maximum tolerated dose) and a second agent from one of the following alternate anti-Parkinson's drug classes: Monoamine oxidase-B (MAO-B) inhibitors (ex: selegiline, rasagiline) Dopamine agonists (ex: amantadine, pramipexole, ropinirole) Catechol-O-methyltransferase (COMT) inhibitors (ex: entacapone) Requests for Apokyn and apomorphine solution require documentation of treatment failure or contraindication to Kynmobi Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as monotherapy or first line agent
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: APREMILAST

Affected Medications: OTEZLA, OTEZLA THERAPY PACK

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA) Psoriasis (PP) Oral Ulcers associated with Behcet's Disease
Required Medical	Plaque Psoriasis
Information:	 Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment as defined by one of the following: Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater Severe disease on other validated tools Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction AND Documentation of one or more of the following:
	greater based on chart notes: Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point Oral Ulcers Associated with Behcet's Disease Diagnosis of Behcet's with documentation of recurrent oral aphthae (ulcer, sore) at least 3 times in a year AND Two of the following: Recurrent genital aphthae Eye lesions Skin lesions



	Positive pathergy test defined by a papule 2 mm or greater
Appropriate	Plaque Psoriasis
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies:
Regimen & Other	methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]
Criteria:	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	 Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at
	least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
	Oral Ulcers Associated with Behcet's Disease
	Documented clinical failure of at least 1 oral medication for Behcet's disease after at least 12 weeks (colchicine, prednisone, azathioprine)
	QL
	Induction (All indications): Titration pack
	Maintenance (All indications): 60 tablets per 30 days
	Reauthorization
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered
	experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/dermatologist as appropriate
Restrictions:	for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



ARIPIPRAZOLE LONG ACTING INTRAMUSCULAR INJECTIONS

Affected Medications: ABILIFY MAINTENA (aripiprazole suspension, reconstituted), ABILIFY ASIMTUFII (aripiprazole suspension, prefilled syringe) (**Medical benefit only)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	o Schizophrenia in adults
	Bipolar I disorder in adults
Required Medical	Diagnosis of schizophrenia and on maintenance treatment OR
Information:	Diagnosis of bipolar I disorder and on maintenance treatment
	AND
	Documentation of established tolerability to oral aripiprazole
Appropriate Treatment	Documented failure or contraindication to Risperdal Consta
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist or receiving input from a
Restrictions:	psychiatry practice as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ARISTADA

Affected Medications: A	RISTADA (aripiprazole lauroxil), ARISTADA INITIO
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
Required Medical	Diagnosis of schizophrenia
Information:	Documentation of established tolerability with oral aripiprazole for a minimum of 14
	days prior to initiating treatment with Aristada.
	Documentation of comprehensive antipsychotic treatment regimen (including)
	dosing and frequency of all formulations)
	Documentation of Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved dose and
	frequency for the requested formulation
	For initial authorization only:
	Documented plan for ensuring oral adherence during first 21 days of initial Aristada
	bocamented plan for ensuring oral danerence during mist 21 days of mitial Anstada
	For Aristada Initio:
	Documentation of clinical rationale to avoid 21-day oral aripiprazole loading dose
	due to history of patient non-compliance or risk for hospitalization
Appropriate Treatment	Reauthorization: Documentation of clinically significant response to therapy.
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Repeated dosing (greater than 1 dose) of Aristada Initio
	Women who are pregnant, lactating, or breastfeeding.
	Patients with dementia-related psychosis
	Prior inadequate response to oral aripiprazole (unless poor adherence was a
	contributing factor)
	No current, or within the last 2 years, diagnosis of:
	Major Depressive Disorder
	Comorbid schizoaffective disorder
	Amnestic or other cognitive disorder
	o Bipolar disorder
	o Dementia
A Doctriction	o Delirium
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist or behavioral health specialist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Aristada (aripiprazole lauroxil)
	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	<u>Aristada Initio</u>
	Approval: 1 month, unless otherwise specified
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ARIKAYCE

Affected Medications: ARIKAYCE (Amikacin inhalation suspension)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of <i>Mycobacterium avium</i> complex (MAC) lung disease as part of a combination antibacterial drug regimen in adults who have limited or no alternative treatment options, and who do not achieve negative sputum cultures after a minimum of 6 consecutive months of a multidrug background regimen therapy
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of MAC lung disease confirmed by BOTH the following: A MAC-positive sputum culture obtained within the last 3 months Evidence of underlying nodular bronchiectasis and/or fibrocavity disease on a chest radiograph or chest computed tomography The MAC isolate is susceptible to amikacin with a minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) of less than or equal to 64 mcg/mL Documentation of failure to obtain a negative sputum culture after a minimum of 6 consecutive months of a multidrug background regimen therapy for MAC lung disease such as clarithromycin (or azithromycin), rifampin and ethambutol
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Document of BOTH the following: This drug has been prescribed as part of a combination antibacterial drug regimen This drug will be used with the Lamira® Nebulizer System Reauthorization requires documentation of negative sputum culture obtained within the last 30 days. The American Thoracic Society/Infectious Diseases Society of America (ATS/IDSA) guidelines state that patients should continue to be treated until they have negative cultures for 1 year. Treatment beyond the first reauthorization (after 18 months) will require documentation of a positive sputum culture to demonstrate the need for continued treatment. Patients that have had negative cultures for 1 year will not be approved for continued treatment.
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of non-refractory MAC lung disease
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified





POLICY NAME: **ASCIMINIB**

Affected Medications: SCEMBLIX TABLET (asciminib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
	Documentation of Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1-positive chronic myeloid
	leukemia (CML) in chronic phase (CP) OR advanced phase in accelerated phase (AP-
	CML)
Appropriate	Advanced phase chronic myeloid leukemia (CML)
Treatment	Documentation of accelerated phase by 10 to 19 percent blasts in blood or bone
Regimen & Other	marrow
Criteria:	
	Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1- positive chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) in
	chronic phase (CP) meeting one of the following:
	Previous treatment with imatinib [if used as initial tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI)] AND
	one or more additional tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) such as:
	A second generation TKI which includes:
	bosutinib, dasatinib, or nilotinib. (Note BCR:ABL1 kinase domain mutation
	status for selections and contraindications)
	Documented resistance or intolerance to at least two prior TKIs
	Documented T315I positive mutation and clinical failure with ponatinib
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
LACIUSION CITTEITA.	
	Presence of either A337T, P465S, M244V, or F359V/I/C BCR::ABL1 kinase domain mutation
Age Restriction:	inutation
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
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ATIDARSAGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: LENMELDY (atidarsagene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of children with pre-symptomatic late-infantile (PSLI), pre-
	symptomatic early-juvenile (PSEJ), or early symptomatic early-juvenile (ESEJ)
	metachromatic leukodystrophy (MLD)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of metachromatic leukodystrophy (MLD) confirmed by the following:
Information:	 Arylsulfatase (ARSA) activity below the normal range in peripheral blood
	mononuclear cells or fibroblasts
	 Presence of two disease-causing mutations of either known or novel alleles
	 Presence of sulfatides in a 24-hour urine collection (to exclude MLD carriers
	and patients with ARSA pseudodeficiency)
	AND
	Diagnosis of the late-infantile subtype of MLD confirmed by two out of three of the
	following:
	 Age at onset of symptoms in the older sibling(s) less than or equal to 30 months
	 Two null (0) mutant ARSA alleles
	 Peripheral neuropathy as determined by electroneurographic study
	OR
	Diagnosis of the early-juvenile subtype of MLD confirmed by two out of three of the
	following:
	 Age at onset of symptoms (in the patient or in the older sibling) between 30
	months and 6 years (has not celebrated their seventh birthday)
	 One null (0) and one residual (R) mutant ARSA allele(s)
	 Peripheral neuropathy as determined by electroneurographic study
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplantation in the previous six months
	Previous gene therapy
	Documented HIV infection
	Documented history of a hereditary cancer
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist or hematologist/oncologist
Care Restrictions:	
	<u> </u>



Coverage	•	Authorization: 2 months (for one time infusion)
Duration:	•	No reauthorization



POLICY NAME: AVACOPAN

Affected Medications: TAVNEOS 10mg Capsule

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
covered uses:	plan design
	 As an adjunctive treatment of adult patients with severe, active anti-neutrophil
	cytoplasmic autoantibody (ANCA)-associated vasculitis (AAV), including
	granulomatosis with polyangiitis (GPA) and microscopic polyangiitis (MPA), in
	combination with standard therapy including glucocorticoids
Deguised	Diagnosis supported by at least one of the following:
Required Medical	Tissue biopsy of kidney or other affected organs
Information:	 Positive ANCA, clinical presentation compatible with AAV, and low suspicion for
Imormation.	secondary vasculitis
	 Clinical presentation compatible with AAV, low suspicion for secondary vasculitis,
	and concern for rapidly progressive disease
	 Documented severe, active disease (including major relapse), defined as: vasculitis with
	life- or organ-threatening manifestations (e.g., alveolar hemorrhage, glomerulonephritis,
	central nervous system vasculitis, subglottic stenosis, mononeuritis multiplex, cardiac
	involvement, mesenteric ischemia, limb/digit ischemia)
	Documentation of all prior therapies used and anticipated treatment course Description lives test panels or your plantage arrivate against transferred against the prior transfe
	Baseline liver test panel: serum alanine aminotransferase, aspartate aminotransferase, alkalina phase bases, and testal bilimbia.
	alkaline phosphatase, and total bilirubin
A	Current hepatitis B virus (HBV) status
Appropriate Treatment	Will be used with a standard immunosuppressive regimen including glucocorticoids
Regimen &	Will be used during induction therapy only
Other Criteria:	Will be used in any of the following populations/scenarios:
other oritoria.	 In patients unable to use glucocorticoids at appropriate doses
	o In patients with an estimated glomerular filtration rate less than 30 mL/min/1.73
	m ²
	 In patients who have experienced relapse following treatment with two or more
	different induction regimens, including both rituximab- and cyclophosphamide-
	containing regimens (unless contraindicated)
	 During subsequent induction therapy in patients with refractory disease (failure to
	achieve remission with initial induction therapy regimen)
	Dosing: 30 mg (three 10 mg capsules) twice daily (once daily when used concomitantly
	with strong CYP3A4 inhibitors)
	Reauthorization: must meet criteria above (will not be used for maintenance treatment)
Exclusion	Treatment of eosinophilic-GPA (EGPA)
Criteria:	• Active, untreated and/or uncontrolled chronic liver disease (e.g., chronic active hepatitis B,
	untreated hepatitis C virus infection, uncontrolled autoimmune hepatitis) and cirrhosis
	Active, serious infections, including localized infections



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	History of angioedema while receiving Tavneos, unless another cause has been established
	History of HBV reactivation while receiving Tavneos, unless medically necessary
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, nephrologist, or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



AVALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA-NGPT

Affected Medications: NEXVIAZYME (avalglucosidase alfa-ngpt)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Late-Onset Pompe Disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Pompe Disease confirmed by an enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of acid α-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme activity or by DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA gene. Patient weight and planned treatment regimen.
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 One or more clinical signs or symptoms of Late-Onset Pompe Disease: Progressive proximal weakness in a limb-girdle distribution Delayed gross-motor development in childhood Involvement of respiratory muscles causing respiratory difficulty (such as reduced forced vital capacity [FVC] or sleep disordered breathing) Skeletal abnormalities (such as scoliosis or scapula alata) Low/absent reflexes Appropriate medical support is readily available when medication is administered in the event of anaphylaxis, severe allergic reaction, or acute cardiorespiratory failure. Patients weighing less than 30 kilograms will require documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Lumizyme. Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced. Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy.
Exclusion Criteria:	 Diagnosis of infantile-onset Pompe Disease Concurrent treatment with Lumizyme
Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Metabolic specialist, endocrinologist, or physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease.
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



POLICY NAME: AVATROMBOPAG

Affected Medications: DOPTELET (avatrombopag)

Covered Uses: Required Medical	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic liver disease (CLD) who are scheduled to undergo a procedure Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an insufficient response to a previous treatment Thrombocytopenia in patients with CLD undergoing a procedure:
Information:	Documentation of planned procedure including date Documentation of baseline platelet sourt of less than 50 000/migralities.
	Documentation of baseline platelet count of less than 50,000/microliter
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP
	Documentation of ONE of the following: Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding
	 Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such
	as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding
	at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
Appropriate	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP
Treatment Regimen & Other	Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did not increase to at least
Criteria:	50,000/microliter, to the following therapies: ONE of the following:
	 ONE of the following: Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for immune
	thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids, rituximab, or
	immunoglobulin
	SplenectomyPromacta
	o Promacta
	Reauthorization (chronic ITP only):
	Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter or above (not to
	 exceed 400,000/microliter) OR The platelet counts have not increased to a platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter
	and the patient has NOT been on the maximum dose for at least 4 weeks
Exclusion	Use in combination with another thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine
Criteria:	kinase inhibitor, or similar treatments (Promacta, Nplate, Tavalisse)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterologist/liver specialist
Restrictions:) specialist



Coverage Duration:



POLICY NAME: BARICITINIB

Affected Medications: OLUMIANT

C	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	design
	 Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
Required Medical	Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent
Information:	objective scale)
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3
Appropriate	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
Treatment	o If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease
Regimen & Other	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine,
Criteria:	leflunomide)
	• Documentation of treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) for 12
	weeks or greater with Infliximab (preferred products Inflectra, Avsola) or Actemra IV
	QL
	RA: 30 tablets per 30 days
	Reauthorization
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered
	experimental and is not a covered benefit
	Treatment of alopecia areata
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist
Restrictions:	,
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BELIMUMAB

Affected Medications: BENLYSTA (Belimumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise evaluded by
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE)
	o Lupus Nephritis
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of patient's current weight (intravenous requests only)
	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus:
	 Documentation of active SLE with moderate classification (significant but non-organ threatening disease including constitutional, cutaneous, musculoskeletal, or hematologic involvement)
	 Autoantibody-positive SLE, defined as positive for antinuclear antibodies (ANA) and/or anti-double-stranded DNA (anti-dsDNA) antibody
	Baseline measurement of one or more of the following: SLE Responder Index-4 (SRI-4) or frequency of flares requiring corticosteroid use
	Lupus Nephritis:
	Documentation of biopsy-proven active Class III, IV, and/or V disease
	Baseline measurement of one or more of the following: urine protein-creatinine ratio (DCR)
	(uPCR), urine protein, estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR), or frequency of flares requiring corticosteroid use
Appropriate	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Treatment	(intravenous requests only)
Regimen & Other	(
Criteria:	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus:
	Failure with at least 12 weeks of standard combination therapy including
	hydroxychloroquine OR chloroquine with one of the following:
	Cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, or mycophenolate mofetil
	Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success defined as a clinically
	significant improvement in Systemic Lupus Erythematosus Responder Index-4 (SRI-4) OR decrease in flares or corticosteroid use
	Lupus Nephritis:
	Failure of at least 12 weeks of standard therapy with mycophenolate mofetil AND cyclophosphamide
	Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success defined as ONE of the following:
	o Improvement in eGFR
	Reduction in urine protein-creatinine ratio or urine protein
	 Decrease in flares or corticosteroid use



Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with other biologic therapies for LN or SLE Use in severe active central nervous system lupus
Age Restriction:	5 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, rheumatologist, or specialist with experience in the treatment of systemic lupus erythematosus or lupus nephritis
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BELZUTIFAN

Affected Medications: WELIREG (belzutifan)

Γ-	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of
	2A or better
Required Medical	Von Hippel-Lindau (VHL) disease
Information:	Diagnosis documented by the following:
	 Pathogenic VHL germline mutation diagnostic for VHL disease AND at least
	one of the following:
	 Presence of solid, locoregional tumor in kidney showing accelerated
	tumor growth (growth of 5mm or more per year)
	 Presence of symptomatic and/or progressively enlarging central
	nervous system (CNS) hemangioblastomas not amenable to surgery
	 Presence of pancreatic solid lesion or pancreatic neuroendocrine
	tumor (pNET) with rapid tumor growth
	Treatment-refractory advanced or metastatic clear cell renal carcinoma
	Advanced disease after use of the following treatments: (Per NCCN guidelines)
	o A Programmed death receptor-1 (PD-1) OR programmed death-ligand 1 (PD-
	L1) AND
	A vascular endothelial growth factor tyrosine kinase inhibitor (VEGF-TKI)
	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
	anticipated treatment course
Appropriate	<u>Reauthorization</u> : documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	Metastatic pNET disease
	Not to be used in combination with other oncologic agents for the treatment of VHL
	disease
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
_	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
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POLICY NAME: BENRALIZUMAB

Affected Medications: FASENRA (benralizumab)

	5: FASENRA (benralizumab)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of patients with severe asthma aged 6 years
	and older with an eosinophilic phenotype
Required Medical	Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by both of the
Information:	following:
	 Baseline eosinophil count of at least 150 cells/μL AND
	 FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
Appropriate	Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta
Treatment	agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
Regimen & Other	AND
Criteria:	Documentation of one of the following:
	,
	systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination
	inhaler treatment and at least 80% adherence
	 Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
Frankrika Culturia	response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Nucala, Xolair,
Ana Dantuintian	Cinqair, Tezspire)
Age Restriction:	6 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



BEREMAGENE GEPERPAVEC-SVDT

Affected Medications: VYJUVEK (beremagene geperpavec-svdt)

Covered Hessi	All Frederick December 2011 (FDA) and the first section of the first sec
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa (DEB)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of recessive DEB confirmed by both of the following:
Information:	 Skin biopsy of an induced blister with immunofluorescence mapping (IFM)
	and/or transmission electron microscopy (TEM)
	 Genetic test results documenting mutations in the COL7A1 gene
	Clinical signs and symptoms of DEB such as skin fragility, blistering, scarring, nail
	changes, and milia formation in the areas of healed blistering
Appropriate	Documentation of receiving standard of care preventative or treatment therapies for
Treatment	wound care, control of infection, nutritional support
Regimen & Other	Documented trial and failure of Filsuvez
Criteria:	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed the following:
	 Maximum weekly volume of 2.5 mL (1.6mL usable dose)
	 Maximum of 12-week course per wound
	 Maximum of 4 tubes per 28 days
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success defined as complete
	wound healing on a previous site and need for treatment on a new site
Exclusion Criteria:	Evidence or history of squamous cell carcinoma in the area that will undergo treatment
	Concurrent use with Filsuvez (birch triterpenes topical gel)
	Dominant DEB (DDEB)
Age Restriction:	6 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist or a specialist experienced in the
Care Restrictions:	
Care Restrictions.	treatment of Epidermolysis Bullosa
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
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POLICY NAME: **BESREMI**

Affected Medications: BESREMI (ropeginterferon alfa-2b)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
Covered Oses.	, in 1 ood and 5 ag , tall institution (1 5 i), approved indications not other thise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of adults with polycythemia vera
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
	Evidence of increased red cell volume such as abnormal hemoglobin, hematocrit, or red
	cell mass AND one of the following:
	 Presence of JAK2 V617F or JAK2 exon 12 mutation
	 Subnormal serum erythropoietin level
Appropriate	Documentation of treatment failure, intolerance, or contraindication to hydroxyurea
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization : documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or hematologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



BETAINE

Affected Medications: Betaine

Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic or genetic disease specialist
Age Restriction:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Uncorrected vitamin B12 or folic acid levels
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy shown by lowering of plasma homocysteine levels
Criteria:	O Vitamin B12 (cobalamin)
Regimen & Other Criteria:	O Vitamin B9 (folate)
Treatment	○ Vitamin B6 (pyridoxine)
Appropriate	Documented trial and failure of <u>ONE</u> of the following forms of supplementation:
	Baseline plasma homocysteine levels
	 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) deficiency Cobalamin cofactor metabolism (cbl) defect
Information:	Cystathionine beta-synthase (CBS) deficiency
Required Medical	Diagnosis of homocystinuria associated with one of the following:
	 Homocystinuria
Covered Uses:	by plan design
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded



POLICY NAME: BEVACIZUMAB

Affected Medications: AVASTIN (bevacizumab), MVASI (bevacizumab-awwb), ZIRABEV (bevacizumab-bvzr), ALYMSYS (bevacizumab-maly), VEGZELMA (bevacizumab-adcd)

ALYIVISYS (bevacizumab-ma	aly), VEGZELMA (bevacizumab-adcd)
Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A
	or higher
	For the Treatment of Ophthalmic disorders:
	 Neovascular (Wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD)
	 Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO)
	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME)
	 Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus
Required Medical	Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment
Information:	course
Appropriate	Stage III or IV Epithelial Ovarian, Fallopian Tube, or Primary Peritoneal Cancer following
Treatment	<u>initial surgical resection</u>
Regimen & Other	Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy
Criteria:	
	All Indications
	Coverage for a non-preferred product (Avastin, Alymsys, Vegzelma) requires
	documentation of one of the following:
	 Use for ophthalmic condition (Avastin only)
	 A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Mvasi and
	Zirabev, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed
	to the active ingredient
	Reauthorization : documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or ophthalmologist (depending on
Restrictions:	indication)
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BEZLOTOXUMAB

Affected Medications: ZINPLAVA (bezlotoxumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce recurrence of Clostridioides difficile infection (CDI) in patients who are receiving antibacterial drug treatment for CDI and are at a high risk for CDI recurrence
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of CDI confirmed by both of the following: Presence of at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile collected within 7 days prior to request Patient must be receiving concurrent CDI treatment when infusion is administered
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of one of the following risk factors for CDI recurrence: Age greater than 65 One or more episodes of CDI in the past 6 months prior to the current episode Immunocompromised status Clinically severe CDI (defined by Zar score greater than or equal to 2) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Previous treatment with Zinplava 1 year of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 1 month (a single 10 mg/kg dose) with no reauthorization



POLICY NAME: BIRCH TRITERPENES

Affected Medications: FILSUVEZ (birch triterpenes topical gel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa (DEB)
	 Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa (JEB)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of recessive DEB or JEB confirmed by skin biopsy of an induced blister with
Information:	immunofluorescence mapping (IFM) and/or transmission electron microscopy (TEM)
	Genetic test results documenting mutations in one of the following genes: COL7A1,
	COL17A1, ITGB4, LAMA3, LAMB3, or LAMC2
	• Clinical signs and symptoms of EB such as skin fragility, blistering, scarring, nail changes,
	and milia formation in the areas of healed blistering
	Presence of open partial-thickness wounds that have been present for at least 21 days
Appropriate	Documentation of receiving standard of care preventative or treatment therapies for
Treatment	wound care, control of infection, nutritional support
Regimen & Other	Dosing does not exceed the following:
Criteria:	Maximum of 1 mm layer to affected area(s)
	Maximum of 28 tubes per 28 days
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success defined as complete
	wound healing on a previous site and need for continued treatment on a new site
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with Vyjuvek (beremagene geperpavec-svdt)
	Dominant DEB (DDEB)
Age Restriction:	6 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist or a specialist experienced in the
Care Restrictions:	treatment of Epidermolysis Bullosa
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



BONJESTA & DICLEGIS

Affected Medications: BONJESTA (doxylamine-pyridoxine extended-release tablet 20-20mg), DICLEGIS (doxylamine-pyridoxine delayed release tablet 10-10 mg)

Covered Hear	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design.
	 Pregnancy associated nausea and vomiting
Required Medical	Estimated Delivery Date
Information:	Documentation of all therapies tried/failed
Appropriate	Documentation of trial and education on non-pharmacologic methods of controlling
Treatment	nausea and vomiting related to pregnancy (avoidance of triggers, proper rest, etc.)
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Documented treatment failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for avoidance of ALL
	the following:
	 Over the counter (OTC) pyridoxine with OTC doxylamine
	AND
	 One of the following:
	 Dopamine antagonist (prochlorperazine, metoclopramide, etc.)
	 H1 antagonist (promethazine, meclizine, dimenhydrinate,
	diphenhydramine, etc.)
	Ondansetron
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: Until estimated delivery date (no more than 9 months), unless otherwise
	specified
	эреспіец



вотох

Affected Medications: BOTOX (onabotulinumtoxinA)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia-supported indications		
	not otherwise excluded by plan design		
	o Spasticity		
	Chronic migraine		
	 Overactive bladder (OAB) with symptoms of urge urinary incontinence, urgency, 		
	and frequency		
	Neurogenic detrusor overactivity (NDO)		
	Focal dystonia		
	 Cervical dystonia 		
	■ Blepharospasm		
	Laryngeal dystonia		
	Oromandibular dystonia		
	Severe brachial dystonia (writer's cramp)		
	Strabismus		
	Achalasia		
	O Actividadia		
Required Medical	Pertinent medical records and diagnostic testing		
Information:	Complete description of the site(s) of injection		
2	Strength and dosage of botulinum toxin used		
Appropriate			
Treatment	Approved meeting to the approved and approved and		
	lower limb spasticity, or other conditions of focal spasticity wherein botulinum toxin is		
Regimen & Other	the preferred mode of therapy		
Criteria:	For use in all other FDA-approved indications not otherwise excluded by benefit design,		
	failure of first-line recommended and conventional therapies is required		
	Overestive bladder (OAD)/Neurogenia detrucer everestivity (NDO):		
	 Overactive bladder (OAB)/Neurogenic detrusor overactivity (NDO): Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to at least two urinary 		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	incontinence antimuscarinic or beta-3 adrenergic therapies (e.g., oxybutynin,		
	solifenacin, tolterodine, mirabegron, vibegron)		
	Chronic migraine:		
	 Documentation of chronic migraine defined as headaches on at least 15 days per 		
	month, of which at least 8 days are with migraine		
	 Documented failure with an adequate trial (at least 8 weeks) of a migraine preventive 		
	therapy, as follows:		
	Candesartan 16 mg daily Antionilantics (divalgraphy sodium 500 mg daily, valgrais asid 500 mg daily)		
	Antiepileptics (divalproex sodium 500 mg daily, valproic acid 500 mg daily, tanisamata 50 mg daily)		
	topiramate 50 mg daily)		
	Beta-blockers (metoprolol 100 mg daily, propranolol 40 mg daily, timolol 20 mg daily, models (80 mg daily)		
	daily, nadolol 80 mg daily)		



	 Antidepressants (amitriptyline 25 mg daily, nortriptyline 25 mg daily, 		
	venlafaxine 75 mg daily, duloxetine 60 mg daily).		
	 Anti-calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) monoclonal antibody or CGRP 		
	receptor antagonist (when used for prevention)		
	Achalasia (Cardiospasm):		
	Must meet 1 of the following:		
	 Type I or II achalasia: Treatment failure with peroral endoscopic myotomy (POEM), laparoscopic Heller myotomy (LHM), and pneumatic dilation (PD) 		
	o Not a candidate for POEM, surgical myotomy, or pneumatic dilation due to high risk of complications		
	Number of treatments must not exceed the following:		
	OAB/NDO: 2 treatments/12 months		
	Chronic migraine: initial treatment limited to two injections given 3 months apart,		
	subsequent treatment approvals limited to 4 treatments per 12 months		
	All other indications maximum of 4 treatments/12 months unless otherwise specified		
	Reauthorization:		
	Chronic migraine continuation of treatment: Additional treatment requires that the		
	member has achieved or maintained a 50% reduction in monthly headache frequency		
	since starting therapy with Botox.		
	All other indications: Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant		
	response to therapy		
Exclusion Criteria:	Cosmetic procedures, hemifacial spasm: not above the line on the prioritized list		
	For intradetrusor injections: documented current/recent urinary tract infection or urinary retention		
	Possible medication overuse headache: headaches occurring 15 or more days each		
	month in a patient with pre-existing headache-causing condition possibly due to		
	 Use of ergotamines, triptans, opioids, or combination analgesics greater than or 		
	equal to 10 days per month for greater than or equal to three months		
	 Use of simple analgesics (acetaminophen, aspirin, or an NSAID) greater than or 		
	equal to 15 days per month for greater than or equal to 3 months		
	 Combined use of any of the previously mentioned products without overuse of 		
	any one agent if no causative pattern can be established		
	Combined use with an anti-calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) monoclonal antibody		
	or an oral CGRP antagonist when used for migraine prevention		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber	Blepharospasm, strabismus: ophthalmologist, optometrist, or neurologist		
Restrictions:	Chronic migraine: treatment is administered in consultation with a neurologist or		
	headache specialist		
	OAB/NDO: urologist or neurologist		



	Documentation of consultation with any of the above specialists mentioned
Coverage	Chronic migraine:
Duration:	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified
	OAB/NDO:
	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Spasticity:
	Approval: 24 months, unless otherwise specified
	All other indications:
	Approval 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BREXANOLONE

Affected Medications: Zulresso (brexanolone)

6	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design.
	 Treatment of postpartum depression (PPD)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of major depressive episode as diagnosed by DSM-5 Criteria Five or more of the following symptoms present during the same two week period and represent a change from previous function. Must include either (1) depressed mood or (2) lack of interest or pleasure Depressed mood most of the day, nearly every day, as indicated by either subjective report (e.g., feels sad, empty, hopeless) or observations made by others (e.g., appears tearful). (NOTE: In children and adolescents, can be irritable mood.) Markedly diminished interest or pleasure in all, or almost all, activities most of the day, nearly every day (as indicated by either subjective account or observation) Significant weight loss when not dieting or weight gain (e.g., a change of more than 5% of body weight in a month) or decrease or increase in appetite nearly every day. (NOTE: In children, consider failure to make expected weight gain.) Insomnia or hypersomnia nearly every day Psychomotor agitation or retardation nearly every day (observable by others, not merely subjective feelings of restlessness or being slowed down) Fatigue or loss of energy nearly every day Feelings of worthlessness or excessive or inappropriate guilt (which may be delusional) nearly every day (not merely self-reproach or guilt about being sick) Diminished ability to think or concentrate, or indecisiveness, nearly every day (either by their subjective account or as observed by others) Recurrent thoughts of death (not just fear of dying), recurrent suicidal ideation without a specific plan, or a suicide attempt or a specific plan for committing suicide
	AND
	 Symptoms cause clinically significant distress or impairment in social,
	occupational, or other important areas of functioning AND
	 Episode is not attributable to the direct physiological effects of a substance or to another condition
	Major depressive episode began no earlier than the third trimester and no later than the
	first 4 weeks following delivery



	 Moderate to severe postpartum depression documented by one of the following rating scales: Hamilton Rating Scale for Depression (HAM-D) score of greater than 17 Patient Health Questionnaire-9 (PHQ-9) score of greater than 10 Montgomery-Åsberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS) greater than 20 points Edinburgh Postnatal Depression Scale (EPDS) score of greater than 13
Appropriate	Documented trial with an oral antidepressant for at least 8 weeks unless contraindicated
Treatment	or documentation shows that the severity of the depression would place the health of
Regimen & Other	the mother or infant at significant risk
Criteria:	
Exclusion	Greater than 6 months postpartum
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	15 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist
Coverage Duration:	One month, one time approval per pregnancy



POLICY NAME: BUROSUMAB

Affected Medications: CRYSVITA (burosumab-twza)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. X-linked hypophosphatemia (XLH) FGF23-related hypophosphatemia in tumor induced osteomalacia (TIO) associated with phosphaturic mesenchymal tumors 		
Required Medical	All Indications:		
Information:	 Documentation of diagnosis by: A blood test demonstrating ALL the following (in relation to laboratory reference ranges):		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 All Indications: Documentation of treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with oral phosphate and calcitriol supplementation in combination for at least 12 months, or contraindication to therapy Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization: requires documentation of normalization of serum phosphate levels AND improvement in radiographic imaging of skeletal abnormalities. 		
Exclusion Criteria:			
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist or endocrinologist or provider experienced in managing patients with metabolic bone disease		



Coverage Duration:	•	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CALCIFEDIOL

Affected Medications: RAYALDEE (calcifediol)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of secondary hyperparathyroidism in adult patients with stage 3 or 4 chronic kidney disease (CKD) and serum total 25-hydroxyvitamin D levels less than 30 ng/mL
Required Medical Information:	 A confirmed diagnosis of secondary hyperparathyroidism with persistently elevated or progressively rising serum intact parathyroid hormone (iPTH) that is 2.3 times (or more) above the upper limit of normal for the assay used Documentation of all the following prior to treatment initiation: Stage 3 or 4 CKD Serum total 25-hydroxyvitamin D level is less than 30 ng/mL Corrected serum calcium is below 9.8 mg/dL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of persistent vitamin D deficiency (level below 30 ng/mL), despite at least 12 weeks of adherent treatment with each of the following at an appropriate dose, unless contraindicated or not tolerated: Vitamin D2 (ergocalciferol) or Vitamin D3 (cholecalciferol) Calcitriol Doxercalciferol Paricalcitol Reauthorization will require documentation of a clinically significant response to therapy, evidenced by increased serum total 25-hydroxyvitamin D level (to at least 30 ng/mL) and reduced plasma iPTH to goal therapeutic range (or an approximate 30% reduction compared to baseline)
Exclusion Criteria:	A diagnosis of stage 1, 2, or 5 chronic kidney disease or end-stage renal disease (ESRD) on dialysis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist or endocrinologist.
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



CALCITONIN GENE-RELATED PEPTIDE (CGRP) INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: Eptinezumab (Vyepti), Erenumab (Aimovig), Fremanezumab (Ajovy), Galcanezumab (Emgality)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Chronic or episodic migraine, prevention
	 Episodic cluster headache, prevention (Emgality)
Required Medical	Chronic Migraine
Information:	Diagnosis of chronic migraine defined as headaches on at least 15 days per month of
	which at least 8 days are with migraine at baseline
	Episodic Migraine
	Diagnosis of episodic migraine with at least 8 migraines per month at baseline
	Episodic Cluster Headache (Emgality)
	History of episodic cluster headache with at least two cluster periods lasting from 7
	days to 1 year (when untreated) separated by pain-free remission periods of at least
Appropriate	one month Chronic or Enicodic Microine
Treatment	 Chronic or Episodic Migraine Documented treatment failure with an adequate trial (at least 8 weeks) of an oral
Regimen & Other	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Criteria:	migraine preventive therapy as follows:
	 Candesartan 16 mg daily Antiepileptic (divalproex sodium 500 mg daily, valproic acid 500 mg daily,
	 Antiepileptic (divalproex sodium 500 mg daily, valproic acid 500 mg daily, topiramate 50 mg daily)
	Beta-blocker (metoprolol 100 mg daily, propranolol 40 mg daily, timolol 20 mg
	daily, nadolol 80 mg daily)
	 Antidepressants (amitriptyline 25 mg daily, nortriptyline 25 mg daily,
	venlafaxine 75 mg daily, duloxetine 60 mg daily)
	Documented treatment failure with 6 months (two treatments) of Botox therapy
	(chronic migraine only)
	Vyepti requests:
	Documented treatment failure with the above trials (adequate trial of an oral
	migraine preventive and Botox for chronic migraine)
	 Documented treatment failure or intolerance to ONE of the following: Emgality,
	Ajovy, or Aimovig
	Episodic Cluster Headache (Emgality)
	 Documented treatment failure with an adequate trial of verapamil (dose of at least 480
	mg daily for a minimum of 3 weeks), or if unable to tolerate verapamil or
	and the state of t



	contraindications apply, another oral preventative therapy (lithium, topiramate)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Headaches are not due to medication overuse: headaches occurring 15 or more days each month in a patient with pre-existing headache-causing condition possibly due to: Use of ergotamines, triptans, opioids, or combination analgesics at least 10 days per month for at least three months Use of simple analgesics (acetaminophen, aspirin, or an NSAID) at least 15 days per month for at least 3 months Use of combination of any previously mentioned products without overuse of any one agent if no causative pattern can be established Combined use with Botox Combined use with another anti-calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) monoclonal
	antibody or CGRP receptor antagonist (acute or preventive)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified





POLICY NAME: CANNABIDIOL

Affected Medications: Epidiolex (cannabidiol)

C	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)
	 Dravet Syndrome (DS)
	o Tuberous Sclerosis Complex (TSC)
Required Medical	All Indications
Information:	Patient weight
	Documentation that cannabidiol will be used as adjunctive therapy
	Lennox-Gastaut syndrome (LGS)
	 Documentation of at least 8 drop seizures per month while on stable
	antiepileptic drug therapy
	Documented treatment and inadequate seizure control with at least three
	guideline directed therapies including:
	■ Valproate and
	 Lamotrigine and
	 Rufinamide, topiramate, felbamate, or clobazam
	Dravet Syndrome (DS)
	 Documentation of at least 4 convulsive seizures in the last month while on
	stable antiepileptic drug therapy
	 Documented treatment and inadequate seizure control with at least four guideline directed therapies including:
	Valproate and
	Clobazam and
	Topiramate and
	 Clonazepam, levetiracetam, or zonisamide
	Tuberous Sclerosis Complex
	Documentation of monotherapy failure for seizure control with two antiepileptic
	regimens AND
	Documentation of failure with at least one adjunctive therapy for seizure control
Appropriate	Dosing:
Treatment	Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome or Dravet Syndrome: Not to exceed 20 mg/kg per day
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Tuberous Sclerosis Complex: Not to exceed 25 mg/kg per day
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a reduction in
	seizure severity, frequency, and/or duration.



Exclusion Criteria:	Use as monotherapy for seizure control
Age Restriction:	Greater than or equal to 1 year
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CANTHARIDIN

Affected Medications: Ycanth

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Molluscum contagiosum (MC)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of MC confirmed by one of the following:
Information:	 Presence of lesions that are consistent with MC (small, firm, pearly, with pitted centers, 2-5 millimeters in diameter, not associated with systemic symptoms
	such as fever)
	 For lesions with unclear cause or otherwise not consistent with MC,
	confirmation of diagnosis using dermoscopy, microscopy, histological
	examination, or biopsy
	Documentation persistent itching or pain AND one of the following:
	 Concomitant bacterial infection
	Concomitant atopic dermatitis
	 Significant concern for contagion (such as daycare setting) and prevention
	cannot be reasonably prevented through good hygiene and covering lesions
	with bandages or clothing
	 Continued presence of lesions after 12 months
Appropriate	Trial of at least two cycles of one of the following procedures for the removal of MC
Treatment	lesions:
Regimen & Other	Cryotherapy
Criteria:	Curettage
	Laser therapy
	Adequate trial and failure of one additional treatment for MC that has evidence
	supporting use, such as:
	Topical podofilox (Condylox) for at least 1 month
	 Oral cimetidine for at least 2 months
	Dosing: Two applicators per treatment every 21 days, limit to 4 total treatments
Exclusion Criteria:	Molloscum contagiosum is considered a below the line (non-funded) diagnosis per
	Oregon Health Authority (OHA) for those 21 years of age and older.
Age Restriction:	2 to under 21 years of age
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed and administered by a dermatologist
Care Restrictions:	



Coverage	Approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: CAPLACIZUMAB-YHDP

Affected Medications: CABLIVI (caplacizumab-yhdp)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult patients with acquired thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (aTTP), in combination with plasma exchange and immunosuppressive therapy
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of aTTP, meeting all the following: Severe thrombocytopenia (platelet count less than 100 x 10³/L) Microangiopathic hemolytic anemia (MAHA) confirmed by red blood cell fragmentation (e.g., schistocytes) on peripheral blood smear Baseline ADAMTS13 activity level of less than 10% Documentation of ONE of the following: Failure of at least one initial treatment for aTTP, such as therapeutic plasma exchange (TPE), glucocorticoids, or rituximab Documentation of high-risk disease meeting ONE of the following:
Appropriate Treatment	Total treatment duration will be limited to 58 days beyond the last TPE treatment
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documented signs of ongoing disease (such as, suppressed ADAMTS13 activity levels) and no more than 2 recurrences of aTTP while on Cablivi. Recurrence is defined as thrombocytopenia after initial recovery of platelet count (platelet count greater than or equal to 150,000) that requires re-initiation of daily plasma exchange.
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for other causes of thrombocytopenia, such as other TTP-like disorders (congenital or hereditary TTP)
Age Restriction:	, ,
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematology specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 3 months (for new episode), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CAPSAICIN KIT

Affected Medications: QUTENZA (capsaicin kit)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) – approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Neuropathic pain associated with postherpetic neuralgia (PHN) Neuropathic pain associated with diabetic peripheral neuropathy (DPN) of the feet
Required Medical Information:	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of ALL the following: Gabapentin Pregabalin Carbamazepine or oxcarbazepine or valproic acid/divalproex sodium Amitriptyline or nortriptyline Topical lidocaine Dose limited to single treatment (up to 4 patches) once every 90 days For renewal, your doctor must send in notes showing that this drug has worked well for you
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pain management specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 3 months (single treatment), unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months (up to 4 treatments), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CARGLUMIC ACID

Affected Medications: carglumic acid

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
3313134 33331	by plan design
Required Medical	Acute hyperammonemia due to one of the following:
Information:	 N-Acetylglutamate Synthase (NAGS) deficiency
	Propionic Acidemia (PA) or Methylmalonic Acidemia (MMA)
	Chronic hyperammonemia due to N-Acetylglutamate Synthase (NAGS) deficiency
Appropriate	Acute hyperammonemia
Treatment	Ammonia level greater than 100 micromol/L
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Prescribed in combination with at least one other ammonia-lowering therapy
Criteria.	(examples include: sodium phenylacetate and sodium benzoate, intravenous glucose,
	insulin, L-arginine, L-carnitine, protein restriction, dialysis)
	Prescribed treatment course not to exceed 7 days
	Chronic hyperammonemia due to N-Acetylglutamate Synthase (NAGS) deficiency
	Ammonia level greater than or equal to 50 micromol/L
	NAGS deficiency confirmed by enzymatic, biochemical, or genetic testing
	Prescribed in combination with a protein-restricted diet
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically
	significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Hyperammonemia caused by other enzyme deficiencies in the urea cycle:
	Carbamyl phosphate synthetase I (CPSI) deficiency
	Ornithine transcarbamylase (OTC) deficiency
	Argininosuccinate synthetase (ASS) deficiency
	Argininosuccinate lyase (ASL) deficiency
	Arginase deficiency
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
_	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CAYSTON

Affected Medications: CAYSTON (aztreonam inhalation)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Cystic fibrosis
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed diagnosis of cystic fibrosis Culture and sensitivity report confirming presence of Pseudomonas aeruginosa in the lungs Baseline FEV1 greater than 25% but less than 75% predicted
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented failure, contraindication, or resistance to inhaled tobramycin Dosing: 28 days on and 28 days off Reauthorization: requires documentation of improved respiratory symptoms and need for long-term use
Exclusion Criteria:	Baseline FEV1 less than 25% or greater than 75% predicted
Age Restriction:	Age 7 years or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CENOBAMATE

Affected Medications: XCOPRI (cenobamate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Partial-onset seizures in adult patients
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of baseline seizure frequency Documentation of treatment failure with at least three adjunctive therapies for seizure management (carbamazepine, lamotrigine, levetiracetam, oxcarbazepine, topiramate, lamotrigine, divalproex, lacosamide, zonisamide, phenytoin, valproic acid, gabapentin, pregabalin)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dosing not to exceed 400 mg daily Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response as determined by provider
Exclusion Criteria:	Familial short QT syndrome
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CERLIPONASE ALFA

Affected Medications: BRINEURA (cerliponase alfa)

 plan design To slow the loss of ambulation in pediatric patients with neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis type 2 (CLN2), also known as tripeptidyl peptidase-1 (TPP1)
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linatuscinasis typo 2 (CLN2), also known as tripontidyl poptidaso 1 (TDD1)
deficiency
Diagnosis of CLN2 disease confirmed by BOTH the following:
 Enzyme assay demonstrating deficient TPP1 activity
 Genetic testing that has detected two pathogenic variants/mutations in the
TPP1/CLN2 gene (one on each parental allele of the TPP1/CLN2 gene)
• Documentation of mild to moderate functional impairment at baseline using the CLN2
Clinical Rating Scale, defined as ALL the following:
 Combined score of 3 to 6 in the motor and language domains
 Score of at least 1 in the motor domain
 Score of at least 1 in the language domain
Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling
Reauthorization:
• Documentation of clinical responsiveness to therapy defined as disease stabilization OR
a score of at least 1 in the motor domain of the CLN2 Clinical Rating Scale
• Any sign or symptom of acute or unresolved localized infection on or around the device
insertion site (e.g., cellulitis or abscess); or suspected or confirmed CNS infection (e.g.,
cloudy CSF or positive CSF gram stain, or meningitis)
Any acute intraventricular access device-related complication (e.g., leakage,
extravasation of fluid, or device failure)
Other forms of neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis
Patients with ventriculoperitoneal shunts
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist with expertise in the diagnosis of
CLN2
Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
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POLICY NAME: CERTOLIZUMAB

Affected Medications: CIMZIA KIT, CIMZIA PREFILLED SYRINGE KIT, CIMZIA PREFILLED SYRINGE STARTER KIT

	INS. CHVIZIA KIT, CHVIZIA FREFILLED STRINGE KIT, CHVIZIA FREFILLED STRINGE STARTER KIT		
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	 Plaque Psoriasis (PP) 		
	Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)		
	 Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA) 		
	 Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS) 		
	 Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA) 		
	o Crohn's Disease (CD)		
Required	Rheumatoid Arthritis		
Medical	Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent)		
Information:	objective scale)		
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 		
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 		
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3 		
	The second secon		
	Plaque Psoriasis		
	Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional		
	impairment as defined by one of the following:		
	Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater		
	Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater		
	Severe disease on other validated tools		
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial 		
	involvement preventing normal social interaction		
	AND		
	Documentation of one or more of the following: At least 10% hady surface area involvement despite surrent treatment.		
	At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment		
	OR		
	 Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement 		
	Psoriatic Arthritis		
	Psoriatic Arthritis		
	Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or greater based on short notes:		
	greater based on chart notes:		
	 Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point, 		
	OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point		
	Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point Partylitis (present or partylesis) one point		
	Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point Negative rheumatoid feater (RE), one point		
	Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point		
	Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one		
	point		



Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis, and Psoriatic Arthritis with Axial Involvement

- Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by sacroillitis on imaging AND at least one spondyloarthritis feature:
 - Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
 - Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
 - Insidious onset
 - Improvement with exercise
 - No improvement with rest
 - Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
 - Arthritis
 - Enthesitis
 - Uveitis
 - o Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
 - o Psoriasis
 - Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
 - o Good response to nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
 - Family history of SpA
 - Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP)

OR

- HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
- Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale

Crohn's disease

- Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy
- Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

All indications

Exception for pregnancy requires documentation of actively attempting to conceive

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - One of following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola), Actemra IV

AND

 Two of the following: Olumiant, Kevzara, Simponi Aria, Actemra SQ, Kineret, rituximab (preferred biosimilar products Truxima, Riabni, and Ruxience),
 Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)



Plaque Psoriasis

- Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies: methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

One of the following: Otezla, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), or Ilumya

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

One of the following: Otezla, Simponi Aria, Orencia, or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

<u>Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis, and Psoriatic Arthritis with</u> **Axial Involvement**

 Documented treatment failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal antiinflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each

OR

- For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Simponi Aria or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Crohn's Disease

 Documented treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for minimum of 12 weeks trial: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide

OR

Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease

OR



	Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the		
	following:		
	 Fistulizing disease 		
	o Stricture		
	 Presence of abscess/phlegmon 		
	Deep ulcerations		
	 Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal 		
	involvement		
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12		
	weeks of:		
	 Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola) 		
	AND		
	 One of the following: Entyvio or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab- fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz) 		
	QL ■ Induction		
	o CD/RA/PsA/AS/PP: 400 mg (2 injections) at week 0, 2 and 4		
	Maintenance Maintenance		
	 CD/RA/PsA/AS: 400 mg (2 injections) per 28 days 		
	o PP:		
	90 kg or less: 400 mg (2 injections) per 28 days		
	>90 kg: 400 mg every other week		
	<u>Reauthorization</u>		
	Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy		
Exclusion	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental		
Criteria:	and is not a covered benefit		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/dermatologist/gastroenterologist		
Restrictions:	as appropriate for diagnosis		
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: CFTR MODULATORS

Affected Medications: ORKAMBI (lumacaftor/ivacaftor), KALYDECO (ivacaftor), TRIKAFTA (elexacaftor, tezacaftor and ivacaftor; ivacaftor), SYMDEKO (tezacaftor/ivacaftor tablets)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded		
	by plan design		
	 Cystic fibrosis in patients with mutation(s) in the F508del cystic fibrosis 		
	transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene		
Required Medical	Documentation of cystic fibrosis (CF) diagnosis confirmed by appropriate genetic or		
Information:	diagnostic testing (FDA approved CF mutation test)		
	 Please provide the diagnostic testing report and/or Cystic Fibrosis Foundation 		
	Patient Registry Report		
	• Documentation of mutation(s) in the CFTR gene for which the drug has been FDA-		
	approved to treat		
Appropriate	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success		
Treatment			
Regimen & Other			
Criteria:			
Exclusion Criteria:	<u>Kalydeco</u> : Homozygous F508del mutation		
	Concurrent use with another CFTR modulator		
Age Restriction:	Kalydeco: one month or older		
	Orkambi: 1 year of age and older		
	Trikafta: 2 years of age and older		
	<u>Symdeko</u> : 6 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist or provider who specializes in CF		
Care Restrictions:			
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: CHELATING AGENTS

	LATING AGENTS			
Pre	PA policy applicable to: Preferred drugs: deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet Non -Preferred drugs: Ferriprox (deferiprone), deferiprone, Jadenu (deferasirox)			
1.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2	
2.	Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to one of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications?	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met	
Pre	Chronic Iron Overload Due to Blood Transfusions in Myelodysplastic Syndromes Preferred Drugs – deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet Non -Preferred drugs: Ferriprox (deferiprone), Jadenu (deferasirox)			
1.	Documentation of International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) low or intermediate-1 risk level?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Documentation of a history of more than 20 red blood cell (RBC) transfusions OR that it is anticipated that more than 20 would be required?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met	
3.	Documentation of serum ferritin levels greater than 2500 ng/ml?	Yes – Document and go to # 4	No – Criteria not met	
4.	Is the request for generic formulation of deferasirox (oral or soluble tablet)?	Yes – Go to #6	No- Go to #5	
5.	Is there documented failure to deferasirox and deferoxamine (Desferal)?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met	
6.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist specialist?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met	
7.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	
	Chronic Iron Overload Due to Blood Transfusions in Thalassemia syndromes, Sickle Cell Disease, or other anemias Preferred Drugs – deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet			



No	Non -Preferred drugs: Ferriprox (deferiprone), deferiprone, Jadenu (deferasirox)			
1.	Documentation of pretreatment serum ferritin level within the last 60 days of at least 1000 mcg/L?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Is the request for generic formulation of deferasirox (oral or soluble tablet)?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Go to #3	
3.	Is there documented failure to deferasirox and deferoxamine (Desferal)?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met	
4.	Documentation of platelet counts greater than 50,000 per microliter?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met	
5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist specialist?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met	
6.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	
Indication: Chronic Iron Overload in Non-Transfusion Dependent Thalassemia Syndromes Preferred Drugs – deferasirox soluble tablet, deferasirox tablet, Jadenu (deferasirox tablet)				
1.	Documentation of liver iron (Fe) concentration (LIC) levels consistently greater than or equal to 5 mg Fe per gram of dry weight	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Documentation of serum ferritin levels consistently greater than 300 mcg/L prior to initiation of treatment	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met	
3.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	
Renewal Criteria				
1.	Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy defined as a reduction from baseline liver iron concentration (LIC) or serum ferritin level? (LIC and serum ferritin must still be above 3 mg Fe per gram of dry weight and 500 mcg/L, respectively)	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met	



Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met
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Quantity Limitations

- Exjade (deferasirox soluble tablet) available in 125mg, 250mg, 500mg tablets
 - o 20-40 mg/kg/day
- Jadenu (deferasirox tablet or granules) available in 90mg, 180mg, 360mg tablets
 - 14-28 mg/kg/day
- Ferriprox (deferiprone) 100mg/ml oral solution, 500mg, 1000mg tablets
 - o 75-99 mg/kg/day
 - Can be used in adult and pediatric patients 8 years of age and older (tablets), or 3 years of age and older (solution)



CHOLBAM

Affected Medications: CHOLBAM (cholic acid)

	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of bile acid synthesis disorders due to single enzyme defects (SEDs)
	Adjunctive treatment of peroxisomal disorders, including Zellweger spectrum
	disorders, in patients who exhibit manifestations of liver disease, steatorrhea, or
	complications from decreased fat-soluble vitamin absorption
- · · · · · · · ·	Documentation of all prior therapies, patient weight, and anticipated treatment course
Required Medical Information:	Baseline liver function tests (AST, ALT, GGT, ALP, total bilirubin, INR)
Imormation:	baseline liver function tests (AST, ALT, GGT, ALF, total billi ubill, livk)
	Bile acid synthesis disorder
	Diagnosis confirmed by assessment of serum or urinary bile acid levels using mass
	spectrometry (Fast Atom Bombardment ionization - Mass Spectrometry (FAB-MS)
	analysis)
	analysis;
	Peroxisomal disorders including Zellweger spectrum disorders
	Diagnosis confirmed by clinical features, elevated very long-chain fatty acid (VLCFA)
	levels, peroxisomal biomarkers, genetic testing
	Prothrombin time (vitamin K), serum levels of vitamins A, D, and E.
	Hepatic injury or at risk of liver injury (elevations in liver enzymes or atypical bile acids)
	OR
	• If normal liver function tests, must show manifestations of liver disease, steatorrhea, or
	complications from decreased fat-soluble vitamin absorption
Appropriate	Will not be used for treatment of extrahepatic manifestations (such as neurologic
Treatment	symptoms) of bile acid synthesis disorders
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of clinically significant improvement in liver
	function as determined by meeting TWO of the following criteria:
	Improvement in abnormal liver chemistries (AST, ALT, bilirubin)
	Reduction or stabilization of hepatic inflammation and fibrosis
	Reduced levels of the toxic C27-bile acid intermediates dihydroxycholestanoic acid
	(DHCA) and trihydroxycholestanoic acid (THCA) in plasma and urine
	• Improvement in prothrombin time (as a result of improved vitamin K absorption) and
	serum levels of vitamins A, D, and E
	No evidence of cholestasis on liver biopsy
	Body weight increased or stabilized
	Treatment should be discontinued if liver function does not improve after 3 months of
	start of treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	



Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or metabolic specialist
 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



CHOLESTATIC LIVER DISEASE

Affected Medications: BYLVAY (odevixibat), LIVMARLI (Maralixibat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded	
	by plan design	
	 Pruritus due to progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC) 	
	 Cholestatic pruritus in patients with Alagille syndrome (ALGS) 	
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of experiencing moderate to severe pruritis associated with PFIC or ALGS	
	Documentation of serum bile acid concentration above the upper limit of normal (ULN) reference range for the reporting laboratory	
	 PFIC Documentation of confirmed molecular diagnosis of PFIC type 1 or type 2 	
	 Documentation of absence of ABCB11 gene variant if PFIC type 2 	
	ALGS	
	Documentation of ALGS confirmed by:	
	 Genetic test detecting a JAG1 or NOTCH2 mutation OR 	
	 Liver biopsy and at least three clinical features: 	
	Chronic cholestasis	
	 Cardiac disease 	
	 Ocular or skeletal abnormalities 	
	 Characteristic facial features 	
	 Renal and vascular disease 	
Appropriate	Documentation of current weight and dosing in accordance with FDA labeling	
Treatment		
Regimen & Other	o Rifampin	
Criteria:	o Ursodiol	
	 Cholestyramine (or colesevelam if requesting for ALGS) 	
	Reauthorization:	
	Documented treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior hepatic decompensation events	
	Decompensated cirrhosis (such as ALT or total bilirubin greater than 10-times the ULN)	
	Concomitant liver disease (e.g., biliary atresia, liver cancer, non- PFIC related	
	cholestasis)	
	Prior liver transplant	
l	- The live dansplant	



Age Restriction:	•	Age is in accordance with FDA labeling
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist or a specialist with experience in the treatment of PFIC or ALGS
Coverage Duration:	•	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CLADRIBINE

Affected Medications: MAVENCLAD (cladribine)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design.
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following:
	 Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required	<u>RRMS</u>
Medical	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald
Information:	diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be
	consistent with MS
	<u>CIS</u>
	Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and
	corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions
	that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular,
	cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
	Active SPMS
	Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic
	function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
	 Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory
	activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)
	Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate	No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of
Treatment	MS
Regimen &	Documented treatment failure with (or intolerance to) a minimum 12-week trial of at least
Other Criteria:	two disease-modifying therapies for MS
	the disease mean, mg anerapies for me
	Reauthorization (1 time only) requires provider attestation of treatment success
	Eligible to initiate second treatment cycle 43 weeks after last dose was administered
Exclusion	Current malignancy
Criteria:	Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection
	Active chronic infections (e.g., hepatitis, tuberculosis)
	• Pregnancy



	Treatment beyond 2 years
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: COAGADEX

Affected Medications: COAGADEX (Factor X)

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Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Perioperative management of bleeding in patients with mild, moderate, and severe hereditary Factor X deficiency Routine prophylaxis to reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes On-demand treatment and control of bleeding episodes Documentation of dose based on reasonable projections and current dose utilization and product labeling, diagnosis, baseline factor level, circulating factor activity (% of normal or units/dL) and rationale for use Patient weight Documentation with one of the following diagnostic categories: On-demand treatment and control of bleeding episodes Perioperative management of bleeding in patients with mild, moderate, and severe hereditary Factor X deficiency Routine prophylaxis to reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes Reauthorization (Routine Prophylaxis only) requires documentation of planned treatment dose, number of acute bleeds since last approval with severity, and cause of bleed
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved dosing
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
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COMPOUNDED MEDICATIONS

Affected Medications: ALL COMPOUNDED MEDICATIONS

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	All compounded ingredients must be submitted on the pharmacy claim
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Compounded medications will only be payable after <u>ALL</u> commercially available or formulary products have been exhausted. In the case of a payable claim, only compound ingredients that are covered on the applicable formulary will be reimbursed under this policy. Compounds above a certain dollar threshold will be stopped by the claim adjudication system.
Exclusion Criteria:	 Compounds for experimental or investigational uses will not be covered. Compounds containing non-FDA approved ingredients will not be covered Non-FDA approved compounded medications will not be covered when an FDA approved, commercially available medication is on the market for treatment of requested condition
Age Restriction:	·
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	3 months unless otherwise specified



CONTINUOUS GLUCOSE MONITORS (CGM)

Affected Medications: FREESTYLE LIBRE, DEXCOM

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise	
	excluded by plan design	
	 Type 1 diabetes mellitus 	
	 Type 2 diabetes mellitus requiring rapid, short, or intermediate acting 	
	insulin	
	 Gestational diabetes requiring rapid, short, or intermediate acting insulin 	
Required Medical	For type 1 diabetes, type 2 diabetes, gestational diabetes:	
Information:	Documentation of one of the following:	
	 Currently on an insulin pump 	
	 Baseline HbA1c Level 8.0% or higher 	
	 Frequent or severe hypoglycemia 	
	 Impaired awareness of hypoglycemia 	
	 Diabetes related complications (e.g., peripheral neuropathy, end organ 	
	damage)	
	OR	
	Children and adolescents under 21	
	OR	
	Documentation of type 1 diabetes for women who are pregnant or actively	
	attempting to conceive	
Appropriate	When requested through the PHARMACY benefit:	
Treatment	Coverage for a CGM that is not Freestyle Libre or Dexcom is provided when the	
Regimen & Other	member meets the following criteria:	
Criteria:	 Documentation of current use of an insulin pump that is compatible with a CGM that is not Freestyle Libre or Dexcom 	
	For type 2 diabetes, gestational diabetes:	
	Documentation of current use of rapid, short, or intermediate acting insulin	
	Reauthorization:	
	Type 1 diabetes requires documentation of improved glycemic control	
	Type 2 diabetes requires documentation of improved glycemic control and	
	continued use of rapid, short, or intermediate acting insulin	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber		
Restrictions:		



Coverage Duration:	• Au	uthorization: 2 years, unless otherwise specified



COPPER CHELATING AGENTS

Affected Medications: Penicillamine, Trientine hydrochloride, CUVRIOR (trientine tetrahydrochloride)

Covered Hees:	All Food and Down Administration (FDA) according to the state of the s	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded	
	by plan design	
	Wilson's disease	
	Cystinuria (penicillamine only)	
	 Rheumatoid arthritis (penicillamine only) 	
	Copper measurement in urine (penicillamine only)	
Required Medical Information:	 For penicillamine: Documented treatment plan including routine urinalysis, WBCs, hemoglobin, platelet count, liver function tests, renal function tests due to risk of fatalities due to aplastic anemia, agranulocytosis, thrombocytopenia, myasthenia gravis, and Goodpasture's Syndrome 	
	Wilson's Disease	
	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:	
	 Genetic testing results confirming biallelic pathogenic ATP7B mutations (in 	
	either symptomatic or asymptomatic individuals)	
	Liver biopsy findings consistent with Wilson's disease	
	o Presence of Kayser-Fleischer (KF) rings AND serum ceruloplasmin level less than	
	20 mg/dL AND 24-hour urinary copper excretion greater than 40 mcg	
	 Presence of Kayser-Fleischer (KF) rings AND 24-hour urinary copper excretion 	
	greater than 100 mcg	
	 Absence of KF rings with serum ceruloplasmin level less than 10 mg/dL AND 24- hour urinary copper excretion greater than 100 mcg 	
	Rheumatoid arthritis	
	Documentation of severe, active disease defined by one of the following:	
	 The Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 	
	 The Simplified Disease Activity Index (SDAI) greater than 11 	
	 The Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 	
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3 	
Appropriate	Wilson's Disease	
Treatment	For Cuvrior, must meet both of the following:	
Regimen & Other	 Documented treatment failure with a minimum 6-month trial of penicillamine 	
Criteria:	that was not due to tolerability AND	
	 Documented intolerable adverse event to a maximally tolerated dosage of 	
	generic trientine hydrochloride and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient	



	Rheumatoid arthritis	
	Has failed to respond to an adequate trial of conventional therapies (such as methotrexate, sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide, Hadlima, Adalimumabfkjp, (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Xeljanz, Rinvoq, and Inflectra)	
	Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy	
	o For Wilson's Disease, this is defined as normalization of free serum copper	
	(non-ceruloplasmin bound copper) to less than 15 mcg/dL and 24-hour urinary	
	copper in the range of 200 to 500 mcg	
Exclusion Criteria:	For trientine hydrochloride:	
	 Treatment of rheumatoid arthritis 	
	 Treatment of cystinuria 	
	 Treatment of biliary cirrhosis 	
	Use of penicillamine during pregnancy (except for treatment of Wilson's disease or cystinuria)	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or liver	
Care Restrictions:	transplant physician	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



CORTICOTROPIN INJECTION GEL

Affected Medications: ACTHAR Gel (repository corticotripin injection), PURIFIED CORTROPHIN GEL (repository corticotropin injection)

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Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Diagnostic adrenocortical function
Required Medical Information:	ACTHAR GEL ONLY: Diagnosis of infantile spasms and currently receiving treatment with Acthar gel and has shown substantial clinical benefit from therapy, OR the patient has not received previous treatment with Acthar gel and the patient is less than 2 years of age (If yes, skip directly to exclusion criteria) All other indications:
	Coverage of Acthar Gel requires a documented intolerable adverse event to a trial of Purified Cortrophin Gel and one of the following: • Use for diagnostic testing of adrenocortical function and the patient cannot be tested with
	 Cosyntropin, OR For use in serum sickness and the patient had an inadequate response to parenteral corticosteroids, OR
	For use in rheumatic diseases, used as adjunctive treatment, and the patient had an inadequate response to parenteral corticosteroids, OR
	 The patient has a diagnosis of nephrotic syndrome, the therapy is being requested for induction of diuresis or for remission proteinuria, and the patient had an inadequate response to parenteral corticosteroids, OR
	The therapy is requested for multiple sclerosis (MS) exacerbation and the patient had an inadequate response to parenteral corticosteroids, OR
	 The patient has Collagen diseases (eg, systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), dermatomyositis, or polymyositis), Dermatologic disorders (eg, severe erythema multiforme, Stevens-Johnson syndrome), Ophthalmic disorders, acute or chronic (eg, iritis, keratitis, optic neuritis), or Symptomatic sarcoidosis AND the patient had an inadequate response to parenteral corticosteroids
Appropriate Treatment	 MS exacerbation: Failure to generic oral AND intravenous glucocorticoids SLE: Failure to hydroxychloroquine or chloroquine AND generic glucocorticoids
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Receipt of live or live attenuated vaccines within 6 weeks of corticotropin gel administration
	Suspected congenital infection (infants)



	Scleroderma
	Osteoporosis
	Systemic fungal infections
	Peptic ulcer disease
	Ocular herpes simplex
	Congestive heart failure
	Recent surgery
	Uncontrolled hypertension
	Known hypersensitivity to porcine proteins
	Primary adrenocortical insufficiency or hyperfunction
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Approvals:
Duration:	Infantile Spasms (ACTHAR GEL ONLY), Rheumatic Diseases, Nephrotic Syndrome, Collagen
	Diseases, Dermatologic Diseases, Ophthalmic Disorders, or Symptomatic Sarcoidosis = 6
	months, unless otherwise specified
	Diagnostic Use = 1 dose, (30 days), unless otherwise specified
	Serum Sickness = 1 month, unless otherwise specified
	MS Exacerbation = 3 weeks, unless otherwise specified
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COVID-19 DIAGNOSTIC AT HOME TESTING (PHARMACY BENEFIT)

Affected Medications: COVID-19 DIAGNOSTIC AT HOME TESTING (PHARMACY BENEFIT)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of the type of test requested including: Molecular testing or antigen testing Rapid testing or sample collection Manufacturer of test or kit Documentation of symptoms consistent with COVID-19 or who have confirmed or suspected exposure to COVID-19
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Authorized by the Food and Drug Administration (including emergency use authorization)
Exclusion Criteria:	Tests not approved or cleared by the FDA
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 10 days



POLICY NAME: CRIZANLIZUMAB

Affected Medications: ADAKVEO (crizanlizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design			
	 To reduce the frequency of vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) in adults and pediatric patients aged 16 years and older with sickle cell disease 			
Required Medical	Two or more sickle cell-related crises in the past 12 months			
Information:	Therapeutic failure of 6-month trial on maximum tolerated dose of hydroxyurea or intolerable adverse event to hydroxyurea			
Appropriate	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be			
Treatment	enforced			
Regimen & Other				
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined by a decrease in			
	the number of sickle cell-related crises			
Exclusion Criteria:	Long-term red blood cell transfusion therapy			
	Hemoglobin is less than 4.0 g/dL			
	Chronic anticoagulation therapy (e.g., warfarin, heparin) other than aspirin			
	History of stroke within the past 2 years			
	 Combined use with hemoglobin oxygen affinity modulator (voxelotor) 			
Age Restriction:	16 years of age and older			
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist			
Restrictions:				
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified			
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME: CROVALIMAB

Affected Medications: PIASKY (crovalimab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Davis Administration (FDA) approved indications and otherwise evaluated		
Covered Oses.	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded		
	by plan design		
	 Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) 		
Required Medical	Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing		
Information:	 Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein 		
	deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g.,		
	granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes)		
	Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 2 times the upper		
	limit of normal range		
	One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings:		
	 Presence of a thrombotic event 		
	 Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis 		
	 History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months 		
	Body weight		
Appropriate	Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab-		
Treatment	cwvz (Ultomiris)		
Regimen & Other	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and most recent body weight		
Criteria:			
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in		
	serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and		
	reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline		
Exclusion Criteria:	• Concurrent use with other biologics for PNH (Soliris, Ultomiris, Empaveli, Fabhalta)		
	Current meningitis infection or other unresolved serious infection caused by		
	encapsulated bacteria		
Age Restriction:	13 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist		
Care Restrictions:	,		
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
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POLICY NAME: CYSTEAMINE

Affected Medications: PROCYSBI (cysteamine bitartrate delayed release)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design O Nephropathic cystinosis	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of nephropathic cystinosis confirmed by ONE of the following: Molecular genetic testing showing mutations in the CTNS gene Leukocyte cystine concentration above the laboratory reference ran Presence of cysteine corneal crystals by slit lamp examination 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Cystagon	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: DALFAMPRIDINE

Affected Medications: dalfampridine

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
	plan design			
	 Treatment to improve walking in adult patients with multiple sclerosis (MS) 			
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Multiple Sclerosis (MS) with documented impairment, but able to walk with			
Information:	or without assistance			
	Documentation of baseline Timed 25-foot walk test (T25-FW)			
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success compared to baseline walking			
Treatment	ability as determined by treating provider			
Regimen & Other				
Criteria:				
Exclusion	History of seizures			
Criteria:	Creatinine clearance less than or equal to 50mL/min			
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or after consultation with, a neurologist or an MS specialist			
Restrictions:				
Coverage	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			
Duration:				



POLICY NAME: **DANICOPAN**

Affected Medications: VOYDEYA (danicopan)

Covered Uses:	a All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not atherwise evaluded			
Covereu Osesi	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded			
	by plan design			
	 Treatment of extravascular hemolysis (EVH) in adults with paroxysmal 			
	nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH)			
Required Medical	Patients complete or update vaccination with meningococcal vaccine at least two week			
Information:	prior to initiation of Voydeya the requested therapy and revaccinated according to			
	current Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) guidelines			
Appropriate	Must be used in combination with ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris) or eculizumab (Soliris)			
Treatment	[separate authorization required]			
Regimen & Other	Documentation of clinically significant extravascular hemolysis (EVH) defined as			
Criteria:	persistent anemia (Hgb less than or equal to 9.5 gram/deciliter) with absolute			
	reticulocyte count greater than or equal to 120 x 109/liter despite use of Ultomiris or			
	Soliris for at least 6 months			
Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in s				
	stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in			
	thromboembolic events compared to baseline			
Exclusion Criteria:	Use without Ultomiris or Soliris			
	Concurrent use with biologics for PNH other than Ultomiris and Soliris (such as			
	pegcetacoplan or iptacopan)			
	Current meningitis infection			
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist			
Care Restrictions:				
Coverage	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified			
Duration: • Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified				
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DAPTOMYCIN

Affected Medications: Daptomycin Solution Reconstituted 350 mg Intravenous, Daptomycin Solution Reconstituted 500 mg Intravenous

Covered Uses:	Empiric outpatient intravenous treatment of a suspected gram-positive			
Covered Uses:	bacterial infection			
	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not			
	otherwise excluded by plan design			
	Bacteremia, including right-sided infective endocarditis caused			
	by:			
	 Methicillin-susceptible Staphylococcus aureus (MSSA) 			
	 Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) 			
	Complicated Skin and Skin Structure Infections (cSSSI) caused by			
	susceptible isolates of the following Gram-positive bacteria:			
	MSSA			
	■ MRSA			
	Streptococcus pyogenes			
	Streptococcus agalactiae			
	 Streptococcus agaiactiae Streptococcus dysgalactiae subsp. equisimilis 			
	Enterococcus faecalis			
	Compendia-supported uses including			
	Vancomycin resistant enterococci (VRE) or vancomycin resistant			
	staph aureus (VRSA) infections			
	Bacteremia associated with intravascular line			
	 Osteomyelitis 			
	Septic arthritis			
	 Acute Hematogenous Osteomyelitis (Pediatric only) 			
	 Vertebral osteomyelitis 			
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of confirmed or suspected gram-positive bacterial			
-	infection			
	Documentation of treatment history and current treatment regimen			
	Documentation of therapy intention (empiric, pathogen directed)			
	Documentation of culture and sensitivity data or plan to adjust from			
	empiric to definitive therapy once culture results are available			
	Documentation of planned treatment duration as applicable			
	Documentation of planned dosing, current weight, and patient renal			
	function			
	Avoidance of vancomycin due to nephrotoxicity will require			
	documentation of multiple (at least 2 consecutive) increased serum			
	creatinine concentrations (increase of 0.5 mg/dL (44 mcmol/L) or at			
	least 50 percent increase from baseline, whichever is greater), without			
	an alternative explanation			



Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

• Empiric outpatient intravenous treatment of a suspected gram-positive bacterial infection for up to 7 days

Bacteremia, including right-sided infective endocarditis

- Documentation of MRSA or VRE infection
- Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to linezolid and vancomycin or contraindication or rationale for avoidance to therapy with each
- Adult dosing:
 - o 6 to 12 mg/kg once daily
 - CrCl less than 30 mL/min: adjust dose frequency to once every 48 hours
- Pediatric dosing:
 - o 1 to 6 years of age: 12mg/kg once daily
 - o 7 to 11 years of age: 9mg/kg once daily
 - o 12 to 17 years of age: 7mg/kg once daily
- Duration of therapy: 2 to 6 weeks

Bacteremia associated with intravascular line

- Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to linezolid and vancomycin or contraindication or rationale for avoidance to therapy with each.
- Adult dosing
 - For infections caused by MRSA: 6 to 8mg/kg once daily
 - For infections caused by
 - methicillin-resistant, coagulase-negative staphylococci:
 6mg/kg once daily
 - ampicillin-resistant, vancomycin-susceptible
 Enterococcus faecalis/faecium: 6mg/kg once daily
 - ampicillin-resistant, vancomycin-resistant Enterococcus faecalis/faecium: 6mg/kg once daily
 - CrCl less than 30 mL/min: adjust dose frequency to once every 48 hours

cSSSI

- Documentation of MSSA or MRSA infection
- Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to betalactams (e.g., cefazolin), clindamycin, doxycycline, linezolid, sulfamethoxazole/trimethoprim, and vancomycin, or contraindication or rationale for avoidance to therapy with each
- Adult dosing:
 - 4mg/kg once daily for 7 to 14 days



0	CrCl less than 30 mL/min: adjust dose frequency to once every
	48 hours
diatr	ic dosing.

Pediatric dosing:

o 1 to less than 2 years of age: 10mg/kg once daily

o 2 to 6 years of age: 9mg/kg once daily

o 7 to 11 years of age: 7mg/kg once daily

o 12 to 17 years of age: 5mg/kg once daily

Duration of therapy: 7 to 14 days

Osteomyelitis and Septic arthritis

Documentation of MRSA and VRE infection

 Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to vancomycin and linezolid or contraindication or rationale for avoidance to therapy with each

• Adult dosing: 6 to 10 mg/kg

 CrCl less than 30 mL/min: adjust dose frequency to once every 48 hours

Pediatric dosing: 6 to 10mg/kg once daily

Duration of therapy

Osteomyelitis: 8 weeks

Septic arthritis: 3 to 4 weeks

Acute Hematogenous Osteomyelitis (Pediatric only)

Documentation of MRSA infection

 Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to clindamycin and vancomycin or contraindication or rationale for avoidance to therapy with each

Pediatric dosing:

1 to 6 years of age: 12mg/kg once daily

o 7 to 11 years of age: 9mg/kg once daily

12 to 17 years of age: 7mg/kg once daily

Duration of therapy: 3 to 6 weeks

Vertebral osteomyelitis

Documentation of MRSA or VRE infection

 Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to vancomycin and linezolid or contraindication or rationale for avoidance to therapy with each

Adult dosing: 6 to 8 mg/kg once daily

 CrCl less than 30 mL/min: adjust dose frequency to once every 48 hours

• Duration: 6 weeks

Exclusion Criteria:

Treatment of pneumonia



	 Treatment of left-sided infective endocarditis or prosthetic valve endocarditis due to Staphylococcus aureus Treatment of VRE colonization of urine or respiratory tract Empiric therapy for patients discharged from a higher level of care on vancomycin 		
Age Restriction:	At least 1 year of age		
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist		
Coverage Duration:	 Empiric treatment of an infection caused by an undefined pathogen on an outpatient basis, approval: 7 days Other, approval: 1 month 		



POLICY NAME: DASATINIB

Affected Medications: SPRYCEL (dasatinib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed treatment regimen Documentation of Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1-positive mutation status 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	For patients with Chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) and low risk score, documented clinical failure with Imatinib Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response)	
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater	
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial authorization: 4 months (2 week initial partial fill), unless otherwise sp Reauthorization:12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: DEFIBROTIDE

Affected Medications: DEFITELIO (defibrotide sodium)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult and pediatric patients with hepatic veno-occlusive disease (VOD), also known as sinusoidal obstruction syndrome (SOS), with renal or pulmonary dysfunction following hematopoietic stem-cell transplantation (HSCT) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of, or high suspicion for, classical or late-onset hepatic VOD Weight prior to HSCT, dose, and frequency 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Requested dose within the FDA-approved label	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:		



DELANDISTROGENE MOXEPARVOVEC-ROKL

Affected Medications: ELEVIDYS (delandistrogene moxeparvovec-rokl)

Covered Uses:	Some Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise		
	excluded by plan design		
	 Treatment of ambulatory pediatric patients ages 4 and up with Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) 		
Required Medical • Confirmed mutation of DMD gene between exons 18-58			
Information:	Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane		
	North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) scale total score of 17 or more		
	Receiving physical and/or occupational therapy		
	 Baseline anti-AAVrh74 total binding antibody titer of less than 1:400 as measured by ELISA 		
	Current weight		
Appropriate	Documentation of being on a stable dose of an oral corticosteroid such as prednisone		
Treatment	for at least 12-weeks, and will continue prior to and following Elevidys infusion,		
Regimen & Other	according to FDA approved labeling		
• Does not exceed FDA approved dosing based on weight and maximum of 70 vi			
 Number of vials needed = patient body weight (kg) rounded to nearest number 			
Exclusion Criteria:	Exon 8 and/or exon 9 deletion in DMD gene		
	 Concomitant therapy or within the past 6 months with DMD-directed antisense oligonucleotides such as golodirsen, casimersen, viltolarsen, eteplirsen 		
	Current active infection		
	Previous Elevidys treatment in their lifetime		
	Acute liver disease or impaired liver function		
	Treatment in non-ambulatory patients – at this time, this indication is not considered		
	medically necessary due to insufficient available evidence of therapeutic value		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist		
Care Restrictions:			
Coverage Duration:	thorization: 1 month (one-time dose, no reauthorization)		



POLICY NAME: DIABETIC TEST STRIPS

Affected Medications: DIABETIC TEST STRIPS (all brands)

Covered Hess.	All Food and Drug Administra	tion (FDA) approved indications po	nt otherwise	
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design 			
	Diabetes Mellitus (DM)			
Doguirod Madical	Documentation of complete & current treatment course			
Required Medical Information:	2 Documentation of complete & current deathlent course			
Appropriate Treatment	• If a patient requires a new meter, please call PacificSource pharmacy help desk at			
Regimen & Other	541-330-4999			
Criteria:	Preferred products must be prescribed:			
	,	o Freestyle Lite		
	Freestyle Precision No.	20		
	o Freestyle InsuLinx	Freestyle InsuLinx		
		in the second of		
	to the following quantity limit	s below		
	Standard Quantity Limits:			
		Standard Quantity Limit		
	Insulin dependent DM	100 test strips per 25 days		
	Non-insulin dependent DM	(4x/day)		
	Quantity Limit exceptions:			
	Exception	Quantity Limit	7	
	Gestational DM	Quartery Enrice	1	
	Insulin administration of 4	150 test strips per 25 days		
	times daily or greater	(6x/day)		
	New onset Adult DM	(exp day)		
	Uncontrolled DM (HbA1c			
	greater than 10%)			
	,	1	_	
	Exception	Quantity Limit		
	Insulin Pump Start	250 test strips per 25 days		
	New onset Pediatric DM	(10x/day)		
Exclusion Criteria:	Patients actively utilizing cont	inuous glucose monitors (CGM) w	ill not be approved	
	for greater than 4 times daily testing (#100/25 days)			
Age Restriction:				
	1			



Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months



POLICY NAME: DINUTUXIMAB

Affected Medications: UNITUXIN (dinutuximab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	from by plan design
	 National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and prescribed dosing regimen
Appropriate Treatment	 Documentation of high-risk neuroblastoma diagnosis as defined per the International Neuroblastoma Response Criteria (INRC): An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or serum) catecholamines or their metabolites] OR Evidence of metastases to bone marrow on an aspirate or trephine biopsy with concomitant elevation of urinary or serum catecholamines or their metabolites Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including: Stage 2/3/4/4S disease with amplified MYCN gene (any age) Stage 4 disease in patients greater than 18 months of age Disease is evaluable in the bone and/or bone marrow, as documented by histology and/or appropriate imaging [e.g., metaiodobenzylguanidine (MIBG) scan or PET scan if MIBG is negative] Documented history of previous treatment with at least a partial response to prior first-line multi-agent, multimodality therapy Maximum duration: 5 cycles Must be used in combination with granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor
Regimen & Other Criteria:	[GM-CSF; sargramostim], interleukin-2 [IL-2; aldesleukin], and 13-cis-retinoic acid [RA; isotretinoin]) Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	Under 18 years of age
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 5 months, unless otherwise specified



DOJOLVI

Affected Medications: DOJOLVI (triheptanoin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design.
	 A source of calories and fatty acids for the treatment of pediatric and adult
	patients with molecularly confirmed long-chain fatty acid oxidation disorders.
Required Medical	Diagnosis of long chain fatty acid oxidation disorder (LC-FAOD) confirmed by
Information:	molecular genetic testing or enzyme assay
	Documentation of total prescribed daily caloric intake
	 Documentation of severe disease despite dietary management as evidenced by one of the following:
	Hypoglycemia after short periods of fasting
	 Evidence of functional cardiomyopathy with poor ejection fraction requiring ongoing management
	 Frequent severe major medical episodes requiring emergency room visits,
	acute care, or hospitalization (3 within the past year or 5 within the past 2 years)
	Elevated creatinine kinase (chronic or episodic)
Appropriate	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to an over the counter (OTC)
Treatment	medium-chain triglyceride (MCT) product
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dose not to exceed 35% of daily caloric intake
Criteria.	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically
	significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of another medium chain triglyceride product
	Medium chain acyl-dehydrogenase deficiency
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or provider experienced in
Restrictions:	the management of metabolic disorders
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
_	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	I



POLICY NAME: **DONANEMAB-AZBT**

Affected Medications: KISUNLA (donanemab-azbt)

	<u> </u>	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FE	DA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design	
	 Alzheimer's disease 	
Required Medical	Documentation of mild cognitive imp	pairment due to Alzheimer's disease or mild
Information:	Alzheimer's dementia as evidenced b	by ALL of the following:
	 Clinical Dementia Rating (CD 	•
	 Evidence of cognitive impair 	ment at baseline using validated objective scales
	 Mini-Mental Status Exam (M 	MSE) score between 20 and 28
	 Positron Emission Tomograp 	hy (PET) scan positive for amyloid beta plaque
	Documentation of baseline brain ma	gnetic resonance (MRI) within the last year with no
	superficial siderosis or brain hemorrh	nage
	 Provider attestation that monitoring 	for ARIA will be conducted with MRI prior to
	initiation and prior to the 2 nd , 3 rd , 4 th ,	and 7 th infusion
Appropriate	Current weight	
Treatment		
Regimen & Other	Dosing	
Criteria:	Availability: 350 mg/20 mL single-dos	se vial
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial siz	e within 10% of the prescribed dose will be
	enforced	
	Dosing and monitoring schedule:	
	Intravenous infusion (every 4 weeks)	Dose
	Infusions 1, 2, and 3	700 mg
	Infusion 4 and beyond	1400 mg
	Reauthorization (76 weeks total allowed	1)
	, -	nt amyloid reduction compared to baseline
	confirmed by post-infusion PET scan	
	•	nce MRI showing absence of clinically significant
	microhemorrhage and superficial sid	
	Documentation of one of the following	•
	Cognitive or functional impro	ovement
	Disease stabilization	
		compared to natural disease progression
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior stroke or brain hemorrhage	
	Current treatment with immunoglob	
	Evidence of moderate to severe Alzh	



	Non-Alzheimer's dementia
Age Restriction:	59 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified (76 weeks total approval)



POLICY NAME: **DONISLECEL**

Affected Medications: LANTIDRA (donislecel solution)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded	
 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design 	
Diagnosis of type 1 diabetes for 5 or more years	
,	
Documentation of inability to achieve target HbA1c despite adherence to intensive	
insulin management with all the following:	
 Multiple daily injections of prandial and basal insulin or on an insulin pump 	
 Performing at least four blood glucose tests per day or using a continuous 	
glucose monitor	
Documentation of 2 or more episodes of severe hypoglycemia (blood glucose level less	
than 50 mg/dL) in the past three years requiring assistance of another person with	
either an oral carbohydrate, intravenous glucose, or glucagon administration	
Documentation of hypoglycemia unawareness, defined by the absence of adequate	
autonomic symptoms during an episode of severe hypoglycemia	
Reauthorization requires documentation of not achieving exogenous insulin independence	
within one year of infusion or within one year of losing independence from exogenous	
insulin (maximum of three infusions per lifetime)	
Pregnancy	
Malignancy	
Active infection	
Previous kidney or pancreas transplant	
Prior portal vein thrombosis	
18 years of age and older	
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist	
Authorization: 3 months (single treatment), unless specified otherwise	



POLICY NAME: DORNASE ALFA

Affected Medications: PULMOZYME (dornase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	 The diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis (CF) has been confirmed by appropriate diagnostic or genetic testing Additional testing should include evaluation of overall clinical lung status and respiratory function (e.g., pulmonary function tests, lung imaging, etc.)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Pulmozyme will be used in conjunction with standard therapies for cystic fibrosis Reauthorization will require documentation of a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	1 month or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 24 months, unless otherwise specified.



DUOPA

Affected Medications: DUOPA (carbidopa/levodopa enteral suspension)

	,	
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design 	
	 Treatment of motor fluctuations in patients with advanced Parkinson's disease (PD) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of all the following: Diagnosis of advanced PD Clear response to levodopa treatment with evidence of "On" periods Persistent motor fluctuations with "Off" time occurring 3 hours or more per day while awake despite an optimized PD treatment regimen Has undergone or has planned placement of a nasojejunal (NJ) tube for temporary administration of Duopa OR gastrostomy-jejunostomy (PEG-J) tube 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	for long-term administration of Duopa Documented treatment failure with both of the following: Oral levodopa/carbidopa Two additional agents from different anti-PD drug classes: Monoamine oxidase-B (MAO-B) inhibitors (ex: selegiline, rasagiline) Dopamine agonists (ex: amantadine, pramipexole, ropinirole) Catechol-O-methyltransferase (COMT) inhibitors (ex: entacapone) Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Atypical Parkinson's syndrome ("Parkinson's Plus" syndrome) or secondary Parkinson's Non-levodopa responsive PD Contraindication to percutaneous endoscopic gastro-jejunal (PEG-J) tube placement or long-term use of a PEG-J Concomitant use with nonselective MAO inhibitors or have recently (within 2 weeks) taken a nonselective MAO inhibitor 	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist	
Coverage Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: DUPILUMAB

Affected Medications: DUPIXENT (dupilumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	Add-on maintenance treatment of patients aged 6 years and older with
	moderate-to-severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype or oral
	corticosteroid dependent asthma
	·
	 Treatment of patients aged 6 months and older with moderate-to-severe atopic dermatitis (AD)
	 Treatment of patients aged 1 year and older, weighing at least 15 kg, with
	eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE)
	 Add-on maintenance treatment in adult patients with inadequately controlled
	chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis (CRSwNP)
	 Treatment of adult patients with prurigo nodularis (PN)
Required Medical	Eosinophilic asthma
Information:	Diagnosis of moderate-to-severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by
	both of the following:
	 Baseline eosinophil count of at least 150 cells/μL AND
	 FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from norma
	<u>AD</u>
	Diagnosis of severe atopic dermatitis with functional impairment, defined by one of the
	following:
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater
	 Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
	 Severe disease on other validated tools
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial
	involvement preventing normal social interaction
	AND one of the following:
	 Body surface area (BSA) involvement of at least 10%
	 Hand, foot, face, or mucous membrane involvement
	<u>EoE</u>
	• Diagnosis confirmed by endoscopic biopsy with greater than or equal to 15 eosinophils
	per high power field (HPF)
	Documented history of two or more dysphagia episodes per week despite current
	treatment



CRSwNP

- Documentation of both the following:
 - Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total ethmoidectomy
 - Indicated for revision sinus endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction)

<u>PN</u>

- Documentation of all the following:
 - Diagnosis confirmed by skin biopsy
 - Presence of at least 20 PN lesions for at least 3 months
 - Severe itching

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Eosinophilic asthma

- Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms AND
- Documentation of one of the following:
 - Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaler treatment and at least 80% adherence
 - Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required

<u> AD</u>

- Documented treatment failure with at least 4 weeks of a topical non-steroidal agent (e.g., tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream) OR
- Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of one of the following: phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate

EoE

- Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of <u>ONE</u> of the following:
 - High dose (twice daily dosing) proton pump inhibitor (PPI)
 - Swallowed corticosteroid (such as fluticasone or budesonide)

CRSwNP

Documented treatment failure with Sinuva implant

PΝ

Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of one of the following:



	phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporine
	Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response
	to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Fasenra, Nucala, Xolair,
	Tezspire, Cinqair)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	• Eosinophilic asthma: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist,
Care Restrictions:	or pulmonologist
	<u>AD</u> : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist
	EoE: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or
	gastroenterologist
	<u>CRSwNP</u> : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist
	PN: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or dermatologist
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ECULIZUMAB

Affected Medications: SOLIRIS (eculizumab)

Cov	erec	l Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 - o Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) to reduce hemolysis
 - Atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS) to inhibit complement-mediated thrombotic microangiopathy
 - Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AchR) antibody positive
 - Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adult patients who are antiaquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive

Required Medical Information:

PNH

- Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing
 - Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g., granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes)
- Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper limit of normal range
- One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings:
 - o Presence of a thrombotic event
 - o Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis
 - o History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months

<u>aHUS</u>

- Clinical presentation of microangiopathic hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, and acute kidney injury
- Patient shows signs of thrombotic microangiopathy (TMA) (e.g., changes in mental status, seizures, angina, dyspnea, thrombosis, increasing blood pressure, decreased platelet count, increased serum creatinine, increased LDH, etc.)
- ADAMTS13 activity level greater than or equal to 10%
- Shiga toxin E. coli related hemolytic uremic syndrome (ST-HUS) has been ruled out
- History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months

<u>gMG</u>

- Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by:
 - o A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test OR
 - o A positive edrophonium chloride test OR
 - o Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor
- Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV



- Positive serologic test for AChR antibodies
- Documentation of **ONE** of the following:
 - o MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater
 - o Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater

NMOSD

- Diagnosis of seropositive aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD confirmed by all the following:
 - Documentation of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-based assay
 - Exclusion of alternative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis)
 - o At least **one** core clinical characteristic:
 - Acute optic neuritis
 - Acute myelitis
 - Acute area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained hiccups or nausea/vomiting)
 - Acute brainstem syndrome
 - Symptomatic narcolepsy **OR** acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with NMOSD-typical diencephalic lesion on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) [see table below]
 - Acute cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see table below]

Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings		
Diencephalic syndrome		•	Periependymal lesion
		•	Hypothalamic/thalamic
			lesion
Acute cerebral		•	Extensive
syndrome			periependymal lesion
		•	Long, diffuse,
			heterogenous, or
			edematous corpus
			callosum lesion
		•	Long corticospinal tract
			lesion
		•	Large, confluent
			subcortical or deep
			white matter lesion



Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

PNH

 Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)

<u>aHUS</u>

- Failure to respond to plasma therapy within 10 days
 - o Trial of plasma therapy not required if one of the following is present:
 - Life-threatening complications of HUS such as seizures, coma, or heart failure
 - Confirmed presence of a high-risk complement genetic variant (e.g., CFH or CFI)
- Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)

gMG

- Documentation of one of the following:
 - Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate)
 - Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months
- Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to each of the following:
 - Efgartigimod-alfa (Vyvgart)
 - Ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)

NMOSD

- Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ALL of the following:
 - o Rituximab (preferred products: Riabni, Ruxience, Truxima)
 - Satralizumab-mwge (Enspryng)
 - o Inebilizumab-cdon (Uplizna)
 - Ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)

Reauthorization requires:

- gMG: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in MG-ADL and QMG scores from baseline
- NMOSD: documentation of treatment success defined as the stabilization or improvement in neurological symptoms as evidenced by a decrease in acute relapses, Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score, hospitalizations, or plasma exchange treatments
- PNH: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline



 aHUS: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved serum creatinine, increased platelet count, and decreased plasma exchange/infusion requirement compared to baseline
Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication, unless
indicated by the FDA for combination use with Soliris
Current meningitis infection
PNH, gMG, and NMOSD: 18 years of age or older
aHUS: 2 months of age or older
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist:
o PNH: hematologist
 aHUS: hematologist or nephrologist
o gMG: neurologist
 NMOSD: neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist
Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EDARAVONE

Affected Medication: RADICAVA (edaravone), RADICAVA ORS (edaravone)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of "definite" or "probable" ALS diagnosis based on revised El Escorial (Airlie House) or Awaji criteria Disease duration of 2 years or less Normal respiratory function (defined as percent-predicted forced vital capacity values [% FVC] of at least 80%) Patient currently retains most activities of daily living (ADLs) defined as at least 2 points on all 12 items of the ALS functional rating scale-revised (ALSFRS-R) 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For Radicava ORS requests: Documented intolerable adverse event to Radicava (given intravenously) and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient Reauthorization requires both of the following: Documentation of treatment success, as determined by prescriber (e.g., retention of most ADLs) Patient is not dependent on invasive mechanical ventilation (e.g., intubation, tracheostomy) 	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider with experience in treating ALS	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: **EFLORNITHINE**

Affected Medications: IWILFIN (eflornithine)

Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Age Restriction:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Criteria:	
Regimen & Other	, reals of decament
Treatment	years of treatment
Appropriate	Reauthorization: Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy up to a total of 2
	 Documentation of a partial response to prior systemic agents and completed maintenance immunotherapy with an anti-GD2 antibody (Dinutuximab, Naxitamab)
	positron emission topography (PET) scan (if MIBG is negative).
	 Bone imaging (preferably with a metaiodobenzylguanidine [MIBG] scan and
	primary site and nodal sites of metastatic disease
	 Computed tomography (CT) or magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) scan of the
	 Staging studies documented by histology and/or appropriate imaging as follows:
	 Stage 4 disease in patients greater than 12 months of age
	unfavorable histology (UH)
	of age with International Neuroblastoma Pathology Classification (INPC) as
	 Stage 2/3/4/4S disease with amplified MYCN gene (any age) Stage 3 disease with MYCN gene NOT amplified in patients at least 18 months
	 Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including: Stage 2/3/4/4S disease with amplified MYCN gene (any age)
	concomitant elevation of urinary or serum catecholamines or their metabolites
	Evidence of metastases to bone marrow on an aspirate or trephine biopsy with
	serum) catecholamines or their metabolites] OR
	or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or
	o An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with
	Criteria (INRC):
	Diagnosis of neuroblastoma as defined per the International Neuroblastoma Response
Information:	anticipated treatment course
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
	or higher
	 maintenance immunotherapy with an anti-GD2 antibody NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A
	least a partial response to prior systemic agents and have completed
	 Maintenance therapy in patients with high-risk neuroblastoma who achieve at
	by plan design



Coverage	•	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	•	Reauthorization: One time reauthorization of 20 months to complete 2 years of
		treatment, unless otherwise specified



ELAGOLIX

Affected Medications: Orilissa (elagolix), Oriahnn (elagolix/estradiol/norethindrone acetate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	Moderate to severe endometriosis-associated pain (Orilissa)
Deguired Medical	Heavy menstrual bleeding associated with uterine leiomyomas (Oriahnn) Pain due to an demotricial.
Required Medical Information:	Pain due to endometriosis
Information:	Documentation of both the following:
	 Diagnosis of moderate to severe pain associated with endometriosis
	 Attestation that patient is premenopausal
	Heavy menstrual bleeding due to uterine leiomyomas
	Documentation of both the following:
	 Diagnosis of heavy menstrual bleeding associated with uterine leiomyomas
	 Attestation that patient is premenopausal
Appropriate	Pain due to endometriosis
Treatment	Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3
Regimen & Other	months of both of the following first-line therapies:
Criteria:	 Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
	 Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives
	S continuous (no placeso pins) normana contraceptives
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	History of osteoporosis
	Pregnancy
	Severe (Child-Pugh Class C) hepatic impairment (Orilissa)
A D. strictions	Mild, moderate, and severe (Child-Pugh Class A, B, and C) hepatic impairment (Oriahnn)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in obstetrics/gynecology or
Care Restrictions:	reproductive endocrinology
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 18 months (Orilissa 150 mg once daily* and Oriahnn only), unless
	otherwise specified
	*Maximum treatment duration for Orilissa 150 mg once daily in patients with moderate
	hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh Class B) and Orilissa 200 mg twice daily is 6 months.
	Reauthorization not allowed.



ELIVALDOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: Skysona (elivaldogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded	
	by plan design	
	Early, active cerebral adrenoleukodystrophy (CALD) in male patients	
Required Medical		
Information:	Confirmed diagnosis of CALD with all of the following:	
Illioillation.	 Confirmed ABCD1 gene mutation 	
	 Elevated very-long-chain fatty acid (VLCFA) values for ALL of the following: 	
	Concentration of C26:0	
	Ratio of C24:0 to C22:0	
	Ratio of C26:0 to C22:0	
	 Neurologic function score (NFS) less than or equal to 1 (asymptomatic or 	
	mildly symptomatic disease)	
	 Active central nervous system disease established by central radiographic 	
	review of brain magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) demonstrating both of the	
	following:	
	 Gadolinium enhancement on MRI of demyelinating lesions 	
	 Loes scores between 0.5 and 9 on the 34-point scale 	
Appropriate	Coverage of Skysona is provided if the patient does not have access to a	
Treatment	hematopoietic stem cell transplant with a matched sibling donor	
Regimen & Other		
Criteria:	Approved for one-time single infusion only	
Exclusion Criteria:	Female gender	
	Previously received an allogeneic transplant or gene therapy	
Age Restriction:	4 to 17 years of age	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist, endocrinologist, or	
Restrictions:	hematologist/oncologist	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified (one infusion only)	



ELTROMBOPAG DERIVATIVES

Affected Medications: PROMACTA (eltrombopag olamine), PROMACTA PACKET, ALVAIZ (eltrombopag choline)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of thrombocytopenia in patients with persistent or chronic immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) Treatment of thrombocytopenia in patients with hepatitis C infection Treatment of severe aplastic anemia
Required Medical	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP
Information:	 Documentation of ONE of the following: Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure) Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C Documentation of plan to initiate interferon-based therapy Documentation of platelet count less than 75,000/microliter Severe aplastic anemia Diagnosis confirmed by bone marrow biopsy Documentation of at least two of the following: Absolute reticulocyte count (ARC) less than 60,000/microliter Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter Absolute neutrophil count (ANC) less than 500/microliter
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Promacta packet formulation requires documented medical inability to use oral tablet formulation Thrombocytopenia in patients with persistent or chronic ITP Documentation of one of the following: Failure (defined as platelets did not increase to at least 50,000/microliter) with at least 2 therapies for immune thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids or immunoglobulin Splenectomy Reauthorization: Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter (not to exceed)
	400, 000/microliter) OR



	• The platelet counts have not increased to a platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter and the patient has NOT been on the maximum dose for at least 4 weeks
	·
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C
	Reauthorization:
	 Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 90,000/microliter (not to exceed 400,000/microliter) and eltrombopag used in combination with antiviral therapy
	Severe aplastic anemia
	 Documentation of refractory severe aplastic anemia as indicated by insufficient response to at least one prior immunosuppressive therapy OR
	 For those less than 40 years old without a rapidly available matched related donor (MRD) or 40 years old or older:
	 Documentation that eltrombopag is being used as first line treatment in combination with standard immunosuppressive therapy (Atgam and cyclosporine)
	Reauthorization (refractory severe aplastic anemia only): Requires hematologic response to treatment defined as meeting ONE or more of the following criteria:
	 Platelet count increases to 20,000/microliter above baseline, or stable platelet counts with transfusion independence for a minimum of 8 weeks
	 Hemoglobin increases by greater than 1.5 g/dL, or a reduction in greater than or equal to 4 units red blood cell (RBC) transfusions for 8 consecutive weeks
	ANC increase of 100% or an ANC increase greater than 500/microliter
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase inhibitor, or similar treatments (Nplate, Tavalisse, Doptelet)
Age Restriction:	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP
	1 year of age and older (Promacta)
	6 years of age and older (Alvaiz)
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C and patients with severe aplastic anemia
	18 years of age and older (Promacta and Alvaiz)
	Severe Aplastic Anemia (initial therapy)
	2 years of age and older
	18 years of age and older (Alvaiz)
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterology/liver specialist



Coverage Duration:

Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP

- Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
- Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified

Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C

- Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
- Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified

Severe aplastic anemia

- Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
- Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified

Severe aplastic anemia in combination with cyclosporine and Atgam

Approval: 6 months, no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EMICIZUMAB

Affected Medications: HEMLIBRA (Emicizumab-kxwh)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of hemophilia A with or without inhibitors
Information:	Prescribed for routine prophylaxis to prevent or reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes
Appropriate	Baseline factor level less than 1% AND prophylaxis required OR
Treatment	Baseline factor level 1% to 3% AND a documented history of at least two episodes of
Regimen & Other	spontaneous bleeding into joints
Criteria:	Prophylactic agents must be discontinued
	o Factor VIII Inhibitors: after the first week of HEMBLIRA
	 Bypassing Agents: one day before starting HEMBLIRA
	Loading Dose:
	3 mg/kg once every week for 4 weeks
	Maximum 1,380 mg per 28 day supply
	Maintenance dose:
	1.5 mg/kg once every week or
	3 mg/kg once every 2 weeks or
	6 mg/kg once every 4 weeks
	 Any increases in dose must be supported by an acceptable clinical rationale (i.e. weight gain, increase in breakthrough bleeding when patient is fully adherent to therapy, etc.)
	Product Availability:
	 Single-dose vials for injection: 30 mg/mL, 60 mg/0.4 mL, 105 mg/0.7 mL, 150 mg/mL Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in
	spontaneous bleeds requiring treatment, as well as documentation of bleed history since
	last approval
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist



Coverage Duration: • Approval duration: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EMAPALUMAB

Affected Medications: GAMIFANT (emapalumab-lzsg)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise such and he
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by also design
	plan design
	Treatment of adult and pediatric (newborn and older) patients with primary
	hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) with refractory, recurrent or
	progressive disease or intolerance with conventional HLH therapy.
Required Medical	Diagnosis confirmed by presence of a genetic mutation known to cause primary HLH
Information:	(e.g., PRF1, UNC13D, STX11, STXBP2) OR documentation showing at least 5 of the following are present:
	 Prolonged fever (lasting over 7 days)
	Splenomegaly
	 Two of the following cytopenias in the peripheral blood:
	Hemoglobin less than 9 g/dL or
	Platelet count less than 100,000/mcL or
	Neutrophils less than 100 mcL
	One of the following:
	 Hypertriglyceridemia defined as fasting triglycerides 3 mmol/L or higher OR 265 mg/dL or higher
	 Hypofibrinogenemia defined as fibrinogen 1.5 g/L or lower
	 Hemophagocytosis in bone marrow, spleen, or lymph nodes (with no evidence of
	malignancy)
	 Low or absent natural killer cell activity (according to local laboratory reference)
	 Ferritin 500 mg/L or higher
	 Soluble CD25 (i.e., soluble IL-2 receptor) 2,400 U/ml or higher
	Documentation confirming status as a hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT)
	candidate
Appropriate	Documentation of refractory, recurrent, or progressive disease (or intolerable adverse
Treatment	event) on conventional HLH therapy (e.g., dexamethasone, etoposide, methotrexate,
Regimen & Other	hydrocortisone)
Criteria:	 Must be used in combination with dexamethasone (if established on the following,
	patient may instead continue: oral cyclosporine A; intrathecal methotrexate and/or
	glucocorticoids)
	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	bose rounding to the hearest viai size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be emorted



	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy AND patient has not received HSCT
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, oncologist, transplant specialist, or provider with experience in the management of HLH
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified



ENDOTHELIN RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

Affected Medications: BOSENTAN (bosentan), AMBRISENTAN (ambrisentan), Tracleer suspension

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO)
	Group 1
Required Medical	Documentation of Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization
Information:	(WHO) Group 1 confirmed by right heart catheterization meeting the following criterias:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg AND
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms
	Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to
	calcium channel blocker) unless there are contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90)
	o Low cardiac index OR
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate	Documentation that the drug will be used in combination with a phosphodiesterase-5
Treatment	(PDE-5) inhibitor
Regimen & Other	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to oral calcium channel blocking
Criteria:	agents if postitive Acute Vasoreactivity Test
	Requests for Tracleer oral suspension must have documented inability to swallow
	tablets
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of
	the following:
	Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in pulmonary function
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



ENTERAL NUTRITION/ORAL NUTRITION SUPPLEMENTS

Affected Medications: ENTERAL NUTRITION

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Enteral nutrition may be approved when one of the following is met: Documentation of chronic and permanent illness/trauma resulting in inability to be maintained through oral feeding and must rely on enteral/parenteral nutrition therapy. (i.e., permanent enteral/parenteral prosthetic device is required) Documentation of functioning GI tract who, due to pathology to, or non-function of, the structures that normally permit food to reach the digestive tract (oral feeding), cannot maintain weight and strength commensurate with his/her general condition. (ex. head/neck cancer with reconstructive surgery and CNS disease leading to interference with the neuromuscular mechanism)
	 Documentation of use for training in the ketogenic diet for children with epilepsy in cases where the child has failed or not tolerated conventional therapy Enteral access device (tube) is required to provide sufficient nutrients to maintain weight and strength otherwise not possible by dietary adjustments and/or oral supplements
	Oral nutritional supplements may be approved when the following criteria has been met:
	 For those 21 years of age and older: An assessment performed by a registered dietitian (RD) or treating practitioner, at onset and annually thereafter, documenting the client is unable to meet their recommended caloric/protein or micronutrient needs through regular, liquified, blenderized, or pureed foods in any modified texture or form Documentation showing the prescribed oral nutritional formula and/or nutritional supplements are an integral part of treatment for a nutritional deficiency as identified by one of the following conditions:
	 Increased metabolic need resulting from severe trauma Malabsorption difficulties (e.g., short-gut syndrome, fistula, cystic fibrosis, renal dialysis) Inborn errors of metabolism (e.g., fructose intolerance, galactosemia, maple syrup urine disease [MSUD], or phenylketonuria [PKU])
	 Ongoing cancer treatment, advanced Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS), or pulmonary insufficiency



	 Oral aversion or other psychological condition making it difficult for a client to
	consume their recommended caloric/protein or micronutrient needs through
	regular, liquified, blenderized, or pureed foods in any modified texture or form
	For those under 21 years of age:
	• An assessment performed by a registered dietitian (RD) or treating practitioner, at onset
	and annually thereafter, documenting the prescribed nutritional formula and/or
	nutritional supplementation is medically necessary and appropriate as identified by one of
	the following:
	 Diagnosed acute or chronic malnutrition
	 Documentation of weight, either currently or historically, supported by oral
	nutritional supplements
	 Increased metabolic need resulting from severe trauma
	 Malabsorption difficulties (e.g., short-gut syndrome, fistula, cystic fibrosis, renal
	dialysis)
	 Inborn errors of metabolism (e.g., fructose intolerance, galactosemia, maple syrup
	urine disease [MSUD], or phenylketonuria [PKU])
	 Ongoing cancer treatment, advanced Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
	(AIDS), or pulmonary insufficiency
	 Oral aversion or other psychological condition making it difficult for a client to
	consume their recommended caloric/protein or micronutrient needs through
	regular, liquified, blenderized, or pureed foods in any modified texture or form
	 Documentation showing the client is unable to meet their recommended
	caloric/protein or micronutrient needs through regular, liquified, blenderized, or
	pureed foods in any modified texture or form
	Malabsorption or other diagnosed medical condition which involves dietary
	restriction as part of the treatment, including but not limited to food allergy,
	Eosinophilic disorders (EoE), Food Protein Induced Enterocolitis (FPIES)
	Decree and delication that fell as to the co
	Documented delayed growth or failure to thrive
	Paguthorization
	Reauthorization: A recent assessment (within the last year) by the prescriber or RD documenting the continued
	need for nutrition supplementation.
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion	
Criteria:	



Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



ENZYME REPLACEMENT THERAPY (ERT) FOR GAUCHER DISEASE TYPE 1

Affected Medications: CERDELGA (eliglustat), VPRIV (velaglucerase alfa), CEREZYME (imiglucerase), ELELYSO (taliglucerase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded	
	by plan design	
	Vpriv: Gaucher disease type 1 (GD1)	
	 Elelyso: GD1 for ages 4 years and older 	
	 Cerdelga: GD1 in adults who are CYP2D6 extensive metabolizers (EMs), 	
	intermediate metabolizers (IMs), or poor metabolizers (PMs) as detected by an	
	FDA-cleared test	
	 Cerezyme: GD1 for ages 2 years and older that results in one or more of the 	
	following conditions:	
	Anemia	
	Thrombocytopenia	
	Bone disease	
	Hepatomegaly or splenomegaly	
Required Medical	Diagnosis confirmed by enzyme assay showing deficiency of beta-glucocerebrosidase	
Information:	glucosidase enzyme activity OR genetic testing indicating mutation of two alleles of	
	the glucocerebrosidase genome	
	o For Cerdelga, must also have documentation of cytochrome P450 2D6	
	(CYP2D6) genotype by an FDA-approved test indicating CYP2D6 EM, IM, or PM status	
	 Documentation of baseline tests such as hemoglobin level, platelet count, liver function 	
	tests, renal function tests	
	Documentation of at least one clinically significant disease complication of GD1:	
	 Anemia (low hemoglobin and hematocrit levels) 	
	 Thrombocytopenia (platelet count less than 120,000 mm³) 	
	 Bone disease (T-score less than -2.5 or bone pain) 	
	 Hepatomegaly or splenomegaly 	
	 For symptomatic children: symptoms of early presentation, such as 	
	malnutrition, growth retardation, impaired psychomotor development, and/or	
	fatigue	
	<u>Cerdelga</u>	
	Extensive or Intermediate Metabolizers of CVP2D6	
C. Itoria.	- Quantity mile 04 mg capsules not per 30 days	
	Poor Metabolizers of CYP2D6	
	Quantity limit - 84 mg capsules #30 per 30 days	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	fatigue Cerdelga Extensive or Intermediate Metabolizers of CYP2D6 Quantity limit - 84 mg capsules #60 per 30 days Poor Metabolizers of CYP2D6	



	 Elelyso, Vpriv, and Cerezyme Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and patient's most recent weight Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concomitant use with another ERT for GD1 or with miglustat Cerdelga CYP2D6 ultrarapid metabolizers Moderate or severe hepatic impairment Pre-existing cardiac disease (congestive heart failure, myocardial infarction, bradycardia, heart block, arrhythmias, and long QT syndrome) Presence of moderate to severe renal impairment or end stage renal disease
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the management of Gaucher disease (hematologist, oncologist, hepatologist, geneticist or orthopedic specialist)
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



EPLONTERSEN, PATISIRAN, VUTRISIRAN

Affected Medications: WAINUA (eplontersen), ONPATTRO (patisiran), AMVUTTRA (vutrisiran)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of hereditary transthyretin amyloidosis with polyneuropathy
	(hATTR-PN) in adults
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of hATTR confirmed by BOTH of the following:
Information:	Amyloid deposition on biopsy
	 Presence of pathogenic transthyretin (TTR) variant on genetic testing
	Presence of clinical manifestations of the disease, confirmed by presence of peripheral
	neuropathy on nerve conduction studies OR 2 of the following:
	Autonomic dysfunction (bladder/urinary tract infections, gastrointestinal
	disturbances, erectile dysfunction, orthostatic hypotension)
	 Documented symptoms of sensorimotor polyneuropathy (eg, paresthesia, balance issues, weakness/numbness in the hands/feet, or loss of sensation for
	pain, temperature, proprioception)
	Cardiomyopathy, ocular involvement, or renal involvement
	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	Baseline polyneuropathy disability (PND) score of less than or equal to IIIb
Appropriate	Baseline familial amyloid polyneuropathy (FAP) stage 1 or 2
Treatment	Onpattro: Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will
Regimen & Other	be enforced
Criteria:	
Criteria	Reauthorization:
	Documentation of a positive clinical response (e.g., stabilized or improved neurologic invariance and traction and the state of the state
	impairment, motor function, cardiac function, quality of life assessment, serum TTR levels)
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior or planned liver transplantation
Exclusion Criteria	
	New York Heart Association (NYHA) Functional Class III or IV
Ago Doctriction	Combined use with TTR-lowering or stabilizing therapy
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or specialist experienced in the
Care Restrictions:	treatment of amyloidosis
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
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POLICY NAME: EPOPROSTENOL

Affected Medications: EPOPROSTENOL, VELETRI (epoprostenol), FLOLAN (epoprostenol)

	POPROSTENOL, VELETRI (epoprostenol), FLOLAN (epoprostenol)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO)
	Group 1
Required Medical	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
Information:	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the
	following criteria:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional
	Class III or higher symptoms
	Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure)
	to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90)
	o Low cardiac index
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
	Documentation of current patient weight
	Documentation of a clear treatment plan
Appropriate	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to the following therapy
Treatment	classes is required:
Regimen & Other	o PDE5 inhibitors AND
Criteria:	 Endothelin receptor antagonists (exception WHO Functional Class IV)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more
	of the following:
	Improvement in walking distance
	Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in pulmonary function
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	Congestive heart failure due to severe left ventricular systolic dysfunction
	Long-term use in patients who develop pulmonary edema during dose initiation
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist



Coverage Duration:	•	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ERGOT ALKALOIDS

Affected Medications: Dihydroergotamine Mesylate Injection, Dihydroergotamine Mesylate Nasal Solution

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of moderate to severe migraines
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure, intolerance, or contraindication to all the following: At least <u>two</u> prescription strength non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) or combination analgesics (such as ibuprofen, naproxen, acetaminophen/aspirin/caffeine) At least <u>one</u> oral 5-hydroxytryptamine-1 (5-HT₁) receptor agonist (such as sumatriptan, naratriptan, rizatriptan, zolmitriptan) At least <u>one</u> non-oral 5-HT₁ receptor agonist (such as sumatriptan, zolmitriptan)
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Hemiplegic or basilar migraine Uncontrolled hypertension Ischemic heart disease (e.g., angina pectoris, history of myocardial infarction, history of silent ischemia) Peripheral artery disease Pregnancy or breastfeeding Documented severe chronic liver disease Severe renal impairment Use in combination with 5HT1 receptor agonist such as sumatriptan
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ERYTHROPOIESIS STIMULATING AGENTS (ESAs)

Affected Medications: Epogen (epoetin alfa), Mircera (methoxy polyethylene glycol-epoetin beta), Procrit (epoetin alfa)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by **Covered Uses:** plan design **Epogen & Procrit & Mircera** Treatment of anemia due to chronic kidney disease (CKD), including patients on dialysis and not on dialysis to decrease the need for red blood cell (RBC) transfusion **Epogen & Procrit** Treatment of anemia in patients with non-myeloid malignancies where anemia is due to the effect of concomitant myelosuppressive chemotherapy, and upon initiation, there is a minimum of two additional months of planned chemotherapy **Epogen & Procrit only** To reduce the need for allogeneic RBC transfusions among patients with perioperative hemoglobin greater than 10 to 13 or less g/dL who are at high risk for perioperative blood loss from elective, noncardiac, nonvascular surgery Treatment of anemia due to zidovudine administered at ≤ 4200 mg/week in patients with HIV-infection with endogenous serum erythropoietin levels of ≤ 500 mUnits/mL **Compendia-supported uses** Symptomatic anemia in Myelodysplastic syndrome Allogenic bone marrow transplantation Anemia associated with Hepatitis C (HCV) treatment Anemia associated with rheumatoid arthritis (RA)/ rheumatic disease One of the following in accordance with FDA (Food and Drug Administration)-approved **Required Medical** label or compendia support: Information: Anemia associated with chronic renal failure o Anemia secondary to chemotherapy with a minimum of two additional months of planned chemotherapy o Anemia secondary to zidovudine-treated Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) patients Anemia in patients scheduled to undergo elective, non-cardiac, nonvascular surgery Symptomatic anemia in Myelodysplastic syndrome Allogenic bone marrow transplantation Anemia associated with Hepatitis C (HCV) treatment o Anemia associated with rheumatoid arthritis (RA)/ rheumatic disease Coverage for the non-preferred drugs (Epogen, Procrit, Mircera) is provided when any of **Appropriate** the following criteria is met: **Treatment** Regimen & Other For Epogen or Procrit, a documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred product Criteria: Retacrit, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the

active ingredient



	 For Mircera, a documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Aranesp & Retacrit Currently receiving treatment with Mircera, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another erythropoiesis stimulating agent (ESA)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist (hematologist, oncologist, nephrologist)
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ETANERCEPT

Affected Medications: ENBREL SOLUTION, ENBREL KIT

Covered Uses: • All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design

- o Rheumatoid Arthritis
- o Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis
- Psoriatic Arthritis
- Ankylosing Spondylitis
- Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis
- o Plaque Psoriasis
- o Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis

Required Medical Information:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale)
- Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
- The Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
- Weighted RAPID3 of at least 2.3

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment as defined by one of the following:
- Dermatology Life Quality Index (DQLI) 11 or greater
- Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
- Severe disease on other validated tools
- Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction

AND

- Documentation of one or more of the following:
 - At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment OR
 - o Hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documentation of CASPAR criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes:
 - Skin psoriasis: present two points, OR previously present by history one point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
 - Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
 - o Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
 - O Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
 - Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point



Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS), Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)

- Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by Sacroiliitis on imaging AND at least 1 Spondyloarthritis (SpA) feature:
 - Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
 - Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
 - Insidious onset
 - Improvement with exercise
 - No improvement with rest
 - Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
 - Arthritis
 - o Enthesitis
 - Uveitis
 - o Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
 - Psoriasis
 - Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
 - Good response to NSAIDs
 - o Family history of SpA
 - o Elevated CRP

OR

- o HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
- Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale

Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis

Documented current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD global score) or active joint count

Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis (JPsA)

- Diagnosis of JPsA confirmed by presence of:
 - Arthritis and psoriasis

OR

- Arthritis and at least 2 of the following:
 - Dactylitis
 - Nail pitting or onycholysis
 - Enthesitis
 - Psoriasis in a first-degree relative

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - o If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - One of following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola), Actemra IV



AND

 Two of the following: Olumiant, Kevzara, Simponi Aria, Actemra SQ, Kineret, rituximab (preferred biosimilar products Truxima, Riabni, and Ruxience), Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies: Methotrexate, Cyclosporine, Acitretin, Phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
 AND
 - One of the following: Otezla, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), or Ilumya

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Otezla, Simponi Aria, Orencia, or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS), Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)

 Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each

OR

- For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
 12 weeks of:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Simponi Aria or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis

 Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids AND at least one of methotrexate or leflunomide for a minimum of 12 weeks



	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
	12 weeks of two of the following therapies:
	Actemra IV, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima,
	Adalimumab-adaz), and Simponi Aria
	Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis
	Documented treatment failure with a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (ibuprofen,
	naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with a minimum trial of 1 month
	Documented treatment failure with at least one of the following disease-modifying
	antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs) with a minimum trial of 12 weeks: methotrexate,
	sulfasalazine, leflunomide
	QL:
	Induction (Plaque Psoriasis only): 50mg twice weekly for first 3 months
	Maintenance: 50mg once weekly
	Reauthorization
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion	Concurrent use with any other biologic therapy or Otezla is considered experimental and
Criteria:	is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/dermatologist as appropriate for
Restrictions:	diagnosis
Coverage	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified
	<u> </u>



POLICY NAME: ETELCALCETIDE

Affected Medications: PARSABIV (etelcalcetide)

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Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Secondary hyperparathyroidism in adults with chronic kidney disease (CKD) on dialysis
Required Medical	Documentation of both of the following:
Information:	Currently on dialysis
	 Intact parathyroid (iPTH) level greater than 300 pg/mL
	Documentation of iPTH that is persistently elevated above target range despite at least
	12 weeks of adherent treatment with each of the following at an appropriate dose,
	unless contraindicated or not tolerated:
	o Calcitriol
	o Doxercalciferol
	o Paricalcitol
	o Cinacalcet
Appropriate	
Treatment	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
Regimen & Other	response to therapy
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of parathyroid carcinoma, primary hyperparathyroidism or with chronic
	kidney disease who are not on hemodialysis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or nephrologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: ETRANACOGENE

Affected Medications: Hemgenix

Covered Uses:	All Food and David Administration (FDA) programmed indications and athermitians of the state of
covered uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Hemophilia B (congenital factor IX deficiency)
Required Medical	Documentation of diagnosis of Hemophilia B
Information:	Documentation of current negative inhibitor testing and history defined as two tests in
	the last five years separated by at least 12 months
	Documentation of baseline circulating level of factor IX less than or equal to 2% AND
	requiring prophylactic treatment
	Baseline lab values (less than 2 times upper limit of normal):
	o ALT
	o AST
	o Total bilirubin
	 Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)
	o Creatinine
Appropriate	Dosing
Treatment	2
Regimen & Other	• 2 x 10 ¹³ genome copies (gc) per kilogram of body weight
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	History or current presence of IX inhibitors
	Prior gene therapy administration
	Active Hepatitis B or C infection or uncontrolled HIV
	Life expectancy less than 1 year due to other advanced medical conditions
Age Restriction:	• Ages 18 and older
Age Restriction:	Ages 18 and older
Prescriber/Site of	 Ages 18 and older Prescribed by, or in consultation, with a hematologist or specialist with experience in
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation, with a hematologist or specialist with experience in treatment of hemophilia
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation, with a hematologist or specialist with experience in treatment of hemophilia



EVKEEZA

Affected Medications: EVKEEZA (evinacumab-dgnb)

	E EVKEEZA (evinacumab-agnb)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH)
Required Medical	Documentation of baseline untreated low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C)
Information:	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:
	 Baseline LDL-C greater than 500 mg/dL
	 Baseline LDL-C of 400 mg/dL and at least 1 parent with familial
	hypercholesterolemia
	 Baseline LDL-C of 400 md/dL with aortic valve disease or xanthoma in ages < 20
	years
	 Presence of two abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defects
Appropriate	History of statin intolerance requires documentation of the following:
Treatment	 Minimum of three different statin trials, with at least one hydrophilic
Regimen & Other	(rosuvastatin, pravastatin)
Criteria:	 Documentation of statin-associated muscle symptoms, which stopped when
	statin therapy was discontinued and restarted when re-challenged
	History of statin-associated rhabdomyolysis requires documentation of elevation in
	creatinine kinase (CK) level to at least 10 times the upper limit of normal, in
	concurrence with statin use
	 Documented treatment failure defined as an LDL-C greater than 100mg/dL despite at least six months of adherent therapy with all the following, unless contraindicated or not tolerated:
	 Maximally tolerated statin therapy
	o Ezetimibe
	o PCSK9 monoclonal antibody unless double-null or LDLR activity 15% or less
	 Dose rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	emorceu
	Reauthorization : Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response
	to therapy defined by an LDL-C level at goal or decreased by at least 30% from baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, cardiologist, or lipid
Restrictions:	specialist
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	,



EXAGAMGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: CASGEVY (exagamglogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	o Treatment of sickle cell disease in adults and pediatric patients at least 12 years
	of age with recurrent vaso-occlusive crises
	o Treatment of transfusion-dependent beta-thalassemia in adults and pediatric
	patients at least 12 years of age
Required Medical	SICKLE CELL DISEASE
Information:	• Documentation of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing to show the presence of $\beta S/\beta S$, $\beta S/\beta O$ or $\beta S/\beta +$ genotype as follows:
	 Identification of significant quantities of HbS with or without an additional
	abnormal β-globin chain variant by hemoglobin assay OR
	 Identification of biallelic HBB pathogenic variants where at least one allele is
	the p.glu6Val or p.glu7val pathogenic variant on molecular genetic testing AND
	\circ Patient does NOT have disease with more than two α -globin gene deletions
	 Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous 1 years (4 events over 2 years will also meet this requirement) VOC/VOEs defined as:
	 Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) but unable to find a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched, related donor Adequate bone marrow, lung, heart and liver function to undergo myeloablative conditioning regimen
	TRANSFUSION DEPENDENT BETA THALASSEMIA
	Documented diagnosis of homozygous beta thalassemia or compound heterozygous
	beta thalassemia including β-thalassemia/hemoglobin E (HbE) (excludes alpha-
	thalassemia and hemoglobin S/ß-thalassemia variants) as outlined by the following:
	 Patient diagnosis is confirmed by HBB sequence gene analysis showing biallelic
	pathogenic variants
	patriogenic variants



	 OR Patient has severe microcytic hypochromic anemia, anisopoikilocytosis with nucleated red blood cells on peripheral blood smear, and hemoglobin analysis that reveals decreased amounts or complete absence of hemoglobin A and increased amounts of hemoglobin F Documented transfusion-dependent disease defined as a history of transfusions of at least 100 mL/kg/year of packed red blood cells (pRBCs) or with 10 or more transfusions of pRBCs per year in the 2 years preceding therapy Clinical transfusion of the property of transfusions of the property of transfusions of transfusions of property of transfusions
	Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) but unable to find a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched, related donor
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Must weigh a minimum of 6 kilograms and able to provide a minimum number of cells (3,000,000 CD34+ cells/kg) Documentation that cardiac iron overload has been evaluated and there is no evidence of severe iron overload. (cardiac T2* less than 10 msec by magnetic resonance imaging [MRI] or left ventricular ejection fraction [LVEF] less than 45% by echocardiogram) No evidence of advanced liver disease [i.e., AST or ALT more than 3 times the upper limit of normal (ULN), or direct bilirubin value more than 2.5 times the ULN, or if a liver biopsy demonstrated bridging fibrosis or cirrhosis]
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior HSCT or other gene therapy
Age Restriction:	Ages 12 and above
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months (one time infusion), unless otherwise specified



FABRY DISEASE AGENTS

Affected Medications: ELFABRIO (pegunigalsidase alfa), FABRAZYME (agalsidase beta), GALAFOLD (migalastat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
Covered Oses.	
	by plan design
	o Fabry disease
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Fabry disease confirmed by one of the following:
Information:	 Males: enzyme assay demonstrating undetectable (less than 3 percent) alpha-galactosidase A enzyme activity
	 Males: deficiency of alpha-galactosidase A enzyme activity(less than 35 percent) and genetic testing showing a mutation in the galactosidase alpha (GLA) gene
	 Females: genetic testing showing a mutation in the GLA gene
	For Galafold: Genetic testing confirming the presence of at least one amenable GLA variant
	Clinical signs and symptoms of Fabry disease, such as:
	 Severe neuropathic pain
	 Dermatologic manifestations (telangiectasias and angiokeratomas)
	o Corneal opacities
	 Kidney manifestations (proteinuria, polyuria, polydipsia)
	 Cardiac involvement (left ventricular hypertrophy, myocardial fibrosis, heart failure)
	 Cerebrovascular involvement (transient ischemic attacks, ischemic strokes) Other manifestations common in Fabry disease (sweating abnormalities, hearing loss, or intolerance to heat, cold, or exercise)
Appropriate	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose
Treatment	will be enforced
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with another agent on this policy (Galafold or enzyme replacement)
	therapy for Fabry disease)
	 For Galafold: Severe renal impairment (eGFR less than 30) or end-stage renal disease
	requiring dialysis
Age Restriction:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a geneticist or a specialist experienced in the
	treatment of Fabry disease
	· ·
Prescriber/Site of	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Care Restrictions:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
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Coverage Duration:	•	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
Buración.		by plan design
	•	Fabry disease



FDA APPROVED DRUG – Below the Medicaid Line of Coverage

Covered Uses:	Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical	Definitions:
Information:	 Unfunded condition is a condition that is below the Oregon Health Authority (OHA)-funded line of the Prioritized List of Health Services Funded condition is a condition that is above the OHA-funded line of the Prioritized List of Health Services To review the line as well as examine guidelines to see if patient meets certain criteria for
	approval, please refer to the following website:
	https://intouch.pacificsource.com/LineFinder/
	 For age 21 and above: Medications used to treat an unfunded condition are not covered by PacificSource Community Solutions unless it can be shown that:
Appropriate	Drug must be dosed according to package insert requirements
Treatment	3
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion	Exclusion based on package insert requirements
	Exclusion based on package insert requirements
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	Age based on package insert requirements
Prescriber	Prescriber restrictions based on package insert requirements
Restrictions:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Coverage	Case by case
_	
Duration:	



FDA APPROVED DRUG – Drug or Indication Not Yet Reviewed By Plan for Formulary Placement

Affected Medications: New Medications or Indications of Existing Drugs Not Yet Reviewed By Plan for Formulary Placement

Covered Uses:	Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of disease state, level of control, and therapies failed Documentation of failure with all available formulary products for treatment of disease state Documentation that a delay in treatment will cause loss of life, limb, function or other extreme pain
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Drug must be dosed according to package insert requirements
Exclusion Criteria:	Exclusion based on package insert requirements
Age Restriction:	Age based on package insert requirements
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescriber restrictions based on package insert requirements
Coverage Duration:	Case by case based on member need



POLICY NAME: FECAL MICROBIOTA

Affected Medications: REBYOTA (fecal microbiota, live-jslm), VOWST (fecal microbiota spores, live-brpk)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prophylaxis of Clostridioides difficile (C.diff) infection recurrence following antibiotic treatment
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation confirming a current diagnosis of recurrent C.diff infection (CDI) with a history of at least 2 recurrent episodes (initial episode + a minimum of 2 recurrences) Recurrent CDI is defined as a resolution of CDI symptoms while on appropriate therapy, followed by a reappearance of symptoms within 8 weeks of discontinuing treatment Current episode of CDI must be controlled (less than 3 unformed or loose stools per day for 2 consecutive days) Administration will occur following completion of antibiotic course for CDI treatment Within 24 to 72 hours for Rebyota Within 2 to 4 days for Vowst Positive stool test for C.diff within 30 days prior to request
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Previous treatment with each of the following in the setting of CDI recurrence: Vancomycin OR fidaxomicin (Dificid) Zinplava OR fecal microbiota transplant (FMT) For Vowst requests: Documented treatment failure with all the above agents AND Rebyota
Exclusion Criteria:	Retreatment with Rebyota or Vowst
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month with no reauthorization



POLICY NAME: FENFLURAMINE

Affected Medications: FINTEPLA (fenfluramine)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of seizures associated with Dravet syndrome (DS)
	 Treatment of seizures associated with Lennox-Gastaut syndrome (LGS)
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of Dravet syndrome (DS) or Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)
Information:	Current weight
	Documentation that therapy is being used as adjunct therapy for seizures
	<u>Dravet Syndrome</u>
	Documentation of at least 6 convulsive seizures in the last 6 weeks while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
	Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)
	Documentation of at least 8 drop seizures per month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
Appropriate Treatment	Dravet Syndrome
Regimen & Other	Documented treatment and inadequate control of seizures with Epidiolex AND at least
Criteria:	four of the following therapies:
	 Valproate, clobazam, clonazepam, levetiracetam, zonisamide or topiramate
	Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)
	Documented treatment and inadequate control of seizures with Epidiolex AND at least
	three guideline directed therapies including:
	 Valproate, lamotrigine, rufinamide, topiramate, felbamate, or clobazam
	Dosing : not to exceed 26 mg daily
	Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a reduction in seizure
	severity, frequency, or duration
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FIDANACOGENE

Affected Medications: BEQVEZ (fidanacogene elaparvovec-dzkt)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Hemophilia B (congenital factor IX deficiency)
Required Medical	Documentation of diagnosis of Hemophilia B
Information:	Documentation of baseline circulating level of factor IX less than or equal to 2% of
	normal AND requiring prophylactic factor IX treatment for at least 6 months
	Documentation of negative factor IX inhibitor titers (less than 0.6 Bethesda units)
	Documentation of negative antibodies to AAVRh74var capsid per FDA approved
	diagnostic test
	Baseline lab values (less than 2 times upper limit of normal):
	o ALT
	o AST
	 Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)
	o Bilirubin
Appropriate	Documentation of plan to discontinue factor IX prophylaxis therapy upon achieving
Treatment	circulating factor IX levels of 5%
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Dosing
	• 5 x 10 ¹¹ vector genomes per kilogram of body weight
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior gene therapy administration
	Unstable liver or biliary disease
	Active Hepatitis B or C infection
	 HIV infection with CD4 cell count less than 200 mm³ or viral load greater than 20
	copies/mL
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Dungawihau/Cita of	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation, with a hematologist or specialist with experience in
Care Restrictions:	treatment of hemophilia
Coverage	Authorization: 2 months (one-time infusion)
Duration:	, , ,



POLICY NAME: FIDAXOMICIN

Affected Medications: DIFICID (fidaxomicin)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Clostridioides difficile-associated diarrhea Documented diagnosis of <i>C. difficile</i> infection (CDI) with associated diarrhea, defined as: Prescence of <i>C. difficile</i> toxin A or B in the stool AND Greater than 3 unformed bowel movements in 24 hours
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of at least one trial/failure of an appropriate oral vancomycin regimen for CDI in the previous 6 months At least one of the following risk factors for recurrent or severe CDI: Age greater than 65 years Severe underlying medical disorders Immunocompromised status Clinically severe CDI (as defined by Zar score greater than or equal to 2) Reauthorization: Documentation of current active CDI with associated diarrhea Documentation of past treatment success with fidaxomicin, defined as symptom resolution at the end of treatment course
Exclusion Criteria:	Asymptomatic colonization with <i>C. difficile</i>
Age Restriction:	6 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 14 days, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 14 days, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FINERENONE

Affected Medications: KERENDIA (finerenone)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Chronic kidney disease associated with type 2 diabetes to reduce the risk of:
	 Sustained estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) decline
	■ End-stage kidney disease
	Cardiovascular death
	 Non-fatal myocardial infarction
	 Hospitalization for heart failure
Required Medical	Documentation of all the following:
Information:	 eGFR greater than or equal to 25 mL/min/1.73 m²
	 Urine albumin-to-creatinine ratio (UACR) greater than or equal to 30 mg/g
	 Serum potassium level less than or equal to 5.0 mEq/L
Appropriate	Currently receiving maximally tolerated dosage of an angiotensin converting enzyme
Treatment	(ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), unless intolerant or
Regimen & Other	contraindicated
Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to at least 12 weeks of sodium-glucose cotransporter 2 (SGLT2) inhibitor therapy
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
Exclusion Criteria:	response to therapy
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, endocrinologist, or cardiologist
Care Restrictions:	Frescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, endocrinologist, or cardiologist
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FLUCYTOSINE

Affected Medications: FLUCYTOSINE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Candidal endocarditis Candidiasis Candidiasis of urogenital site Cryptococcosis Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable) Candida endophthalmitis Central nervous system candidiasis Cryptococcal meningitis – HIV infection HIV infection – Pulmonary cryptococcosis
Required Medical Information:	Susceptibility cultures matching flucytosine activity
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dosing: maximum 150 mg/kg/day
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an Infectious Disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 8 weeks, or lesser requested duration



POLICY NAME: FOSTAMATINIB

Affected Medications: TAVALISSE (fostamatinib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) 	
	who have had an insufficient response to a previous treatment	
Required Medical	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP	
Information:	Documentation of ONE of the following:	
	 Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter 	
	 Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding 	
	 Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such as 	
	peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding at	
	higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)	
Appropriate	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP	
Treatment	Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did not increase to at least	
Regimen & Other	50,000/microliter, to the following therapies:	
Criteria:	ONE of the following:	
	Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for immune	
	thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids, rituximab, or immunoglobulin	
	Splenectomy	
	o Promacta	
	Reauthorization requires response to treatment with platelet count of at least	
	50,000/microliter or above (not to exceed 400,000 microliter)	
Exclusion	Use in combination with a thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase	
Criteria:	inhibitor, or similar treatment for thrombocytopenia (such as Promacta, Doptelet, or Nplate)	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist	
Restrictions:		
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



FLUOCINOLONE OCULAR IMPLANT

Affected Medications: ILUVIEN, RETISERT, YUTIQ (fluocinolone acetonide intravitreal implant)

Covered Uses: Required Medical	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Diabetic macular edema (DME) Chronic, non-infectious posterior uveitis Iluvien
Information:	 Diagnosis of clinically significant diabetic macular edema Documentation of past treatment with corticosteroids without a clinically significant rise in intraocular pressure
	 Retisert and Yutiq Diagnosis of chronic, non-infectious posterior uveitis confirmed by slit lamp and fundoscopic examination
Appropriate	Iluvien
Treatment	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to an intravitreal vascular
Regimen & Other	endothelial growth factor (VEGF) inhibitor (preferred products: Avastin, Byooviz,
Criteria:	Cimerli)
	Documentation of inadequate response to laser photocoagulation
	Retisert and Yutiq
	 Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to all of the following:
	 Minimum 12-week trial with oral systemic corticosteroid
	 At least one corticosteroid-sparing immunosuppressive therapy (methotrexate,
	azathioprine, or mycophenolate mofetil)
	 At least one calcineurin inhibitor (cyclosporine, tacrolimus)
	Retisert: Documentation of treatment failure with Yutiq
Exclusion Criteria:	Active or suspected ocular or periocular infections
	Concurrent use of intravitreal implants and injections (corticosteroid, anti-VEGF)
	Iluvien: Glaucoma (with cup to disc ratios greater than 0.8)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Iluvien: 36 months, unless otherwise specified
	Retisert: 30 months, unless otherwise specified
	Yutiq: 36 months, unless otherwise specified



FUMARATES FOR MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS

Affected Medications: BAFIERTAM (monomethyl fumarate), VUMERITY (diroximel fumarate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
	design
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following:
	Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	 Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required	RRMS
Medical	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald
Information:	diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	<u>cis</u>
	Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
	Active SPMS
	Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
	• Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)
	Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate	Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance to) ALL the following: dimethyl
Treatment	fumarate, fingolimod
Regimen &	No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS
Other Criteria:	
	Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist



Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



FYARRO

Affected Medications: FYARRO (nab-sirolimus)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design.
	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of
	2A or better
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used,
Information:	and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment	Perivascular Epithelioid Cell Tumor (PEComa)
Regimen & Other	Presence of malignant locally advanced unresectable or metastatic disease
Criteria:	confirmed by pathology.
	History of intolerable adverse event with trial of each of the following agents:
	 Sirolimus oral tablet
	o Everolimus or temsirolimus
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	History of disease progression with prior mechanistic target of rapamycin (mTOR)
	inhibitor treatment.
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months
	Reauthorization: 12 months



POLICY NAME: GANAXOLONE

Affected Medications: ZTALMY

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise
excluded by plan design
 Treatment of seizures associated with cyclin-dependent kinase-like 5
(CDKL5) deficiency disorder (CDD) in patients 2 years of age and older
 Documentation of CDKL5 mutation confirmed by genetic testing
Documentation of inadequately controlled seizures despite current treatment
Documented treatment failure with at least two therapies for seizure
management
Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success defined as a
reduction in seizure frequency when compared to baseline
West syndrome
Seizures of a predominantly infantile spasm type
2 years of age or older
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: GIVOSIRAN

Affected Medications: GIVLAARI (givosiran)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adults with acute hepatic porphyria (AHP)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of elevated urine porphobilinogen (PBG) levels based on specific lab test utilized Diagnosis confirmed based on Porphyria Genomic testing Documentation of baseline acute attack frequency Evaluation for avoidance of exacerbating factors, including certain medications, smoking, drinking, and infections
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of active acute disease defined as at least 2 documented porphyria attacks within the last six months requiring Hemin administration that are not attributable to a specific exacerbating factor For women: Documented 12-week trial and failure of gonadotropin releasing hormone analogue (ex. Leuprolide) OR Documentation that attacks are not related to the luteal phase of the menstrual cycle Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization will require documentation of greater than 50% reduction in baseline acute attack frequency
Exclusion Criteria:	 Active HIV, Hepatitis C, or Hepatitis B infection(s) History of Pancreatitis Concomitant use with prophylactic hemin
Age Restriction:	Greater than or equal to 12 years of age
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, physicians that specialize in the treatment of acute hepatic porphyria
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: GLATIRAMER

Affected Medications: GLATIRAMER, GLATOPA

Affected Medication	ons: Glatiramer, Glatopa
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following:
	 Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	 Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required	RRMS
Medical	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald
Information:	diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	 CIS Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and
	corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
	Active SPMS
	Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
	 Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)
	Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate Treatment	Documentation of dose and frequency as the 20 mg/mL and 40 mg/mL formulations are not interchangeable
Regimen &	 No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS
Other Criteria:	ivo concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of wis
	Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist



Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



GLUCAGON-LIKE PEPTIDE-1 AGONISTS

Affected Medications: BYETTA Subcutaneous (Exenatide), BYDUREON Subcutaneous (Exenatide), BYDUREON BCise Subcutaneous (Exenatide), OZEMPIC (semaglutide), VICTOZA Subcutaneous (Liraglutide), TRULICITY Subcutaneous (dulaglutide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design As an adjunct to diet and exercise to improve glycemic control in adults and pediatric patients 10 years of age and older with type 2 diabetes mellitus
Required Medical Information:	The patient is diagnosed as having type-2 diabetes
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of all the following: Inadequate treatment response, intolerance, or contraindication to metformin Documented failure of an antidiabetic agent other than metformin (e.g., Steglatro, alogliptin, pioglitazone) A recent A1C level greater than 7% despite treatment (patient cannot be currently untreated) Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Weight Loss
Age Restriction:	 Byetta, Bydureon, Victoza and Trulicity – greater than or equal to 10 years. Ozempic – greater than or equal to 18 years
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: GOLIMUMAB

Affected Medications: SIMPONI ARIA INTRAVENOUS (IV) SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
	 Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)
	 Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS)
	 Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)
	 Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)
Required Medical	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Information:	Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent)
	objective scale)
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or
	greater based on chart notes:
	 Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one
	point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
	 Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
	 Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
	 Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
	 Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point
	Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis
	Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by sacroiliitis on imaging AND at
	least 1 spondyloarthritis feature:
	 Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
	 Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
	Insidious onset
	 Improvement with exercise
	 No improvement with rest
	Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
	o Arthritis
	o Enthesitis
	o Uveitis
	 Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
	o Psoriasis
	 Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis



- Good response to nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
- Family history of SpA
- Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP)

OR

- HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
- Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale

Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis

Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD global score) or active joint count

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - o If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)

Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis

 Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each

OR

- For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)

Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide
- Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids

QL

- RA/PsA/AS: 2 mg/kg at weeks 0 and 4, followed by every 8 weeks
- Pediatric PsA and JIA: 80 mg/m2 at weeks 0 and 4, then every 8 weeks thereafter



	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization:
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



GOSERELIN ACETATE IMPLANT

Affected Medications: ZOLADEX (goserelin acetate implant)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Endometriosis Endometrial thinning National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of
	2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Endometriosis Documentation of moderate to severe pain due to endometriosis
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Endometriosis Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3 months of both of the following first-line therapies: Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives Endometrial thinning Documentation of both the following:
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater For endometriosis, prior use of Zoladex for a 6-month period
Prescriber Restrictions:	 18 years and older For oncologic uses: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist For gynecologic uses: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gynecologist
Coverage Duration:	Oncologic uses Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Endometriosis Approval: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified Endometrial thinning Approval: 4 months (up to 2 doses only), unless otherwise specified





POLICY NAME: GROWTH HORMONES

Affected Medications: GENOTROPIN®, GENOTROPIN MINIOUICK®, HUMATROPE®, NORDITROPIN FLEXPRO®

	GENOTROPIN®, GENOTROPIN MINIQUICK®, HUMATROPE®, NORDITROPIN FLEXPRO®, DMNITROPE®, SAIZEN®, ZOMACTON, SKYTROFA, SOGROYA, NGENLA	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	Pediatric indications:	
	Growth Hormone Deficiency	
	 Pituitary dwarfism (short stature disorder due to growth hormone deficiency) Growth hormone deficiency without short stature NOT a funded indication 	
	o Turner's syndrome	
	o Prader-Willi syndrome	
	 Noonan's syndrome 	
	 Short stature homeobox-containing gene (SHOX) deficiency 	
	 Growth failure secondary to chronic kidney disease (stages 3, 4, 5 or ESRD) or 	
	renal transplant	
	o Small for gestational age	
	Adult indications:	
	 Growth Hormone Deficiency 	
Required Medical	All indications:	
Information:	 Documentation of baseline height, height velocity, and bone age (pediatrics), and patient weight Pediatric growth hormone deficiency or Pituitary dwarfism For initial approval, documentation of the following is required: 	
	 Diagnosis of growth hormone deficiency or pituitary dwarfism AND 	
	 Low serum values for GH stimulation test, IGF-1, and IGFBP-3 with delayed bone age AND 	
	 Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6th percentile) 	
	OR	
	 Height velocity impaired AND 	
	■ Height SDS of -2 (2.3rd percentile) for bone age	
	<u>Turner's syndrome</u>	
	For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:	
	 Diagnosis of Turner Syndrome done through genetic testing AND 	
	For patients less than 2 years of age:	
	 Documented 50% delay in growth from projected based on WHO 	
	growth curves at equivalent age, AND	
	No secondary factor present that would explain observed growth	
	delays	
	 For patients greater than or equal to 2 years of age: 	



- Height below the 5th percentile for bone age, AND
- No secondary factor present that would explain observed growth delays

Noonan's syndrome

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - Diagnosis of Noonan's syndrome done through genetic testing AND
 - Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6th percentile)
 OR
 - Height velocity impaired AND
 - Height SDS of -2 (2.3rd percentile) for bone age

Short stature homeobox-containing gene (SHOX) deficiency

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - Diagnosis of SHOX deficiency done through genetic testing
 - Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6th percentile)
 OR
 - Height velocity impaired AND
 - Height SDS of -2 (2.3rd percentile) for bone age

Growth failure secondary to chronic kidney disease stage 3 and greater OR kidney transplant

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - Diagnosis of chronic kidney disease stage 3 or higher (CrCl less than 60mL/min)
 - Height velocity (SDS) less than -1.88 for bone age.

Prader-Willi syndrome

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - Diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome through genetic testing AND
 - Height velocity impaired

Small for gestational age

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - Documentation of weight and/or length of at least 2 standard deviations (SD) from the mean for gestational age and sex at birth
 - o At least two years old
 - Height standard deviation score of at least -2.5 at the start of therapy
 - Documentation of lab work ruling out other physiological and genetic conditions that cause short stature including:
 - IGF-1 and IGFBP-3 values within normal range
 - Evaluation for growth inhibiting medications
 - Absence of chronic illness impacting growth velocity
 - Absence of genetic condition impacting growth velocity



-	Adult Growth Hormone		
	For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:		
	 Growth hormone deficiency defined as IGF-1 outside of reference range for 		
	patients' sex and age		
	 Failure of a growth hormone stimulation test (insulin tolerance test ITT or glucagon stimulation test) 		
	Reauthorization:		
	 Pediatric: requires a documented growth rate increase of at least 2.5 cm over baseline per year AND evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open Adult: requires documented clinical improvement and IGF-1 within normal reference range for age and sex 		
Appropriate	Documentation of clinical failure with an adequate trial (at least 12 weeks) of Norditropin		
Treatment	prior to any other growth hormone agent		
Regimen & Other			
Criteria:	Skytrofa and Ngenla		
	 Documentation of clinical failure with an adequate trial (at least 12 weeks each) of all formulary growth hormone options 		
	<u>Sogroya</u>		
	 Documented clinical failure with an adequate trial (at least 12 weeks each) of Norditropin AND one additional daily growth hormone agent 		
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced		
Exclusion Criteria:			
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an age-appropriate endocrinologist		
Restrictions:			
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



HEPATITIS C DIRECT-ACTING ANTIVIRALS

Affected Medications: EPCLUSA (Sofosbuvir/Velptasvir), VOSEVI (Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir/Voxilaprevir), MAVYRET (Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir)

Approval Criteria		
What diagnosis is being treated?	Record ICD10 code.	
2. Is the request for treatment of Hepatitis C infection?	Yes: Go to #3 Document baseline quantitative HCV RNA level	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness.
 Has <u>all</u> the following pre-treatment testing been documented: Genotype testing in past 3 years is required if the patient has decompensated cirrhosis, prior treatment experience with a DAA regimen, and if prescribed a regimen which is not pan-genotypic History of previous HCV treatment, viral load after treatment, and outcome are required only if there is documentation of treatment experience 	Yes: Record results of each test and go to #4	No: Pass to RPh. Request updated testing.
4. Which regimen is requested?	Document and go to #5	
5. Has the patient been treated with a direct acting antiviral regimen previously?	Yes: Go to #6	No: Go to #8



A	Approval Criteria		
6	Did the patient achieve a sustained virological response (SVR) at week 12 or longer following the completion of their last DAA regimen?	Yes: Go to #7	No: Document as treatment failure and treat as indicated for treatment experienced. Go to #8
•	Is this likely a reinfection, indicated by at least one of the following: O Does the patient have ongoing risk factors for hepatitis C reinfection (e.g., sexually active men who have sex with men, persons who inject drugs), OR Is the hepatitis C infection a different genotype than previous	Yes: Document as reinfection. Use regimens recommended for treatment naïve patients. Go to #8	No: Document as treatment failure and treat as indicated for treatment experienced. Go to #8
•	Is the prescribed drug: o Elbasvir/grazoprevir for GT 1a infection; or o Ledipasvir/sofosbuvir for GT 1a treatment- experienced infection; or o Sofosbuvir/velpatasvir for GT 3 in cirrhosis or treatment-experienced infection	Yes: Go to #9	No: Go to #10
9	 Has the patient had a baseline NS5a resistance test that documents a resistant variant to one of the agents in #8? Note: Baseline NS5A resistance testing is required. 	Yes: Pass to RPh; deny for appropriateness	No: Go to #10 Document test and result.



10. Is the prescribed drug regimen a recommended regimen based on the patient's genotype, age, treatment status (retreatment or treatment naïve) and cirrhosis status (see Table 1 and Table 2)?	Yes: Approve for 8-24 weeks based on duration of treatment indicated for approved regimen	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness.
Note: Safety and efficacy of DAAs for children < 3 years of age have not been established Pediatric dosing available in Table 3 and Table 4	Referral will be made for optional case management (patient may choose to optin).	

<u>Table 1: Recommended Treatment Regimens for Adults, and Adolescents 12 years of age and older with Hepatitis C virus.</u>

Treatment History	Cirrhosis Status	Recommended Regimen	
Treatment Naïve (Genotype 1-6)			
Treatment naïve, confirmed	Non-cirrhotic or compensated	SOF/VEL x 12 weeks	
reinfection or prior treatment with	cirrhosis	G/P x 8 weeks	
PEGylated interferon/ribavirin	Compensated cirrhosis	G/P x 8 weeks	
		SOF/VEL x 12 weeks (baseline	
		resistance testing recommended for	
		GT3)	
	Decompensated Cirrhosis	SOF/VEL + RBV x 12 weeks SOF/VEL x	
		24 weeks (if ribavirin	
		ineligible*)	
Treatment Experienced (Genotype 1-6)			
Sofosbuvir based regimen treatment	Non-cirrhotic or compensated	SOF/VEL/VOX x12 weeks G/P x	
failures, including:	cirrhosis	16 weeks (except GT3)	
Sofosbuvir + ribavirin			
Ledipasvir/sofosbuvir			
Velpatasvir/sofosbuvir			
Elbasvir/grazoprevir treatment	Non-cirrhotic or compensated	SOF/VEL/VOX x 12 weeks	
failures	cirrhosis		



Glecaprevir/pibrentasvir treatment	Non-cirrhotic or compensated	G/P + SOF + RBV x 16 weeks
failures	cirrhosis	SOF/VEL/VOX x 12 weeks (plus RBV if
		compensated cirrhosis)
Multiple DAA Treatment Failures,	Non-cirrhotic or compensated	G/P + SOF + RBV x 16-24 weeks
including:	cirrhosis	SOF/VEL/VOX x 24 weeks
sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir		
glecaprevir/pibrentasvir + sofosbuvir		

Abbreviations: DAA = direct acting antiviral; EBV/GZR = elbasvir/grazoprevir; G/P = glecaprevir and pibrentasvir; PEG = pegylated interferon; RAV = resistance-associated variant; RBV = ribavirin; SOF = sofosbuvir; SOF/VEL = sofosbuvir/velpatasvir; SOF/VEL/VOX = sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir

- * Ribavirin ineligible/intolerance may include: 1) neutrophils < 750 mm³, 2) hemoglobin < 10 g/dl, 3) platelets <50,000 cells/mm³, autoimmune hepatitis or other autoimmune condition, hypersensitivity or allergy to ribavirin
- ^ Rarely, genotyping assays may indicate the presence of a mixed infection (e.g., genotypes 1a and 2). Treatment data for mixed genotypes with direct-acting antivirals are limited. However, in these cases, a pangenotypic regimen is appropriate.

Ribavirin-containing regimens are absolutely contraindicated in pregnant women and in the male partners of women who are pregnant. Documented use of two forms of birth control in patients and sex partners for whom a ribavirin containing regimen is chosen is required.

All regimens containing a protease inhibitor (elbasvir, glecaprevir, simeprevir, paritaprevir, voxilaprevir) should not be used in patients with moderate to severe hepatic impairment (CTP B and C).

There is limited data supporting DAA regimens in treatment- experienced patients with decompensated cirrhosis. These patients should be handled on a case by case basis with the patient, prescriber, and CCO or FFS medical director.

Definitions of Treatment Candidates • Treatment-naïve: Patients without prior HCV treatment. • Treat as treatment-naïve: Patients who discontinued HCV DAA therapy within 4 weeks of initiation or have confirmed reinfection after achieving SVR following HCV treatment. • Treatment-experienced: Patients who received more than 4 weeks of HCV DAA therapy.

Table 2: Recommended Treatment Regimens for children ages 3 - 12 years of age with Hepatitis C virus.

Treatment History	Cirrhosis Status	Recommended Regimen		
Treatment Naïve Genotype 1-6	Treatment Naïve Genotype 1-6			
Treatment naïve, confirmed reinfection or prior treatment with	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	SOF/VEL x 12 weeks G/P x 8 weeks		
pegylated interferon/ribavirin	Decompensated Cirrhosis	SOF/VEL + RBV x 12 weeks		
Treatment Experienced with DAA regimen				



Note: Efficacy and safety extremely limited in treatment experienced to other DAAs in this population. Can consider recommended treatment regimens in adults if FDA approved for pediatric use. Recommend consulting with hepatologist.

Abbreviations: DAA = direct acting antiviral; G/P = glecaprevir and pibrentasvir; RBV = ribavirin; SOF = sofosbuvir; SOF/VEL = sofosbuvir/velpatasvir

- All regimens containing a protease inhibitor (elbasvir, glecaprevir, simeprevir, paritaprevir, voxilaprevir) should not be used in patients with moderate to severe hepatic impairment (CTP B and C).
- There is limited data supporting DAA regimens in treatment- experienced patients with decompensated cirrhosis. These patients should be handled on a case by case basis with the patient, prescriber, and CCO or FFS medical director.

Table 3: Recommended dosage of sofosbuvir/velpatasvir in pediatric patients 3 years of age and older:

Body weight	Dosing of sofosbuvir/velpatasvir
Less than 17 kg	One 150 mg/37.5 mg pellet packet once daily
17 kg to less than 30 kg	One 200 mg50 mg pellet packet OR tablet once daily
At least 30 kg Two 200 mg/50 mg pellet packets once daily OR one 400	
	mg/100 mg tablet once daily

Table 4: Recommended dosage of glecaprevir/pibrentasvir in pediatric patients 3 years of age and older:

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Body weight	Dosing of glecaprevir/pibrentasvir
Less than 20 kg	Three 50mg/20 mg pellet packets once daily
20 kg to less than 30 kg	Four 50 mg/20 mg pellet packets once daily
30 kg to less than 45 kg	Five 50 mg/20 mg pellet packets once daily
45 kg and greater OR 12 years of age and older	Three 100mg/40 mg tablets once daily
12 years of age and older	



HEREDITARY ANGIOEDEMA (HAE)

Affected Medications: BERINERT, CINRYZE, ICATIBANT ACETATE, SAJAZIR, HAEGARDA, RUCONEST, KALBITOR,

TAKHZYRO, ORLADEYO

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Hereditary angioedema (HAE) official diagnosis documented in member's chart AND Laboratory confirmed diagnosis for HAE Type I or II: Low C4 level (C4 below the lower limit of normal as defined by the laboratory performing test) AND one of the following: C1-inhibitor functional level less than 50% of the lower limit of normal as defined by the laboratory performing test OR C1-inhibitor antigenic level less than 50% of the lower limit of normal as defined by the laboratory performing test OR
	 Family history of angioedema and the angioedema was refractory to a trial of antihistamine (e.g., diphenhydramine) for at least one month or confirmed factor 12 (FXII) mutation All other causes of acquired angioedema (e.g., medications, auto-immune diseases) have been excluded Documentation of requested number of units or doses and current weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Acute Treatment For requests to treat 3 or less attacks per month: Documentation of requested number of units or doses and current weight. Documentation of number of attacks requiring treatment in the past year. Authorization for therapy for acute treatment will provide a sufficient quantity to cover the number of attacks experienced in the last year plus 1 additional dose. Limited to having medication on hand to treat average number of acute attacks per month plus 1 additional dose.
	Berinert: Treatment of acute attacks 20 units/kg IV



- Icatibant Acetate: Treatment of acute attacks 30mg SQ. Additional doses may be administered at 6-hour intervals if response is inadequate or symptoms recur. Maximum 3 doses in 24 hours
- **Ruconest**: 50 units/kg IV, not to exceed 4200 units per dose. If attack symptoms persist, a second dose may be administered. Not to exceed 2 doses in 24 hours. (Effectiveness not demonstrated in patients with laryngeal attacks)
 - If 18 years or older, requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to icatibant acetate

OR

 If under 18 years of age, requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to Berinert

OR

- Currently receiving treatment with Ruconest, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs.
- **Kalbitor**: Treatment of acute attacks 30mg SQ. If attack persists, an additional dose of 30mg may be given within 24 hours.
 - If 18 years or older, requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to icatibant acetate

OR

 If under 18 years of age, requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to Berinert

OR

- Currently receiving treatment with Kalbitor, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs
- For requests to treat more than 3 attacks per month:
 - Documentation of number of attacks requiring treatment in the past year
 - Documentation of current treatment or failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for avoidance of prophylactic therapies such as Haegarda, Takhzyro, Cinryze
 - Authorization for therapy for acute treatment will provide a sufficient quantity to cover the number of attacks experienced in the last year plus 1 additional dose. Limited to having medication on hand to treat average number of acute attacks per month plus 1 additional dose



<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of number of acute attacks treated in the past year AND documentation of treatment success defined as reduction of frequency and severity of HAE attack episodes by greater than or equal to 50% from baseline

Prophylaxis

- Documentation of number of attacks requiring treatment in the past year
- At least ONE of the following:
 - o Disabling symptoms for at least 5 days per month
 - Laryngeal edema or history of laryngeal edema
 - A history of self-limiting, non-inflammatory subcutaneous angioedema, without urticaria, which is recurrent and lasts greater than 12 hours
 - Self-limiting, recurrent abdominal pain without a clear organic cause lasting greater than 6 hours

AND

- A history of TWO or more severe attack(s) per month on average for the past 3 months (defined as an attack that significantly interrupts daily activities despite short-term treatment)
- Cinryze Prophylaxis: 1000 units IV twice a week.
 - Requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to Haegarda AND Takhzyro

OR

- Currently receiving treatment with Cinryze for prophylaxis, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs and have had a greater than or equal to 50% reduction of frequency and severity of HAE attacks requiring acute therapy from baseline
- Doses up to 2,500 units (not exceeding 100 units/kg) may be appropriate if inadequate response with 1000 units
- Orladeyo Prophylaxis: 150 mg once daily.
 - Requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to Haegarda AND Takhzyro

OR

 Currently receiving treatment with Orladeyo for prophylaxis, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs and have had a greater than or equal to 50% reduction of frequency and severity of HAE attacks requiring acute therapy from baseline



	Haegarda Prophylaxis: 60 units/kg SC twice a week
	Takhzyro Prophylaxis: If patient is dosing every 2 weeks and has been attack free for 6 months, dosing will be reduced to every 4 weeks 2 years of age to less than 6: 150 mg SC every 4 weeks 6 years of age to less than 12: 150 mg SC every 2 weeks 12 years of age and older: 300 mg SC every 2 weeks Reauthorization requires documentation of number of acute HAE attacks treated in the past year AND documentation of treatment success defined as reduction of frequency and severity of HAE attack episodes requiring acute therapy by greater than or equal to 50% from baseline
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced for all medical infusion drugs
Exclusion Criteria:	 Documentation that the requested acute treatment drug will not be used in combination with another acute HAE drug such as Berinert, Ruconest or Icatibant Acetate Documentation that the requested prophylactic treatment drug will not be used in combination with another prophylactic HAE drug such as Haegarda, Takhzyro, Cinryze Orladeyo in the setting of End-Stage Renal Disease or those requiring hemodialysis
Age Restriction:	 Berinert: Approved for acute treatment of HAE attacks in adult and pediatric patients Cinryze: Approved for routine prophylaxis of HAE attacks in patients 6 years and older Icatibant Acetate: Approved for acute treatment of HAE attacks in patients 18 and older Haegarda: Approved for routine prophylaxis of HAE attacks in patients 6 years and older Ruconest: Approved for acute treatment of HAE attacks (non-laryngeal) in patients 13 and older Kalbitor: Approved for acute treatment of HAE attacks in patients 12 years and older Takhzyro: Approved for routine prophylaxis of HAE attacks in patients 2 years and older Orladeyo: Approved for routine prophylaxis of HAE attacks in patients 12 years and older Orladeyo: Approved for routine prophylaxis of HAE attacks in patients 12 years and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist/immunologist or physician that specializes in HAE or related disorders.
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



HEREDITARY TYROSINEMIA (HT-1)

Affected Medications: NITISINONE, ORFADIN SUSPENSION

r	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	Hereditary tyrosinemia type 1 (HT-1)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of hereditary tyrosinemia type 1 confirmed by:
Information:	Presence of succinylacetone (SA) in urine or blood
	 Genetic testing showing a mutation in the gene encoding
	fumarylacetoacetate hydrolase (FAH)
	Current patient weight
Appropriate Treatment	Use as an adjunct to dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine
Regimen & Other	Orfadin suspension requires:
Criteria:	 A documented medical inability to use nitisinone capsules
	Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success confirmed by:
	Reduction in urine or plasma succinylacetone from baseline
	Documentation of dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine
Exclusion Criteria:	Use without dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, physicians that specializes in the treatment of
Restrictions:	hereditary tyrosinemia or related disorders
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



HISTRELIN

Affected Medications: SUPPRELIN LA (histrelin acetate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
Covered Oses.	
	plan design.
	Central precocious puberty (CPP)
	Gender dysphoria
Required Medical	Central Precocious puberty
Information:	Documentation of CPP confirmed by basal luteinizing hormone (LH), follicle-stimulating
	hormone (FSH), and either estradiol or testosterone concentrations
	Gender Dysphoria
	Documentation of all the following:
	 Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and
	testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty
	 Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent
	 The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent for treatment
	 Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled
	 Arry significant medical of mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed
	mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most
	current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health
	(WPATH) Standards of Care
Appropriate	All Indications
Treatment	Approval requires rationale for avoidance of Lupron formulations
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	Equal or greater than 2 years old
Prescriber	Central Precocious Puberty: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Restrictions:	Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in
	the treatment of gender dysphoria
Coverage	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



Hormone supplementation under 18 years of age

Affected Medications: Depo-Estradiol oil, estradiol twice weekly patch, estradiol weekly patch, estradiol tablets, estradiol valerate oil, estropipate, Testosterone Cypionate solution, Testosterone Enanthate solution, Testosterone gel

PA applies to New Starts only

Covered Heart	
Covered Uses:	Gender dysphoria
	Applies to patients under the age of 18
Required Medical	Gender dysphoria
Information:	Documentation of all the following:
	 Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and
	testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty
	 Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent
	 The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent for treatment
	 Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled
	 A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed
	mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most
	current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health
	(WPATH) Standards of Care
	Note: For requests following pubertal suppression therapy, an updated or new
	comprehensive mental health evaluation must be provided prior to initiation of hormone
	supplementation
Appropriate	<u>Transdermal Testosterone</u>
Treatment	Requires documented failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for avoidance of the
Regimen & Other	testosterone injections
Criteria:	
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in
Restrictions:	the treatment of gender dysphoria
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



HYALURONIC ACID DERIVATIVES

Affected Medications: EUFLEXXA, GENVISC 850, GEL-ONE, GEL-SYN, HYALGAN, HYMOVIS, MONOVISC, ORTHOVISC, SUPARTZ, SYNVISC, SYNVISC-ONE, TRI-VISC, DUROLANE, SYNOJOYNT, TRILURON, VISCO-3

Covered Uses:	 Hyaluronic Acid products are excluded from coverage per the Oregon Health Authority See Guideline Note #104, which states "CPT 20610 and 20611 are included on these lines only for interventions other than viscosupplementation for osteoarthritis of the knee."
Required Medical	
Information:	
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	



HYDROCORTISONE ORAL GRANULES

Affected Medications: ALKINDI SPRINKLE (hydrocortisone oral granules)

Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Glucocorticoid replacement therapy in pediatric patients with adrenocortical insufficiency Diagnosis of adrenal insufficiency confirmed with an adrenal stimulation test Current body surface area (or height and weight to calculate) Current height and weight velocity For adolescents, evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open Complete treatment plan including dose in mg/m²/day
Appropriate Treatment	Documented treatment failure with a 6-month trial of two or more of the
Regimen & Other	following:
Criteria:	 Hydrocortisone tablets
	 Cortisone acetate tablets
	Prednisolone or prednisone tablets
	 Compounded hydrocortisone oral capsules or solution
	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed the following:
	 Starting dose: 8-10 mg/m²/day in 3 divided doses
	 When switching from other oral hydrocortisone formulations, use the
	same total hydrocortisone dosage
	 Infants with Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia may start at a dose of 8-15
	mg/m²/day in 3 divided doses
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in adolescents who have achieved their adult height
	Use for stress dosing
	Use in acute treatment of adrenal crisis or acute adrenal insufficiency
_	Long term use with strong CYP3A4 inducers, unless medically necessary
Age Restriction:	Less than 18 years of age
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



HYPOXIA-INDUCIBLE FACTOR PROLYL HYDROXYLASE (HIF PH) INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: JESDUVROQ (daprodustat), VAFSEO (vadadustat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Anemia due to chronic kidney disease (CKD) in adults who have been receiving
	dialysis
Required Medical	Diagnosis of anemia due to CKD
Information:	Documentation of dialysis use for:
	 Jesduvroq: 4 or more months
	 Vafseo: 3 or more months
	 Documentation of pretreatment hemoglobin level greater than 8 g/dL and less than 12 g/dL
	Adequate iron stores as indicated by current (within the last three months) serum
	ferritin level greater than or equal to 100 mcg/L or serum transferrin saturation greater than or equal to 20%
Appropriate	Documentation of ONE of the following:
Treatment	 Documented hypo-responsiveness to an erythropoiesis stimulating agent (ESA),
Regimen & Other	defined as the need for ONE of the following:
Criteria:	■ Greater than 300 IU/kg per week of epoetin alfa
	■ Greater than 1.5 mcg/kg per week of darbepoetin
	o Intolerance to all ESAs
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and hemoglobin of greater than 8 g/dL and less than 12 g/dL
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with ESAs
	Current uncontrolled hypertension
	Active malignancy
	 For Jesduvroq: Major adverse cardiac events (such as myocardial infarction, acute coronary syndrome, stroke, transient ischemic attack, venous thromboembolism) within 3 months prior to starting treatment
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by or in consultation with a specialist, such as a hematologist or nephrologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial authorization: 6 months
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months



POLICY NAME: IBREXAFUNGERP

Affected Medications: BREXAFEMME (ibrexafungerp)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of vulvovaginal candidiasis (VVC)
	 Reduction in the incidence of recurrent vulvovaginal candidiasis (RVVC)
Required Medical	All Indications
Information:	 Documented presence of signs/symptoms of current acute vulvovaginal candidiasis with a positive potassium hydroxide (KOH) test
	 Documentation confirming that the patient is not pregnant and is on contraceptive for length of planned treatment
	 RVVC Documentation of three or more episodes of symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis infection within the past 12 months
Appropriate	VVC
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with both of the following for the current VVC episode:
Regimen & Other	 Vaginally administered treatment (such as clotrimazole cream, miconazole
Criteria:	cream, terconazole cream or suppository)
	 A 7-day course of fluconazole taken orally every third day for a total of 3 doses (days 1, 4, and 7)
	RVVC
	Documented disease recurrence following 10 to 14 days of induction therapy with a
	topical antifungal agent or oral fluconazole, followed by fluconazole 150 mg once per week for 6 months
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in
	symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis episodes, and documentation supporting the need for additional treatment.
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization (VVC): 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Authorization (RVVC): 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ICOSAPENT ETHYL

Affected Medications: icosapent ethyl

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Cardiovascular risk reduction with hypertriglyceridemia
	Severe hypertriglyceridemia
Required Medical	Cardiovascular Risk Reduction with Hypertriglyceridemia
Information:	Documented current triglyceride level of at least 150 mg/dL, despite current therapy
	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Established cardiovascular disease (CVD) (e.g., coronary artery disease,
	cerebrovascular disease, peripheral artery disease)
	 Diabetes mellitus and 2 or more risk factors for CVD (e.g., hypertension,
	cigarette smoking, chronic kidney disease, family history of CVD)
	Severe Hypertriglyceridemia
_	Documented current triglyceride level of at least 500 mg/dL
Appropriate	<u>Cardiovascular Risk Reduction with Hypertriglyceridemia</u>
Treatment	Documentation of minimum 12 weeks of consistent statin therapy at maximum
Regimen & Other	tolerated dose prior to request AND treatment plan includes intent to continue statin
Criteria:	therapy with icosapent ethyl
	Course How autotalous aid and
	Severe Hypertriglyceridemia Desumentation of inadequate response with minimum 12 week trial of fonefibrate
	Documentation of inadequate response with minimum 12-week trial of fenofibrate
	AND omega-3-acid ethyl esters (generic Lovaza)
	Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response
	to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.
Duration:	
	l ·



ILOPROST

Drug Name: VENTAVIS (iloprost)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
documentation:	 Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criterias: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg, Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg, Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class III or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen:	 Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to the following therapy classes is required: PDE5 inhibitors AND Endothelin receptor antagonists (exception WHO Functional Class IV) Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Provider Restriction:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or a pulmonologist
Approval Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified



ILARIS

Affected Medications: ILARIS (canakinumab)

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 - Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Associated Periodic Syndrome (TRAPS),
 Hyperimmunoglobulin D syndrome (HIDS)/Mevalonate Kinase Deficiency (MKD),
 Familial Mediterranean Fever (FMF), Adult-Onset Still's Disease (AOSD), Systemic
 Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (SJIA), Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS),
 Gout Flares

Required Medical Information:

Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Associated Periodic Syndrome (TRAPS)

Confirmed diagnosis of TRAPS with frequent and/or severe recurrent disease (such as recurrent fevers, prominent myalgias, migratory rash, periorbital edema) AND documented genetic defect of TNFRSF1A gene

Hyperimmunoglobulin D syndrome (HIDS)/Mevalonate Kinase Deficiency (MKD)

- Confirmed diagnosis with one of the following:
 - o Elevated serum IgD with or without elevated IgA
 - Genetic testing showing presence of heterozygous or homozygous mutation in the mevalonate kinase (MVK) gene
- Documentation of 3 or more febrile acute flares within a 6 month period

Still's Disease

- Confirmed diagnosis of Still's Disease, including Adult-Onset Still's Disease (AOSD) and Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (SJIA) in patients aged 2 years and older
- Documented clinical signs and symptoms including fever, rash, arthritis, arthralgia, myalgia, pharyngitis, pulmonary disease, elevated liver enzymes, C-reactive protein (CRP), erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), serum ferritin

Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS)

- Confirmed diagnosis of CAPS in patients 4 years and older including Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS) or Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS) with one of the following:
 - Elevated inflammatory markers such as CRP and serum amyloid A with two of the following manifestations:
 - Urticaria-like rash, cold-triggered episodes, sensorineural hearing loss, musculoskeletal symptoms, chronic aseptic meningitis, skeletal abnormalities
 - Genetic testing showing presence of NALP3 mutations

Gout Flares

Confirmed diagnosis of gout that is refractory to standard therapies



	Documentation of having 3 or more gout flares in the past 12 months
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 TRAPS Documented clinical failure to <u>episodic treatment</u> with Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), glucocorticoids (prednisone or prednisolone) and at least a 12-week trial with Enbrel
	 HIDS/MKD Documented treatment failure to <u>episodic treatment</u> with nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), glucocorticoids, and anakinra
	 FMF Documented treatment failure with maximal tolerable dose of colchicine (3 mg daily in adults and 2 mg daily in children) AND
	Documentation of frequent and/or severe recurrence disease despite adequate treatment with at least 12 weeks of Anakinra
	Still's Disease ■ Documentation of frequent and/or severe recurrence disease despite adequate treatment with a minimum 12-week trial with each of the following: □ NSAIDs or Glucocorticoids □ Methotrexate or leflunomide □ Kineret (anakinra) □ Actemra (tocilizumab)
	 CAPS Documentation of failure with a minimum 12-week trial with anakinra or contraindication to use
	 Gout Flares Documented treatment failure with all the following for the symptomatic treatment of gout flares: ○ Prescription strength NSAIDs (naproxen, indomethacin, diclofenac, meloxicam, or celecoxib) ○ Colchicine ○ Glucocorticoids (oral or intraarticular)
	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success



Exclusion	• Treatment of neonatal onset multisystem inflammatory disorder (NOMID) or chronic infantile
Criteria:	neurological cutaneous and articular syndrome (CINCA), rheumatoid arthritis, chronic
	obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), type 2 diabetes mellitus
	 When used in combination with tumor necrosis factor (TNF) blocking agents (e.g., Enbrel, Humira, Cimzia, Infliximab, Simponi), Kineret, Arcalyst
	Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed under covered uses
Age Restriction:	FMF, HIDS/MKD, juvenile idiopathic arthritis, TRAPS: 2 years of age and older
	CAPS: 4 years of age and older
	Gout Flares: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist/Immunologist/Rheumatologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: IMMUNE GLOBULIN

Affected Medications: ASCENIV, BIVIGAM, FLEBOGAMMA, GAMMAGARD LIQUID/S-D, GAMMAPLEX, GAMUNEX-C, GAMASTAN, OCTAGAM, PRIVIGEN, PANZYGA, ALYGLO

Covered Uses:

- Food and Drug Administration-approved and compendia-supported uses not otherwise excluded by plan design as follows:
 - o Primary immunodeficiency (PID)/Wiskott Aldrich syndrome
 - Idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura (ITP)
 - Guillain-Barre Syndrome (Acute inflammatory polyneuropathy)
 - o Pediatric HIV: Bacterial control or prevention
 - Myasthenia Gravis
 - o Dermatomyositis/Polymyositis
 - Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) and bone marrow transplant
 - o Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant
 - Kawasaki's disease (Pediatric)
 - o Fetal alloimmune thrombocytopenia (FAIT)
 - Hemolytic disease of the newborn
 - Auto-immune Mucocutaneous Blistering Diseases
 - Chronic lymphocytic leukemia with associated hypogammaglobulinemia (CLL)
 - Toxic Shock Syndrome
 - Pediatric Acute-Onset Neuropsychiatric Syndrome (PANS)/Pediatric Autoimmune
 Neuropsychiatric Disorder Associated with Streptococcal Infections (PANDAS)

Initial Approval Criteria:

Primary immunodeficiency (PID)/Wiskott - Aldrich syndrome

Includes but not limited to: X-linked agammaglobulinemia, common variable immunodeficiency (CVID), transient hypogammaglobulinemia of infancy, IgG subclass deficiency with or without IgA deficiency, antibody deficiency with near normal immunoglobulin levels) and combined deficiencies (severe combined immunodeficiencies, ataxia-telangiectasia, x-linked lymphoproliferative syndrome)

- Documentation of one of the following:
 - o IgG level less than 200
 - Low IgG levels (below the laboratory reference range lower limit of normal) AND a history of multiple hard to treat infections as indicated by at least one of the following:
 - Four or more ear infections within 1 year
 - Two or more serious sinus infections within 1 year
 - Two or more months of antibiotics with little effect
 - Two or more pneumonias within 1 year



- Recurrent or deep skin abscesses
- Need for intravenous antibiotics to clear infections
- Two or more deep-seated infections including septicemia; AND
- Documentation showing a deficiency in producing antibodies in response to vaccination including all the following:
 - o Titers that were drawn before challenging with vaccination
 - o Titers that were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks after vaccination

Idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura (ITP)

For Acute disease state:

• Documented use to manage acute bleeding due to severe thrombocytopenia (platelet counts less than 30,000/microliter)

OR

• To increase platelet counts prior to invasive surgical procedures, such as splenectomy. (Platelet counts less than 100,000/microliter)

OR

 Documented severe thrombocytopenia (platelet counts less than 20,000/microliter) and is considered to be at risk for intracerebral hemorrhage

Chronic Immune Thrombocytopenia (CIT):

- Documentation of increased risk for bleeding as indicated by a platelet count less than 30,000/microliter
- History of failure, contraindication, or intolerance with corticosteroids
- Duration of illness more than 6 months

Guillain-Barre Syndrome (Acute inflammatory polyneuropathy)

- Documentation that the disease is severe (aid required to walk)
- Onset of symptoms are recent (less than 1 month)

Pediatric HIV: Bacterial control or prevention

- Approved for those 13 years of age and younger with HIV diagnosis
- Documented hypogammaglobulinemia (IgG less than 400mg/dL)

OR

 Functional antibody deficiency as demonstrated by either poor specific antibody titers or recurrent bacterial infections

Myasthenia Gravis

Documented myasthenic crisis (impending respiratory or bulbar compromise)



- Documented use for an exacerbation (difficulty swallowing, acute respiratory failure, functional disability leading to discontinuation of physical activity)
- Documented failure with conventional therapy alone (azathioprine, cyclosporine and/or cyclophosphamide)

Dermatomyositis/Polymyositis

- Documented severe active disease state on physical exam
- Documentation of at least two of the following:
 - Proximal muscle weakness in all upper and/or lower limbs
 - o Elevated serum creatine kinase (CK) or aldolase level
 - o Interstitial lung disease (ILD)
 - Skin findings such as Gottron papules, Gottron sign, heliotrope eruption, poikiloderma
 - Nailfold abnormalities
 - Hyperkeratosis and fissuring of palms and lateral fingers
- Documented failure with a trial of corticosteroids (such as prednisone)
- Documented failure with a trial of an immunosuppressant (Methotrexate, azathioprine, cyclophosphamide)

Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) and bone marrow transplant

Coverage is provided for one or more of the following:

- Suppression of panel reactive anti-HLA antibodies prior to transplantation
- Treatment of antibody mediated rejection of solid organ transplantation
- Prevention of cytomegalovirus (CMV) induced pneumonitis

Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant

- Approved in use for prevention of acute Graft- Versus- Host Disease (GVHD) or infection (such as cytomegalovirus)
- Documentation that the bone marrow transplant (BMT) was allogeneic
- Transplant was less than 100 days ago

Kawasaki's Disease (Pediatric)

- Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of Kawasaki's disease
- 13 years of age or under

Fetal alloimmune thrombocytopenia (FAIT)

Documentation of one or more of the following:



- Previous FAIT pregnancy
- o Family history of the disease
- Screening reveals platelet alloantibodies
- Authorization is valid until delivery date only

Hemolytic disease of the newborn

• Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of hemolytic disease in newborn patient

Auto-immune Mucocutaneous Blistering Diseases

- Diagnosis confirmed by biopsy of one of the following:
 - Pemphigus vulgaris
 - o Pemphigus foliaceus
 - o Bullous Pemphigoid
 - o Mucous Membrane Pemphigoid (Cicatricial Pemphigoid)
 - o Epidermolysis bullosa aquisita
 - Pemphigus gestationis (Herpes gestationis)
 - Linear IgA dermatosis
- Documented severe disease that is extensive and debilitating
- Disease is progressive and refractory to a trial of conventional combination therapy with corticosteroids and immunosuppressive treatment (azathioprine, cyclophosphamide, mycophenolate mofetil)

Chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) with associated hypogammaglobulinemia

- Documentation of an IgG level less than 500 mg/dL
- A documented history of recurrent or chronic infections that have required intravenous antibiotics or hospitalization

Toxic Shock Syndrome

Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of toxic shock syndrome

Pediatric Acute-Onset Neuropsychiatric Syndrome (PANS)/Pediatric Autoimmune Neuropsychiatric Disorder Associated with Streptococcal Infections (PANDAS)

- A clinically appropriate trial of two or more less-intensive treatments was either not
 effective, not tolerated, or did not result in sustained improvement in symptoms, as
 measured by a lack of clinically meaningful improvement on a validated instrument directed
 at the patient's primary symptom complex. Treatments may be given concurrently or
 sequentially and may include:
 - o Selective-serotonin reuptake inhibitor SSRI (e.g., Fluoxetine, fluvoxamine, sertraline)
 - Behavioral therapy



- Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) drugs (e.g., naproxen, diclofenac, ibuprofen)
- o Oral and IV corticosteroids (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone)
- Documentation of a consultation with a pediatric subspecialist (or adult subspecialist for adolescents) and the consulted subspecialist and the patient's primary care provider recommend the treatment

Renewal Criteria:

Primary immunodeficiency (PID)

 Renewal requires disease response as evidenced by a decrease in the frequency and/or severity of infections

Chronic Immune Thrombocytopenia (Chronic ITP or CIT)

Renewal requires disease response as indicated by the achievement and maintenance of a
platelet count of at least 50 as necessary to reduce the risk for bleeding

Pediatric HIV: Bacterial control or prevention

• Age 13 years or less

Dermatomyositis/Polymyositis

- Renewal requires documentation that CPK (Creatine phosphokinase) levels are lower upon renewal request AND
- Documentation of clinically significant improvement above baseline per physical exam Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) and bone marrow transplant
- Renewal requires documentation of clinically significant disease response

Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant

- Renewal requires documentation that the IgG is less than or equal to 400mg/dL; AND
- Therapy does not exceed one year past date of allogeneic bone marrow transplantation

Auto-immune mucocutaneous blistering diseases:

 Renewal requires a documented clinically significant improvement over baseline per physical exam

Chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) with associated hypogammaglobulinemia

 Renewal requires disease response as evidenced by a decrease in the frequency and/or severity of infections

Pediatric Acute-Onset Neuropsychiatric Syndrome (PANS)/Pediatric Autoimmune Neuropsychiatric Disorder Associated with Streptococcal Infections (PANDAS)

- Renewal requires all the following:
 - o Documentation of a clinical reevaluation at three months after treatment initiation
 - Documentation of clinically meaningful improvement in the results of clinical testing with a validated instrument (which must be performed pretreatment and posttreatment)



Dosing and Coverage Duration:

- Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
- Approval durations are as stated below, unless otherwise specified

Indication	Dose	Approval Duration
PID	Up to 800 mg/kg every 3 to 4 weeks	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
ITP	1 g/kg once daily for 1-2 days May be repeated monthly for chronic ITP	Acute ITP:
FAIT	1 g/kg/week until delivery	Authorization is valid until delivery date only
Kawasaki's Disease (pediatric patients)	Up to 2 g/kg x 1 single dose	Approval: 1 month only
CLL	400 mg/kg every 3 to 4 weeks	Approval: up to 6 months
Pediatric HIV	400 mg/kg every 28 days	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
Guillain-Barre	400 mg/kg once daily for 5 days	Approval: maximum of 2 rounds of therapy within 6 weeks of onset; 2 months maximum
Myasthenia Gravis	Up to 2 g/kg x 1 dose (acute attacks)	Approval: 1 month (one course of treatment)
Auto- immune blistering diseases	Up to 2 g/kg divided over 5 days in a 28-day cycle	Approval: up to 6 months
Dermatomyositis /Polymyositis	2 g/kg given over 2-5 days in a 28-day cycle	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 6 months
Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell	500 mg/kg/week x 90 days, then 500 mg/kg/month up to one-year post-	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: until up to



	Turnanlant	tue a colo at	and year nost transplant
	Transplant	transplant	one-year post-transplant
	Complications of transplanted solid organ: (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) transplant	2 g/kg divided over 5 days in a 28-day cycle	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
	Toxic shock syndrome	1 g/kg on day 1, followed by 500 mg/kg once daily on days 2 and 3	Approval: 1 month (one course of treatment)
	Hemolytic disease of the newborn	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Approval: 1 month (one course of treatment)
	PANS/PANDAS	Each dose: Up to 2 g/kg divided over 2-5 days	Initial: up to 3 months (3 monthly doses) Reauthorization: up to 3 months (3 monthly doses)
			Total 6 monthly doses only
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	•	by a specialist for the condition beir munologist, hematologist)	ng treated (such as neurologist,



INCLISIRAN

Affected Medications: LEQVIO (inclisiran subcutaneous injection)

7	is: LEQVIO (Inclisiran subcutaneous injection)	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia-supported indications not	
	otherwise excluded by plan design	
	 Primary hyperlipidemia (including heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia 	
	[HeFH])	
	 Secondary prevention in atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) 	
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of baseline (untreated) low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C)	
	Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH	
	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:	
	 Minimum baseline LDL-C of 160 mg/dL in adolescents or 190 mg/dL in adults AND 1 	
	first-degree relative affected	
	 Presence of one abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defect (e.g., LDL receptor [LDLR], 	
	apolipoprotein B [apo B], proprotein convertase subtilisin kexin type 9 [PCSK9] loss-	
	of-function mutation, or LDL receptor adaptor protein 1 [LDLRAP1])	
	 World Health Organization (WHO)/Dutch Lipid Network criteria score of at least 8 	
	points	
	 Definite FH diagnosis per the Simon Broome criteria 	
	Clinical ASCVD	
	Documentation of established ASCVD, confirmed by at least ONE of the following:	
	 Acute coronary syndromes (ACS) 	
	 History of myocardial infarction (MI) 	
	 Stable or unstable angina 	
	 Coronary or other arterial revascularization 	
	 Stroke or transient ischemic attack 	
	 Peripheral artery disease (PAD) presumed to be of atherosclerotic origin 	
Appropriate	All Indications	
Treatment	Documentation of intent to take alongside maximally tolerated doses of statin and/or	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	ezetimibe, unless otherwise contraindicated	
Criteria:	History of statin intolerance requires documentation of the following:	
	 Minimum of three different statin trials, with at least one hydrophilic (rosuvastatin, 	
	pravastatin)	
	 Documentation of statin-associated muscle symptoms, which stopped when statin 	
	therapy was discontinued and restarted when re-challenged	
	History of statin-associated rhabdomyolysis requires documentation of elevation in	
	creatinine kinase (CK) level to at least 10 times the upper limit of normal, in concurrence	



	with statin use	
	Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH	h minimum 12 week trial with ALL the following shows
		h minimum 12-week trial with ALL the following, shown
		tion of 50% or greater OR LDL-C less than 100 mg/dL:
		nation statin/ezetimibe therapy
	o Repatha OR Praluent	
	Clinical ASCVD	
	Documented treatment failure with	h minimum 12 weeks of consistent maximally tolerated
	combination statin/ezetimibe there	apy, as shown by ONE of the following:
	o Current LDL-C of at least 70	O mg/dL
		5 mg/dL in patients at very high risk of future ASCVD
		f multiple major ASCVD events OR 1 major ASCVD event
	+ multiple high-risk conditi	,
	Documented treatment failure or i	ntolerance to minimum 12-week trial of Repatha OR
	Praluent	
	Major ASCVD Events	High-Risk Conditions
	ACS within the past 12	Age 65 years and older
	months	HeFH
	History of MI (distinct from ACC assert)	, , , ,
	ACS event) • Ischemic stroke	percutaneous intervention (outside of major ASCVD events)
	Symptomatic PAD	Diabetes
	Symptomatic FAB	Hypertension
		Chronic kidney disease
		Current smoking
		History of congestive heart failure
	Reauthorization will require updated li	pid panel showing a clinically significant reduction in
	pretreatment baseline LDL-C and conti	nued adherence to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with other PCSK9 in	nhibitors
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless others	wise specified



POLICY NAME: INEBILIZUMAB-CDON

Covered Uses:

Affected Medications: UPLIZNA (inebilizumab-cdon)

	plan design	
	•	optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adult patients who are anti- QP4) antibody positive
Required Medical Information:	by all the following: O Documentation	ve aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD confirmed n of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-based assay ternative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis)
	 Acute of Acute of Acute of hiccups Acute of Symptom NMOSI [see table) 	re clinical characteristic: optic neuritis myelitis area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained s or nausea/vomiting) orainstem syndrome omatic narcolepsy OR acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with D-typical diencephalic lesion on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) ble below] cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see below]
	Clinical presentation Diencephalic syndrome	Periependymal lesion Hypothalamic/thalamic
	Acute cerebral syndrome	Extensive periependymal lesion Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion Long corticospinal tract lesion Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded from



	History of at least 1 attack in the past year, or at least 2 attacks in the past 2 years, requiring rescue therapy
Appropriate	Documentation of inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to each of the
Treatment	following:
Regimen &	 Rituximab (preferred products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience)
Other Criteria:	 Satralizumab-mwge (Enspryng)
Exclusion	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
	Active Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) infection
Criteria:	Active or untreated latent tuberculosis
	Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



INFLIXIMAB

Affected Medications: INFLECTRA, AVSOLA, REMICADE, INFLIXIMAB (J1745) INTRAVENOUS (IV) SOLUTION

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 - Plaque Psoriasis (PP)
 - o Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
 - Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)
 - Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS)
 - Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)
 - Crohn's Disease (CD)
 - Ulcerative Colitis (UC)
- Compendia-supported uses that will be covered
 - Uveitis
 - Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)
 - o Generalized Pustular Psoriasis (GPP) Flare

Required Medical Information:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale)
 - Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
 - Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
 - o Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment as defined by one of the following:
 - Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater
 - Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
 - Severe disease on other validated tools
 - Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction

AND

- Documentation of one or more of the following:
 - o At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment

OR

o Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement

Psoriatic Arthritis

 Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes:



- Skin psoriasis: present two points, OR previously present by history one point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
- o Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
- o Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
- Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
- Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point

Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis

- Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by sacroiliitis on imaging AND at least 1 spondyloarthritis feature:
 - o Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
 - Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
 - Insidious onset
 - Improvement with exercise
 - No improvement with rest
 - Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
 - Arthritis
 - o Enthesitis
 - Uveitis
 - Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
 - Psoriasis
 - o Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
 - Good response to nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
 - Family history of SpA
 - Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP)

OR

- HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
- Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale

Ulcerative Colitis and Crohn's Disease

- Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy
- Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment

Uveitis

Documented diagnosis of noninfectious intermediate, posterior, or panuveitis

Hidradenitis Suppurativa

- Diagnosis of moderate to severe HS as defined by Hurley stage II or stage III disease
- Documentation of baseline count of abscesses and inflammatory nodules

Generalized Pustular Psoriasis Flare

- Diagnosis of generalized pustular psoriasis as confirmed by the following:
 - The presence of widespread sterile pustules arising on erythematous skin



- Pustulation is not restricted to psoriatic plaques
- Signs and symptoms of an acute GPP flare of moderate-to-severe intensity as follows:
 - A Generalized Pustular Psoriasis Physician Global Assessment (GPPGA) score of greater than or equal to 3
 - A GPPGA pustulation score of greater than or equal to 2 (moderate to very highdensity pustules)
 - Greater than or equal to 5% body surface are (BSA) covered with erythema and the presence of pustules

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

All Indications

- Coverage of Remicade, Infliximab (J1745), or Renflexis requires documentation of one of the following:
 - A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Inflectra, Avsola, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- · Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)

Plaque Psoriasis

• Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies: methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - o If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)

Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis

- Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each OR
- For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid

Crohn's disease

- Documented treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for minimum of 12 weeks trial: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR
- Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease
 OR
- Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following:
 - Fistulizing disease



- Stricture
- Presence of abscess/phlegmon
- Deep ulcerations
- Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal involvement

Uveitis

 Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of TWO of the following: an immunosuppressive agent such as: methotrexate, azathioprine, mycophenolate or a calcineurin inhibitor such as cyclosporine, tacrolimus

Hidradenitis Suppurativa

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of oral antibiotics (such as doxycycline, tetracycline, minocycline, or clindamycin plus rifampin)
- Documented failure with 8 weeks on a systemic retinoid (isotretinoin or acitretin)

Ulcerative Colitis

 Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine

OR

 Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for ulcerative colitis

Generalized Pustular Psoriasis Flare

- Documented 1 week treatment failure of acute disease flare (or documented intolerable adverse event) with:
 - Cyclosporine

<u>QL</u>

- Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
- CD/UC/HS: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter. For those who respond and lose response, consideration may be given to treatment with 10 mg/kg
- PsA/PP/GPP: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter
- RA: 3 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter. For those with an incomplete response, consideration may be given for dosing up to 10 mg/kg or as often as every 4 weeks
- AS: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 6 weeks thereafter

Reauthorization

Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy



Exclusion	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is
Criteria: Age Restriction:	not a covered benefit
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/ dermatologist/ophthalmologist/gastroenterologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



INTERFERONS FOR MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS

Affected Medications: AVONEX (interferon beta-1a), BETASERON (interferon beta-1b), EXTAVIA (interferon beta-1b), PLEGRIDY (pegylated interferon beta-1a), REBIF (interferon beta-1a)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following:
	 Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required Medical	<u>RRMS</u>
Information:	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald
	diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be
	consistent with MS
	<u>CIS</u>
	Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and
	corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense
	lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions
	(periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal
	cord)
	Active SPMS
	Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in
	neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
	Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory
	activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)
	Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate	Betaseron, Plegridy, and Rebif: Documentation of treatment failure with (or
Treatment	intolerance to) at least one preferred product: Avonex, dimethyl fumarate, Extavia,
Regimen & Other	fingolimod, glatiramer, Glatopa
Criteria:	Avonex: Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance to) ALL of the
	following:
	Glatiramer OR Glatopa
	 Dimethyl fumarate OR fingolimod
	No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment
	of MS
	Reauthorization: provider attestation of treatment success



Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



INTRAVITREAL ANTI-VEGF THERAPY

Affected Medications: LUCENTIS (ranibizumab injection), EYLEA (aflibercept), EYLEA HD (aflibercept), BEOVU (brolucizumab), SUSVIMO (ranibizumab implant), VABYSMO (faricimab)

BEOVU (brolucizumab)), SUSVIMO (ranibizumab implant), VABYSMO (faricimab)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Neovascular (Wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD)
	 Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis, Susvimo, Beovu, Vabysmo
	 Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO)
	Eylea, Lucentis, Vabysmo
	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME)
	 Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis, Vabysmo, Beovu
	 Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus
	Eylea, Eylea HD, Lucentis
	 Myopic Choroidal Neovascularization (mCNV)
	Lucentis
	 Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP)
	Eylea
Required Medical	Anticipated treatment course with does and frequency clearly stated in chart notes
Information:	Anticipated treatment course with dose and frequency clearly stated in chart notes.
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Initial approval of any of the following drugs requires documented failure to intravitreal Avastin (bevacizumab) after a minimum 3-month trial, defined as worsening vision, such as losing greater than 15 letters of visual acuity Exception: treatment of ROP
	Eylea Dosing
	Approval requires documentation of one of the following:
	 Treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of
	ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli)
	o Documentation of treatment-naïve ROP in preterm infant 32 weeks or younger
	AMD - 2mg (0.05 ml) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections, followed by 2 mg (0.05ml) every 8 weeks
	 Continued every 4-week dosing requires documented clinical failure to minimum 3 months of every 8-week maintenance dosing
	• RVO - 2 mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks
	DME and DR- 2mg (0.05 ml) every 4 weeks for the first 5 injections followed by 2 mg (0.05 ml) every 8 weeks
	(0.05ml) every 8 weeks
	 ROP – 0.4 mg (0.01 mL) single injection per affected eye(s); may repeat dose after a minimum interval of 10 days



Eylea HD Dosing

- Approval requires documentation of one of the following:
 - Treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli)
- AMD and DME 8 mg (0.07 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections followed by 8 mg (0.07 mL) every 8 to 16 weeks
 - Every 4-week dosing is limited to the first 3 injections only
- **DR** 8 mg (0.07 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections followed by 8 mg (0.07 mL) every 8 weeks to 12 weeks
 - Every 4-week dosing is limited to the first 3 injections only

Lucentis Dosing

- Approval requires documentation of adverse event not attributed to the active ingredient to a biosimilar product (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli)
- AMD and RVO maximum 0.5mg every 4 weeks
- DME and DR 0.3 mg every 28 days
- mCNV 0.5 mg monthly for up to 3 months
- ROP 0.1 to 0.3 mg as a single injection in the affected eye(s); dose may be repeated up to 2 times at a minimum of 28-day intervals

Beovu Dosing

- AMD 6 mg every month for the first three doses, followed by 6 mg every 8-12 weeks
- DME 6 mg every six weeks for the first five doses, followed by 6 mg every 8-12 weeks

Susvimo Dosing

- Must be established on ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli) injections with response to treatment for a minimum of 6 months at standard dosing (0.5mg every 4 weeks)
- AMD- 2mg administered continuously via ocular implant with refills every 24 weeks.

Vabysmo Dosing

- Approval requires documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli)
- AMD 6 mg every 4 weeks for the first 4 injections, followed by 6 mg every 8 to 16 weeks
 - Some patients may require continued every 4-week injections following the initial doses

DME

- Fixed interval regimen: 6 mg every 4 weeks for the first 6 injections, followed by 6 mg every 8 weeks
- Variable interval regimen: 6 mg once every 4 weeks for at least the first 4



	 injections, followed by 6 mg every 4 to 16 weeks (based on visual assessments) Some patients may require continued every 4-week injections following the initial doses RVO - 6 mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks for up to 6 months Reauthorization requires documentation of vision stability defined as losing fewer than 15 letters of visual acuity and/or improvements in visual acuity with evidence of decreased leakage and/or fibrosis (central retinal thickness)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Evidence of a current ocular or periocular infections Active intraocular inflammation (aflibercept)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Coverage	Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) for Vabysmo:
Duration:	Approval: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified
	Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP):
	Approval: 3 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified
	All other indications:
	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



INTRAVITREAL COMPLEMENT INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: SYFOVRE (pegcetacoplan), IZERVAY (avacincaptad pegol)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design	
	 Treatment of geographic atrophy (GA) secondary to age-related macular degeneration (AMD) 	
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of geographic atrophy (GA) secondary to age-related macular degeneration (AMD) confirmed by all the following:	
inomiation.	Fundus Autofluorescence (FAF) imaging showing:	
	■ Total GA area size between 2.5 and 17.5 mm ²	
	 If GA is multifocal, at least 1 focal lesion that is 1.25 mm² or greater 	
	Best-corrected visual acuity (BCVA) using Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study (ETDRS) charts	
	Must be 24 letters or better (approximately 20/320 Snellen equivalent)	
Appropriate	Dosing not to exceed:	
Treatment	 Every 25 day dosing for Syfovre 	
Regimen & Other	 Every 30 day dosing with a maximum duration of 12 months for Izervay 	
Criteria:		
	Reauthorization:	
	<u>Syfovre</u>	
	Documentation of treatment success as determined by treating provider	
	 BCVA remains 24 letters or better 	
	<u>Izervay</u> - No reauthorization – maximum duration up to 12 months	
Exclusion Criteria:	Presence of choroidal neovascularization in the affected eye(s) receiving treatment	
Age Restriction:	60 years of age and older for Syfovre	
	50 years of age and older for Izervay	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist	
Care Restrictions:		
Coverage	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: INTRON-A

Affected Medications: INTRON A (Interferon Alfa-2B)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher Hypereosinophilic Syndrome (HES) in patients that are consistently symptomatic or with evidence of end-organ damage.
Required Medical Information:	 For Hepatitis B and C: Documentation of intolerance to or clinical rationale for avoidance of PEGylated interferon. HES: documentation of steroid resistant disease OR disease responding only to high-dose steroids and the addition of a steroid-sparing agent would be beneficial. Non-lymphocytic variants of HES will also require documented failure with at least 12 weeks of hydroxyurea prior to interferon-alfa approval. Recent liver function tests, comprehensive metabolic panel, complete blood count with differential, TSH (within past 3 months) Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Patients with preexisting cardiac abnormalities and/or advanced cancer: recent electrocardiogram Chest X ray for patients with pulmonary disorders Recent ophthalmologic exam at baseline for all patients Uncontrolled severe mental health illness should be addressed before use and monitored during treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	 Autoimmune hepatitis Decompensated liver disease Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction: Prescriber	 Hepatitis B greater than or equal to 1 year of age Hepatitis C greater than or equal to 3 years of age All other indications greater than or equal to 18 years of age
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: INVEGA INJECTABLES

Affected Medications: INVEGA SUSTENNA (Paliperidone Palmitate Extended-Release Injectable Suspension), INVEGA TRINZA (Paliperidone Palmitate Extended-Release Injectable Suspension), INVEGA HAFYERA (Paliperidone Palmitate Extended-Release Injectable Suspension)

	_ _		
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Schizophrenia (Invega Sustenna, Invega Trinza, and Invega Hafyera) Schizoaffective disorder (Invega Sustenna only) 		
Required Medical Information:	A documented history of non-compliance, refusal to utilize oral medications, or unable to be stabilized on oral medications		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented anticipated dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling Invega Sustenna Documented history of receiving at least one of the following: At least three test doses of oral risperidone At least three test doses of oral paliperidone Invega Sustenna Invega Trinza Adequate treatment has been established with Invega Sustenna for at least 4 months Documented anticipated dose and dosing schedule Invega Hafyera Adequate treatment has been established with Invega Sustenna for at least 4 months OR with Invega Trinza for at least one three-month injection cycle AND Documented anticipated dose and dosing schedule based on maintenance Invega Sustenna or Invega Trinza maintenance dose Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically 		
Fuelveien Culterie	significant response to therapy		
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of dementia-related psychosis		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist or a psychiatric practice		



Coverage Duration:	•	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME:

ISAVUCONAZONIUM SULFATE

Affected Medications: CRESEMBA (isavuconazonium sulfate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise			
	excluded by plan design			
	 Invasive aspergillosis 			
	 Invasive mucormycosis 			
Required Medical	Diagnosis of invasive aspergillosis or invasive mucormycosis confirmed by one or			
Information:	more of the following:			
	Sputum fungal staining and culture			
	 Biopsy showing aspergillosis or mucormycosis organisms 			
	 Serum biomarkers such as galactomannan, beta-D-glucan assays, or 			
	polymerase chain reaction (PCR) testing			
Appropriate Treatment	Aspergillosis			
Regimen & Other	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least a 6-			
Criteria:	week trial of all the following:			
	o Voriconazole			
	 Posaconazole 			
	33333132313			
	Mucormycosis			
	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least a 6-			
	week trial of one of the following:			
	Amphotericin B (if request is for initial therapy)			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	therapy)			
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically			
	significant response to therapy			
Exclusion Criteria:	Familial short QT syndrome			
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist, transplant			
	physician, or oncologist			
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified			
	Reauthorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified			
	,			



POLICY NAME: ISOTRETINOIN ORAL

Affected Medications: AMNESTEEM ORAL, ISOTRETINOIN ORAL, MYORISAN ORAL, ZENATANE ORAL

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise			
	excluded by plan design			
	 Severe acne 			
	Compendia-supported uses			
	 Hidradenitis suppurative (HS) 			
Required Medical	For all indications			
Information:	Current Weight			
	Severe Acne			
	For age 21 and above:			
	Documentation of persistent or recurrent inflammatory nodules and cysts AND			
	ongoing scarring OR			
	Documentation of acne fulminans OR			
	For Acne Conglobata: documentation of recurrent abscesses or communicating			
	sinuses			
	56555			
	Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)			
	For age 21 and above:			
	Diagnosis of moderate to severe HS as defined by Hurley stage II or stage III			
	disease AND			
	Documentation of baseline count of abscesses and inflammatory nodules			
Appropriate	Severe Acne			
Treatment	Documented trial and failure with at least 80% adherence to 12 continuous weeks			
Regimen & Other	of treatment with one of the following:			
Criteria:	 Oral antibiotic (such as doxycycline or minocycline) 			
	 Topical combination therapy (such as topical antibiotic with topical 			
	retinoid)			
	Hidradenitis Suppurativa			
	Documented trial and failure of at least 12 weeks of oral antibiotics (such as			
	doxycycline, minocycline, or clindamycin plus rifampin)			
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and current			
	cumulative isotretinoin dose			
Exclusion Criteria:	Dosing above 150mg/kg cumulative lifetime dose.			
	Symptoms of depression, mood disturbance, psychosis, or aggression.			
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older			
	,			



Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a Dermatologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 5 months
	Reauthorization: determined by cumulative lifetime dose



POLICY NAME: ITRACONAZOLE

Affected Medications: ITRACONAZOLE 100 mg oral capsule

Affected Medications:	ITRACONAZOLE 100 mg oral capsule		
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded		
	by plan design		
	 Pulmonary and extrapulmonary aspergillosis – salvage therapy 		
	 Pulmonary and extrapulmonary blastomycosis 		
	 Disseminated, non-meningeal histoplasmosis 		
	 Pulmonary histoplasmosis 		
	 Onychomycosis 		
	Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable)		
	Superficial tinea infections		
	 Coccidioidomycosis 		
	 Prophylaxis against invasive fungal infections 		
	 Sporotrichosis 		
	o Talaromycosis		
Required Medical	Onychomycosis and superficial tinea infections		
Information:	Documentation of a confirmed diagnosis of onychomycosis or tinea infection		
	 Onychomycosis diagnosis must be confirmed by potassium hydroxide (KOH) 		
	preparation, fungal culture, or nail biopsy		
	Documentation of a secondary risk factor that is covered by the Oregon Health		
	Authority (OHA), such as diabetes mellitus, peripheral vascular disease,		
	immunocompromised status		
Appropriate	Superficial tinea infections		
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with an adequate trial of a topical antifungal agent (a should be fine a soft) (a should be fine a soft)		
Regimen & Other Criteria:	(such as terbinafine, naftifine, tolnaftate, clotrimazole)		
Exclusion Criteria:			
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber			
Restrictions:			
Coverage Duration:	<u>Onychomycosis</u>		
	Authorization: 6 weeks (fingernails) or 12 weeks (toenails), unless otherwise specified		
	Superficial tinea infections		
	Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified		
	All other indications:		
	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME:

KESIMPTA

Affected Medications KESIMPTA (ofatumumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS CIS
	 Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord) Active SPMS Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
	 Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions) Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure or intolerance to one of the following: Rituximab (preferred biosimilar products: Truxima, Ruxience, Riabni) Ocrevus (ocrelizumab), if previously established on treatment (excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs) No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS
	Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Active hepatitis B virus infection
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist



Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: LAROTRECTINIB

Affected Medications: VITRAKVI (larotrectinib)

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of positive neurotrophic tyrosine receptor kinase (NTRK) gene fusion without a known acquired resistance mutation, as determined by an FDA approved test
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of an intolerance to, or clinical rationale for avoidance of Rozlytrek (entrectinib) Reauthorization: Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **LECANEMAB**

Affected Medications: LEQEMBI (lecanemab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration plan design Alzheimer's disease 		pproved indications not otherwise excluded by
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of mild cognitive impairment due to Alzheimer's disease or mild Alzheimer's dementia as evidenced by ALL of the following: Clinical Dementia Rating (CDR) global score of 0.5 Evidence of cognitive impairment at baseline using validated objective scales Mini-Mental Status Exam (MMSE) score of at least 22 Positron Emission Tomography (PET) scan positive for amyloid beta plaque Documentation of baseline brain magnetic resonance (MRI) within the last year with no superficial siderosis or brain hemorrhage 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Current weight Dosing Availability: 500 mg/5 mL vial and 200 mg/2 mL vial Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Dosing and Monitoring Schedule: 		
	Infusion (every 2 weeks) Infusion 1 Infusions 2-5 Infusions 5-7 Infusions 8-14 Infusions 15 and after Reauthorization Documentation of clinically confirmed by post-infusion Documentation of updated microhemorrhage and supe Documentation of one of th Cognitive or functio Disease stabilization	ose O mg/kg O mg/kg O mg/kg O mg/kg O mg/kg O mg/kg Significant amy PET scan (3rd a surveillance M rficial siderosis e following wh	IRI showing absence of clinically significant signific
Exclusion Criteria:	Reduction in clinical Prior stroke or brain hemory	<u>.</u>	ared to natural disease progression



	 Evidence of moderate to severe Alzheimer's disease Non-Alzheimer's dementia Concurrent anticoagulant use
Age Restriction:	50 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LENACAPAVIR

Affected Medications: SUNLENCA

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) infection, in combination with other antiretrovirals, in heavily treatment-experienced adults with multidrug resistant HIV-1 infection failing their current antiretroviral regimen due to resistance, intolerance, or safety considerations
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of multidrug resistance within at least 3 of the 4 following antiretroviral classes (as defined by resistance to at least 2 agents within each of the 3 classes), unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced: Nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs) Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs) Protease inhibitors (PIs) Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTIs) Documentation of current (within the past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA viral load of at least 200 copies/mL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Must be used in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen that contains at least one agent demonstrating full viral susceptibility, as confirmed by resistance testing Reauthorization: Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen Documentation of treatment success, as evidenced by one of the following: Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load Absence of postbaseline emergence of lenacapavir resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing
Exclusion Criteria: Age	
Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease or HIV specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Oral Tablet Initial Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Injection Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Injection Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **LENIOLISIB**

Affected Medications: JOENJA (leniolisib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Activated phosphoinositide 3-kinase delta syndrome (APDS)
Required Medical	Documentation of an APDS-associated PIK3CD/PIK3R1 mutation without concurrent use
Information:	of immunosuppressive medication
	Presence of at least one measurable nodal lesion on a CT or MRI scan
	Documentation of both of the following:
	 Nodal and/or extranodal lymphoproliferation
	 History of repeated oto-sino-pulmonary infections and/or organ dysfunction
	(e.g., lung, liver)
	Current member weight (must be at least 45 kg)
Appropriate	Females of reproductive potential should have pregnancy ruled out and use effective
Treatment	contraception during therapy
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success as shown by both of the
	following:
	Improvement in lymphoproliferation as measured by a change from baseline in lymphadenopathy
	 Normalization of immunophenotype as measured by the percentage of naïve B cells out
	of total B cells
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	• 12 to 75 years of age
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist, hematologist, oncologist, or
Care Restrictions:	specialist with experience in the treatment of APDS
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **LETERMOVIR**

Affected Medications: PREVYMIS (letermovir)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Prophylaxis of cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection and disease in adult CMV-
	seropositive recipients [R+] of an allogeneic hematopoietic cell transplant
	 Prophylaxis of CMV disease in high-risk adult patients undergoing kidney
	transplant
Required Medical	Has received an allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT)
Information:	Is cytomegalovirus (CMV) seropositive
	OR
	Has received a kidney transplant and is at high risk (Donor CMV-seropositive/Recipient
	CMV seronegative [D+/R-] of CMV infection
Appropriate	Documented trial and failure (or intolerable adverse event) with an adequate trial (at
Treatment	least 14 days) of at least one of the following: ganciclovir, valganciclovir, Foscarnet
Regimen & Other	(HSCT only)
Criteria:	HSCT Dosing: 480 mg (or 240 mg) once daily beginning between Day 0 and Day 28 post-
	transplantation and continued through Day 100 post-transplantation.
	• Kidney transplant Dosing: 480mg once daily beginning between Day 0 and Day 7 post
	kidney transplant for high-risk recipients (donor CMV seropositive/recipient CMV
	seronegative) and continue through day 200 post transplantation
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by an infectious disease provider or a specialist with experience in the
Care Restrictions:	prevention and treatment of CMV infection
	p. 2. 2
Coverage	HSCT: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Kidney transplant: 7 months, unless otherwise specified
	Marie, transplante / months, unless other wise specified



POLICY NAME:

LEUPROLIDE

Affected Medications: Leuprolide Acetate, LUPRON DEPOT, LUPRON DEPOT-PED, ELIGARD, FENSOLVI, CAMCEVI

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Endometriosis Uterine leiomyomata (fibroids) Central precocious puberty (CPP)
	 National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level 2A or higher Gender dysphoria
Required Medical	Endometriosis
Information:	Documentation of moderate to severe pain due to endometriosis
	 Uterine leiomyomata (fibroids) Documentation of all the following: Preoperative anemia due to uterine leiomyomata (fibroids) Planning to undergo leiomyomata-related surgery in the next 6 months or less Planning to use in combination with iron supplements
	 Documentation of all the following: Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent for treatment Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health (WPATH) Standards of Care
	 Central precocious puberty Documentation of CPP confirmed by basal luteinizing hormone (LH), follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH), and either estradiol or testosterone concentrations
Appropriate	Endometriosis
Treatment	 Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3
Regimen & Other	months of both of the following first-line therapies:
Criteria:	 Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives



	Central precocious puberty
	Approval of Fensolvi requires rationale for avoidance of Lupron and Supprelin LA
Exclusion	a Undiagnosad abnormal vaginal blooding
	Undiagnosed abnormal vaginal bleeding
Criteria:	 Management of uterine leiomyomata without intention of undergoing surgery.
	Pregnancy or breastfeeding
	Use for infertility
Age Restriction:	Endometriosis and preoperative uterine leiomyomata: 18 years or older
	• Central precocious puberty (CPP): age 11 or younger (females), age 12 or younger (males)
Prescriber	• Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist
Restrictions:	in the treatment of gender dysphoria
	All other indications: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist,
	endocrinologist, or gynecologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage	Uterine leiomyomata: maximum of 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Endometriosis: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	All other diagnoses: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LEVOKETOCONAZOLE

Affected Medications: RECORLEV (levoketoconazole)

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Cushing syndrome
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Cushing's syndrome due to one of the following:
Information:	 Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH)-secreting pituitary adenoma (Cushing's disease) Ectopic ACTH secretion (EAS) by a non-pituitary tumor Cortisol secretion by an adrenal adenoma
	Mean 24-hour urine free cortisol (mUFC) greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal (ULN) for the assay (at least two measurements)
Appropriate	Documentation confirming surgery is not an option OR previous surgery has not
Treatment	been curative
Regimen & Other	Documentation of one of the following:
Criteria:	 Clinical failure to maximally tolerated dose of oral ketoconazole for at least 8 weeks
	 Intolerable adverse event to oral ketoconazole, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as mUFC normalization (i.e., less than or equal to the ULN)
Exclusion Criteria:	Adrenal or pituitary carcinoma
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, neurologist, or adrenal
Restrictions:	surgeon
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LIDOCAINE PATCH

Affected Medications: Lidocaine Patch

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design.
	Diabetic neuropathic pain
Required Medical	Diagnosis of post-herpetic neuralgia OR
Information:	Diagnosis of diabetes (for diabetic neuropathy)
	All medications tried/failed for indicated diagnosis
Appropriate	Post Herpetic Neuralgia:
Treatment	Documented inadequate treatment response or intolerance to gabapentin
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Diabetic Neuropathic Pain:
	 Documented inadequate treatment response or intolerance to a minimum of 3 other pharmacologic therapies commonly used to treat neuropathic pain such as gabapentin, serotonin norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors (SNRIs): duloxetine, venlafaxine, desvenlafaxine, and tricyclic antidepressants (TCAs)
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: LIFILEUCEL

Affected Medications: AMTAGVI (lifileucel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Diagnosis of unresectable or Stage IV metastatic melanoma
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
	ECOG PS of 0 or 1
	Left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) greater than 45%
	Forced expiratory volume (FEV1) greater than 60%
	New York Heart Association (NYHA) classification not more than Class I
Appropriate	At least one resectable lesion (or aggregate of lesions resected) of 1.5 cm or more in
Treatment	diameter post-resection to generate tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes (TILs)
Regimen & Other	Disease progression after 1 or more prior systemic therapy including
Criteria:	 A PD-1-blocking antibody and
	 If BRAF V600 mutation—positive, a BRAF inhibitor or BRAF inhibitor plus a MEK inhibitor
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	Melanoma of uveal or ocular origin
	Untreated or active brain metastasis
Age Restriction:	At least 18 years of age
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approve for 6 months (one dose per patient's lifetime)



POLICY NAME: LONAFARNIB

Affected Medications: Zokinvy (Ionafarnib)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To reduce risk of mortality in Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome For treatment of processing-deficient Progeroid Laminopathies A diagnosis of Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome (HGPS) confirmed by mutational analysis (G608G mutation in the lamin A gene)
	 A diagnosis of processing-deficient Progeroid Laminopathies with one of the following: Heterozygous LMNA mutation with progerin-like protein accumulation Homozygous or compound heterozygous ZMPSTE24 mutations
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented height and weight, or body surface area (BSA) Documentation of medication review and avoidance of drugs that significantly affect the metabolism of lonafarnib (e.g., strong or moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors/inducers) Females of reproductive potential should have pregnancy ruled out and use effective contraception during treatment
	 Labs: Absolute Phagocyte Count (sum of absolute neutrophil count, bands, and monocytes) greater than 1,000/microliters Platelets greater than 75,000/microliters (transfusion independent) Hemoglobin greater than 9g/dl.
	 Dosing: Available as oral capsules: 50 mg, 75 mg Initial, 115 mg/m2/dose twice daily for 4 months, then increase to 150 mg/m2/dose twice daily Do not exceed 115 mg/m2/dose twice daily when used in combination with a weak CYP3A4 inhibitor Round all total daily doses to the nearest 25 mg increment
Exclusion Criteria:	 Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and initial criteria to be met. Use for other progeroid syndromes or processing-proficient progeroid laminopathies Concomitant use with strong or moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors/inducers, midazolam, lovastatin, atorvastatin, or simvastatin
Age Restriction:	 Overt renal, hepatic, pulmonary disease or immune dysfunction BSA less than to 0.39 m2 Age 12 months or older with a BSA of greater than or equal to 0.39 m2



Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a provider with experience in treating progeria and/or progeroid laminopathies
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

LONG-ACTING INJECTABLE RISPERIDONE

Affected Medications: PERSERIS (risperidone subcutaneous injection), RISPERDAL CONSTA (risperidone intramuscular injection), RYKINDO (risperidone intramuscular injection) (*Medical benefit only)

Covered	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
Uses:	design
	Schizophrenia
	 Bipolar I disorder maintenance treatment as monotherapy or as adjunctive therapy to
- · ·	lithium and valproate (Risperdal Consta and Rykindo only)
Required	<u>Treatment Initiation</u>
Medical	A documented history of non-compliance, refusal to utilize oral medication, or cannot be
Information:	stabilized on oral medications
	Documentation of established tolerability to oral risperidone (if risperidone-naïve)
	Continuation of Therapy
	1
	Documentation showing that member is stable on current treatment with Perseris, Rykindo or
	Risperdal Consta
Appropriate	Requests for Perseris require documentation of treatment failure or clinical rationale for
Treatment	avoidance of Risperdal Consta or Rykindo
Regimen &	
Other	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
Criteria:	response to therapy
	response to therapy
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist or receiving input from a psychiatry
Restrictions:	practice
Coverage	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: LOTILANER

Affected Medications: Xdemvy

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	Demodex blepharitis (DB)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of DB meeting both of the following criteria:
Information:	 Presence of erythema of the upper eyelid margin
	 Presence of mites upon examination of eyelashes by light microscopy OR
	presence of collarettes on slit lamp examination
	Documented trial and failure to oral ivermectin, 200 mcg/kg in a single dose and repeated at least once after 7 days
Appropriate	Reauthorization may be given at least 12 months after the first treatment and will require
Treatment	documentation of treatment success and returned presence of mites or collarettes
Regimen & Other	requiring retreatment
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an optometrist or ophthalmologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

LOVOTIBEGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: LYFGENIA (lovotibeglogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of sickle cell disease in adults and pediatric patients at least 12 years of age with a history of recurrent vaso-occlusive crises
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing to show the presence of βS/βS, βS/β0 or βS/β+ genotype as follows: Identification of significant quantities of HbS with or without an additional
	 abnormal β-globin chain variant by hemoglobin assay OR Identification of biallelic HBB pathogenic variants where at least one allele is the p.glu6Val or p.glu7val pathogenic variant on molecular genetic testing AND
	 Patient does NOT have disease with more than two α-globin gene deletions Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous 1 years (4 events over 2 years will also meet this requirement) VOC/VOEs defined as an event requiring a visit to a medical facility for evaluation AND necessitating subsequent interventions such as opioid pain management, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, red blood cell (RBC) transfusions, which results in a diagnosis of such being documented due to one (or more) of the following: Acute pain event Acute chest Syndrome Priapasm lasting more than 2 hours Acute splenic sequestration Acute hepatic sequestration
	 For patients under 18 years of age, the patient does not have a known and suitable (10/10) human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched related donor willing to participate in an allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) Adequate bone marrow, lung, heart, and liver function to undergo myeloablative conditioning regimen Confirmed HIV negative as confirmed by a negative HIV test prior to mobilization
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Able to provide the minimum recommended dose of Lyfgenia: 3,000,000 CD34+ cells/kg



Exclusion Criteria:	Previous treatment with gene therapy for sickle cell disease		
	Prior hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT)		
	History of hypersensitivity to dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) or dextran 40		
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist		
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 12 months (one-time infusion), unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: LUSUTROMBOPAG

Affected Medications: MULPLETA (lusutrombopag)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic liver disease who are scheduled to undergo a procedure
Required Medical	Documentation of ALL the following:
Information:	 Planned procedure including date
	 Baseline platelet count of less than 50,000/microliter
Appropriate Treatment	Approved for one time 7-day dosing regimen
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterology/liver specialist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 1 month (7 days of treatment), based on planned procedure date



POLICY NAME: MANNITOL

Affected Medications: Bronchitol

1.	Is the request for add on maintenance therapy for Cystic Fibrosis?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Is the diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis (CF) confirmed by appropriate diagnostic or genetic testing? a. Additional testing should include evaluation of overall clinical lung status and respiratory function (eg pulmonary function tests, lung imaging, etc.)	Yes – Go to #3	No – Criteria not met	
3.	Is there documentation that the Bronchitol Tolerance Test has been passed?	Yes – Go to #4	No – Criteria not met	
4.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to appropriate section below	
Ind	Indication: Add on maintenance therapy for Cystic Fibrosis			
1.	Is there documented failure of 6 months with twice daily hypertonic saline defined as one of the following despite at least 80% adherence with hypertonic saline: a. Increase in pulmonary exacerbations from baseline? b. Decrease in FEV1?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Will Bronchitol be used in conjunction with standard therapies for Cystic Fibrosis?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	
Rei	Renewal Criteria			
1.	Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as assessed by the prescribing provider?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	

POLICY NAME:



MARIBAVIR

Affected Medications: LIVTENCITY (maribavir)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adults and pediatric patients (12 years of age and older and weighing at least 35 kg) with post-transplant cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection/disease that is refractory to treatment (with or without genotypic resistance) with ganciclovir, valganciclovir, cidofovir or foscarnet
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of post-transplant CMV infection Documentation of patient's current weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented clinical failure (not due to drug intolerance) with an adequate trial (of at least 14 days) of at least ONE of the following: ganciclovir, valganciclovir, cidofovir or foscarnet Reauthorization: Documented treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy and continued need for treatment.
Exclusion Criteria:	CMV infection involving the central nervous system, including the retina.
Age Restriction:	12 years and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by an infectious disease provider or a specialist with experience in the treatment of CMV infection
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MAVACAMTEN

Affected Medications: CAMZYOS (mavacamten)

Affected Medications: CAMZYOS (mavacamten)		
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy with left ventricular outflow tract obstruction 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (OHCM) New York Heart Association (NYHA) class II or III symptoms Left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of 55% or greater prior to starting therapy Valsalva left ventricular outflow tract (LVOT) peak gradient of 50 mmHg or greater at rest or with provocation, prior to starting therapy Pregnancy should be excluded prior to treatment 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Use of effective contraception in females of reproductive potential Trial with a beta blocker or if unable to tolerate (or contraindication to) beta blockers, trial with verapamil. Reauthorization will require documentation of symptomatic improvement and that LVEF remains above 50% 	
Exclusion Criteria:	History of two measurements of LVEF less than 50% while on mavacamten 2.5 mg tablets	
Age Restriction:	18 years or older	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by a cardiologist or a specialist with experience in the treatment of obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months Reauthorization: 12 months	



POLICY NAME: **MAVORIXAFOR**

Affected Medications: XOLREMDI (mavorixafor)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of WHIM syndrome (warts, hypogammaglobulinemia, infections and myelokathexis) in patients 12 years of age and older to increase the number of circulating mature neutrophils and lymphocytes
Required Medical	Diagnosis of WHIM syndrome confirmed by genotype variant of CXCR4 and ANC
Information:	(absolute neutrophil count) of 400 cells/μL or less
	Documentation of symptoms and complications associated with WHIM syndrome
	requiring medical treatment
Appropriate	Documentation of weight to assess appropriate dosing
Treatment	Documentation of baseline ALC (absolute lymphocyte count) and ANC (absolute)
Regimen & Other	neutrophil count) to assess clinical response to treatment
Criteria:	
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy with
	sustained improvement in ALC and ANC
Exclusion Criteria:	Concomitant use with drugs that are highly dependent on CYP2D6 for clearance
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist or hematologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months



POLICY NAME: MEBENDAZOLE

Affected Medications: EMVERM (mebendazole)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Gastrointestinal (GI) infections caused by any of the following: Ancylostoma duodenale (hookworm) Ascaris lumbricoides (roundworm) Enterobius vermicularis (pinworm) Necator americanus (hookworm) Trichuris trichiura (whipworm) Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable) Capillariasis (C. hepatica, C. philippinensis) Cystic echinococcus
	 Toxocariasis Trichinellosis (aka trichinosis) Trichostrongyliasis
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of current helminth infection confirmed with appropriate lab testing
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure, clinically significant intolerance, or contraindication to albendazole is required for the following conditions: Ancylostoma duodenale (hookworm) Ascaris lumbricoides (roundworm) Capillariasis Necator americanus (hookworm) Toxocariasis (roundworm) Trichinellosis (aka trichinosis) Documented treatment failure, clinically significant intolerance, or contraindication to albendazole AND pyrantel pamoate is required for the following conditions: Enterobius vermicularis (pinworm)
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Authorization:
Duration:	 Cystic echinococcus: 6 months Other indications: 2 months



POLICY NAME: MECASERMIN

Affected Medications: INCRELEX (mecasermin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Severe primary insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) deficiency (Primary IGFD) Patient with growth hormone (GH) gene deletion with neutralizine antibodies to GH
Required Medical Information:	 Prior to starting therapy, a height at least 3 standard deviations below the mean for chronological age and sex, and an IGF-1 level at least 3 standard deviations below the mean for chronological age and sex. One stimulation test showing patient has a normal or elevated GH level.
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Initial: 0.04-0.08 mg/kg SQ twice daily. Maintenance: Up to 0.12 mg/kg SQ twice daily Reauthorization: requires a documented growth rate increase of at least 2.5 cm over baseline per year AND evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open.
Exclusion Criteria:	 Epiphyseal closure, active or suspected neoplasia malignancy, or concurrent use with GH therapy. Patient has secondary causes of IGF1 deficiency (e.g., hypothyroidism, malignancy, chronic systemic disease, skeletal disorders, malnutrition, celiac disease).
Age Restriction:	For patients 2 to 18 years of age.
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a Pediatric Endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MEPOLIZUMAB

Affected Medications: NUCALA (mepolizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of patients with severe asthma aged 6 years and older with an eosinophilic phenotype
	 Treatment of adult patients with eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA)
	 Treatment of patients aged 12 years and older with hypereosinophilic syndrome (HES)
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps
	(CRSwNP) in adult patients 18 years of age and older with inadequate response to nasal corticosteroids (NCS)
Required Medical	
Information:	Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by both of the
	following:
	 Baseline eosinophil count of at least 150 cells/μL AND
	o FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
	<u>EGPA</u>
	Diagnosis of relapsing or refractory EGPA confirmed by all the following:
	 Chronic rhinosinusitis
	o Asthma
	 Blood eosinophilia (at least 1,500 cells/mcL and/or 10% eosinophils on differential) at baseline
	 Diagnosis must be confirmed by a second clinical opinion
	Documented relapsing disease while on the highest tolerated oral corticosteroid dose
	HES .
	Diagnosis of HES with all the following:
	 Blood eosinophil count greater than or equal to 1,000 cells/mcL
	 Disease duration greater than 6 months
	 At least 2 flares within the past 12 months
	 Lab work showing Fip1-like1-platelet-derived growth factor receptor alpha
	(FIP1L1-PDGFRα) mutation negative disease
	Non-hematologic secondary HES (e.g., drug hypersensitivity, parasitic helminth)

infection, HIV infection, non-hematologic malignancy) has been ruled out

Documentation that disease is currently controlled on the highest tolerated



	glucocorticoid dose (defined as an improvement in clinical symptoms and a decrease in
	eosinophil count by at least 50% from baseline)
	CDC AID
	CRSWNP
	Documentation of both the following:
	 Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total ethmoidectomy
	 Indicated for revision sinus endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction)
Appropriate	Eosinophilic asthma
Treatment	Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta agonist
Regimen & Other	(LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
Criteria:	AND
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or
	systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination
	inhaler treatment and at least 80% adherence
	Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	5 Documentation that emonic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	<u>EGPA</u>
	Documented treatment failure or contraindication to at least two oral
	immunosuppressant drugs (azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate) for at least 12
	weeks each
	Weeks edell
	HES
	Documented treatment failure or contraindication to at least 12 weeks of hydroxyurea
	(not required if patient has a lymphocytic variant of HES [L-HES])
	Documented treatment failure with interferon alfa
	CRSWNP
	Documented treatment failure with at least 1 intranasal corticosteroid (such as
	fluticasone) after ethmoidectomy
	Documented treatment failure with Sinuva implant
	Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to
	therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Fasenra, Xolair,
	Cinqair, Tezspire)
Age Restriction:	Eosinophilic asthma: 6 years of age and older
Aye Kestriction:	



	EGPA: 18 years of age and older
	HES: 12 years of age and older
	<u>CRSwNP</u> : 18 years of age and older
Prescriber	• <u>Eosinophilic asthma</u> : prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist,
Restrictions:	or pulmonologist
	• <u>EGPA</u> : prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of EGPA (such as an immunologist or rheumatologist)
	• <u>HES</u> : prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of HES (such as an immunologist or hematologist)
	<u>CRSwNP</u> : prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified





POLICY NAME: METRELEPTIN

Affected Medications: MYALEPT (metreleptin)

_				
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded			
	by plan design			
	 Congenital or acquired generalized lipodystrophy as a result of leptin 			
	deficiency			
Required Medical	Weight			
Information:	Baseline serum leptin levels, HbA1c, fasting glucose, fasting triglycerides, fasting			
2	serum insulin			
	Prior Myalept use will require testing for anti-metrepeptin antibodies			
Appropriate	Documented leptin deficiency and at least ONE of the following:			
Treatment	Documented leptin deficiency and at least ONE of the following.			
Regimen & Other	Generalized lipodystrophy with concurrent hypertriglyceridemia			
Criteria:	Triglycerides of 500 mg/dL or higher despite optimized therapy with at least two			
Criteria.	triglycerides of 300 mg/dL of higher despite optimized therapy with at least two triglyceride-lowering agents from different classes (e.g., fibrates, statins) at maximum			
	tolerated doses			
	Generalized lipodystrophy with concurrent diabetes			
	Persistent hyperglycemia ((HgbA1C 7 percent or greater) despite dietary intervention			
	and optimized insulin therapy at maximally tolerated doses			
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically			
	significant response to therapy documented by increased metabolic control defined by			
	improvement in HgbA1c, fasting glucose, and fasting triglyceride levels			
Exclusion Criteria:	Partial lipodystrophy			
	General obesity not associated with leptin deficiency			
	HIV-related lipodystrophy			
	Metabolic disease, including diabetes mellitus and hypertriglyceridemia, without			
	concurrent documentation of generalized lipodystrophy			
Age Restriction:	Age at least 1 year			
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist			
Restrictions:				
Coverage Duration:	Initial: 4 months, unless otherwise specified			
	Subsequent: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			
	·			



POLICY NAME: MIACALCIN

Affected Medications: MIACALCIN Injection (calcitonin-salmon)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded b				
	plan design				
	 Paget's disease of bone 				
	o Hypercalcemia				
Required Medical	<u>Hypercalcemia</u>				
Information:	Documented calcium level greater than or equal to 14 mg/dL (3.5 mmol/L)				
	Paget's disease of bone				
	 Documented baseline radiographic findings of osteolytic bone lesions 				
	Abnormal liver function test (LFT), including alkaline phosphatase				
	Documented lack of malignancy within the past 3 months				
Appropriate	Hypercalcemia Hypercalcemia				
Treatment	Documentation that additional methods for lowering calcium (such as				
Regimen & Other	intravenous fluids) did not result in adequate efficacy OR				
Criteria:	 Clinical judgement necessitated immediate administration without waiting for 				
	other methods to show efficacy				
	Paget's disease of bone				
	Documented trial and failure (or intolerable adverse event) with an adequate trial of				
	both of the following:				
	Zoledronic acid (at least one dose)				
	 Oral bisphosphonate (e.g., alendronate, risedronate) for at least 8 weeks OR				
	Documentation that the patient has severe renal impairment (e.g.,				
	creatinine clearance less than 35 mL/min)				
	AND				
	Documentation of all of the following:				
	Normal vitamin D and calcium levels and/or supplementation				
	 Symptoms that necessitate treatment with medication (e.g., 				
	bone pain, bone deformity)				
	Po Authorization critoria - Paget's disease of honor				
	 Re-Authorization criteria – Paget's disease of bone: Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy 				
	(such as stable or lowered alkaline phosphatase level, resolution of bone pain or other				
	symptoms)				
Exclusion Criteria:	Related to Paget's disease of bone				
	 History of a skeletal malignancy or bone metastases 				
	 Concurrent use of zoledronic acid or oral bisphosphonates 				
	 Asymptomatic Paget's Disease of the bone 				



	Treatment of prevention of osteoporosis
Age Restriction:	18 years or older - for Paget's disease of bone only
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval = 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MIGLUSTAT

Affected Medications: MIGLUSTAT

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded burden desires.		
	by plan design o Treatment of adult patients with mild to moderate type 1 Gaucher disease		
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Gaucher disease confirmed by ONE of the following: An enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of beta-glucocerebrosidase enzyme activity Detection of biallelic pathogenic variants in the GBA gene by molecular genetic testing Enzyme replacement therapy is not a therapeutic option (e.g., due to allergy, hypersensitivity, or poor venous access) 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy		
Exclusion Criteria:	Female of childbearing potential who is pregnant or planning a pregnancy		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a provider knowledgeable in management of Gaucher disease (hematologist, oncologist, hepatic, genetic or orthopedic specialist)		
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 		



POLICY NAME: MILTEFOSINE

Affected Medications: IMPAVIDO (miltefosine)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise				
	excluded by plan design				
	 Treatment of the following in adults and pediatric patients 12 years of age 				
	and older weighing greater than or equal to 30 kg (66 lbs):				
	 Visceral leishmaniasis caused by Leishmania donovani 				
	 Cutaneous leishmaniasis caused by Leishmania braziliensis, 				
	Leishmania guyanensis, and Leishmania panamensis				
	 Mucosal leishmaniasis caused by Leishmania braziliensis 				
Required Medical	All Indications				
Information:	Current weight				
	<u>Visceral leishmaniasis</u>				
	Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by smear or culture in tissue (usually bone				
	marrow or spleen)				
	Cutaneous and Mucosal leishmaniasis				
	Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by histology, culture, or molecular analysis				
	via polymerase chain reaction (PCR)				
Appropriate Treatment	Dosing:				
Regiment & Other	30 to 44 kg: 50 mg twice daily for 28 days				
Criteria:	45 kg or greater: 50 mg three times daily for 28 days				
Exclusion Criteria:	Pregnancy				
	Sjögren-Larsson syndrome				
	Weight less than 30 kg (66 lbs)				
	 Treatment of leishmaniasis outside of the visceral, cutaneous, or mucosal settings 				
	Treatment of other <i>Leishmania</i> species				
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older				
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist				
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 1 month, unless otherwise specified				



POLICY NAME: MIRIKIZUMAB-MRKZ

Affected Medications: OMVOH (mirikizumab-mrkz)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
Corcica oscsi	
	plan design
	Ulcerative Colitis
Required Medical	Diagnosis supported by endoscopy/colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy or biopsy with
Information:	moderate to severely active disease
	Documentation of disease severity Mayo Clinic Score for Assessment of Ulcerative Colitis Activity score
Appropriate	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks:
Treatment	corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, azathioprine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, 6-
Regimen & Other	mercaptopurine
Criteria:	OR
	Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of
	systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent
	hospitalization for ulcerative colitis
	AND
	 Documented failure (or intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of all available formulary alternatives: infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola), Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Xeljanz, Entyvio
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MITAPIVAT

Affected Medications: MITPIVAT (pyrukynd tablet)

Cavarad Hass:	All Fred and December 2012 (FDA)			
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise			
	excluded by plan design			
	 Hemolytic anemia 			
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of pyruvate kinase deficiency (PKD), defined by ALL the following: Presence of at least two mutant alleles in the pyruvate kinase liver and 			
	red blood cell (PKLR) gene			
	 At least one of the mutant alleles is a missense mutation 			
	ONE of the following applies:			
	If receiving regular transfusions, documentation of ALL the following:			
	 A minimum of 6 transfusion episodes in the 12-month period prior to treatment 			
	 Baseline transfusion amount, including date of transfusion and number of red blood cell (RBC) units transfused 			
	OR			
	If not receiving regular transfusions, documentation of ALL the following:			
	 No more than 4 transfusions in the 12-month period prior to treatment 			
	and no transfusions in the 3-month period prior to treatment			
	o Baseline hemoglobin (Hb) must be less than or equal to 10 g/dL			
Appropriate Treatment	Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant			
Regimen & Other	response to therapy, defined as:			
Criteria:	 For patients receiving regular transfusions at baseline: must document greater than or equal to a 33% reduction in RBC units transfused compared to baseline 			
	For patients not receiving regular transfusions at baseline: must document			
	greater than or equal to a 1.5 g/dL increase in Hb from baseline sustained at 2 or			
	more scheduled visits AND no transfusions were needed			
	Discontinue therapy after 6 months if no benefit in transfusion requirement or			
	Hb has been observed			
	Dose: Approve 5 mg, 20 mg, and 50 mg tablets (QL of 56 per 28 days) per dosing schedule below			



	Table 1: Dose Titration Schedule		
		Duration	Dosage
		Week 1 through Week 4	5 mg twice daily
		Week 5 through Week 8	If Hb is below normal range or patient has required a transfusion within the last 8 weeks: Increase to 20 mg twice daily and maintain for 4 weeks.
			If Hb is within normal range and patient has not required a transfusion within the last 8 weeks: • Maintain 5 mg twice daily.
		Week 9 through Week 12	If Hb is below normal range or patient has required a transfusion within the last 8 weeks:
			 Increase to 50 mg twice daily and maintain thereafter.
			If Hb is within normal range and patient has not required a transfusion within the last 8 weeks:
			 Maintain current dose (5 mg twice daily or 20 mg twice daily).
		Maintenance	If Hb decreases, consider up-titration to the maximum of 50 mg twice daily as per the above schedule.
Exclusion Criteria:	 Homozygous for the c.1436G>A (p.R479H) variant or have 2 non-missense variants (without the presence of another missense variant) in the PKLR gene Splenectomy scheduled during treatment or have undergone within the 12-month period prior to starting treatment Previous bone marrow or stem cell transplant Receiving hematopoietic stimulating agents or anabolic steroids (including testosterone preparations) within 28 days prior to treatment 		
Age Restriction:	Must be	18 years or older	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribe	ed by, or in consul	tation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:			nths, unless otherwise specified ns, unless otherwise specified



MOMETASONE SINUS IMPLANT

Affected Medications: SINUVA (mometasone sinus implant)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps in patients who have had ethmoid sinus surgery
Required Medical	Documentation of both of the following:
Information:	Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total ethmoidectomy
	 Indicated for revision endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure with at least 3 months of two intranasal corticosteroids after ethmoidectomy
Exclusion Criteria:	 History of previous Sinuva implant use Known history of resistant or poor response to oral steroids Acute bacterial or invasive fungal sinusitis Immune deficiency (including cystic fibrosis)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: Not eligible, there are no studies evaluating repeat implantation of the SINUVA Sinus Implant



POLICY NAME: **MOTIXAFORTIDE**

Affected Medications: APHEXDA (motixafortide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design In combination with filgrastim (granulocyte colony-stimulating factor [G-CSF]) to mobilize hematopoietic stem cells (HSCs) to the peripheral blood circulation to facilitate their collection for subsequent autologous stem cell transplantation (ASCT) in patients with multiple myeloma (MM). NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A
	or better (autologous HSCT must be NCCN recommended)
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
	Documentation of diagnosis of multiple myeloma in first or second remission
	Eligible for Autologous stem cell transplantation (ASCT)
	At least 7 days from most recent high dose induction therapy
	No single agent chemotherapy or maintenance therapy within 7 days
	Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status (PS) of 0 or 1
Appropriate	Inadequate stem cell collection amount despite previous trial with ALL the following:
Treatment	 Single agent Granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF)
Regimen & Other	 Granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF) in combination with plerixafor
Criteria:	No reauthorization
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status (PS) of 2 or greater
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified



MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS (MPS) AGENTS

Affected Medications: VIMIZIM (elosulfase alfa), NAGLAZYME (galsulfase), MEPSEVII (vestronidase alfa-vjbk), MEPSEVII (vestronidase alfa-vjbk), ALDURAZYME (laronidase), ELAPRASE (idursulfase)

	by plan design O Vimizim: Mucopolysaccharidosis type IVA (MPS IVA; Morquio A syndrome)			
	 Vimizim: Mucopolysaccharidosis type IVA (MPS IVA; Morquio A syndrome) 			
	 Naglazyme: Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI (MPS VI, Maroteaux-Lamy 			
	syndrome)			
	Mepsevii: Mucopolysaccharidosis VII (MPS VII; Sly Syndrome)			
	o Aldurazyme:			
	 Hurler Mucopolysaccharidosis type I (MPS I H) 			
	 Herler-Scheie Mucopolysaccharidosis type I (MPS I H/S) 			
	 Scheie form of Mucopolysaccharidosis (MPS I S) with moderate to 			
	severe symptoms			
	 Elaprase: Mucopolysaccharidosis type II (MPS II; Hunters syndrome) 			
Required Medical •	Diagnosis of specific MPS type confirmed by enzyme assay showing deficient activity of			
Information:	the relevant enzyme OR detection of pathogenic mutations in the relevant gene by			
	molecular genetic testing, as follows:			
	 For Vimizim: N-acetylgalactosamine 6-sulfatase (GALNS) enzyme or GALNS 			
	gene			
	 For Naglazyme: N-acetylgalactosamine 4-sulfatase (ASB) enzyme or 			
	Arylsulfatase B (ARSB) gene			
	 For Mepsevii: beta-glucuronidase (GUSB) enzyme or GUSB gene 			
	o For Aldurazyme: alpha-L-iduronidase (IDUA) enzyme or IDUA gene			
	o For Elaprase: iduronate 2-sulfatase (I2S or IDS) enzyme or IDS gene			
•	Documented clinical signs and symptoms of MPS, such as soft tissue abnormality,			
	skeletal abnormality, joint abnormality, respiratory disease, gait abnormality, motor issues, or cardiac abnormality			
	Baseline value for one or more of the following:			
•	 Function test such as the Bruininks-Oseretsky Test of Motor Proficiency (BOT- 			
	2), 6-minute walk test (6MWT), three-minute stairclimb test (3-MSCT), or			
	pulmonary function tests (PFTs)			
	Liver and/or spleen volume			
	 Urinary glycosaminoglycan (GAGs) level 			
Appropriate •	Dose does not exceed the recommended dosing according to the FDA label			
Treatment •	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose			
Regimen & Other	will be enforced			
Criteria:				
<u>R</u>	eauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as ONE or more of			



	the following:
	• Stability or improvement in function tests such as BOT-2, 6MWT, 3-MSCT, or PFTs
	Reduction in liver and/or spleen volume
	Reduction in urinary GAG level
	Other clinically significant improvement in MPS signs and symptoms
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of central nervous system manifestation of the disorder
	Severe, irreversible cognitive impairment
Age Restriction:	Vimizim and Naglazyme: 5 years of age and older
	Elaprase: 16 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of inherited
Care Restrictions:	metabolic disorders, such as a geneticist or endocrinologist
Coverage	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY

Affected Medications: Amondys 45 (casimersen), Exondys 51 (eteplirsen), Vyondys 53 (golodirsen), Viltepso (viltolarsen), Duvyzat (givinostat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Casimersen (Amondys 45) Duchenne muscular dystrophy with mutations amenable to exon 45 skipping Deletions potentially amenable to exon 45 skipping include, but are not limited to: 12 to 44, 18 to 44, 44, 46 to 47, 46 to 48, 46 to 49, 46 to 53, or 46 to 55 Eteplirsen (Exondys 51) Duchenne muscular dystrophy with mutations amenable to exon 51 skipping Mutations include but are not limited to: Deletion of exons 43 to 50; 45 to 50; 47 to 50; 48 to 50; 49 to 50; 50; or 52 Golodirsen (Vyondys 53) Duchenne muscular dystrophy with mutations amenable to exon 53 skipping Mutations include but are not limited to: Deletion of exons 42 to 52; 45 to 52; 47 to 52; 48 to 52; 49 to 52; 50 to 52; 52; or 54 to 58 Viltepso (viltolarsen) Duchenne muscular dystrophy with mutations amenable to exon 53 skipping Mutations include but are not limited to: Deletion of exons 42 to 52; 45 to 52; 47 to 52; 48 to 52; 49 to 52; 50 to 52; 52; or 54 to 58
	Duvyzat (givinostat) • Duchenne muscular dystrophy
Required Medical Information:	 A confirmed diagnosis of Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy (DMD) with documentation of genetic testing to confirm appropriate use A baseline functional assessment using a validated tool (e.g., the 6- minute walk test or North Star Ambulatory Assessment, etc.) Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane (Duvyzat)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of being on a stable dose of an oral corticosteroid such as prednisone for at least 12 weeks prior to treatment Reauthorization requires that the patient's functional status has been maintained at or above baseline level or not declined more than expected given the natural disease progression



	*Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent treatment with more than one antisense oligonucleotide Concurrent treatment of Duvyzat with an antisense oligonucleotide Platelet, white blood cell, or hemoglobin counts less than the lower limit of normal (Duvyzat) QTc is greater than 500 ms or the change from baseline is greater than 60 ms. History of additional risk factors for torsades de pointes such as heart failure, hypokalemia, or family history of long QT syndrome (Duvyzat)
Age Restriction:	6 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist with experience in the treatment of Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy Required to utilize pharmacy benefit
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Continuation: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



MYELOID GROWTH FACTORS

Affected Medications: FULPHILA (pegfilgrastim-jmdb), LEUKINE (sargramostim), NEULASTA (pegfilgrastim), NEUPOGEN (filgrastim), NIVESTYM (filgrastim-aafi), NYVEPRIA (pegfilgrastim – apgf), GRANIX (tbo-filgrastim), ZARXIO (filgrastim-sndz), RELEUKO (filgrastim-ayow), FYLNETRA (Pegfilrastim-pbbk), ROLVEDON (Eflapegrastim-xnst), STIMUFEND (Pegfilgrastim-fpgk), UDENYCA (pegfilgrastim-cbqv)

Covered Uses:

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design

Neupogen, Nivestym, Releuko, and Zarxio

Patients with Cancer Receiving Myelosuppressive Chemotherapy

 Indicated to decrease the incidence of infection, as manifested by febrile neutropenia, in patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs associated with a significant incidence of severe neutropenia with fever

Patients With Acute Myeloid Leukemia Receiving Induction or Consolidation Chemotherapy

• Indicated for reducing the time to neutrophil recovery and the duration of fever, following induction or consolidation chemotherapy treatment of adults with acute myeloid leukemia

Patients with Cancer Receiving Bone Marrow Transplant

 Indicated to reduce the duration of neutropenia and neutropenia-related clinical sequelae, (e.g., febrile neutropenia) in patients with non-myeloid malignancies undergoing myeloablative chemotherapy followed by marrow transplantation

<u>Patients Undergoing Autologous Peripheral Blood Progenitor Cell Collection and Therapy</u> (Neupogen, Nivestym, Zarxio)

• Indicated for the mobilization of autologous hematopoietic progenitor cells into the peripheral blood for collection by leukapheresis

Patients With Severe Chronic Neutropenia

 Indicated for chronic administration to reduce the incidence and duration of sequelae of neutropenia (e.g., fever, infections, oropharyngeal ulcers) in symptomatic patients with congenital neutropenia, cyclic neutropenia, or idiopathic neutropenia

<u>Patients Acutely Exposed to Myelosuppressive Doses of Radiation (Hematopoietic Syndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome) (Neupogen)</u>

 Indicated to increase survival in patients acutely exposed to myelosuppressive doses of radiation



Leukine

Use Following Induction Chemotherapy in Acute Myelogenous Leukemia

 Indicated for use following induction chemotherapy in older adult patients with acute myelogenous leukemia to shorten time to neutrophil recovery and to reduce the incidence of severe and life-threatening infections and infections resulting in death

<u>Use in Mobilization and Following Transplantation of Autologous Peripheral Blood Progenitor</u> Cells

• Indicated for the mobilization of hematopoietic progenitor cells into peripheral blood for collection by leukapheresis.

<u>Use in Myeloid Reconstitution After Autologous Bone Marrow Transplantation</u>

 Indicated for acceleration of myeloid recovery in patients with non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (NHL), acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) and Hodgkin's disease undergoing autologous bone marrow transplantation (BMT)

<u>Use in Myeloid Reconstitution After Allogeneic Bone Marrow Transplantation</u>

 Indicated for acceleration of myeloid recovery in patients undergoing allogeneic BMT from human leukocyte antigen (HLA)-matched related donors

<u>Use in Bone Marrow Transplantation Failure or Engraftment Delay</u>

 Indicated in patients who have undergone allogeneic or autologous BMT in whom engraftment is delayed or has failed

Neulasta, Fulphila, Udenyca, Ziextenzo, Nyvepria, Fylnetra, Stimufend and Rolvedon

Patients with Cancer Receiving Myelosuppressive Chemotherapy

Indicated to decrease the incidence of infection, as manifested by febrile neutropenia, in
patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs
associated with a significant incidence of severe neutropenia with fever

<u>Patients with Hematopoietic Subsyndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome (Neulasta, Udenyca, Ziextenzo)</u>

 Indicated to increase survival in patients acutely exposed to myelosuppressive doses of radiation

Granix

 Granix is indicated to reduce the duration of severe neutropenia in patients with nonmyeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs associated with a clinically significant incidence of febrile neutropenia

Compendia supported uses that will be covered (if applicable) Neupogen/Granix/Zarxio/Nivestym/Leukine:



Treatment of chemotherapy-induced febrile neutropenia in patients with non-myeloid malignancies Treatment of anemia in patients with myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS) Treatment of neutropenia in patients with MDS Following chemotherapy for acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL) Stem cell transplantation-related indications Agranulocytosis Aplastic anemia Neutropenia related to human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) Neutropenia related to renal transplantation Required Complete blood counts with differential and platelet counts will be monitored at baseline Medical and regularly throughout therapy Information: Documentation of therapy intention (curative, palliative) for prophylaxis of febrile neutropenia Documentation of patient specific risk factors for febrile neutropenia Documentation of febrile neutropenia risk associated with the chemotherapy regimen Documentation of planned treatment course Documentation of current patient weight **Appropriate** Filgrastim products: Neupogen, Nivestym, Releuko, Zarxio, Granix **Treatment** Regimen & When requested via the MEDICAL benefit: **Other Criteria:** Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and Granix, is provided when the member meets the following criteria: Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Zarxio and Nivestym When requested through the specialty PHARMACY benefit: Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko and Granix, is provided when the member meets the following criteria: Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Nivestym, Zarxio, and Releuko Sargramostim product: Leukine Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when the member meets one of the following criteria: Leukine will be used for myeloid reconstitution after autologous or allogenic bone marrow transplant or bone marrow transplant engraftment delay or failure A documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to preferred products listed above Pegfilgrastim products: Neulasta, Fulphila, Udenyca, Ziextenzo, Nyvepria, Fylnetra,

Stimufend, Rolvedon



When requested via the PHARMACY benefit:

Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neulasta, Fylnetra, Rolvedon, Stimufend, and Nyvepria is provided when the member meets one of the following criteria:

 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Ziextenzo, Fulphila and Udenyca

When requested via the MEDICAL benefit:

Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neulasta, Nyvepria, Fulphila, and Flynetra is provided when the member meets the following criteria:

Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Ziextenzo or Udenyca

Eflapegrastim product: Rolvedon

Coverage for the non-preferred product, Rolvedon, is provided when the member meets the following criteria:

 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to the preferred pegfilgrastim products

For prophylaxis of febrile neutropenia (FN) or other dose-limiting neutropenic events for patients receiving myelosuppressive anticancer drugs:

Meets **ONE** of the following:

• Curative Therapy:

- High risk (greater than 20% risk) for febrile neutropenia based on chemotherapy regimen OR
- Intermediate risk (10-20% risk) for febrile neutropenia based on chemotherapy regimen with documentation of significant patient risk factors for serious medical consequences OR
- Has experienced a dose-limiting neutropenic event on a previous cycle of current chemotherapy to be continued

• Palliative Therapy:

Myeloid growth factors will not be approved upfront for prophylaxis of febrile neutropenia in the palliative setting. Per the NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network), chemotherapy regimens with a 20% or greater risk of neutropenic events should not be used. If, however, a dose limiting neutropenic event occurs on a previous cycle of chemotherapy, and the effectiveness of chemotherapy will be reduced with dose reduction, growth factor will be approved for secondary prophylaxis on a case by case basis

For Treatment of Severe Chronic Neutropenia:

- Must meet ALL the following:
 - o Congenital neutropenia, cyclic neutropenia, OR idiopathic neutropenia
 - Current documentation of absolute neutrophil count (ANC) less than 500 cells/microL
 - Neutropenia symptoms (fever, infections, oropharyngeal ulcers)



Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or hematologist
Coverage Duration:	6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NATALIZUMAB

Affected Medications: TYSABRI (natalizumab)

	ITSADNI (Hatalizumab)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	 Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)Crohn's disease (CD)
Required Medical Information:	Screening for anti-JC virus (JCV) antibodies prior to initiating Tysabri therapy
inormation.	RRMS
	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	<u>cis</u>
	 Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
	Active SPMS
	• Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
	Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory
	activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)
	Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
	Crohn's disease
	Moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment
Appropriate	Relapsing Forms of MS
Treatment	Documentation of treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to:
Regimen & Other	o Rituximab (preferred biosimilar products: Riabni, Truxima and Ruxience) OR
Criteria:	 Ocrevus (ocrelizumab) if previously established on treatment, excluding via
	samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program OR
	 Documentation of pregnancy and severe disease
i e	



	Crohn's disease
	Documented treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12
	weeks each: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine,
	balsalazide
	OR
	Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease
	OR
	Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the
	following:
	 Fistulizing disease
	o Stricture
	 Presence of abscess/phlegmon
	o Deep ulcerations
	 Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal involvement
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12
	weeks of:
	 Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
	AND
	 One of the following: Entyvio or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilar products:
	Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)
	Additional right industrial adday
	Reauthorization:
	Anti-JCV antibody negative: documentation of positive clinical response to therapy
	Anti-JCV antibody <u>positive</u> : documentation of positive clinical response to therapy and periodic MRI to monitor for progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy (PML)
	periodic wiki to monitor for progressive multilocal leukoencephalopathy (PiviL)
Exclusion	Current or prior history of PML
Criteria:	MS: concurrent use of disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS
	CD: concurrent use of other targeted immune modulators for the treatment of CD
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	MS: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Restrictions:	CD: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist
Coverage	MS
Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	<u>CD</u>
	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified





POLICY NAME: NAXITAMAB

Affected Medications: DANYELZA (naxitamab)

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsed or refractory high-risk neuroblastoma in the bone or bone marrow (in combination with granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor [GM-CSF]) in patients who have demonstrated a partial response, minor response, or stable disease to prior therapy National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
prescribed dosing regimen
 Diagnosis of neuroblastoma as defined per the International Neuroblastoma Response Criteria (INRC): An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or serum) catecholamines or their metabolites]
 Evidence of metastases to bone marrow on an aspirate or trephine biopsy with concomitant elevation of urinary or serum catecholamines or their metabolites
 Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including: Stage 2/3/4/4S disease with amplified MYCN gene (any age) Stage 4 disease in patients greater than 18 months of age
Disease is evaluable in the bone and/or bone marrow, as documented by histology and/or appropriate imaging [e.g., metaiodobenzylguanidine (MIBG) scan and positron emission topography (PET) scan if MIBG is negative]
Documented history of previous treatment with at least one systemic therapy to treat
 disease outside of the bone or bone marrow Documentation of clinical rationale for avoiding use of Dinutuximab plus chemotherapy (if under 18 years of age)
Must be used in combination with granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor
(GM-CSF)
<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Patients with progressive disease
1 year of age or older



Prescriber Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist/oncologist with expertise in neuroblastoma
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **NEMOLIZUMAB-ILTO**

Affected Medications: NEMLUVIO

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	o Prurigo nodularis (PN)
Required Medical	Documentation of all the following:
Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed by skin biopsy
	 Presence of at least 20 PN lesions for at least 3 months
	 Severe itching
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with at least 2 weeks of a super high potency topical
Treatment	corticosteroid (such as clobetasol propionate 0.05%, halobetasol propionate 0.05%)
Regimen & Other	Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of one of the following:
Criteria:	phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporine
	Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of Dupixent (dupilumab)
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with another therapeutic immunomodulator agent
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



NEONATAL FC RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

Affected Medications: VYVGART (efgartigimod alfa), VYVGART HYTRULO (efgartigimod alfa and hyaluronidase), RYSTIGGO (rozanolixizumab)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Vyvgart & Vyvgart Hytrulo Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive Rystiggo Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are AChR or anti-muscle-specific tyrosine kinase (MuSK) antibody positive Required Medical Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by one of the following: O A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test O A positive edrophonium chloride test O Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV Positive serologic test for AChR or MuSK antibodies (for Rystiggo) Documentation of One of the following: O MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 12 or greater Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater O Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be continued during initial treatment with Vyvgart, Vyvgart Hytrulo, or Rystiggo Documentation of one of the following: O Documentation of one of the following:		
Vyvgart & Vyvgart Hytrulo	Covered Uses:	, , , , ,
Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive Rystiggo Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are AChR or anti-muscle-specific tyrosine kinase (MuSK) antibody positive Positive specific tyrosine kinase (MuSK) antibody positive Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by one of the following: A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test A positive edrophonium chloride test Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV Positive serologic test for AChR or MuSK antibodies (for Rystiggo) Documentation of ONE of the following: MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be continued during initial treatment with Vyvgart, Vyvgart Hytrulo, or Rystiggo Documentation of one of the following: Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate) Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months Coverage for Rystiggo is provided when one of the following is met: Currently receiving treatment with Rystiggo, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Vyvgart for AChR antibody positive MG Documented treatment failure to rituximab for MuSK antibody positive MG Documented treatment failure via rituximab for MuSK antibody positive MG		1
receptor (AChR) antibody positive Rystiggo • Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are AChR or anti-muscle-specific tyrosine kinase (MuSK) antibody positive • Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by one of the following: • A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test • A positive edrophonium chloride test • Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor • Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV • Positive serologic test for AChR or MuSK antibodies (for Rystiggo) • Documentation of ONE of the following: • MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater • Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: • Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be continued during initial treatment with Vyvgart, Vyvgart Hytrulo, or Rystiggo • Documentation of one of the following: • Documentation of one of the following: • Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate) • Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months • Coverage for Rystiggo is provided when one of the following is met: • Currently receiving treatment with Rystiggo, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs • Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Vyvgart for AChR antibody positive MG • Documented treatment failure to rituximab for MuSK antibody positive MG • Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be		
Rystiggo Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are AChR or anti-muscle-specific tyrosine kinase (MuSK) antibody positive Required Medical Information: Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by one of the following: A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by one of the following: Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by one of the following: Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by one of the following: Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by one of the following signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV Documentation of ONE of the following: Documentation of ONE of the following: Documentation of ONE of the following: Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be continued during initial treatment with Vyygart, Vyygart Hytrulo, or Rystiggo Documentation of one of the following: Documentation of one of the following: Documentation of one of the following: Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months Coverage for Rystiggo is provided when one of the following is met: Coverage for Rystiggo is provided when one of the following is met: Coverage for Rystiggo is provided when one of the following when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Vyygart for AChR antibody positive MG Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Vyygart for AChR antibody positive MG Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Vyygart for AChR antibody positive MG Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse eve		
Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are AChR or anti-muscle-specific tyrosine kinase (MuSK) antibody positive Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by one of the following:		
Required Medical Information: - Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by one of the following: - A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test - A positive edrophonium chloride test - Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor - Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV - Positive serologic test for AChR or MuSK antibodies (for Rystiggo) - Documentation of ONE of the following: - MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater - Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater - Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater - Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be continued during initial treatment with Vyvgart, Vyvgart Hytrulo, or Rystiggo - Documentation of one of the following: - Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate) - Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months - Coverage for Rystiggo is provided when one of the following is met: - Currently receiving treatment with Rystiggo, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs - Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Vyvgart for AChR antibody positive MG - Documented treatment failure to rituximab for MuSK antibody positive MG (preferred products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience)		
Information: A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test A positive edrophonium chloride test Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV Positive serologic test for AChR or MuSK antibodies (for Rystiggo) Documentation of ONE of the following: MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be continued during initial treatment with Vyvgart, Vyvgart Hytrulo, or Rystiggo Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate) Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months Currently receiving treatment with Rystiggo, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs Currently receiving treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Vyvgart for AChR antibody positive MG Documented treatment failure to rituximab for MuSK antibody positive MG (preferred products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience)		
A positive edrophonium chloride test Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV Positive serologic test for AChR or MuSK antibodies (for Rystiggo) Documentation of ONE of the following: MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be continued during initial treatment with Vyvgart, Vyvgart Hytrulo, or Rystiggo Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate) Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapys (because the supplementation) as a continued during initial treatment with Rystiggo, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs Coverage for Rystiggo is provided when one of the following is met: Currently receiving treatment with Rystiggo, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Vyvgart for AChR antibody positive MG Documented treatment failure to rituximab for MuSK antibody positive MG (preferred products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience)	Required Medical	Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by one of the following:
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Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV Positive serologic test for AChR or MuSK antibodies (for Rystiggo) Documentation of ONE of the following: MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be continued during initial treatment with Vyvgart, Vyvgart Hytrulo, or Rystiggo Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate) Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months Coverage for Rystiggo is provided when one of the following is met: Currently receiving treatment with Rystiggo, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Vyvgart for AChR antibody positive MG Documented treatment failure to rituximab for MuSK antibody positive MG (preferred products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be		 A positive edrophonium chloride test
Positive serologic test for AChR or MuSK antibodies (for Rystiggo) Documentation of ONE of the following: MG-ACtivities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be continued during initial treatment with Vyvgart, Vyvgart Hytrulo, or Rystiggo Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate) Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months Coverage for Rystiggo is provided when one of the following is met: Currently receiving treatment with Rystiggo, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Vyvgart for AChR antibody positive MG Documented treatment failure to rituximab for MuSK antibody positive MG (preferred products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be		 Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor
Documentation of ONE of the following: MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be continued during initial treatment with Vyvgart, Vyvgart Hytrulo, or Rystiggo Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate) Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months Coverage for Rystiggo is provided when one of the following is met: Currently receiving treatment with Rystiggo, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs Courrented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Vyvgart for AChR antibody positive MG Documented treatment failure to rituximab for MuSK antibody positive MG (preferred products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be		Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV
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 MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:		
 Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:		
 Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be continued during initial treatment with Vyvgart, Vyvgart Hytrulo, or Rystiggo Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate) Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months Coverage for Rystiggo is provided when one of the following is met: Currently receiving treatment with Rystiggo, excluding when the product is obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Vyvgart for AChR antibody positive MG Documented treatment failure to rituximab for MuSK antibody positive MG (preferred products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be 		
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		Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced



	Reauthorization requires:
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy defined as:
	 A minimum 2-point reduction in MG-ADL score from baseline or improvement in QMG total score
	 Absent or reduced need for rescue therapy compared to baseline
	 That the patient requires continuous treatment, after an initial beneficial response, due to new or worsening disease activity
	♦ Note: a minimum of 50 days for Vyvgart/ Vyvgart Hytrulo or 63 days for Rystiggo must
Exclusion Criteria:	have elapsed from the start of the previous treatment cycle
exclusion Criteria:	Immunoglobulin G (IgG) levels less than 600 mg/dL at baseline
	Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for treatment of gMG
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NILOTINIB

Affected Medications: TASIGNA (nilotinib)

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed treatment regimen Documentation of Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1-positive mutation status
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	For patients with Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CML) and low-risk score, documented clinical failure with Imatinib Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response)
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NIROGACESTAT

Affected Medications: OGSIVEO (nirogacestat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Progressive desmoid tumor(s) requiring systemic therapy
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A
	or higher
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
	Diagnosis of biopsy proven desmoid tumor/aggressive fibromatosis (DT/AF) with
	documentation of tumor progression. (Tumor growth causing chronic pain,
	disfigurement, internal bleeding, and/or impaired range of motion)
Appropriate	Documentation of clinical failure with sorafenib
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



NON-PREFERRED MEDICAL DRUG CODES

Affected Medications: BORTEZOMIB, PEMETREXED

Required Medical Information: Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	plan design For oncology indiction with evidence level Approval of a non intolerable advers	cations: National Comprehe el of 2A or higher -preferred medical drug list	ensive Cancer Network (NCCN) in ted below requires documentation If alternatives, and the adverse enthe active ingredient	on of an
	Drug Bortezomib (Velcade) Pemetrexed (Pemfexy, Alimta, Pemrydi RTU) Reauthorization requi	Non-Preferred code (Manufacturer) J9046 (Dr. Reddys) J9304 (Apotex)	J9041, J9048, J9049 J9294, J9296, J9297, J9305, J9314, J9324 ase responsiveness to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:				
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:				
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12	months, unless otherwise s	specified	



NON-PREFERRED SODIUM-GLUCOSE CO-TRANSPORTERS (SGLT2)

Affected Medications: JARDIANCE (empagliflozin), Dapagliflozin, INVOKANA (canagliflozin), INVOKAMET (canagliflozin/metformin), INVOKAMET XR (canagliflozin/metformin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise		
	excluded by plan design		
	Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus		
	 Heart failure regardless of ejection fraction (dapagliflozin, Jardiance) 		
	 Chronic kidney disease at risk of progression (dapagliflozin, Jardiance) 		
	(aupuganeun, en autor)		
Required Medical	Documentation of diagnosis of one of the following:		
Information:	o Type 2 Diabetes		
	 Heart failure (dapagliflozin, Jardiance) 		
	 Chronic kidney disease (dapagliflozin, Jardiance) 		
Appropriate	<u>Jardiance</u>		
Treatment	Type 2 Diabetes AND:		
Regimen & Other	Documented treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with Steglatro		
Criteria:	OR		
	Documentation of one of the following in addition to Type 2 diabetes:		
	Established atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD)		
	Heart failure		
	Established chronic kidney disease		
	 Age of 10 years to under 18 years 		
	Heart Failure (adjunctive agent):		
	Documentation of diagnosis of heart failure		
	Chronic Kidney Disease (adjunctive agent):		
	Documentation of chronic kidney disease at risk of progression		
	o eGFR between 25 and 60 mL/min/1.73 m ²		
	AND		
	 albuminuria (urine albumin creatinine ratio greater than 300mg/g) 		
	<u>Dapagliflozin</u>		
	Type 2 Diabetes AND:		
	Documented treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with Steglatro		
	OR		
	Documentation of one of the following in addition to Type 2 diabetes:		
	 Established atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) 		



	 Multiple risk factors for cardiovascular disease (ex. Dyslipidemia, hypertension, family history of CVD, etc.) Heart failure Established chronic kidney disease Age of 10 years to under 18 years 	
	Heart Failure (adjunctive agent):	
	Documentation of diagnosis of heart failure	
	Chronic Kidney Disease (adjunctive agent):	
	Documentation of chronic kidney disease at risk of progression:	
	o eGFR between 25 and 60 mL/min/1.73m ²	
	AND	
	 albuminuria (urine albumin creatinine ratio greater than 300 mg/g) 	
	Invokana/Invokamet	
	 Documented treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with Steglatro OR 	
	 Documented diagnosis of established cardiovascular disease (coronary artery disease, history of stroke, or peripheral artery disease) OR 	
	 Documented diagnosis of diabetic nephropathy and albuminuria greater than 300mg/day 	
	Reauthorization:	
	 Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of more than one SGLT2	
	Weight Loss	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber		
Restrictions:	Authorization 26 months unless athornis are afficial	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 36 months, unless otherwise specified	



NULIBRY

Affected Medications: NULIBRY (fosdenopterin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded		
	by plan design		
	To reduce the risk of mortality in patients with molybdenum cofactor		
	deficiency (MoCD) Type A		
	deficiency (Mocb) Type A		
Required Medical	Documentation of presumptive or genetically confirmed molybdenum cofactor		
Information:	deficiency (MoCD) Type A diagnosis		
Appropriate	<u>Presumptive diagnosis of Molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type A</u> based on following:		
Treatment			
Regimen & Other	Family history		
Criteria:	 Affected siblings with confirmed Molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) 		
	Type A or a history of deceased sibling(s) with classic MoCD presentation		
	 One or both parents are known to carry a copy of the mutated gene 		
	[Molybdenum Cofactor Synthesis 1 (MOCS1)]		
	 Child has consanguineous parents with a family history of MoCD 		
	AND		
	Onset of clinical and/or laboratory signs and symptoms consistent with MoCD Type A		
	 Clinical presentation: intractable seizures, exaggerated startle response, high- 		
	pitched cry, axial hypotonia, limb hypertonia, feeding difficulties		
	 Biochemical findings: elevated urinary sulfite and/or S-sulfocysteine (SSC), 		
	elevated xanthine in urine or blood, or low/absent uric acid in the urine or		
	blood		
	Confirmed diagnosis of MoCD Type A		
	Genetic confirmation of the presence of mutation in molybdenum cofactor synthesis		
	gene 1(MOSC1) to confirm MoCD Type A		
	In patients with a presumptive diagnosis of MoCD Type A, the diagnosis must be		
	confirmed immediately using genetic testing		
	Reauthorization:		
	Documentation of clinically significant response to therapy as determined by		
	prescribing physician		
	Documentation of genetically confirmed MoCD Type A (MOCS1 mutation) if initially		
	approved for presumptive diagnosis		



Exclusion Criteria:	 Molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type B (MOCS2 mutation) MoCD Type C (gephyrin or GPHN mutation)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, one of the following: neonatologist, pediatrician, pediatric neurologist, neonatal neurologist, or geneticist.
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NUSINERSEN

Affected Medications: SPINRAZA (nusinersen)

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded	
	by plan design	
	 Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of SMA type 1, 2, or 3 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2 demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or more copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene Documentation of previous treatment history Documentation of one of the following baseline motor assessments appropriate for patient age and motor function: Hammersmith Infant Neurological Examination (HINE-2) Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFSME) Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neuromuscular Disorders (CHOP-INTEND) Upper Limb Module (ULM) test 6-Minute Walk Test (6MWT) Documentation of ventilator use status Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16 hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days) This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance Planned treatment regimen 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with or intolerable adverse event on Evrysdi Reauthorization: documentation of improvement in baseline motor assessment score, clinically meaningful stabilization, or delayed progression of SMA-associated signs and symptoms SMA type 4 Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation support) Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi) 	
	Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi, risdiplam, etc.)	
Age Restriction:		



Prescriber Restrictions:	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider who is experienced in treatment of spinal muscular atrophy
Coverage Duration:	•	Initial approval: 8 months, unless otherwise specified
	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OCRELIZUMAB

Affected Medications: OCREVUS (ocrelizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Primary progressive multiple sclerosis (PPMS)
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following:
	Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required	RRMS
Medical	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald
Information:	diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	<u>cis</u>
	Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
	PPMS
	 Documented diagnosis of PPMS, with at least of one year of disease progression (retrospectively or prospectively determined), independent of clinical relapse, AND two of the following:
	 One or more T2- hyperintense lesions characteristic of MS in one or more of the periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, or infratentorial areas brain regions Two or more T2- hyperintense lesions in the spinal cord Presence of CSF-specific oligoclonal bands
	Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
	(====, ================================
	Active SPMS
	Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic
	function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
	Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory
	activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)
	Documentation of EDSS score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate	RRMS: Coverage of Ocrevus (ocrelizumab) requires documentation of one of the following:
Treatment	 Documentation of inadequate disease response or intolerance to rituximab
	l · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Currently receiving treatment with Ocrevus (ocrelizumab), excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Active hepatitis B virus infection
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



OFEV

Affected Medications: OFEV CAPSULE 100 MG ORAL, OFEV CAPSULE 150 MG ORAL

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis
	 Chronic fibrosing interstitial lung diseases with a progressive phenotype
	 Systemic sclerosis-associated interstitial lung disease (SSc-ILD)
Required Medical	Documentation of baseline liver function tests in all patients, at regular intervals during
Information:	the first three months, then periodically thereafter or as clinically indicated
	Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis (IPF):
	Documentation of diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis supported by one of the
	following:
	Presence of usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) Wish recolution as resoluted to the program by (UIPCT)
	High resolution computed tomography (HRCT) Symptock type biogeny
	Surgical lung biopsy Design antation of bosoling forced with a property (EVC) greater their area great to ECC of the control of the
	Documentation of baseline forced vital capacity (FVC) greater than or equal to 50% of the analists duality
	predicted value
	 Documentation of predicted diffuse capacity for carbon monoxide (DLCO) greater than or equal to 30%
	equal to 30%
	Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease (SSc-ILD)
	Documentation of diagnosis of Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease
	from the American College of Rheumatology / European League Against Rheumatism
	classification criteria
	Documentation of onset of disease (first non-Raynaud symptom) of less than 7 years
	Documentation of greater than or equal to 10% fibrosis on a chest high resolution
	computed tomography (HRCT) scan conducted within the previous 12 months.
	Documentation of baseline FVC greater than or equal to 40% of predicted
	Documentation of predicted DLCO 30-89% of predicted
	Chronic Fibrosing Interstitial Lung Diseases with a Progressive Phenotype
	Documentation of a diagnosis of chronic fibrosing interstitial lung diseases with a
	progressive phenotype
	Documentation of relevant fibrosis (greater than 10% fibrotic features) on chest high
	resolution computed tomography (HRCT) scan with clinical signs of progression (defined
	as FVC decline at least 10%, FVC decline at least 5% with worsening symptoms and/or
	imaging in the previous 24 months)
	FVC greater than or equal to 45% of predicted DICO 20% to least their 80% of predicted.
	DLCO 30% to less than 80% of predicted



Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 IPD Documented treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerance to pirfenidone. SSc-ILD: Documented treatment failure with each of the following: mycophenolate (MMF), cyclophosphamide Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	 Documentation of airway obstruction (i.e., pre-bronchodilator FEV/FVC less than 0.7) Concomitant administration of moderate or strong CYP3A4 and P-gp inhibitors / inducers should be avoided while taking Ofev Transaminases more than 5 times the upper limit of normal or elevated transaminases accompanied by symptoms (jaundice, hyperbilirubinemia). Ofev is not approved for use in combination with Esbriet
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OLIPUDASE ALFA

Affected Medications: XENPOZYME

Required Medical • (All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of acid sphingomyelinase deficiency (ASMD) in adult and pediatric patients Documentation of acid sphingomyelinase deficiency as evidenced by one of the following: Enzyme assay showing diminished (less than 10% of controls) or absent acid sphingomyelinase activity (ASM)
Required Medical • [Treatment of acid sphingomyelinase deficiency (ASMD) in adult and pediatric patients Documentation of acid sphingomyelinase deficiency as evidenced by one of the following: Enzyme assay showing diminished (less than 10% of controls) or absent acid sphingomyelinase activity (ASM)
	patients Documentation of acid sphingomyelinase deficiency as evidenced by one of the following: Enzyme assay showing diminished (less than 10% of controls) or absent acid sphingomyelinase activity (ASM)
	Documentation of acid sphingomyelinase deficiency as evidenced by one of the following: • Enzyme assay showing diminished (less than 10% of controls) or absent acid sphingomyelinase activity (ASM)
	following: o Enzyme assay showing diminished (less than 10% of controls) or absent acid sphingomyelinase activity (ASM)
Information:	 Enzyme assay showing diminished (less than 10% of controls) or absent acid sphingomyelinase activity (ASM)
	sphingomyelinase activity (ASM)
	C
	 Gene sequencing showing biallelic pathogenic SMPD1 mutation
• 1	Documentation of clinical presentation (e.g., hepatosplenomegaly, interstitial lung
	disease, liver fibrosis, growth restriction of childhood) outside the central nervous
	system
	Documentation of current body mass index (BMI), weight, and height
	For adults aged 18 years and older, documentation of both of the following:
'	 Diffusion capacity of lungs (DLCO) is less than or equal to 70% of the predicted
	normal value
	by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)
• '	For pediatrics aged 18 years and younger, documentation of both of the following:
	Spleen volume greater than or equal to 5 MN measured by MRI
Annuantiata	O Height of -1 Z-score or lower
	ng: Dosed every two weeks based on FDA label
Regimen & Other (kg)	y mass index (BMI) less than or equal 30, the dosage is based on actual body weight
_	of greater than 30 is dosed based on adjusted body weight
	sted body weight= (actual height in m²) x 30
	, , , , ,
• /	Availability: 20 mg single-dose vials
• 1	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be
	enforced
Reau	uthorization: Documentation of improvement in patient specific disease presentation
such	
• 1	mprovement in PFT or DLCO
• 1	mprovement in spleen and/or liver volume or function
•	mprovement/Stability in platelet counts



	Improvement in linear growth progression (pediatric)
Exclusion Criteria:	Exclusive central nervous system manifestations
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OMALIZUMAB

Affected Medication	ns: XOLAIR (omalizumab)
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of moderate to severe allergic asthma in adults and pediatric patients 6 years of age and older Add-on maintenance treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps (CRSwNP) in adult patients Treatment of symptomatic chronic spontaneous urticaria (CSU) up to a maximum age of 20 years Reduction of allergic reactions (Type I), including anaphylaxis, that may occur with accidental exposure to one or more foods in adults and pediatric patients aged 1 year and older with IgE-mediated food allergy
Required Medical	Allergic Asthma
Information:	 Documentation of moderate to severe allergic asthma defined by all the following: A positive skin test or in vitro reactivity to a perennial aeroallergen (e.g., house dust mite, animal dander [dog, cat], cockroach, feathers, mold spores) A serum total IgE level at baseline of
	 Documentation of active CSU where the underlying cause is not considered to be any other allergic condition or other form of urticaria Documentation of presence of recurrent urticaria, angioedema, or both, for a period of six weeks or longer Documented avoidance of triggers (such as nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs [NSAIDs])



- Documented severe disease (despite treatment) based on score from an objective clinical evaluation tool, such as:
 - Urticaria Activity Score (UAS7) (Score of 28 or higher)
 - Urticaria Control Test (UCT)) (Score under 12)
 - Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) (Score of 21 or higher)
 - o Chronic Urticaria Quality of Life Questionnaire (CU-QoL) (Score of 75 or higher)
- Documentation of pruritus severe enough to interfere with the ability to grow, develop and participate in school despite treatment with at least 80% adherence

IgE-Mediated Food Allergy

- Serum total IgE level between 30 and 185 IU/mL
- Body weight between 10 and 150 kg
- Diagnosis of IgE-mediated food anaphylactic allergy to three or more foods with documented positive skin prick test and positive serum IgE
- Documentation of past IgE-mediated food anaphylactic reactions requiring use of epinephrine despite avoidance of food allergen and modifications to diet
- Documentation that avoidance of food allergen alone is not feasible based on the number of allergens, malnutrition due to nutritional restrictions, and impaired quality of life causing food allergy-related anxiety

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Allergic Asthma

- Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms

 AND
- Documentation of one of the following:
 - A documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaled treatment with at least 80% adherence.
 - o Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required

CRSwNP

- Documented treatment failure with at least 1 intranasal corticosteroid (such as fluticasone) after ethmoidectomy
- Documented treatment failure with Sinuva implant

CSU

- Documented treatment failure with up to 4-fold standard dosing (must be scheduled) of one of the following second generation H1- antihistamine products for at least one month: cetirizine, fexofenadine, loratadine, desloratadine, or levocetirizine
- Documented treatment failure with scheduled dosing of ALL the following for at least one



	month each:
	 Add-on therapy with a leukotriene antagonist (montelukast or zafirlukast)
	 Add-on therapy with a H2-antagonist (famotidine or cimetidine)
	Add-on therapy with a corticosteroid
	IgE-Mediated Food Allergy Trial and failure of oral immunotherapy (OIT)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy
Exclusion	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Fasenra, Nucala, Tezspire,
Criteria:	Dupixent, Cinqair)
	Treatment of CSU in patients 21 years of age and older
Age Restriction:	Allergic Asthma: 6 years of age and older
	<u>CRSwNP</u> : 18 years of age and older
	<u>CSU</u> : up to 20 years of age
	IgE-Mediated Food Allergy: 1 year of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Allergic Asthma: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
	<u>CRSwNP</u> : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist
	<u>CSU/IgE-Mediated Food Allergy</u> : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist or immunologist
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OMAVELOXOLONE

Affected Medications: SKYCLARYS (omaveloxolone)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Friedreich's ataxia in adults and adolescents aged 16 years and older
Required Medical	Genetically confirmed diagnosis of Friedreich's Ataxia
Information:	Documentation of baseline modified Friedreich's Ataxia Rating Scale (mFARS) score under 81
	Documentation that the patient is still ambulatory or retains enough activity to assist in activities with daily living
Appropriate	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success such as a reduction in the
Treatment	rate of decline as determined by prescriber
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	Must be 16 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OMIDUBICEL

Affected Medications: Omisirge

Covered Uses:	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documented diagnosis of a hematologic malignancy Clinically stable and eligible for umbilical cord blood transplantation (UCBT) following myeloablative conditioning
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Must NOT have a matched related donor (MRD), matched unrelated donor (MUD), mismatched unrelated donor (MMUD), or haploidentical donor readily available Documentation that NONE of the following are present: Other active malignancy Active or uncontrolled infection Active central nervous system (CNS) disease
Exclusion Criteria:	 Reauthorization: None- Omisirge will be used as a one-time treatment Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater HLA (Human leukocyte antigen)-matched donor able to donate Prior allo- HSCT (Hematopoietic stem cell transplantation) Pregnancy or lactation
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 2 months for 1 time administration, unless otherwise specified



ONASEMNOGENE ABEPARVOVEC XIOI

Affected Medications: ZOLGENSMA (onasemnogene abeparvovec xioi)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
covered oses.	
	excluded by benefit design
	 Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of SMA type 1 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2 demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or fewer copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene Documentation of previous treatment history Documentation of ventilator use status: Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16 hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days) This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance Documentation of anti-adeno-associated virus (AAV) serotype 9 antibody titer less than or equal 1:50
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Patient weight and planned treatment regimen
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi) Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., nusinersen, risdiplam, etc.) Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation support)
Age Restriction:	Children less than 2 years old
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric neurologist or provider who is experienced in treatment of spinal muscular atrophy
Coverage Duration:	Approved for one dose only per lifetime



POLICY NAME:ONCOLOGY AGENTS

Affected Medications: ABRAXANE (paclitaxel), ABECMA (idecabtagene vicleucel), ABIRATERONE, ADCETRIS (brentuximab vedotin), ADSTILADRIN (nadofaragene firadenovec-vncg), AKEEGA (niraparib + abiraterone), ALECENSA, ALKERAN, ALIQOPA (copanlisib), ALUNBRIG (brigatinib), ANKTIVA (nogapendekin alfa), ASPARLAS (asparaginase), ARZERRA (ofatumumab), AUGTYRO (repotrectinib), AYVAKIT (avapritinib), AZEDRA (iobenguane I-131), BAVENCIO (avelumab), BALVERSA (erdafitinib), BELEODAQ (belinostat), BELRAPZO (bendamustine), BENDEKA (bendamustine), BESPONSA (inotuzumab ozogamicin), BLENREP (belantamab mafodotin-blmf), BLINCYTO (blinatumomab), BOSULIF (bosutinib), BRAFTOVI (encorafenib), BREYANZI (lisocabtagene maraleucel), BRUKINSA (zanubrutinib), CABOMETYX (cabozantinib), CALQUENCE (calabrutinib), CAPRELSA, CARVYKTI (ciltacabtagene autoleucel), COLUMVI (glofitamab-gxbm), COMETRIQ (cabozantinib), COPIKTRA (duvelisib), COSELA (trilaciclib), COTELLIC, CYRAMZA (ramucirumab), DACOGEN (decitabine), DARZALEX, DARZALEX FASPRO (daratumumabhyaluronidase), DAURISMO (glasdegib), ELAHERE, ELREXFIO (elranatamab), EMPLICITI, ENHERTU (famtrastuzumab deruxtecan), EPKINLY (epcoritamab), ERBITUX (cetuximab), ERIVEDGE, ERLEADA (apalutamide), ERLOTINIB, ERWINAZE, EVOMELA, FOTIVDA (tivozanib), FRUZAQLA (fruquintinib), GAVRETO (pralsetinib), GAZYVA, GEFITINIB, GILOTRIF, HEPZATO (melphalan), HYCAMTIN, IBRANCE (palbociclib), ICLUSIG, IDHIFA (enasidenib), IMATINIB, IMBRUVICA (ibrutinib), IMDELLTRA (tarlatamab), IMFINZI (durvalumab), IMJUDO (tremelimumab), IMLYGIC (talimogene laherparepvec), INLYTA, INQOVI (decitabine and cedazuridine), INREBIC, ISTODAX (romidepsin), IXEMPRA (ixabepilone), JAKAFI (ruxolitinib), JAYPIRCA (pirtobrutinib), JELMYTO (mitomycin pyelocaliceal), JEMPERLI (dostarlimab), JEVTANA (cabazitaxel), Kadcyla (Ado-trastuzumab), KEYTRUDA (pembrolizumab), KIMMTRAK, KISQALI (ribociclib), KISQALI & FEMARA CO-PACK, KRAZATI (adagrasib), KYMRIAH (tisagenlecleucel), KYPROLIS (carfilzomib), LARTRUVO, LENVIMA (lenvatinib mesylate), LIBTAYO (cemiplimab-rwlc), LIPOSOMAL DOXORUBICIN, LONSURF, LOQTORZI (toripalimab-tpzi), LORBRENA, LUMAKRAS (sotorasib), LUMOXITI, LUNSUMIO (mosunetuzumab), LUTATHERA, LYNPARZA, LYTGOBI (futibatinib), MARGENZA (margetuximab-cmkb), MARQIBO (liposomal vincristine), MATULANE (procarbazine hydrochloride), MEKINIST (trametinib), MEKTOVI (binmetinib), MONJUVI (tafisitamab-cxix), MYLOTARG, NERLYNX (neratinib), SORAFENIB TOSYLATE, NILANDRON, NINLARO (ixazomid), NUBEQA, ODOMZO, OJEMDA (tovorafenib), OJJAARA (momelotinib), ONCASPAR, ONIVYDE (irinotecan), ONUREG (azacitidine), OPDIVO (nivolimumab), OPDUALAG (nivolimumab/relatlimab), ORSERDU (elacestrant), PADCEV (enfortumab vedotin), PAZOPANIB, PEMAZYRE (pemigatinib), PEPAXTO (melphalan flufenamide), PERJETA (pertuzumab), PHOTOFRIN (porfimer), PIQRAY (alpelisib), PLUVICTO (lutetium), POLIVY (polatuzumab vedotin-piig), POMALYST, PORTRAZZA (necitumumab), POTELIGEO, PROLEUKIN (aldesleukin), PROVENGE (sipuleucel-t), QINLOCK (ripretinib), RETEVMO (selpercatinib), REVLIMID, REZLIDHIA (olutasidenib), REZUROCK (belumosudil), ROZLYTREK, RUBRACA, RYBREVANT (amivantamab), RYDAPT, RYLAZE (asparaginase erwinia chrysanthemi), RYTELO (imetelstat), SARCLISA (isatuximab), STIVARGA (regorafenib), sunitinib, SYNRIBO (omacetaxine), TABRECTA (capmatinib), TAFINLAR (dabrafenib), TAGRISSO, TALVEY (talquetamab-tgvs), TALZENNA (talazopairb), TAZVERIK (tazemetostat), TECARTUS (brexucabtagene autoleucel), TECENTRIQ (atezolizumab), TECVAYLI, TEPADINA (thiotepa), TEPMETKO (tepotinib), TIBSOVO (ivosidenib), TIVDAK (tisotumab), TORISEL (temsirolimus), TREANDA (bendamustine), TRODELVY (sacituzumab govitecan), TRUQAP (capivasertib), TURALIO (pexidartinib oral capsules), TYKERB, VANFLYTA (quizartinib), VECTIBIX, VENCLEXTA (venetoclax), VERZENIO (abemaciclib), VIDAZA (Azacitidine), VIVIMUSTA (bendamustine), VIZIMPRO (dacotiminib), VONJO (pacritinib), VORANIGO (Vorasidenib), VYXEOS (Daunorubicin and Cytarabine (Liposomal)), XALKORI (crizotinib), XALKORI (crizotinib) pellets, XELODA, XOFIGO (Radium 223), XOSPATA (gilteritinib), XPOVIO (selinexor), XTANDI (enzalutamide), YERVOY (ipilimumab), YESCARTA (axicabtagene ciloleucel), YONDELIS (trabectedin), ZALTRAP (ziv-aflibercept), ZEJULA (niraparib), ZELBORAF, ZEPZELCA



(lurbinectedin), ZOLINZA, ZYDELIG, ZYKADIA, ZYNLONTA (loncastuximab tesirine), ZYNYZ (retifanlimab-dlwr) injection

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher.
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, disease staging, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of use with National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) 2A or higher level of evidence regimen Patient weight
Appropriate Treatment	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OPICAPONE

Affected Medications: ONGENTYS (Opicapone)

Covered Uses:	All Food and David Administration (FDA) annuoused indications not attacked a surfice associated
Covereu osesi	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded burden design
	by plan design
	Adjunctive treatment to levodopa/carbidopa in patients with Parkinson's
	Disease (PD) experiencing "off" episodes
Required Medical	Diagnosis of PD
Information:	Documentation of acute, intermittent hypomobility, "off" episodes occurring for at
	least 2 hours per day while awake despite an optimized oral PD treatment regimen
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure of the following:
Treatment	 Concurrent therapy with levodopa/carbidopa at the maximum tolerated dose
Regimen & Other	and a second agent from one of the following alternate anti-Parkinson's drug
Criteria:	classes:
	 Monoamine oxidase-B (MAO-B) inhibitors (ex: selegiline, rasagiline)
	 Dopamine agonists (ex: amantadine, pramipexole, ropinirole)
	AND
	Concurrent therapy with levodopa/carbidopa at the maximum tolerated dose
	and entacapone
	and entacapone
	Reauthorization: will require documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction
	from baseline in "off" episodes associated with Parkinson's disease
	Trom baseline in on episodes associated with rankinson's disease
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as monotherapy or first line agent
	Concomitant use of non-selective monoamine oxidase (MAO) inhibitors
	Pheochromocytoma, paraganglioma, or other catecholamine secreting neoplasms
Age Restriction:	Friedchiomocytoma, paraganghoma, or other catecholamine secreting neoplasms
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	1 Reduction 2 action. Reduction 2 action wise specified



OPIOID NAÏVE 7 DAY LIMIT

Affected Medications: OPIOIDS

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of previous and current opioid treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that first opioid prescription in current treatment course will not exceed 7 days Exceptions require all of the following: Documentation that a 7 day supply would be inadequate for treatment Follow-up for evaluation within 7 days is not possible
Exclusion Criteria:	 Non-naïve patients (has had a prescription for opioid within the last 180 days) Pain related to current active cancer Chronic pain related to sickle cell disease Pain related to hospice care
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Based on exceptional circumstance, not to exceed 1 month



OPIOID QUANTITY ABOVE 90 MORPHINE MILLIGRAM EQUIVALENTS (MME)

Affected Medications: OPIOIDS

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Short term use of opioids with an MME per day greater than 90 MME requires one of the following: Recent surgery Acute injury Chronic use of opioids with a Morphine Milligram Equivalents (MME) per day greater
	 than 90 MME requires: A comprehensive individual treatment plan including attestation of a pain management agreement between the prescriber and patient Continued assessment and documentation of risk of abuse Documentation that previous tapers have been attempted or documentation of a taper plan or rationale for avoidance of taper initiation
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Pain related to current active cancer Chronic pain related to sickle cell disease Pain related to hospice care Surgery or documented acute injury – 1 month approval
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OPZELURA

Affected Medications: OPZELURA 1.5% CREAM

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design	
	Atopic dermatitis	
Required Medical	Severe Atopic Dermatitis and Nonsegmental Vitiligo	
Information:	Documentation of severe inflammatory skin disease defined as functional impairment	
	(inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement	
	preventing normal social interaction) AND	
	Body Surface Area (BSA) of at least 10% OR	
	Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement	
Appropriate	Severe Atopic Dermatitis	
Treatment	Documented 12-week trial and clinical failure with all of the following alternatives:	
Regimen & Other	tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream, phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine,	
Criteria:	methotrexate, mycophenolate, Dupixent, AND Adbry (prior authorization required for	
	Dupixent and Adbry).	
	Supmeric and razity).	
	Reauthorization	
	No reauthorization permitted: treatment beyond 8 weeks has not been studied or found to	
	be safe and effective.	
	Nonsegmental Vitiligo	
	Documented 12-week trial and clinical failure with all of the following alternatives:	
	tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream, mometasone furoate, clobetasol, prednisone,	
	dexamethasone, phototherapy, cyclosporine, methotrexate, AND mycophenolate.	
Exclusion	Severe Atopic Dermatitis	
Criteria:	Combination use with monoclonal antibody (such as Dupixent)	
	Previous 8-week treatment course	
	Nonsegmental Vitiligo	
	Previous 24-week treatment course	
Age Restriction:	12 years and older	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist (example: dermatologist, allergist, or	
Restrictions:	immunologist)	
Coverage	Severe Atopic Dermatitis	
Duration:	Initial: Maximum for 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: No reauthorization permitted.	



Nonsegmental Vitiligo

• Initial: 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified

<u>Reauthorization</u>: Additional 16 weeks, unless otherwise specified. Further reauthorization not permitted. (Maximum lifetime approval of 24 weeks).



ORAL-INTRANASAL FENTANYL

Affected Medications: FENTANYL CITRATE LOZENGE ON A HANDLE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Management of breakthrough pain in cancer patients who are already receiving and who are tolerant to around-the-clock opioid therapy for their underlying persistent cancer pain
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of ALL the following: This drug is being prescribed for breakthrough cancer-related pain The patient is currently receiving, and will continue to receive, around-the-clock opioid therapy for underlying persistent cancer pain The patient is opioid tolerant, defined as taking one of the following for one week or longer:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of ONE of the following: The patient is unable to swallow, or has dysphagia, esophagitis, mucositis, or uncontrollable nausea/vomiting The patient has documented intolerance or allergies to two other short-acting narcotics (such as oxycodone, morphine sulfate, hydromorphone, etc.) Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or specialist in the treatment of cancer-related pain



Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
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ORENITRAM

Affected Medications: ORENITRAM (treprostinil oral)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	o Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1	
Required	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1	
Medical	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following	
Information:	criteria:	
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg 	
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg AND 	
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units 	
	Etiology of PAH: idiopathic, heritable, or associated with connective tissue disease	
	PAH secondary to one of the following conditions:	
	 Connective tissue disease 	
	 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection 	
	o Cirrhosis	
	 Anorexigens 	
	 Congenital left to right shunts 	
	o Schistosomiasis	
	o Drugs and toxins	
	o Portal hypertension	
	 New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class II or higher symptoms 	
	Documentation of acute vasoreactivity testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blocker) unless there are contraindications	
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90), or Low cardiac index OR 	
	Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)	
	Fresence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)	
Appropriate	Documentation of failure with Remodulin	
Treatment Regimen &	The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal medical and/or surgical treatment of the identified condition	
Other Criteria:	• Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin, Tyvaso, Orenatriam should not be used in combination)	
	Treatment with oral calcium channel blocking agents has been tried and failed, or has been considered and ruled out	
	 Not recommended for PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension (e.g., left sided atrial or ventricular disease, left sided valvular heart disease, etc) or disorders of the respiratory system (e.g., chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, interstitial lung disease, obstructive sleep apnea or other sleep disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, etc.) 	



	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in pulmonary function
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh Class C)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ORGOVYX

Affected Medications: ORGOVYX (relugolrix)

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Prostate Cancer Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with leuprolide or degarelix Prostate Cancer Output Description description of discrete recognitions at the recognition of the control of the con
Exclusion Criteria:	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ORITAVANCIN

Affected Medications: KIMYRSA

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult patients with acute bacterial skin and skin structure infections caused or suspected to be caused by susceptible isolates of designated Gram-positive microorganisms Staphylococcus aureus (including methicillin-susceptible and methicillin-resistant isolates) Streptococcus pyogenes Streptococcus agalactiae Streptococcus dysgalactiae Streptococcus anginosus group (includes S. anginosus, S. intermedius, and S. constellatus) Enterococcus faecalis (vancomycin-susceptible isolates only)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed or suspected diagnosis Documentation of treatment history and current treatment regimen Documentation of planned treatment duration as applicable
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 1200 mg (1 vial) intravenous (IV) infusion over 1 hour as a single dose Documented clinical failure with Orbactiv (oritavancin)
Exclusion Criteria:	Known hypersensitivity to oritavancin products
Age Restriction:	• 18 years or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 1 week, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OTESECONAZOLE

Affected Medications: VIVJOA (oteseconazole)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 To reduce the incidence of recurrent vulvovaginal candidiasis (RVVC) in females with a history of RVVC who are not of reproductive potential, alone or in combination with fluconazole
Required Medical	Diagnosis of RVVC defined as three or more episodes of symptomatic vulvovaginal
Information:	candidiasis infection within the past 12 months
	 Documented presence of signs/symptoms of current acute vulvovaginal candidiasis with a positive potassium hydroxide (KOH) test
	Documentation confirming that the patient is permanently infertile (e.g. due to tubal ligation, hysterectomy, salpingo-oophorectomy) or postmenopausal
Appropriate	Documented disease recurrence following 10 to 14 days of induction therapy with a
Treatment	topical antifungal agent or oral fluconazole, followed by fluconazole 150 mg once per
Regimen & Other Criteria:	week for 6 months
	Not to exceed one treatment course per year
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis episodes, and documentation supporting the need for additional treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	Women of reproductive potential or who are pregnant or breastfeeding
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OSILODROSTAT

Affected Medications: ISTURISA (osilodrostat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
covered oses.	
	plan design
	 Cushing's disease
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of Cushing's disease
Information:	Documentation of at least two of the following:
	 Mean (at least two measurements) 24-hour urine free cortisol (mUFC) greater
	than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal (ULN) for the assay
	 Bedtime salivary cortisol (at least two measurements) greater than 145 ng/dL
	 Overnight dexamethasone suppression test (DST) with a serum cortisol greater
	than 1.8 mcg/dL
Appropriate	Documentation confirming pituitary surgery is not an option OR previous surgery has
Treatment	not been curative
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as mUFC
	normalization (i.e., less than or equal to the ULN)
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, neurologist, or adrenal
Care Restrictions:	surgeon
Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: OXERVATE

Affected Medications: OXERVATE (cenegermin-bkbj)

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OXYBATES

Affected Medications: LUMRYZ (sodium oxybate extended release), sodium oxybate, XYWAV (oxybate salts)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of cataplexy or excessive daytime sleepiness (EDS) in patients with
	narcolepsy
Required Medical	All Indications
Information:	Polysomnography and multiple sleep latency test results confirming diagnosis
illioilliation.	Other causes of sleepiness have been ruled out or treated (including but not limited to
	obstructive sleep apnea, insufficient sleep syndrome, shift work, the effects of
	substances or medications, or other sleep disorders)
	Narcolepsy with cataplexy
	Diagnosis confirmed by polysomnography and multiple sleep latency test
	Documentation of cataplexy episodes defined as more than one episode of sudden loss
	of muscle tone with retained consciousness
	Narcolepsy with EDS
	Diagnosis confirmed by polysomnography and multiple sleep latency test
	Current evaluation of symptoms and Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS) score of more than
	10 despite treatment
Appropriate	Authorization for Xywav and Lumryz for current and new utilizers requires documented
Treatment	treatment failure with sodium oxybate
Regimen & Other	treatment failure with souldin oxybate
Criteria:	Narcolepsy with cataplexy:
	 Documented treatment failure (inadequately controlled cataplexy) despite treatment
	with each of the following for at least 1 month unless contraindicated:
	 Venlafaxine, fluoxetine, and a tricyclic antidepressant
	OR
	Must meet criteria for EDS
	Narcolepsy with EDS:
	 Documented treatment failure with at least 3 of the following (1 in each category
	required) for at least 1 month, unless contraindicated:
	Modafinil or armodafinil
	Methylphenidate or dextroamphetamine or lisdexamfetamine
	Sunosi
	Reauthorization:
	nedationzation.



	 Narcolepsy with cataplexy: clinically significant reduction in cataplexy episodes Narcolepsy with EDS: clinically significant improvement in activities of daily living and in Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS) score
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Current use of alcohol, sedative/hypnotic drugs, or other central nervous system depressants Use for other untreated causes of sleepiness 7 years of age or older
	, ,
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a sleep specialist or neurologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PALFORZIA

Affected Medications: PALFORZIA (peanut allergen powder)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Mitigation of allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis, that may occur with
Deguised Medical	accidental exposure to peanut
Required Medical Information:	Documented treatment plan, including dose and frequency
illioilliation:	Diagnosis of peanut allergy confirmed by one of the following:
	 A positive skin prick test (SPT) response to peanut with a wheal diameter at
	least 3 mm larger than the control
	 Serum peanut-specific IgE level greater than or equal to 0.35 kUA/L
	Documented history of an allergic reaction to peanut with all the following:
	 Signs and symptoms of a significant systemic allergic reaction to peanut (e.g.,
	hives, swelling, wheezing, hypotension, gastrointestinal symptoms)
	 The reaction occurred within a short period of time following a known ingestion
	of peanut or peanut-containing food
	 The reaction was severe enough to warrant a prescription for an epinephrine
	injection
	Documentation indicating a significant impact on quality of life due to peanut allergies
Appropriate	Dosing:
Treatment	Requests for initial dose escalation: must be between 1 and 17 years of age
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Requests for up-dosing and maintenance phase: 1 year of age and older
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of completion of the appropriate initial dose
	escalation and up-dosing phases prior to moving on to the maintenance phase AND
	documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy,
	defined by one or more of the following:
	 Improvement in quality of life Reduction in severe allergic reactions
	Reduction in epinephrine use
	Reduction in ephrephine use Reduction in physician office visits, ER visits, or hospitalizations due to peanut allergy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for the emergency treatment of allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis
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	History of eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE) and other eosinophilic gastrointestinal disease History of eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE) and other eosinophilic gastrointestinal disease
	 History of cardiovascular disease, including uncontrolled or inadequately controlled hypertension
	History of a mast cell disorder, including mastocytosis, urticarial pigmentosa, and hereditary or idiopathic angioedema



Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older (see Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria for specific age-related dosing requirements)
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist or immunologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PALIVIZUMAB

Affected Medications: SYNAGIS (palivizumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of one of the following conditions:
	 Congenital heart disease (CHD): With cardiac transplantation, cardiac bypass, or extra-corporeal membrane oxygenation That is hemodynamically significant (e.g., acyanotic heart disease, congestive heart failure, or moderate to severe pulmonary hypertension)
	 Chronic lung disease (CLD) of prematurity: In the first year of life, born less than 32 weeks gestation and requiring greater than 21% oxygen for at least the first 28 days of life In the second year of life necessitating continued medical support within the 6-month period prior to RSV season (e.g., corticosteroids, diuretics, supplemental oxygen)
	 Cystic Fibrosis and: Clinical evidence of CLD and/or nutritional compromise Severe lung disease (e.g., previous hospitalization for pulmonary exacerbation in the first year of life or abnormalities on chest radiography or computed tomography that persist when stable) A weight for length less than the 10th percentile
	4. Congenital airway abnormality or neuromuscular condition (not cystic fibrosis) that impairs the ability to clear airway secretions
	5. Premature infants without above conditions
Appropriate Treatment	Prevention of serious lower respiratory tract disease caused by respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 The first dose of Synagis should be administered prior to commencement of the RSV season Remaining doses should be administered monthly throughout the RSV season (Exception: dose administration should occur immediately post cardiopulmonary bypass surgery, even if dose is administered earlier than a month from previous dose, then dosing schedule should resume monthly) No more than 5 monthly doses During the RSV season, November 1 through March 31 Discontinue prophylaxis therapy if hospitalized for RSV



Exclusion Criteria:	For use in the treatment of RSV disease
	Received Beyfortus during the current RSV season
Age Restriction:	Refer to numbered conditions above in "Required Medical Information":
	1a. Less than 2 years of age
	1b. Less than 2 years of age
	2a. Less than 2 years of age; Gestational Age less than 32 weeks
	2b. Less than 2 years of age; Gestational Age less than 32 weeks
	3a. Less than 2 years of age
	3b. Less than 2 years of age
	3c. Less than 2 years of age
	4. Less than 2 years of age
	5. Less than 2 years of age; Gestational Age less than 29 weeks
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage	Approval:
Duration:	• 5 months (November 1 through March 31) 5 monthly doses, unless otherwise specified
	1 month for off-season when RSV activity greater than or equal to 10% for the region according to the CDC 1 monthly dose, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PALOVAROTENE

Affected Medications: SOHONOS (palovarotene)

C	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP)
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of FOP confirmed by ACVR1 R206H mutation by molecular
Information:	genetic testing
	Radiographic features of FOP including joint malformations (such as hallux valgus)
	deformity, malformed first metatarsal, absent or fused interphalangeal joint), and progressive heterotopic ossification (HO)
	 Documentation of experiencing at least two flare-ups in the past 12 months requiring prescription non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and oral glucocorticoids such as prednisone
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in HO
Treatment	volume or number of flare-ups compared to baseline
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Patients weighing less than 10 kg
	Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	Females 8 years of age and older
	Males 10 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a physician who specializes in rare connective
Care Restrictions:	tissue diseases
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PALYNZIQ

Affected Medications: PALYNZIQ (pegvaliase-pqpz)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce phenylalanine (Phe) blood concentrations in adults with phenylketonuria (PKU) who have uncontrolled blood Phe greater than 600 micromol/L on existing management
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of a diagnosis of PKU Documentation of treatment failure with dual therapy of sapropterin and a Phe restricted diet as shown by a blood Phe level greater than 600 micromol/L (10 mg/dL) despite treatment
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that Palynziq will not be used in combination with sapropterin Reauthorization requires documentation of one of the following: Reduction in baseline Phe levels by 20 percent Increase in dietary Phe tolerance Improvement in clinical symptoms
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in metabolic disorders or an endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PARATHYROID HORMONE

Affected Medications: NATPARA (parathyroid hormone)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design 				
	 Adjunct to calcium and vitamin D to control hypocalcemia in hypoparathyroidism 				
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of the following lab values: 25-hydroxyvitamin D levels within normal limits (approximately 30-74 ng/mL) while on standard of care (such as calcitriol) Total serum calcium (albumin-corrected) greater than 7.5 mg/dL 				
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented failure with at least 8 weeks of a consistent supplementation regimen a follows:				
Exclusion Criteria:	mg/dL)				
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older				
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an Endocrinologist or nephrologist				
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 				



PARATHYROID HORMONE ANALOGS

Affected Medications: TERIPARATIDE, TYMLOS (abaloparatide), FORTEO (teriparatide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of osteoporosis in men and postmenopausal women at high risk for fracture (teriparatide, Tymlos, and Forteo) Treatment of glucocorticoid-induced osteoporosis in men and women at high risk for fracture (teriparatide and Forteo only)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of osteoporosis as defined by at least one of the following: T-score -2.5 or lower (current or past) at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site T-score between -1.0 and -2.5 at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site AND increased risk of fracture as defined by at least one of the following Fracture Risk Assessment Tool (FRAX) scores:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure (new fracture or worsening T-score despite adherence to an adequate trial of therapy), contraindication, or intolerance to BOTH of the following: Oral or Intravenous bisphosphonate (such as alendronate, risedronate, zoledronic acid or ibandronate) Prolia (denosumab) High risk of fracture defined as T-score -3.5 or lower, OR T-score -2.5 or lower with a history of fragility fractures For Forteo requests: documented treatment failure with Tymlos and teriparatide Total duration of therapy with parathyroid analogues should not exceed 2 years in a lifetime



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Exclusion Criteria:	 Forteo or teriparatide may be reauthorized for up to one additional year beyond two years of parathyroid analogue use (maximum of 3 total years) if meeting the following criteria: Documentation of treatment success with parathyroid hormone use, defined as reduced frequency of fragility fractures or stable T score while on Forteo or teriparatide Documentation that after 24 months of parathyroid hormone use, the patient remains at or has returned to having a high risk for fracture as evidenced by new fragility fracture or decline in T-score Paget's Disease Open epiphyses (such as pediatric or young adult patient) Bone metastases or skeletal malignancies Hereditary disorders predisposing to osteosarcoma Prior external beam or implant radiation therapy involving the skeleton Concurrent use of bisphosphonates, parathyroid hormone analogs, or RANK ligand inhibitors 		
	inhibitorsPre-existing hypercalcemia		
	Pregnancy		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber			
Restrictions:			
Coverage	Approval: 24 months (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified		
Duration:			
	1		



POLICY NAME: PAROMOMYCIN

Affected Medications: HUMATIN (paromomycin)

Covered Uses: • All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherw					
	by plan design				
	 Intestinal amebiasis, adjunctive therapy (Entamoeba histolytica) 				
	 Hepatic abscess, adjunctive therapy (Entamoeba histolytica) 				
	Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable)				
	 Cryptosporidiosis-associated diarrhea in patients with human 				
	immunodeficiency virus (HIV)				
	 Dientamoeba fragilis 				
Required Medical	Documentation of current infection confirmed with appropriate lab testing				
Information:	 Hepatic abscess: Confirmed by diagnostic imaging (conventional ultrasound, 				
	computed tomography scan, or magnetic resonance imaging)				
	 Dientamoeba fragilis: Identification of D. fragilis trophozoites in fecal smears 				
	 Cryptosporidiosis-associated diarrhea in patients with HIV: Stool specimen 				
	microscopic examination (acid-fast staining, direct fluorescent antibody, and/or				
	enzyme immunoassays for detection of <i>Cryptosporidium</i> sp. antigens) or molecular methods				
Appropriate	molecular methods				
Treatment					
Regimen & Other					
Criteria:					
Exclusion Criteria:	Intestinal obstruction				
	Use as monotherapy in Entamoeba histolytica infections				
Age Restriction:					
Prescriber/Site of					
Care Restrictions:					
Coverage	Approval: 3 months				
Duration:					



PCSK9 MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES

Affected Medications: REPATHA (evolocumab), PRALUENT (alirocumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design		
	 Secondary prevention in clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) 		
	 Primary hyperlipidemia (including heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia 		
	[HeFH])		
	Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH)		
Required Medical	All Indications		
Information:	Documentation of current complete lipid panel within last 3 months		
	Documentation of baseline (untreated) low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C)		
	Documentation of dietary measures being undertaken to lower cholesterol		
	Clinical ASCVD		
	Documentation of established ASCVD, confirmed by at least ONE of the following:		
	 Acute coronary syndromes (ACS) 		
	 History of myocardial infarction (MI) 		
	 Stable or unstable angina 		
	 Coronary or other arterial revascularization 		
	 Stroke or transient ischemic attack 		
	o Peripheral artery disease (PAD) presumed to be of atherosclerotic origin		
	Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH		
	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:		
	 Minimum baseline LDL-C of 160 mg/dL in adolescents or 190 mg/dL in adults 		
	AND 1 first-degree relative affected		
	 Presence of one abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defect (e.g., LDL receptor [LDLR], 		
	apolipoprotein B [apo B], proprotein convertase subtilisin kexin type 9 [PCSK9]		
	gain-of-function mutation, LDL receptor adaptor protein 1 [LDLRAP1])		
	 World Health Organization (WHO)/Dutch Lipid Network criteria score of at least 		
	points		
	 Definite FH diagnosis per the Simon Broome criteria 		
	<u>HoFH</u>		
	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:		
	 Baseline LDL-C greater than 500 mg/dL 		
	 Baseline LDL-C of 400 mg/dL and at least 1 parent with familial 		

hypercholesterolemia



0	Baseline LDL-C of 400 md/dL with aortic valve disease or xanthoma in ages < 20
	years

 Presence of two abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defect (excluding double-null LDLR mutations)

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

All Indications

- Documented intent to take alongside maximally tolerated doses of statin and/or ezetimibe, unless otherwise contraindicated
- History of statin intolerance requires documentation of the following:
 - Minimum of three different statin trials, with at least one hydrophilic (rosuvastatin, pravastatin)
 - Documentation of statin-associated muscle symptoms, which stopped when statin therapy was discontinued and restarted when re-challenged
- History of statin-associated rhabdomyolysis requires documentation of elevation in creatinine kinase (CK) level to at least 10 times the upper limit of normal, in concurrence with statin use

Clinical ASCVD

- Documented treatment failure with minimum 12 weeks of statin/ezetimibe combination therapy at maximally tolerated doses with consistent use, as shown by ONE of the following:
 - Current LDL-C of at least 70 mg/dL
 - Current LDL-C of at least 55 mg/dL in patients at very high risk of future ASCVD events, based on history of multiple major ASCVD events OR 1 major ASCVD event + multiple high-risk conditions

Major ASCVD Events	High-Risk Conditions
 ACS within the past 12 months History of MI (distinct from ACS event) Ischemic stroke Symptomatic PAD 	 Age 65 years and older HeFH Prior coronary artery bypass or percutaneous intervention (outside of major ASCVD events) Diabetes Hypertension Chronic kidney disease Current smoking History of congestive heart failure



	 Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH/HoFH Documented treatment failure with minimum 12 weeks of statin/ezetimibe combination therapy at maximally tolerated doses with consistent use 			
	Reauthorization: Documentation of updated lipid panel showing clinically significant			
	reduction in LDL-C from baseline AND continued compliance to therapy			
Exclusion				
Criteria:				
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist, endocrinologist, or lipid specialist			
Restrictions:				
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



PEDIATRIC WEIGHT LOSS

Affected Medications: Saxenda (liraglutide), Wegovy (semaglutide), Qsymia (phentermine/topiramate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design			
Required Medical Information:	 Patient age of 12 to 20 years Severe obesity defined as one of the following: Body Mass Index (BMI) of greater than or equal to 35kg/m² Equal to or greater than 120% of the 95th percentile for age and sex 			
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Current intensive health behavior and lifestyle treatment which includes Physical activity goals Nutrition education Behavior change counseling Saxenda and Wegovy Documentation of treatment failure with Qsymia, defined as failure to experience 5% reduction in BMI after 12 weeks at max tolerated dosage Reauthorization Qsymia: documentation of reduction of weight of at least 5% of baseline BMI since initiation Saxenda and Wegovy: documentation of at least 2.4mg daily dose and reduction of			
Exclusion Criteria:	weight of at least 1% of BMI since initiation			
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatrician or weight loss specialist			
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME: PEDMARK

Affected Medications: PEDMARK (sodium thiosulfate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce the risk of ototoxicity associated with cisplatin in pediatric patients 1 month of age and older with localized, non-metastatic solid tumors.		
Required Medical	Documentation of the following:		
Information:	 Treatment plan is a cisplatin-based regimen treating a localized, non- metastatic solid tumor 		
Appropriate			
Treatment			
Regimen & Other			
Criteria:			
Exclusion Criteria:	Metastatic disease		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist		
Restrictions:			
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months or duration of cisplatin regimen		



PEGASYS

Affected Medications: PEGASYS® (peginterferon alfa-2a)

Covered Uses:		d and Drug Administration (FDA)-aperwise excluded by plan design	pproved indications and compendia-	supported		
	The date wise excluded by plant design					
Required	• Docum	entation of anticipated treatment of	ourse, to include full antiviral regim	en, and		
Medical	duration of therapy					
Information:						
	Chronic Hepatitis C (CHC):					
	Documentation chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) genotype by liver biopsy or by FDA-					
		ed serum test				
	 Baselin 	e HCV RNA level				
	Chronic He	patitis B (CHB):				
	Documentation of HBeAg-positive or HBeAg-negative chronic hepatitis B virus (HBV)					
	infectio	n				
	 Baselin 	e HBV DNA level				
	• Current	(within 12 weeks) alanine transam	ninase (ALT) level			
	Chronic He	patitis C and B:				
		-	nent severity with Child-Pugh Classi	fication OR		
	bilirubin, albumin, INR, ascites status, and encephalopathy status to calculate Child-Pugh					
	score within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start of therapy					
	Documentation of HIV/HCV/HBV coinfection					
Appropriate	Chronic He					
Treatment			and/or AASLD/IDSA- recommended	-		
Regimen &			Source policies of other medications	s in the		
Other Criteria:	regime	11				
	Chronic He	patitis B:				
	,	entation of ONE of the following sc	enarios:			
	HBeAg	HBV DNA	ALT			
	Without o	irrhosis				
	Positive	Greater than 20,000 copies/mL	Greater than 2 times the upper limit of normal (ULN)			
	Negative	Greater than 2,000 copies/mL	Greater than 2 times the ULN			
	J	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1-2 times the ULN and			
	Negative	Greater than 2,000 copies/mL	moderate/severe liver			
			inflammation/fibrosis			
	With compensated cirrhosis					
	Either Greater than 2,000 copies/mL Any ALT					



Exclusion	Treatment of patients with CHC who have had solid organ transplantation
Criteria:	Autoimmune hepatitis
	Hepatic decompensation (Child-Pugh score greater than 6)
Age Restriction:	CHC: 5 years of age or older
	CHB: 18 years of age or older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, or infectious
Restrictions:	disease specialist
Coverage	CHC: 12 weeks, unless otherwise specified (depends on regimen and diagnosis)
Duration:	CHB: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PEGLOTICASE

Affected Medications: KRYSTEXXA (pegloticase)

Covered Uses:	 KRYSTEXXA (pegloticase) All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design:
	 Chronic gout in adult patients refractory to conventional therapy
Required Medical	Baseline serum uric acid (SUA) level greater than 8 mg/dL
Information:	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Two or more gout flares per year that were inadequately controlled by colchicine and/or nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDS) or oral/injectable corticosteroids At least one non-resolving subcutaneous gouty tophus Chronic gouty arthritis (defined clinically or radiographically as joint damage
	due to gout)
Appropriate	Documented contraindication, intolerance or clinical failure (defined as inability to
Treatment	reduce SUA level to less than 6 mg/dL) following a 12-week trial at maximum tolerated
Regimen & Other	dose to BOTH:
Criteria:	 Xanthine oxidase inhibitor (allopurinol or febuxostat) Combination of a xanthine oxidase inhibitor AND a uricosuric agent (such as probenecid). If xanthine oxidase inhibitor is contraindicated, trial with uricosuric agent required Documentation Krystexxa will be used in combination oral methotrexate 15mg weekly
	unless contraindicated Reauthorization will require ALL the following:
	Documentation of SUA less than 6mg/dL prior to next scheduled Krystexxa dose
	Documentation of response to treatment such as reduced size of tophi or number of flares or affected joints
	Rationale to continue treatment after resolution of tophi or reduction in symptoms
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with oral urate-lowering therapies
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in combination with, a nephrologist or rheumatologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **PEMIVIBART**

Affected Medications: PEMGARDA (pemivibart)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or compendia supported indications not
	otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) in moderate-to-severe immune compromised individuals 12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of moderate-to-severe immune compromise due to a medical condition or receipt of immunosuppressive medications or treatments, and are unlikely to mount an adequate response to COVID-19 vaccination, meeting one of the following: Active treatment for solid tumor and hematologic malignancies Hematologic malignancies associated with poor responses to COVID-19 vaccines regardless of current treatment status (e.g., chronic lymphocytic leukemia, non-Hodgkin lymphoma, multiple myeloma, acute leukemia) Receipt of solid-organ transplant or an islet transplant and taking immunosuppressive therapy Receipt of chimeric antigen receptor (CAR)-T-cell or hematopoietic stem cell transplant (within 2 years of transplantation or taking immunosuppressive therapy) Moderate or severe primary immunodeficiency (e.g., common variable immunodeficiency disease, severe combined immunodeficiency, DiGeorge syndrome, Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome) Advanced or untreated human immunodeficiency viruses (HIV) infection (people with HIV and CD4 cell counts less than 200/mm³, history of an AIDS-defining illness without immune reconstitution, or clinical manifestations of symptomatic HIV) Active treatment with high-dose corticosteroids (at least 20 mg prednisone or equivalent per day when administered for 2 or more weeks), alkylating agents, antimetabolites, transplant-related immunosuppressive drugs, cancer chemotherapeutic agents classified as severely immunosuppressive, and biologic agents that are immunosuppressive or immunomodulatory (such as B-cell depleting agents)
	Baseline SARS-CoV-2 titers that show undetectable antibodies
Annuanvists	Weight of 40 kg or more
Appropriate	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed 4500 mg once every 3
Treatment	months
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of continued immune compromise and low SARS-
	CoV-2 titers



Exclusion Criteria:	Positive SARS-CoV-2 antigen test or PCR test within the last 3 months
	Received COVID-19 vaccine within the last 3 months
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: PHENOXYBENZAMINE

Affected Medications: Phenoxybenzamine

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of sweating and hypertension associated with
	pheochromocytoma
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of pheochromocytoma that requires treatment to control
Information:	episodes of hypertension and sweating
	This drug will be used for one of the following:
	 Preoperative preparation for a scheduled surgical resection
	 Chronic treatment of pheochromocytoma that is not amenable to surgery
Appropriate	Documentation of treatment failure, intolerance, or contraindication to a selective
Treatment	alpha-1 adrenergic receptor blocker (e.g., doxazosin, terazosin, prazosin)
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or a specialist with
Restrictions:	experience in the management of pheochromocytoma
Coverage Duration:	Preoperative preparation: 1 month, unless otherwise specified
	Chronic treatment: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PHESGO

Affected Medications: PHESGO (pertuzumab-trastuzumab-hyaluronidase-zzxf)

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and prescribed dosing regimen Documentation of HER2 positivity based on 3+ score on immunohistochemistry (IHC) testing OR Positive gene amplification by Fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) test
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of an intolerable adverse event to two of the following preferred products and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredients Preferred products: Perjeta in combination with Kanjinti, Perjeta in combination with Ogivri, Perjeta in combination with Trazimera, Perjeta in combination with Herzuma, Perjeta in combination with Ontruzant Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PHOSPHODIESTERASE-5 (PDE-5) ENZYME INHIBITORS FOR PULMONARY ARTERIAL HYPERTENSION

Affected Medications: tadalafil 20 mg tablet, sildenafil 20 mg tablet

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 Required Medical Information: Diagnosis of World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 PAH confirmed by right heart catheterization meeting the following criterias: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg AND Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index OR Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class Exclusion Criteria: Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis Concomitant use of riociguat a guanylate cyclase stimulator Use for erectile dysfunction Age Restrictions: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:		
Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 Required Medical Information: Diagnosis of World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 PAH confirmed by right heart catheterization meeting the following criterias: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg AND Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index OR Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in exercise ability Improvement or stability in WHO functional class Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis Concomitant use of riociguat a guanylate cyclase stimulator Use for erectile dysfunction Prescriber/Site of Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist	Covered Uses:	· · · · · ·
Required Medical Information: Diagnosis of World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 PAH confirmed by right heart catheterization meeting the following criterias: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg AND Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index OR Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in exercise ability Improvement or stability in WHO functional class Exclusion Criteria: Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis Concomitant use of riociguat a guanylate cyclase stimulator Use for erectile dysfunction Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist		plan design
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Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg AND Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index OR Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class Exclusion Criteria: Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis Concomitant use of riociguat a guanylate cyclase stimulator Use for erectile dysfunction Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist	_	Diagnosis of World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 PAH confirmed by right heart
Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg AND Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index OR Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class Exclusion Criteria: Concomitant use of riociguat a guanylate cyclase stimulator Use for erectile dysfunction Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist	Information:	catheterization meeting the following criterias:
AND Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index OR Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class Exclusion Criteria: Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis Concomitant use of riociguat a guanylate cyclase stimulator Use for erectile dysfunction Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist		 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index OR Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class Exclusion Criteria: Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis Concomitant use of riociguat a guanylate cyclase stimulator Use for erectile dysfunction Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist		
Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:		 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:		New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms
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O Low cardiac index OR O Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class Exclusion Criteria: Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis Concomitant use of riociguat a guanylate cyclase stimulator Use for erectile dysfunction Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist		·
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Improvement in exercise ability Improvement or stability in WHO functional class Exclusion Criteria: Improvement or stability in WHO functional class Exclusion Criteria: Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis Concomitant use of riociguat a guanylate cyclase stimulator Use for erectile dysfunction Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class Exclusion Criteria: Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis Concomitant use of riociguat a guanylate cyclase stimulator Use for erectile dysfunction Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Neauthorization Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement or stability Improvement or stability in WHO functional class Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis Use for erectile dysfunction Age Restriction:		OR
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class Exclusion Criteria: Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis Concomitant use of riociguat a guanylate cyclase stimulator Use for erectile dysfunction Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist		 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Regimen & Other Criteria: Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class Exclusion Criteria: Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis Concomitant use of riociguat a guanylate cyclase stimulator Use for erectile dysfunction Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist		
 Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis Concomitant use of riociguat a guanylate cyclase stimulator Use for erectile dysfunction Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist 		
 Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis Concomitant use of riociguat a guanylate cyclase stimulator Use for erectile dysfunction Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist 		ļ ,
 Improvement or stability in WHO functional class Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis Concomitant use of riociguat a guanylate cyclase stimulator Use for erectile dysfunction Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist 	Criteria:	Improvement in exercise ability
 Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis Concomitant use of riociguat a guanylate cyclase stimulator Use for erectile dysfunction Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist 		Improvement in pulmonary function
Concomitant use of riociguat a guanylate cyclase stimulator Use for erectile dysfunction Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist		Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Use for erectile dysfunction Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist	Exclusion Criteria:	Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist		Concomitant use of riociguat a guanylate cyclase stimulator
Prescriber/Site of • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist		Use for erectile dysfunction
1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	Age Restriction:	
		Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration: • Authorization: 12 months	Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months



POLICY NAME: PIRFENIDONE

Affected Medications: PIRFENIDONE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of all the following: Presence of usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) or high-resolution computed tomography (HRCT), and/or surgical lung biopsy Baseline forced vital capacity (FVC) greater than or equal to 50 percent of the predicted value AND Predicted diffuse capacity for carbon monoxide (DLCO) great than or equal to 30 percent
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Pirfenidone is not approved for use in combination with Ofev. <u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success.
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POMBILITI AND OPFOLDA

Affected Medications: POMBILITI (cipaglucosidase alfa-atga intravenous injection), OPFOLDA (miglustat oral capsule)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (EDA) approved indications not otherwise evaluded
Covered Oses.	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded burden design
	by plan design
	 Late-onset Pompe disease for patients weighing 40 kg or more and who are not improving on their current enzyme replacement therapy (ERT)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of late-onset Pompe disease confirmed by one of the following:
Information:	\circ Enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of acid α -glucosidase (GAA) enzyme activity
	 DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA gene
	One or more clinical signs or symptoms of late-onset Pompe disease:
	 Progressive proximal weakness in a limb-girdle distribution
	 Delayed gross-motor development in childhood
	 Involvement of respiratory muscles causing respiratory difficulty (such as
	reduced forced vital capacity [FVC] or sleep disordered breathing)
	 Skeletal abnormalities (such as scoliosis or scapula alata)
	 Low/absent reflexes
	Documentation that patient has a 6-minute walk test (6MWT) of 75 meters or more
	Documentation has a sitting percent predicted forced vital capacity (FVC) of 30% or
	more
Annropriato	Patient weight
Appropriate Treatment	Documentation of planned treatment regimen for both Pombiliti and Opfolda which are with in FDA lab align.
Regimen & Other	within FDA-labeling
Criteria:	Documentation that patient is no longer improving after at least one year of current
	enzyme replacement therapy (ERT) with Lumizyme (alglucosidase alfa) or Nexviazyme
	(avalglucosidase alfa-ngpt)
	Describe adjusting will approve a describe a fitting throughout a consequence and a discipally significant
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as evidenced by an improvement, stabilization, or slowing of
	progression in percent predicted FVC and/or 6MWT
Exclusion Criteria:	Pregnancy or, if female of reproductive potential, not using effective contraception
	during treatment
	 Use of invasive or noninvasive ventilation support for more than 6 hours a day while
	awake
	Diagnosis of infantile-onset Pompe Disease
	Concurrent treatment with Lumizyme or Nexviazyme
	Pombiliti or Opfolda as monotherapy
	1 Similar of Optotal as monotherapy



	Use of Opfolda for Gaucher disease
Age Restriction:	18 years or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist, endocrinologist, biochemical geneticist, or physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: POSACONAZOLE

Affected Medications: posaconazole suspension, posaconazole delayed release tablets

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of invasive aspergillosis
	 Prophylaxis of Invasive Aspergillus and Candida Infections
	 Treatment of Oropharyngeal Candidiasis Including Oropharyngeal Candidiasis
	Refractory to Itraconazole and/or Fluconazole
Required Medical	Susceptibility cultures matching posaconazole activity
Information:	Current body weight (for pediatric patients)
	Documentation of an Oregon Health Authority (OHA) funded condition
Appropriate	<u>Treatment of invasive aspergillosis</u>
Treatment	Documentation of resistance (or intolerable adverse event) to voriconazole
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Prophylaxis of invasive Aspergillus and Candida infections
	Documentation of severely immunocompromised state, such as hematopoietic stem cell
	transplant (HSCT) recipients with graft versus-host disease (GVHD) or those with
	hematologic malignancies with prolonged neutropenia from chemotherapy
	Documentation of resistance (or intolerable adverse event) to one other compendia-
	supported systemic agent (e.g., fluconazole, itraconazole, voriconazole)
	Treatment of oropharyngeal candidiasis (OPC):
	Documented failure (or intolerable adverse event) to 10 days or more of treatment with
	all the following:
	Fluconazole
	o Itraconazole
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	Posaconazole delayed release tablets – 2 years of age or older who weigh greater than
	40kg
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	
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POLICY NAME: POZELIMAB

Affected Medications: VEOPOZ (pozelimab-bbfg)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of CD55-deficient protein-losing enteropathy (PLE) or CHAPLE disease
Required Medical	Diagnosis of CD-55-deficient PLE confirmed by biallelic CD55 loss-of-function mutation
Information:	using molecular genetic testing
	Documentation of hypoalbuminemia (serum albumin of 3.2 g/dL or less)
	Clinical signs and features of active PLE including abdominal pain, diarrhea, peripheral
	edema, or facial edema
	Documentation of at least two albumin transfusions or hospitalizations in the past year
Appropriate	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed the following:
Treatment	 Loading Dose: 30 mg/kg by intravenous infusion for 1 dose
Regimen & Other	 Maintenance Dose: Starting on day 8,
Criteria:	10 mg/kg as a subcutaneous injection once weekly
	May be increased to 12 mg/kg starting week 4
	 Maximum maintenance dosage of 800 mg once weekly
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization requires documentation of positive clinical response with all the following:
	Improvement or stabilization of clinical symptoms
	Improvement or normalization of serum albumin concentrations
	Reduction in albumin transfusion requirements and/or hospitalizations
Exclusion Criteria:	Receiving concurrent therapy with Soliris (eculizumab)
	Unresolved Neisseria meningitidis, Streptococcus pneumoniae, or Haemophilus
	influenzae type b (Hib) infection
Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, gastroenterologist, or provider
Care Restrictions:	that specializes in rare genetic hematologic diseases
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PRAMLINTIDE

Affected Medications: SYMLINPEN (pramlintide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise	
	excluded by plan design.	
	 Type 1 diabetes mellitus 	
	 Type 2 diabetes mellitus 	
Required Medical	Documentation of inadequate glycemic control (HbA1c greater than 7 percent)	
Information:	on optimal insulin therapy	
	AND	
	Patient will take SymlinPen in addition to mealtime insulin therapy	
Appropriate Treatment	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically	
Regimen & Other	significant response to therapy	
Criteria:		
Exclusion Criteria:	HbA1c level greater than 9 percent.	
	Weight loss treatment.	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



PRIMARY BILIARY CHOLANGITIS AGENTS

Affected Medications: OCALIVA (obeticholic acid), IQIRVO, (elafibranor)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Primary biliary cholangitis (PBC)
Required Medical	Liver function tests (including alkaline phosphatase and bilirubin)
Information:	Child-Pugh score
Appropriate	The patient has an alkaline phosphatase level (ALP) at least 1.67 times the upper limit of
Treatment	normal (ULN) and/or bilirubin above the upper limit of normal while on ursodiol (with
Regimen & Other	demonstrated adherence) after at least 12 months of therapy or has demonstrated a
Criteria:	clinical inability to tolerate ursodiol
	O ULN ALP defined as 118 U/L for females or 124 U/L for males ULN of total hillinghing defined as 1.1 mg/dl for females ar 1.5 mg/dl for males
	 ULN of total bilirubin defined as 1.1 mg/dL for females or 1.5 mg/dL for males
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success defined as a significant
	reduction in Alkaline phosphatase (ALP) and/or bilirubin levels
Exclusion	Complete biliary obstruction
Criteria:	Decompensated cirrhosis (e.g., Child-Pugh Class B or C) or a prior decompensation event
	Compensated cirrhosis with evidence of portal hypertension (e.g., ascites,
	gastroesophageal varices, persistent thrombocytopenia)
	Use in combination with another drug on this policy (Ocaliva, Iqirvo)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Coverage	



PROLIA

Affected Medications: PROLIA (denosumab)

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 - Treatment of osteoporosis in men and postmenopausal women at high risk for fracture
 - Treatment of glucocorticoid-induced osteoporosis in men and women at high risk for fracture
 - Treatment of bone loss in women at high risk for fracture receiving adjuvant aromatase inhibitor therapy for breast cancer
 - Treatment of bone loss in men at high risk for fracture receiving androgen deprivation therapy for prostate cancer

Required Medical Information:

Osteoporosis

- Diagnosis of osteoporosis as defined by at least one of the following:
 - T-score less than or equal to -2.5 (current or past) at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site.
 - T-score between -1.0 and -2.5 at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site AND increased risk of fracture as defined by at least one of the following Fracture Risk Assessment Tool (FRAX) scores:
 - FRAX 10-year probability of major osteoporotic fracture is 20% or greater
 - FRAX 10-year probability of hip fracture is 3% or greater
 - History of non-traumatic fractures in the absence of other metabolic bone disorders (postmenopausal women with osteoporosis only)

Glucocorticoid-Induced Osteoporosis

- If 50 years old and greater, must provide documentation of one of the following:
 - Baseline bone mineral density (BMD) T-score of less than or equal to -2.0 at the lumbar spine, total hip, or femoral neck
 - BMD T-score less than or equal to -1.0 at the lumbar spine, total hip, or femoral neck AND a history of osteoporotic fracture
- If less than 50 years old, must provide documentation of a history of osteoporotic fracture
- In addition to the above, must also provide documentation of the following:
 - Initiation or continuation of systemic glucocorticoids equivalent to 7.5 mg or greater of prednisone and expected to remain on glucocorticoids for at least 6 months

Bone Loss in Women Receiving Adjuvant Aromatase Inhibitor Therapy for Breast Cancer

• Documentation of baseline BMD T-score at minimum -1.0 at the lumbar spine, total hip, or femoral neck



	Bone Loss in Men Receiving Androgen Deprivation Therapy for Prostate Cancer
	If less than 70 years old, must provide documentation of one of the following:
	 BMD T-score at minimum -1.0 at the lumbar spine, total hip, or femoral neck
	History of osteoporotic fracture
Appropriate	Osteoporosis and Glucocorticoid-Induced Osteoporosis
Treatment	Documentation of one of the following:
Regimen & Other	 Treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with an oral or intravenous
Criteria:	bisphosphonate (e.g., alendronate, risedronate, zoledronic acid or ibandronate)
	 Severe renal impairment (e.g., creatinine clearance less than 35 mL/min)
	 Multiple osteoporotic fractures in the setting of T-scores less than -3.5
Exclusion Criteria:	 Reauthorization: requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy Concurrent use of bisphosphonate therapy or antineoplastic therapy apart from aromatase inhibitors or androgen deprivation therapy. Preexisting hypocalcemia Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



PROSTAGLANDIN INTRACAMERAL IMPLANTS

Affected Medications: DURYSTA (bimatoprost intracameral implant), iDose TR (travoprost intracameral implant)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	, , ,
	 Reduction of intraocular pressure (IOP) in patients with open angle glaucoma (OAG) or ocular hypertension (OHT)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of OAG or OHT with a baseline IOP of at least 22 mmHg
Information:	
Inioiniation.	Documentation of clinical justification for inability to manage routine topical therapy (a.g., due to green a followers a given a green hidition and a designificant as
	(e.g., due to progression of glaucoma, aging, comorbidities, and administration
Appropriate	 difficulties that cannot be addressed through instruction and technique) Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least two IOP-
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	lowering agents with different mechanisms of action, (used concurrently), one of which
Criteria:	must include a prostaglandin analog such as latanoprost
Criteria.	For iDose TR requests:
	 Documented treatment failure to the preferred product Durysta
Exclusion Criteria:	Repeat implantation with the same prostaglandin implant
	Diagnosis of corneal endothelial cell dystrophy (e.g., Fuchs' Dystrophy)
	Prior corneal or endothelial cell transplantation (e.g., Descemet's Stripping Automated
	Endothelial Keratoplasty [DSAEK])
	Active or suspected ocular or periocular infections
	Absent or ruptured posterior lens capsule (Durysta)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Authorization: 1 month (one implant per impacted eye), unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



PROXIMAL COMPLEMENT INHIBITOR

Affected Medications: EMPAVELI (pegcetacoplan), FABHALTA (iptacopan)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of adult patients with paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH)
Required Medical	Patients must be administered a meningococcal vaccine at least two weeks prior to
Information:	initiation of the requested therapy and revaccinated according to current Advisory
	Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) guidelines
	Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing
	 Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein
	deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g.,
	granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes)
	Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper
	limit of normal range
	One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings:
	 Presence of a thrombotic event
	 Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis
	 History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
Appropriate	For Empaveli: Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to
Treatment	ravulizumab (Ultomiris)
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	For Fabhalta: Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to
	another complement inhibitor such as ravulizumab (Ultomiris) or Empaveli
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in
	serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and
	reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline
Exclusion	Concurrent use with other biologics for PNH (Soliris, Ultomiris, Empaveli, or Fabhalta)
Criteria:	except when cross tapering according to FDA approved dosing
	Current meningitis infection or other unresolved serious infection caused by
	encapsulated bacteria
A D. stoletiens	encapsulated bacteria
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Restrictions:	Tresoribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization. 12 months, unless otherwise specified
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POLICY NAME: PYRIMETHAMINE

Affected Medications: PYRIMETHAMINE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Toxoplasmosis 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of recent <i>Toxoplasma</i> infection Documentation of one of the following: Severe symptoms (pneumonitis, myocarditis, etc) or prolonged symptoms greater than 4 weeks with significant impact on quality of life Immunocompromised status 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dosing Regimen (adult): Day 1: Pyrimethamine 100mg, sulfadiazine 2-4gm divided four times daily, leucovorin 5-25mg Day 2: Pyrimethamine 25-50mg, sulfadiazine 2-4gm divided four times daily, leucovorin 5-25mg Day 3 and beyond: Pyrimethamine 25-50mg, sulfadiazine 500mg-1 gm divided four times daily, leucovorin 5-25mg 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment regimen does not contain leucovorin and a sulfonamide (or alternative if allergic to sulfa)	
Age Restriction:	-	
Prescriber Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: Up to 6 weeks, with no reauthorization unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: RAVULIZUMAB-CWVZ

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) to reduce hemolysis
	 Atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS) to inhibit complement-mediated
	thrombotic microangiopathy
	o Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine
	receptor (AChR) antibody positive
	 Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) who are anti-aquaporin-4
	(AQP4) antibody positive for adult patients
Required	<u>PNH</u>
Medical	Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing
Information:	 Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein
	deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g.,
	granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes)
	Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper
	limit of normal range
	One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings:
	 Presence of a thrombotic event
	 Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis
	 History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
	<u>aHUS</u>
	Clinical presentation of microangiopathic hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, and acute kidney injury
	• Patient shows signs of thrombotic microangiopathy (TMA) (e.g., changes in mental status,
	seizures, angina, dyspnea, thrombosis, increasing blood pressure, decreased platelet
	count, increased serum creatinine, increased LDH, etc.)
	ADAMTS13 activity level greater than or equal to 10%
	Shiga toxin E. coli related hemolytic uremic syndrome (ST-HUS) has been ruled out
	History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
	gMG
	Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by ONE of the following:
	A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test
	 A history of abnormal hearomascular transmission test A positive edrophonium chloride test
	 A positive europholium chloride test Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor
	Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV
	Positive serologic test for AChR antibodies

Documentation of **ONE** of the following:



- o MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater
- o Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater

NMOSD

- Diagnosis of NMOSD with aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4- IgG) antibody positive disease confirmed by all the following:
 - o Documentation of positive test for AQP4-IgG antibodies via cell-based assay
 - Exclusion of alternative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis)
 - At least one core clinical characteristic:
 - Acute optic neuritis
 - Acute myelitis
 - Area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained hiccups or nausea/vomiting)
 - Acute brainstem syndrome
 - Symptomatic narcolepsy **OR** acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with NMSOD-typical diencephalic MRI lesions
 - Symptomatic cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical lesion on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) [see table below]
 - Acute cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see table below]

Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings
Diencephalicsyndrome	Periependymal lesion
	Hypothalamic/thalamic lesion
Acute cerebralsyndrome	Extensive periependymal lesion
	 Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion
	Long corticospinal tract lesion
	Large, confluent subcortical or deep white
	matter lesion

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

<u>aHUS</u>

- Failure to respond to plasma therapy within 10 days
 - o Trial of plasma therapy not required if one of the following is present:
 - Life-threatening complications of HUS such as seizures, coma, or heart failure
 - Confirmed presence of a high-risk complement genetic variant (e.g., CFH or CFI)



	gMG
	Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate) Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to efgartigimod-alfa (Vyvgart) NMOSD Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ALL the following: Rituximab (preferred products: Riabni, Ruxience, Truxima) Satralizumab-mwge (Enspryng) Inebilizumab-cdon (Uplizna)
	 Reauthorization requires: gMG: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in MG-ADL or QMG scores from baseline PNH: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline aHUS: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved serum creatinine, increased platelet count, and decreased plasma exchange/infusion requirement compared to baseline NMOSD: documentation of treatment success defined as the stabilization or improvement in neurological symptoms as evidenced by a decrease in acute relapses, Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score, hospitalizations, or plasma exchange
Exclusion Criteria:	 Current meningitis infection Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication, unless indicated by the FDA for combination use with Ultomiris
Age Restriction:	 PNH, aHUS: 1 month of age and older gMG: 18 years and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist: PNH: Hematologist aHUS: Hematologist or Nephrologist gMG: Neurologist NMOSD: neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



REBLOZYL

Affected Medications: REBLOZYL (luspatercept-aamt)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of anemia in adult patients with beta thalassemia who require regular red blood cell (RBC) transfusions OR Diagnosis of anemia failing an erythropoiesis stimulating agent and requiring 2 or more red blood cell units over 8 weeks in adult patients with very low- to intermediate-risk myelodysplastic syndromes with ring sideroblasts (MDS-RS) or with myelodysplastic/myeloproliferative neoplasm with ring sideroblasts and thrombocytosis (MDS/MPN-RS-T) Documentation of anemia in adults without previous erythropoiesis-stimulating agent (ESA) use (ESA-naive) with very low- to intermediate-risk myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS) who may require RBC transfusions Baseline complete blood count (CBC) within 2 months and then prior to each administration, or more frequently as indicated Documentation of current RBC transfusion regimen
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of serum EPO over 500 mU/mL with a need for RBC transfusions (very low- to intermediate-risk myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS))
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of a 20% reduction in red blood cell (RBC) transfusion burden from baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	 Diagnosis of non-transfusion-dependent beta thalassemia Use as immediate correction as a substitute for RBC transfusions Diagnosis of alpha thalassemia Known pregnancy
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: REMODULIN

Affected Medications: REMODULIN INJECTION (treprostinil)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension in Patients Requiring Transition from Epoprostenol
Required	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
Medical	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following
Information:	criteria: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg AND Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH, OR PAH secondary to one of the following conditions: Connective tissue disease Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection Cirrhosis Anorexigens Congenital left to right shunts Schistosomiasis Drugs and toxins
	 Portal Hypertension New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class II or higher symptoms Documentation of acute vasoreactivity testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blocker) unless contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index OR Presense of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal medical and/or surgical treatment of the identified condition Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin, Tyvaso, Orenitram should not be used in combination) Treatment with oral calcium channel blocking agents has been tried and failed, or has been considered ruled out Treatment with combination of endothelin receptor antagonist (ERA) and phosphodiesterase 5 inhibitor (PDE5I) has been tried and failed for WHO Functional Class II and III symptoms



Exclusion Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension (e.g., left sided atrial or ventricular disease, left sided valvular heart disease, etc.) or disorders of the respiratory system (e.g.,
Age Restriction:	chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, interstitial lung disease, obstructive sleep apnea or other sleep disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, etc.)
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial coverage: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Subsequent coverage: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RESLIZUMAB

Affected Medications: CINQAIR IV (reslizumab-interleukin-5 antagonist monoclonal antiboty (IgG4 kappa))

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Add-on maintenance treatment of adult patients with severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by both of the following: Baseline eosinophil count of at least 400 cells/µL AND FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms AND Documentation of one of the following: Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaler treatment and at least 80% adherence Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with all of the preferred products (Dupixent, Fasenra, Nucala, and Xolair) Availability: 100 mg/10 mL vials Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Nucala, Xolair, Fasenra, Tezspire)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **RESMETIROM**

Affected Medications: REZDIFFRA (resmetirom)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of adults with noncirrhotic nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH) with moderate to advanced liver fibrosis (consistent with stages F2 to F3 fibrosis), in conjunction with diet and exercise
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of NASH or metabolic dysfunction—associated steatohepatitis (MASH) with moderate to advanced (F2 to F3) liver fibrosis confirmed by ONE of the following: Conclusive result from a well-validated non-invasive test such as: Fibroscan-AST (FAST) score MAST (score from MRI—proton density fat fraction, Magnetic resonance elastography [MRE], and serum AST) MEFIB (Fibrosis-4 Index greater than or equal to 1.6 and MRE greater than or equal to 3.3 kPa) Liver biopsy (also required if non-invasive testing is inconclusive or other causes for liver disease have not been ruled out) Other causes for liver steatosis have been ruled out (such as alcohol-associated liver disease, chronic hepatitis C, Wilson disease, drug-induced liver disease) Baseline lab values for AST and ALT
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of abstinence from alcohol consumption Documentation of comprehensive comorbidity management being undertaken, including all the following: Use of diet and exercise for weight management
	 Medications to manage associated comorbid conditions, such as thyroid disease (must not have active disease), diabetes, dyslipidemia, hypertension, or cardiovascular conditions.
	• Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy based on improvements or stability in laboratory results, such as ALT and AST, or fibrosis as evaluated by a non-invasive test
Exclusion Criteria:	History of excessive alcohol use or alcohol-associated liver disease
	Current excessive alcohol use
l l	Continued use of medications associated with liver steatosis
	 Continued use of medications associated with liver steatosis Stage 4 liver disease or cirrhosis



Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist or gastroenterologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months



POLICY NAME: RETHYMIC

Affected Medications: RETHYMIC (allogeneic processed thymus tissue-agdc)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded			
	by plan design			
	 Immune reconstitution in pediatric patients with congenital athymia 			
Required Medical	Documentation of congenital athymia associated with one of the following:			
Information:	 Complete DiGeorge Syndrome (cDGS) 			
	 Forkhead Box N1 (FOXN1) deficiency 			
	o 22q11.2 deletion			
	 CHARGE Syndrome (Coloboma, Heart defects, Atresia of the nasal choanae, 			
	Retardation of growth and development, Genitourinary anomalies, Ear			
	anomalies)			
	o CHD7 mutation			
	o 10p13-p14 deletion			
Appropriate	Congenital athymia confirmed by flow cytometry that demonstrates:			
Treatment	 Fewer than 50 naïve T cells/mm3 in the peripheral blood 			
Regimen & Other	OR			
Criteria:	 Less than 5% of total T cells being naïve T cells 			
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of patients with severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID)			
	Prior thymus transplant			
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric immunologist or prescriber			
Restrictions:	experienced in the treatment of congenital athymia			
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 1 month (1 treatment only), unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME: RILONACEPT

Affected Medications: ARCALYST (Rilonacept)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS), including Familial
	Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS), and Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS) in
	adults and pediatric patients 12 years and older
	 The maintenance of remission of Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist
	(DIRA) in adults and pediatric patients weighing at least 10 kg
	 Treatment of recurrent pericarditis (RP) and reduction in risk of recurrence in
	adults and pediatric patients 12 years and older
Required	Documentation confirming one of the following:
Medical	Diagnosis of Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS), including Familial Cold
Information:	Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS), and Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS)
	Diagnosis of Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA)
	 Must include genetic testing results which confirm the presence of homozygous
	mutations in the interleukin-1 receptor antagonist (IL1RN) gene
	 Disease must currently be in remission
	Diagnosis of Recurrent Pericarditis with an inflammatory phenotype shown by one of the
	following:
	 Fever, elevated C-Reactive protein (CRP), elevated white blood cell count,
	elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), pericardial late gadolinium
	enhancement (LGE) on cardiac magnetic resonance (CMR), or pericardial contrast
_	enhancement on computed tomography (CT) scan
Appropriate	All Indications:
Treatment	• Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with trial of Kineret (anakinra)
Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	Recurrent Pericarditis:
	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to triple therapy with all the
	following:
	o Colchicine
	 Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) or aspirin
	o Glucocorticoid
	Dosing for CAPS or Recurrent Pericarditis:
	 Adults: loading dose of 320 mg followed by 160 mg once weekly
	 Pediatric patients (age 12 to 17): loading dose of 4.4 mg/kg (maximum 320 mg) followed
	by 2.2 mg/kg once weekly (maximum 160 mg)



	Dosing for DIRA: • Adults: 320 mg once weekly			
	Pediatric patients (weighing 10 kg or more): 4.4 mg/kg (maximum 320 mg) once weekly			
	Reauthorization will require:			
	• All indications: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy			
	Recurrent pericarditis: documentation that the patient is unable to remain asymptomatic with normal CRP levels upon trial of an appropriate tapering regimen			
Exclusion	Active or chronic infection			
Criteria:	Concurrent therapy with anakinra, TNF inhibitors, or other biologics			
Age Restriction:	CAPS or Recurrent Pericarditis, 12 years of age and older			
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, immunologist, cardiologist, or			
Restrictions:	dermatologist			
Coverage	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified			
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME: RIOCIGUAT

Affected Medications: ADEMPAS (riociguat)

Covered Uses:	, , approved			
	by plan design			
	 Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) 			
	Group 1			
	o Chronic-Thromboembolic Pulmonary Hypertension (WHO Group 4)			
Required Medical	Chronic thromboembolic pulmonary hypertension (CTEPH)			
Information:	 Documentation of Chronic-Thromboemolic Pulmonary Hypertension (WHO Group 4) meeting the following criteria: 			
	 Evidence of thromboembolic occlusion of proximal or distal pulmonary vasculature on CT/MRI or V/Q scan 			
	Mean pulmonary arterial pressure greater than 20 mmHg			
	PAWP less than 15 mmHg			
	 Elevated pulmonary vascular resistance over 2 Wood units 			
	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH)			
	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the			
	following criteria:			
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg 			
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg 			
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units 			
	• Etiology of PAH (idiopathic, heritable, or associated with connective tissue disease)			
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional			
	Class II or higher symptoms			
	Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blocker) unless there are contraindications:			
	Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90)			
	Low cardiac index			
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) 			
Appropriate	СТЕРН			
Treatment	Documentation of failure of or inability to receive pulmonary endarterectomy			
Regimen & Other	surgery			
Criteria:	Current therapy with anticoagulants			
	<u>PAH</u>			
	Documented failure to the following therapy classes: Phosphodiesterase type 5			
	(PDE5) inhibitors AND endothelin receptor antagonists			
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of			



	the following:	
	Improvement in walking distance	
	Improvement in exercise ability	
	Improvement in pulmonary function	
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concomitant use with nitrates or nitric oxide donors (such as amyl nitrite) Concomitant use with specific PDE-5 inhibitors (such as sildenafil, tadalafil, or vardenafil) or non-specific PDE inhibitors (such as dipyridamole or theophylline) 	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist	
Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: RISANKIZUMAB

Affected Medications: SKYRIZI PREFILLED SYRINGE KIT, SKYRIZI PREFILLED SYRINGE, SKYRIZI AUTO-INJECTOR, SKYRIZI SOLUTION CARTRIDGE, SKYRIZI INTRAVENOUS (IV) SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	o Plaque Psoriasis (PP)
	o Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)
	o Crohn's Disease (CD)
	 Ulcerative Colitis (UC)
Required	Plaque Psoriasis
Medical	Documentation of disease that is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional
Information:	impairment as defined by one of the following:
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) of greater than or equal to 11
	 Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) greater than or equal to 13
	 Severe disease on other validated tools
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial
	involvement preventing normal social interaction
	Documentation of one or more of the following:
	 At least 10% body surface area involvement; or
	 Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or
	greater based on chart notes
	 Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point,
	OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
	 Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
	 Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
	 Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
	point
	Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis
	Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy
	Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment
Appropriate	Plaque Psoriasis
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least two systemic therapies:
	methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy (UVB, PUVA)



Regimen & Other Criteria:

- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Otezla, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), or Ilumya

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented treatment failure of at least 12 weeks with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying anti-rheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Otezla, Simponi Aria, Orencia, or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Crohn's Disease

- Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide
 OR
- Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease
 OR
- Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following:
 - Fistulizing disease
 - Stricture
 - Presence of abscess/phlegmon
 - Deep ulcerations
 - Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal involvement

AND

- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

One of the following: Entyvio or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)



	Ulcerative Colitis			
	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks:			
	corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-			
	mercaptopurine			
	OR			
	Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater			
	than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of			
	systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent			
	hospitalization for ulcerative colitis			
	AND			
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12			
	weeks of each therapy:			
	 Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola) AND 			
	 One of the following: Entyvio or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab- 			
	fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)			
	QL			
	PP/PsA:			
	Induction: 150 mg at week 0 and 4			
	 Maintenance: 150 mg per 84 days 			
	Crohn's Disease:			
	Induction: 600 mg IV at weeks 0, 4, and 8			
	 Maintenance: 360 mg subcutaneously every 8 weeks, beginning week 12 			
	Ulcerative Colitis			
	 Induction: 1200 mg IV at weeks 0, 4, and 8 			
	 Maintenance: 360 mg subcutaneously every 8 weeks, beginning week 12 			
	<u>Reauthorization</u>			
	Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy			
Exclusion	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and			
Criteria:	is not a covered benefit			
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older			
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, dermatologist, or			
Restrictions:	gastroenterologist as appropriate for diagnosis			
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified			
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified			



POLICY NAME: RISDIPLAM

Affected Medications: EVRYSDI (Risdiplam)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise evaluded			
covered oses.	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design 			
	,			
Dogwined Medical	Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)			
Required Medical	Diagnosis of SMA type 1, 2, or 3 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2 demonstrating ONE of the following:			
Information:	demonstrating ONE of the following:			
	Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1)			
	 Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 			
	 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 			
	Documentation of 4 or fewer copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene			
	Documentation of one of the following baseline motor assessments appropriate for			
	patient age and motor function:			
	 Hammersmith Infant Neurological Examination (HINE-2) 			
	 Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFSME) 			
	 Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neuromuscular Disorders 			
	(CHOP-INTEND)			
	 Upper Limb Module (ULM) test 			
	o 6-Minute Walk Test (6MWT)			
	Documentation of previous treatment history			
	Documentation of ventilator use status:			
	 Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16 			
	hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days)			
	 This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance 			
	Patient weight and planned treatment regimen			
Appropriate	Reauthorization: documentation of improvement in baseline motor assessment score,			
Treatment	clinically meaningful stabilization, or delayed progression of SMA-associated signs and			
Regimen & Other	symptoms			
Criteria:				
Exclusion Criteria:	SMA type 4			
	Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation)			
	support)			
	 Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi) 			
	Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., onasemnogene			
Age Restriction:	abeparvovec-xioi, nusinersen, etc.)			
Aye Resulction:				
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider who is experienced in			
Restrictions:	treatment of spinal muscular atrophy			
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified			
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			





POLICY NAME:

RITUXIMAB

Affected Medications: RITUXAN (rituximab), RITUXAN HYCLEA (rituximab & hyaluronidase subcutaneous), TRUXIMA (rituximab-abbs), RUXIENCE (rituximab-pvvr), RIABNI (rituximab-arrx)

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia-supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 - o Rheumatoid arthritis (RA)
 - o Relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS)
 - Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
 - Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
 - Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
 - Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD)
 - Microscopic polyangiitis (MPA)
 - Granulomatosis with polyangiitis (GPA)
 - Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA)
 - Pemphigus vulgaris (PV) and other autoimmune blistering skin diseases
 - o Immune thrombocytopenia (ITP), relapsed or refractory
- National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2 or higher

Required Medical Information:

Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course

Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)

- Documentation of moderate to severe disease despite current treatment
- Documented current level of disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale):
 - o Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
 - Simplified Disease Activity Index (SDAI) greater than 11
 - Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
 - Weighted RAPID3 of at least 2.3

Microscopic Polyangiitis (MPA) or Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis (GPA)

Documentation of active MPA or GPA

Eosinophilic Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis (EGPA)

- Documentation of active EGPA
 - For severe EGPA: documentation of organ or life-threatening manifestations as defined by the American College of Rheumatology/Vasculitis Foundation (ACR/VF) guidelines

RRMS



- Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS
 - Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS

CIS

• Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)

Active SPMS

- Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
- Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions **OR** new or enlarging lesions)
- Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5

NMOSD

- Diagnosis of seropositive aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD confirmed by all the following:
 - Documentation of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-based assay
 - Exclusion of alternative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis)
 - At least one core clinical characteristic:
 - Acute optic neuritis
 - Acute myelitis
 - Acute area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained hiccups or nausea/vomiting)
 - Acute brainstem syndrome
 - Symptomatic narcolepsy OR acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with NMOSD-typical diencephalic lesion on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) [see table below]
 - Acute cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see table below]

Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings		
Diencephalic syndrome		•	Periependymal lesion
		•	Hypothalamic/thalamic
			lesion
Acute cerebral		•	Extensive
syndrome			periependymal lesion



	•	Long, diffuse,
		heterogenous, or
		edematous corpus
		callosum lesion
	•	Long corticospinal tract
		lesion
	•	Large, confluent
		subcortical or deep
		white matter lesion

Pemphigus Vulgaris (PV) and other autoimmune blistering skin diseases (such as but not limited to pemphigus foliaceus, bullous pemphigoid, cicatricial pemphigoid, epidermolysis bullosa acquisita, and paraneoplastic pemphigus)

- Diagnosis confirmed by biopsy
- Documented severe or refractory disease with failure to conventional topical and oral systemic therapies

Immune Thrombocytopenia (ITP), Relapsed or Refractory

- Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter AND
- One of the following:
 - Documented steroid dependence to maintain platelets/prevent bleeding with ITP equal or greater than 3 months
 - Lack of clinically meaningful response to corticosteroids (defined as inability to increase platelets to at least 50,000/mcl)

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

All Uses

- Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
- Coverage of Rituxan or Rituxan Hycela requires documentation of one of the following:
 - A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Riabni, Truxima and Ruxience, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient

Oncology Uses:

 Documentation of ECOG performance status of 1 or 2 OR Karnofsky performance score greater than 50%

<u>RA</u>

- Initial Course: Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
- Dose is approved for up to 2 doses of 1,000 mg given every 2 weeks



Repeat Course: Approve if 16 weeks or more after the first dose of the previous rituximab
regimen and the patient has responded (e.g., less joint pain, morning stiffness, or fatigue, or
improved mobility, or decreased soft tissue swelling in joints or tendon sheaths) as
determined by the prescribing physician

MPA and GPA

- Initial: May include one-time induction dose (e.g., 1,000 mg once every 2 weeks for 2 doses or 375 mg/m² once weekly for 4 doses), to be used in combination with a systemic glucocorticoid
- Maintenance: Approvable for up to 1,000 mg annually. Higher doses will require documentation to support (e.g., positive ANCA titers, detection of CD19+ lymphocytes)

EGPA

- Non-severe
 - o Documented treatment failure with a corticosteroid
 - Documented treatment failure with an oral immunosuppressive therapy:
 azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate, leflunomide
- Severe
 - Documentation that rituximab will be administered in combination with a systemic glucocorticoid

Relapsing Forms of MS

- **Initiation**: May include one-time induction dose (e.g., 1,000 mg once every 2 weeks for 2 doses)
- **Maintenance**: Approvable up to 2,000 mg annually. Higher doses will require documentation to support

NMOSD

- Initial: May include one-time induction dose (e.g., 1,000 mg once every 2 weeks for 2 doses)
- Maintenance: Approvable up to 2,000 mg annually. Higher doses will require documentation to support (e.g., detection of CD19+ lymphocytes)

PV and other autoimmune blistering skin diseases

- Documentation that rituximab will be administered in combination with a systemic glucocorticoid (if or when appropriate)
- Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of a corticosteroid AND
- Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of an immunosuppressant at an adequate dose (e.g., azathioprine, mycophenolate, methotrexate, etc.) or other appropriate corticosteroid-sparing therapy



	 All other indications A Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia supported dose, frequency, and duration of therapy Documented treatment failure with first line recommended and conventional therapies
Exclusion Criteria:	 Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy MS: Concurrent anti-CD20-directed therapy or other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS Other non-oncology indications: Concurrent use with targeted immune modulators
Age Restriction:	Other hon-oncology indications. Concurrent use with targeted infinitine modulators
Prescriber Restrictions:	 For RA, GPA, MPA, EGPA— Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist For CLL, NHL— Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist For MS, NMOSD- Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist For PV- Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization MPA, GPA, EGPA, PV: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Oncology: 4 months, unless otherwise specified RA, MS, NMSOD: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

RNA INTERFERENCE DRUGS FOR PRIMARY HYPEROXALURIA 1

Affected Medications: OXLUMO (lumasiran), RIVFLOZA (nedosiran)

Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Primary hyperoxaluria type 1 (PH1) A diagnosis of primary hyperoxaluria type 1 (PH1) confirmed by genetic testing confirming presence of AGXT gene mutation Metabolic testing demonstrating elevated urinary oxalate excretion Presence of clinical manifestations diagnostic of PH1 such as: Metabolic testing demonstrating elevated urinary glycolate excretion Normal levels of levels of L-glyceric acid (elevation indicates PH type 2) Normal levels of hydroxy-oxo-glutarate (elevation indicates PH type 3) For Rivfloza: eGFR of 30 or more
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 For Rivfloza: Trial and failure or contraindication with Oxlumo Reauthorization will require documentation of the following criteria related to treatment success: Reduction from baseline in urine or plasma oxalate levels Improvement, stabilization, or slowed worsening of one more clinical manifestation of PH1 (i.e., nephrocalcinosis, renal stone events, renal impairment, systemic oxalosis)
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Diagnosis of primary hyperoxaluria type 2 or type 3 Secondary hyperoxaluria Concurrent use of another RNA interference drug for PH1 For Rivfloza: Age in accordance with FDA labeling
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, urologist, geneticist, or physician specialized in the treatment of PH1
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ROMIPLOSTIM

Affected Medications: NPLATE (romiplostim)

	1
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Adult patients with immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an
	insufficient response to corticosteroids, immunoglobulins, or splenectomy
	 Pediatric patients 1 year of age and older with ITP for at least 6 months who
	have had an insufficient response to corticosteroids, immunoglobulins, or
	splenectomy
	 Adult and pediatric patients (including term neonates) with acute exposure to
	myelosuppressive radiation doses.
Required Medical	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP:
Information:	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter
	 Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding
	 Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such
	as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding
	at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
	Hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome:
	Suspected or confirmed exposure to radiation levels greater than 2 gray (Gy)
Appropriate	Current weight
Treatment	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP:
	Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did not increase to at least
	50,000/microliter, to the following therapies:
	ONE of the following:
	 Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for ITP, including
	corticosteroids, rituximab, or immunoglobulin
	Splenectomy
	o Promacta
	Reauthorization (ITP only):
	Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter (not to exceed
	400,000/microliter)
	OR



	The platelet counts have not increased to a platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter and the patient has NOT been on the maximum dose for at least 4 weeks Hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome
	Approved for one-time single subcutaneous injection of 10mcg/kg
Exclusion	Treatment of thrombocytopenia due to myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS)
Criteria:	Use in combination with another thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase inhibitor, or similar treatments (Promacta, Doptelet, Tavalisse)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP:
Duration:	Initial Approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome:
	1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ROMOSOZUMAB

Affected Medications: EVENITY (romosozumab-aqqg)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
Covered Oses.	
	plan design o Treatment of osteoporosis in postmenopausal women at high risk for fracture,
	 Treatment of osteoporosis in postmenopausal women at high risk for fracture, defined as one of the following:
	History of osteoporotic fracture Multiple risk for sturge for fracture
	Multiple risk fractures for fracture
	 History of treatment failure or intolerance to other available osteoporosis therapy
Required Medical	Diagnosis of osteoporosis as defined by at least one of the following:
Information:	 T-score less than or equal to −2.5 (current or past) at the lumbar spine, femoral
	neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site
	 o T-score between −1.0 and −2.5 at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or
	1/3 radius site AND increased risk of fracture as defined by at least one of the
	following Fracture Risk Assessment Tool (FRAX) scores:
	■ FRAX 10-year probability of major osteoporotic fracture is 20% or
	greater
	 FRAX 10-year probability of hip fracture is 3% or greater
	History of non-traumatic fractures in the absence of other metabolic bone
	disorders
Appropriate	Treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerance to all the following:
Treatment	 Intravenous bisphosphonate (zoledronic acid or ibandronate)
Regimen & Other	o Prolia (denosumab)
Criteria:	
	Total duration of therapy with Evenity should not exceed 12 months in a lifetime
Exclusion Criteria:	Heart attack or stroke event within the preceding year
	Concurrent use of bisphosphonates, parathyroid hormone analogs or RANK ligand
	inhibitors
	Hypocalcemia that is uncorrected prior to initiating Evenity
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Approval: 12 months lifetime maximum
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: RYPLAZIM

Affected Medications: RYPLAZIM

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded [By	
	plan design]	
	 Plasminogen Deficiency Type 1 	
Required		
Medical	Plasminogen Deficiency type 1 (must meet all of the following):	
Information:	 Diagnosis of symptomatic congenital plasminogen deficiency (C-PLGD) as evidenced by documentation of all of the following 	
	 Genetic testing showing presence of biallelic pathogenic variants in plasminogen (PLG) 	
	 Baseline plasminogen activity level less than or equal to 45% of laboratory standard 	
	 Presence of (ligneous) pseudomembranous lesions with documented size, location and number of total lesions 	
	 Abnormal plasminogen antigen plasma level less than 9 mg/dL as confirmed by an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay 	
	 Presence of clinical signs and symptoms of the disease (such as ligneous conjunctivitis, gingivitis, tonsillitis, abnormal wound healing) 	
Appropriate Treatment	Initial dosing: 6.6 mg/kg every three days	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Obtain a trough plasminogen activity level approximately 72 hours following the initial dose and prior to the second dose (same time of day as initial dosing)	
	 If plasminogen activity is less than 10% above baseline level then increase to every 2 day dosing 	
	 If between 10-20% of baseline then maintain every 3 day dosing If above 20% of baseline then change dosing to every 4 days. 	
	Maintain dosing frequency as determined above for 12 weeks while treating active lesions	
	 If lesions do not resolve by 12 weeks, or there are new or recurrent lesions, increase dosing frequency in one-day increments every 4-8 weeks up to Q2D dosing while reassessing clinical improvement until lesion resolution or until the lesions stabilize without further worsening. 	
	 If desired clinical change does not occur by 12 weeks, check trough plasminogen activity level. 	
	 If plasminogen activity is greater than 10% above baseline level then consider other treatment options, such as surgical removal of the lesion in addition to plasminogen treatment. 	



	 If plasminogen activity is less than 10% above baseline level then obtain a second trough plasminogen activity level to confirm. If low plasminogen activity level is confirmed in combination with no clinical efficacy, consider discontinuing plasminogen treatment due to the possibility of neutralizing antibodies
	***If lesions resolve by 12 weeks, continue at same dosing frequency and monitor for new or recurrent lesions every 12 weeks.
	Dosing may not exceed 6.6 mg/kg every 2 days.
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced.
	 Reauthorization (must meet all of the following): Trough plasminogen activity level (taken 72 hours after dose) greater than 10% above baseline level Documented improvement (reduction) in lesion size and number Dosing may not exceed 6.6 mg/kg every 2 days.
Exclusion	Prior treatment failure with Ryplazim
Criteria:	Treatment of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist in coordination with Hemophilia
Restrictions:	Treatment Center (HTC) or other specialized center of excellence
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SACROSIDASE

Affected Medications: SUCRAID (Sacrosidase)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Oral replacement therapy for congenital sucrase-isomaltase deficiency (CSID)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed congenital sucrose-isomaltase deficiency, diagnosed by one of the following: Small bowel biopsy Sucrose breath test Genetic test Documentation of current symptoms (e.g., diarrhea, abdominal pain or cramping, bloating, gas, loose stools, nausea, vomiting) Reauthorization: requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy (fewer stools, lower number of symptoms)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	• 5 months or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist or metabolic specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SAPROPTERIN

 $\textbf{Affected Medications:} \ \mathsf{SAPROPTERIN}, \mathsf{JAVYGTOR}$

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by benefit design
	 Reduce phenylalanine (Phe) levels in those that are one month of age
	and older with phenylketonuria (PKU)
	(,
Required Medical	Documentation of a diagnosis of PKU
Information:	Baseline (pre-treatment) blood Phe level greater than or equal to 360 micromol/L (6 mg/dL)
	Documentation of failure to Phe restricted diet as monotherapy
Appropriate Treatment	Documentation of continuation on a Phe restricted diet
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of one of the following:
	Reduction in baseline Phe levels by 30 percent or levels maintained between 120
	to 360 micromol/L (2 to 6 mg/dL)
	Increase in dietary Phe tolerance
	Improvement in clinical symptoms
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in metabolic disorders or endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SARILUMAB

Affected Medications: KEVZARA AUTO-INJECTOR, KEVZARA PREFILLED SYRINGE

Γ =	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
	 Polymyalgia Rheumatica (PMR)
	Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (pJIA)
Required Medical	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Information:	Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale)
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) is greater than 3.2
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) is greater than 10
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3
	Polymyalgia Rheumatica
	Age 50 years or older at onset
	Elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) or C-reactive protein (CRP)
	Confirmation of PMR according to the American College of Rheumatology/European
	Union League against Rheumatism (ACR/EULAR) classification criteria (score of 4 or
	more)
	 Morning stiffness greater than 45 min in duration -2 points
	 Hip pain or limited range of motion - 1 point
	 Absence of rheumatoid factor (RF) or anticitrullinated protein antibody (ACPA) 2 points
	Absence of other joint involvement – 1 point
	Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis
	 Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD global score) or active joint count
Appropriate	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Treatment	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
Regimen & Other	 If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease
Criteria:	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
	• Documentation of treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) for 12
	weeks or greater with Infliximab (preferred products Inflectra, Avsola) or Actemra IV
	Polymyalgia Rheumatica
	Clinical response to low dose glucocorticoids (prednisone 15mg/day or equivalent)
	within a week of initiation with inability to complete gradual (2- 4 week) taper



Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis
Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide AND
Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids
Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at 12 weeks of two of the following therapies:
 Actemra IV, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), and Simponi Aria
<u>QL</u> RA/PMR/JIA: 200 mg every 2 weeks
Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response o therapy
Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered
experimental and is not a covered benefit
·
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist
Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SATRALIZUMAB-MWGE

Covered Uses:

Affected Medications: ENSPRYNG (satralizumab-mwge)

	plan design	,						
		optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adult patients who are anti-						
	·	QP4) antibody positive						
Required	NMOSD							
Medical	Diagnosis of seropositive aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD confirmed							
Information:	by all the following:							
	 Documentation 	n of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-based assay						
	 Exclusion of alt 	ernative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis)						
	o At least one co	re clinical characteristic:						
	 Acute optic neuritis 							
	■ Acute r	nyelitis						
	■ Acute a	area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained						
	hiccups or nausea/vomiting)							
		prainstem syndrome						
	 Symptomatic narcolepsy OR acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with 							
		D-typical diencephalic lesion on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)						
	[see table below] Acute cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see table below]							
						Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings	
	Diencephalic syndrome	Periependymal lesion						
		Hypothalamic/thalamic						
		lesion						
	Acute cerebral	• Extensive						
	syndrome	periependymal lesion • Long, diffuse.						
		 Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or 						
		edematous corpus						
		callosum lesion						
		Long corticospinal tract						
		lesion						
		Large, confluent						
		subcortical or deep						
		white matter lesion						
<u>. </u>								

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by



	History of at least 1 attack in the past year, or at least 2 attacks in the past 2 years, requiring rescue therapy	
Appropriate Treatment	Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to rituximab (preferred agents Truxima, Riabni, and Ruxience)	
Regimen &	(preferred agents fruxima, Mabili, and Muxience)	
Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success	
Exclusion	Active Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) infection	
Criteria:	Active or untreated latent tuberculosis	
	Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: SEBELIPASE ALFA

Affected Medications KANUMA (sebelipase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise	
covered oses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise	
	excluded by plan design	
	Treatment of Lysosomal Acid Lipase (LAL) deficiency	
Required Medical	Diagnosis of LAL deficiency or Rapidly Progressive LAL deficiency within the first 6	
Information:	months of life confirmed by one of the following:	
	 Absence or deficiency in lysosomal acid lipase activity 	
	 Mutation in the lipase A, lysosomal acid type (LIPA) gene 	
	Documentation of patient weight	
	Documentation of prescribed treatment regimen (dose and frequency)	
	Baseline fasting lipid panel including LDL-c prior to initiating therapy (not required	
	for Rapidly Progressive LAL deficiency)	
Appropriate Treatment	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be	
Regimen & Other	enforced	
Criteria:		
	Reauthorization	
	Rapidly Progressive LAL deficiency: documentation of improvement in weight-for-	
	age Z-score	
	LAL deficiency: documentation of improvement in LDL-c	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	1 month or older	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or metabolic specialist	
Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	Initial Approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME:

SECUKINUMAB

Affected Medications COSENTYX PREFILLED SYRINGE, COSENTYX SENSOREADY AUTO-INJECTOR, COSENTYX UNOREADY AUTO-INJECTOR, COSENTYX IV SOLUTION

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 - Plaque Psoriasis (PP)
 - Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)
 - Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS)
 - Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)
 - o Enthesitis-Related Arthritis (ERA)
 - Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis (JPsA)
 - Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)

Required Medical Information:

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment as defined by one of the following:
 - o Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater
 - o Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
 - Severe disease on other validated tools
 - Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction

AND

- Documentation of one or more of the following:
 - o At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment

OR

o Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes:
 - Skin psoriasis: present two points, OR previously present by history one point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
 - o Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
 - o Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
 - Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
 - Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point



Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis

- Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by sacroiliitis on imaging AND at least 1 spondyloarthritis feature:
 - o Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
 - Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
 - Insidious onset
 - Improvement with exercise
 - No improvement with rest
 - Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
 - Arthritis
 - Enthesitis
 - Uveitis
 - Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
 - Psoriasis
 - Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
 - Good response to nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
 - Family history of SpA
 - Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP)

OR

- HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
- Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale

Enthesitis-Related Arthritis or Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis

- Diagnosis of ERA confirmed by presence of the following:
 - o Arthritis persisting at least 6 weeks AND enthesitis present

OR

- Arthritis or enthesitis with two of the following features:
 - Sacroiliac tenderness or inflammatory lumbosacral pain
 - Positive HLA-B27
 - Onset of arthritis in males greater than 6 years of age
 - Acute symptomatic anterior uveitis
 - First-degree relative with ERA, sacroilitis associated with inflammatory bowel disease, reactive arthritis, or acute anterior uveitis

OR

- Diagnosis of JPsA confirmed by presence of:
 - o Arthritis and psoriasis

OR

- Arthritis and at least 2 of the following:
 - Dactvlitis
 - Nail pitting or onycholysis
 - Psoriasis in a first-degree relative



Hidradenitis Suppurativa

- Diagnosis of moderate to severe HS as defined by Hurley stage II or stage III disease
- Documentation of baseline count of abscesses and inflammatory nodules

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies:
 methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Otezla, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumabfkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), or Ilumya

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

- One of the following: Orencia, Otezla, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), or Simponi Aria
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation (exception made for concomitant plaque psoriasis use)

Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis

 Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal antiinflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each

OR

- For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
 12 weeks of:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Simponi Aria or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)



 Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation (exception made for concomitant plaque psoriasis use)

Enthesitis-Related Arthritis or Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented treatment failure with a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (ibuprofen, naproxen, celecoxib, meloxicam, etc.) with a minimum trial of 1 month
- Documented treatment failure with at least one of the following disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs) with a minimum trial of 12 weeks: methotrexate, sulfasalazine, leflunomide

Hidradenitis Suppurativa

- Documented failure with at least 12-week trial of oral antibiotics for treatment of HS:
 - Doxycycline, tetracycline, minocycline OR
 - o Clindamycin plus rifampin
- Documented failure with 8 weeks on a systemic retinoid (isotretinoin or acitretin)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least
 12 weeks of:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)
 - Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumabadaz)

QL

- Induction
 - o Adult PP: 4 two-packs (300 mg) in first 28 days
 - Pediatric PP/JPsA/ERA:
 - Less than 50 kg: four 75 mg doses in the first 28 days
 - Greater than or equal to 50 kg: four 150 mg doses in the first 28 days
 - o HS: 4 two-packs (300 mg) in first 28 days
- Maintenance
 - Adult PP: 1 two-pack (300 mg) per 28 days
 - Pediatric PP/JPsA/ERA:
 - Less than 50 kg: 75 mg per 28 days
 - Greater than or equal to 50 kg: 150 mg per 28 days
 - PsA without PP/AS/NR-axSPA: 1 injection (150 mg) per 28 days
 - If a patient continues to have active disease, a dosage of 300 mg may be considered
 - HS: 1 two-pack (300 mg) per 28 days

Reauthorization



	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other biologic therapy or Otezla is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/ dermatologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



SELEXIPAG FOR INJECTION

Affected Medications: UPTRAVI Intravenous (IV)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH), World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required Medical	Diagnosis confirmed by right heart catheterization
Information:	Etiology of PAH (idiopathic, heritable, or associated with connective tissue disease)
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II to III symptoms
	Current and complete treatment course
	Current and/or anticipated barriers to continuing oral therapy
Appropriate Treatment	• For temporary use in patients established on a stable dose of oral Uptravi who are
Regimen & Other	temporarily unable to continue oral therapy.
Criteria:	Dose of twice daily intravenous infusion corresponds to current dose of Uptravi tablets.
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in patients not established on a stable dose of oral Uptravi to initiate therapy.
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	1 month, unless otherwise specified



SELF-ADMINISTERED DRUGS (SAD)

PA Policy Applicable to: Please refer to package insert for directions on self-administration.

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	• In the hospital outpatient setting, the pharmacy benefit will cover pharmaceutical agents that the member can reasonably take or use on their own, while the medical benefit will cover any agents given intravenously (IV) or other forms that the member cannot give to themselves.
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions: Coverage	
Duration:	



SELUMETINIB

Affected Medications KOSELUGO (selumetinib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Neurofibromatosis type 1 with symptomatic, inoperable plexiform neurofibromas in pediatric patients 2 years of age and older National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) with inoperable plexiform neurofibromas Documentation of diagnosis of symptomatic and/or progressive, inoperable NF1, defined as one or more plexiform neurofibromas that cannot be completely removed without risk for substantial morbidity due to encasement of, or close proximity to, vital structures, invasiveness, or high vascularity Documentation of 2 or more of the following clinical diagnostic criteria as evaluated by a multidisciplinary specialist care team (A child of a parent with NF1 can be diagnosed if one or more of these criteria are met): Six or more café-au-lait macules over 5 mm in greatest diameter in prepubertal individuals and over 15 mm in greatest diameter in postpubertal individuals Freckling in the axillary or inguinal region Two or more neurofibromas of any type or one plexiform neurofibroma Optic pathway glioma Two or more iris Lisch nodules identified by slit lamp examination or two or more choroidal abnormalities A distinctive osseous lesion such as sphenoid dysplasia, anterolateral bowing of the tibia, or pseudarthrosis of a long bone A heterozygous pathogenic NF1 variant with a variant allele fraction of 50% in apparently normal tissue such as white blood cells
	 NCCN Indications Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented body surface area (BSA) and prescribed dose Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy For NF1: defined as a decrease in tumor volume from baseline and improvement in symptoms, such as pain



Exclusion	NCCN Indications
Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) with inoperable plexiform neurofibromas 2 years of age to less than 19 years of age
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) with inoperable plexiform neurofibromas Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric oncologist or specialist with experience in the treatment of neurofibromatosis NCCN Indications Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SEROSTIM

Affected Medications: SEROSTIM (somatropin)

Cananad Harar	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 HIV (human immunodeficiency virus) -associated wasting, cachexia
Required Medical	Documentation of current body mass index (BMI), actual body weight, and ideal body
Information:	weight (IBW)
	Serostim is used in combination with antiretroviral therapy to which the patient has
	documented compliance
	Alternative causes of wasting (e.g., inadequate nutrition intake, malabsorption,
	opportunistic infections, hypogonadism) have been ruled out or treated appropriately
	Prior to somatropin, patient had a suboptimal response to at least 1 other therapy for
	wasting or cachexia (e.g., megestrol, dronabinol, cyproheptadine, or testosterone
	therapy if hypogonadal) unless contraindicated or not tolerated
	Diagnosis of HIV-association wasting syndrome or cachexia confirmed by one of the
	following:
	 Unintentional weight loss greater than or equal to 10% of body weight over prior
	12 months
	 Unintentional weight loss greater than or equal to 5% of body weight over prior
	6 months
	 BMI less than 20 kg/m²
	 Weight is less than 90% of IBW
Appropriate	Reauthorization:
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g.,
Criteria:	improved or stabilized BMI, increased physical endurance compared to baseline, etc.)
	Documentation of continued compliance to antiretroviral regimen
Exclusion	Acute critical illness due to complications following open heart or abdominal surgery,
Criteria:	multiple accidental traumas, or acute respiratory failure
	Active malignancy
	Acute respiratory failure
	Active proliferative or severe non-proliferative diabetic retinopathy
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months Reauthorization: 8 months (maximum duration of therapy 48 weeks total)



POLICY NAME: SIGNIFOR

Affected Medications: SIGNIFOR (pasireotide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Cushing's disease
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of Cushing's disease Documentation of at least TWO of the following: Mean 24-hour urine free cortisol (mUFC) greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal (ULN) for the assay (at least two measurements) Bedtime salivary cortisol greater than 145 ng/dL (at least two measurements) Overnight dexamethasone suppression test (DST) with a serum cortisol greater than 1.8 mcg/dL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented inadequate response, intolerable adverse event, or contraindication to ketoconazole and cabergoline Documentation confirming pituitary surgery is not an option OR previous surgery has not been curative Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as mUFC normalization (i.e., less than or equal to the ULN)
Exclusion Criteria:	Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh C)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SIGNIFOR LAR

Affected Medications: SIGNIFOR LAR (pasireotide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	o Acromegaly
	 Cushing's disease
Required Medical	Acromegaly
Information:	Documentation confirming clinical manifestations of disease
	Diagnosis of acromegaly confirmed by ONE of the following:
	 Elevated pre-treatment serum insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) level for
	age/gender
	 Serum growth hormone (GH) level of 1 microgram/mL or greater after an oral
	glucose tolerance test (OGTT)
	Cushing's Disease
	Documented diagnosis of Cushing's disease
	Documentation of at least TWO of the following:
	 Mean 24-hour urine free cortisol (mUFC) greater than 1.5 times the upper limit
	of normal (ULN) for the assay (at least two measurements)
	Bedtime salivary cortisol greater than 145 ng/dL (at least two measurements)
	 Overnight dexamethasone suppression test (DST) with a serum cortisol greater
	than 1.8 mcg/dL
Appropriate	Acromegaly
Treatment	Documented treatment failure or intolerance to lanreotide (Somatuline Depot) OR
Regimen & Other	Sandostatin LAR
Criteria:	Documentation confirming ONE of the following:
	 Inadequate response to surgery or radiotherapy
	 Not a candidate for surgical management or radiotherapy (e.g., medically
	unstable, high risk for complications under anesthesia, major systemic
	complications of acromegaly, severe hypertension, uncontrolled diabetes, etc.)
	Dosing: Not to exceed 60 mg every 4 weeks (after 3 months of 40 mg)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success shown by
	decreased/normalized IGF-1 or GH levels
	Cushing's Disease
	Documentation confirming pituitary surgery is not an option OR previous surgery has



	not been curative
	Documented treatment failure or intolerance to ketoconazole and cabergoline
	Dosing: Not to exceed 40 mg every 4 weeks (after 4 months of 10 mg)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as UFC normalization (i.e., less than or equal to the ULN)
Exclusion Criteria:	Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh C)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SILTUXIMAB

Affected Medications: SYLVANT (siltuximab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	Treatment of patients with multicentric Castleman's disease (MCD) who are
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) negative and human herpesvirus-8 (HHV-8) negative
	 National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
	The diagnosis was confirmed by biopsy of lymph gland
	Documented negative tests for HIV and HHV-8
	Patient weight
Appropriate	Dosing
Treatment	MCD: 11 mg/kg intravenous (IV) infusion once every 3 weeks until treatment failure
Regimen & Other	Cytokine release syndrome (CRS): 11 mg/kg IV infusion one time only
Criteria:	Availability: 100 mg and 400 mg vials
	, ,
	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	MCD:
	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	 Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	CRS: 1 month (1 dose only), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SIROLIMUS GEL

Affected Medications: HYFTOR (sirolimus gel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded
0010104	by plan design
	For the treatment of facial angiofibroma (FA) associated with tuberous
	sclerosis complex (TSC)
	Scierosis complex (13c)
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of FA associated with TSC which are:
Information:	 Rapidly changing in size and/or number
	 Causing functional interference, pain or bleeding
	 Inhibiting social interactions
	Current and baseline description of FA including lesion count, associated symptoms
	and complications, and overall severity
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with laser therapy and/or surgery (such as shave)
Treatment	excision, cryotherapy, radiofrequency ablation, or dermabrasion), unless
Regimen & Other	contraindicated
Criteria:	
	Reauthorization requires documentation of a positive clinical response to therapy
	(decrease in size and/or redness of facial angiofibromas)
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of systemic mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR) inhibitors
	Treatment of non-facial angiofibroma
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, oncologist, or neurologist.
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified.
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE

Affected Medications: sodium phenylbutyrate

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Adjunctive therapy in the chronic management of patients with urea cycle disorders (UCDs) involving deficiencies of carbamylphosphate synthetase (CPS),
	ornithine transcarbamylase (OTC), or argininosuccinic acid synthetase (AS)
	 Neonatal-onset deficiency (complete enzymatic deficiency, presenting within the first 28 days of life)
	 Late-onset disease (partial enzymatic deficiency, presenting after the first month
	of life) with history of hyperammonemic encephalopathy
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis confirmed by blood, enzymatic, biochemical, or genetic testing
Appropriate Treatment	Oral tablets require documented inability to use sodium phenylbutyrate powder
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure with dietary protein restriction and/or amino acid supplementation alone
	Must be used in combination with dietary protein restriction
	Reauthorization will require BOTH of the following:
	Documentation of treatment success defined as ammonia levels maintained within normal limits
	That this drug continues to be used in combination with dietary protein restriction
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for management of acute hyperammonemia
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist experienced in the treatment of metabolic diseases
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



SOMATOSTATIN ANALOGS

Affected Medications: BYNFEZIA, OCTREOTIDE, SANDOSTATIN LAR, LANREOTIDE (Somatuline Depot)

Covered Uses:

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design

Octreotide, Sandostatin LAR:

- Acromegaly
- Symptomatic treatment of metastatic carcinoid tumors (carcinoid syndrome)
- Symptomatic treatment of vasoactive intestinal peptide tumors (VIPomas)

Lanreotide (Somatuline Depot):

- Acromegaly
- Carcinoid syndrome (to reduce the frequency of short-acting somatostatin analog rescue therapy)
- Unresectable, well- or moderately-differentiated, locally advanced or metastatic gastroenteropancreatic neuroendocrine tumors (GEP-NETs)
- NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher

Required Medical Information:

Acromegaly

- Initiation of therapy, patient meets the following:
 - Clinical evidence of acromegaly
 - Pre-treatment high insulin-like growth factor (IGF-1) level for age/gender
 - Patient has had an inadequate or partial response to surgery and/or radiotherapy OR there is a clinical reason for avoidance of surgery or radiotherapy
 - o Clinical reasons for avoidance of surgery or radiotherapy include:
 - Medically unstable conditions
 - Patient is at high risk for complications of anesthesia because of airway difficulties
 - Lack of an available skilled surgeon
 - Patient refuses surgery or prefers the medical option over surgery
 - Major systemic manifestations of acromegaly including cardiomyopathy
 - Severe hypertension
 - Uncontrolled diabetes

All other indications

Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course



Appropriate	All indications
Treatment	May use the long-acting IM depot formulation as initial therapy OR may consider 1 or 2
Regimen & Other	doses of subcutaneous (SQ) octreotide to assess tolerability prior to starting the long-
Criteria:	acting IM depot
	For patients experiencing breakthrough symptoms while taking the long-acting depot, supplementary doses of SQ octreotide may be necessary
	<u>Bynfezia</u>
	Bynfezia authorization requires a trial and inadequate treatment response or
	contraindication to octreotide solution for injection
	Lanreotide (Somatuline Depot)
	GEP-NETs must use 120 mg injection
	Reauthorization:
	Acromegaly: requires that the IGF-1 level is decreased or normalized
	All other indications: requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist, endocrinologist, or
Restrictions:	gastroenterologist
Coverage	Initial Approval = 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization = 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SOTATERCEPT-CSRK

Affected Medications: WINREVAIR (sotatercept-csrk)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
	plan design			
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 			
Required Medical	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following			
Information:	criteria:			
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg 			
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg 			
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 5 Wood units 			
	Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH OR			
	PAH secondary to one of the following conditions:			
	 Connective tissue disease 			
	 Simple, congenital systemic to pulmonary shunts at least 1 year following repair Drugs and toxins 			
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class II or III symptoms			
	Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to			
	calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:			
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) 			
	 Low cardiac index (cardiac index less than 2 L/min/m²) 			
	OR			
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) 			
	Baseline 6-minute walk test (6MWD)			
Appropriate	Documentation that drug will be used as an add-on treatment with all of the following			
Treatment	(one from each category) at optimized doses for at least 90 days:			
Regimen & Other	o Phosphodiesterase-5 (PDE-5) inhibitor: sildenafil, tadalafil			
Criteria:	 Endothelin Receptor Antagonist: ambrisentan, bosentan Prostacyclin: treprostinil, epoprostenol, Ventavis 			
	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to oral calcium channel blocking			
	agents (nifedipine, diltiazem) if positive Acute Vasoreactivity Test			
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced			
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of			
	the following:			
	Improvement in walking distance (6MWD)			
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class			



Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)-associated PAH
PAH associated with portal hypertension
Schistosomiasis-associated PAH
Pulmonary veno-occlusive disease
Platelet count less than 50,000/mm³ (50 x 109/L)
Hemoglobin (Hgb) at screening above gender-specific upper limit of normal (ULN)
18 years of age and older
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SPARSENTAN

Affected Medications: FILSPARI (sparsentan)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce proteinuria in adults with primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) at risk of rapid disease progression 	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) confirmed with biopsy Documentation of ONE of the following (with labs current within 30 days of request): Proteinuria defined as equal to or greater than 1 g/day Urine protein-to-creatinine ratio (UPCR) greater than 1.5 g/g 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure (defined as proteinuria equal to or greater than 1 g/day OR UPCR greater than 1.5 g/g) with a minimum of 12 weeks of each of the following: Maximum tolerated dose of an angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) High dose glucocorticoid therapy such as oral prednisone or methylprednisolone (or an adverse effect to two or more glucocorticoid therapies that is not associated with the corticosteroid class) 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class A-C)	
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist that is REMS certified	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 9 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: **SPESOLIMAB**

Affected Medications: SPEVIGO (spesolimab-SBZO injection)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design Generalized pustular psoriasis flares (GPP, also called von Zumbusch psoriasis)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of generalized pustular psoriasis as confirmed by the following: The presence of widespread sterile pustules arising on erythematous
	skin
	 Pustulation is not restricted to psoriatic plaques
	 Signs and symptoms of an acute GPP flare of moderate-to-severe intensity as follows:
	 A Generalized Pustular Psoriasis Physician Global Assessment (GPPGA) score of greater than or equal to 3
	 A GPPGA pustulation score of greater than or equal to 2 (moderate to very high-density pustules)
	 Greater than or equal to 5% body surface area (BSA) covered with erythema and the presence of pustules
Appropriate Treatment	Documented treatment failure of acute disease flare (or documented intolerable
Regimen & Other	adverse event) with:
Criteria:	 A 1-week trial of cyclosporine AND
	Infliximab (preferred biosimilars Inflectra, Avsola)
	Treatment for each flare is limited to two 900mg infusions of Spevigo separated by 1 week
Exclusion Criteria:	Previous use of Spevigo
	Erythrodermic plaque psoriasis without pustules or with pustules restricted to
	psoriatic plaques
	Synovitis-acne-pustulosis-hyperostosis-osteitis syndrome
	Drug-induced acute generalized exanthematous pustulosis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: One month with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



UC

Covered Uses:	 MAYZENT (siponimod), PONVORY (ponesimod), VELSIPITY (etrasimod), ZEPOSIA (ozanimod All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
covered oses.	plan design
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following
	(Mayzent, Ponvory, Zeposia):
	Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required	Ulcerative colitis (UC) (Velsipity, Zeposia) RRMS
Medical	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald
Information:	diagnostic criteria for MS
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	 CIS Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and
	corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
	Active SPMS
	• Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
	• Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activit (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions
	Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
	<u>uc</u>
	Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy
	Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment
Appropriate 	Relapsing Forms of MS
Treatment	Mayzent, Ponvory, and Zeposia: Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance
Regimen & Other Criteria:	to) ALL the following: dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod
	No concurrent use of other disease modifying medications indicated for the treatment of



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POLICY NAME: SPRAVATO

Affected Medications: SPRAVATO (esketamine nasal spray)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded Indicated, in conjunction with an oral antidepressant, for the treatment of treatment resistant depression (TRD) in adults and depressive symptoms in adults with major depressive disorder (MDD) with acute suicidal ideation or behavior
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of treatment-resistant depression: Assessment of patient's risk for abuse or misuse Patient Health Questionnaire-9 (PHQ-9) score at baseline (or other standard rating scale) Diagnosis of MDD with acute suicidal ideation or behavior: Assessment of patient's risk for abuse or misuse Montgomery-Asberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS) total score greater than 28, PHQ-9 score above 15 or other standard rating scale indicating severe depression
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Treatment – Resistent Depression: Failure to clinically respond to three trials of antidepressant drugs at highest tolerated doses for at least 6 weeks from two or more different classes during the current depressive episode as defined by less than 50% reduction in symptom severity using a standard rating scale that reliably measures depressive symptoms (such as PHQ-9) and at least one trial must have used an augmentation strategy (aripiprazole, lithium, olanzapine, quetiapine, risperidone, thyroid hormone) Failure to respond to evidence based psychotherapy such as Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT) and/or Interpersonal Therapy as documented by an objective scale such as a PHQ-9 or similar rating scale for depressive symptoms Will use Spravato in addition to oral antidepressant therapy Reauthorization (for TRD indication only) requires documentation of treatment success defined as at least a 50% reduction in symptoms of depression compared to baseline using a standard rating scale that reliably measures depressive symptoms and that Spravato continues to be used in addition to antidepressant therapy Dose: Approve #8 dose packs in first 28 days, then limit of #4 per 28 days (maximum). Per table below Recommended Dosage for SPRAVATO
	Adults



		Induction Phase Maintenance Phase	Weeks 1 to 4: Administer twice per week Weeks 5 to 8:	Day 1 starting dose: 56 mg Subsequent doses: 56 mg or 84 mg	
			Administer once weekly	56 mg or 84 mg	
			Week 9 and after:		
			Administer every 2 weeks or once weekly*	56 mg or 84 mg	
		*Dosing frequency should remission/response	d be individualized to the le	ast frequent dosing to main	i tain
	<u>M</u>	patient is not currently at	t inpatient psychiatric hosp inpatient level of care	italization OR documentatio	·
	•	·	•	No reauthorization unless re	
Exclusion Criteria:	•	 Bipolar or related disorders History of substance use disorder Use as an anesthetic agent Pregnancy Aneurysmal vascular disease (including thoracic and abdominal aorta, intracranial, and peripheral arterial vessels) or arteriovenous malformation History of intracerebral hemorrhage 			
Age Restriction:	•	18 years of age and older			
Prescriber Restrictions:	•	REMS Program certified (Behavioral health speciali	others will be unable to orc	ler drug)	



Coverage Duration:

Initial authorization

- Major depressive disorder (MDD) with acute suicidal ideation or behavior: 1 month (limit #24 nasal spray devices in 28 days of treatment only), unless otherwise specified
- TRD: 2 months (Induction phase maximum of 23 nasal spray devices in first 28 days followed by once weekly maintenance phase), unless otherwise specified

Reauthorization (TRD indication only): 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: STIRIPENTOL

Affected Medications: Diacomit (stiripentol) capsules

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of seizures associated with Dravet syndrome (DS) 		
Required Medical Information:	 Current weight Documentation that therapy is being used as adjunct to clobazam for seizures Documentation of at least 4 generalized clonic or tonic-clonic seizures in the last month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment and inadequate control of seizures with at least four guideline directed therapies including:		
Exclusion Criteria:			
Age Restriction:	6 months of age or older		
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist		
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



STRENSIQ

Affected Medications: STRENSIQ (asfotase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by			
	plan design.			
	 Perinatal/infantile or Juvenile onset hypophosphatasia (HPP) 			
Required	Diagnosis of Perinatal/infantile or Juvenile onset hypophosphatasia (HPP) with ALL of the			
Medical	<u>following:</u>			
Information:	Age of onset less than 18 years			
	One of the following:			
	 Clinical manifestations consistent with hypophospatasia at onset prior to age 18 such as: vitamin B6 dependent seizures, respiratory insufficiency, failure to thrive, non-traumatic fracture, dental abnormalities, low score on 6 minute walk test, low bone density score 			
	 Skeletal abnormalities confirmed with radiographic imaging 			
	(such as flared and frayed metaphyses, widened growth plate,			
	bowed arms or legs, rachitic chest deformity, craniosynostosis)			
	 Genetic test confirming mutation of tissue-non-specific alkaline phosphatase (TNSALP) gene 			
	Low level of serum alkaline phosphatase (ALP) evidenced by lab result below reference			
	range for patient's age and gender			
	Elevated levels of one of the following:			
	 Urine or serum concentration of phosphoethanolamine (PEA) 			
	 Serum concentration of pyridoxal 5'-phosphate (PLP) in the absence of 			
	vitamin supplements within one week prior to the test			
	 Urinary inorganic pyrophosphate (PPi) 			
Appropriate	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced			
Treatment	 Please note: the 80mg/0.8ml vial is for patients weighing greater than 40 kilograms 			
Regimen &	only			
Other Criteria:	Describe visation requires described of			
	Reauthorization requires documentation of:			
	Laboratory results confirming a decrease in urine concentration of urine or serum			
	phosphoethanolamine (PEA), serum concentration of pyridoxal 5'-phosphate (PLP), or			
	urinary inorganic pyrophosphate (PPi)			
	• Improvement or stabilization in the clinical signs and symptoms of hypophosphatasia, such			
	as:			
	 Radiographic evidence of improvement in skeletal deformities or growth 			
	 Improvement in 6-minute walk test 			
	 Improved bone density 			
	Reduction in fractures			



	Respiratory function/breathing
	 Improvement in developmental milestones
Exclusion	Other types of osteomalacia or hypophosphatasia, including adult onset
Criteria:	hypophosphatasia
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist OR specialist experienced in the
Restrictions:	treatment of metabolic bone disorders
Coverage	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



SUBCUTANEOUS IMMUNE GLOBULIN

Affected Medications: Cuvitru, Cutaquig, Gamunex-C, Hizentra, Hyqvia, Xembify

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
plan design
 Primary immunodeficiency (PID)/Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome
 Such as: x-linked agammaglobulinemia, common variable immunodeficiency
(CVID), transient hypogammaglobulinemia of infancy, immunoglobulin G
(IgG) subclass deficiency with or without immunoglobulin A (IgA) deficiency,
antibody deficiency with near normal immunoglobulin levels) and combined
deficiencies (severe combined immunodeficiencies, ataxia-telangiectasia, x-
linked lymphoproliferative syndrome) [list not all inclusive]
Monthly intravenous immune globulin (IVIG) dose for those transitioning
Patient weight
Primary Immunodeficiency (PID)
Type of immunodeficiency
Documentation of one of the following:
Recent IgG level less than 200
 Low IgG levels (below the laboratory reference range lower limit of normal) AND a
history of multiple hard to treat infections as indicated by at least one of the
following:
Four or more ear infections within 1 year
 Two or more serious sinus infections within 1 year
 Two or more months of antibiotics with little effect
 Two or more pneumonias within 1 year
 Recurrent or deep skin abscesses
 Need for intravenous antibiotics to clear infections
 Two or more deep-seated infections including septicemia
Documentation showing a deficiency in producing antibodies in response to vaccination
including all the following:
 Titers that were drawn before challenging with vaccination
There that were drawn before challenging with vaccination
Titers that were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks after vaccination
Titers that were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks after vaccination
 Titers that were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks after vaccination Meets all criteria for IVIG approval
 Titers that were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks after vaccination Meets all criteria for IVIG approval Exceptions may be given for patients without prior intravenous (IV) or subcutaneous (SC)



	Renewal requires documented disease response defined as a decrease in the frequency or severity of infections
Exclusion Criteria:	 IgA deficiency with antibodies to IgA History of hypersensitivity to immune globulin or product components Hyperprolinemia type I or II
Age Restriction:	PID: 2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	PID: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SUTIMLIMAB

Affected Medications: ENJAYMO (sutimlimab-jome)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of hemolysis in adults with cold agglutinin disease (CAD)
Required Medical	Cold Agglutinin Disease (CAD)
Information:	Documentation of current weight
	Diagnosis of CAD as confirmed by all the following:
	 Chronic hemolysis as confirmed by hemoglobin level of 10 g/dL or less AND
	elevated indirect bilirubin level
	 Positive monospecific direct antiglobulin test (DAT) or Coombs test for C3d
	 A positive DAT or Coombs test for IgG of 1+ or less
	 Cold agglutinin titer of greater than or equal to 64 at 4°C
Appropriate	Cold Agglutinin Disease (CAD)
Treatment	Dosing:
Regimen & Other	o 39 kg to less than 75 kg: 6,500 mg/dose
Criteria:	o 75 kg or greater: 7,500 mg/dose
	 Administered weekly for the first two weeks, then every two weeks thereafter.
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (e.g., increased
	hemoglobin, normalized markers of hemolysis [bilirubin, lactate dehydrogenase,
	reticulocyte count], reduced blood transfusion requirements)
Exclusion Criteria:	Disease secondary to infection, rheumatologic disease, systemic lupus erythematosus,
	or overt hematologic malignancy
	Concomitant use of rituximab with or without cytotoxic agents
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
t	



TAFAMIDIS

Affected Medications: VYNDAQEL (tafamidis meglumine 20 mg), VYNDAMAX (tafamidis 61 mg)

	IS: VYNDAQEL (tatamidis megiumine 20 mg), VYNDAIVIAX (tatamidis 61 mg)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of wild type or hereditary transthyretin amyloid cardiomyopathy
	(ATTR-CM) to reduce cardiovascular mortality and cardiovascular-related
	hospitalizations in adults
Required Medical	Diagnosis of ATTR-CM supported by ONE of the following (a, b, or c):
Information:	a. Cardiac tissue biopsy confirms presence of ATTR amyloid deposits by
	immunohistochemistry (IHC) or mass spectrometry
	b. Documentation of BOTH of the following (i and ii):
	i. Noncardiac tissue biopsy confirms presence of ATTR amyloid deposits by
	IHC or mass spectrometry
	ii. Imaging consistent with cardiac amyloidosis (echocardiogram [ECG],
	cardiac magnetic resonance [CMR], or positron emission tomography
	[PET])
	c. Documentation of ALL the following (i, ii, and iii):
	i. Grade 2 to 3 uptake on cardiac scintigraphy (utilizing Tc-PYP, Tc-DPD, or
	Tc-HMDP radiotracers)
	ii. Normal serum kappa/lambda free light chain (sFLC) ratio, serum protein
	immunofixation, AND urine protein immunofixation
	iii. Imaging consistent with cardiac amyloidosis (ECG, CMR, or PET)
	Documentation of New York Heart Association (NYHA) Functional Class I to III
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness (improvement in
Treatment	symptoms, quality of life, or 6-Minute Walk Test; slowing or stabilization of disease
Regimen & Other	progression; reduced cardiovascular-related hospitalizations, etc.)
Criteria:	
Exclusion	NYHA Functional Class IV heart failure
Criteria:	Presence of light-chain (primary) amyloidosis
	Prior liver or heart transplant
	Implanted cardiac mechanical assist device
	Combined use with transthyretin-lowering therapy
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or specialist experienced in the
Restrictions:	treatment of amyloidosis
Coverage	·
Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Daradoni	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TAGRAXOFUSP-ERZS

Affected Medications: ELZONRIS (tagraxofusp-erzs)

Required Medical Information:	 Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm (BPDCN) in adults and in pediatric patients at least 2 years of age NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better Diagnosis of BPDCN is confirmed by ALL the following: A biopsy showing the morphology of plasmacytoid dendritic blast cells At least 3 of the following plasmacytoid dendritic cell (pDC) markers are expressed by immunohistochemistry (IHC) or flow cytometry:
	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a prescriber experienced in the treatment of BPDCN
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified



	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
•	Reauthorization. 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TARPEYO

Affected Medications: BUDESONIDE DELAYED RELEASE CAPSULE 4MG

Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce the loss of kidney function in adults with primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) who are at risk for disease progression Diagnosis of primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) confirmed with biopsy Documentation of risk of rapid disease progression with a urine protein-to-creatinine ratio (UPCR) equal to or greater than 1.5g/g (labs current within 30 days of request) OR Proteinuria defined as equal to or greater than 1g/day (labs current within 30 days of request)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure of a minimum of 12 weeks of Angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB) AND Documented treatment failure with a minimum of 12 weeks of glucocorticoid therapy such as oral prednisone or methylprednisolone (treatment failure defined as proteinuria equal to or greater than 1 g/day or an adverse effect to two glucocorticoid therapies that is not associated with the corticosteroid class) AND Documented treatment failure with a minimum of 12 weeks of Filspari (treatment failure defined as proteinuria equal to or greater than 1 g/day or an adverse effect to Filspari) No reauthorization – Recommended duration of therapy is 9 months followed by a 2-week dose taper prior to discontinuation
Exclusion Criteria:	Patients with other glomerulopathies and nephrotic syndrome
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 10 months unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TEDIZOLID

Affected Medications: Sivextro injection, Sivextro tablets

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Acute bacterial skin and skin structure infections (ABSSSI) caused by susceptible
	 isolates of the following Gram-positive microorganisms: Staphylococcus aureus (including methicillin-resistant [MRSA] and methicillin-susceptible [MSSA] isolates)
	 Streptococcus pyogenes Streptococcus agalactiae Streptococcus anginosus Group (including Streptococcus anginosus, Streptococcus intermedius, and Streptococcus constellatus) Enterococcus faecalis
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed or suspected diagnosis Documentation of treatment history and current treatment regimen Documentation of culture and sensitivity data Documentation of planned treatment duration
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dosing: 200 mg once daily for 6 days Requests for the intravenous formulation will require both of the following: ■ Documentation of treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerable adverse event with intravenous linezolid AND ■ Documentation of treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerable adverse event with at least 2 of the following drugs/drug classes: ■ Vancomycin ■ Avoidance of vancomycin due to nephrotoxicity will require documentation of multiple (at least 2 consecutive) increased serum creatinine concentrations (increase of 0.5 mg/dL [44 mcmol/L] or at least 50 percent increase from baseline, whichever is greater), without an alternative explanation ■ Daptomycin
	 Cephalosporin (cefazolin) Requests for the oral tablet formulation will require both of the following: Documentation of treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerable adverse event with oral linezolid AND Documentation of treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerable adverse event with at



	least 2 of the following drugs/drug classes:
	 Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole
	Tetracycline (doxycycline, minocycline)
	 Clindamycin
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	1 month, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: TEDUGLUTIDE

Affected Medications: GATTEX KIT (teduglutide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Short Bowel Syndrome (SBS)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed SBS diagnosis Dependence on parenteral nutrition (PN) and/or intravenous (IV) fluids at least 12 consecutive months continuously Receiving three or more days per week of parenteral nutrition (PN) support such as fluids, electrolytes, and/or nutrients
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of unable to be weaned from PN despite use of the following conventional measures: Dietary manipulations, oral rehydration solutions Antidiarrheal/motility agents: loperamide or diphenoxylate Antisecretory agents: H2 receptor antagonists or proton pump inhibitors OR Developed significant complications or severe impairment in quality of life related to parenteral nutrition use (such as loss of vascular access sites, recurrent catheter-related bloodstream infections, and liver disease) Dose does not exceed 0.05 mg/kg daily Reauthorization: requires documentation of clinically significant benefit defined by parenteral support reduction of 1 day or greater a week
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	 Weight of less than 10 kg Onset or worsening of gallbladder/biliary disease Onset or worsening of pancreatic disease Presence of any gastrointestinal malignancy Presence of intestinal or stomal obstruction 1 year of age and older Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist or SBS specialist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



TENOFOVIR ALAFENAMIDE

Affected Medications: Vemlidy tablet

Covered Uses: Required Medical	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design For the treatment of chronic hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection in adults and pediatric patients 6 years of age and older with compensated liver disease
Information:	Diagnosis of chronic hepatitis B infection Description of company stated lives disease (Child Burch A) within 42 weeks a right.
1ormacion.	 Documentation of compensated liver disease (Child-Pugh A) within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start of therapy
Appropriate	Documentation of one or more of the following:
Treatment Regimen & Other	 Inadequate virologic response or intolerable adverse event to tenofovir disoproxil fumarate
Criteria:	 CrCl less than or equal to 80 mL/min within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start date OR high risk for acute renal injury (i.e., nephrotoxic medications)
	 Diagnosis of osteoporosis or osteopenia OR high risk (i.e., chronic use of
	steroids or other drugs that worsen bone density, poor nutrition, early menopause)
	Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Decompensated hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh B or C)
Age Restriction:	6 years of age or older
Prescriber	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or
Restrictions:	infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	Approval duration: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TEPROTUMUMAB-TRBW

Affected Medications: TEPEZZA (teprotumumab-trbw)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thyroid Eye Disease (TED) regardless of TED activity or duration
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation that baseline disease is under control prior to starting therapy, as defined by one of the following: Patient is euthyroid (thyroid function tests are within normal limits) Patient has recent and mild hypo- or hyperthyroidism (thyroid function tests show free thyroxine (T4) and free triiodothyronine (T3) levels less than 50% above or below normal limits) and will undergo treatment to maintain euthyroid state TED has an appreciable impact on daily life, defined as: Proptosis greater than or equal to 3-mm increase from baseline (prior to diagnosis of TED) and/or proptosis greater than or equal to 3 mm above normal for race and gender OR Current moderate-to-severe active TED with a Clinical Activity Score (CAS) greater than or equal to 4 (on the 7-item scale) for the most severely affected eye and symptoms such as: lid retraction greater than or equal to 3 mm, moderate or severe soft tissue involvement, diplopia, and/or proptosis greater than or equal to 3 mm above normal for race and gender
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Evidence of stable, well-controlled disease if comorbid inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) or diabetes Documented failure to intravenous or oral steroid at appropriate dose over 12 weeks
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use of more than one course of Tepezza treatment Prior orbital irradiation, orbital decompression, or strabismus surgery Decreasing visual acuity, new defect in visual field, color vision defect from optic nerve involvement within the previous 6 months Corneal decompensation that is unresponsive to medical management
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: 7 months, maximum approval (total of 8 doses) with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TEPLIZUMAB-MZWV

Affected Medications: TZIELD (teplizumab-mzwv)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Type 1 diabetes mellitus, to delay the onset of Stage 3 type 1 diabetes in
	adults and pediatric patients with Stage 2 type 1 diabetes
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Stage 2 type 1 diabetes, confirmed by both of the following:
Information:	 Positive for two or more of the following pancreatic islet cell autoantibodies
	within the past 6 months:
	 Glutamic acid decarboxylase 65 (GAD) autoantibodies
	Insulin autoantibody (IAA)
	 Insulinoma-associated antigen 2 autoantibody (IA-2A)
	Zinc transporter 8 autoantibody (ZnT8A)
	 Islet cell autoantibody (ICA)
	 Dysglycemia on oral glucose tolerance testing (OGTT) within the past 6
	months, as shown by one of the following:
	■ Fasting blood glucose between 110 mg/dL and 125 mg/dL
	 2 hour glucose greater than or equal to 140 mg/dL and less than 200
	mg/dL
	 30, 60, or 90 minute value on OGTT greater than or equal to 200
	mg/dL on two separate occasions
	Documentation that the patient has a first-degree or second-degree relative with
	type 1 diabetes and one of the following:
	 If first-degree relative (brother, sister, parent, offspring), patient must be
	between 8 and 45 years of age
	o If second-degree relative (niece, nephew, aunt, uncle, grandchild, cousin),
	patient must be between 8 and 20 years of age
	Documentation of the patient's current body surface area (BSA) or height and
	weight to calculate BSA
	Treatment plan, including planned dose and frequency
Appropriate	Approved for one-time 14-day infusion only, based on the following dosing schedule:
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Treatment Day Dose
Criteria:	Day 1 65 mcg/m ²
	Day 2 125 mcg/m ²
	Day 3 250 mcg/m ²
	Day 4 500 mcg/m² Days 5 - 14 1,030 mcg/m²
	1,030 mcg/m²



	 Availability: 2 mg/2 mL (1 mg/mL) single-dose vials Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior treatment with Tzield Diagnosis of Stage 3 type 1 diabetes (clinical type 1 diabetes)
	Diagnosis of Type 2 diabetes
	Current active serious infection or chronic infection
	Pregnant or lactating
Age Restriction:	8 to 45 years of age
	See Required Medical Information for age requirements based on first-degree or second-degree relative
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified (one 14-day infusion only)



TESTOPEL AND TESTOSTERONE

	ns: Testopel (testosterone pellets), Testosterone gel, Jatenzo capsules (testosterone
Covered Uses:	 Tlando (testosterone undecanoate capsules), Kyzatrex (testosterone undecanoate capsules) All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Testosterone replacement therapy in adult males for conditions associated with a deficiency or absence of endogenous testosterone: primary hypogonadism or hypogonadotropic hypogonadism Gender dysphoria
Required Medical	All Indications:
Information:	All therapies tried/failed for indicated diagnosis
	If age 65 years and older:
	 Yearly evaluation of need is completed, discussing need for hormone replacement therapy
	 Yearly documentation that provider has educated patient on risks of hormone replacement (heart attack, stroke)
	 Yearly documentation that provider has discussed limited efficacy and safety for hormone replacement in patients experiencing age related decrease in testosterone levels
	Hypogonadism in Adults
	Confirmed low testosterone level (total testosterone less than 300 ng/dl or morning)
	free or bioavailable testosterone less than 5 ng/dL) or absence of endogenous
	testosterone
	 Gender Dysphoria Documented diagnosis of gender dysphoria If under 18 years of age, documentation of all the following: Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent for treatment Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well
	 controlled A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most
İ	

(WPATH) Standards of Care

current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health



	 Note: For requests following pubertal suppression therapy, an updated or new comprehensive mental health evaluation must be provided prior to initiation of hormone supplementation
Appropriate	STEP 1 MEDICATIONS: Testosterone injections
Treatment	oral a masses money restored injections
Regimen & Other	STEP 2 MEDICATIONS: Transdermal testosterone, Kyzatrex capsules, Tlando, and Jatenzo
Criteria:	capsules
	Initial approval requires documented failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for avoidance of the testosterone injections
	STEP 3 MEDICATIONS: Testopel
	 Approval requires documented failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for avoidance of generic transdermal testosterone, Tlando, OR Jatenzo capsules AND Kyzatrex capsules Testopel dosage (in milligrams) or number of pellets to be administered and frequency Maximum of 450 mg per treatment
	Reauthorization Criteria: Documentation of recent testosterone level while on replacement therapy within normal
	limits
	Gender Dysphoria: Documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Gender dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of gender dysphoria
Restrictions:	In the treatment of gender dysphoria
Coverage	Gender Dysphoria:
Duration:	Testopel: Maximum of 4 treatments in 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	All other formulations: 5 years, unless otherwise specified
	All Other indications:
	Testopel: Maximum of 4 treatments in 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	All other formulations: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TEZEPELUMAB-EKKO

Affected Medications: TEZSPIRE (tezepelumab-ekko)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of patients aged 12 years and older with severe asthma
Required Medical	Diagnosis of severe asthma defined by the following:
Information:	 For adults: FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
	 For adolescents aged 12 to 17: FEV1 less than 90% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
Appropriate	Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta
Treatment	agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
Regimen & Other	AND
Criteria:	A documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic
	corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaled treatment with at least 80% adherence
	Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Fasenra, Nucala, Xolair, Dupixent, Cinqair)
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: THALIDOMIDE

Affected Medications: THALOMID (thalidomide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved OR compendia-supported
	indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Multiple Myeloma (MM)
	 Erythema Nodosum Leprosum (ENL)
	 Systemic light chain amyloidosis
	 AIDS-related aphthous stomatitis
	 Waldenström macroglobulinemia
	 Graft-versus-host disease, chronic (refractory)
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of
	2A or higher
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used,
Information:	and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate	Multiple Myeloma
Treatment	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with evidence level of
Regimen & Other	2A or higher
Criteria:	
	Systemic light chain amyloidosis
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with evidence level of
	2A or higher
	Waldenström Macroglobulinemia
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with evidence level of
	2A or higher
	AIDS-related or Severe recurrent aphthous stomatitis
	Documented trial and failure with BOTH topical and systemic corticosteroids
	Erythema Nodosum Leprosum (ENL)
	Acute treatment of the cutaneous manifestations of moderate to severe ENL (Type 2 reaction)
	2 reaction) • Maintenance therapy for provention and suppression of the sutaneous
	 Maintenance therapy for prevention and suppression of the cutaneous manifestations of ENL recurrence
	mannestations of ENL recurrence
	Reauthorization: Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy



Exclusion Criteria:	 Pregnancy Karnofsky Performance Status less than or equal to 50% or ECOG performance score greater than or equal to 3
Age Restriction:	12 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



THICK-IT

Affected Medications: THICK-IT ORIGINAL POWDER, THICK-IT #2, THICK-IT LIQUID

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	Dysphagia
	Swallowing disorder
Required Medical	Documentation of esophageal or throat dysfunction that compromises ability to
Information:	safely consume food or liquids
	OR
	Documentation of high risk for aspiration pneumonia
Appropriate Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Maintained on enteral or parenteral nutrition
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: THYMOGLOBULIN

Affected Medications: THYMOGLOBULIN (antithymocyte globulin - rabbit derived)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Renal transplant acute rejection treatment and induction therapy Off-label uses: Heart transplant Intestinal and multivisceral transplantation Lung transplant Chronic graft-versus-host disease prevention
Required Medical Information:	 For prophylaxis: Patient must be considered high risk for acute rejection or delayed graft function based on one or more of either the following donor/recipient risk factors:
Appropriate	Treatment of acute renal graft rejection – **No PA required for this diagnosis**
Treatment	 Prophylaxis: 1.5 mg/kg of body weight administered daily for 4 to 7 days.
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Clinical rationale for avoiding Simulect (Basiliximab) in prophylaxis
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	 Active acute or chronic infections that contraindicates any additional immunosuppression
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Physicians experienced in immunosuppressive therapy for the management of renal
Restrictions:	transplant patients.
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 1 Month, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 1 Month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TILDRAKIZUMAB

Affected Medications: ILUMYA PREFILLED SYRINGE

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	o Plaque Psoriasis (PP)
Required Medical	Plaque Psoriasis
Information:	 Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment as defined by one of the following: Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater Severe disease on other validated tools Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction AND Documentation of one or more of the following: At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment OR Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement
Appropriate	Plaque Psoriasis
Treatment	 Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies:
Regimen & Other	methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]
Criteria:	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
	 QL PP: 100 mg at week 0 and 4, followed by every 12 weeks Reauthorization Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered
	experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



TOBRAMYCIN INHALATION

Affected Medications: TOBI PODHALER (tobramycin inhalation powder), tobramycin nebulized solution, KITABIS PAK (tobramycin), BETHKIS (tobramycin), Tobi (tobramycin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis (CF) (phenotyping not required). Culture and sensitivity report confirming presence of pseudomonas aeruginosa in the lungs For Tobi Podhaler: Baseline forced expiratory volume in 1 second (FEV1) equal to or greater than 25% but equal to or less than 80% For Bethkis: Baseline FEV1 equal to or greater than 40% but equal to or less than 80% For Kitabis Pak: Baseline FEV1 equal to or greater than 25% but equal to or less than 75% 	
 Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: For Tobi Podhaler, Kitabis Pak, Bethkis, and Tobi: Documentation of fance nebulized tobramycin or clinical rationale for avoidance Use is limited to 28 days on and 28 days off regimen Reauthorization requires documentation of improved respiratory symmed for long-term use 		
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist or provider who specializes in CF 	
Coverage Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified	



TOCILIZUMAB

Affected Medications: ACTEMRA INTRAVENOUS (IV), ACTEMRA ACTEM AUTO-INJECTOR, ACTEMRA PREFILLED

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design 			
	Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)			
	o Giant Cell Arteritis (GCA)			
	Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (PJIA)			
	Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (SJIA)			
	 Cytokine Release Syndrome (CRS) 			
	 Systemic sclerosis-associated interstitial lung disease (SSc-ILD) 			
Required Medical	Rheumatoid Arthritis			
Information:	• Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale)			
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 			
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 			
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3 			
	Giant Cell Arteritis			
	Confirmed diagnosis of GCA based on:			
	 Temporal artery biopsy 			
	 Color doppler ultrasound 			
	On			
	 OR Confirmed diagnosis of large vessel GCA based on: 			

- - Vascular tree imaging computed tomography (CT), magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), magnetic resonance angiography (MRA), positron emission tomography (PET) or PET with CT

Cytokine Release Syndrome

- Documentation of previous chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) T cell therapy treatment plan
- Documentation of active cytokine release syndrome

Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis

Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD global score) or active joint count

Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease

- Documentation of diagnosis of Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease from the American College of Rheumatology / European League Against Rheumatism classification criteria with the following:
 - o Documentation of onset of disease (first non-Raynaud symptom) of less than 7 years



SSc-ILD confirmed by a chest high resolution computed tomography (HRCT) scan conducted within the previous 12 months. Documentation of baseline observed forced vital capacity (FVC) and percent

Documentation of baseline observed forced vital capacity (FVC) and percent predicted forced vital capacity (ppFVC)

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

• Tofidence or Tyenne require documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with Actemra intravenous formulation

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with Actemra intravenous formulation or Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

Giant Cell Arteritis and Cytokine Release Syndrome

- Documentation of disease refractory to glucocorticoid treatment
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with Actemra intravenous formulation

Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide
- Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with Actemra intravenous formulation

Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease

 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with mycophenolate and cyclophosphamide

QL

Intravenous

- RA: 4 mg/kg every 4 weeks; may increase to 8 mg/kg every 4 weeks based on clinical response (maximum 800 mg/dose)
- o GCA: 6 mg/kg every 4 weeks
- o CRS:
 - <30 kg: 12 mg/kg once, may repeat every 8 hours (maximum 4 doses)</p>
 - ≥30 kg: 8 mg/kg once (maximum 800 mg/dose), may repeat every 8 hours (maximum 4 doses)
- o PJIA:
 - <30 kg: 10 mg/kg every 4 weeks</p>



	≥30 kg: 8 mg/kg every 4 weeks (maximum 800 mg/dose)		
	o SJIA:		
	<30 kg: 12 mg/kg every 2 weeks		
	■ ≥30 kg: 8 mg/kg every 2 weeks (maximum 800 mg/dose)		
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be		
	enforced		
	Cinoreca		
	Subcutaneous		
o RA:			
	<100 kg: 162 mg every other week; may increase to 162 mg weekly based on		
	clinical response		
	■ ≥100 kg: 162 mg weekly		
	o GCA: 162 mg weekly		
	o PJIA		
	<30 kg: 162 mg every 3 weeks		
	■ ≥30 kg: 162 mg every 2 weeks		
	o SJIA		
	<30 kg: 162 mg every 2 weeks		
	■ ≥30 kg: 162 mg weekly		
	 SSc-ILD: 162 mg weekly 		
	Reauthorization		
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy		
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit		
Age Restriction:	is not a covered benefit		
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/oncologist/pulmonologist as		
Restrictions:	appropriate for diagnosis		
Mestrictions.	appropriate for diagnosis		
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: TOFACITINIB

Affected Medications: XELJANZ, XELJANZ XR, XELJANZ SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Rheumatoid Arthritis 			
	 Psoriatic Arthritis 			
	 Ulcerative Colitis 			
	 Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA) 			
	 Ankylosing Spondylitis 			
Required	Rheumatoid Arthritis			
Medical	Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent)			

Information:

- objective scale)
 - o The Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
 - The Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
 - Weighted RAPID3 of at least 2.3

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documentation of CASPAR criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes:
 - Skin psoriasis: present two points, OR previously present by history one point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
 - Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point o Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
 - Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
 - Juxtaarticular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point

Ulcerative Colitis

Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy

Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)

Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD global score) or active joint count

Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS)

- Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by Sacroiliitis on imaging AND at least 1 Spondyloarthritis (SpA) feature:
 - Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
 - Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
 - Insidious onset
 - Improvement with exercise



- No improvement with rest
- Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
- Arthritis
- Enthesitis
- Uveitis
- Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
- Psoriasis
- o Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
- Good response to NSAIDs
- Family history of SpA
- o Elevated CRP
- Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - o If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - One of following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola), Actemra IV

AND

 Two of the following: Olumiant, Kevzara, Simponi Aria, Actemra SQ, Kineret, rituximab (preferred biosimilar products Truxima, Riabni, and Ruxience),
 Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
- If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
 AND
 - One of the following: Otezla, Simponi Aria, Orencia, or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Ulcerative Colitis

 Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine



OR

 Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for ulcerative colitis

AND

- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
 AND
 - One of the following: Entyvio or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumabfkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide
 AND
- Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Actemra IV and Simponi Aria

Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS)

- Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Simponi Aria, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

QL:

- Xeljanz tablets (5mg, 10mg): One tablet twice daily
- Xeljanz XR tablets (11mg, 22mg): One tablet daily
- Xeljanz Solution: 240 mL/30 days

Reauthorization

Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy

Exclusion Criteria:

Concurrent use with any other biologic therapy or Otezla is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit



Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/gastroenterologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **TOFERSEN**

Affected Medications: QALSODY (tofersen)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) associated with a mutation in the superoxide dismutase 1 (SOD1) gene (SOD1-ALS) 		
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of "definite" or "probable" ALS diagnosis based on revised El Escorial (Airlie House) or Awaji criteria Documentation of a confirmed SOD1 genetic mutation Forced vital capacity (FVC) greater than or equal to 50% as adjusted for age, sex, and height (from a sitting position) Baseline plasma neurofilament light chain (NfL) value Patient currently retains most activities of daily living defined as at least 2 points on all 12 items of the ALS functional rating scale-revised (ALSFRS-R) 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy, defined as both of the following: Reduction in plasma NfL from baseline The patient's baseline functional status has been maintained at or above baseline level or not declined more than expected given the natural disease progression Patient is not dependent on invasive mechanical ventilation (e.g., intubation, tracheostomy)		
Exclusion Criteria:			
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist, neuromuscular specialist, or specialist with experience in the treatment of ALS		
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 		



POLICY NAME: TOLVAPTAN

Affected Medications: JYNARQUE, tolvaptan (15 mg, 30 mg)

	<u></u>				
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design 				
	 Tolvaptan: treatment of clinically significant hypervolemic and euvolemic 				
	hyponatremia (serum sodium less than 125 mEq/L OR less marked hyponatremia				
	that is symptomatic and has resisted correction with fluid restriction), including				
	patients with heart failure and Syndrome of Inappropriate Antidiuretic Hormone				
	(SIADH)				
	 Jynarque: to slow kidney function decline in adults at risk of rapidly progressing 				
	autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease (ADPKD)				
Required	<u>Hyponatremia</u>				
Medical	Serum sodium less than 125 mEq/L at baseline				
Information:	OR				
	 Serum sodium less than 135 mEq/L at baseline and symptomatic (nausea, vomiting, 				
	headache, lethargy, confusion)				
	,				
	ADPKD				
	Diagnosis of typical ADPKD confirmed by family history, imaging, and if applicable, genetic				
	Diagnosis of typical ADPKD confirmed by family history, imaging, and if applicable, genetic testing				
	• Estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) greater than or equal to 25 mL/min/1.73m ²				
	High risk for rapid progression determined by Mayo imaging class 1C, 1D, or 1E				
Appropriate	Hyponatremia				
Treatment					
Regimen &	Treatment is initiated or re-initiated in a hospital setting prior to discharge				
Other Criteria:	ADPKD				
Other Criteria.					
	Documentation of intensive blood pressure control with an angiotensin-converting ACE inhibitor or angiotensin recenter blocker (ARR), upless contraindicated.				
	enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), unless contraindicated				
	Poputherization, will require decumentation of treatment success and a clinically simplificant				
	Reauthorization: will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy				
Exclusion	Patients requiring intervention to raise serum sodium urgently to prevent or treat serious				
Criteria:	neurological symptoms				
	·				
	Hypovolemic hyponatremia				
	Anuria				
	Uncorrected urinary outflow obstruction				



Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older			
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist			
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified			
	 ADPKD Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 			



TOPICAL AGENTS FOR CUTANEOUS T-CELL LYMPHOMA (including Mycosis fungoides and Sézary syndrome)

Affected Medications: VALCHLOR (mechlorethamine topical gel), TARGRETIN (bexarotene gel)

Carrand Hasar						
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded					
	by plan design					
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A					
	or higher					
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and					
Information:	anticipated treatment course					
	Documentation of cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (CTCL), stage and type confirmed by					
	biopsy.					
	Extent of skin involvement (limited/localized or generalized)					
Appropriate	<u>Limited/localized skin involvement</u> (topical bexarotene and mechlorethamine)					
Treatment	Documented clinical failure to ALL the following:					
Regimen & Other	 Topical corticosteroids (high or super-high potency) such as clobetasol, 					
Criteria:	betamethasone, fluocinonide, halobetasol					
	o Topical imiguimod					
	o Phototherapy					
	 Generalized skin involvement (Topical mechlorethamine only) Documentation of failure or contraindication to at least 1 skin-directed therapy 					
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy					
Exclusion Criteria:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater					
Age Restriction:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater					
Age Restriction: Prescriber/Site of	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Pregnancy 					
	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Pregnancy 18 years of age or older 					
Prescriber/Site of	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Pregnancy 18 years of age or older 					
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Pregnancy 18 years of age or older Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist 					



TOPICAL DERMATITIS AND PSORIATIC AGENTS

Affected Medications: TACROLIMUS OINTMENT (0.1%, 0.03%), PIMECROLIMUS CREAM (1%), CALCIPOTRIENE CREAM (0.005%), VTAMA CREAM (1%), ZORYVE CREAM (0.3%, 0.15%)

CREAM (0.005%), VTAMA CREAM (1%), ZORYVE CREAM (0.3%, 0.15%)					
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by				
	plan design				
	Atopic Dermatitis (AD)				
	o Plaque Psoriasis (PP)				
Required Medical	All Ages				
Information:	Documentation of body surface area (BSA) and areas of involvement				
	Age 21 and above				
	Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional				
	impairment as defined by one of the following:				
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater 				
	 Severe disease on other validated tools 				
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial 				
	involvement preventing normal social interaction				
	AND				
	o BSA of at least 10% OR				
	 Hand, foot, face, or mucous membrane involvement 				
Appropriate	Topical Tacrolimus, Pimecrolimus, Calcipotriene cream:				
Treatment	Documented failure with prescription strength topical corticosteroids and emollients or				
Regimen & Other	facial involvement				
Criteria:					
	Zoryve cream:				
	Documented failure with all the following topicals:				
	 A high or super-high potency topical corticosteroid (such as betamethasone dipropionate, clobetasol, fluocinonide, or halobetasol) 				
	 Zoryve 0.03% cream for plaque psoriasis also requires documented failure with 				
	calcipotriene cream				
	 Zoryve 0.15% cream for atopic dermatitis also requires documented failure with 				
	tacrolimus ointment or pimecrolimus cream				
	 Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of one of the following: phototherapy, 				
	cyclosporine, methotrexate, acitretin				
	Vtama cream:				
	Documented failure with a high or super-high potency topical corticosteroid (such as				
	betamethasone dipropionate, clobetasol, fluocinonide, or halobetasol)				
	Documented failure with calcipotriene cream				
	Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of one of the following: phototherapy,				



	cyclosporine, methotrexate, acitretin		
Documented treatment failure with 8 weeks of Zoryve cream			
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy defined as Body Surface Area (BSA) reduction from baseline		
Exclusion	Atopic dermatitis or plaque psoriasis not meeting the above criteria is considered a below		
Criteria:	the line (non-funded) diagnosis per Oregon Health Authority (OHA) for those 21 years of age and older. Please refer to OHA GUIDELINE NOTE 21, SEVERE INFLAMMATORY SKIN DISEASE.		
Age Restriction:	Tacrolimus ointment 0.03%: 2 years of age and older		
	Tacrolimus ointment 0.1%: 16 years of age and older		
	Vtama: 18 years of age and older		
	Zoryve: 6 years of age and older		
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist, (example: dermatologist, allergist or		
Restrictions:	immunologist)		
Coverage	Initial approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: TRALOKINUMAB

Affected Medications: ADBRY (tralokinumab)

1.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2
2.	Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to one of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications? Treatment of moderate to severe atopic dermatitis in adults	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met
Mc	oderate to Severe Atopic Dermatitis		
1.	Is there documentation of severe inflammatory skin disease defined as functional impairment as defined by one of the following: O Dermatology Life Quality Index (DQLI) 11 or greater O Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater O Severe disease on other validated tools Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is there a documented body surface area (BSA) effected of at least 10% OR hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is there documented failure of a 4-week trial of a combination of topical moderate to high potency topical steroids and a topical non-steroidal agent?	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Go to #4
4.	Is there documented treatment failure with one of the following for at least 12 weeks: Phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate?	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Criteria not met



5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of atopic dermatitis (Such as a dermatologist)?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Re	newal Criteria		
1.	Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as assessed by the prescribing provider?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met
Quantity Limitations			

Quantity Limitations

- Adbry
 - Availability: 150mg/ml prefilled syringes, 300 mg/2mL autoinjectors
 - o Dosing:
 - Adults 18 years and older: 600 mg as single dose, then 300 mg every 2 weeks
 - If less than 100kg and clear/almost clear is achieved, dosing may be reduced to 300mg every 4 weeks
 - Pediatric patients 12 to 17 years old: 300 mg as a single dose, then 150 mg every 2 weeks



POLICY NAME: TRASTUZUMAB

Affected Medications: HERCEPTIN IV (trastuzumab), HERCEPTIN HYLECTA SQ (Trastuzumab and hyaluronidase), OGIVRI (trastuzumab-dkst), KANJINTI (trastuzumab-anns), TRAZIMERA (trastuzumab-qyyp), HERZUMA (trastuzumab-pkrb), ONTRUZANT (trastuzumab-dttb)

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and prescribed dosing regimen Documentation of HER2 positivity based on: 3+ score on immunohistochemistry (IHC) testing OR Positive gene amplification by Fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) test
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Maximum duration for adjuvant breast cancer therapy is 12 months All Indications Coverage for a non-preferred product (Herceptin or Herceptin Hylecta) requires documentation of the following: A documented intolerable adverse event to two preferred products (Kanjinti, Trazimera, Herzuma, Ontruzant and Ogivri), and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient Reauthorization will require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 For new starts to adjuvant breast cancer therapy – approve 12 months with no reauthorization For all other clinical scenarios: Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TRIPTORELIN

Affected Medications: TRELSTAR, TRIPTODUR (triptorelin)

Required Medical Information:	 National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prostate Cancer (Trelstar) Central Precocious Puberty (Triptodur) Compendia-supported uses that will be covered Gender Dysphoria Central Precocious Puberty (CPP) Documentation of CPP confirmed by one of the following labs: Elevated basal luteinizing hormone (LH) level greater than 0.2 - 0.3 mIU/L Elevated leuprolide-stimulated LH level greater than 3.3 - 5 IU/L (dependent on type of assay used) Bone age greater than 2 standard deviations (SD) beyond chronological age Gender Dysphoria Documentation of all the following: Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent for treatment Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most
	current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health (WPATH) Standards of Care
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	For all Triptodur requests:
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as neoadjuvant ADT for radical prostatectomy



Age Restriction:	3. CPP: Age 11 or younger (females), age 12 or younger (males)
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Oncology: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist CPP: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	 (Oncology) Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified CPP Approval/Oncology reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TROFINETIDE

Affected Medications: DAYBUE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Rett syndrome (RTT) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of typical RTT (per the revised diagnostic criteria for Rett Syndrome) AND a period of regression followed by recovery or stabilization Documented presence of mutation in the MECP2 gene Documentation of all the following: Partial or complete loss of acquired purposeful hand skills Partial or complete loss of acquired spoken language Gait abnormalities: Impaired (dyspraxic) or absence of ability Stereotypic hand movements such as hand wringing/squeezing, clapping/tapping, mouthing, and washing/rubbing automatisms Current weight (within past 30 days) Must weigh minimum of 9 kilograms 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success determined by treating provider	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Brain injury secondary to trauma or severe infection Grossly abnormal psychomotor development in first 6 months of life 	
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider experienced in the management of Rett syndrome	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: TROGARZO

Affected Medications: TROGARZO (ibalizumab-uiyk/IV infusion)

plan design Treatment of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) infection, in combination with other antiretrovirals, in heavily treatment-experienced adults with multidrug resistant HIV-1 infection failing their current antiretroviral regimen Required Medical Information: Documentation of all prior therapies used Documentation of active antiretroviral therapy for at least 6 months Documented resistance to at least one antiretroviral agent from three different classes: Nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs) Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs) Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs) Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs) Protease inhibitors (PIS) Documentation of current (within the past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA viral load of at least 200 copies/mL Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Prescribed in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen Reauthorization: Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen Reauthorization: Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load Absence of postbaseline emergence of ibalizumab resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified		T	
Treatment of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) infection, in combination with other antiretrovirals, in heavily treatment-experienced adults with multidrug resistant HIV-1 infection failing their current antiretroviral regimen Required Medical Information: Documentation of all prior therapies used Documentation of active antiretroviral therapy for at least 6 months Documented resistance to at least one antiretroviral agent from three different classes: Nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs) Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs) Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTis) Protease inhibitors (PIs) Documentation of current (within the past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA viral load of at least 200 copies/mL Prescribed in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen Reauthorization: Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Prescribed in combination of treatment success as evidenced by one of the following: Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load Reauthorizations confirmed by resistance testing Exclusion Criteria: Prescriber Restriction: Is years and older Prescriber Restrictions: Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified	Covered Uses:		
combination with other antiretrovirals, in heavily treatment-experienced adults with multidrug resistant HIV-1 infection failing their current antiretroviral regimen Required Medical Information: Documentation of all prior therapies used Documentation of active antiretroviral therapy for at least 6 months Documented resistance to at least one antiretroviral agent from three different classes: Nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs) Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs) Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTIs) Protease inhibitors (PIs) Documentation of current (within the past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA viral load of at least 200 copies/mL Prescribed in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen Regimen & Other Criteria: Prescribed in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen Documentation of treatment success as evidenced by one of the following: Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load on Absence of postbaseline emergence of ibalizumab resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified		plan design	
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Required Medical Information: Documentation of all prior therapies used Documentation of active antiretroviral therapy for at least 6 months Documented resistance to at least one antiretroviral agent from three different classes: Nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs) Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs) Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTIs) Protease inhibitors (PIs) Documentation of current (within the past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA viral load of at least 200 copies/mL Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Prescribed in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen Reauthorization: Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen Documentation of treatment success as evidenced by one of the following: Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load Absence of postbaseline emergence of ibalizumab resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified		combination with other antiretrovirals, in heavily treatment-experienced adults	
Documentation of all prior therapies used		with multidrug resistant HIV-1 infection failing their current antiretroviral	
Information: Documentation of active antiretroviral therapy for at least 6 months Documented resistance to at least one antiretroviral agent from three different classes: Nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs) Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs) Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTIs) Protease inhibitors (PIs) Documentation of current (within the past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA viral load of at least 200 copies/mL Prescribed in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen Regimen & Other Criteria: Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen Documentation of treatment success as evidenced by one of the following: Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load Absence of postbaseline emergence of ibalizumab resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified		regimen	
Documented resistance to at least one antiretroviral agent from three different classes: Nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs) Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs) Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTIs) Protease inhibitors (PIs) Documentation of current (within the past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA viral load of at least 200 copies/mL Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Prescribed in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen Reauthorization: Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen Documentation of treatment success as evidenced by one of the following: Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load Absence of postbaseline emergence of ibalizumab resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: Is years and older Prescriber Restrictions: Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified	Required Medical	Documentation of all prior therapies used	
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Nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs) Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs) Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTIs) Protease inhibitors (PIs) Documentation of current (within the past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA viral load of at least 200 copies/mL Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Prescribed in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen Reauthorization: Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen Pocumentation of treatment success as evidenced by one of the following: Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load Absence of postbaseline emergence of ibalizumab resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescribed Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease or HIV specialist Restrictions: Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified			
O Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs) O Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTIs) O Protease inhibitors (PIs) Documentation of current (within the past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA viral load of at least 200 copies/mL Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen Documentation of treatment success as evidenced by one of the following: O Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load O Absence of postbaseline emergence of ibalizumab resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified			
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Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: • Prescribed in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen Reauthorization: • Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen • Documentation of treatment success as evidenced by one of the following: • Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load • Absence of postbaseline emergence of ibalizumab resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: • 18 years and older Prescriber Restrictions: • Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified			
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: • Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen • Documentation of treatment success as evidenced by one of the following: • Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load • Absence of postbaseline emergence of ibalizumab resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: • 18 years and older Prescriber Restrictions: • Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified	Annropriate		
Regimen & Other Criteria: • Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen • Documentation of treatment success as evidenced by one of the following: • Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load • Absence of postbaseline emergence of ibalizumab resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: • 18 years and older Prescriber Restrictions: • Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified		Prescribed in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen	
 Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen Documentation of treatment success as evidenced by one of the following: Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load Absence of postbaseline emergence of ibalizumab resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: 18 years and older Prescriber Restrictions: Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified 		Reauthorization:	
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mutations confirmed by resistance testing Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease or HIV specialist Restrictions: Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified		Absence of postbaseline emergence of ibalizumab resistance-associated	
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified			
Criteria: Age Restriction: • 18 years and older Prescriber Restrictions: • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease or HIV specialist Coverage • Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified	Exclusion	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Prescriber Restrictions: • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease or HIV specialist Coverage • Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified	Criteria:		
Restrictions: Coverage Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified	Age Restriction:	18 years and older	
Restrictions: Coverage Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified			
Coverage • Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified		Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease or HIV specialist	
	Restrictions:		
	Coverage	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Duration:		



POLICY NAME: **TUCATINIB**

Affected Medications: Tukysa (tucatinib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded	
	by plan design	
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A	
	or better	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course 	
	 Documentation of RAS wild-type, HER2 (human epidermal growth factor receptor-2) - positive unresectable or metastatic colorectal cancer that has progressed following treatment with fluoropyrimidine, oxaliplatin, and irinotecan based chemotherapy OR 	
	 Advanced unresectable or metastatic human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2)-positive breast cancer, with prior treatment of 1 or more anti-HER2-based regimens in the metastatic setting. 	
Appropriate	Colorectal cancer	
Treatment	Documented intolerable adverse event to both preferred products Lapatinib and	
Regimen & Other	Pertuzumab	
Criteria:	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater	
	Colorectal cancer ONLY: previous treatment with a HER2 inhibitor	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescriber/Site of Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist	
Care Restrictions:		
Coverage	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



TYVASO

Affected Medications: TYVASO (treprostinil), TYVASO REFILL, TYVASO STARTER, TYVASO DPI

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 	
	o Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 3	
Required	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1	
Medical	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following	
Information:	criteria:	
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg 	
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg 	
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units 	
	Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH, OR	
	PAH secondary to one of the following conditions:	
	 Connective tissue disease 	
	 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection 	
	o Drugs	
	 Congenital left to right shunts 	
	o Schistosomiasis	
	o Portal hypertension	
	 New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class III or higher symptoms 	
	 Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to 	
	calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:	
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) 	
	Low cardiac index OR	
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) 	
	Pulmonary Hypertension Associated with Interstitial Lung Disease WHO GROUP 3	
	Documentation of diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis confirmed by presence of	
	usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) or high-resolution computed tomography (HRCT),	
	and/or surgical lung biopsy OR	
	Pulmonary fibrosis and emphysema OR	
	Connective tissue disorder	
Appropriate	The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal medical and/or surgical	
Treatment	treatment of the identified condition	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin, Tyvaso, Orenitram should not be used in combination)	



	 WHO Group 1 only: Treatment with oral calcium channel blocking agents has been tried and failed, or has been considered and ruled out Treatment with combination of endothelin receptor antagonist (ERA) and phosphodiesterase 5 (PDE-5) inhibitor has been tried and failed for WHO Functional Class II and III
Exclusion Criteria:	 Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension such as (left sided atrial or ventricular disease, left sided valvular heart disease, etc) or disorders of the respiratory system such as (chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, obstructive sleep apnea or other sleep disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, etc.)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial coverage: 6 months unless otherwise specified Subsequent coverage: 12 months unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: UBLITUXIMAB-XIIY

Affected Medications: BRIUMVI (Ublituximab-xiiy)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolating syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive disease (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis Diagnosis of relapsing or active secondary progressive forms of multiple sclerosis (MS) confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) (Revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for multiple sclerosis) Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	 Clinically Isolated Syndrome Documentation of CIS as shown by patients who do not fulfill McDonald criteria for a diagnosis of MS but have an abnormal brain MRI with one or more hyperintense T2 lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions at presentation or within three to six months of the event
	 Secondary-Progressive MS Documentation of prior history of relapsing-remitting MS (RRMS) with progressive increase in disability over at least 6 months, independent of, or in the absence of, relapses Documentation of active disease classified as the presence of clinical relapse or inflammatory activity (i.e. new or enlarging T2 lesions or gadolinium enhancing lesions on MRI) in the last 2 years Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Relapsing forms of MS: Coverage of Briumvi requires documentation of one of the following: o A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred Rituximab products, Truxima, Riabni and Ruxience, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient o Currently receiving treatment with Briumvi, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs.



	No concurrent use of medications indicated for treatment of relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis
	How Supplied: 150 MG/6 ML
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Active Hepatitis B infection
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or an MS specialist
Coverage Duration	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: USTEKINUMAB

Affected Medications: STELARA IV, STELARA SOLUTION, STELARA PREFILLED SYRINGE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Plaque Psoriasis (PP) Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA) Crohn's Disease (CD) Ulcerative Colitis (UC)
Required Medical Information:	Plaque Psoriasis Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment as defined by one of the following: □ Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) of greater than or equal to 11 □ Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) greater than or equal to 13 □ Severe disease on other validated tools □ Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction □ Documentation of one or more of the following: □ At least 10% body surface area involvement; or □ Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis □ Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy □ Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment Psoriatic Arthritis □ Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes □ Skin psoriasis: present − two points, OR previously present by history − one point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected − one point □ Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point □ Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point □ Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point □ Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point



Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

All Indications:

Currently receiving treatment with Stelara, excluding via samples or manufacturer's
patient assistance programs, will not be required to have documented failure with all
formulary alternatives

Plaque psoriasis

- Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies: methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy (UVB, PUVA)
 AND
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of all available formulary alternatives: Infliximab, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Enbrel, Cosentyx, Otezla, Ilumya, Cimzia

Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)

AND

Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of all available formulary alternatives: Infliximab, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Enbrel, Otezla, Cosentyx, Xeljanz, Simponi Aria, Cimzia, Orencia (SQ or IV)

Crohn's Disease

- Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide
- Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease
 OR
- Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by:
 - Fistulizing disease
 - Stricture
 - o Presence of abscess/phlegmon
 - Deep ulcerations
 - o Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal GI involvement

AND



Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of all available formulary alternatives: Infliximab, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Cimzia, Entyvio

Ulcerative Colitis

 Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, azathioprine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine

OR

 Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for ulcerative colitis

AND

• Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of all available formulary alternatives: Infliximab, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Entyvio, Xeljanz

QL

- Induction
 - o PP:
- <60 kg: 0.75 mg/kg at week 0 and 4</p>
- 60-100 kg: 45 mg at week 0 and 4
- >100 kg: 90 mg at week 0 and 4
- o PsA: 45 mg at week 0 and 4
 - <60 kg: 0.75 mg/kg at week 0 and 4</p>
 - ≥60 kg: 45 mg at week 0 and 4
- PsA with coexistent moderate to severe PP and weight >100 kg: 90 mg at week 0 and 4
- CD/UC: A single IV infusion per below:

■ ≤55 kg: 260 mg

>55-85 kg: 390 mg

> 85 kg: 520 mg

Maintenance

o PP:

<60 kg: 0.75 mg/kg every 12 weeks</p>

60-100 kg: 45 mg every 12 weeks

>100 kg: 90 mg every 12 weeks



	 PsA: <60 kg: 0.75 mg/kg every 12 weeks ≥60 kg: 45 mg every 12 weeks PsA with coexistent moderate to severe PP and weight >100 kg: 90 mg every 12 weeks CD/UC: 90 mg every 8 weeks
	 Reauthorization Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/dermatologist/gastroenterologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months initiation, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



VAGINAL PROGESTERONE

Affected Medications: FIRST-PROGESTERONE VGS 100 MG, FIRST-PROGESTERONE VGS 200 MG

Cavarad Hass	Post of the first
Covered Uses:	Prevention of preterm birth in pregnancy
Required Medical	Pregnancy with maternal risk factor(s) for preterm birth (such as race, low maternal
Information:	weight, smoking, substance use, or short interpregnancy interval)
	Current week of gestation and estimated delivery date
Appropriate	May continue until completion of 36 weeks gestation
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of infertility
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gynecologist or obstetrician
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Up to 6 months, unless otherwise specified



VALOCTOCOGENE ROXAPARVOVEC-RVOX

Affected Medications: ROCTAVIAN (Medical Benefit only)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	Hemophilia A (Factor VIII deficiency)
Required Medical	Documentation of diagnosis of Hemophilia A
Information:	 Documentation of current testing with negative results for active factor VIII inhibitors on 2 consecutive occasions (at least one week apart within the past 12 months) and is not receiving a bypassing agent (e.g., Feiba) Documentation of baseline circulating level of factor with Factor VIII activity level equal to or less than 1 IU/dL or 1% endogenous factor VIII
	 Evidence of any bleeding disorder NOT related to hemophilia A has been ruled out No detectable antibodies to AAV5 as determined by an FDA-approved / CLIA-compliant test
	 Has received stable dosing of prophylactic Factor VIII replacement therapy on a regular basis for at least 1 year
	 Baseline lab values (must be less than 2 times upper limit of normal): ALT AST Total bilirubin
	 Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)
Appropriate	Dosing
Treatment	6×10^{13} vector genomes/kg (which is 3 mL/kg) as a single one-time dose
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	History of or current presence of Factor VIII inhibitors
	Prior gene therapy administration
	Active Hepatitis B or C infection or other active acute or uncontrolled chronic infection
	Cirrhosis
	Female gender at birth
	Allergy to mannitol
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or specialist with experience in
Care Restrictions:	the treatment of hemophilia
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 2 months (one time infusion)



VARIZIG

Affected Medications: VARIZIG (varicella zoster immune globulin (human) IM injection)

	T
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	from benefit design.
	 For postexposure prophylaxis of varicella in high-risk individuals
Required Medical	Documentation of immunocompromised patient, defined as:
Information:	 Newborns of mothers with signs and symptoms of varicella shortly before or after delivery (five days before to two days after delivery) Hospitalized premature infants born at at least 28 weeks of gestation who are exposed during their hospitalization and whose mothers do not have evidence of immunity Hospitalized premature infants less than 28 weeks of gestation or who weigh 1000 grams or less at birth and were exposed to varicella during hospitalization, regardless of mother's immunity status to varicella Immunocompromised children and adults who lack evidence of immunity to varicella Pregnant women who lack evidence of immunity to varicella Lack evidence of immunity to varicella is defined as: those who are
	seronegative for varicella zoster antibodies OR those with unknown history of varicella
Appropriate	If repeat dose is necessary due to re-exposure, use more than 3 weeks after initial
Treatment	administration
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Coagulation disorders
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VEDOLIZUMAB

Affected Medication: ENTYVIO (Vedolizumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Crohn's Disease (CD) 	
	·	
	Ulcerative Colitis (UC)	
Required	All Indications:	
documentation:	Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy	
	Documentation of moderate to severe disease despite current treatment	
Appropriate	Crohn's Disease	
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for minimum of 12 weeks	
Regimen:	trial: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine,	
	balsalazide	
	OR	
	Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease	
	OR	
	 Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following: 	
	Fistulizing disease	
	 Stricture 	
	 Presence of abscess/phlegmon 	
	Deep ulcerations	
	 Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal 	
	involvement	
	AND	
	 Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola) 	
	Ulcerative Colitis	
	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks:	
	corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-	
	mercaptopurine	
	OR	
	 Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater than 	
	or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic	
	toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for	
	ulcerative colitis	
	AND	
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with 12 weeks of Inflictional (arcforded biocirciles and distributes (affective Arcale))	
	Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)	
	 Subcutaneous (SQ) formulation requires documented clinical failure with Entyvio 300 mg IV every 4 weeks 	



	 QL CD: 300 IV mg at weeks 0, 2, and 6, followed by 300 mg IV every 8 weeks UC: 300 IV mg at weeks 0, 2, and 6, followed by 300 mg IV every 8 weeks OR 108 mg SQ every 2 weeks
	 Consideration of every 4-week dosing for all indications: Documented clinical failure to Entyvio at standard dosing for at least 6 months Clinical failure is defined as failure to achieve a clinical response (greater than or equal to 70-point improvement in Crohn's Disease Activity Index (CDAI) score for Crohn's disease) Reauthorization Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Provider Restriction:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist
Approval Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VELMANASE ALFA-TYCV

Affected Medications: LAMZEDE

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 The treatment of non-central nervous system manifestations of alpha-
	mannosidosis
Required Medical	Diagnosis of alpha-mannosidosis (AM) confirmed by enzyme assay demonstrating
Information:	alpha-mannosidase activity less than 10% of normal activity
	Documentation of symptoms consistent with AM such as hearing impairment, difficulty
	walking, skeletal abnormalities, or intellectual disabilities
Appropriate	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success such as improvement in
Treatment	motor function, forced viral capacity (FVC), or reduction in frequency of infections
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Patients with only central nervous system manifestations and no other symptoms
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, specialist familiar with the treatment of
Care Restrictions:	lysosomal storage disorders
Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



VERTEPORFIN INJECTION

Affected Medications: VISUDYNE (verteporfin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of predominantly classic subfoveal choroidal neovascularization (CNV) due to one of the following: Age-related macular degeneration (AMD) Pathologic myopia Presumed ocular histoplasmosis
Required Medical Information:	 Subfoveal choroidal neovascularization (CNV) lesions caused by age-related macular degeneration (AMD) OR Ocular histoplasmosis OR Pathologic myopia
	 Note: Most individuals treated with verteporfin will need to be re-treated every 3 months. All individuals having a re-treatment will need to have a fluorescein angiogram or ocular coherence tomography (OCT) performed prior to each treatment. Re-treatment is necessary if fluorescein angiograms or OCT show any signs of recurrence or persistence of leakage
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Approval requires documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of Avastin and ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli) Dosing: 6 mg/m2 body surface area given intravenously; may repeat at 3-month intervals (if evidence of choroidal neovascular leakage) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documented treatment success and a continued need for treatment with
	the non-preferred product
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VIGABATRIN

Affected Medications: SABRIL (vigabatrin), VIGADRONE (vigabatrin)

	T
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)
	 Infantile spasms
Required Medical	Infantile Spasms
Information:	Used as monotherapy for pediatric patients (1 month to 2 years of age)
	Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)
	Used as adjunctive therapy only
Appropriate	Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)
Treatment	• Documentation the patient has tried at least 2 alternative therapies: carbamazepine,
Regimen & Other	phenytoin, levetiracetam, topiramate, oxcarbazepine, or lamotrigine
Criteria:	
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a reduction in
	seizure severity, frequency, and/or duration
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as a first line agent for Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)
Age Restriction:	Infantile Spasms: 1 month to 2 years of age
Age Restriction.	Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness): greater
	than 2 years of age
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Restrictions:	Frescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Infantile Spasms
	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months (or up to 2 years of age), unless otherwise specified
	- Readmonization. 12 months (of up to 2 years of age), amess otherwise specified
	Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)
	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	1 - Applican 12 months, unless other wise specified



VIJOICE

Affected Medications: VIJOICE (alpelisib)

Covered Uses:	• All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	 Treatment of severe manifestations of PIK3CA-related overgrowth spectrum 		
	(PROS) in patients who require systemic therapy		
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of PROS, to include any of the following:		
Information:	 CLAPOS syndrome 		
	 CLOVES syndrome 		
	 Diffuse capillary malformation with overgrowth (DCMO) 		
	 Dysplastic megalencephaly (DMEG) 		
	 Facial infiltrating lipomatosis (FIL) 		
	o Fibroadipose hyperplasia (FAH)/fibroadipose overgrowth (FAO)/ hemihyperplasia		
	multiple lipomatosis (HHML) syndrome		
	 Fibroadipose vascular anomaly (FAVA) 		
	 Hemimegalencephaly (HMEG) 		
	 Klippel-Trenaunay syndrome (KTS) 		
	 Lipomatosis of nerve (LON) 		
	 Megalencephaly-capillary malformation (MCAP) syndrome 		
	Muscular hemihyperplasia (HH)		
	Documentation of PIK3CA gene mutation		
	Documentation of clinical manifestations that were assessed by the treating provider as		
	severe or life-threatening and necessitating systemic treatment		
	Documentation that clinical manifestations are a direct result of a lesion that is both of		
	the following:		
	 Inoperable, as defined by the treating provider 		
	 Causing functional impairment Documentation of one or more target lesion(s) identified on imaging within 6 months 		
	prior to request, including location(s) and volume of lesion(s)		
Appropriate			
Treatment	Treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with sirolimus for at least 6 months at a description of at least 2 months in action to with hymophetic years are combined.		
Regimen & Other	dose of at least 2 mg daily in patients with lymphatic, venous, or combined manifestations of disease		
Criteria:	mannestations of disease		
	Reauthorization will require documentation of both of the following:		
	 Radiological response, defined as greater than or equal to a 20% reduction from 		
	baseline in the sum of measurable target lesion volume, confirmed by at least		
	one subsequent imaging assessment		
	 Absence of greater than or equal to a 20% increase from baseline in any target 		
	lesion, progression of non-target lesions, or appearance of a new lesion		



Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of PIK3CA-mutated conditions other than PROS
Age Restriction:	Must be 2 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist with experience in the treatment of PROS
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VISTOGARD

Affected Medications: VISTOGARD (uridine triacetate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design o For the emergency treatment of adult and pediatric patients: Following a fluorouracil or capecitabine overdose regardless of the presence of symptoms, OR Who exhibit early-onset, severe, or life-threatening toxicity affecting the cardiac or central nervous system, and/or early-onset, unusually severe adverse reactions (e.g., gastrointestinal toxicity and/or neutropenia) within 96 hours following the end of fluorouracil or capecitabine administration		
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of fluorouracil or capecitabine administration Documentation of overdose OR early-onset, severe adverse reaction, or life-threatening toxicity		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling		
Exclusion Criteria:	Non-emergent treatment of adverse events associated with fluorouracil or capecitabine Use more than 96 hours following the end of fluorouracil or capecitabine administration		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist		
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 7 days, unless otherwise specified		



VMAT2 INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: tetrabenazine, AUSTEDO (deutetrabenazine), AUSTEDO XR (deutetrabenazine), INGREZZA (valbenazine), INGREZZA SPRINKLE (valbenazine)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Davis Administration (FDA) approved and appropriate avaposited indications	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia supported indications and otherwise evaluated by alexa design.	
	not otherwise excluded by plan design	
	 Chorea associated with Huntington's disease 	
B ' ' ' ' ' ' '	Tardive dyskinesia	
Required Medical	Chorea related to Huntington's Disease	
Information:	Diagnosis of Huntington's Disease with Chorea requiring treatment	
	Tardive Dyskinesia	
	Diagnosis of moderate to severe tardive dyskinesia including all of the following:	
	 A history of at least one month of ongoing or previous dopamine receptor- blocking agent exposure 	
	 Presence of dyskinetic or dystonic involuntary movements that developed 	
	either while exposed to a dopamine receptor-blocking agent, or within 4 weeks	
	of discontinuation from an oral agent (8 weeks from a depot formulation)	
	Other causes of abnormal movements have been excluded	
	Baseline evaluation of the condition using one of the following:	
	Abnormal Involuntary Movement Scale (AIMS)	
	 Extrapyramidal Symptom Rating Scale (ESRS) 	
	Extrapyramidal symptom rating scale (ESRS)	
Appropriate	For new start requests for Austedo and Austedo XR:	
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of Ingrezza or Ingrezza Sprinkle	
Regimen & Other	(valbenazine)	
Criteria:	(valuellazille)	
	Tardive Dyskinesia	
	 Persistent dyskinesia despite dose reduction or discontinuation of the offending agent OR 	
	 Documented clinical inability to reduce dose or discontinue the offending agent 	
	bocamented chinical mabinity to reduce dose of discontinue the oriending agent	
	Reauthorization: requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy	
	 Tardive Dyskinesia: must include an improvement in AIMS or ESRS score from baseline 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for Huntington's comorbid with untreated or inadequately treated depression or suicidal ideation	
	Concomitant use with another VMAT2 inhibitor or reserpine	
	Hepatic impairment	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older	



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or psychiatrist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VOCLOSPORIN

Affected Medications: LUPKYNIS CAPSULE 7.9 MG ORAL

1.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2
1.	Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indication? a. For use in combination with a background immunosuppressive therapy regimen for the treatment of adult patients with active lupus nephritis	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met
Luj	ous Nephritis (LN)		
1.	Is there documented International Society of Nephrology/Renal Pathology Society (ISN/RPS) biopsy-proven active class III, IV and/or V disease?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Are there documented current baseline values (within the last 3 months) for all of the following? a. Estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) b. Urine protein to creatinine ratio (uPCR) c. Blood pressure	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is there documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of standard therapy with both mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) AND cyclophosphamide?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met
4.	Is there documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of IV or subcutaneous Benlysta?	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5.	Will Lupkynis be used in combination with MMF and corticosteroids or other background immunosuppressive therapy, other than cyclophosphamide?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met
6.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, immunologist, nephrologist, or kidney specialist?	Yes – Go to #10	No – Criteria not met



7.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	
Re	Renewal Criteria			
•	Is there documentation of treatment success defined as an increase in eGFR, decrease in uPCR, or decrease in flares and corticosteroid use?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
•	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months (lifetime maximum 12 months of therapy)	No – Criteria not met	

Quantity Limitations

- Lupkynis
 - Starting dose: 23.7 mg twice daily (BID)
 - Starting dose must be reduced in the below situations as follows:
 - eGFR 45 mL/min/1.73 m² or less at initiation: 15.8mg BID
 - Mild-to-moderate hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh A or B): 15.8mg BID
 - Concomitant use with moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors: 15.8mg in morning and 7.9mg in afternoon.



VORETIGENE NEPARVOVEC

Affected Medications: LUXTURNA (voretigene neparvovec-rzyl intraocular suspension for subretinal injection)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Inherited Retinal Dystrophies (IRD) caused by mutations in the retinal pigment epithelium-specific protein 65kDa (RPE65) gene.
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of a confirmed biallelic RPE65 mutation-associated retinal dystrophy (e.g. Leber's congenital amaurosis [LCA], Retinitis pigmentosa [RP], Early Onset Severe Retinal Dystrophy [EOSRD], etc.); AND Genetic testing documenting biallelic mutations of the RPE65 gene; AND Visual acuity of at least 20/800 OR have remaining light perception in the eye(s) receiving treatment AND Visual acuity of less than 20/60 OR a visual field of less than 20 degrees AND Presence of neural retina and a retinal thickness greater than 100 microns within the posterior pole as assessed by optical coherence tomography with AND have sufficient viable retinal cells as assessed by the treating physician
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Patient has been previously enrolled in clinical trials of gene therapy for retinal dystrophy RPE65 mutations or has previously been treated with gene therapy for retinal dystrophy in the eye(s) receiving treatment Patient has other pre-existing eye conditions or complicating systemic diseases that would eventually lead to irreversible vision loss and prevent the patient from receiving full benefit from treatment (e.g. severe diabetic retinopathy)
Age Restriction:	12 months of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Ophthalmologist or retinal surgeon with experience providing sub-retinal injections
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 1 month - 1 injection per eye, per lifetime



POLICY NAME: VORICONAZOLE

Affected Medications: Voriconazole tablet, Voriconazole Intravenous (IV)

Age Restriction:	2 years of age or older		
Exclusion Criteria:			
Criteria:			
Regimen & Other			
Appropriate Treatment			
	fluconazole, IV amphotericin B, itraconazole)		
	 Esophageal candidiasis Documented treatment failure with one other systemic agent (such as 		
	Documentation of an Oregon Health Authority (OHA) funded condition		
	susceptibility cultures are available		
	 Exceptions made for empiric therapy as long as treatment is adjusted when 		
Information:	 Susceptibility cultures matching voriconazole activity 		
Required Medical	All indications:		
	Carronic paintenary asperginesis—cavitary of necrotizing		
	 Infection caused by Talaromyces marneffer in patients with HIV Chronic pulmonary aspergillosis – cavitary or necrotizing 		
	 Candida endophthalmitis Infection caused by Talaromyces marneffei in patients with HIV 		
	Blastomycosis Candida and antital mitis		
	voriconazole for a systemic infection		
	 Continuation of therapy for patients started/stabilized on IV or oral 		
	broad-spectrum antibiotic therapy		
	 Empiric therapy in high-risk patients with febrile neutropenia despite receiving 		
	Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable)		
	species		
	 Serious mycosis infections due to Scedosporium apiospermum and Fusarium 		
	Invasive candidiasis		
	Esophageal candidiasis		
	wall and wounds		
	 Candidemia in non-neutropenic patients with the following Candida infections: disseminated skin infections and infections in the abdomen, kidney, bladder 		
	Invasive aspergillosis		
	from benefit design		
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded		



Prescriber Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	•	Authorization: 12 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VOSORITIDE

Affected Medications: VOXZOGO (vosoritide)

	11 5: VOXZOGO (VOSONIIde)	
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To increase linear growth in pediatric patients with achondroplasia with open epiphyses 	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of achondroplasia confirmed by molecular genetic testing showing a mutation in the fibroblast growth factor receptor type 3 (FGFR3) gene Baseline height, growth velocity, and patient weight 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of all the following: Evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they are open Growth velocity greater than or equal to 1.5 cm/yr 	
	 Reauthorization: Evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open Growth velocity greater than or equal to 1.5 cm/yr 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Hypochondroplasia Other short stature condition other than achondroplasia Evidence of growth plate closure 	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric orthopedist, endocrinologist, or a provider with experience in treating skeletal dysplasias	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 12 months Reauthorization: 12 months 	



POLICY NAME: VOXELOTOR

Affected Medications: Oxbryta (voxelotor)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Oxbryta is indicated for the treatment of sickle cell disease (SCD) in adults and pediatric patients 4 years of age and older. 	
Required Medical Information:	 Two or more sickle cell-related crises in the past 12 months (defined as acute painful crisis or acute chest syndrome for which there are no explanation other than vaso-occlusive crisis). Therapeutic failure of 6 month trial on maximum tolerated dose of hydroxyurea or intolerable adverse event to hydroxyurea. Baseline hemoglobin (Hb) greater than or equal to 5.5 or less than or equal to 10.5 g/dL Current weight 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Tablets for oral suspension, must be unable to swallow tablets Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined by an increase in hemoglobin of more than 1 gm/dL from baseline or a decrease in the number of sickle cell-related crises.	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Receiving regular red-cell transfusion therapy or have received a transfusion in the past 60 days Have been hospitalized for vaso-occlusive crisis within 14 days of request Combined use with anti-P selectin monoclonal antibody (crizanlizumab) 	
Age Restriction:	Patients aged 4 years and older	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist	
Coverage Duration:	 Intial approval: 6 months Reauthorization: 12 months 	



POLICY NAME: WEGOVY

Affected Medications: WEGOVY (semaglutide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Used in combination with a reduced calorie diet and increased physical activity
	to reduce the risk of major adverse cardiovascular events (cardiovascular death,
	non-fatal myocardial infarction, or non-fatal stroke) in adults with established
	cardiovascular disease and either obesity or overweight
Required Medical	Documented history of prior cardiovascular event defined as one of the following:
Information:	 Myocardial infarction
	 Stroke (ischemic or hemorrhagic stroke)
	 Symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) such as intermittent claudication
	with ankle-brachial index (ABI) less than 0.85 at rest, or history of peripheral
	arterial revascularization procedure
	BMI of 27 kg/m² or greater
	Used in combination with caloric restriction (diet), increased physical activity, and behavioral modification
Appropriate	Currently established on standard of care treatment of CVD at therapeutic doses (one
Treatment	from each category):
Regimen & Other	 Lipid-lowering therapy: statins, ezetimibe, Repatha, Praluent
Criteria:	 Antiplatelet/anticoagulant therapy: aspirin, clopidogrel, Brilinta, Xarelto
Exclusion Criteria:	A personal or family history of medullary thyroid carcinoma (MTC) or in patients with
	Multiple Endocrine Neoplasia syndrome type 2 (MEN 2)
	BMI of less than 27
	NYHA Class IV heart failure
	History of type 1 or type 2 diabetes
Age Restriction:	45 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months



XEOMIN, DYSPORT, MYOBLOC, and DAXXIFY

 $\textbf{Affected Medications:} \ \textbf{XEOMIN (incobotulinumtoxinA), DYSPORT (AbobotulinumtoxinA), MYOBLOC$

(RimabotulinumtoxinB), DAXXIFY (daxibotulinumtoxinA-lanm)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia-supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Dysport Focal dystonia (cervical dystonia, blepharospasm, laryngeal spasm, oromandibular dystonia, severe writer's cramp) Upper/lower limb spasticity Xeomin Cervical dystonia Blepharospasm Upper limb spasticity Myobloc, Daxxify Cervical dystonia Cervical dystonia Myobloc, Daxxify Cervical dystonia
Required Medical	Pertinent medical records and diagnostic testing
Information:	Complete description of the site(s) of injection
	Strength and dosage of botulinum toxin used
Appropriate Treatment	<u>Dysport</u>
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Approved first-line for focal dystonia, drug-induced orofacial dyskinesia, upper or
Criteria:	lower limb spasticity
	 Xeomin Cervical dystonia and upper limb spasticity: Documentation of treatment failure
	with Botox and Dysport
	Blepharospasm: Documentation of treatment failure with Botox
	<u>Myobloc</u>
	Cervical dystonia: Documentation of treatment failure with Botox and Dysport
	Daxxify
	Cervical dystonia: Documentation of treatment failure with Botox, Dysport, and
	Xeomin
	Quantity limitations
	Maximum of 4 treatments per 12 months
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically
	significant response to therapy



Exclusion Criteria:	•	Headaches/migraines Hemifacial spasm, sialorrhea, cosmetic procedures: not above the line on the prioritized list
Age Restriction:	•	Myobloc, Daxxify: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	•	Blepharospasm: Prescribed by, or in consult with, a neurologist, ophthalmologist, or optometrist Other indications: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	•	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



XGEVA

Affected Medications: XGEVA (denosumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Giant cell tumor Bone metastases from solid tumors Hypercalcemia of malignancy Multiple myeloma National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Giant cell tumor Unresectable disease or surgical resection would likely result in severe morbidity Bone metastases from solid tumors Hypercalcemia of malignancy Refractory to bisphosphonate therapy or contraindication Multiple myeloma Requires failure of zoledronic acid or pamidronate OR creatinine clearance less than 30mL/min
Appropriate Treatment Regimen:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	 Giant cell tumor: Adults and adolescents at least 12 years of age and skeletally mature weighing at least 45 kg All other indications: 18 years of age or older
Provider Restriction:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months



XIAFLEX

Affected Medications: XIAFLEX (collagenase clostridium histolyticum)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Dupuytren's contracture with a palpable cord
Required Medical Information:	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen:	Dupuytren's Authorization will be limited per joint as follows: One injection per month for a maximum of three injections per cord Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Provider Restriction:	
Coverage Duration:	Dupuytren's: 12 weeks, unless otherwise specified (separate approval is required for each hand)



POLICY NAME: XIFAXAN

Affected Medications: XIFAXAN (rifaximin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prevention of hepatic encephalopathy (HE) Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable) Treatment of HE
Required Medical	Documentation of complete & current treatment course required.
Information:	Previous antibiotic history and documented allergies/hypersensitivity
Appropriate	HE:
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with at least 1 month of lactulose therapy defined as
Regimen & Other	continued altered mental status or elevated ammonium levels despite adequate
Criteria:	upward titration
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	HE:
	Xifaxan exceeding the recommended dose of two 550 mg tablets daily or 400 mg 3
	times daily for the treatment or prevention of hepatic encephalopathy
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	HE:
	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



XURIDEN

Affected Medications: XURIDEN (uridine triacetate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hereditary orotic aciduria
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of hereditary orotic aciduria confirmed by ONE of the following: Molecular genetic testing confirming biallelic pathogenic mutation in the UMPS gene Urinary orotic acid level above the normal reference range Clinical manifestations consistent with disease such as:
Appropriate Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success based on ONE of the
Criteria:	following:
	 Improvement of hematologic abnormalities such as megaloblastic anemia and leukopenia Reduction of urinary orotic acid levels
Exclusion Criteria:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist or geneticist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



YONSA

Affected Medications: YONSA (abiraterone)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with the preferred product abiraterone acetate Reauthorization will require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Child-Pugh Class C Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Subsequent approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ZILUCOPLAN

Affected Medications: ZILBRYSQ (zilucoplan)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-
	acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive
Required Medical	Diagnosis of generalized Myasthenia Gravis (gMG) confirmed by one of the following:
Information:	 A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test
	 A positive edrophonium chloride test
	 Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor
	 Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV
	 Positive serologic test for AChR antibodies
	 MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater OR
	 Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater
Appropriate	Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor,
Treatment	corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be
Regimen & Other	continued during initial treatment with Zilbrysq.
Criteria:	
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least two
	immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate)
	 Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma
	exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one
	immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months
	Reauthorization requires:
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
	defined as:
	 A minimum 2-point reduction in MG-ADL score from baseline AND
	 Absent or reduced need for rescue therapy compared to baseline
	That the patient requires continuous treatment, after an initial beneficial response, due
	to new or worsening disease activity
Exclusion Criteria:	Current or recent systemic infection within 2 weeks
	 Concurrent use with other biologics (rituximab, eculizumab, IVIG, etc)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ZYNTEGLO

Affected Medications: ZYNTEGLO (betibeglogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) aggregated indications not athematics and all
Covered Oses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of beta thalassemia in adult and pediatric patients who require
	regular red blood cell (RBC) transfusions
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of transfusion dependent beta thalassemia (TDT), defined as:
Information:	 Requiring at least 100 mL/kg per year of packed red blood cells (pRBCs) or at
	least 8 transfusions per year of pRBCs in the 2 years preceding therapy
	 Confirmed genetic testing based on the presence of biallelic mutations at the
	beta-globin gene (<i>HBB</i> gene)
	Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT)
	 Used as single agent therapy (not applicable to lymphodepleting or bridging therapy
	while awaiting manufacture)
	Females of reproductive potential must have negative pregnancy test prior to start of
	mobilization, reconfirmed prior to conditioning procedures, and again before
	administration of Zynteglo
Appropriate	Patients must weigh a minimum of 6 kilograms and able to provide a minimum
Treatment	number of cells (5x10 ⁶ CD34+ cells/kilogram)
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior HSCT or other gene therapy
	Severe iron overload warranting exclusion from therapy, as determined by the treating
	physician
	Uncorrected bleeding disorder
	Cardiac T2* less than 10 milliseconds by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)
	White blood cell count less than 3x10 ⁹ /L and/or platelet count less than 100x10 ⁹ /L that
	is unrelated to hypersplenism
	Positive for human immunodeficiency virus 1 & 2 (HIV-1/HIV-2), hepatitis B virus, or
	hepatitis C virus, advanced liver disease, or current or prior malignancy
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Age Restriction:	Ages 4 years and older
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Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months (one-time infusion), unless otherwise specified