

2025 Prior Authorization Criteria

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2025 Medicaid Preapproval Criteria

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POLICY NAME: ABATACEPT

Affected Medications: ORENCIA CLICKJET AUTO-INJECTOR, ORENCIA PREFILLED SYRINGE, ORENCIA INTRAVENOUS (IV) SOLUTION

	SOLUTION	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan	
	design	
	Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)	
	Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)	
	Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)	
	Acute Graft Versus Host Disease (GVHD) Prophylaxis	
Required Medical	Rheumatoid Arthritis	
Information:	Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective)	
	scale):	
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 	
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 	
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3 	
	Psoriatic Arthritis	
	Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or greater	
	based on chart notes:	
	 Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point, 	
	OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point	
	 Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point 	
	 Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point 	
	 Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point 	
	 Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point 	
	Psoriatic Arthritis in pediatrics 2 years and older	
	Diagnosis of PsA confirmed by presence of:	
	 Arthritis and psoriasis OR 	
	 Arthritis and at least 2 of the following: 	
	 Dactylitis 	
	 Nail pitting or onycholysis 	
	 Psoriasis in a first-degree relative 	
	Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis	
	Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD)	
	global score) or active joint count	
	Acute GVHD Prophylaxis	
	Documentation of a planned hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) including procedure	
	date, patient weight, and planned dose	
Appropriate	Rheumatoid Arthritis	
Treatment	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate	
Regimen & Other	If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease	
Criteria:	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)	
	One of the following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola, Renflexis), Actemra IV AND	



- Two of the following: Olumiant, Kevzara, Simponi Aria, Actemra SQ, Kineret, rituximab (preferred biosimilar products Truxima, Riabni, and Ruxience), Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation

Psoriatic Arthritis in pediatrics 2 years and older

- Documented treatment failure with a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (ibuprofen, naproxen, celecoxib, meloxicam, etc.) with a minimum trial of 1 month
- Documented treatment failure with at least one of the following disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs) with a minimum trial of 12 weeks: methotrexate, sulfasalazine, leflunomide

Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide
- · Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of two of the following therapies:
 - Actemra IV, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), and Simponi Aria
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation

Acute GVHD Prophylaxis

 Documentation that the drug will be used in combination with a calcineurin inhibitor (tacrolimus, cyclosporine) AND methotrexate

QL

Intravenous:

 RA/PsA: initial IV infusion at weeks 0, 2, and 4, followed by every 4 weeks thereafter per below:

<60 kg: 500 mg60-100 kg: 750 mg>100 kg: 1000 mg

JIA: initial IV infusion at weeks 0, 2, and 4, followed by every 4 weeks thereafter per below:

<75 kg: 10 mg/kg75-100 kg: 750 mg

- o >100 kg: 1000 mg (max dose)
- Acute GVHD Prophylaxis:



	 2 to <6 years: 15 mg/kg on day -1 (day before transplantation) followed by 12 mg/kg on days 5, 14, and 28 post-transplant 6 years and older: 10 mg/kg on day -1 (day before transplantation) followed by 10 mg/kg on days 5, 14, and 28 post-transplant (maximum: 1,000 mg/dose) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Subcutaneous: RA: with or without IV loading dose, followed by 125 mg once weekly PsA: (no IV loading dose) 125 mg once weekly JIA and PsA (pediatrics): (no IV loading dose) 10-25 kg: 50 mg once weekly, 25-50 kg: 87.5 mg once weekly, 50 kg or more: 125 mg once weekly Reauthorization: requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit For Acute GVHD Prophylaxis: prior allogeneic HSCT, HIV infection or any uncontrolled active infection (viral, bacterial, fungal, or protozoal)
Age Restriction:	miconom (man, sacroman, rangan, or prote-tour)
Prescriber Restrictions:	 RA, JIA, PsA: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist or dermatologist as appropriate for diagnosis Acute GVHD Prophylaxis: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 RA, JIA, PsA: Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified Acute GVHD Prophylaxis:
	 Authorization: 1 month (4 days of treatment maximum) with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ACNE AGENTS

Affected Medications: Adapalene gel 0.1%, adapalene gel 0.3%, adapalene-benzoyl peroxide gel 0.1-2.5%, benzoyl peroxide-erythromycin gel 5-3%, clindamycin phosphate gel 1%, clindamycin phosphate lotion 1%, clindamycin phosphate swab 1%, dapsone gel 5%, dapsone gel 7.5%, erythromycin solution 2%, tretinoin cream 0.025%, tretinoin cream 0.05%, tretinoin gel 0.01%, tretinoin gel 0.025%, tretinoin gel 0.05%

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Acne vulgaris Severe acne Compendia-supported uses Hidradenitis suppurativa (HS) (clindamycin only)
Required Medical	Severe Acne
Information:	For age 21 years and older: Documentation of severe acne confirmed by ONE of the following: Persistent or recurrent inflammatory nodules and cysts AND ongoing scarring Diagnosis of acne conglobata involving recurrent abscesses or communicating sinuses Diagnosis of acne fulminans
	 Hidradenitis Suppurativa For age 21 years and older: Documentation of baseline count of abscesses and inflammatory nodules
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Acne: Step 2 agents: Approval requires documented trial and failure with ONE Step 1 agent
C inona.	Step 1 Agents
	 Clindamycin phosphate 1% (solution, gel, lotion, swab) Erythromycin 2% (solution, gel) Sulfacetamide lotion 10% Oral antibiotics for treatment of acne (e.g., doxycycline, minocycline)
	Step 2 Agents
	 Adapalene gel (0.1%, 0.3%) Adapalene-benzoyl peroxide gel 0.1-2.5% Benzoyl peroxide-erythromycin gel 5-3% Dapsone gel (5%, 7.5%) Tretinoin cream (0.025%, 0.05%, 0.1%) Tretinoin gel (0.01%, 0.025%, 0.05%)



	Hidradenitis Suppurativa Topical clindamycin (clindamycin phosphate solution 1%, clindamycin phosphate gel 1%, clindamycin phosphate lotion 1%, clindamycin phosphate swab 1%) Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	HS: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 5 years, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ACTIMMUNE

Affected Medications: ACTIMMUNE (Interferon Gamma - b)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Chronic Granulomatous Disease (CGD) Severe, malignant osteopetrosis (SMO) NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical	 Patient's body surface area (BSA) must be documented along with the prescribed
Information:	dose.
	 Pediatrics with BSA less than 0.5 m²: weight must be documented along with prescribed dose.
	 Chronic granulomatous disease Diagnosis established by a molecular genetic test identifying a gene-related mutation associated with CGD
	Severe, malignant osteopetrosis ■ Diagnosis of severe infantile osteopetrosis established by ONE of the following: □ Radiographic imaging consistent with osteopetrosis OR □ Molecular genetic test identifying a gene-related mutation associated with SMO
Announieta Tuestusent	Oncology indications Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Other in One of the Prior of t
Appropriate Treatment	Chronic Granulomatous Disease
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Patient is on a prophylactic regimen with an antibacterial and antifungal
	All indications
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	CGD: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist
	SMO: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist



	Oncology indications: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	CGD and SMO Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Oncology indications: Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ADALIMUMAB

Affected Medications: Adalimumab-fkip (unbranded Hulio), Hadlima (HC, LC), Adalimumab-adaz (unbranded Hyrimoz)

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 - Plaque Psoriasis (PP)
 - Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
 - Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)
 - Ankylosing Spondylitis (SpA)
 - Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis (nr-axSpA)
 - Crohn's Disease (CD)
 - Uveitis
 - o Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)
 - Ulcerative Colitis (UC)
 - Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)

Required Medical Information:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale)
 - o The Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
 - The Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
 - Weighted RAPID3 of at least 2.3

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment as defined by one of the following:
 - Dermatology Life Quality Index (DQLI) 11 or greater
 - Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
 - Severe disease on other validated tools
 - Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction

AND

- Documentation of one or more of the following:
 - At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment

OR

Hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documentation of CASPAR criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes:
 - Skin psoriasis: present two points, OR previously present by history one point, OR
 a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected one point
 - Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
 - o Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
 - o Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
 - o Juxtaarticular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point



Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS), Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (nr-axSpA)

- Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by Sacroillitis on imaging AND at least 1 Spondyloarthritis (SpA) feature:
 - Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
 - Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
 - Insidious onset
 - Improvement with exercise
 - No improvement with rest
 - Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
 - o Arthritis
 - o Enthesitis
 - Uveitis
 - Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
 - o Psoriasis
 - Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
 - Good response to NSAIDs
 - Family history of SpA
 - Elevated CRP

OR

- HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
- Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale

Ulcerative Colitis

Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy

Crohn's disease

Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment

Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)

 Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD global score) or active joint count

Uveitis

• Documented diagnosis of noninfectious intermediate, posterior, or panuveitis uveitis

Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)

- Diagnosis of moderate to severe HS as defined by Hurley stage II or stage III disease
- Documentation of baseline count of abscesses and inflammatory nodules

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - o If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - One of following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola, Renflexis), Actemra IV
- Maintenance: 40 mg every other week



- **Dose escalation:** 40 mg every week **OR** 80 mg every other week
 - Approval will require documentation of lost or inadequate response after a minimum of
 weeks with standard maintenance dosing

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies: Methotrexate, Cyclosporine, Acitretin, Phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
- Initial: 80 mg as a single dose, followed by 40 mg every other week beginning 1 week after initial dose (160 mg total in first 28 days)
- Maintenance: 40 mg every other week
- Dose escalation: 40 mg every week OR 80 mg every other week
 - Approval will require documentation of lost or inadequate response after a minimum of 16 weeks with standard maintenance dosing

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
- Maintenance: 40 mg every other week

Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS), Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (nr-axSpA)

- Documentation of **ONE** of the following:
 - Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each
 - For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
- Maintenance: 40 mg every other week

Crohn's Disease (CD)

- Documentation of ONE of the following:
 - Documented treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for minimum of 12 weeks trial: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide

OR

- Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease
- Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following:
 - Fistulizing disease
 - Stricture
 - Presence of abscess/phlegmon



- Deep ulcerations
- Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal involvement
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
- Initial: 160 mg on day 1, followed by 80 mg on day 15, then maintenance dosing beginning day
- Maintenance: 40 mg every other week
- Dose escalation: 40 mg every week OR 80 mg every other week
 - Approval will require documentation of lost or inadequate response after a minimum of 16 weeks with standard maintenance dosing (e.g., CDAI 220 or greater, CRP 10 mg/mL or greater, serum adalimumab concentrations less than 5 mcg/mL)

Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide
- Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids
- Maintenance: 40 mg every other week

Uveitis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of TWO of the following: an immunosuppressive agent such as: methotrexate, azathioprine, mycophenolate or a calcineurin inhibitor such as cyclosporine, tacrolimus
- Documented failure with (or documented intolerable adverse event) with 12 weeks of infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, and Avsola)
- **Initial:** 80 mg as a single dose, followed by 40 mg every other week beginning 1 week after initial dose (160 mg total in first 28 days)
- Maintenance: 40 mg every other week

Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks trial of oral antibiotics for treatment of HS
 - o Doxycycline, Tetracycline, Minocycline, or clindamycin plus rifampin
- Documented failure with 8 weeks on a systemic retinoid (e.g., isotretinoin or acitretin)
- Documented failure with (or documented intolerable adverse event) with 12 weeks of infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra and Avsola)
- Initial: 160 mg on day 1, followed by 80 mg on day 15, then maintenance dosing beginning day
- Maintenance: 40 mg every week OR 80 mg every other week

Ulcerative Colitis (UC)

- Documentation of ONE of the following:
 - Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine
 - Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for ulcerative colitis



	 Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola) Initial: 160 mg on day 1, followed by 80 mg on day 15, then maintenance dosing beginning day 29 	
	Maintenance: 40 mg every other week	
	Dose escalation: 40 mg every week OR 80 mg every other week	
	 Approval will require documentation of lost or inadequate response after a minimum of 16 weeks with standard maintenance dosing (eg, baseline low albumin, CRP 10 mg/mL or greater, serum adalimumab concentrations less than 5 mcg/mL) 	
	Reauthorization Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use with any other biologic therapy or Otezla is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit Anterior Uveitis 	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/ dermatologist/ophthalmologist/gastroenterologist as appropriate for diagnosis	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME:

ADENOSINE DEAMINASE (ADA) REPLACEMENT Affected Medications: REVCOVI (elapegademase-lvlr)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adenosine deaminase severe combined immune deficiency (ADA-SCID) in pediatric and adult patients	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of ADA-SCID confirmed by genetic testing showing biallelic pathogenic variants in the ADA gene Laboratory findings show at least ONE of the following: Absent ADA levels in lysed erythrocytes A marked increase in deoxyadenosine triphosphate (dATP) levels in erythrocyte lysates A significant decrease in ATP concentration in red blood cells Absent or extremely low levels of N adenosylhomocysteine hydrolase in red blood cells Increase in 2'-deoxyadenosine in urine and plasma 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation showing that neither gene therapy nor a matched sibling or family donor for HCT (hematopoietic cell transplantation) is available, or that gene therapy or HCT was unsuccessful Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as disease stability and/or improvement as indicated by one or more of the following: Increase in plasma ADA activity Decrease in red blood cell dATP/dAXP level Improvement in immune function with diminished frequency/complications of infections 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Other forms of autosomal recessive SCIDs All uses not listed under covered uses are considered experimental 	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist or specialist experienced in the treatment of severe combined immune deficiency (SCID)	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: ADZYNMA

Affected Medications: ADZYNMA (apadamtase alfa)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
plan design
Congenital thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (cTTP)
Diagnosis of severe cTTP confirmed by BOTH of the following:
 Molecular genetic testing confirming presence of homozygous or compound
heterozygous variants in the ADAMTS13 gene
 ADAMTS13 activity testing showing less than 10% of normal activity
• For on-demand treatment: Documentation of current or past acute event with the
following:
 Reduction in platelet count by 50% or greater OR platelet count less than 100,000/microliter
 Elevation in lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) level to more than 2x baseline or the upper limit of normal (ULN)
• For prophylactic use:
Must have history of at least one documented thrombotic thrombocytopenic
purpura (TTP) event (past acute event or subacute event such as
thrombocytopenia event or a microangiopathic hemolytic anemia event)
Dosing:
 Prophylactic: 40 IU/kg once every other week
 May be dosed weekly with documentation of appropriate prior dosing
regimen or clinical response
 On-demand therapy: 40 IU/kg on day 1, 20 IU/kg on day 2, and 15 IU/kg on day
3 and beyond until 2 days after the acute event is resolved
Reauthorization:
• For prophylactic use: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in
the number or severity of TTP events, platelet counts, or clinical symptoms
For on-demand use: documentation of treatment success, defined as an increase in
platelet counts to at least 150,000/microliter, or counts returned to within 25% of baseline
Diagnosis of other TTP-like disorder, such as acquired or immune-mediated TTP
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, oncologist, intensive care
specialist, or specialist in rare genetic hematologic diseases
Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **AFAMELANOTIDE**

Affected Medications: SCENESSE (afamelanotide injection)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of patients with erythropoietic protoporphyria (EPP) with phototoxic
	reactions (including X-linked protoporphyria [XLP])
Required Medical	Erythropoietic Protoporphyria (EPP)
Information:	 Documented diagnosis of EPP confirmed by biallelic loss-of-function mutation in the ferrochelatase (FECH) gene
	Documented increase in total erythrocyte protoporphyrin, with at least 85% metal-free protoporphyrin
	Documented symptoms of phototoxic reactions, resulting in dysfunction and significant impact on activities of daily living
Appropriate	Reauthorization:
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g., decreased severity and number of phototoxic reactions, increased duration of sun exposure, increased quality of life, etc.) AND
	Continued implementation of sun and light protection measures during treatment to prevent phototoxic reactions
Exclusion Criteria:	Cosmetic indications
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed and managed by a specialist at a recognized Porphyria Center
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: AFINITOR

Affected Medications: AFINITOR DISPERZ (everolimus), everolimus soluble tablet

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Oncology Indications Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed treatment regimen
	 Tuberous Sclerosis Complex (TSC) Indications Documentation of treatment resistant epilepsy, defined as lack of seizure control with 2 different antiepileptic regimens and meeting following criteria: Documentation of treatment failure with Epidiolex (cannabadiol solution) adjunct therapy Documentation that Afinitor Disperz (only form approved for TSC-seizures) is being used as adjunct therapy for seizures OR Documentation of symptomatic subependymal giant cell tumors (SGCTs) or Tuberous sclerosis complex—associated subependymal giant cell astrocytoma (SEGA) in a patient who is not a good candidate for surgical resection
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Oncology Indications Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Oncology Indication: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist TSC Indication: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or specialist in the treatment of TSC
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months (2-week initial partial fill), unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ALEMTUZUMAB

Affected Medications: LEMTRADA (alemtuzumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
30 10104 3000 .	plan design
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required Medical	<u>RRMS</u>
Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) (per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS) Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS
	 Active SPMS Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
	 Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions) Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	 Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance to) ONE of the following: Rituximab (preferred biosimilar products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience) Ocrelizumab (Ocrevus), if previously established on treatment (excluding via
Criteria:	samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs) No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS
	Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
	Eligible for renewal 12 months after administration of last dose
Exclusion Criteria:	 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection Active infection
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 5 doses for 5 days, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 3 doses for 3 days, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

ALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA

Affected Medications: LUMIZYME (alglucosidase alfa)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Pompe Disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of Pompe disease confirmed by an enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of acid α-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme activity or by DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA gene. Patient weight and planned treatment regimen.
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 One or more clinical signs or symptoms of Pompe disease, including but not limited to: Readily observed evidence of glycogen storage (macroglossia, hepatomegaly, normal or increased muscle bulk) Involvement of respiratory muscles manifesting as respiratory distress (e.g., tachypnea) Profound diffuse hypotonia Proximal muscle weakness Reduced forced vital capacity (FVC) in upright or supine position Appropriate medical support is readily available when medication is administered in the event of anaphylaxis, severe allergic reaction, or acute cardiorespiratory failure. Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of other enzyme replacement therapies such as Nexviazyme or Pombiliti and Opfolda
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist, endocrinologist, biochemical geneticist, or physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease.
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



POLICY NAME:

ALPHA-1 PROTEINASE INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: ARALAST NP, GLASSIA, PROLASTIN-C, ZEMAIRA

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Chronic augmentation and maintenance therapy in adults with clinically evident emphysema due to severe congenital alpha-1 antitrypsin (AAT) deficiency
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of severe congenital AAT deficiency, confirmed by BOTH the following (a and b): a. Baseline AAT serum concentration of less than or equal to 11 micromol/L (equivalent to 57 mg/dL or less via nephelometry, 80 mg/dL or less via radial immunodiffusion) b. One of the following high-risk phenotypic variants: PiZZ, PiSZ, Pi(null)(null), or other rare allelic mutation Documentation of clinically evident emphysema or chronic pulmonary obstructive disease (COPD), confirmed by ONE of the following (a or b): a. Evidence of severe airflow obstruction, defined as forced expiratory volume in one second (FEV1) of 30-65% predicted b. Evidence of mild-moderate airflow obstruction, defined as an FEV1 between 66-
	80% of predicted, but has demonstrated a rapid decline by at least 100 mL/year
Appropriate	Documentation of non-smoker status
Treatment	 Has not smoked for a minimum of 6 consecutive months leading up to therapy
Regimen & Other	initiation and will continue to abstain from smoking during therapy
Criteria:	Glassia: Documentation of intolerable adverse event to Aralast NP, Prolastin-C, or Zemaira
	Dosing: 60 mg/kg intravenously once weekly
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in the management of lung disease in which severe AAT deficiency has not been established
	Patients with IgA deficiency or with the presence of IgA antibodiesPrior liver transplant
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: AMIFAMPRIDINE

Affected Medications: FIRDAPSE (amifampridine phosphate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Lambert-Eaton myasthenic syndrome (LEMS)
Required Medical Information:	Documented diagnosis of LEMS confirmed by ONE of the following: Positive anti-P/Q-type voltage-gated calcium channel (VGCC) antibody test Repetitive nerve stimulation (RNS) abnormalities, such as an increase in compound muscle action potential (CMAP) amplitude at least 60 percent after maximum voluntary contraction (i.e., post-exercise stimulation) or at high frequency (50 Hz) Documentation of clinical signs and symptoms consistent with LEMS, as follows: proximal muscle weakness (without atrophy), with or without autonomic features and areflexia
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of inadequate clinical response or intolerance to ONE of the following (except in active small cell lung carcinoma [SCLC]-LEMS):
Exclusion Criteria:	 Seizure disorder Active brain metastases Clinically significant long QTc interval on ECG in previous year OR history of additional risk factors for torsade de pointes
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	 6 years of age or older Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ANAKINRA

Affected Medications: KINERET PREFILLED SYRINGE

Neonatal-onset multisystem inflammatory disease (NOMID), also k chronic infantile neurological cutaneous and articular (CINCA) syndo Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA) Compendia-supported uses that will be covered Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA) Still's Disease (SD)	
Required Medical Rheumatoid Arthritis	
Information: • Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equiv	valent objective
scale):	- 0 O
Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater that Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDA) greater than 10.	ın 3.2
 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) or 	f at least 2.3
Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (INAPIDS) 0	1 at 16ast 2.5
Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis	
Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assets.	essment (MD
global score) or active joint count	
Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist	
Documentation of genetically confirmed DIRA Rheumatoid Arthritis	
Treatment • Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate	
Regimen & Other o If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another	er disease
Criteria: modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, le	
 Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) w 	ith at least 12
weeks of each therapy:	
 One of following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, 	Avsola,
Renflexis), Actemra IV	
Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis	
Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate of the state of th	or leflunomide
Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids	S
 Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) w 	ith at least 12
weeks of two of the following therapies:	
 Actemra IV, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, I 	Hadlima,
Adalimumab-adaz), and Simponi Aria	
QL ■ RA/JIA: 100 mg once daily, 18.76 mL per 28 days	
DIRA: maximum dose of 8 mg/kg/day	
Reauthorization_	
Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to the success and clinically si	herapy



Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit Sepsis syndrome or graft versus host disease Use in the management of symptomatic osteoarthritis, lupus arthritis, or type 2 diabetes mellitus
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ANIFROLUMAB

Affected Medications: SAPHNELO (anifrolumab)

Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist or a specialist with experience in the treatment of systemic lupus erythematosus
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with other biologic therapies Use in severe active central nervous system lupus
	 Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success or a clinically significant improvement such as a decrease in flares or corticosteroid use
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 chloroquine with one of the following: Cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, or mycophenolate mofetil AND Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of Benlysta
Required Medical Information: Appropriate	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE) Documentation of SLE with moderate classification (significant but non-organ threatening disease including constitutional, cutaneous, musculoskeletal, or hematologic involvement) Autoantibody-positive SLE, defined as positive for antinuclear antibodies (ANA) and/or anti-double-stranded DNA (anti-dsDNA) antibody Failure with at least 12 weeks of combination therapy including hydroxychloroquine OR



POLICY NAME: ANTIEMETICS

Affected Medications: Akynzeo (fosnetupitant and palonosetron injection), Varubi (rolapitant), Sustol (granisetron extended-release injection)

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
- Varubi (rolapitant)
 - Prevention of delayed nausea and vomiting associated with initial and repeat courses of emetogenic cancer chemotherapy, including, but not limited to, highly emetogenic chemotherapy
- Akynzeo (fosnetupitant and palonosetron)
 - Prevention of acute and delayed nausea and vomiting associated with initial and repeat courses of highly emetogenic cancer chemotherapy
- Sustol (granisetron)
 - Prevention of acute and delayed nausea and vomiting associated with initial and repeat courses of moderately emetogenic chemotherapy (MEC) or anthracycline and cyclophosphamide (AC) combination chemotherapy regimens

Required Medical Information:

Chemotherapy Induced Nausea and Vomiting Prophylaxis

- Documentation of planned chemotherapy regimen
- Varubi
 - Documentation of a highly OR moderately emetogenic chemotherapy regimen
- Akynzeo
 - o Documentation of a highly emetogenic chemotherapy regimen
- Sustol
 - Documentation of a moderately emetogenic chemotherapy regimen OR anthracycline and cyclophosphamide (AC) combination chemotherapy regimen

Highly Emetogenic Chemotherapy			
Any regimen that contains an anthracycline and cyclophosphamide	Cyclophosphamide	Fam-trastuzumab deruxtecan-nxki	Sacituzumab govitecan-hziy
Carboplatin	Dacarbazine	Ifosfamide	Streptozocin
Carmustine	Doxorubicin	Mechlorethamine	FOLFOX
Cisplatin	Epirubicin	Melphalan	
May be considered highly emetogenic in certain patients			
Dactinomycin	Idarubicin	Methotrexate (250 mg/m2 or greater)	Trabectedin
Daunorubicin	Irinotecan	Oxaliplatin	
	Moderately Emetoge	nic Chemotherapy	
Aldesleukin	Cytarabine	Idarubicin	Mirvetuximab soravtansine- gynx
Amifostine	Dactinomycin	Irinotecan	Naxitamab-gqgk
Bendamustine	Daunorubicin	Irinotecan (liposomal)	Oxaliplatin
Busulfan	Dinutuximab	Lurbinectedin	Romidepsin
Clofarabine	Dual-drug liposomal encapsulation of	Methotrexate (250 mg/m2 or greater)	Temozolomide



	cytarabine and		
	daunorubicin		
	Trabectedin		
Appropriate	Chemotherapy Induced Nausea and Vomiting Prophylaxis		
Treatment	Varubi		
Regimen &	 Documented treatment failure with a 5-HT3 receptor antagonist (e.g., ondansetron, 		
Other Criteria:	granisetron) in combination with dexamethasone while receiving the current chemotherapy regimen		
	Akynzeo		
	 Documented treatment failure with both of the following while receiving the current chemotherapy regimen: 5-HT3 receptor antagonist (e.g., ondansetron, granisetron or palonosetron) NK1 receptor antagonist (e.g., aprepitant, fosaprepitant or rolapitant) 		
	Sustol		
	 Documented treatment failure with all the following while receiving the current chemotherapy regimen: Granisetron oral tablet Granisetron intravenous solution QL:		
	Varubi: 1 dose per 14 days		
	Akynzeo: 1 dose per 7 days		
	Sustol: 1 dose per 7 days		
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and initial criteria to be met		
Exclusion	Treatment of acute or breakthrough nausea and vomiting		
Criteria:	Used in anthracycline or cyclophosphamide-based chemotherapy (Akynzeo only)		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older		
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist		
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		



ANTIHEMOPHILIC FACTORS

Affected Medications: Advate, Adynovate, Afstyla, Alphanate, AlphaNine SD, Alprolix, Altuviiio, Benefix, Corifact, Eloctate, Esperoct, Feiba NF, Helixate FS, Hemofil M, Humate-P, Idelvion, Ixinity, Jivi, Koate DVI, Kogenate FS, Kovaltry, Monoclate-P, Mononine, NovoEight, Novoseven RT, Nuwiq, Obizur, Rebinyn, Recombinate, Riastap, Rixubis, Sevenfact, Tretten, Vonvendi, Wilate, Xyntha

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of dose based on reasonable projections, current dose utilization, product labeling, diagnosis, baseline factor level, circulating factor activity (% of normal or units/dL) and rationale for use Patient weight Documentation of Bethesda Titer level and number of bleeds in past 3 months with severity and cause of bleed
	Documentation of one of the following diagnostic categories:
	Hemophilia A or Hemophilia B:
	 Mild: factor levels greater than 5 and less than 30%
	 Moderate: factor levels of 1% to 5%
	 Severe: factor levels of less than 1%
	 von Willebrand disease (VWD), which must be confirmed with plasma von Willebrand
	factor (VWF) antigen, plasma VWF activity, and factor VIII activity
	Documentation of one of the following indications:
	Acute treatment of moderate to severe bleeding in patients with:
	Mild, moderate, or severe hemophilia A or BSevere VWD
	 Mild to moderate VWD in clinical situations with increased risk of bleeding
	 Perioperative management (prophylaxis and/or treatment) of moderate to severe bleeding in patients with hemophilia A, hemophilia B, or VWD
	 Routine prophylaxis in patients with severe hemophilia A, severe hemophilia B, or severe VWD
	 For Wilate and Vonvendi for routine prophylaxis; documentation of severe Type 3 VWD
Appropriate Treatment	Approval based on necessity and laboratory titer levels
Regimen & Other	Hemophilia A (factor VIII deficiency)
Criteria:	Documentation indicates requested medication is to achieve or maintain but not to
	exceed maximum functional capacity in performing daily activities
	For mild disease: treatment failure or contraindication to Stimate (demopressin) For New Fight, Afetyle, and New in Mark have decreased failure or
	 For NovoEight, Afstyla, and Nuwiq: Must have documentation of failure or contraindication to Advate or Hemofil M.
	For Eloctate and Altuviiio: documentation of severe hemophilia or moderate hemophilia
	with a severe bleeding phenotype defined by frequent non-traumatic bleeds requiring prophylaxis
	Hemophilia B (factor IX deficiency)
	For Benefix, Idelvion and Rebinyn: documentation of failure or contraindication to



	Rixubis
	For Alprolix: documentation of contraindication to Rixubis in perioperative management
	Von Willebrand disease (VWD)
	For Vonvendi:
	perioperative prophylaxis and/or treatment of acute, moderate to severe bleeding
	 Documentation of treatment failure or contraindication to Wilate for routine prophylaxis
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : requires documentation of planned treatment dose, number of acute bleeds since last approval (with severity and cause of bleed), past treatment history, and titer inhibitor level to factor VIII, and IX as appropriate
Exclusion Criteria:	 Acute thrombosis, embolism or symptoms of disseminated intravascular coagulation Obizur for congenital hemophilia A or VWD
	Tretten for congenital factor XIII B-subunit deficiency Indianal Advanced for VAVD
	 Jivi and Adynovate for VWD Idelvion for immune tolerance induction in patients with Hemophilia B
	 Vonvendi for congenital hemophilia A or hemophilia B Afstyla and Nuwiq for VWD
Age Restriction:	 Subject to review of FDA label for each product Jivi and Adynovate: 12 years and older
	Vonvendi: 18 years and older
	Wilate for routine prophylaxis with von Willebrand disease: 6 years and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified
	Perioperative management: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ANTITHROMBIN III

Affected Medications: ANTITHROMBIN III (THROMBATE III)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	 Indicated in patients with hereditary antithrombin deficiency (hATd) for:
	 Prevention of perioperative and peripartum thromboembolism
	 Prevention and treatment of thromboembolism
Required Medical	All Indications
Information:	 Documented diagnosis of hATd, confirmed by antithrombin (AT) activity levels below 70% on functional assay (not taken during acute illness, surgery, or thromboembolic event that could give falsely low antithrombin levels)
Appropriate Treatment	Prevention of Perioperative Thromboembolism
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Approved first-line for perioperative thromboprophylaxis in combination with heparin,
.	with or without intent to use as bridge to warfarin therapy
	Prevention of Peripartum Thromboembolism
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Personal or family history of thrombosis
	o Insufficient response to heparin AND intolerance to direct oral anticoagulants
	(DOACs)
	Prevention of Thromboembolism
	Documentation of inadequate clinical response, intolerance, or contraindication to
	both of the following:
	o Warfarin
	At least one DOAC
	Treatment of Thromboembolism
	Approved first-line for treatment of thromboembolism as adjunct to anticoagulant
	therapy, unless coagulation is temporarily contraindicated
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, geneticist, or obstetrician
Coverage Duration:	Perioperative/peripartum prevention; thromboembolism treatment: 1 month,
	unless otherwise specified
	Thromboembolism prevention: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



ANTITHYMOCYTE GLOBULINS

Affected Medications: ATGAM (antithymocyte globulin – equine), THYMOGLOBULIN (antithymocyte globulin – rabbit)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 Treatment of allograft rejection in renal transplant recipients (Atgam, 	
	Thymoglobulin)	
	 Treatment of moderate to severe aplastic anemia in patients unsuitable for bone marrow transplantation (Atgam) 	
	or better	
	Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (Thymoglobulin)	
	o Prophylaxis and treatment of acute rejection in:	
	Heart transplant recipients	
	Liver transplant recipients	
	Lung transplant recipients	
	Pancreas transplant recipients	
	Intestinal transplant recipients	
	Prophylaxis of acute rejection in multivisceral transplant recipients	
	 Prophylaxis of graft-versus-host disease in unrelated donor hematopoietic stem cell transplant recipients 	
Required Medical	Oncology uses: Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior	
Information:	therapies used, and anticipated treatment course	
	All Indications	
	Documentation of a complete treatment plan with planned dose, frequency and duration	
	of therapy	
	Current patient weight	
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced	
	Prophylaxis of acute transplant rejection	
	Patient must be considered high risk for acute rejection or delayed graft function based	
	on one or more of either the following donor/recipient risk factors:	
	Donor risk factors:	
	o Donor cold ischemia for more than 24 hours	
	O Donor age older than 50 years old	
	O Donor without a heartbeat	
	o Donor with ATN	
	Donor requiring high-dose inotropic support Position trial factors:	
	Recipient risk factors:	
	District	
	o Black race	



	 One or more HLA antigen mismatches with the donor
Appropriate	Prophylaxis of acute transplant rejection
Treatment	Documented treatment failure, intolerable adverse event, or contraindication to the use
Regimen & Other	of basiliximab
Criteria:	Treatment of allograft rejection in renal transplant recipients
	 Requests for Atgam require documented treatment failure or rationale for avoidance of Thymoglobulin
Exclusion Criteria:	 Oncology uses: Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	Active acute or chronic infections which contraindicate additional immunosuppression
	 Use in patients with aplastic anemia who are suitable candidates for bone marrow transplantation or in patients with aplastic anemia secondary to neoplastic disease, storage disease, myelofibrosis, Fanconi's syndrome, or in patients known to have been exposed to myelotoxic agents or radiation (Atgam)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in oncology, hematology, nephrology
Care Restrictions:	or transplant medicine as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS AGENTS

Affected Medications: SIRTURO (bedaquiline), PRETOMANID

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Sirturo Treatment of adult and pediatric patients with pulmonary tuberculosis (TB) due to Mycobacterium tuberculosis resistant to at least rifampin and isoniazid Pretomanid Treatment of adults with pulmonary TB resistant to isoniazid, rifamycins, a fluoroquinolone and a second line injectable antibacterial drug Treatment of adults with pulmonary TB resistant to isoniazid and rifampin who are treatment-intolerant or nonresponsive to standard therapy 	
Required Medical	Sirturo	
Information:	Documented diagnosis of multidrug resistant TB (MDR-TB), defined as resistance to at least isoniazid and rifampin	
	Pretomanid	
	Documented diagnosis of one of the following:	
	 Extensively drug-resistant TB (XDR-TB) 	
	Treatment-intolerant or nonresponsive MDR-TB	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Sirturo Documentation that this drug has been prescribed as part of a combination regimen with other anti-tuberculosis agents Documentation that this drug is being administered by directly observed therapy (DOT) 	
	Books and I	
	 Pretomanid Documentation that this drug has been prescribed as part of a combination regimen with Sirturo (bedaquiline) and linezolid 	
	Documentation that this drug is being administered by DOT	
Exclusion Criteria:	Drug-sensitive (DS) pulmonary TB	
	Latent infection due to Mycobacterium tuberculosis	
	Extra-pulmonary infection due to <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> Infections account the graph tuberculous graphs at a size.	
Age Restriction:	 Infections caused by non-tuberculous mycobacteria Sirturo: 5 years of age and older 	
Age Nestriction.	Pretomanid: 18 years of age and older	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist	
Coverage Duration:	Sirturo: 24 weeks, unless otherwise specified	
	Pretomanid: 26 weeks, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: APOMORPHINE

Affected Medications: KYNMOBI (apomorphine), APOKYN (apomorphine), APOMORPHINE SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Acute, intermittent treatment of hypomobility, "off" episodes in patients with advanced Parkinson's disease (PD)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of advanced PD
Information:	 Documentation of acute, intermittent hypomobility, "off" episodes occurring for at least 2 hours per day while awake despite an optimized oral PD treatment regimen
Appropriate Treatment	Concurrent therapy with levodopa/carbidopa (at the maximum tolerated dose) and a second agent from one of the following alternate anti-Parkinson's drug classes:
Regimen & Other	 Monoamine oxidase-B (MAO-B) inhibitors (ex: selegiline, rasagiline)
Criteria:	Dopamine agonists (ex: amantadine, pramipexole, ropinirole)
	 Catechol-O-methyltransferase (COMT) inhibitors (ex: entacapone) Requests for Apokyn and apomorphine solution require documentation of treatment failure or contraindication to Kynmobi
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as monotherapy or first line agent
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: APREMILAST

Affected Medications: OTEZLA, OTEZLA THERAPY PACK

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Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA) Psoriasis (PP) Oral Ulcers associated with Behcet's Disease
Required Medical	Plaque Psoriasis
Information:	 Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment as defined by one of the following: Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater Severe disease on other validated tools Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction AND Documentation of one or more of the following: At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment OR
	 Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	 Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes: Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point
	Oral Ulcers Associated with Behcet's Disease
	 Diagnosis of Behcet's with documentation of recurrent oral aphthae (ulcer, sore) at least 3 times in a year AND Two of the following: Recurrent genital aphthae Eye lesions Skin lesions Positive pathergy test defined by a papule 2 mm or greater
Appropriate	Plaque Psoriasis
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies: methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA] Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)



	Psoriatic Arthritis
	 Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide) Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
	Oral Ulcers Associated with Behcet's Disease
	 Documented clinical failure of at least 1 oral medication for Behcet's disease after at least 12 weeks (colchicine, prednisone, azathioprine)
	QL
	Induction (All indications): Titration pack
	Maintenance (All indications): 60 tablets per 30 days
	Reauthorization
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/dermatologist as appropriate for
Restrictions:	diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



ARIPIPRAZOLE LONG ACTING INTRAMUSCULAR INJECTIONS

Affected Medications: ABILIFY MAINTENA (aripiprazole suspension, reconstituted), ABILIFY ASIMTUFII (aripiprazole suspension, prefilled syringe) (**Medical benefit only)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Schizophrenia in adults Bipolar I disorder in adults
Required Medical	Diagnosis of schizophrenia and on maintenance treatment OR
Information:	Diagnosis of bipolar I disorder and on maintenance treatment AND
	Documentation of established tolerability to oral aripiprazole
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	Documented failure or contraindication to Risperdal Consta
Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist or receiving input from a psychiatry practice as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ARISTADA

Affected Medications: ARISTADA (aripiprazole lauroxil), ARISTADA INITIO

Covered Uses:	ARISTADA (aripiprazole lauroxii), ARISTADA INITIO All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
Covered Oses.	plan design
Required Medical	Diagnosis of schizophrenia
Information:	 Documentation of established tolerability with oral aripiprazole for a minimum of 14 days prior to initiating treatment with Aristada.
	 Documentation of comprehensive antipsychotic treatment regimen (including dosing and frequency of all formulations)
	 Documentation of Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved dose and frequency for the requested formulation
	For initial authorization only:
	Documented plan for ensuring oral adherence during first 21 days of initial Aristada
	For Aristada Initio:
	 Documentation of clinical rationale to avoid 21-day oral aripiprazole loading dose due to history of patient non-compliance or risk for hospitalization
Appropriate	Reauthorization: Documentation of clinically significant response to therapy.
Treatment	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Repeated dosing (greater than 1 dose) of Aristada Initio
Exclusion Gilleria.	 Women who are pregnant, lactating, or breastfeeding.
	Patients with dementia-related psychosis
	 Prior inadequate response to oral aripiprazole (unless poor adherence was a contributing
	factor)
	No current, or within the last 2 years, diagnosis of:
	Major Depressive Disorder
	 Comorbid schizoaffective disorder
	 Amnestic or other cognitive disorder
	 Bipolar disorder
	o Dementia
	o Delirium
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist or behavioral health specialist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Aristada (aripiprazole lauroxil)
	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Aristada Initio
	Approval: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ARIKAYCE

Affected Medications: ARIKAYCE (Amikacin inhalation suspension)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of <i>Mycobacterium avium</i> complex (MAC) lung disease as part of a combination antibacterial drug regimen in adults who have limited or no alternative treatment options, and who do not achieve negative sputum cultures after a minimum of 6 consecutive months of a multidrug background regimen therapy
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of MAC lung disease confirmed by BOTH the following: A MAC-positive sputum culture obtained within the last 3 months Evidence of underlying nodular bronchiectasis and/or fibrocavity disease on a chest radiograph or chest computed tomography The MAC isolate is susceptible to amikacin with a minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) of less than or equal to 64 mcg/mL Documentation of failure to obtain a negative sputum culture after a minimum of 6 consecutive months of a multidrug background regimen therapy for MAC lung disease such as clarithromycin (or azithromycin), rifampin and ethambutol
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Document of BOTH the following: This drug has been prescribed as part of a combination antibacterial drug regimen This drug will be used with the Lamira® Nebulizer System Reauthorization requires documentation of negative sputum culture obtained within the last 30 days. The American Thoracic Society/Infectious Diseases Society of America (ATS/IDSA) guidelines state that patients should continue to be treated until they have negative cultures for 1 year. Treatment beyond the first reauthorization (after 18 months) will require documentation of a positive sputum culture to demonstrate the need for continued treatment. Patients that have had negative cultures for 1 year will not be approved for continued treatment.
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of non-refractory MAC lung disease
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **ASCIMINIB**

Affected Medications: SCEMBLIX TABLET (asciminib)

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan
	 National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
_	anticipated treatment course
Information:	 Documentation of Philadelphia chromosome positive (Ph+) or BCR::ABL1- positive chronic
	myeloid leukemia (CML) in chronic phase
Appropriate	Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1- positive chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) in
Treatment	chronic phase (CP) meeting one of the following:
	ornorno pridace (or) meeting one or the following.
Regimen & Other	Low Risk Score
Criteria:	Documented treatment failure with imatinib (if used as initial tyrosine kinase inhibitor [TKI])
	AND one or more additional tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) bosutinib, dasatinib, or nilotinib.
	Intermediate or high-risk score
	 Documented treatment failure with a second-generation tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI),
	bosutinib, dasatinib, or nilotinib.
	OR
	Documented T315I positive mutation
	AND
	Documented treatment failure with ponatinib
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	Presence of either A337T, P465S, M244V, or F359V/I/C BCR::ABL1 kinase domain
	mutation
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ATIDARSAGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: LENMELDY (atidarsagene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of children with pre-symptomatic late-infantile (PSLI), pre-symptomatic early-juvenile (PSEJ), or early symptomatic early-juvenile (ESEJ) metachromatic leukodystrophy (MLD)
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of metachromatic leukodystrophy (MLD) confirmed by the following: Arylsulfatase (ARSA) activity below the normal range in peripheral blood mononuclear cells or fibroblasts Presence of two disease-causing mutations of either known or novel alleles Presence of sulfatides in a 24-hour urine collection (to exclude MLD carriers and patients with ARSA pseudodeficiency) AND Diagnosis of the late-infantile subtype of MLD confirmed by two out of three of the following: Age at onset of symptoms in the older sibling(s) less than or equal to 30 months Two null (0) mutant ARSA alleles Peripheral neuropathy as determined by electroneurographic study OR
	 Diagnosis of the early-juvenile subtype of MLD confirmed by two out of three of the following: Age at onset of symptoms (in the patient or in the older sibling) between 30 months and 6 years (has not celebrated their seventh birthday) One null (0) and one residual (R) mutant ARSA allele(s) Peripheral neuropathy as determined by electroneurographic study
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplantation in the previous six months Previous gene therapy Documented HIV infection Documented history of a hereditary cancer
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist or hematologist/oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Authorization: 2 months (for one time infusion) No reauthorization



POLICY NAME: AVACOPAN

Affected Medications: TAVNEOS 10mg Capsule

s: TAVNEOS 10mg Capsule
 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design As an adjunctive treatment of adult patients with severe, active anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic autoantibody (ANCA)-associated vasculitis (AAV), including granulomatosis with polyangiitis (GPA) and microscopic polyangiitis (MPA), in combination with standard therapy including glucocorticoids
 Diagnosis supported by at least one of the following: Tissue biopsy of kidney or other affected organs Positive ANCA, clinical presentation compatible with AAV, and low suspicion for secondary vasculitis Clinical presentation compatible with AAV, low suspicion for secondary vasculitis, and concern for rapidly progressive disease Documented severe, active disease (including major relapse), defined as: vasculitis with life-or organ-threatening manifestations (e.g., alveolar hemorrhage, glomerulonephritis, central nervous system vasculitis, subglottic stenosis, mononeuritis multiplex, cardiac involvement, mesenteric ischemia, limb/digit ischemia) Documentation of all prior therapies used and anticipated treatment course Baseline liver test panel: serum alanine aminotransferase, aspartate aminotransferase, alkaline phosphatase, and total bilirubin Current hepatitis B virus (HBV) status
 Will be used with a standard immunosuppressive regimen including glucocorticoids Will be used during induction therapy only Will be used in any of the following populations/scenarios: In patients unable to use glucocorticoids at appropriate doses In patients with an estimated glomerular filtration rate less than 30 mL/min/1.73 m² In patients who have experienced relapse following treatment with two or more different induction regimens, including both rituximab- and cyclophosphamide-containing regimens (unless contraindicated) During subsequent induction therapy in patients with refractory disease (failure to achieve remission with initial induction therapy regimen) Dosing: 30 mg (three 10 mg capsules) twice daily (once daily when used concomitantly with strong CYP3A4 inhibitors) Reauthorization: must meet criteria above (will not be used for maintenance treatment)
 Treatment of eosinophilic-GPA (EGPA) Active, untreated and/or uncontrolled chronic liver disease (e.g., chronic active hepatitis B, untreated hepatitis C virus infection, uncontrolled autoimmune hepatitis) and cirrhosis Active, serious infections, including localized infections History of angioedema while receiving Tavneos, unless another cause has been established History of HBV reactivation while receiving Tavneos, unless medically necessary
18 years of age or older
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, nephrologist, or pulmonologist
Authorization: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



AVALGLUCOSIDASE ALFA-NGPT

Affected Medications: NEXVIAZYME (avalglucosidase alfa-ngpt)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Late-Onset Pompe Disease Diagnosis of Pompe Disease confirmed by an enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of acid α-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme activity or by DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA gene Patient weight and planned treatment regimen
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 One or more clinical signs or symptoms of Late-Onset Pompe Disease: Progressive proximal weakness in a limb-girdle distribution Delayed gross-motor development in childhood Involvement of respiratory muscles causing respiratory difficulty (such as reduced forced vital capacity [FVC] or sleep disordered breathing) Skeletal abnormalities (such as scoliosis or scapula alata) Low/absent reflexes Appropriate medical support is readily available when medication is administered in the event of anaphylaxis, severe allergic reaction, or acute cardiorespiratory failure. Patients weighing less than 30 kilograms will require documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Lumizyme Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Diagnosis of infantile-onset Pompe Disease Concurrent use of other enzyme replacement therapies such as Lumizyme or Pombiliti and Opfolda
Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist, endocrinologist, biochemical geneticist, or physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



POLICY NAME: AVATROMBOPAG

Affected Medications: DOPTELET (avatrombopag)

Covered Uses: Required Medical	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic liver disease (CLD) who are scheduled to undergo a procedure Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an insufficient response to a previous treatment Thrombocytopenia in patients with CLD undergoing a procedure: Documentation of planned procedure including date
Information:	Documentation of partition procedure including date Documentation of baseline platelet count of less than 50,000/microliter
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP
	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter
	 Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding
	 Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such as
	peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding at
	higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
Appropriate	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP
Treatment	Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did not increase to at least
Regimen & Other	50,000/microliter, to the following therapies:
Criteria:	ONE of the following:
	 Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for immune thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids, rituximab, or immunoglobulin Splenectomy Promacta
	Reauthorization (chronic ITP only):
	Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter or above (not to exceed)
	400,000/microliter) OR
	 The platelet counts have not increased to a platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter and the patient has NOT been on the maximum dose for at least 4 weeks
Exclusion	Use in combination with another thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase
Criteria:	inhibitor, or similar treatments (Promacta, Nplate, Tavalisse)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterologist/liver specialist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Thrombocytopenia in patients with CLD undergoing a procedure: 1 month (for a one
Duration:	time 5-day regimen), unless otherwise specified
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP:
	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BARICITINIB

Affected Medications: OLUMIANT

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	design
	Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
Required Medical	Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective
Information:	scale)
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3
Appropriate	 Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
Treatment	 If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease
Regimen & Other	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
Criteria:	Documentation of treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) for 12
Criteria.	weeks or greater with Infliximab (preferred products Inflectra, Avsola) or Actemra IV
	<u>QL</u>
	RA: 30 tablets per 30 days
	Reauthorization
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and
	is not a covered benefit
	Treatment of alopecia areata
Age Restriction:	
1.90	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist
	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BELIMUMAB

Affected Medications: BENLYSTA (Belimumab)

0	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE)
	 Lupus Nephritis
Required Medical	, ,
Information:	Documentation of patient's current weight (intravenous requests only)
iniormation.	Customia Lunua Emula amatagua
	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus:
	Documentation of active SLE with moderate classification (significant but non-organ
	threatening disease including constitutional, cutaneous, musculoskeletal, or hematologic
	involvement)
	Autoantibody-positive SLE, defined as positive for antinuclear antibodies (ANA) and/or anti-
	double-stranded DNA (anti-dsDNA) antibody
	Baseline measurement of one or more of the following:
	 SLE Responder Index-4 (SRI-4), SLE Activity Index (SLEDAI) variant, or other
	validated scale
	 Frequency of flares requiring corticosteroid use
	Lupus Nephritis:
	Documentation of biopsy-proven active Class III, IV, and/or V disease
	Baseline measurement of one or more of the following: urine protein-creatinine ratio (uPCR),
	urine protein, estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR), or frequency of flares requiring
	corticosteroid use
Appropriate	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Treatment	(intravenous requests only)
Regimen & Other	(milavonodo roquesto emy)
Criteria:	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus:
S. I.	Failure with at least 12 weeks of standard combination therapy including hydroxychloroquine
	OR chloroquine with one of the following:
	Cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, or mycophenolate mofetil
	Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success defined as ONE of the
	following:
	 Clinically significant improvement in SRI-4, SLEDAI variant, or other
	validated scale for measurement of disease
	 Decrease in frequency of flares or corticosteroid use
	- Decirease in nequency of hares of conticosteroid ase
	Lupus Nephritis:
	Failure of at least 12 weeks of standard therapy with mycophenolate mofetil AND
	cyclophosphamide
	 Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success defined as ONE of the following:
	Improvement in eGFR Reduction in urine protein greatining ratio or urine protein.
	Reduction in urine protein-creatinine ratio or urine protein
	Decrease in flares or corticosteroid use
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with other biologic therapies for LN or SLE Use in severe active central nervous system lupus



Age Restriction:	5 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, rheumatologist, or specialist with experience in the treatment of systemic lupus erythematosus or lupus nephritis
Coverage	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: BELZUTIFAN

Affected Medications: WELIREG (belzutifan)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical	Von Hippel-Lindau (VHL) disease
Information:	Diagnosis documented by the following:
	 Pathogenic VHL germline mutation diagnostic for VHL disease AND at least one of the following: Presence of solid, locoregional tumor in kidney showing accelerated
	tumor growth (growth of 5mm or more per year)
	 Presence of symptomatic and/or progressively enlarging central nervous system (CNS) hemangioblastomas not amenable to surgery Presence of pancreatic solid lesion or pancreatic neuroendocrine tumor (pNET) with rapid tumor growth
	Treatment-refractory advanced or metastatic clear cell renal carcinoma
	Advanced disease after use of the following treatments: (Per NCCN guidelines)
	 A Programmed death receptor-1 (PD-1) OR programmed death-ligand 1 (PD-L1) AND
	 A vascular endothelial growth factor tyrosine kinase inhibitor (VEGF-TKI)
	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Metastatic pNET disease
	 Not to be used in combination with other oncologic agents for the treatment of VHL disease
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
_	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BENRALIZUMAB

Affected Medications: FASENRA (benralizumab)

Covered Uses:	FASENRA (benralizumab) • All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Add-on maintenance treatment of patients with severe asthma aged 6 years and
	older with an eosinophilic phenotype
	Treatment of adult patients with eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis
	(EGPA)
Required Medical	Eosinophilic asthma
Information:	Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by both of the
	following:
	 Baseline eosinophil count of at least 150 cells/μL OR dependent on daily oral
	corticosteroids
	AND
	 FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from
	normal
	EGPA
	Diagnosis of relapsing or refractory EGPA confirmed by all the following:
	 Chronic rhinosinusitis
	o Asthma
	 Blood eosinophilia (at least 1,000 cells/mcL and/or greater than 10% of the total
	leukocyte count) at baseline
	 Diagnosis must be confirmed by a second clinical opinion
	Documented relapsing disease while on the highest tolerated oral corticosteroid or
	immunosuppressant dose
Appropriate	Eosinophilic asthma
Treatment	Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta
Regimen & Other	agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
Criteria:	AND
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic
	corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaler
	treatment and at least 80% adherence
	 Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	5 Boodinontation that official daily of a footilood of of footilood
	EGPA
	 Documented treatment failure or contraindication to at least two oral immunosuppressar
	drugs (azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate) for at least 12 weeks each
	drago (dzdanopinio, modiotroxato, myoophonolato) for at loads 12 wooke odon
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Nucala, Xolair,
	Cinqair, Tezspire)
Age Restriction:	Eosinophilic asthma: 6 years of age and older
-	EGPA: 18 years of age and older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	 Eosinophilic asthma: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist EGPA: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of EGPA (such as an immunologist or rheumatologist)
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



BEREMAGENE GEPERPAVEC-SVDT

Affected Medications: VYJUVEK (beremagene geperpavec-svdt)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa (DEB)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of recessive DEB confirmed by both of the following: Skin biopsy of an induced blister with immunofluorescence mapping (IFM) and/or transmission electron microscopy (TEM) Genetic test results documenting mutations in the COL7A1 gene Clinical signs and symptoms of DEB such as skin fragility, blistering, scarring, nail changes, and milia formation in the areas of healed blistering
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of receiving standard of care preventative or treatment therapies for wound care, control of infection, nutritional support Documented trial and failure of Filsuvez Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed the following: Maximum weekly volume of 2.5 mL (1.6mL usable dose) Maximum of 12-week course per wound Maximum of 4 tubes per 28 days
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success defined as complete wound healing on a previous site and need for treatment on a new site
Exclusion Criteria:	 Evidence or history of squamous cell carcinoma in the area that will undergo treatment Concurrent use with Filsuvez (birch triterpenes topical gel) Dominant DEB (DDEB)
Age Restriction:	6 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist or a specialist experienced in the treatment of Epidermolysis Bullosa
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **BESREMI**

Affected Medications: BESREMI (ropeginterferon alfa-2b)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
JOTOICA USCS.	plan design
	·
	Treatment of adults with polycythemia vera
	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
	Evidence of increased red cell volume such as abnormal hemoglobin, hematocrit, or red
	cell mass AND one of the following:
	 Presence of JAK2 V617F or JAK2 exon 12 mutation
	 Subnormal serum erythropoietin level
Appropriate	Documentation of treatment failure, intolerance, or contraindication to hydroxyurea
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization : documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or hematologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
-	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BETAINE

Affected Medications: Betaine

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	o Homocystinuria
Required Medical	Diagnosis of homocystinuria associated with one of the following:
-	Cystathionine beta-synthase (CBS) deficiency
Information:	 5 Systatriorime beta synthase (obs) deficiency 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) deficiency
	Cobalamin cofactor metabolism (cbl) defect
	Baseline plasma homocysteine levels
Appropriate	Documented trial and failure of <u>ONE</u> of the following forms of supplementation:
Treatment	Vitamin B6 (pyridoxine)
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	o Vitamin B9 (folate)
Oritoria:	 Vitamin B12 (cobalamin)
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy shown by lowering of plasma homocysteine levels
	Tooponise to therapy shown by lowering of plasma nomeoysteine levels
Exclusion Criteria:	Uncorrected vitamin B12 or folic acid levels
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic or genetic disease specialist
	, a commendation of the co
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



BETIBEGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: ZYNTEGLO (betibeglogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design o Treatment of beta thalassemia in adult and pediatric patients who require regular red blood cell (RBC) transfusions
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of transfusion dependent beta thalassemia (TDT), defined as: Requiring at least 100 mL/kg per year of packed red blood cells (pRBCs) or at least 8 transfusions per year of pRBCs in the 2 years preceding therapy Confirmed genetic testing based on the presence of biallelic mutations at the beta-globin gene (HBB gene) Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) Used as single agent therapy (not applicable to lymphodepleting or bridging therapy while awaiting manufacture) Females of reproductive potential must have negative pregnancy test prior to start of mobilization, reconfirmed prior to conditioning procedures, and again before administration of Zynteglo
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Patients must weigh a minimum of 6 kilograms and be able to provide a minimum number of cells (5,000,000 CD34+ cells/kilogram)
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior HSCT or other gene therapy Severe iron overload warranting exclusion from therapy, as determined by the treating physician Uncorrected bleeding disorder Cardiac T2* less than 10 milliseconds by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) White blood cell count less than 3x109/L and/or platelet count less than 100x109/L that is unrelated to hypersplenism Positive for human immunodeficiency virus 1 & 2 (HIV-1/HIV-2), hepatitis B virus, or hepatitis C virus, advanced liver disease, or current or prior malignancy
Age Restriction:	Ages 4 years and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months (one-time infusion), unless otherwise specified



BEVACIZUMAB

Affected Medications: AVASTIN (bevacizumab), MVASI (bevacizumab-awwb), ZIRABEV (bevacizumab-bvzr), ALYMSYS (bevacizumab-maly), VEGZELMA (bevacizumab-adcd)

,	b-mary), VEGZELIMA (Devacizumap-aucu)
Covered Uses:	 National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
	For the Treatment of Ophthalmic disorders:
	Neovascular (Wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD)
	Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO)
	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME)
	 Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus
Required Medical	Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment
Information:	course
Appropriate	Stage III or IV Epithelial Ovarian, Fallopian Tube, or Primary Peritoneal Cancer following
Treatment	initial surgical resection
Regimen & Other	Approval will be limited for up to 22 cycles of therapy
Criteria:	
	All Indications
	Coverage for a non-preferred product (Avastin, Alymsys, Vegzelma) requires
	documentation of one of the following:
	 Use for ophthalmic condition (Avastin only)
	 A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Mvasi and
	Zirabev, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or ophthalmologist (depending on
Restrictions:	indication)
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BEZLOTOXUMAB

Affected Medications: ZINPLAVA (bezlotoxumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce recurrence of Clostridioides difficile infection (CDI) in patients who are receiving antibacterial drug treatment for CDI and are at a high risk for CDI recurrence
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of CDI confirmed by both of the following: Presence of at least 3 unformed stools in 24 hours Positive stool test for toxigenic Clostridium difficile collected within 7 days prior to request Patient must be receiving concurrent CDI treatment when infusion is administered
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of one of the following risk factors for CDI recurrence: Age greater than 65 One or more episodes of CDI in the past 6 months prior to the current episode Immunocompromised status Clinically severe CDI (defined by Zar score greater than or equal to 2) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	Previous treatment with Zinplava
Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 1 month (a single 10 mg/kg dose) with no reauthorization



BIRCH TRITERPENES

Affected Medications: FILSUVEZ (birch triterpenes topical gel)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Dystrophic Epidermolysis Bullosa (DEB)
	 Junctional Epidermolysis Bullosa (JEB)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of recessive DEB or JEB confirmed by skin biopsy of an induced blister with immunofluorescence mapping (IFM) and/or transmission electron microscopy (TEM) Genetic test results documenting mutations in one of the following genes: COL7A1, COL17A1, ITGB4, LAMA3, LAMB3, or LAMC2 Clinical signs and symptoms of EB such as skin fragility, blistering, scarring, nail
	changes, and milia formation in the areas of healed blistering
	Presence of open partial-thickness wounds that have been present for at least 21 days
Appropriate	Documentation of receiving standard of care preventative or treatment therapies for
Treatment	wound care, control of infection, nutritional support
Regimen & Other	Dosing does not exceed the following:
Criteria:	Maximum of 1 mm layer to affected area(s)
	o Maximum of 28 tubes per 28 days
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success defined as complete wound healing on a previous site and need for continued treatment on a new site
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with Vyjuvek (beremagene geperpavec-svdt)
	Dominant DEB (DDEB)
Age Restriction:	6 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist or a specialist experienced in the
Care Restrictions:	treatment of Epidermolysis Bullosa
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



BONJESTA & DICLEGIS

Affected Medications: BONJESTA (doxylamine-pyridoxine extended-release tablet 20-20mg), DICLEGIS (doxylamine-pyridoxine delayed release tablet 10-10 mg)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
plan design.
Pregnancy associated nausea and vomiting
Estimated Delivery Date
Documentation of all therapies tried/failed
Documentation of trial and education on non-pharmacologic methods of controlling nausea
and vomiting related to pregnancy (avoidance of triggers, proper rest, etc.)
Documented treatment failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for avoidance of ALL the
following:
 Over the counter (OTC) pyridoxine with OTC doxylamine AND
 One of the following:
 Dopamine antagonist (prochlorperazine, metoclopramide, etc.)
 H1 antagonist (promethazine, meclizine, dimenhydrinate,
diphenhydramine, etc.)
 Ondansetron
18 years of age and older
 Approval: Until estimated delivery date (no more than 9 months), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BOTOX

Affected Medications: BOTOX (onabotulinumtoxinA)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia-supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Spasticity Chronic migraine Overactive bladder (OAB) with symptoms of urge urinary incontinence, urgency, and frequency Neurogenic detrusor overactivity (NDO) Focal dystonia Cervical dystonia Blepharospasm Laryngeal dystonia Oromandibular dystonia Severe brachial dystonia (writer's cramp) Strabismus Achalasia Anal fissure
Required Medical Information:	 Pertinent medical records and diagnostic testing Complete description of the site(s) of injection Strength and dosage of botulinum toxin used
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Approved first-line for: focal dystonia, hemifacial spasm, drug-induced orofacial dyskinesia, upper and lower limb spasticity, or other conditions of focal spasticity wherein botulinum toxin is the preferred mode of therapy For use in all other FDA-approved indications not otherwise excluded by benefit design, failure of first-line recommended and conventional therapies is required Overactive bladder (OAB)/Neurogenic detrusor overactivity (NDO): Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to at least two urinary incontinence antimuscarinic or beta-3 adrenergic therapies (e.g., oxybutynin, solifenacin, tolterodine, mirabegron, vibegron)
	 Chronic migraine: Documentation of chronic migraine defined as headaches on at least 15 days per month, of which at least 8 days are with migraine Documented failure with an adequate trial (at least 8 weeks) of a migraine preventive therapy, as follows:



	Achalasia (Cardiospasm):
	Must meet 1 of the following: The standard failure with a second control of the following: OCEM OCEM
	 Type I or II achalasia: Treatment failure with peroral endoscopic myotomy (POEM), laparoscopic Heller myotomy (LHM), and pneumatic dilation (PD)
	 Type III achalasia: Treatment failure with tailored POEM and LHM
	Not a candidate for POEM, surgical myotomy, or pneumatic dilation due to high risk of
	complications
	Anal fissure:
	 Documentation of anal fissures that have persisted or progress after 6 weeks of conservative treatment with one of the following:
	Lifestyle changes (such as increased fiber intake, increase fluid intake, etc.)
	 Bulking agents (such as Psyllium)
	 Stool softeners (such as docusate)
	Number of treatments must not exceed the following:
	OAB/NDO: 4 treatments per 12 months Character and limited to true injections given 3 months apart, subsequent
	 Chronic migraine: initial treatment limited to two injections given 3 months apart, subsequent treatment approvals limited to 4 treatments per 12 months
	All other indications maximum of 4 treatments per 12 months unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization:
	Chronic migraine continuation of treatment: Additional treatment requires that the
	member has achieved or maintained a 50% reduction in monthly headache frequency since
	 starting therapy with Botox. All other indications: Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant
	response to therapy
Exclusion	Cosmetic procedures
Criteria:	 For intradetrusor injections: documented current/recent urinary tract infection or urinary retention
	 Possible medication overuse headache: headaches occurring 15 or more days each month
	in a patient with pre-existing headache-causing condition possibly due to
	 Use of ergotamines, triptans, opioids, or combination analgesics greater than or equal to 10 days per month for greater than or equal to three months
	 Use of simple analgesics (acetaminophen, aspirin, or an NSAID) greater than or equal
	to 15 days per month for greater than or equal to 3 months
	 Combined use of any of the previously mentioned products without overuse of any one agent if no causative pattern can be established
	Combined use with an anti-calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) monoclonal antibody or
	an oral CGRP antagonist when used for migraine prevention
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Blepharospasm, strabismus: ophthalmologist, optometrist, or neurologist
Restrictions:	Chronic migraine: treatment is administered in consultation with a neurologist or headache specialist.
	specialistOAB/NDO: urologist or neurologist
	Documentation of consultation with any of the above specialists mentioned
Coverage	Chronic migraine:
Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified
	- Neadthonzation. 24 months, diffess otherwise specified



OAB/NDO:

- Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
- Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified

Spasticity:

· Approval: 24 months, unless otherwise specified

Anal fissure:

• Approval: 3 months (one treatment), unless otherwise specified

All other indications:

· Approval 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: BREXANOLONE

Affected Medications: ZULRESSO (brexanolone)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
	design.
	 Treatment of postpartum depression (PPD)
Demoised Medical	
Required Medical	Documented major depressive episode with peripartum onset as defined by the <i>Diagnostic</i> and Statistical Manual of Manual to Diagnostic Picture Filips Edition (DSM 5) aritaria:
Information:	 and Statistical Manual of Mental Health Disorders, Five Edition (DSM-5) criteria: At least five of the following symptoms have been present during the same 2-week
	 At least five of the following symptoms have been present during the same 2-week period and represent a change from previous functioning (must include either (1)
	depressed mood or (2) lack of interest or pleasure):
	(1). Depressed mood most of the day, nearly every day, as indicated by either
	subjective report or observation made by others (in adolescents, may present as irritable mood)
	(2). Markedly diminished interest or pleasure in all (or almost all) activities most
	of the day, nearly every day, as indicated by either subjective account or observation
	(3). Significant weight loss when not dieting, weight gain, or decrease or
	increase in appetite nearly every day (in adolescents, consider failure to
	make expected weight gain)
	(4). Insomnia or hypersomnia nearly every day
	(5). Psychomotor agitation or retardation nearly every day (observable by others,
	not merely subjective feelings of restlessness or being slowed down)
	(6). Fatigue or loss of energy nearly every day
	(7). Feelings of worthlessness, or excessive or inappropriate guilt nearly everyday
	(8). Diminished ability to think or concentrate, or indecisiveness, nearly every
	day (subjective account or observed by others)
	(9). Recurrent thoughts of death (not just fear of dying), recurrent suicidal
	ideation without a specific plan, or a suicide attempt or a specific plan for committing suicide
	 Symptoms cause clinically significant distress or impairment in social, occupational, or other important areas of functioning
	 Episode is not attributable to the direct physiological effects of a substance or to another condition
	 Major depressive episode began no earlier than the third trimester and no later than the first 4 weeks following delivery
	 Moderate to severe postpartum depression documented by one of the following rating scales:
	 Hamilton Rating Scale for Depression (HAM-D) score of greater than 17
	 Patient Health Questionnaire-9 (PHQ-9) score of greater than 10
	 Montgomery-Åsberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS) greater than 20 points
	 Edinburgh Postnatal Depression Scale (EPDS) score of greater than 13
Appropriate	Documented trial with an oral antidepressant for at least 8 weeks unless contraindicated or
Treatment	documentation shows that the severity of the depression would place the health of the
Regimen & Other	mother or infant at significant risk
Criteria:	



Exclusion Criteria:	Greater than 6 months postpartum
Age Restriction:	15 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist
Coverage Duration:	One month, one time approval per pregnancy



POLICY NAME: BUROSUMAB

Affected Medications: CRYSVITA (burosumab-twza)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. X-linked hypophosphatemia (XLH) FGF23-related hypophosphatemia in tumor induced osteomalacia (TIO) associated with phosphaturic mesenchymal tumors
Required Medical	All Indications:
Information:	Documentation of diagnosis by:
	 A blood test demonstrating ALL the following (in relation to laboratory reference ranges):
	Low phosphate
	 Elevated FGF23
	■ Low 1,25-(OH)2D
	 Normal calcium or parathyroid hormone (PTH)
	 A urine test demonstrating decreased tubular reabsorption of phosphate corrected for glomerular filtration rate (TmP/GFR)
	 Evidence of skeletal abnormalities, confirmed by radiographic evaluation
	Towards have 10 days maked
	Tumor-Induced Osteomalacia
	Documentation that tumor cannot be located or is unresectable
	Alternative renal phosphate-wasting disorders have been ruled out
Appropriate	All Indications:
Treatment	Documentation of treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with oral phosphate and
Regimen & Other	calcitriol supplementation in combination for at least 12 months, or contraindication to
Criteria:	therapy
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization : requires documentation of normalization of serum phosphate levels AND improvement in radiographic imaging of skeletal abnormalities.
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist or endocrinologist or provider
Restrictions:	experienced in managing patients with metabolic bone disease
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CALCIFEDIOL

Affected Medications: RAYALDEE (calcifediol)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of secondary hyperparathyroidism in adult patients with stage 3 or 4 chronic kidney disease (CKD) and serum total 25-hydroxyvitamin D levels less than 30 ng/mL
Required Medical Information:	 A confirmed diagnosis of secondary hyperparathyroidism with persistently elevated or progressively rising serum intact parathyroid hormone (iPTH) that is 2.3 times (or more) above the upper limit of normal for the assay used Documentation of all the following prior to treatment initiation: Stage 3 or 4 CKD Serum total 25-hydroxyvitamin D level is less than 30 ng/mL Corrected serum calcium is below 9.8 mg/dL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of persistent vitamin D deficiency (level below 30 ng/mL), despite at least 12 weeks of adherent treatment with each of the following at an appropriate dose, unless contraindicated or not tolerated:
Exclusion Criteria:	A diagnosis of stage 1, 2, or 5 chronic kidney disease or end-stage renal disease (ESRD) on dialysis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist or endocrinologist.
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



CALCITONIN GENE-RELATED PEPTIDE (CGRP) INHIBITORS
Affected Medications: Eptinezumab (Vyepti), Erenumab (Aimovig), Galcanezumab (Emgality), Rimegepant (Nurtec)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
Covereu Oses.	plan design
	Chronic or episodic migraine, prevention Tripodic elector beadeshar prevention (Francisco)
	 Episodic cluster headache, prevention (Emgality) Acute treatment of migraine in adults (Nurtec)
Required Medical	Chronic Migraine Chronic Migraine
Information:	 Diagnosis of chronic migraine defined as headaches on at least 15 days per month of
illioilliation.	which at least 8 days are with migraine at baseline
	which at least o days are with migraine at baseline
	Episodic Migraine
	Diagnosis of episodic migraine with at least 8 migraines per month at baseline
	Episodic Cluster Headache (Emgality)
	 History of episodic cluster headache with at least two cluster periods lasting from 7 days
	to 1 year (when untreated) separated by pain-free remission periods of at least one
	month
	All Uses
	Headaches are not due to medication overuse: headaches occurring 15 or more days
	each month in a patient with pre-existing headache-causing condition possibly due to:
	Use of ergotamines, triptans, opioids, or combination analgesics at least 10 days
	per month for at least three months Use of simple analgesics (acetaminophen, aspirin, or an NSAID) at least 15
	 Use of simple analgesics (acetaminophen, aspirin, or an NSAID) at least 15 days per month for at least 3 months
	 Use of combination of any previously mentioned products without overuse of any
	one agent if no causative pattern can be established
Appropriate	Chronic or Episodic Migraine
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with an adequate trial (at least 8 weeks) of an oral
Regimen & Other	migraine preventive therapy as follows:
Criteria:	o Candesartan 16 mg daily
	 Antiepileptic (divalproex sodium 500 mg daily, valproic acid 500 mg daily,
	topiramate 50 mg daily)
	Beta-blocker (metoprolol 100 mg daily, propranolol 40 mg daily, timolol 20 mg
	daily, nadolol 80 mg daily)
	 Antidepressants (amitriptyline 25 mg daily, nortriptyline 25 mg daily, venlafaxine
	75 mg daily, duloxetine 60 mg daily)
	Documented treatment failure with 6 months (two treatments) of Botox therapy (chronic
	migraine only)
	Vyepti requests:
	 Documented treatment failure with the above trials (adequate trial of an oral
	migraine preventive therapy, Botox)
	o Documented treatment failure or intolerance to ONE of the following: Emgality or
	Aimovig
	<u>Nurtec requests:</u>
	 Documented treatment failure with the above trials (adequate trial of an oral



Episodic Documg docontr Acute Tr Documg Quar Initia table	Documented treatment failure or intolerance with each of the following: Aimovig, Emgality Quantity limit: 16 tablets per 30 days Coccuster Headache (Emgality) Umented treatment failure with an adequate trial of verapamil (dose of at least 480 daily for a minimum of 3 weeks), or if unable to tolerate verapamil or raindications apply, another oral preventative therapy (lithium, topiramate) Preatment of Migraine (Nurtec) Umented treatment failure with each of the following: An oral triptan (such as sumatriptan, naratriptan, rizatriptan, zolmitriptan) A non-oral triptan (such as sumatriptan, zolmitriptan) Reyvow Ubrelvy Intity limit: 8 tablets per 30 days Al approvals are limited to 8 tablets per month. Requests for quantities greater than 8 lets require the following:
Episodic Documg docontr Acute Tr Document Quar Initia table	Cluster Headache (Emgality) umented treatment failure with an adequate trial of verapamil (dose of at least 480 daily for a minimum of 3 weeks), or if unable to tolerate verapamil or raindications apply, another oral preventative therapy (lithium, topiramate) reatment of Migraine (Nurtec) umented treatment failure with each of the following: An oral triptan (such as sumatriptan, naratriptan, rizatriptan, zolmitriptan) A non-oral triptan (such as sumatriptan, zolmitriptan) Reyvow Ubrelvy ntity limit: 8 tablets per 30 days al approvals are limited to 8 tablets per month. Requests for quantities greater than 8 ets require the following:
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• Initia table	al approvals are limited to 8 tablets per month. Requests for quantities greater than 8 ets require the following:
table	ets require the following:
	Currently receiving treatment with a migraine prophylactic treatment The current quantity limit is not effective for treating your number of migraines Quantity limit: 18 tablets per 30 days
Reautho	orization:
	ventative treatment: documentation of treatment success defined as a 50% reduction onthly headache frequency since starting therapy
	te treatment: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant onse to therapy
	abined use with Botox or another calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) inhibitor for prevention of migraine
Age Restriction:	<u> </u>
Prescriber/Site of	
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration: • Initia	al Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
• Reau	uthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CANNABIDIOL

Affected Medications: EPIDIOLEX (cannabidiol)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS)
	o Dravet Syndrome (DS)
	o Tuberous Sclerosis Complex (TSC)
Required Medical	All Indications
Information:	Patient weight
	Documentation that cannabidiol will be used as adjunctive therapy
	<u>LGS</u>
	 Documentation of at least 8 drop seizures per month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
	<u>DS</u>
	Documentation of at least 4 convulsive seizures in the last month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
	TSC
	 Documentation of at least 8 TSC-associated seizures (e.g., focal-onset seizures with and without impaired awareness, focal-onset to bilateral tonic-clonic seizures, subclinical seizures, generalized onset seizures) in the last month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
Appropriate	<u>LGS</u>
Treatment Regimen & Other	Documented treatment failure with at least three guideline directed therapies including:
Criteria:	Valproate and
	Lamotrigine and Dufinemide, teniremete, felhamete, er elehazem
	 Rufinamide, topiramate, felbamate, or clobazam
	<u>DS</u>
	Documented treatment failure with at least four guideline directed therapies including:
	 Valproate and
	o Clobazam and
	o Topiramate and
	o Clonazepam, levetiracetam, or zonisamide
	TSC
	Documented treatment failure with at least two antiepileptic drugs used as monotherapy AND
	Documented treatment failure with at least one adjunctive therapy
	Dosing:
	LGS or DS: Not to exceed 20 mg/kg per day
	TSC: Not to exceed 25 mg/kg per day
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a reduction in seizure severity, frequency, and/or duration



Exclusion Criteria:	Use as monotherapy for seizure control
Age Restriction:	1 year of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CANTHARIDIN

Affected Medications: Ycanth

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Molluscum contagiosum (MC)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of MC confirmed by one of the following:
Information:	 Presence of lesions that are consistent with MC (small, firm, pearly, with pitted centers, 2-5 millimeters in diameter, not associated with systemic symptoms such as fever)
	 For lesions with unclear cause or otherwise not consistent with MC, confirmation
	of diagnosis using dermoscopy, microscopy, histological examination, or biopsy
	Documentation persistent itching or pain AND one of the following:
	 Concomitant bacterial infection
	 Concomitant atopic dermatitis
	 Significant concern for contagion (such as daycare setting) and prevention cannot be reasonably prevented through good hygiene and covering lesions with
	bandages or clothing
	 Continued presence of lesions after 12 months
Appropriate	Trial of at least two cycles of one of the following procedures for the removal of MC
Treatment	lesions:
Regimen & Other	 Cryotherapy
Criteria:	o Curettage
	Laser therapy
	Adequate trial and failure of one additional treatment for MC that has evidence
	supporting use, such as:
	Topical podofilox (Condylox) for at least 1 month
	Oral cimetidine for at least 2 months
	o Grai difficultie for at least 2 months
	Dosing: Two applicators per treatment every 21 days, limit to 4 total treatments
Exclusion Criteria:	Molloscum contagiosum is considered a below the line (non-funded) diagnosis per
	Oregon Health Authority (OHA) for those 21 years of age and older.
Age Restriction:	2 to under 21 years of age
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed and administered by a dermatologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



CAPLACIZUMAB-YHDP

Affected Medications: CABLIVI (caplacizumab-yhdp)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of adult patients with acquired thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (aTTP), in combination with plasma exchange and immunosuppressive therapy
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of aTTP, meeting all the following: Severe thrombocytopenia (platelet count less than 100 x 10 ⁹ /L) Microangiopathic hemolytic anemia (MAHA) confirmed by red blood cell fragmentation (e.g., schistocytes) on peripheral blood smear Baseline ADAMTS13 activity level of less than 10% Documentation of ONE of the following: Failure of at least one initial treatment for aTTP, such as therapeutic plasma
	exchange (TPE), glucocorticoids, or rituximab
	 Documentation of high-risk disease meeting <u>ONE</u> of the following:
	 Neurologic abnormalities (seizures, focal weakness, aphasia,
	dysarthria, confusion, coma)
	Altered mental status
	Elevated serum troponin levels Description that Cald line will be according associated with a top dead of a construction.
	Documentation that Cablivi will be used in combination with standard-of-care treatment for aTTP (TPE and glucocorticoid)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	Total treatment duration will be limited to 58 days beyond the last TPE treatment
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documented signs of ongoing disease (such as, suppressed ADAMTS13 activity levels) and no more than 2 recurrences of aTTP while on Cablivi. Recurrence is defined as thrombocytopenia after initial recovery of platelet count (platelet count greater than or equal to 150,000) that requires re-initiation of daily plasma exchange.
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for other causes of thrombocytopenia, such as other TTP-like disorders (congenital or hereditary TTP)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematology specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 3 months (for new episode), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CAPSAICIN KIT

Affected Medications: QUTENZA (capsaicin kit)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) – approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Neuropathic pain associated with postherpetic neuralgia (PHN) Neuropathic pain associated with diabetic peripheral neuropathy (DPN) of the feet
Required Medical Information:	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of ALL the following: Gabapentin Pregabalin Carbamazepine or oxcarbazepine or valproic acid/divalproex sodium Amitriptyline or nortriptyline Topical lidocaine Dose limited to single treatment (up to 4 patches) once every 90 days For renewal, your doctor must send in notes showing that this drug has worked well for you
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pain management specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 3 months (single treatment), unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months (up to 4 treatments), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CARGLUMIC ACID

Affected Medications: CARBAGLU, CARGLUMIC ACID

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis is confirmed by enzymatic, biochemical, or genetic testing Ammonia level above the upper limit of normal (ULN) reference range for the patient's age
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Current weight Acute hyperammonemia Prescribed in combination with at least one other ammonia-lowering therapy (examples include: sodium phenylacetate and sodium benzoate, intravenous glucose, insulin, L-arginine, L-carnitine, protein restriction, dialysis) For disease due to PA or MMA: Prescribed treatment course does not exceed 7 days Reauthorization for acute disease will require: documentation of reoccurrence of acute hyperammonemia meeting initial criteria Chronic hyperammonemia due to N-Acetylglutamate Synthase (NAGS) deficiency Prescribed in combination with a protein-restricted diet Reauthorization for chronic disease will require: Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy as evidenced by reduction in ammonia levels Documentation of member's current weight and continuation of appropriate treatment course
Exclusion Criteria:	Hyperammonemia caused by other enzyme deficiencies in the urea cycle: Carbamyl phosphate synthetase I (CPSI) deficiency Ornithine transcarbamylase (OTC) deficiency Argininosuccinate synthetase (ASS) deficiency Argininosuccinate lyase (ASL) deficiency Arginase deficiency Chronic treatment (use beyond 7 days) of acute or chronic hyperammonemia due to MMA or PA
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	Acute Hyperammonemia due to PA or MMA: Approval: 7 days, unless otherwise specified Acute Hyperammonemia due to NAGs deficiency: Approval: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



Chronic Hyperammonemia:

- Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
- Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CAYSTON

Affected Medications: CAYSTON (aztreonam inhalation)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Cystic fibrosis
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed diagnosis of cystic fibrosis Culture and sensitivity report confirming presence of Pseudomonas aeruginosa in the lungs Baseline FEV1 greater than 25% but less than 75% predicted
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented failure, contraindication, or resistance to inhaled tobramycin Dosing: 28 days on and 28 days off Reauthorization: requires documentation of improved respiratory symptoms and need for long-term use
Exclusion Criteria:	Baseline FEV1 less than 25% or greater than 75% predicted
Age Restriction:	Age 7 years or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CENOBAMATE

Affected Medications: XCOPRI (cenobamate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Partial-onset seizures in adult patients 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of baseline seizure frequency Documentation of treatment failure with at least three adjunctive therapies for seizure management (carbamazepine, lamotrigine, levetiracetam, oxcarbazepine, topiramate, lamotrigine, divalproex, lacosamide, zonisamide, phenytoin, valproic acid, gabapentin, pregabalin) 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dosing not to exceed 400 mg daily Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response as determined by provider	
Exclusion Criteria:	Familial short QT syndrome	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: CERLIPONASE ALFA

Affected Medications: BRINEURA (cerliponase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To slow the loss of ambulation in pediatric patients with neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis type 2 (CLN2), also known as tripeptidyl peptidase-1 (TPP1) deficiency	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of CLN2 disease confirmed by BOTH the following: Enzyme assay demonstrating deficient TPP1 activity Genetic testing that has detected two pathogenic variants/mutations in the TPP1/CLN2 gene (one on each parental allele of the TPP1/CLN2 gene) Documentation of mild to moderate functional impairment at baseline using the CLN2 Clinical Rating Scale, defined as ALL the following: Combined score of 3 to 6 in the motor and language domains Score of at least 1 in the motor domain Score of at least 1 in the language domain 	
Appropriate	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling	
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Reauthorization: Documentation of clinical responsiveness to therapy defined as disease stabilization OR a score of at least 1 in the motor domain of the CLN2 Clinical Rating Scale 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Any sign or symptom of acute or unresolved localized infection on or around the device insertion site (e.g., cellulitis or abscess); or suspected or confirmed CNS infection (e.g., cloudy CSF or positive CSF gram stain, or meningitis) Any acute intraventricular access device-related complication (e.g., leakage, extravasation of fluid, or device failure) Other forms of neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis Patients with ventriculoperitoneal shunts 	
Age Restriction:	- State of the sta	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist with expertise in the diagnosis of CLN2	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: CERTOLIZUMAB

Affected Medications: CIMZIA KIT. CIMZIA PREFILLED SYRINGE KIT. CIMZIA PREFILLED SYRINGE STARTER KIT

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan		
	design		
	 Plaque Psoriasis (PP) 		
	 Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA) 		
	 Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA) 		
	 Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS) 		
	 Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA) 		
	o Crohn's Disease (CD)		
	 Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (pJIA) 		
Required	Rheumatoid Arthritis		

Required Medical Information:

- Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale)
 - o Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
 - Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
 - Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment as defined by one of the following:
 - Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater
 - Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
 - Severe disease on other validated tools
 - Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction

AND

- Documentation of one or more of the following:
 - At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment

OR

o Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes:
 - Skin psoriasis: present two points, OR previously present by history one point, OR
 a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected one point
 - Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
 - o Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
 - Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
 - o Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point

Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis, and Psoriatic Arthritis with Axial Involvement

- Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by sacroiliitis on imaging AND at least one spondyloarthritis feature:
 - o Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
 - Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
 - Insidious onset
 - Improvement with exercise



- No improvement with rest
- Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
- Arthritis
- o Enthesitis
- Uveitis
- Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
- Psoriasis
- Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
- Good response to nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
- Family history of SpA
- o Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP)

OR

- HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
- Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale

Crohn's disease

- Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy
- Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment

Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis

 Documented current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD global score) or active joint count

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

All indications

Exception for pregnancy requires documentation of actively attempting to conceive

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - One of following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola, Renflexis), Actemra IV

AND

 Two of the following: Olumiant, Kevzara, Simponi Aria, Actemra SQ, Kineret, rituximab (preferred biosimilar products Truxima, Riabni, and Ruxience), Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies: methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

One of the following: Otezla, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), or Ilumya



Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Otezla, Simponi Aria, Orencia, or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis, and Psoriatic Arthritis with Axial Involvement

 Documented treatment failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal antiinflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each

OR

- For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Simponi Aria or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumabfkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Crohn's Disease

- Documented treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for minimum of 12 weeks trial: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR
- Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease
 OR
- Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following:
 - Fistulizing disease
 - o Stricture
 - o Presence of abscess/phlegmon
 - o Deep ulcerations
 - Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal involvement
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Entyvio or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide AND
- Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of two of the following therapies:



	 Actemra IV, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), and Simponi Aria 	
	Adalimumab-adaz), and Simponi Aria QL Induction CD/RA/PsA/AS/PP: 400 mg (2 injections) at week 0, 2 and 4 pJIA: 10 to <20 kg: 100 mg week 0, 2, 4 20 to <40 kg: 200 mg week 0, 2, 4 ≥40 kg: 400 (2 injections) week 0, 2, 4 Maintenance CD/RA/PsA/AS: 400 mg (2 injections) per 28 days PP: 90 kg or less: 400 mg (2 injections) per 28 days >90 kg: 400 mg every other week pJIA: 10 to <20 kg: 50 mg every 2 weeks 20 to <40 kg: 100 mg every 2 weeks ≥40 kg: 200 mg every 2 weeks	
	 Reauthorization Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/dermatologist/gastroenterologist as	
Restrictions:	appropriate for diagnosis	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified	
L		



CFTR MODULATORS

Affected Medications: ALYFTREK (vanzacaftor/tezacaftor/deutivacaftor), KALYDECO (ivacaftor), ORKAMBI (lumacaftor/ivacaftor), SYMDEKO (tezacaftor/ivacaftor), TRIKAFTA (elexacaftor/tezacaftor/ivacaftor)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design	
	 Cystic fibrosis (CF) in patients with mutation(s) in the F508del cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR) gene or another responsive mutation in the CFTR gene CF in patients who are homozygous for the F508del mutation in the CFTR gene (Orkambi) 	
Required Medical	Documentation of cystic fibrosis (CF) diagnosis confirmed by appropriate genetic or	
Information:	diagnostic testing (FDA approved CF mutation test)	
	 Please provide the diagnostic testing report and/or Cystic Fibrosis Foundation Patient Registry Report 	
	 Documentation of mutation(s) in the CFTR gene for which the drug has been FDA- approved to treat 	
Appropriate	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success	
Treatment		
Regimen & Other		
Criteria:		
Exclusion Criteria:	<u>Kalydeco</u> : Homozygous F508del mutation	
	Concurrent use with another CFTR modulator	
Age Restriction:	Alyftrek: 6 years of age and older	
	Kalydeco: one month of age and older	
	Orkambi: 1 year of age and older	
	Symdeko: 6 years of age and older	
	Trikafta: 2 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist or provider who specializes in CF	
Care Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: 24 months unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: CHELATING AGENTS

	PA policy applicable to: deferasirox, deferiprone			
1.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2	
2.	Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to one of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications?	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met	
Ch	ronic Iron Overload Due to Blood Transfusions in Myelod	ysplastic Syndromes		
1.	Documentation of International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) low or intermediate-1 risk level?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Documentation of a history of more than 20 red blood cell (RBC) transfusions OR that it is anticipated that more than 20 would be required?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met	
3.	Documentation of serum ferritin levels greater than 2500 ng/ml?	Yes – Document and go to # 4	No – Criteria not met	
4.	Is the request for deferasirox soluble tablet?	Yes – Go to #6	No- Go to #5	
5.	Is there documented failure with deferasirox?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met	
6.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist specialist?	Yes – Go to #7	No – Criteria not met	
7.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	
	Chronic Iron Overload Due to Blood Transfusions in Thalassemia syndromes, Sickle Cell Disease, or other anemias			
1.	Documentation of pretreatment serum ferritin level within the last 60 days of at least 1000 mcg/L?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Is the request for deferasirox soluble tablet?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Go to #3	



3.	Is there documented failure with deferasirox?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met	
4.	Documentation of platelet counts greater than 50,000 per microliter?	Yes – Go to #5	No – Criteria not met	
5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist specialist?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met	
6.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	
Ch	Chronic Iron Overload in Non-Transfusion Dependent Thalassemia Syndromes			
1.	Documentation of liver iron (Fe) concentration (LIC) levels consistently greater than or equal to 5 mg Fe per gram of dry weight	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Documentation of serum ferritin levels consistently greater than 300 mcg/L prior to initiation of treatment	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met	
3.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved label?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	
Re	Renewal Criteria			
1.	Is there documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy defined as a reduction from baseline liver iron concentration (LIC) or serum ferritin level? (LIC and serum ferritin must still be above 3 mg Fe per gram of dry weight and 500 mcg/L, respectively)	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met	
2.	Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met	

Quantity Limitations

- Exjade (deferasirox soluble tablet) available in 125mg, 250mg, 500mg tablets
 - o 20-40 mg/kg/day
- Jadenu (deferasirox tablet or granules) available in 90mg, 180mg, 360mg tablets
 - o 14-28 mg/kg/day
- Ferriprox (deferiprone) 100mg/ml oral solution, 500mg, 1000mg tablets
 - o 75-99 mg/kg/day



 Can be used in adult and pediatric patients 8 years of age and older (tablets), or 3 years of a older (solution) 		



POLICY NAME: CHOLBAM

Affected Medications: CHOLBAM (cholic acid)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of bile acid synthesis disorders due to single enzyme defects (SEDs) Adjunctive treatment of peroxisomal disorders, including Zellweger spectrum disorders, in patients who exhibit manifestations of liver disease, steatorrhea, or complications from decreased fat-soluble vitamin absorption	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of all prior therapies, patient weight, and anticipated treatment course Baseline liver function tests (AST, ALT, GGT, ALP, total bilirubin, INR) <u>Bile acid synthesis disorder</u> Diagnosis confirmed by assessment of serum or urinary bile acid levels using mass spectrometry (Fast Atom Bombardment ionization - Mass Spectrometry (FAB-MS) analysis) 	
	 Peroxisomal disorders including Zellweger spectrum disorders Diagnosis confirmed by clinical features, elevated very long-chain fatty acid (VLCFA) levels, peroxisomal biomarkers, genetic testing Prothrombin time (vitamin K), serum levels of vitamins A, D, and E. Hepatic injury or at risk of liver injury (elevations in liver enzymes or atypical bile acids) OR If normal liver function tests, must show manifestations of liver disease, steatorrhea, or complications from decreased fat-soluble vitamin absorption 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	Will not be used for treatment of extrahepatic manifestations (such as neurologic symptoms) of bile acid synthesis disorders	
Criteria:	 Reauthorization requires documentation of clinically significant improvement in liver function as determined by meeting TWO of the following criteria: Improvement in abnormal liver chemistries (AST, ALT, bilirubin) Reduction or stabilization of hepatic inflammation and fibrosis Reduced levels of the toxic C27-bile acid intermediates dihydroxycholestanoic acid (DHCA) and trihydroxycholestanoic acid (THCA) in plasma and urine Improvement in prothrombin time (as a result of improved vitamin K absorption) and serum levels of vitamins A, D, and E No evidence of cholestasis on liver biopsy Body weight increased or stabilized Treatment should be discontinued if liver function does not improve after 3 months of start of treatment 	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or metabolic specialist	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



CHOLESTATIC LIVER DISEASE

Affected Medications: BYLVAY (odevixibat), LIVMARLI (Maralixibat)

Covered Uses:	() 111	
	plan design	
	 Pruritus due to progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC) 	
	 Cholestatic pruritus in patients with Alagille syndrome (ALGS) 	
Required Medical	Documentation of experiencing moderate to severe pruritis associated with PFIC or	
Information:	ALGS	
	Documentation of serum bile acid concentration above the upper limit of normal (ULN)	
	reference range for the reporting laboratory	
	<u>PFIC</u>	
	 Documentation of confirmed molecular diagnosis of PFIC type 1 or type 2 	
	 Documentation of absence of ABCB11 gene variant if PFIC type 2 	
	<u>ALGS</u>	
	Documentation of ALGS confirmed by:	
	 Genetic test detecting a JAG1 or NOTCH2 mutation OR 	
	 Liver biopsy and at least three clinical features: 	
	 Chronic cholestasis 	
	 Cardiac disease 	
	 Ocular or skeletal abnormalities 	
	 Characteristic facial features 	
	 Renal and vascular disease 	
Appropriate	Documentation of current weight and dosing in accordance with FDA labeling	
Treatment	 Documented treatment failure with <u>ALL</u> the following for at least 30 days: 	
Regimen & Other	o Rifampin	
Criteria:	o Ursodiol	
	 Cholestyramine (or colesevelam if requesting for ALGS) 	
	Reauthorization:	
	Documented treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior hepatic decompensation events	
	Decompensated cirrhosis (such as ALT or total bilirubin greater than 10-times the ULN)	
	Concomitant liver disease (e.g., biliary atresia, liver cancer, non- PFIC related	
	cholestasis)	
	Prior liver transplant	
Age Restriction:	Age is in accordance with FDA labeling	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist or a specialist with experience in	
Care Restrictions:	the treatment of PFIC or ALGS	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	
[



Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CLADRIBINE

Affected Medications: MAVENCLAD (cladribine)

Affected Medicatio	ns: MAVENCLAD (cladribine)		
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan		
	design.		
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: 		
	 Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) 		
	 Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) 		
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS) RRMS		
Required	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic 		
Medical Information:	criteria for MS		
illiorillation.	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be 		
	consistent with MS		
	<u>CIS</u>		
	Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and		
	corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that		
	are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or		
	juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)		
	Active SPMS		
	Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic		
	function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)		
	Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity		
	(i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)		
	Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5		
Appropriate	No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS		
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with (or intolerance to) a minimum 12-week trial of at least two		
Regimen &	disease-modifying therapies for MS		
Other Criteria:			
	Reauthorization (1 time only) requires provider attestation of treatment success		
	Eligible to initiate second treatment cycle 43 weeks after last dose was administered		
Exclusion	Current malignancy		
Criteria:	Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection		
	Active chronic infections (e.g., hepatitis, tuberculosis) Programmer		
	Pregnancy Treatment beyond 2 years		
	Treatment beyond 2 years		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist		
Restrictions:			
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:	Reauthorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified		
Daration.			



POLICY NAME: COAGADEX

Affected Medications: COAGADEX (Factor X)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Indicated in children and adults with hereditary Factor X (FX) deficiency for: Routine prophylaxis to reduce frequency of bleeding episodes On-demand treatment and control of bleeding episodes Perioperative management of bleeding in mild, moderate, or severe disease
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of hereditary Factor X (FX) deficiency, confirmed by baseline plasma FX levels (FX:C) less than or equal to 10% Patient weight Routine Prophylaxis Documented baseline frequency of bleeding episodes
	Perioperative Management Documentation of scheduled procedure with intent to use Coagadex for perioperative management of bleeding episodes
Appropriate Treatment	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization
Criteria:	Prophylaxis: Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment plan and
Ontona.	responsiveness to therapy, defined as a reduction in spontaneous bleeds requiring treatment
	On-demand: Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment plan, number of acute bleeds since last approval, and number of doses on-hand (not to exceed 6 total doses)
	Perioperative: N/A
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	 Prophylaxis/On-demand: Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Perioperative: 1 month, unless otherwise specified



COMPOUNDED MEDICATIONS

Affected Medications: ALL COMPOUNDED MEDICATIONS

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	All compounded ingredients must be submitted on the pharmacy claim
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Compounded medications will only be payable after <u>ALL</u> commercially available or formulary products have been exhausted. In the case of a payable claim, only compound ingredients that are covered on the applicable formulary will be reimbursed under this policy. Compounds above a certain dollar threshold will be stopped by the claim adjudication system.
Exclusion Criteria:	 Compounds for experimental or investigational uses will not be covered. Compounds containing non-FDA approved ingredients will not be covered Non-FDA approved compounded medications will not be covered when an FDA approved, commercially available medication is on the market for treatment of requested condition
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	3 months unless otherwise specified



CONTINUOUS GLUCOSE MONITORS (CGM)

Affected Medications: FREESTYLE LIBRE, DEXCOM

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Type 1 diabetes mellitus
	 Type 2 diabetes mellitus requiring rapid, short, or intermediate acting insulin
	 Gestational diabetes requiring rapid, short, or intermediate acting insulin
Required Medical	For type 1 diabetes, type 2 diabetes, gestational diabetes:
Information:	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Currently on an insulin pump
	 Baseline HbA1c Level 8.0% or higher
	 Frequent or severe hypoglycemia
	 Impaired awareness of hypoglycemia
	 Diabetes related complications (e.g., peripheral neuropathy, end organ
	damage)
	OR
	Children and adolescents under 21
	OR _
	 Documentation of type 1 diabetes for women who are pregnant or actively attempting to conceive
Appropriate Treatment	When requested through the PHARMACY benefit:
Regimen & Other	Coverage for a CGM that is not Freestyle Libre or Dexcom is provided when the member
Criteria:	meets the following criteria:
	 Documentation of current use of an insulin pump that is compatible with a CGM that is not Freestyle Libre or Dexcom
	For type 2 diabetes, gestational diabetes:
	Documentation of current use of rapid, short, or intermediate acting insulin
	Reauthorization:
	Type 1 diabetes requires documentation of improved glycemic control
	Type 2 diabetes requires documentation of improved glycemic control and continued
	use of rapid, short, or intermediate acting insulin
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 year, unless otherwise specified



COPPER CHELATING AGENTS

Affected Medications: Penicillamine, Trientine hydrochloride, CUVRIOR (trientine tetrahydrochloride)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Wilson's disease Cystinuria (penicillamine only) Rheumatoid arthritis (penicillamine only) Copper measurement in urine (penicillamine only)
Required Medical Information:	For penicillamine: Documented treatment plan including routine urinalysis, WBCs, hemoglobin, platelet count, liver function tests, renal function tests due to risk of fatalities due to aplastic anemia, agranulocytosis, thrombocytopenia, myasthenia gravis, and Goodpasture's Syndrome
	 Wilson's Disease Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following: Genetic testing results confirming biallelic pathogenic ATP7B mutations (in either symptomatic or asymptomatic individuals) Liver biopsy findings consistent with Wilson's disease Presence of Kayser-Fleischer (KF) rings AND serum ceruloplasmin level less than 20 mg/dL AND 24-hour urinary copper excretion greater than 40 mcg Presence of Kayser-Fleischer (KF) rings AND 24-hour urinary copper excretion greater than 100 mcg Absence of KF rings with serum ceruloplasmin level less than 10 mg/dL AND 24-hour urinary copper excretion greater than 100 mcg Rheumatoid arthritis Documentation of severe, active disease defined by one of the following:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Wilson's Disease For Cuvrior, must meet both of the following: Occumented treatment failure with a minimum 6-month trial of penicillamine that was not due to tolerability AND Occumented intolerable adverse event to a maximally tolerated dosage of generic trientine hydrochloride and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
	 Rheumatoid arthritis Has failed to respond to an adequate trial of conventional therapies (such as methotrexate, sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide, Hadlima, Adalimumabfkjp, (Cordavis), Adalimumab-adaz, Enbrel, Xeljanz, Rinvoq, and Inflectra)



	Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy o For Wilson's Disease, this is defined as normalization of free serum copper (non-ceruloplasmin bound copper) to less than 15 mcg/dL and 24-hour urinary copper in the range of 200 to 500 mcg
Exclusion Criteria:	 For trientine hydrochloride: Treatment of rheumatoid arthritis Treatment of cystinuria Treatment of biliary cirrhosis Use of penicillamine during pregnancy (except for treatment of Wilson's disease or cystinuria)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or liver transplant physician
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CORLANOR

Affected Medications: CORLANOR (ivabradine) 5 mg/5mL oral solution

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Stable, symptomatic chronic heart failure with reduced ejection fraction in adult
	patients (adjunctive therapy)
	 Stable, symptomatic heart failure due to dilated cardiomyopathy (DCM) in
	pediatric patients 6 months and older
	Compendia-supported uses that will be covered
	 Inappropriate sinus tachycardia
Required Medical	Chronic heart failure in adult patients
Information:	Documentation of chronic heart failure with left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) 35%
	or less AND
	Resting heart rate of at least 70 beats per minute (bpm)
	Heart failure in mediatria matienta
	 Heart failure in pediatric patients Documentation of stable symptomatic disease due to DCM
	Currently in sinus rhythm with an elevated heart rate
	Inappropriate sinus tachycardia
	Documented resting heart rate of at least 100 beats per minute, with a mean heart rate
	of at least 90 beats per minute over 24 hours, that is not due to appropriate physiologic
	response or primary abnormality (such as hyperthyroidism or anemia)
	Symptoms are present (such as palpitations, shortness of breath, dizziness, and/or
	decreased exercise capacity)
	Documented absence of identifiable causes of sinus tachycardia and exclusion of atrial
	tachycardia
Appropriate	Chronic heart failure in adult patients
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with a beta blocker (metoprolol succinate extended)
Regimen & Other	release, carvedilol, or carvedilol extended release) at the maximally tolerated dose for
Criteria:	heart failure treatment OR
	Documentation of contraindication to beta-blocker use
	Heart failure in pediatric patients
	Treatment failure with beta blocker or digoxin, or contraindication to beta blocker and
	digoxin use
	digoxiii use
	All Indications
	Requests for Corlanor oral solution will require at least ONE of the following:
	Request is for a pediatric patient
	 Request is for an adult patient who is unable to swallow tablets
	 Documentation of an adverse event with generic ivabradine tablets (and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active
	ingredient)



	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
	Development of atrial fibrillation while on therapy will exclude patient from reauthorization
Exclusion Criteria:	Acute, decompensated heart failure
	Blood pressure less than 90/50 mm Hg
	 Sick sinus syndrome, sinoatrial block, third-degree atrioventricular block (unless stable with functioning demand pacemaker)
	Severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class C)
	Heart rate maintained exclusively by pacemaker
Age Restriction:	Heart failure due to DCM: 6 months to less than 18 years of age
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



CORTICOTROPIN INJECTION GEL

Affected Medications: ACTHAR Gel (repository corticotripin injection), PURIFIED CORTROPHIN GEL (repository corticotropin injection)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Diagnostic adrenocortical function
Required Medical Information:	ACTHAR GEL ONLY: Diagnosis of infantile spasms and currently receiving treatment with Acthar gel and has shown substantial clinical benefit from therapy, OR the patient has not received previous treatment with Acthar gel and the patient is less than 2 years of age (If yes, skip directly to exclusion criteria)
	All other indications:
	Coverage of Acthar Gel requires a documented intolerable adverse event to a trial of Purified Cortrophin Gel and one of the following:
	 Use for diagnostic testing of adrenocortical function and the patient cannot be tested with Cosyntropin, OR
	 For use in serum sickness and the patient had an inadequate response to parenteral corticosteroids, OR
	 For use in rheumatic diseases, used as adjunctive treatment, and the patient had an inadequate response to parenteral corticosteroids, OR
	 The patient has a diagnosis of nephrotic syndrome, the therapy is being requested for induction of diuresis or for remission proteinuria, and the patient had an inadequate response to parenteral corticosteroids, OR
	 The therapy is requested for multiple sclerosis (MS) exacerbation and the patient had an inadequate response to parenteral corticosteroids, OR
	 The patient has Collagen diseases (eg, systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), dermatomyositis, or polymyositis), Dermatologic disorders (eg, severe erythema multiforme, Stevens-Johnson syndrome), Ophthalmic disorders, acute or chronic (eg, iritis, keratitis, optic neuritis), or Symptomatic sarcoidosis AND the patient had an inadequate response to parenteral corticosteroids
Appropriate Treatment	 MS exacerbation: Failure to generic oral AND intravenous glucocorticoids SLE: Failure to hydroxychloroquine or chloroquine AND generic glucocorticoids
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Receipt of live or live attenuated vaccines within 6 weeks of corticotropin gel administration Suspected congenital infection (infants) Scleroderma Osteoporosis Systemic fungal infections Peptic ulcer disease Ocular herpes simplex Congestive heart failure Recent surgery



	 Uncontrolled hypertension Known hypersensitivity to porcine proteins Primary adrenocortical insufficiency or hyperfunction
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approvals: Infantile Spasms (ACTHAR GEL ONLY), Rheumatic Diseases, Nephrotic Syndrome, Collagen Diseases, Dermatologic Diseases, Ophthalmic Disorders, or Symptomatic Sarcoidosis = 6 months, unless otherwise specified Diagnostic Use = 1 dose, (30 days), unless otherwise specified Serum Sickness = 1 month, unless otherwise specified MS Exacerbation = 3 weeks, unless otherwise specified



COVID-19 DIAGNOSTIC AT HOME TESTING (PHARMACY BENEFIT)

Affected Medications: COVID-19 DIAGNOSTIC AT HOME TESTING (PHARMACY BENEFIT)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of the type of test requested including: Molecular testing or antigen testing Rapid testing or sample collection Manufacturer of test or kit Documentation of symptoms consistent with COVID-19 or who have confirmed or suspected exposure to COVID-19
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Authorized by the Food and Drug Administration (including emergency use authorization)
Exclusion Criteria:	Tests not approved or cleared by the FDA
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 10 days



POLICY NAME: CRINECERFONT

Affected Medications: CRENESSITY (crinecerfont)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Congenital adrenal hyperplasia (CAH)
Required Medical	Confirmed diagnosis of classic CAH due to 21-hydroxylase deficiency (21-OHD)
Information:	confirmed by one of the following
	 Elevated 17-hydroxyprogestone level
	 Confirmed cytochrome CYP21A2 genotype
	 Positive newborn screening with confirmatory second-tier testing (such as liquid
	chromatography tandem mass spectrometry)
	 Cosyntropin stimulation test
	Documentation of being used concurrently with a systemic glucocorticoid (such as
	hydrocortisone, prednisone, prednisolone, dexamethasone)
	Body surface area (BSA)
Appropriate	Requests for oral solution must have documented inability to swallow tablets
Treatment	Documentation of being on a supraphysiologic systemic glucocorticoid dose to control
Regimen & Other	disease (total glucocorticoid dose of at least 10 mg/m²/day in hydrocortisone dose
Criteria:	equivalents)
	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling
	Reauthorization required documentation of treatment success defined by a reduction in serum androstenedione (A4) or reduction in glucocorticoid dose
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	4 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization:12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CRIZANLIZUMAB

Affected Medications: ADAKVEO (crizanlizumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To reduce the frequency of vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) in adults and pediatric patients aged 16 years and older with sickle cell disease
Required Medical	Diagnosis of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing
Information:	Two or more sickle cell-related crises in the past 12 months
	 Therapeutic failure of 6-month trial on maximum tolerated dose of hydroxyurea or intolerable adverse event to hydroxyurea
Appropriate	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be
Treatment	enforced
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined by a decrease in the number of vaso-occlusive crises
Exclusion Criteria:	Long-term red blood cell transfusion therapy
	Hemoglobin is less than 4.0 g/dL
	Chronic anticoagulation therapy (e.g., warfarin, heparin) other than aspirin
	History of stroke within the past 2 years
	Combined use with Endari (L-glutamine)
Age Restriction:	16 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CROVALIMAB

Affected Medications: PIASKY (crovalimab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by The desire.
	plan design
Demined Medical	Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH)
Required Medical	Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing Processes of at least 3 different glycosylphosphotidylinosital (CRI) protein
Information:	 Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g.,
	granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes)
	Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 2 times the upper
	limit of normal range
	One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings:
	Presence of a thrombotic event
	Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis
	History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
	Body weight
Appropriate	Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab-cwvz
Treatment	(Ultomiris)
Regimen & Other	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and most recent body weight
Criteria:	
00	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in
	serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and
	reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with other biologics for PNH (Soliris, Ultomiris, Empaveli, Fabhalta)
	 Current meningitis infection or other unresolved serious infection caused by
	encapsulated bacteria
Age Restriction:	13 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: CYSTEAMINE

Affected Medications: PROCYSBI (cysteamine bitartrate delayed release)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Nephropathic cystinosis
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of nephropathic cystinosis confirmed by ONE of the following: Molecular genetic testing showing mutations in the CTNS gene Leukocyte cystine concentration above the laboratory reference range Presence of cysteine corneal crystals by slit lamp examination
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Cystagon
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: DALFAMPRIDINE

Affected Medications: dalfampridine

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment to improve walking in adult patients with multiple sclerosis (MS)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Multiple Sclerosis (MS) with documented impairment, but able to walk with or
Information:	without assistance
	 Documentation of baseline Timed 25-foot walk test (T25-FW)
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success compared to baseline walking
Treatment	ability as determined by treating provider
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	History of seizures
	Creatinine clearance less than or equal to 50mL/min
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or after consultation with, a neurologist or an MS specialist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **DANICOPAN**

Affected Medications: VOYDEYA (danicopan)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of extravascular hemolysis (EVH) in adults with paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH)
Required Medical	Patients complete or update vaccination with meningococcal vaccine at least two weeks
Information:	prior to initiation of Voydeya the requested therapy and revaccinated according to current Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) guidelines
Appropriate	Must be used in combination with ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris) or eculizumab (Soliris)
Treatment	[separate authorization required]
Regimen & Other	Documentation of clinically significant extravascular hemolysis (EVH) defined as
Criteria:	persistent anemia (Hgb less than or equal to 9.5 gram/deciliter) with absolute reticulocyte
	count greater than or equal to 120 x 10 ⁹ /liter despite use of Ultomiris or Soliris for at least
	6 months
	Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	Use without Ultomiris or Soliris
	 Concurrent use with biologics for PNH other than Ultomiris and Soliris (such as pegcetacoplan or iptacopan) Current meningitis infection
Age Restriction:	• Current meningus infection
Aye Nesulction.	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



DAPTOMYCIN

Affected Medications: Daptomycin Solution Reconstituted 350 mg Intravenous, Daptomycin Solution Reconstituted 500 mg Intravenous

Covered Uses:	Empiric outpatient intravenous treatment of a suspected gram-positive bacterial infection All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Bacteremia, including right-sided infective endocarditis caused by: Methicillin-susceptible Staphylococcus aureus (MSSA) Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) Complicated Skin and Skin Structure Infections (cSSSI) caused by susceptible
	isolates of the following Gram-positive bacteria: MSSA MRSA Streptococcus pyogenes Streptococcus agalactiae Streptococcus dysgalactiae subsp. equisimilis Enterococcus faecalis
	 Compendia-supported uses including Vancomycin resistant enterococci (VRE) or vancomycin resistant staph aureus (VRSA) infections Bacteremia associated with intravascular line Osteomyelitis Septic arthritis Acute Hematogenous Osteomyelitis (Pediatric only) Vertebral osteomyelitis
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed or suspected gram-positive bacterial infection Documentation of treatment history and current treatment regimen Documentation of therapy intention (empiric, pathogen directed) Documentation of culture and sensitivity data or plan to adjust from empiric to definitive therapy once culture results are available Documentation of planned treatment duration as applicable Documentation of planned dosing, current weight, and patient renal function Avoidance of vancomycin due to nephrotoxicity will require documentation of multiple (at least 2 consecutive) increased serum creatinine concentrations (increase of 0.5 mg/dL (44 mcmol/L) or at least 50 percent increase from baseline, whichever is greater), without an alternative explanation
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	Empiric outpatient intravenous treatment of a suspected gram-positive bacterial infection for up to 7 days
Criteria:	Bacteremia, including right-sided infective endocarditis Documentation of MRSA or VRE infection Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to linezolid and vancomycin
	or contraindication or rationale for avoidance to therapy with each • Adult dosing: o 6 to 12 mg/kg once daily o CrCl less than 30 mL/min: adjust dose frequency to once every 48 hours • Pediatric dosing: o 1 to 6 years of age: 12mg/kg once daily
	o 7 to 11 years of age: 9mg/kg once daily



12 to 17 years of age: 7mg/kg once daily

Duration of therapy: 2 to 6 weeks

Bacteremia associated with intravascular line

- Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to linezolid and vancomycin or contraindication or rationale for avoidance to therapy with each.
- Adult dosing
 - o For infections caused by MRSA: 6 to 8mg/kg once daily
 - For infections caused by
 - methicillin-resistant, coagulase-negative staphylococci: 6mg/kg once daily
 - ampicillin-resistant, vancomycin-susceptible Enterococcus faecalis/faecium: 6mg/kg once daily
 - ampicillin-resistant, vancomycin-resistant Enterococcus faecalis/faecium: 6mg/kg once daily
 - CrCl less than 30 mL/min: adjust dose frequency to once every 48 hours

cSSSI

- Documentation of MSSA or MRSA infection
- Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to beta-lactams (e.g., cefazolin), clindamycin, doxycycline, linezolid, sulfamethoxazole/trimethoprim, and vancomycin, or contraindication or rationale for avoidance to therapy with each
- Adult dosing:
 - 4mg/kg once daily for 7 to 14 days
 - CrCl less than 30 mL/min: adjust dose frequency to once every 48 hours
- Pediatric dosing:
 - o 1 to less than 2 years of age: 10mg/kg once daily
 - 2 to 6 years of age: 9mg/kg once daily
 - 7 to 11 years of age: 7mg/kg once daily
 - 12 to 17 years of age: 5mg/kg once daily
- Duration of therapy: 7 to 14 days

Osteomyelitis and Septic arthritis

- Documentation of MRSA and VRE infection
- Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to vancomycin and linezolid or contraindication or rationale for avoidance to therapy with each
- Adult dosing: 6 to 10 mg/kg
 - o CrCl less than 30 mL/min: adjust dose frequency to once every 48 hours
- Pediatric dosing: 6 to 10mg/kg once daily
- Duration of therapy

Osteomyelitis: 8 weeksSeptic arthritis: 3 to 4 weeks

Acute Hematogenous Osteomyelitis (Pediatric only)

- Documentation of MRSA infection
- Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to clindamycin and vancomycin or contraindication or rationale for avoidance to therapy with each
- Pediatric dosing:
 - o 1 to 6 years of age: 12mg/kg once daily



	o 7 to 11 years of age: 9mg/kg once daily
	o 12 to 17 years of age: 7mg/kg once daily o 12 to 17 years of age: 7mg/kg once daily
	, , ,
	Duration of therapy: 3 to 6 weeks
	lar and a second
	<u>Vertebral osteomyelitis</u>
	Documentation of MRSA or VRE infection
	Documentation of treatment failure or pathogen resistance to vancomycin and linezolid
	or contraindication or rationale for avoidance to therapy with each
	Adult dosing: 6 to 8 mg/kg once daily
	 CrCl less than 30 mL/min: adjust dose frequency to once every 48 hours
	Duration: 6 weeks
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of pneumonia
	Treatment of left-sided infective endocarditis or prosthetic valve endocarditis due to
	Staphylococcus aureus
	Treatment of VRE colonization of urine or respiratory tract
	English of the control of the contro
Age Restriction:	At least 1 year of age
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Restrictions:	
	- Empiric treatment of an infection equand by an undefined natheagen on an authorient
Coverage Duration:	Empiric treatment of an infection caused by an undefined pathogen on an outpatient basis approach 7 days
	basis, approval: 7 days
	Other, approval: 1 month



POLICY NAME: DASATINIB

Affected Medications: dasatinib

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
	 National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed treatment regimen
	Documentation of Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1-positive mutation status
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	For patients with Chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) and low risk score, documented clinical failure with Imatinib
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response)
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial authorization: 4 months (2-week initial partial fill), unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: DEFIBROTIDE

Affected Medications: DEFITELIO (defibrotide sodium)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult and pediatric patients with hepatic veno-occlusive disease (VOD), also known as sinusoidal obstruction syndrome (SOS), with renal or pulmonary dysfunction following hematopoietic stem-cell transplantation (HSCT)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of, or high suspicion for, classical or late-onset hepatic VOD Weight prior to HSCT, dose, and frequency
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Requested dose within the FDA-approved label
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



DELANDISTROGENE MOXEPARVOVEC-ROKL

Affected Medications: ELEVIDYS (delandistrogene moxeparvovec-rokl)

Covered Uses:	 Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of patients ages 4 and up with Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD)
Required Medical Information:	 Confirmed mutation of DMD gene between exons 18-58 North Star Ambulatory Assessment (NSAA) scale total score of 17 or more Receiving physical and/or occupational therapy Baseline anti-AAVrh74 total binding antibody titer of less than 1:400 as measured by ELISA Current weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of being on a stable dose of an oral corticosteroid such as prednisone for at least 12-weeks, and will continue prior to and following Elevidys infusion, according to FDA approved labeling Does not exceed FDA approved dosing based on weight and maximum of 70 vials Number of vials needed = patient body weight (kg) rounded to nearest number of vials
Exclusion Criteria:	 Exon 8 and/or exon 9 deletion in DMD gene Concomitant therapy or within the past 6 months with DMD-directed antisense oligonucleotides such as golodirsen, casimersen, viltolarsen, eteplirsen Current active infection Previous Elevidys treatment in their lifetime Acute liver disease or impaired liver function
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month (one-time dose, no reauthorization)



DIABETIC TEST STRIPS

Affected Medications: DIABETIC TEST STRIPS (all brands)

_	All Food and Drug Administration	on (FDA) approved indications as	at athomysica avaluded by			
Covered Uses:						
	plan design					
	Diabetes Mellitus (DM) Decumentation of complete % current treatment course.					
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of complete & current treatment course					
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 330-4999 Preferred products must be prescribed: Freestyle Lite Freestyle Precision Neo Freestyle InsuLinx Non-FreeStyle products will require a formulary exception request and will adhere to the following quantity limits below 					
	Standard Quantity Limits:	Standard Quantity Limit	٦			
	Inculin dependent DM	Standard Quantity Limit	_			
	Insulin dependent DM	100 test strips per 25 days				
	Non-insulin dependent DM	(4x/day)				
		٦				
	Exception	Quantity Limit				
	Gestational DM					
	Insulin administration of 4 times	150 test strips per 25 days				
	daily or greater	(6x/day)				
	New onset Adult DM					
	Uncontrolled DM (HbA1c					
	greater than 10%)					
			7			
	Exception	Quantity Limit				
	Insulin Pump Start	250 test strips per 25 days				
	New onset Pediatric DM	(10x/day)				
F-1-1-1-0	D		ui (1)			
Exclusion Criteria:	 Patients actively utilizing continuous glucose monitors (CGM) will not be approved for greater than 4 times daily testing (#100/25 days) 					
Ann Bradel d	-	· ,				
Age Restriction:						
Prescriber Restrictions:						
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months					



POLICY NAME: DINUTUXIMAB

Affected Medications: UNITUXIN (dinutuximab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded from				
	by plan design				
	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or high as				
Required Medical	 higher Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and 				
Information:	prescribed dosing regimen				
	Documentation of high-risk neuroblastoma diagnosis as defined per the International Neuroblastoma Response Criteria (INRC):				
	 An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or serum) catecholamines or their metabolites] OR 				
	 Evidence of metastases to bone marrow on an aspirate or trephine biopsy with concomitant elevation of urinary or serum catecholamines or their metabolites 				
	Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including:				
	 Stage 2/3/4/4S disease with amplified MYCN gene (any age) 				
	Stage 4 disease in patients greater than 18 months of age				
	 Documented history of previous treatment with at least a partial response to prior first-line multi-agent, multimodality therapy 				
Appropriate Treatment	Maximum duration: 5 cycles				
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant				
Criteria:	response to therapy				
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater				
Age Restriction:	Under 18 years of age				
Prescriber					
Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist				
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 5 months, unless otherwise specified				



POLICY NAME: DOJOLVI

Affected Medications: DOJOLVI (triheptanoin)

Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. A source of calories and fatty acids for the treatment of pediatric and adult patients with molecularly confirmed long-chain fatty acid oxidation disorders. Diagnosis of long chain fatty acid oxidation disorder (LC-FAOD) confirmed by molecular genetic testing or enzyme assay Documentation of total prescribed daily caloric intake Documentation of severe disease despite dietary management as evidenced by one of the following: Hypoglycemia after short periods of fasting Evidence of functional cardiomyopathy with poor ejection fraction requiring ongoing management
	 Frequent severe major medical episodes requiring emergency room visits, acute care, or hospitalization (3 within the past year or 5 within the past 2 years) Elevated creatinine kinase (chronic or episodic)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	 Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to an over the counter (OTC) medium-chain triglyceride (MCT) product Dose not to exceed 35% of daily caloric intake
Criteria:	 Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use of another medium chain triglyceride product Medium chain acyl-dehydrogenase deficiency
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or provider experienced in the management of metabolic disorders
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **DONANEMAB-AZBT**

Affected Medications: KISUNLA (donanemab-azbt)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by				
	plan design				
	Alzheimer's disease				
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of mild cognitive impairment due to Alzheimer's disease or mild Alzheimer's dementia as evidenced by ALL of the following: Clinical Dementia Rating (CDR) global score of 0.5 – 1.0 Evidence of cognitive impairment at baseline using validated objective scales Mini-Mental Status Exam (MMSE) score between 20 and 28 Positron Emission Tomography (PET) scan positive for amyloid beta plaque Documentation of baseline brain magnetic resonance (MRI) within the last year with no superficial siderosis or brain hemorrhage Provider attestation that monitoring for ARIA will be conducted with MRI prior to initiation and prior to the 2nd, 3rd, 4th, and 7th infusion 				
Appropriate	Current weight				
Treatment	Davis a				
Regimen & Other	Dosing	an vial			
Criteria:	 Availability: 350 mg/20 mL single-do Dose-rounding to the nearest vial si 	ze within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced			
	Dose-rounding to the hearest viai si	ze within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced			
	Dosing and monitoring schedule:				
	Intravenous infusion (every 4 weeks)	Dose			
	Infusions 1, 2, and 3	700 mg			
	1400 mg				
	 Reauthorization (76 weeks total allowed) Documentation of clinically significant amyloid reduction compared to baseline confirmed by post-infusion PET scan Documentation of updated surveillance MRI showing absence of clinically significant microhemorrhage and superficial siderosis since prior approval Documentation of one of the following when compared to baseline: Cognitive or functional improvement Disease stabilization Reduction in clinical decline compared to natural disease progression 				
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior stroke or brain hemorrhage Current treatment with immunoglobulin G (IgG) therapy 				
	Evidence of moderate to severe Alzheimer's disease				
A B (1.4)	Non-Alzheimer's dementia				
Age Restriction:	59 years of age and older				
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist				
Care Restrictions:					



Coverage Duration:	•	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified (76 weeks total approval)



POLICY NAME: **DONISLECEL**

Affected Medications: LANTIDRA (donislecel solution)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design				
Required Medical	Diagnosis of type 1 diabetes for 5 or more years				
Information:	Documentation of inability to achieve target HbA1c despite adherence to intensive insulin management with all the following:				
	 Multiple daily injections of prandial and basal insulin or on an insulin pump 				
	 Performing at least four blood glucose tests per day or using a continuous glucose monitor 				
	Documentation of 2 or more episodes of severe hypoglycemia (blood glucose level less than 50 mg/dL) in the past three years requiring assistance of another person with either an oral carbohydrate, intravenous glucose, or glucagon administration				
	Documentation of hypoglycemia unawareness, defined by the absence of adequate autonomic symptoms during an episode of severe hypoglycemia				
Appropriate	Reauthorization requires documentation of not achieving exogenous insulin independence				
Treatment	within one year of infusion or within one year of losing independence from exogenous insulin				
Regimen & Other	(maximum of three infusions per lifetime)				
Criteria:					
Exclusion Criteria:	Pregnancy				
	Malignancy				
	Active infection				
	Previous kidney or pancreas transplant				
	Prior portal vein thrombosis				
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older				
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist				
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months (single treatment), unless specified otherwise				



POLICY NAME: DORNASE ALFA

Affected Medications: PULMOZYME (dornase alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.		
Required Medical Information:	The diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis (CF) has been confirmed by appropriate diagnostic or genetic testing Additional testing should include evaluation of overall clinical lung status and respiratory function (e.g., pulmonary function tests, lung imaging, etc.)		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Pulmozyme will be used in conjunction with standard therapies for cystic fibrosis Reauthorization will require documentation of a clinically significant response to therapy		
Exclusion Criteria:			
Age Restriction:	1 month or older		
Prescriber Restrictions:			
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 24 months, unless otherwise specified.		



DUOPA

Affected Medications: DUOPA (carbidopa/levodopa enteral suspension)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design				
Required Medical Information:	 Treatment of motor fluctuations in patients with advanced Parkinson's disease (PD) Documentation of all the following: Diagnosis of advanced PD Clear response to levodopa treatment with evidence of "On" periods Persistent motor fluctuations with "Off" time occurring 3 hours or more per day while awake despite an optimized PD treatment regimen Has undergone or has planned placement of a nasojejunal (NJ) tube for temporary administration of Duopa OR gastrostomy-jejunostomy (PEG-J) tube for long-term administration of Duopa 				
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure with both of the following: Oral levodopa/carbidopa Two additional agents from different anti-PD drug classes: Monoamine oxidase-B (MAO-B) inhibitors (ex: selegiline, rasagiline) Dopamine agonists (ex: amantadine, pramipexole, ropinirole) Catechol-O-methyltransferase (COMT) inhibitors (ex: entacapone) Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy				
Exclusion Criteria:	 Atypical Parkinson's syndrome ("Parkinson's Plus" syndrome) or secondary Parkinson's Non-levodopa responsive PD Contraindication to percutaneous endoscopic gastro-jejunal (PEG-J) tube placement or long-term use of a PEG-J Concomitant use with nonselective MAO inhibitors or have recently (within 2 weeks) taken a nonselective MAO inhibitor 				
Age Restriction:					
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist				
Coverage Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified				



POLICY NAME: DUPILUMAB

Affected Medications: DUPIXENT (dupilumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded b			
	plan design			
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of patients aged 6 years and older with 			
	moderate-to-severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype or oral corticosteroi dependent asthma			
	 Treatment of patients aged 6 months and older with moderate-to-severe atopic dermatitis (AD) 			
	 Treatment of patients aged 1 year and older, weighing at least 15 kg, with eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE) 			
	 Add-on maintenance treatment in adult patients with inadequately controlled chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyposis (CRSwNP) 			
	 Treatment of adult patients with prurigo nodularis (PN) Add-on maintenance treatment of adult patients with inadequately controlled chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an eosinophilic phenotype 			
Required Medical	Eosinophilic asthma			
Information:	 Diagnosis of moderate-to-severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by bo 			
	of the following:			
	 Baseline eosinophil count of at least 150 cells/µL AND 			
	 FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal 			
	 AD Diagnosis of severe atopic dermatitis with functional impairment, defined by one of the following: 			
	 Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater 			
	 Severe disease on other validated tools 			
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction 			
	AND one of the following:			
	 Body surface area (BSA) involvement of at least 10% 			
	 Hand, foot, face, or mucous membrane involvement 			
	EOE Diagnosis confirmed by andescenic bioney with greater than or equal to 15 accinophils			
	 Diagnosis confirmed by endoscopic biopsy with greater than or equal to 15 eosinophils per high power field (HPF) 			
	 Documented history of two or more dysphagia episodes per week despite current treatment 			
	CRSwNP			
	Documentation of both the following:			



- Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total ethmoidectomy
- Indicated for revision sinus endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction)

PN

- Documentation of all the following:
 - Diagnosis confirmed by skin biopsy
 - o Presence of at least 20 PN lesions for at least 3 months
 - Severe itching

COPD

- Diagnosis of COPD with moderate to severe airflow limitation
- FEV1/FVC ratio less than 0.7 and FEV1 of 30-70% predicted
- Baseline eosinophil count at least 300 cells/µL
- Symptoms of chronic productive cough for at least 3 months

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Eosinophilic asthma

- Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms AND
- Documentation of one of the following:
 - Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaler treatment and at least 80% adherence
 - Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required

AD

- Documented treatment failure with at least 4 weeks of a topical non-steroidal agent (e.g., tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream) OR
- Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of one of the following: phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate

EoE

- Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of ONE of the following:
 - High dose (twice daily dosing) proton pump inhibitor (PPI)
 - Swallowed corticosteroid (such as fluticasone or budesonide)

CRSwNP

Documented treatment failure with Sinuva implant

PΝ

 Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of one of the following: phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporine

COPD

Documented use of inhaled triple therapy consisting of a long-acting muscarinic



	 antagonist (LAMA), long-acting beta agonist (LABA), and inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) for at least 12 weeks with continued symptoms Documentation of one of the following: History of at least two moderate COPD exacerbations requiring treatment with a systemic corticosteroid and/or an antibiotic in the past year while on triple therapy and at least 80% adherence History of at least one severe COPD exacerbation requiring hospitalization in the 					
	past year while on triple therapy and at least 80% adherence Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy					
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Fasenra, Nucala, Xolair, Tezspire, Cinqair) 					
Age Restriction:						
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Eosinophilic asthma: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist					
	<u>AD</u> : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist					
	EoE: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or gastroenterologist					
	<u>CRSwNP</u> : Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist					
	Pn: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or dermatologist					
	COPD: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist					
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified					
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified					



POLICY NAME: ECULIZUMAB

Affected Medications: SOLIRIS (eculizumab)

Co	ver	ed	Us	es
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- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 - o Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) to reduce hemolysis
 - Atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS) to inhibit complement-mediated thrombotic microangiopathy
 - Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AchR) antibody positive
 - Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adult patients who are antiaquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive

Required Medical Information:

PNH

- Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing
 - Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g., granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes)
- Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper limit of normal range
- One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings:
 - Presence of a thrombotic event
 - Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis
 - o History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months

<u>aHUS</u>

- Clinical presentation of microangiopathic hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, and acute kidney injury
- Patient shows signs of thrombotic microangiopathy (TMA) (e.g., changes in mental status, seizures, angina, dyspnea, thrombosis, increasing blood pressure, decreased platelet count, increased serum creatinine, increased LDH, etc.)
- ADAMTS13 activity level greater than or equal to 10%
- Shiga toxin E. coli related hemolytic uremic syndrome (ST-HUS) has been ruled out
- History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months

gMG

- Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by:
 - A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test OR
 - A positive edrophonium chloride test OR
 - Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor
- Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV
- Positive serologic test for AChR antibodies
- Documentation of **ONE** of the following:
 - MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater
 - Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater



NMOSD

- Diagnosis of seropositive aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD confirmed by all the following:
 - Documentation of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-based assay
 - o Exclusion of alternative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis)
 - o At least one core clinical characteristic:
 - Acute optic neuritis
 - Acute myelitis
 - Acute area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained hiccups or nausea/vomiting)
 - Acute brainstem syndrome
 - Symptomatic narcolepsy OR acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with NMOSD-typical diencephalic lesion on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) [see table below]
 - Acute cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see table below]

Possible MRI findings
Periependymal lesion
Hypothalamic/thalamic lesion
Extensive periependymal lesion
• Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous
corpus callosum lesion
 Long corticospinal tract lesion
 Large, confluent subcortical or deep white
matter lesion

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

PNH

 Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)

aHUS

- Failure to respond to plasma therapy within 10 days
 - Trial of plasma therapy not required if one of the following is present:
 - Life-threatening complications of HUS such as seizures, coma, or heart failure
 - Confirmed presence of a high-risk complement genetic variant (e.g., CFH or CFI)
- Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)

gMG

- Documentation of one of the following:
 - Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate)



	 Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months
	 Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to each of the following: Efgartigimod-alfa (Vyvgart) Ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)
	■ NMOSD Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ALL of the following: Rituximab (preferred products: Riabni, Ruxience, Truxima) Satralizumab-mwge (Enspryng) Inebilizumab-cdon (Uplizna) Ravulizumab-cwvz (Ultomiris)
	Reauthorization requires: gMG: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in MG-ADL and QMG scores from baseline NMOSD: documentation of treatment success defined as the stabilization or improvement in
	neurological symptoms as evidenced by a decrease in acute relapses, Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score, hospitalizations, or plasma exchange treatments
	 PNH: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline
	 aHUS: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved serum creatinine, increased platelet count, and decreased plasma exchange/infusion requirement compared to baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication, unless indicated by the FDA for combination use with Soliris Current meningitis infection
Age Restriction:	 PNH, gMG, and NMOSD: 18 years of age or older aHUS: 2 months of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist: PNH: hematologist aHUS: hematologist or nephrologist gMG: neurologist NMOSD: neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist
Coverage	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EDARAVONE

Affected Medication: RADICAVA (edaravone), RADICAVA ORS (edaravone)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of "definite" or "probable" ALS diagnosis based on revised El Escorial (Airlie House) or Awaji criteria Disease duration of 2 years or less Normal respiratory function (defined as percent-predicted forced vital capacity values [% FVC] of at least 80%) Patient currently retains most activities of daily living (ADLs) defined as at least 2 points on all 12 items of the ALS functional rating scale-revised (ALSFRS-R)
Appropriate Treatment	For Radicava ORS requests:
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented intolerable adverse event to Radicava (given intravenously) and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient Reauthorization requires both of the following: Documentation of treatment success, as determined by prescriber (e.g., retention of most ADLs) Patient is not dependent on invasive mechanical ventilation (e.g., intubation, tracheostomy)
	tracheostomy)
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider with experience in treating ALS
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EFLORNITHINE Affected Medication

Affected Medications: IWILFIN (eflornithine)

Affected Medications: IV	
Covered Uses: Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Maintenance therapy in patients with high-risk neuroblastoma who achieve at least a partial response to prior systemic agents and have completed maintenance immunotherapy with an anti-GD2 antibody NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Diagnosis of neuroblastoma as defined per the International Neuroblastoma Response Criteria (INRC): An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or
	 serum) catecholamines or their metabolites] OR Evidence of metastases to bone marrow on an aspirate or trephine biopsy with concomitant elevation of urinary or serum catecholamines or their metabolites Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including: Stage 2/3/4/4S disease with amplified MYCN gene (any age) Stage 3 disease with MYCN gene NOT amplified in patients at least 18 months of age with International Neuroblastoma Pathology Classification (INPC) as unfavorable histology (UH) Stage 4 disease in patients greater than 12 months of age Staging studies documented by histology and/or appropriate imaging as follows: Computed tomography (CT) or magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) scan of the primary site and nodal sites of metastatic disease Bone imaging (preferably with a metaiodobenzylguanidine [MIBG] scan and
	 positron emission topography (PET) scan (if MIBG is negative). Documentation of a partial response to prior systemic agents and completed maintenance immunotherapy with an anti-GD2 antibody (Dinutuximab, Naxitamab)
Appropriate	Reauthorization: Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy up to a total of 2
Treatment	years of treatment
Regimen & Other	
Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofeky Porformanco Status 50% or loss or ECOC porformanco scoro 3 or greater
	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
ı	 Reauthorization: One time reauthorization of 20 months to complete 2 years of treatment, unless otherwise specified



ELADOCAGENE EXUPARVOVEC-TNEQ

Affected Medications: KEBILIDI (eladocagene exuparvovec-tneq)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of aromatic L-amino acid decarboxylase (AADC) deficiency
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Diagnosis of AADC deficiency confirmed by genetic testing showing bilateral/biallelic mutations in the DDC gene Reduced AADC enzyme activity in plasma Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) shows all the following: Reduced levels of 5-hydroxyindoleacetic acid (5-HIAA), homovanillic acid (HVA), and 3-methoxy-4-hydroxyphenylglycol (MHPG) Elevated levels of 3-O-methyldopa (3-OMD), levodopa (L-Dopa), and 5-hydroxytryptophan (5-HTP) Normal levels of pterins (neopterin and biopterin) Clinical symptoms of AADC deficiency such as movement disorders, hypotonia, autonomic dysfunction, and developmental delay Documented achieved skull maturity assessed by neuroimaging Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior gene therapy administration Anti-AAV2 neutralizing antibody titer over 1,200 folds
Age Restriction:	1 to 17 years of age
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or geneticist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, (one-time infusion only), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **ELAGOLIX**

Affected Medications: Orilissa (elagolix), Oriahnn (elagolix/estradiol/norethindrone acetate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Moderate to severe endometriosis-associated pain (Orilissa)
	Heavy menstrual bleeding associated with uterine leiomyomas (Oriahnn)
Required Medical	Pain due to endometriosis
Information:	Documentation of both the following:
	 Diagnosis of moderate to severe pain associated with endometriosis
	Attestation that patient is premenopausal
	Heavy menstrual bleeding due to uterine leiomyomas
	Documentation of both the following:
	Diagnosis of heavy menstrual bleeding associated with uterine leiomyomas
	Attestation that patient is premenopausal
Appropriate	Pain due to endometriosis
Treatment	 Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3
Regimen & Other	months of both of the following first-line therapies:
Criteria:	Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
	Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	History of osteoporosis
	Pregnancy
	Severe (Child-Pugh Class C) hepatic impairment (Orilissa)
	Mild, moderate, and severe (Child-Pugh Class A, B, and C) hepatic impairment
	(Oriahnn)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in obstetrics/gynecology or
Care Restrictions:	reproductive endocrinology
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	 Reauthorization: 18 months (Orilissa 150 mg once daily* and Oriahnn only), unless otherwise specified
	*Maximum treatment duration for Orilissa 150 mg once daily in patients with moderate
	hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh Class B) and Orilissa 200 mg twice daily is 6 months.
	Reauthorization not allowed.



ELIVALDOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: Skysona (elivaldogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	Early, active cerebral adrenoleukodystrophy (CALD) in male patients
Required Medical	Confirmed diagnosis of CALD with all of the following:
Information:	 Confirmed ABCD1 gene mutation Elevated very-long-chain fatty acid (VLCFA) values for ALL of the following: Concentration of C26:0 Ratio of C24:0 to C22:0 Ratio of C26:0 to C22:0 Neurologic function score (NFS) less than or equal to 1 (asymptomatic or mildly symptomatic disease) Active central nervous system disease established by central radiographic review of brain magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) demonstrating both of the following: Gadolinium enhancement on MRI of demyelinating lesions Loes scores between 0.5 and 9 on the 34-point scale
Appropriate	Coverage of Skysona is provided if the patient does not have access to a hematopoietic
Treatment	stem cell transplant with a matched sibling donor
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Approved for one-time single infusion only
Exclusion Criteria:	Female gender
	Previously received an allogeneic transplant or gene therapy
Age Restriction:	4 to 17 years of age
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist, endocrinologist, or hematologist/oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified (one infusion only)



ELTROMBOPAG DERIVATIVES

Affected Medications: PROMACTA (eltrombopag olamine), PROMACTA PACKET, ALVAIZ (eltrombopag choline)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Draw Administration (FDA) and an all the food and all the food and the
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of thrombocytopenia in patients with persistent or chronic immune
	thrombocytopenia (ITP)
	 Treatment of thrombocytopenia in patients with hepatitis C infection
	Treatment of severe aplastic anemia
Required Medical	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP
Information:	Documentation of ONE of the following:
illioilliation.	Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter
	 Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding
	 Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such as
	peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding at
	higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
	Thrombooytononia in notionts with obronia hangtitis C
	 Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C Documentation of plan to initiate interferon-based therapy
	Documentation of plan to initiate interiori-based therapy Documentation of platelet count less than 75,000/microliter
	Documentation of platelet count less than 75,000/microliter
	Severe aplastic anemia
	Diagnosis confirmed by bone marrow biopsy
	Documentation of at least two of the following:
	 Absolute reticulocyte count (ARC) less than 60,000/microliter
	Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter
	 Absolute neutrophil count (ANC) less than 500/microliter
Appropriate	Promacta packet formulation requires documented medical inability to use oral tablet
Treatment	formulation
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Thrombocytopenia in patients with persistent or chronic ITP
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Failure (defined as platelets did not increase to at least 50,000/microliter) with at
	least 2 therapies for immune thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids or
	immunoglobulin Splenectomy
	o Splenectomy
	Reauthorization:
	 Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter (not to exceed 400,
	000/microliter) OR
	The platelet counts have not increased to a platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter and
	the patient has NOT been on the maximum dose for at least 4 weeks
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C
	Reauthorization:
	Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 90,000/microliter (not to exceed)
	400,000/microliter) and eltrombopag used in combination with antiviral therapy



	Severe aplastic anemia
	Documentation of refractory severe aplastic anemia as indicated by insufficient response to
	at least one prior immunosuppressive therapy OR
	 For those less than 40 years old without a rapidly available matched related donor (MRD) or
	40 years old or older:
	 Documentation that eltrombopag is being used as first line treatment in combination
	with standard immunosuppressive therapy (Atgam and cyclosporine)
	Reauthorization (refractory severe aplastic anemia only):
	Requires hematologic response to treatment defined as meeting ONE or more of the following
	criteria:
	Platelet count increases to 20,000/microliter above baseline, or stable platelet counts with
	transfusion independence for a minimum of 8 weeks
	 Hemoglobin increases by greater than 1.5 g/dL, or a reduction in greater than or equal to 4 units red blood cell (RBC) transfusions for 8 consecutive weeks
	ANC increase of 100% or an ANC increase greater than 500/microliter
Exclusion	Use in combination with another thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase
Criteria:	inhibitor, or similar treatments (Nplate, Tavalisse, Doptelet)
Age Restriction:	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP
	1 year of age and older (Promacta)
	6 years of age and older (Alvaiz)
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C and patients with severe aplastic
	anemia
	18 years of age and older (Promacta and Alvaiz)
	To years or age and elder (Fremaela and Alivaiz)
	Severe Aplastic Anemia (initial therapy)
	2 years of age and older
	18 years of age and older (Alvaiz)
Prescriber	 Prescribed by, or consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterology/liver specialist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP
Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Daration.	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	1 Treduction 12 months, unless otherwise specimen
	Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic hepatitis C
	Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Sovere anlastic anomia
	 Severe aplastic anemia Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Severe aplastic anemia in combination with cyclosporine and Atgam



• Approval: 6 months, no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EMICIZUMAB

Affected Medications: HEMLIBRA (Emicizumab-kxwh)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of hemophilia A with or without inhibitors
Information:	Prescribed for routine prophylaxis to prevent or reduce the frequency of bleeding episodes
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Baseline factor level less than 1% AND prophylaxis required OR Baseline factor level 1% to 3% AND a documented history of at least two episodes of spontaneous bleeding into joints Prophylactic agents must be discontinued Factor VIII Inhibitors: after the first week of HEMBLIRA Bypassing Agents: one day before starting HEMBLIRA
	Loading Dose: • 3 mg/kg once every week for 4 weeks • Maximum 1,380 mg per 28 day supply
	 Maintenance dose: 1.5 mg/kg once every week or 3 mg/kg once every 2 weeks or 6 mg/kg once every 4 weeks
	 Any increases in dose must be supported by an acceptable clinical rationale (i.e. weight gain, increase in breakthrough bleeding when patient is fully adherent to therapy, etc.)
	Product Availability:
	 Single-dose vials for injection: 30 mg/mL, 60 mg/0.4 mL, 105 mg/0.7 mL, 150 mg/mL Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in spontaneous bleeds requiring treatment, as well as documentation of bleed history since last approval
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval duration: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EMAPALUMAB

Affected Medications: GAMIFANT (emapalumab-lzsg)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of primary hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis (HLH) in patients (newborn and older) intolerant to conventional HLH therapy or with refractory, recurrent, or progressive disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed by presence of a genetic mutation known to cause primary HLH (e.g., PRF1, UNC13D, STX11, STXBP2) OR documentation showing at least 5 of the following are present: Prolonged fever (lasting over 7 days) Splenomegaly Two of the following cytopenias in the peripheral blood:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of refractory, recurrent, or progressive disease (or intolerable adverse event) on conventional HLH therapy (e.g., dexamethasone, etoposide, methotrexate, hydrocortisone) Must be used in combination with dexamethasone, unless currently established on and planning to continue one of the following: cyclosporine, glucocorticoids, and/or intrathecal methotrexate Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy AND patient has not yet received HSCT
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber	
Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, oncologist, transplant specialist, or provider with experience in the management of HLH



Coverage	Initial Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified



ENDOTHELIN RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

Affected Medications: BOSENTAN (bosentan), AMBRISENTAN (ambrisentan), Tracleer suspension

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 confirmed by right heart catheterization meeting the following criterias: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg AND Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms
	 Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blocker) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index OR Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate	Documentation that the drug will be used in combination with a phosphodiesterase-5
Treatment	(PDE-5) inhibitor
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to oral calcium channel blocking agents if postitive Acute Vasoreactivity Test
	Requests for Tracleer oral suspension must have documented inability to swallow tablets
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in pulmonary function
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	· ·
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ENTERAL NUTRITION/ORAL NUTRITION SUPPLEMENTS

Affected Medications: ENTERAL NUTRITION

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required	Enteral nutrition may be approved when one of the following is met:
Medical Information:	Documentation of chronic and permanent illness/trauma resulting in inability to be maintained through oral feeding and must rely on enteral/parenteral nutrition therapy. (i.e., permanent enteral/parenteral prosthetic device is required)
	 Documentation of functioning GI tract who, due to pathology to, or non-function of, the structures that normally permit food to reach the digestive tract (oral feeding), cannot maintain weight and strength commensurate with his/her general condition. (ex. head/neck cancer with reconstructive surgery and CNS disease leading to interference with the neuromuscular mechanism)
	 Documentation of use for training in the ketogenic diet for children with epilepsy in cases where the child has failed or not tolerated conventional therapy
	 Enteral access device (tube) is required to provide sufficient nutrients to maintain weight and strength otherwise not possible by dietary adjustments and/or oral supplements
	Oral nutritional supplements may be approved when the following criteria has been met:
	For those 21 years of age and older:
	An assessment performed by a registered dietitian (RD) or treating practitioner, at onset and annually thereafter, documenting the client is unable to meet their recommended caloric/protein or micronutrient needs through regular, liquified, blenderized, or pureed foods in
	any modified texture or form
	 Documentation showing the prescribed oral nutritional formula and/or nutritional supplements are an integral part of treatment for a nutritional deficiency as identified by one of the following conditions:
	Diagnosed acute or chronic malnutrition
	 Documentation of weight, either currently or historically, supported by oral nutritional supplements
	 Increased metabolic need resulting from severe trauma
	 Malabsorption difficulties (e.g., short-gut syndrome, fistula, cystic fibrosis, renal dialysis)
	 Inborn errors of metabolism (e.g., fructose intolerance, galactosemia, maple syrup urine disease [MSUD], or phenylketonuria [PKU])
	 Ongoing cancer treatment, advanced Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS), or pulmonary insufficiency
	 Oral aversion or other psychological condition making it difficult for a client to consume their recommended caloric/protein or micronutrient needs through regular, liquified,
	blenderized, or pureed foods in any modified texture or form
	For those under 21 years of age:



	An assessment performed by a registered dietitian (RD) or treating practitioner, at onset and
	annually thereafter, documenting the prescribed nutritional formula and/or nutritional
	supplementation is medically necessary and appropriate as identified by one of the following:
	 Diagnosed acute or chronic malnutrition
	 Documentation of weight, either currently or historically, supported by oral nutritional
	supplements
	 Increased metabolic need resulting from severe trauma
	 Malabsorption difficulties (e.g., short-gut syndrome, fistula, cystic fibrosis, renal
	dialysis)
	 Inborn errors of metabolism (e.g., fructose intolerance, galactosemia, maple syrup
	urine disease [MSUD], or phenylketonuria [PKU])
	 Ongoing cancer treatment, advanced Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS),
	or pulmonary insufficiency
	 Oral aversion or other psychological condition making it difficult for a client to consume
	their recommended caloric/protein or micronutrient needs through regular, liquified,
	blenderized, or pureed foods in any modified texture or form
	Documentation showing the client is unable to meet their recommended caloric/protein
	or micronutrient needs through regular, liquified, blenderized, or pureed foods in any
	modified texture or form
	Malabsorption or other diagnosed medical condition which involves dietary restriction
	as part of the treatment, including but not limited to food allergy, Eosinophilic disorders
	(EoE), Food Protein Induced Enterocolitis (FPIES)
	Documented delayed growth or failure to thrive
	Reauthorization:
	A recent assessment (within the last year) by the prescriber or RD documenting the continued
	need for nutrition supplementation.
Appropriate	
Treatment Regimen &	
Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Criteria.	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



ENZYME REPLACEMENT THERAPY (ERT) FOR GAUCHER DISEASE TYPE 1

Affected Medications: CERDELGA (eliglustat), VPRIV (velaglucerase alfa), CEREZYME (imiglucerase), ELELYSO (taliglucerase alfa)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Vpriv: Gaucher disease type 1 (GD1) Elelyso: GD1 for ages 4 years and older Cerdelga: GD1 in adults who are CYP2D6 extensive metabolizers (EMs), intermediate metabolizers (IMs), or poor metabolizers (PMs) as detected by an FDA-cleared test Cerezyme: GD1 for ages 2 years and older that results in one or more of the following conditions: Anemia Thrombocytopenia Bone disease
Degratical Medical	Hepatomegaly or splenomegaly
Required Medical	Diagnosis confirmed by enzyme assay showing deficiency of beta-glucocerebrosidase
Information:	glucosidase enzyme activity OR genetic testing indicating mutation of two alleles of the
	glucocerebrosidase genome
	 For Cerdelga, must also have documentation of cytochrome P450 2D6 (CYP2D6) genotype by an FDA-approved test indicating CYP2D6 EM, IM, or PM status Documentation of baseline tests such as hemoglobin level, platelet count, liver function
	tests, renal function tests
	Documentation of at least one clinically significant disease complication of GD1:
	Anemia (low hemoglobin and hematocrit levels)
	o Thrombocytopenia (platelet count less than 120,000 mm³)
	 Bone disease (T-score less than -2.5 or bone pain)
	Hepatomegaly or splenomegaly
	 For symptomatic children: symptoms of early presentation, such as malnutrition, growth retardation, impaired psychomotor development, and/or fatigue
Appropriate	<u>Cerdelga</u>
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Extensive or Intermediate Metabolizers of CYP2D6
Criteria:	Quantity limit - 84 mg capsules #60 per 30 days
	Poor Metabolizers of CYP2D6
	Quantity limit - 84 mg capsules #30 per 30 days
	Elelyso, Vpriv, and Cerezyme
	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and patient's most recent weight
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced



	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concomitant use with another ERT for GD1 or with miglustat Cerdelga
	CYP2D6 ultrarapid metabolizers
	Moderate or severe hepatic impairment
	 Pre-existing cardiac disease (congestive heart failure, myocardial infarction, bradycardia, heart block, arrhythmias, and long QT syndrome)
	Presence of moderate to severe renal impairment or end stage renal disease
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the management of
Care Restrictions:	Gaucher disease (hematologist, oncologist, hepatologist, geneticist or orthopedic specialist)
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



EPLONTERSEN, PATISIRAN, VUTRISIRAN

Affected Medications: WAINUA (eplontersen), ONPATTRO (patisiran), AMVUTTRA (vutrisiran)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of hereditary transthyretin amyloidosis with polyneuropathy (hATTR-PN) in adults
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of hATTR confirmed by BOTH of the following: Amyloid deposition on biopsy Presence of pathogenic transthyretin (TTR) variant on genetic testing Presence of clinical manifestations of the disease, confirmed by presence of peripheral neuropathy on nerve conduction studies OR 2 of the following: Autonomic dysfunction (bladder/urinary tract infections, gastrointestinal disturbances, erectile dysfunction, orthostatic hypotension) Documented symptoms of sensorimotor polyneuropathy (eg, paresthesia, balance issues, weakness/numbness in the hands/feet, or loss of sensation for pain, temperature, proprioception) Cardiomyopathy, ocular involvement, or renal involvement Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Baseline polyneuropathy disability (PND) score of less than or equal to IIIb Baseline neuropathy impairment score (NIS) between 10 and 130 Baseline familial amyloid polyneuropathy (FAP) stage 1 or 2
Appropriate	Onpattro: Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will
Treatment	be enforced
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization:
ontena.	Documentation of a positive clinical response (e.g., stabilized or improved neurologic impairment, motor function, cardiac function, quality of life assessment, serum TTR levels)
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior or planned liver transplantation
	New York Heart Association (NYHA) Functional Class III or IV
	Combined use with TTR-lowering or stabilizing therapy
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or specialist experienced in the
Care Restrictions:	treatment of amyloidosis
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: EPOPROSTENOL

Affected Medications: EPOPROSTENOL, VELETRI (epoprostenol), FLOLAN (epoprostenol)

	POPICOSTENOE, VELETIXI (epoplosteriol), I ECEAN (epoplosteriol)
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required Medical	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
Information:	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criteria:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vacquier registered of at least 2.0 Wood units.
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class
	III or higher symptoms
	Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to
	calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index
	Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
	Documentation of current patient weight
	Documentation of a clear treatment plan
Appropriate	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to the following therapy classes is
Treatment	required: o PDE5 inhibitors AND
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Endothelin receptor antagonists (exception WHO Functional Class IV)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the
	following:
	Improvement in walking distance Improvement in experies ability
	 Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	Congestive heart failure due to severe left ventricular systolic dysfunction
	Long-term use in patients who develop pulmonary edema during dose initiation
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ERGOT ALKALOIDS

Affected Medications: Dihydroergotamine Mesylate Injection, Dihydroergotamine Mesylate Nasal Solution

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of moderate to severe migraines
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure, intolerance, or contraindication to all the following: At least <u>two</u> prescription strength non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) or combination analgesics (such as ibuprofen, naproxen, acetaminophen/aspirin/caffeine) At least <u>one</u> oral 5-hydroxytryptamine-1 (5-HT₁) receptor agonist (such as sumatriptan, naratriptan, rizatriptan, zolmitriptan) At least <u>one</u> non-oral 5-HT₁ receptor agonist (such as sumatriptan, zolmitriptan)
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Hemiplegic or basilar migraine Uncontrolled hypertension Ischemic heart disease (e.g., angina pectoris, history of myocardial infarction, history of silent ischemia) Peripheral artery disease Pregnancy or breastfeeding Documented severe chronic liver disease Severe renal impairment Use in combination with 5HT1 receptor agonist such as sumatriptan
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ERYTHROPOIESIS STIMULATING AGENTS (ESAs)

Affected Medications: Epogen (epoetin alfa), Mircera (methoxy polyethylene glycol-epoetin beta), Procrit (epoetin alfa)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	Epogen & Procrit & Mircera
	 Treatment of anemia due to chronic kidney disease (CKD), including patients on dialysis and
	not on dialysis to decrease the need for red blood cell (RBC) transfusion
	Epogen & Procrit
	Treatment of anemia in patients with non-myeloid malignancies where anemia is due to the
	effect of concomitant myelosuppressive chemotherapy, and upon initiation, there is a
	minimum of two additional months of planned chemotherapy
	Epogen & Procrit only
	To reduce the need for allogeneic RBC transfusions among patients with perioperative
	hemoglobin greater than 10 to 13 or less g/dL who are at high risk for perioperative blood
	loss from elective, noncardiac, nonvascular surgery
	• Treatment of anemia due to zidovudine administered at ≤ 4200 mg/week in patients with HIV-
	infection with endogenous serum erythropoietin levels of ≤ 500 mUnits/mL
	Compendia-supported uses Symptomatic anemia in Myelodysplastic syndrome
	 Symptomatic anemia in Myelodysplastic syndrome Allogenic bone marrow transplantation
	Anemia associated with Hepatitis C (HCV) treatment
	Anemia associated with repatitis of (Nov) iteatment Anemia associated with rheumatoid arthritis (RA)/ rheumatic disease
	Allemia associated with medinatoid artificis (NA)/ medinatic disease
Required Medical	One of the following in accordance with FDA (Food and Drug Administration)-approved label
Information:	or compendia support:
illiorillation.	Anemia associated with chronic renal failure
	 Anemia secondary to chemotherapy with a minimum of two additional months of
	planned chemotherapy
	 Anemia secondary to zidovudine-treated Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)
	patients
	 Anemia in patients scheduled to undergo elective, non-cardiac, nonvascular surgery Symptomatic anemia in Myelodysplastic syndrome
	 Symptomatic anemia in Myelodysplastic syndrome Allogenic bone marrow transplantation
	Anogenic bone manow transplantation Anemia associated with Hepatitis C (HCV) treatment
	Anemia associated with rheumatoid arthritis (RA)/ rheumatic disease
Appropriate	Coverage for the non-preferred drugs (Epogen, Procrit, Mircera) is provided when any of the
Treatment	following criteria is met:
Regimen & Other	For Epogen or Procrit, a documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred product
Criteria:	Retacrit, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active
	ingredient
	For Mircera, a documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event to the Angle of the second of the
	preferred products, Aranesp & Retacrit
	 Currently receiving treatment with Mircera, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs
F I	Use in combination with another erythropoiesis stimulating agent (ESA)
Exclusion Criteria:	- 335 in 35 month with another crythropolesis still diating agent (LOA)
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist (hematologist, oncologist, nephrologist)
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ETANERCEPT

Affected Medications: ENBREL SOLUTION, ENBREL KIT

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
	design
	 Rheumatoid Arthritis
	 Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis
	 Psoriatic Arthritis
	 Ankylosing Spondylitis
	 Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis
	 Plaque Psoriasis
	 Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis
Required Medical	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Information:	 Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective
	scale):
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
	 The Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
	 Weighted RAPID3 of at least 2.3
	Plaque Psoriasis
	Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional
	impairment as defined by one of the following:
	Dermatology Life Quality Index (DQLI) 11 or greater
	 Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
	 Severe disease on other validated tools
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial
	involvement preventing normal social interaction
	AND
	Documentation of one or more of the following:
	 At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment OR
	 Hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	 Documentation of CASPAR criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes:
	01
	a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
	Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
	Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
	Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
	 Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point
	Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS), Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)
	 Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by Sacroiliitis on imaging AND at least 1
	Spondyloarthritis (SpA) feature:
	 Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
	 Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
	Insidious onset
	- Language and width accounts to

Improvement with exercise No improvement with rest



- Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
- o Arthritis
- Enthesitis
- Uveitis
- Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
- o Psoriasis
- Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
- Good response to NSAIDs
- Family history of SpA
- Elevated CRP
 - OR
- HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
- Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale

Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis

 Documented current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD global score) or active joint count

Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis (JPsA)

- Diagnosis of JPsA confirmed by presence of:
 - Arthritis and psoriasis
 - OR
 - Arthritis and at least 2 of the following:
 - Dactylitis
 - Nail pitting or onycholysis
 - Enthesitis
 - Psoriasis in a first-degree relative

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroguine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - One of following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola, Renflexis), Actemra IV

AND

 Two of the following: Olumiant, Kevzara, Simponi Aria, Actemra SQ, Kineret, rituximab (preferred biosimilar products Truxima, Riabni, and Ruxience), Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkip, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies: Methotrexate, Cyclosporine, Acitretin, Phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Otezla, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), or Ilumya



Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Otezla, Simponi Aria, Orencia, or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS), Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)

- Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each OR
- For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Simponi Aria or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumabfkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis

- Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids AND at least one
 of methotrexate or leflunomide for a minimum of 12 weeks
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of two of the following therapies:
 - Actemra IV, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), and Simponi Aria

Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented treatment failure with a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with a minimum trial of 1 month
- Documented treatment failure with at least one of the following disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs) with a minimum trial of 12 weeks: methotrexate, sulfasalazine, leflunomide

QL:

- Induction (Plaque Psoriasis only): 50mg twice weekly for first 3 months
- Maintenance: 50mg once weekly

Reauthorization

Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy

Exclusion Criteria:

Concurrent use with any other biologic therapy or Otezla is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit

Age Restriction:



Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/dermatologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ETELCALCETIDE

Affected Medications: PARSABIV (etelcalcetide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Secondary hyperparathyroidism in adults with chronic kidney disease (CKD) on dialysis
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of both of the following: Currently on dialysis Intact parathyroid (iPTH) level greater than 300 pg/mL Documentation of iPTH that is persistently elevated above target range despite at least 12 weeks of adherent treatment with each of the following at an appropriate dose, unless contraindicated or not tolerated: Calcitriol Doxercalciferol Paricalcitol Cinacalcet
Appropriate	
Treatment	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
Regimen & Other	response to therapy
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of parathyroid carcinoma, primary hyperparathyroidism or with chronic kidney disease who are not on hemodialysis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or nephrologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ETRANACOGENE

Affected Medications: Hemgenix

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hemophilia B (congenital factor IX deficiency)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of diagnosis of Hemophilia B Documentation of current negative inhibitor testing and history defined as two tests in the last five years separated by at least 12 months Documentation of baseline circulating level of factor IX less than or equal to 2% AND requiring prophylactic treatment Baseline lab values (less than 2 times upper limit of normal): ALT AST Total bilirubin Alkaline phosphatase (ALP) Creatinine
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dosing 2 x 10¹³ genome copies (gc) per kilogram of body weight
Exclusion Criteria:	 History or current presence of IX inhibitors Prior gene therapy administration Active Hepatitis B or C infection or uncontrolled HIV Life expectancy less than 1 year due to other advanced medical conditions
Age Restriction:	Ages 18 and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation, with a hematologist or specialist with experience in treatment of hemophilia
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 2 months (one-time infusion)



POLICY NAME: EVKEEZA

Affected Medications: EVKEEZA (evinacumab-dgnb)

Affected Medication	s: EVKEEZA (evinacumab-dgnb)	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan	
	design	
	Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH)	
Required Medical	Documentation of baseline untreated low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C)	
Information:	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:	
	 Baseline LDL-C greater than 560 mg/dL 	
	 Baseline LDL-C of 400 mg/dL and at least 1 parent with familial hypercholesterolemia 	
	 Baseline LDL-C of 400 md/dL with aortic valve disease or xanthomata in ages less 	
	than 20 years	
	 Presence of two abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defects (excluding double-null LDL 	
	receptor [LDLR] mutations)	
Appropriate	Documented intent to take alongside maximally tolerated doses of statin and/or ezetimibe,	
Treatment	unless otherwise contraindicated	
Regimen & Other	OR	
Criteria:	 History of statin intolerance requires documentation of ONE of the following: 	
	Statin-associated rhabdomyolysis occurred with statin use and was confirmed by a	
	creatinine kinase (CK) level at least 10 times the upper limit of normal	
	Statin-associated muscle symptoms (e.g., myopathy, myalgia) occurred with statin use	
	and was confirmed by BOTH of the following:	
	 A minimum of three different statin trials, with at least one being a 	
	hydrophilic statin (rosuvastatin, pravastatin)	
	 A re-challenge of each statin (muscle symptoms stopped when each was 	
	discontinued and restarted upon re-initiation)	
	 Documented treatment failure, defined as an inability to achieve LDL-C reduction of 50% or greater OR LDL-C less than 100 mg/dL, despite at least six months of adherent therapy with 	
	all the following, unless contraindicated or not tolerated:	
	Maximally tolerated statin therapy	
	o Ezetimibe	
	 PCSK9 monoclonal antibody unless double-null or LDLR activity 15% or less 	
	Dose rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced	
	Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to	
	therapy defined by an LDL-C level at goal or decreased by at least 30% from baseline	
Exclusion	and apply and an about the first and goal of accordance by account to the mount of	
Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	5 years of age or older	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, cardiologist, or lipid specialist	
Restrictions:		
Coverence	Leitiel Authoriestics Consents and acceptant acceptant and acceptant a	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



EXAGAMGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: CASGEVY (exagamglogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of sickle cell disease in adults and pediatric patients at least 12 years of age with recurrent vaso-occlusive crises Treatment of transfusion-dependent beta-thalassemia in adults and pediatric patients at least 12 years of age
Required Medical	SICKLE CELL DISEASE
Information:	 Documentation of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing to show the presence of βS/βS, βS/β0 or βS/β+ genotype as follows: Identification of significant quantities of HbS with or without an additional abnormal β-globin chain variant by hemoglobin assay OR Identification of biallelic HBB pathogenic variants where at least one allele is the
	 Identification of biallelic HBB pathogenic variants where at least one allele is the p.glu6Val or p.glu7val pathogenic variant on molecular genetic testing AND
	$_{\odot}$ Patient does NOT have disease with more than two $\alpha\text{-globin}$ gene deletions
	 Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous 1 years (4 events over 2 years will also meet this requirement) VOC/VOEs defined as:
	 Acute pain event requiring a visit to a medical facility and administration of pain medications (opioids or IV NSAIDs) or RBC transfusions Acute chest Syndrome
	 Priapasm lasting more than 2 hours and requiring visit to medical facility Splenic Sequestration
	 Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) but unable to find a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched, related donor Adequate bone marrow, lung, heart and liver function to undergo myeloablative conditioning regimen
	TRANSFISION DEDENDENT RETA THAI ASSEMIA
	 TRANSFUSION DEPENDENT BETA THALASSEMIA Documented diagnosis of homozygous beta thalassemia or compound heterozygous beta thalassemia including β-thalassemia/hemoglobin E (HbE) (excludes alphathalassemia and hemoglobin S/β-thalassemia variants) as outlined by the following: Patient diagnosis is confirmed by HBB sequence gene analysis showing biallelic pathogenic variants OR
	 Patient has severe microcytic hypochromic anemia, anisopoikilocytosis with nucleated red blood cells on peripheral blood smear, and hemoglobin analysis that reveals decreased amounts or complete absence of hemoglobin A and increased amounts of hemoglobin F



	 Documented transfusion-dependent disease defined as a history of transfusions of at least 100 mL/kg/year of packed red blood cells (pRBCs) or with 10 or more transfusions of pRBCs per year in the 2 years preceding therapy Clinically stable and eligible to undergo hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) but unable to find a human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched, related donor
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	 Must weigh a minimum of 6 kilograms and able to provide a minimum number of cells (3,000,000 CD34+ cells/kg) Documentation that cardiac iron overload has been evaluated and there is no evidence of severe iron overload. (cardiac T2* less than 10 msec by magnetic resonance imaging
Criteria:	 [MRI] or left ventricular ejection fraction [LVEF] less than 45% by echocardiogram) No evidence of advanced liver disease [i.e., AST or ALT more than 3 times the upper limit of normal (ULN), or direct bilirubin value more than 2.5 times the ULN, or if a liver biopsy demonstrated bridging fibrosis or cirrhosis]
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior HSCT or other gene therapy
Age Restriction:	Ages 12 and above
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months (one time infusion), unless otherwise specified



FABRY DISEASE AGENTS

Affected Medications: ELFABRIO (pegunigalsidase alfa), FABRAZYME (agalsidase beta), GALAFOLD (migalastat)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Fabry disease
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Fabry disease confirmed by one of the following:
Information:	 Males: enzyme assay demonstrating undetectable (less than 3 percent) alpha-galactosidase A enzyme activity
	 Males: deficiency of alpha-galactosidase A enzyme activity(less than 35 percent) and genetic testing showing a mutation in the galactosidase alpha (GLA) gene
	 Females: genetic testing showing a mutation in the GLA gene
	For Galafold: Genetic testing confirming the presence of at least one amenable GLA variant
	Clinical signs and symptoms of Fabry disease, such as: Severe neuropathic pain
	 Dermatologic manifestations (telangiectasias and angiokeratomas) Corneal opacities
	 Kidney manifestations (proteinuria, polyuria, polydipsia)
	 Cardiac involvement (left ventricular hypertrophy, myocardial fibrosis, heart failure)
	 Cerebrovascular involvement (transient ischemic attacks, ischemic strokes) Other manifestations common in Fabry disease (sweating abnormalities, hearing loss, or intolerance to heat, cold, or exercise)
Appropriate Treatment	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with another agent on this policy (Galafold or enzyme replacement)
	therapy for Fabry disease)
	For Galafold: Severe renal impairment (eGFR less than 30) or end-stage renal disease requiring dialysis
Age Restriction:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a geneticist or a specialist experienced in the treatment of Fabry disease
	All approvals are subject to utilization of the most cost-effective site of care
Prescriber/Site of	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Care Restrictions:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Coverage Duration:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Fabry disease



FDA APPROVED DRUG - Below the Medicaid Line of Coverage

Covered Uses:	Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Definitions: • Unfunded condition is a condition that is below the Oregon Health Authority (OHA)-funded line of the Prioritized List of Health Services • Funded condition is a condition that is above the OHA-funded line of the Prioritized List of Health Services To review the line as well as examine guidelines to see if patient meets certain criteria for approval, please refer to the following website: https://intouch.pacificsource.com/LineFinder/ For age 21 and above: • Medications used to treat an unfunded condition are not covered by PacificSource Community Solutions unless it can be shown that: • The unfunded condition is causing or exacerbating a medically related funded condition AND • Treating the unfunded condition would significantly improve the outcome of treating the medically related funded condition For age 20 or younger: • Medications used to treat an unfunded condition are covered by PacificSource Community Solutions if treatment is medically necessary, per the Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment Program
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Drug must be dosed according to package insert requirements
Exclusion Criteria:	Exclusion based on package insert requirements
Age Restriction:	Age based on package insert requirements
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescriber restrictions based on package insert requirements
Coverage Duration:	Case by case



FDA APPROVED DRUG – Drug or Indication Not Yet Reviewed By Plan for Formulary Placement Affected Medications: New Medications or Indications of Existing Drugs Not Yet Reviewed By Plan for Formulary Placement

Covered Uses:	 Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of disease state, level of control, and therapies failed Documentation of failure with all available formulary products for treatment of disease state Documentation that a delay in treatment will cause loss of life, limb, function or other extreme pain
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Drug must be dosed according to package insert requirements
Exclusion Criteria:	Exclusion based on package insert requirements
Age Restriction:	Age based on package insert requirements
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescriber restrictions based on package insert requirements
Coverage Duration:	Case by case based on member need



POLICY NAME: FECAL MICROBIOTA

Affected Medications: REBYOTA (fecal microbiota, live-jslm), VOWST (fecal microbiota spores, live-brpk)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prophylaxis of Clostridioides difficile (C.diff) infection recurrence following antibiotic treatment
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation confirming a current diagnosis of recurrent C.diff infection (CDI) with a history of at least 2 recurrent episodes (initial episode + a minimum of 2 recurrences) Recurrent CDI is defined as a resolution of CDI symptoms while on appropriate therapy, followed by a reappearance of symptoms within 8 weeks of discontinuing treatment Current episode of CDI must be controlled (less than 3 unformed or loose stools per day for 2 consecutive days) Administration will occur following completion of antibiotic course for CDI treatment Within 24 to 72 hours for Rebyota Within 2 to 4 days for Vowst Positive stool test for C. diff within 30 days prior to request
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Previous treatment with at least two of the following in the setting of CDI recurrence: Oral vancomycin, fidaxomicin (Dificid), or fecal microbiota transplant (FMT) Vowst Previous treatment with at least two of the following in the setting of CDI recurrence: Oral vancomycin, fidaxomicin (Dificid), or FMT Provious treatment of the setting of the following in the setting of CDI recurrence: Oral vancomycin, fidaxomicin (Dificid), or FMT
Exclusion Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure with Rebyota Retreatment with Rebyota or Vowst
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist or gastroenterologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month with no reauthorization



POLICY NAME: FENFLURAMINE

Affected Medications: FINTEPLA (fenfluramine)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of seizures associated with Dravet syndrome (DS) Treatment of seizures associated with Lennox-Gastaut syndrome (LGS)
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of Dravet syndrome (DS) or Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS) Current weight Documentation that therapy is being used as adjunct therapy for seizures Dravet Syndrome Documentation of at least 6 convulsive seizures in the last 6 weeks while on stable
	 Documentation of at least o convuisive seizures in the last o weeks write on stable antiepileptic drug therapy Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS) Documentation of at least 8 drop seizures per month while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy
Appropriate Treatment	<u>Dravet Syndrome</u>
Regimen & Other	Documented treatment and inadequate control of seizures with Epidiolex AND at least four
Criteria:	of the following therapies:
	 Valproate, clobazam, clonazepam, levetiracetam, zonisamide or topiramate
	 Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome (LGS) Documented treatment and inadequate control of seizures with Epidiolex AND at least three guideline directed therapies including: Valproate, lamotrigine, rufinamide, topiramate, felbamate, or clobazam
	Dosing : not to exceed 26 mg daily Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a reduction in seizure severity,
	frequency, or duration
Exclusion Criteria:	-1
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FIDANACOGENE

Affected Medications: BEQVEZ (fidanacogene elaparvovec-dzkt)

Carrared Hann	All Food and Door Administration (FDA) approved indications and all a live in the little
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Hemophilia B (congenital factor IX deficiency)
Required Medical	Documentation of diagnosis of Hemophilia B
Information:	Documentation of baseline circulating level of factor IX less than or equal to 2% of
	normal AND requiring prophylactic factor IX treatment for at least 6 months
	 Documentation of negative factor IX inhibitor titers (less than 0.6 Bethesda units)
	 Documentation of negative antibodies to AAVRh74var capsid per FDA approved
	diagnostic test
	Baseline lab values (less than 2 times upper limit of normal):
	o ALT
	o AST
	 Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)
	o Bilirubin
Appropriate	Documentation of plan to discontinue factor IX prophylaxis therapy upon achieving
Treatment	circulating factor IX levels of 5%
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	<u>Dosing</u>
	• 5 x 10 ¹¹ vector genomes per kilogram of body weight
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior gene therapy administration
	Unstable liver or biliary disease
	Active Hepatitis B or C infection
	HIV infection with CD4 cell count less than 200 mm³ or viral load greater than 20
	copies/mL
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation, with a hematologist or specialist with experience in
Care Restrictions:	treatment of hemophilia
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months (one-time infusion)
_	



POLICY NAME: FIDAXOMICIN

Affected Medications: DIFICID (fidaxomicin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Clostridioides difficile-associated diarrhea
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of <i>C. difficile</i> infection (CDI) with associated diarrhea, defined as: Prescence of <i>C. difficile</i> toxin A or B in the stool AND Greater than 3 unformed bowel movements in 24 hours
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of at least one trial/failure of an appropriate oral vancomycin regimen for CDI in the previous 6 months At least one of the following risk factors for recurrent or severe CDI: Age greater than 65 years Severe underlying medical disorders Immunocompromised status Clinically severe CDI (as defined by Zar score greater than or equal to 2) Reauthorization: Documentation of current active CDI with associated diarrhea Documentation of past treatment success with fidaxomicin, defined as symptom resolution at the end of treatment course
Exclusion Criteria:	Asymptomatic colonization with <i>C. difficile</i>
Age Restriction:	6 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 14 days, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 14 days, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FINERENONE

Affected Medications: KERENDIA (finerenone)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Chronic kidney disease associated with type 2 diabetes to reduce the risk of:
	 Sustained estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) decline
	■ End-stage kidney disease
	 Cardiovascular death
	 Non-fatal myocardial infarction
	 Hospitalization for heart failure
Required Medical	Documentation of all the following:
Information:	o eGFR greater than or equal to 25 mL/min/1.73 m ²
	 Urine albumin-to-creatinine ratio (UACR) greater than or equal to 30 mg/g
	 Serum potassium level less than or equal to 5.0 mEq/L
Appropriate Treatment	Currently receiving maximally tolerated dosage of an angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), unless intolerant or
Regimen & Other	contraindicated
Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to at least 12 weeks of sodium-glucose cotransporter 2 (SGLT2) inhibitor therapy
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, endocrinologist, or cardiologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FLUCYTOSINE

Affected Medications: FLUCYTOSINE

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	o Candidal endocarditis
	o Candidiasis
	o Candidiasis of urogenital site
	o Cryptococcosis
	Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable)
	o Candida endophthalmitis
	 Central nervous system candidiasis
	 Cryptococcal meningitis – HIV infection
	HIV infection – Pulmonary cryptococcosis
Required	Susceptibility cultures matching flucytosine activity
Medical Information:	
Appropriate Treatment	Dosing: maximum 150 mg/kg/day
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an Infectious Disease specialist
Prescriber Restrictions:	Frescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious bisease specialist



POLICY NAME: FOSTAMATINIB

Affected Medications: TAVALISSE (fostamatinib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an insufficient response to a previous treatment
Required Medical Information:	 Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP Documentation of ONE of the following: Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such as peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding at higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Thrombocytopenia in patients with chronic ITP Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did not increase to at least 50,000/microliter, to the following therapies: ONE of the following: Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for immune thrombocytopenia, including corticosteroids, rituximab, or immunoglobulin Splenectomy Promacta Reauthorization requires response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter or above (not to exceed 400,000 microliter)
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with a thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase inhibitor, or similar treatment for thrombocytopenia (such as Promacta, Doptelet, or Nplate)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



FLUOCINOLONE OCULAR IMPLANT

Affected Medications: ILUVIEN, RETISERT, YUTIQ (fluocinolone acetonide intravitreal implant)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Diabetic macular edema (DME) Chronic, non-infectious posterior uveitis
Required Medical	<u>Iluvien</u>
Information:	 Diagnosis of clinically significant diabetic macular edema Documentation of past treatment with corticosteroids without a clinically significant rise in intraocular pressure
	 Retisert and Yutiq Diagnosis of chronic, non-infectious posterior uveitis confirmed by slit lamp and fundoscopic examination
Appropriate	<u>Iluvien</u>
Treatment	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to an intravitreal vascular endothelial Travith forter (VECE) inhibitor (professed production Associate Disposition Circusti)
Regimen & Other	growth factor (VEGF) inhibitor (preferred products: Avastin, Byooviz, Cimerli) • Documentation of inadequate response to laser photocoagulation
Criteria:	Documentation of inadequate response to laser photocoagulation
	Retisert and Yutiq
	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to all of the following:
	 Minimum 12-week trial with oral systemic corticosteroid
	 At least one corticosteroid-sparing immunosuppressive therapy (methotrexate,
	azathioprine, or mycophenolate mofetil)
	 At least one calcineurin inhibitor (cyclosporine, tacrolimus)
	Retisert: Documentation of treatment failure with Yutiq
Exclusion Criteria:	Active or suspected ocular or periocular infections
	Concurrent use of intravitreal implants and injections (corticosteroid, anti-VEGF) Window Clausers (with our to dieg ratios greater than 0.9)
Age Restriction:	Iluvien: Glaucoma (with cup to disc ratios greater than 0.8)
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Restrictions:	Frescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Coverage Duration:	Iluvien: 36 months, unless otherwise specified
	Retisert: 30 months, unless otherwise specified
	Yutiq: 36 months, unless otherwise specified



FUMARATES FOR MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS

Affected Medications: BAFIERTAM (monomethyl fumarate), VUMERITY (diroximel fumarate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	 Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required Medical Information:	 RRMS Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent
	with MS CIS
	 Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
	 Active SPMS Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses) Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions) Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate Treatment Regimen &	 Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance to) ALL the following: dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS
Other Criteria:	
	Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: FYARRO

Affected Medications: FYARRO (nab-sirolimus)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Perivascular Epithelioid Cell Tumor (PEComa) Presence of malignant locally advanced unresectable or metastatic disease confirmed by pathology. History of intolerable adverse event with trial of each of the following agents: Sirolimus oral tablet Everolimus or temsirolimus
Exclusion Criteria:	 Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater History of disease progression with prior mechanistic target of rapamycin (mTOR) inhibitor treatment.
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months Reauthorization: 12 months



POLICY NAME: GIVOSIRAN

Affected Medications: GIVLAARI (givosiran)

Cavarad Hass	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications and attentions
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise available by plan design.
	excluded by plan design
	Treatment of adults with acute hepatic porphyria (AHP)
Required Medical	Documentation of elevated urine porphobilinogen (PBG) levels based on specific
Information:	lab test utilized
	Diagnosis confirmed based on Porphyria Genomic testing
	Documentation of baseline acute attack frequency
	Evaluation for avoidance of exacerbating factors of porphyria attacks, including
	certain medications, smoking, drinking, and infections
Appropriate Treatment	Documentation of active disease defined as at least 2 documented porphyria
Regimen & Other Criteria:	attacks within the last six months which can include hospitalization, urgent
3	healthcare visits, or requiring intravenous Hemin administration
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be
	enforced
	Reauthorization will require documentation of a positive clinical response and a
	reduction in acute attack frequency from baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	Active HIV, Hepatitis C, or Hepatitis B infection(s)
	History of Pancreatitis
	Concomitant use with prophylactic hemin
	History of liver transplant
Age Restriction:	Greater than or equal to 18 years of age
Age Resultation.	oreater than or equal to 10 years or age
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, physicians that specialize in the treatment
	of acute hepatic porphyria
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: GLATIRAMER

Affected Medications: GLATIRAMER. GLATOPA

	ns: GLATIRAMER, GLATOPA			
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan			
	design			
	Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: - Clinically including the following:			
	 Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Releasing remitting multiple calculate (RRMS) 			
	 Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS) 			
Required	RRMS			
•	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic			
Medical	criteria for MS			
Information:	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS 			
	 CIS Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord) 			
1	Active SPMS			
	Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic			
	function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)			
	 Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity 			
	(i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)			
	Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5			
Appropriate Treatment	 Documentation of dose and frequency as the 20 mg/mL and 40 mg/mL formulations are not interchangeable 			
Regimen & Other Criteria:	No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS			
	Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success			
Exclusion				
Criteria:				
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist			
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



GLUCAGON-LIKE PEPTIDE-1 AGONISTS (DIABETES)

Affected Medications: BYETTA Subcutaneous (Exenatide), BYDUREON Subcutaneous (Exenatide), BYDUREON BCise Subcutaneous (Exenatide), OZEMPIC (semaglutide), Liraglutide Subcutaneous, TRULICITY Subcutaneous (dulaglutide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 As an adjunct to diet and exercise to improve glycemic control in adults and pediatric patients 10 years of age and older with type 2 diabetes mellitus
Required Medical Information:	Pertinent medical records supporting a diagnosis of type 2 diabetes
Appropriate	Documentation of the following:
Treatment	Current A1C level greater than 7%
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Ozempic, Trulicity, Bydureon, Byetta (New Starts)
	Documentation of one of the following:
	Inadequate treatment response following a minimum 12-week trial of liraglutide
	Evidence of adverse effect with liraglutide (not attributable to the GLP-1 class) after an
	adequate dose titration
	Reauthorization:
	Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Weight Loss
Age Restriction:	Byetta, Bydureon, liraglutide and Trulicity – greater than or equal to 10 years
-	Ozempic – greater than or equal to 18 years
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



GLUCAGON-LIKE PEPTIDE-1 AGONISTS (non-diabetic indications)

Affected Medications: SAXENDA (liraglutide), WEGOVY (semaglutide), ZEPBOUND (tirzepatide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Major Adverse Cardiovascular Event (MACE) Risk Reduction (Wegovy only): Documented history of prior cardiovascular event defined as one of the following:
Appropriate Treatment	 Equal to or greater than 120% of the 95th percentile for age and sex Obstructive Sleep Apnea (Zepbound only) Diagnosis of moderate to severe obstructive sleep apnea (OSA) with Apnea-Hypopnea Index (AHI) of at least 15 on polysomnography Body mass index (BMI) of greater than or equal to 30 kg/m² MACE Risk Reduction (Wegovy only): Currently established on standard of care treatment of cardiovascular disease (CVD) at
Regimen & Other Criteria:	therapeutic doses (one from each category): Lipid-lowering therapy: statins, ezetimibe, Repatha, Praluent Antiplatelet/anticoagulant therapy: aspirin, clopidogrel, Brilinta, Xarelto Pediatric Weight Loss:
	 Current intensive health behavior and lifestyle treatment which includes Physical activity goals Nutrition education Behavior change counseling Documentation of treatment failure with Qsymia, defined as failure to experience 5% reduction in BMI after 12 weeks at max tolerated dosage
	 OSA (Zepbound only) Documentation of being used in combination with caloric restriction (diet), increased physical activity, and behavioral modification



	Zepbound Reauthorization:		
	 Documentation of treatment success defined by an improvement in AHI score and OSA symptoms (such as less daytime sleepiness, fewer sleep arousals, fewer pauses in breathing) 		
	Saxenda Reauthorization:		
	 Documentation of at least 2.4mg daily dose and reduction of weight of at least 1% of BM since initiation (pediatric weight loss) 		
	Wegovy Reauthorization:		
	 Documentation of at least 1.7mg once weekly dose and reduction of weight of at least 1% of BMI since initiation (pediatric weight loss) 		
	Documentation of treatment success (MACE risk reduction)		
Exclusion Criteria:	 Personal or family history of medullary thyroid carcinoma (MTC) or Multiple Endocrine Neoplasia syndrome type 2 (Zepbound) 		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist (MACE reduction)		
Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatrician or weight loss specialist		
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		
_	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: GOLIMUMAB

Affected Medications: SIMPONI ARIA INTRAVENOUS (IV) SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
	design
	Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
	o Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)
	 Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS)
	Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)
	Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)
Required Medical	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Information:	 Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale)
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
	 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	• Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or greate
	based on chart notes:
	 Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point, Ol
	a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
	 Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
	 Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
	 Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
	 Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point
	Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis
	Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by sacroillitis on imaging AND at least 1
	spondyloarthritis feature:
	 Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
	 Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
	 Insidious onset
	 Improvement with exercise
	 No improvement with rest
	Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
	o Arthritis
	o Enthesitis
	o Uveitis
	 Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
	o Psoriasis
	 Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
	 Good response to nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
	o Family history of SpA
	Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP)
	OR
	 HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
	Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity inde
	(BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale



	Invenile Idianathie Arthritic			
	 Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD 			
	global score) or active joint count			
Annroprioto				
Appropriate	Rheumatoid Arthritis - Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotroyate			
Treatment	 Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease 			
Regimen & Other	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)			
Criteria:	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)			
	Psoriatic Arthritis			
	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate			
	 If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease 			
	modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)			
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12			
	weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)			
	Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis			
	Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs			
	(ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each			
	OR			
	For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid			
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)			
	Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis			
	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide			
	Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids			
	<u>QL</u>			
	 RA/PsA/AS: 2 mg/kg at weeks 0 and 4, followed by every 8 weeks 			
	 Pediatric PsA and JIA: 80 mg/m2 at weeks 0 and 4, then every 8 weeks thereafter 			
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced			
	Reauthorization:			
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy			
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit			
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist			
Restrictions:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified			
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified			



GOSERELIN ACETATE IMPLANT

Affected Medications: ZOLADEX (goserelin acetate implant)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Endometriosis Endometrial thinning National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	Endometriosis Documentation of moderate to severe pain due to endometriosis
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Endometriosis Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3 months of both of the following first-line therapies:
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater For endometriosis, prior use of Zoladex for a 6-month period
Age Restriction:	18 years and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	 For oncologic uses: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist For gynecologic uses: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gynecologist
Coverage Duration:	Oncologic uses Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Endometriosis Approval: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified Endometrial thinning Approval: 4 months (up to 2 doses only), unless otherwise specified



GROWTH HORMONES

Affected Medications: GENOTROPIN®, GENOTROPIN MINIQUICK®, HUMATROPE®, NORDITROPIN FLEXPRO®, NUTROPIN AQ NUSPIN®, OMNITROPE®, SAIZEN®, ZOMACTON, SKYTROFA, SOGROYA, NGENLA

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
- Pediatric indications:
 - Growth Hormone Deficiency
 - Pituitary dwarfism (short stature disorder due to growth hormone deficiency)
 - Growth hormone deficiency without short stature NOT a funded indication
 - Turner's syndrome
 - Prader-Willi syndrome
 - o Noonan's syndrome
 - Short stature homeobox-containing gene (SHOX) deficiency
 - Growth failure secondary to chronic kidney disease (stages 3, 4, 5 or ESRD) or renal transplant
 - Small for gestational age
- Adult indications:
 - Growth Hormone Deficiency

Required Medical Information:

All indications:

 Documentation of baseline height, height velocity, and bone age (pediatrics), and patient weight

Pediatric growth hormone deficiency or Pituitary dwarfism

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - o Diagnosis of growth hormone deficiency or pituitary dwarfism AND
 - Low serum values for GH stimulation test, IGF-1, and IGFBP-3 with delayed bone age AND
 - Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6th percentile) OR
 - Height velocity impaired AND
 - Height SDS of -2 (2.3rd percentile) for bone age

Turner's syndrome

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - Diagnosis of Turner Syndrome done through genetic testing AND
 - For patients less than 2 years of age:
 - Documented 50% delay in growth from projected based on WHO growth curves at equivalent age, AND
 - No secondary factor present that would explain observed growth delays
 - For patients greater than or equal to 2 years of age:
 - Height below the 5th percentile for bone age, AND
 - No secondary factor present that would explain observed growth delays

Noonan's syndrome

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - o Diagnosis of Noonan's syndrome done through genetic testing AND
 - Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6th percentile)



OR

- Height velocity impaired AND
- Height SDS of -2 (2.3rd percentile) for bone age

Short stature homeobox-containing gene (SHOX) deficiency

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - o Diagnosis of SHOX deficiency done through genetic testing
 - Height standard deviation score (SDS) of -2.5 (0.6th percentile)
 OR
 - Height velocity impaired AND
 - Height SDS of -2 (2.3rd percentile) for bone age

Growth failure secondary to chronic kidney disease stage 3 and greater OR kidney transplant

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - o Diagnosis of chronic kidney disease stage 3 or higher (CrCl less than 60mL/min)
 - Height velocity (SDS) less than -1.88 for bone age.

Prader-Willi syndrome

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - o Diagnosis of Prader-Willi syndrome through genetic testing AND
 - Height velocity impaired

Small for gestational age

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - Documentation of weight and/or length of at least 2 standard deviations (SD) from the mean for gestational age and sex at birth
 - At least two years old
 - Height standard deviation score of at least -2.5 at the start of therapy
 - Documentation of lab work ruling out other physiological and genetic conditions that cause short stature including:
 - IGF-1 and IGFBP-3 values within normal range
 - Evaluation for growth inhibiting medications
 - Absence of chronic illness impacting growth velocity
 - Absence of genetic condition impacting growth velocity

Adult Growth Hormone

- For initial approval, documentation of the following is required:
 - Growth hormone deficiency defined as IGF-1 outside of reference range for patients' sex and age
 - Failure of a growth hormone stimulation test (insulin tolerance test ITT or glucagon stimulation test)

Reauthorization:

- Pediatric: requires a documented growth rate increase of at least 2.5 cm over baseline per year AND evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open
- Adult: requires documented clinical improvement and IGF-1 within normal reference range for age and sex

Appropriate Treatment

 Documentation of clinical failure with an adequate trial (at least 12 weeks) of Norditropin prior to any other growth hormone agent



Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Skytrofa and Ngenla Documentation of clinical failure with an adequate trial (at least 12 weeks each) of all formulary growth hormone options Sogroya Documented clinical failure with an adequate trial (at least 12 weeks each) of Norditropin AND one additional daily growth hormone agent Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an age-appropriate endocrinologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: GUSELKUMAB

Affected Medications: TREMFYA 200 MG/20 ML INTRAVENOUS (IV) SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Ulcerative Colitis Diagnosis supported by endoscopy/colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy or biopsy with moderate to severely active disease Documentation of disease severity Mayo Clinic Score for Assessment of Ulcerative Colitis Activity score
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Ulcerative Colitis Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, azathioprine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, 6-mercaptopurine OR Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for ulcerative colitis AND Documented failure (or intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of all available formulary alternatives: infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola, Renflexis), Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-
Exclusion Criteria:	 QL Ulcerative Colitis Induction: 200 mg on weeks 0, 4, 8 Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with a gastroenterologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



HEPATITIS C DIRECT-ACTING ANTIVIRALS

Affected Medications: EPCLUSA (Sofosbuvir/Velptasvir), VOSEVI (Sofosbuvir/Velpatasvir/Voxilaprevir), MAVYRET (Glecaprevir/Pibrentasvir)

Approval Criteria			
What diagnosis is being treated?	Record ICD10 code.		
2. Is the request for treatment of Hepatitis C infection?	Yes: Go to #3 Document baseline quantitative HCV RNA level	No: Pass to RPh. Deny; medical appropriateness.	
Has all the following pre-treatment testing been documented: Genotype testing in past 3 years is required if the patient has decompensated cirrhosis, prior treatment experience with a DAA regimen, and if prescribed a regimen which is not pan-genotypic History of previous HCV treatment, viral load after treatment, and outcome are required only if there is documentation of treatment experience	Yes: Record results of each test and go to #4	No: Pass to RPh. Request updated testing.	
4. Which regimen is requested?	Document and go to #5		
Has the patient been treated with a direct acting antiviral regimen previously?	Yes: Go to #6	No: Go to #8	



Approval Criteria		
6. Did the patient achieve a sustained virological response (SVR) at week 12 or longer following the completion of their last DAA regimen?	Yes: Go to #7	No: Document as treatment failure and treat as indicated for treatment experienced. Go to #8
 Is this likely a reinfection, indicated by at least one of the following: Does the patient have ongoing risk factors for hepatitis C reinfection (e.g., sexually active men who have sex with men, persons who inject drugs), OR Is the hepatitis C infection a different genotype than previous 	Yes: Document as reinfection. Use regimens recommended for treatment naïve patients. Go to #8	No: Document as treatment failure and treat as indicated for treatment experienced. Go to #8
Is the prescribed drug: Elbasvir/grazoprevir for GT 1a infection; or Ledipasvir/sofosbuvir for GT 1a treatment-experienced infection; or Sofosbuvir/velpatasvir for GT 3 in cirrhosis or treatment-experienced infection	Yes: Go to #9	No: Go to #10
9. Has the patient had a baseline NS5a resistance test that documents a resistant variant to one of the agents in #8? Note: Baseline NS5A resistance testing is required.	Yes: Pass to RPh; deny for appropriateness	No: Go to #10 Document test and result.



10. Is the prescribed drug regimen a recommended Yes: Approve for 8-24 weeks No: Pass to RPh. Deny; regimen based on the patient's genotype, age, based on duration of treatment medical appropriateness. treatment status (retreatment or treatment naïve) and indicated for approved cirrhosis status (see Table 1 and Table 2)? regimen Note: Safety and efficacy of DAAs for children Referral will be made for < 3 years of age have not been established Pediatric optional case management dosing available in Table 3 and Table 4 (patient may choose to opt-in).

<u>Table 1: Recommended Treatment Regimens for Adults, and Adolescents 12 years of age and older with Hepatitis C virus.</u>

Treatment History	Cirrhosis Status	Recommended Regimen	
Treatment Naïve (Genotype 1-6)			
Treatment naïve, confirmed reinfection or prior treatment with	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	SOF/VEL x 12 weeks G/P x 8 weeks	
PEGylated interferon/ribavirin	Compensated cirrhosis	G/P x 8 weeks SOF/VEL x 12 weeks (baseline resistance testing recommended for GT3)	
	Decompensated Cirrhosis	SOF/VEL + RBV x 12 weeks SOF/VEL x 24 weeks (if ribavirin ineligible*)	
Treatment Experienced (Genotype 1-6)			
Sofosbuvir based regimen treatment failures, including: Sofosbuvir + ribavirin Ledipasvir/sofosbuvir Velpatasvir/sofosbuvir	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	SOF/VEL/VOX x12 weeks G/P x 16 weeks (except GT3)	
Elbasvir/grazoprevir treatment failures	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	SOF/VEL/VOX x 12 weeks	
Glecaprevir/pibrentasvir treatment failures	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	G/P + SOF + RBV x 16 weeks SOF/VEL/VOX x 12 weeks (plus RBV if compensated cirrhosis)	



Multiple DAA Treatment Failures,	Non-cirrhotic or compensated	G/P + SOF + RBV x 16-24 weeks
including:	cirrhosis	SOF/VEL/VOX x 24 weeks
sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir		
glecaprevir/pibrentasvir + sofosbuvir		

Abbreviations: DAA = direct acting antiviral; EBV/GZR = elbasvir/grazoprevir; G/P = glecaprevir and pibrentasvir; PEG = pegylated interferon; RAV = resistance-associated variant; RBV = ribavirin; SOF = sofosbuvir; SOF/VEL = sofosbuvir/velpatasvir; SOF/VEL/VOX = sofosbuvir/velpatasvir/voxilaprevir

- * Ribavirin ineligible/intolerance may include: 1) neutrophils < 750 mm³, 2) hemoglobin < 10 g/dl, 3) platelets <50,000 cells/mm³, autoimmune hepatitis or other autoimmune condition, hypersensitivity or allergy to ribavirin
- ^ Rarely, genotyping assays may indicate the presence of a mixed infection (e.g., genotypes 1a and 2). Treatment data for mixed genotypes with direct-acting antivirals are limited. However, in these cases, a pangenotypic regimen is appropriate.

Ribavirin-containing regimens are absolutely contraindicated in pregnant women and in the male partners of women who are pregnant. Documented use of two forms of birth control in patients and sex partners for whom a ribavirin containing regimen is chosen is required.

All regimens containing a protease inhibitor (elbasvir, glecaprevir, simeprevir, paritaprevir, voxilaprevir) should not be used in patients with moderate to severe hepatic impairment (CTP B and C).

There is limited data supporting DAA regimens in treatment- experienced patients with decompensated cirrhosis. These patients should be handled on a case by case basis with the patient, prescriber, and CCO or FFS medical director.

Definitions of Treatment Candidates • Treatment-naïve: Patients without prior HCV treatment. • Treat as treatment-naïve: Patients who discontinued HCV DAA therapy within 4 weeks of initiation or have confirmed reinfection after achieving SVR following HCV treatment. • Treatment-experienced: Patients who received more than 4 weeks of HCV DAA therapy.

Table 2: Recommended Treatment Regimens for children ages 3 - 12 years of age with Hepatitis C virus.

Treatment History	Cirrhosis Status	Recommended Regimen
Treatment Naïve Genotype 1-6		
Treatment naïve, confirmed reinfection or prior treatment with	Non-cirrhotic or compensated cirrhosis	SOF/VEL x 12 weeks G/P x 8 weeks
pegylated interferon/ribavirin	Decompensated Cirrhosis	SOF/VEL + RBV x 12 weeks

Treatment Experienced with DAA regimen

Note: Efficacy and safety extremely limited in treatment experienced to other DAAs in this population. Can consider recommended treatment regimens in adults if FDA approved for pediatric use. Recommend consulting with hepatologist.



Abbreviations: DAA = direct acting antiviral; G/P = glecaprevir and pibrentasvir; RBV = ribavirin; SOF = sofosbuvir; SOF/VEL = sofosbuvir/velpatasvir

- All regimens containing a protease inhibitor (elbasvir, glecaprevir, simeprevir, paritaprevir, voxilaprevir) should not be used in patients with moderate to severe hepatic impairment (CTP B and C).
- There is limited data supporting DAA regimens in treatment- experienced patients with decompensated cirrhosis.
 These patients should be handled on a case by case basis with the patient, prescriber, and CCO or FFS medical director.

Table 3: Recommended dosage of sofosbuvir/velpatasvir in pediatric patients 3 years of age and older:

Body weight	Dosing of sofosbuvir/velpatasvir
Less than 17 kg	One 150 mg/37.5 mg pellet packet once daily
17 kg to less than 30 kg	One 200 mg50 mg pellet packet OR tablet once daily
At least 30 kg	Two 200 mg/50 mg pellet packets once daily OR one 400 mg/100 mg tablet once daily

Table 4: Recommended dosage of glecaprevir/pibrentasvir in pediatric patients 3 years of age and older:

Table in Recommended decage of group of in position in position of parions of age and class.	
Body weight	Dosing of glecaprevir/pibrentasvir
Less than 20 kg	Three 50mg/20 mg pellet packets once daily
20 kg to less than 30 kg	Four 50 mg/20 mg pellet packets once daily
30 kg to less than 45 kg	Five 50 mg/20 mg pellet packets once daily
45 kg and greater OR 12 years of age and older	Three 100mg/40 mg tablets once daily



HEREDITARY ANGIOEDEMA (HAE)

Affected Medications: BERINÈRT, ĆINRYZE, ICATIBANT ACETATE, SAJAZIR, HAEGARDA, RUCONEST, KALBITOR, TAKHZYRO, ORLADEYO

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Hereditary angioedema (HAE) official diagnosis documented in member's chart AND Laboratory confirmed diagnosis for HAE Type I or II: Low C4 level (C4 below the lower limit of normal as defined by the laboratory performing test) AND one of the following: C1-inhibitor functional level less than 50% of the lower limit of normal as defined by the laboratory performing test OR C1-inhibitor antigenic level less than 50% of the lower limit of normal as defined by the laboratory performing test OR
	 Family history of angioedema and the angioedema was refractory to a trial of antihistamine (e.g., diphenhydramine) for at least one month or confirmed factor 12 (FXII) mutation
	 All other causes of acquired angioedema (e.g., medications, auto-immune diseases) have been excluded Documentation of requested number of units or doses and current weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	For requests to treat 3 or less attacks per month: Occumentation of requested number of units or doses and current weight. Occumentation of number of attacks requiring treatment in the past year. Authorization for therapy for acute treatment will provide a sufficient quantity to cover the number of attacks experienced in the last year plus 1 additional dose. Limited to having medication on hand to treat average number of acute attacks per month plus 1 additional dose. Berinert: Treatment of acute attacks 20 units/kg IV If 18 years or older, requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to icatibant acetate OR Currently receiving treatment with Berinert, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs
	Icatibant Acetate: Treatment of acute attacks 30mg SQ. Additional doses may be administered at 6-hour intervals if response is inadequate or symptoms recur. Maximum 3 doses in 24 hours



- Ruconest: 50 units/kg IV, not to exceed 4200 units per dose. If attack symptoms persist, a second dose may be administered. Not to exceed 2 doses in 24 hours. (Effectiveness not demonstrated in patients with laryngeal attacks)
 - If 18 years or older, requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to icatibant acetate

OR

 If under 18 years of age, requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to Berinert

OR

- Currently receiving treatment with Ruconest, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs.
- **Kalbitor**: Treatment of acute attacks 30mg SQ. If attack persists, an additional dose of 30mg may be given within 24 hours.
 - If 18 years or older, requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to icatibant acetate

OR

 If under 18 years of age, requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to Berinert

OR

- Currently receiving treatment with Kalbitor, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs
- For requests to treat more than 3 attacks per month:
 - Documentation of number of attacks requiring treatment in the past year
 - Documentation of current treatment or failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for avoidance of prophylactic therapies such as Haegarda, Takhzyro, Cinryze
 - Authorization for therapy for acute treatment will provide a sufficient quantity to cover the number of attacks experienced in the last year plus 1 additional dose.
 Limited to having medication on hand to treat average number of acute attacks per month plus 1 additional dose

<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of number of acute attacks treated in the past year AND documentation of treatment success defined as reduction of frequency and severity of HAE attack episodes by greater than or equal to 50% from baseline

Prophylaxis

- Documentation of number of attacks requiring treatment in the past year
- At least ONE of the following:
 - Disabling symptoms for at least 5 days per month
 - Laryngeal edema or history of laryngeal edema
 - A history of self-limiting, non-inflammatory subcutaneous angioedema, without urticaria, which is recurrent and lasts greater than 12 hours
 - Self-limiting, recurrent abdominal pain without a clear organic cause lasting



greater than 6 hours

AND

- A history of TWO or more severe attack(s) per month on average for the past 3 months (defined as an attack that significantly interrupts daily activities despite short-term treatment)
- Cinryze Prophylaxis: 1000 units IV twice a week.
 - Requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event)
 to Haegarda AND Takhzyro

OR

- Currently receiving treatment with Cinryze for prophylaxis, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs and have had a greater than or equal to 50% reduction of frequency and severity of HAE attacks requiring acute therapy from baseline
- Doses up to 2,500 units (not exceeding 100 units/kg) may be appropriate if inadequate response with 1000 units
- Orladeyo Prophylaxis: 150 mg once daily.
 - Requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to Haegarda AND Takhzyro

OR

- Currently receiving treatment with Orladeyo for prophylaxis, excluding via samples
 or manufacturer's patient assistance programs and have had a greater than or
 equal to 50% reduction of frequency and severity of HAE attacks requiring acute
 therapy from baseline
- Haegarda Prophylaxis: 60 units/kg SC twice a week
- Takhzyro Prophylaxis: If patient is dosing every 2 weeks and has been attack free for 6
 months, dosing will be reduced to every 4 weeks
 - o 2 years of age to less than 6: 150 mg SC every 4 weeks
 - o 6 years of age to less than 12: 150 mg SC every 2 weeks
 - 12 years of age and older: 300 mg SC every 2 weeks

<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of number of acute HAE attacks treated in the past year AND documentation of treatment success defined as reduction of frequency and severity of HAE attack episodes requiring acute therapy by greater than or equal to 50% from baseline

 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced for all medical infusion drugs

Exclusion Criteria:

- Documentation that the requested acute treatment drug will not be used in combination with another acute HAE drug such as Berinert, Ruconest or Icatibant Acetate
- Documentation that the requested prophylactic treatment drug will not be used in combination with another prophylactic HAE drug such as Haegarda, Takhzyro, Cinryze
- Orladeyo in the setting of End-Stage Renal Disease or those requiring hemodialysis



Age Restriction:	•	Berinert: Approved for acute treatment of HAE attacks in adult and pediatric patients
/ igo riocaroacin	•	Cinryze: Approved for routine prophylaxis of HAE attacks in patients 6 years and older
	•	Icatibant Acetate: Approved for acute treatment of HAE attacks in patients 18 and older
	•	Haegarda: Approved for routine prophylaxis of HAE attacks in patients 6 years and older
	•	Ruconest : Approved for acute treatment of HAE attacks (non-laryngeal) in patients 13 and older
	•	Kalbitor: Approved for acute treatment of HAE attacks in patients 12 years and older
	•	Takhzyro: Approved for routine prophylaxis of HAE attacks in patients 2 years and older
	•	Orladeyo: Approved for routine prophylaxis of HAE attacks in patients 12 years and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	•	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist/immunologist or physician that
		specializes in HAE or related disorders.
Coverage Duration:	•	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



HEREDITARY TYROSINEMIA (HT-1)
Affected Medications: NITISINONE, ORFADIN SUSPENSION

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hereditary tyrosinemia type 1 (HT-1)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of hereditary tyrosinemia type 1 confirmed by:
Information:	 Presence of succinylacetone (SA) in urine or blood
	 Genetic testing showing a mutation in the gene encoding fumarylacetoacetate hydrolase (FAH)
	Current patient weight
Appropriate Treatment	Use as an adjunct to dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine
Regimen & Other	Orfadin suspension requires:
Criteria:	 A documented medical inability to use nitisinone capsules
	Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success confirmed by:
	Reduction in urine or plasma succinylacetone from baseline
	Documentation of dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine
Exclusion Criteria:	Use without dietary restriction of tyrosine and phenylalanine
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, physicians that specializes in the treatment of
Restrictions:	hereditary tyrosinemia or related disorders
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: HISTRELIN

Affected Medications: SUPPRELIN LA (histrelin acetate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Central precocious puberty (CPP) Gender dysphoria 	
Required Medical Information:	 Central Precocious puberty Documentation of CPP confirmed by basal luteinizing hormone (LH), follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH), and either estradiol or testosterone concentrations Gender Dysphoria Documentation of all the following: Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent for treatment Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health (WPATH) Standards of Care 	
Appropriate	All Indications	
Treatment	Approval requires rationale for avoidance of Lupron formulations	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy	
Exclusion		
Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	Equal or greater than 2 years old	
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Central Precocious Puberty: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of gender dysphoria 	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



Hormone supplementation under 18 years of age

Affected Medications: Depo-Estradiol oil, estradiol twice weekly patch, estradiol weekly patch, estradiol tablets, estradiol valerate oil, Testosterone Cypionate solution, Testosterone Enanthate solution, Testosterone gel

PA applies to New Starts only

PA applies to New St		
Covered Uses:	Gender dysphoria	
	 Applies to patients under the age of 18 	
Required Medical	Gender dysphoria	
Information:	Documentation of all the following: Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and testosterone levels to confirm onset of puberty Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent for treatment Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health (WPATH) Standards of Care Note: For requests following pubertal suppression therapy, an updated or new comprehensive mental health evaluation must be provided prior to initiation of hormone supplementation	
Appropriate	Transdermal Testosterone	
Treatment	Requires documented failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for avoidance of the testosterone	
Regimen & Other	injections	
Criteria:		
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success	
Exclusion		
Criteria:		
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber	Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the	
Restrictions:	treatment of gender dysphoria	
Coverage	Authorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:		



HYALURONIC ACID DERIVATIVES

Affected Medications: EUFLEXXA, GENVISC 850, GEL-ONE, GEL-SYN, HYALGAN, HYMOVIS, MONOVISC, ORTHOVISC, SUPARTZ, SYNVISC, SYNVISC-ONE, TRI-VISC, DUROLANE, SYNOJOYNT, TRILURON, VISCO-3

Covered Uses:	 Hyaluronic Acid products are excluded from coverage per the Oregon Health Authority See Guideline Note #104, which states "CPT 20610 and 20611 are included on these lines only for interventions other than viscosupplementation for osteoarthritis of the knee."
Required Medical	
Information:	
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	



HYDROCORTISONE ORAL GRANULES

Affected Medications: ALKINDI SPRINKLE (hydrocortisone oral granules)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Glucocorticoid replacement therapy in pediatric patients with adrenocortical insufficiency
Required Medical	Diagnosis of adrenal insufficiency confirmed with an adrenal stimulation test
Information:	Current body surface area (or height and weight to calculate)
	Current height and weight velocity
	For adolescents, evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain
	open
	Complete treatment plan including dose in mg/m²/day
Appropriate Treatment	Documented treatment failure with a 6-month trial of two or more of the following:
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Hydrocortisone tablets
	 Cortisone acetate tablets
	 Prednisolone or prednisone tablets
	 Compounded hydrocortisone oral capsules or solution
	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed the following:
	 Starting dose: 8-10 mg/m²/day in 3 divided doses
	 When switching from other oral hydrocortisone formulations, use the same total
	hydrocortisone dosage
	 Infants with Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia may start at a dose of 8-15
	mg/m²/day in 3 divided doses
	mg/m /day in 3 divided doses
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in adolescents who have achieved their adult height
	Use for stress dosing
	Use in acute treatment of adrenal crisis or acute adrenal insufficiency
	Long term use with strong CYP3A4 inducers, unless medically necessary
Age Restriction:	Less than 18 years of age
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	
	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



HYPOXIA-INDUCIBLE FACTOR PROLYL HYDROXYLASE (HIF PH) INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: JESDUVROQ (daprodustat), VAFSEO (vadadustat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Anemia due to chronic kidney disease (CKD) in adults who have been receiving dialysis
Required Medical	Diagnosis of anemia due to CKD
Information:	Documentation of dialysis use for:
	 Jesduvroq: 4 or more months
	 Vafseo: 3 or more months
	 Documentation of pretreatment hemoglobin level greater than 8 g/dL and less than 12 g/dL
	Adequate iron stores as indicated by current (within the last three months) serum ferritin
	level greater than or equal to 100 mcg/L or serum transferrin saturation greater than or equal to 20%
Appropriate	Documentation of ONE of the following:
Treatment	 Documented hypo-responsiveness to an erythropoiesis stimulating agent (ESA),
Regimen & Other	defined as the need for ONE of the following:
Criteria:	 Greater than 300 IU/kg per week of epoetin alfa
	 Greater than 1.5 mcg/kg per week of darbepoetin
	o Intolerance to all ESAs
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and hemoglobin of greater than 8 g/dL and less than 12 g/dL
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with ESAs
	Current uncontrolled hypertension
	Active malignancy
	 For Jesduvroq: Major adverse cardiac events (such as myocardial infarction, acute coronary syndrome, stroke, transient ischemic attack, venous thromboembolism) within 3 months prior to starting treatment
Age Restriction:	· · · ·
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by or in consultation with a specialist, such as a hematologist or nephrologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial authorization: 6 months
	Reauthorization: 12 months



POLICY NAME: IBREXAFUNGERP

Affected Medications: BREXAFEMME (ibrexafungerp)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of vulvovaginal candidiasis (VVC) Reduction in the incidence of recurrent vulvovaginal candidiasis (RVVC)
Required Medical Information:	 All Indications Documented presence of signs/symptoms of current acute vulvovaginal candidiasis with a positive potassium hydroxide (KOH) test Documentation confirming that the patient is not pregnant and is on contraceptive for length of planned treatment RVVC
	 Documentation of three or more episodes of symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis infection within the past 12 months
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure with both of the following for the current VVC episode:
	Documented disease recurrence following 10 to 14 days of induction therapy with a topical antifungal agent or oral fluconazole, followed by fluconazole 150 mg once per week for 6 months Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis episodes, and documentation supporting the need for additional treatment.
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization (VVC): 3 months, unless otherwise specified Authorization (RVVC): 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ICOSAPENT ETHYL

Affected Medications: icosapent ethyl

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Cardiovascular risk reduction with hypertriglyceridemia
	 Severe hypertriglyceridemia
Required Medical	Cardiovascular Risk Reduction with Hypertriglyceridemia
Information:	Documented current triglyceride level of at least 150 mg/dL, despite current therapy
	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Established cardiovascular disease (CVD) (e.g., coronary artery disease,
	cerebrovascular disease, peripheral artery disease)
	 Diabetes mellitus and 2 or more risk factors for CVD (e.g., hypertension, cigarette
	smoking, chronic kidney disease, family history of CVD)
	Severe Hypertriglyceridemia
	Documented current triglyceride level of at least 500 mg/dL
Appropriate	Cardiovascular Risk Reduction with Hypertriglyceridemia
Treatment	Documentation of minimum 12 weeks of consistent statin therapy at maximum tolerated
Regimen & Other	dose prior to request AND treatment plan includes intent to continue statin therapy with
Criteria:	icosapent ethyl
	Severe Hypertriglyceridemia
	 Documentation of inadequate response with minimum 12-week trial of fenofibrate AND
	omega-3-acid ethyl esters (generic Lovaza)
	omoga o ada dinyi odolo (gonono zovaza)
	Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	
Care Restrictions:	



POLICY NAME: ILOPROST

Drug Name: VENTAVIS (iloprost)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required documentation:	 Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1 Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criterias: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg, Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg, Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class III or higher symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen:	Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to the following therapy classes is required:
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Provider Restriction:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or a pulmonologist
Approval Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified



ILARIS

Affected Medications: ILARIS (canakinumab)

	design
	 Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Associated Periodic Syndrome (TRAPS),
	Hyperimmunoglobulin D syndrome (HIDS)/Mevalonate Kinase Deficiency (MKD), Familial
	Mediterranean Fever (FMF), Adult-Onset Still's Disease (AOSD), Systemic Juvenile
	Idiopathic Arthritis (SJIA), Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS), Gout Flares
Required	Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Associated Periodic Syndrome (TRAPS)
Medical	Confirmed diagnosis of TRAPS with frequent and/or severe recurrent disease (such as recurrent)
Information:	fevers, prominent myalgias, migratory rash, periorbital edema) AND documented genetic defect of TNFRSF1A gene
	Hyperimmunoglobulin D syndrome (HIDS)/Mevalonate Kinase Deficiency (MKD)
	Confirmed diagnosis with one of the following: Confirmed diagnosis with one of the following:
	 Elevated serum IgD with or without elevated IgA Genetic testing showing presence of heterozygous or homozygous mutation in the
	mevalonate kinase (MVK) gene
	Documentation of 3 or more febrile acute flares within a 6 month period
	·
	Still's Disease
	Confirmed diagnosis of Still's Disease, including Adult-Onset Still's Disease (AOSD) and
	Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (SJIA) in patients aged 2 years and older
	 Documented clinical signs and symptoms including fever, rash, arthritis, arthralgia, myalgia, pharyngitis, pulmonary disease, elevated liver enzymes, C-reactive protein (CRP), erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), serum ferritin
	Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS)
	Confirmed diagnosis of CAPS in patients 4 years and older including Familial Cold
	Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS) or Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS) with one of the following
	 Urticaria-like rash, cold-triggered episodes, sensorineural hearing loss,
	musculoskeletal symptoms, chronic aseptic meningitis, skeletal abnormalities Genetic testing showing presence of NALP3 mutations
	Gout Flares
	Confirmed diagnosis of gout that is refractory to standard therapies
	Documentation of having 3 or more gout flares in the past 12 months
Appropriate	TRAPS
Treatment	Documented clinical failure to <u>episodic treatment</u> with Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs
Regimen &	(NSAIDs), glucocorticoids (prednisone or prednisolone) and at least a 12-week trial with Enbrel
Other Criteria:	HIDS/MKD
	Documented treatment failure to episodic treatment with nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs



	 FMF Documented treatment failure with maximal tolerable dose of colchicine (3 mg daily in adults and 2 mg daily in children) AND
	Documentation of frequent and/or severe recurrence disease despite adequate treatment with at least 12 weeks of Anakinra
	Still's Disease ■ Documentation of frequent and/or severe recurrence disease despite adequate treatment with a minimum 12-week trial with each of the following: □ NSAIDs or Glucocorticoids □ Methotrexate or leflunomide □ Kineret (anakinra) □ Actemra (tocilizumab)
	 CAPS Documentation of failure with a minimum 12-week trial with anakinra or contraindication to use
	 Gout Flares Documented treatment failure with all the following for the symptomatic treatment of gout flares: ○ Prescription strength NSAIDs (naproxen, indomethacin, diclofenac, meloxicam, or celecoxib) ○ Colchicine ○ Glucocorticoids (oral or intraarticular)
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	 Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success Treatment of neonatal onset multisystem inflammatory disorder (NOMID) or chronic infantile neurological cutaneous and articular syndrome (CINCA), rheumatoid arthritis, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), type 2 diabetes mellitus When used in combination with tumor necrosis factor (TNF) blocking agents (e.g., Enbrel, Humira, Cimzia, Infliximab, Simponi), Kineret, Arcalyst Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed under covered uses
Age Restriction:	 FMF, HIDS/MKD, juvenile idiopathic arthritis, TRAPS: 2 years of age and older CAPS: 4 years of age and older
	Gout Flares: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist/Immunologist/Rheumatologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: IMMUNE GLOBULIN

Affected Medications: ASCENIV, BIVIGAM, FLEBOGAMMA, GAMMAGARD LIQUID/S-D, GAMMAPLEX, GAMUNEX-C, GAMASTAN, OCTAGAM, PRIVIGEN, PANZYGA, ALYGLO

Covered Uses:

- Food and Drug Administration-approved and compendia-supported uses not otherwise excluded by plan design as follows:
 - o Primary immunodeficiency (PID)/Wiskott Aldrich syndrome
 - Idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura (ITP)
 - Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP)
 - Guillain-Barre Syndrome (Acute inflammatory polyneuropathy)
 - Pediatric HIV: Bacterial control or prevention
 - Myasthenia Gravis
 - o Dermatomyositis/Polymyositis
 - Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) and bone marrow transplant
 - Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant
 - Kawasaki's disease (Pediatric)
 - Fetal alloimmune thrombocytopenia (FAIT)
 - Hemolytic disease of the newborn
 - Auto-immune Mucocutaneous Blistering Diseases
 - Chronic lymphocytic leukemia with associated hypogammaglobulinemia (CLL)
 - Toxic Shock Syndrome
 - Pediatric Acute-Onset Neuropsychiatric Syndrome (PANS)/Pediatric Autoimmune
 Neuropsychiatric Disorder Associated with Streptococcal Infections (PANDAS)

Initial Approval Criteria:

Primary immunodeficiency (PID)/Wiskott - Aldrich syndrome

Includes but not limited to: X-linked agammaglobulinemia, common variable immunodeficiency (CVID), transient hypogammaglobulinemia of infancy, IgG subclass deficiency with or without IgA deficiency, antibody deficiency with near normal immunoglobulin levels) and combined deficiencies (severe combined immunodeficiencies, ataxia-telangiectasia, x-linked lymphoproliferative syndrome)

- Documentation of one of the following:
 - o IgG level less than 200
 - Low IgG levels (below the laboratory reference range lower limit of normal) AND a history of multiple hard to treat infections as indicated by at least one of the following:
 - Four or more ear infections within 1 year
 - Two or more serious sinus infections within 1 year
 - Two or more months of antibiotics with little effect
 - Two or more pneumonias within 1 year
 - Recurrent or deep skin abscesses
 - Need for intravenous antibiotics to clear infections
 - Two or more deep-seated infections including septicemia; AND
- Documentation showing a deficiency in producing antibodies in response to vaccination including all the following:
 - Titers that were drawn before challenging with vaccination



Titers that were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks after vaccination.

Idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura (ITP)

For Acute disease state:

 Documented use to manage acute bleeding due to severe thrombocytopenia (platelet counts less than 30,000/microliter)

OR

• To increase platelet counts prior to invasive surgical procedures, such as splenectomy. (Platelet counts less than 100,000/microliter)

ΩR

 Documented severe thrombocytopenia (platelet counts less than 20,000/microliter) and is considered to be at risk for intracerebral hemorrhage

Chronic Immune Thrombocytopenia (CIT):

- Documentation of increased risk for bleeding as indicated by a platelet count less than 30,000/microliter
- History of failure, contraindication, or intolerance with corticosteroids
- Duration of illness more than 6 months

Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP):

- Documented baseline in strength/weakness using objective clinical measuring tool (INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6 MWT, Rankin, Modified Rankin)
- Documented disease course is progressive or relapsing and remitting for 2 months or longer
- Abnormal or absent deep tendon reflexes in upper or lower limbs
- Electrodiagnostic testing indicating demyelination with one of the following:
 - Motor distal latency prolongation in 2 nerves
 - Reduction of motor conduction velocity in 2 nerves
 - Prolongation of F-wave latency in 2 nerves
 - Absence of F-waves in at least 1 nerve
 - o Partial motor conduction block of at least 1 motor nerve
 - Abnormal temporal dispersion in at least 2 nerves
 - Distal CMAP duration increase in at least 1 nerve
- Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) analysis indicates all the following (if electrophysiologic findings are nondiagnostic):
 - CSF white cell count of less than 10 cells/mm3
 - CSF protein is elevated (greater than 45 mg/dL)
- Refractory to or intolerant of corticosteroids (prednisolone, prednisone) given in therapeutic doses over at least three months

Guillain-Barre Syndrome (Acute inflammatory polyneuropathy)

- Documentation that the disease is severe (aid required to walk)
- Onset of symptoms are recent (less than 1 month)

Pediatric HIV: Bacterial control or prevention

- Approved for those 13 years of age and younger with HIV diagnosis
- Documented hypogammaglobulinemia (IgG less than 400mg/dL)



OR

 Functional antibody deficiency as demonstrated by either poor specific antibody titers or recurrent bacterial infections

Myasthenia Gravis

- Documented myasthenic crisis (impending respiratory or bulbar compromise)
- Documented use for an exacerbation (difficulty swallowing, acute respiratory failure, functional disability leading to discontinuation of physical activity)
- Documented failure with conventional therapy alone (azathioprine, cyclosporine and/or cyclophosphamide)

Dermatomyositis/Polymyositis

- Documented severe active disease state on physical exam
- Documentation of at least two of the following:
 - o Proximal muscle weakness in all upper and/or lower limbs
 - o Elevated serum creatine kinase (CK) or aldolase level
 - Interstitial lung disease (ILD)
 - Skin findings such as Gottron papules, Gottron sign, heliotrope eruption, poikiloderma
 - Nailfold abnormalities
 - Hyperkeratosis and fissuring of palms and lateral fingers
- Documented failure with a trial of corticosteroids (such as prednisone)
- Documented failure with a trial of an immunosuppressant (Methotrexate, azathioprine, cyclophosphamide)

Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) and bone marrow transplant

Coverage is provided for one or more of the following:

- Suppression of panel reactive anti-HLA antibodies prior to transplantation
- Treatment of antibody mediated rejection of solid organ transplantation
- Prevention of cytomegalovirus (CMV) induced pneumonitis

Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant

- Approved in use for prevention of acute Graft- Versus- Host Disease (GVHD) or infection (such as cytomegalovirus)
- Documentation that the bone marrow transplant (BMT) was allogeneic
- Transplant was less than 100 days ago

Kawasaki's Disease (Pediatric)

- Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of Kawasaki's disease
- 13 years of age or under

Fetal alloimmune thrombocytopenia (FAIT)

- Documentation of one or more of the following:
 - Previous FAIT pregnancy
 - Family history of the disease



- Screening reveals platelet alloantibodies
- Authorization is valid until delivery date only

Hemolytic disease of the newborn

Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of hemolytic disease in newborn patient

Auto-immune Mucocutaneous Blistering Diseases

- · Diagnosis confirmed by biopsy of one of the following:
 - Pemphigus vulgaris
 - o Pemphigus foliaceus
 - Bullous Pemphigoid
 - o Mucous Membrane Pemphigoid (Cicatricial Pemphigoid)
 - o Epidermolysis bullosa aquisita
 - o Pemphigus gestationis (Herpes gestationis)
 - Linear IgA dermatosis
- Documented severe disease that is extensive and debilitating
- Disease is progressive and refractory to a trial of conventional combination therapy with corticosteroids and immunosuppressive treatment (azathioprine, cyclophosphamide, mycophenolate mofetil)

Chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) with associated hypogammaglobulinemia

- Documentation of an IgG level less than 500 mg/dL
- A documented history of recurrent or chronic infections that have required intravenous antibiotics or hospitalization

Toxic Shock Syndrome

Diagnosis or suspected diagnosis of toxic shock syndrome

Pediatric Acute-Onset Neuropsychiatric Syndrome (PANS)/Pediatric Autoimmune Neuropsychiatric Disorder Associated with Streptococcal Infections (PANDAS)

- A clinically appropriate trial of two or more less-intensive treatments was either not effective, not tolerated, or did not result in sustained improvement in symptoms, as measured by a lack of clinically meaningful improvement on a validated instrument directed at the patient's primary symptom complex. Treatments may be given concurrently or sequentially and may include:
 - o Selective-serotonin reuptake inhibitor SSRI (e.g., Fluoxetine, fluvoxamine, sertraline)
 - Behavioral therapy
 - o Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) drugs (e.g., naproxen, diclofenac, ibuprofen)
 - Oral and IV corticosteroids (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone)
- Documentation of a consultation with a pediatric subspecialist (or adult subspecialist for adolescents) and the consulted subspecialist and the patient's primary care provider recommend the treatment

Renewal Criteria:

Primary immunodeficiency (PID)

 Renewal requires disease response as evidenced by a decrease in the frequency and/or severity of infections



Chronic Immune Thrombocytopenia (Chronic ITP or CIT)

Renewal requires disease response as indicated by the achievement and maintenance of a
platelet count of at least 50 as necessary to reduce the risk for bleeding

Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP)

 Renewal requires documentation of a documented clinical response to therapy based on an objective clinical measuring tool (e.g., INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6 Minute walk test, Rankin, Modified Rankin)

Pediatric HIV: Bacterial control or prevention

· Age 13 years or less

Dermatomyositis/Polymyositis

- Renewal requires documentation that CPK (Creatine phosphokinase) levels are lower upon renewal request AND
- Documentation of clinically significant improvement above baseline per physical exam Complications of transplanted solid organ (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) and bone marrow transplant
- Renewal requires documentation of clinically significant disease response

Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant

- Renewal requires documentation that the IgG is less than or equal to 400mg/dL; AND
- Therapy does not exceed one year past date of allogeneic bone marrow transplantation

Auto-immune mucocutaneous blistering diseases:

Renewal requires a documented clinically significant improvement over baseline per physical exam

Chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) with associated hypogammaglobulinemia

 Renewal requires disease response as evidenced by a decrease in the frequency and/or severity of infections

Pediatric Acute-Onset Neuropsychiatric Syndrome (PANS)/Pediatric Autoimmune Neuropsychiatric Disorder Associated with Streptococcal Infections (PANDAS)

- Renewal requires all the following:
 - o Documentation of a clinical reevaluation at three months after treatment initiation
 - Documentation of clinically meaningful improvement in the results of clinical testing with a validated instrument (which must be performed pretreatment and posttreatment)



Dosing and Coverage Duration:

- Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
- Approval durations are as stated below, unless otherwise specified

Indication	Dose	Approval Duration
PID	Up to 800 mg/kg every 3 to 4 weeks	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
CIDP	2 g/kg divided over 2-5 days for one dose then maintenance dosing of 1 g/kg every 21 days	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
ITP	1 g/kg once daily for 1-2 days May be repeated monthly for chronic ITP	Acute ITP:
FAIT	1 g/kg/week until delivery	Authorization is valid until delivery date only
Kawasaki's Disease (pediatric patients)	Up to 2 g/kg x 1 single dose	Approval: 1 month only
CLL	400 mg/kg every 3 to 4 weeks	Approval: up to 6 months
Pediatric HIV	400 mg/kg every 28 days	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
Guillain-Barre	400 mg/kg once daily for 5 days	Approval: maximum of 2 rounds of therapy within 6 weeks of onset; 2 months maximum
Myasthenia Gravis	Up to 2 g/kg x 1 dose (acute attacks)	Approval: 1 month (one course of treatment)
Auto-	Up to 2 g/kg divided over 5	Approval: up to 6 months
immune blistering diseases	days in a 28-day cycle	



	Dermatomyositis /Polymyositis	2 g/kg given over 2-5 days in a 28-day cycle	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 6 months
	Allogeneic Bone Marrow or Stem Cell Transplant	500 mg/kg/week x 90 days, then 500 mg/kg/month up to one-year post-transplant	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: until up to one-year post-transplant
	Complications of transplanted solid organ: (kidney, liver, lung, heart, pancreas) transplant	2 g/kg divided over 5 days in a 28-day cycle	Initial: up to 3 months Reauthorization: up to 12 months
	Toxic shock syndrome	1 g/kg on day 1, followed by 500 mg/kg once daily on days 2 and 3	Approval: 1 month (one course of treatment)
	Hemolytic disease of the newborn		Approval: 1 month (one course of treatment)
	PANS/PANDAS	Each dose: Up to 2 g/kg divided over 2-5 days	Initial: up to 3 months (3 monthly doses) Reauthorization: up to 3 months (3 monthly doses)
			Total 6 monthly doses only
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	•	by a specialist for the condition being to nunologist, hematologist)	reated (such as neurologist,



POLICY NAME:	
INCLISIRAN	a. LEOVIO (in aliairan automorus inication)
	 s: LEQVIO (inclisiran subcutaneous injection) All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia-supported indications not
Covered Uses:	otherwise excluded by plan design
	Primary hyperlipidemia (including heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia [HeFH])
	Secondary prevention in atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD)
	Secondary prevention in atheroscierotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD)
Required Medical	All Indications
Information:	Documentation of baseline (untreated) low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C)
	Primary Hyperlipidemia (non-familial)
	Documentation of baseline (untreated) LDL-C of at least 190 mg/dL
	 HeFH Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:
	first-degree relative affected
	Presence of one abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defect (e.g., LDL receptor [LDLR], analignmentain B lane Bl. properties convertees subtilizing keying type 0 (DCSK0) less of
	apolipoprotein B [apo B], proprotein convertase subtilisin kexin type 9 [PCSK9] loss-of-
	function mutation, or LDL receptor adaptor protein 1 [LDLRAP1])
	World Health Organization (WHO)/Dutch Lipid Network criteria score of at least 8 points
	 Definite FH diagnosis per the Simon Broome criteria
	Clinical ASCVD
	 Documentation of established ASCVD, confirmed by at least ONE of the following:
	Acute coronary syndromes (ACS)
	History of myocardial infarction (MI)
	Stable or unstable angina
	Coronary or other arterial revascularization
	Stroke or transient ischemic attack
	 Peripheral artery disease (PAD) presumed to be of atherosclerotic origin
Appropriate	o i chipricial artery disease (i Ab) presumed to be of atheroscierotte origin
Treatment	All Indications
Regimen & Other	 Documentation of intent to take alongside maximally tolerated doses of statin and/or ezetimibe,
Criteria:	unless otherwise contraindicated
	OR
	History of statin intolerance requires documentation of ONE of the following:
	Statin-associated rhabdomyolysis occurred with statin use and was confirmed by a
	creatinine kinase (CK) level at least 10 times the upper limit of normal
	Statin-associated muscle symptoms (e.g., myopathy, myalgia) occurred with statin use
	and was confirmed by BOTH of the following:
	A minimum of three different statin trials, with at least one being a

hydrophilic statin (rosuvastatin, pravastatin)

discontinued and restarted upon re-initiation)

A re-challenge of each statin (muscle symptoms stopped when each was



Coverage Duration:

Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH Documented treatment failure with minimum 12-week trial with ALL the following, shown by an inability to achieve LDL-C reduction of 50% or greater OR LDL-C less than 100 mg/dL: Maximally tolerated combination statin/ezetimibe therapy o Repatha OR Praluent **Clinical ASCVD** Documented treatment failure with minimum 12 weeks of consistent maximally tolerated combination statin/ezetimibe therapy, as shown by **ONE** of the following: Current LDL-C of at least 70 mg/dL Current LDL-C of at least 55 mg/dL in patients at very high risk of future ASCVD events. based on history of multiple major ASCVD events OR 1 major ASCVD event + multiple high-risk conditions (see below) Documented treatment failure or intolerance to minimum 12-week trial of Repatha OR Praluent **Major ASCVD Events High-Risk Conditions** ACS within the past 12 Age 65 years and older months HeFH History of MI (distinct from Prior coronary artery bypass or ACS event) percutaneous intervention (outside of Ischemic stroke major ASCVD events) Symptomatic PAD Diabetes Hypertension Chronic kidney disease Current smoking History of congestive heart failure Reauthorization will require an updated lipid panel showing a clinically significant reduction in baseline LDL-C and continued adherence to therapy **Exclusion** Concurrent use with PCSK9 monoclonal antibodies (e.g., Repatha, Praluent) Criteria: 18 years of age and older • Age Restriction: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist, endocrinologist, or lipid specialist • Prescriber Restrictions: Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



INEBILIZUMAB-CDON

Affected Medications: UPLIZNA (inebilizumab-cdon)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded from plan design Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adult patients who are antiaquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive 	
Required Medical Information:	NMOSD Diagnosis of seropositive aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD confirmed by all the following: Documentation of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-based assay Exclusion of alternative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis) At least one core clinical characteristic: Acute optic neuritis Acute myelitis Acute area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained hiccups or nausea/vomiting) Acute brainstem syndrome Symptomatic narcolepsy OR acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with NMOSD-typical diencephalic lesion on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) [see table below] Acute cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see table below]	
	Clinical presentation Possible MRI findings Diencephalic syndrome • Periependymal lesion	
	Hypothalamic/thalamic lesion Acute cerebral syndrome Extensive periependymal lesion Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion Long corticospinal tract lesion Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion	
	History of at least 1 attack in the past year, or at least 2 attacks in the past 2 years, requiring rescue therapy	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to each of the following:	



Exclusion Criteria:	 Active Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) infection Active or untreated latent tuberculosis Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: INFLIXIMAB

Affected Medications: INFLECTRA, AVSOLA, REMICADE, INFLIXIMAB (J1745) INTRAVENOUS (IV) SOLUTION

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 - Plaque Psoriasis (PP)
 - Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
 - Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)
 - Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS)
 - Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)
 - Crohn's Disease (CD)
 - Ulcerative Colitis (UC)
- · Compendia-supported uses that will be covered
 - Uveitis
 - Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)
 - Generalized Pustular Psoriasis (GPP) Flare

Required Medical Information:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale)
 - o Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
 - Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
 - Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment as defined by one of the following:
 - Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater
 - Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater
 - Severe disease on other validated tools
 - Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction

AND

- Documentation of one or more of the following:
 - At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment

OR

Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes:
 - Skin psoriasis: present two points, OR previously present by history one point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
 - Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
 - o Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
 - Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
 - Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point



Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis

- Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by sacroillitis on imaging AND at least 1 spondyloarthritis feature:
 - Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
 - Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
 - Insidious onset
 - Improvement with exercise
 - No improvement with rest
 - Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
 - o Arthritis
 - o Enthesitis
 - Uveitis
 - Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
 - Psoriasis
 - Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
 - o Good response to nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
 - Family history of SpA
 - Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP)

OR

- HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
- Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale

Ulcerative Colitis and Crohn's Disease

- Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy
- Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment

<u>Uveitis</u>

Documented diagnosis of noninfectious intermediate, posterior, or panuveitis

Hidradenitis Suppurativa

- Diagnosis of moderate to severe HS as defined by Hurley stage II or stage III disease
- Documentation of baseline count of abscesses and inflammatory nodules

Generalized Pustular Psoriasis Flare

- Diagnosis of generalized pustular psoriasis as confirmed by the following:
 - The presence of widespread sterile pustules arising on erythematous skin
 - Pustulation is not restricted to psoriatic plaques
- Signs and symptoms of an acute GPP flare of moderate-to-severe intensity as follows:
 - A Generalized Pustular Psoriasis Physician Global Assessment (GPPGA) score of greater than or equal to 3
 - A GPPGA pustulation score of greater than or equal to 2 (moderate to very high-density pustules)
 - Greater than or equal to 5% body surface are (BSA) covered with erythema and the presence of pustules

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

All Indications

- Coverage of Remicade or Infliximab (J1745) requires documentation of one of the following:
 - A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Inflectra, Avsola, Renflexis and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient



Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroguine, leflunomide)

Plaque Psoriasis

 Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies: methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)

Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis

- Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each OR
- For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid

Crohn's disease

- Documented treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for minimum of 12 weeks trial: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide
- Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease
 OR
- Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following:
 - Fistulizing disease
 - Stricture
 - Presence of abscess/phlegmon
 - o Deep ulcerations
 - Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal involvement

Uveitis

 Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of TWO of the following: an immunosuppressive agent such as: methotrexate, azathioprine, mycophenolate or a calcineurin inhibitor such as cyclosporine, tacrolimus

Hidradenitis Suppurativa

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of oral antibiotics (such as doxycycline, tetracycline, minocycline, or clindamycin plus rifampin)
- Documented failure with 8 weeks on a systemic retinoid (isotretinoin or acitretin)

Ulcerative Colitis

 Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine

OR

 Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity



(fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for ulcerative **Generalized Pustular Psoriasis Flare** Documented 1 week treatment failure of acute disease flare (or documented intolerable adverse event) with: Cyclosporine <u>QL</u> Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced CD/UC/HS: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter. For those who respond and lose response, consideration may be given to treatment with 10 mg/kg PsA/PP/GPP: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter RA: 3 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 3 mg/kg every 8 weeks thereafter. For those with an incomplete response, consideration may be given for dosing up to 10 mg/kg or as often as every 4 weeks AS: 5 mg/kg at 0, 2 and 6 weeks followed by 5 mg/kg every 6 weeks thereafter **Reauthorization** Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy **Exclusion** Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is Criteria: not a covered benefit Age Restriction: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/ **Prescriber** dermatologist/ophthalmologist/gastroenterologist as appropriate for diagnosis **Restrictions:** Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Coverage Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified **Duration:**



POLICY NAME: INHALED MANNITOL

Affected Medications: MANNITOL (BRONCHITOL)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	Add-on maintenance therapy to improve pulmonary function in cystic fibrosis	
Required Medical	Documentation of cystic fibrosis (CF) diagnosis confirmed by appropriate genetic or	
Information:	diagnostic testing	
	 Additional testing should include evaluation of overall clinical lung status and respiratory function (e.g., pulmonary function tests, lung imaging, etc.) 	
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with 6-month trial of twice daily inhaled hypertonic saline	
Treatment	(at least 80% adherence), unless contraindicated or intolerable. Treatment failure	
Regimen & Other	defined as one or more of the following:	
Criteria:	 Increased pulmonary exacerbations from baseline 	
	o Decrease in FEV1	
	Requests for Bronchitol 7-day and 4-week treatment packs for add-on maintenance	
	therapy:	
	 Documentation confirming successful completion of the Bronchitol Tolerance Test (BTT) 	
	 Prescribed in conjunction with a short-acting bronchodilator and standard 	
	therapies for CF	
	Reauthorization requires documentation of a clinically significant response to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of		
Care Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	
-	· ·	



INTERFERONS FOR MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS

Affected Medications: AVONEX (interferon beta-1a), BETASERON (interferon beta-1b), EXTAVIA (interferon beta-1b), PLEGRIDY (pegylated interferon beta-1a), REBIF (interferon beta-1a)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: 	
	 Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) 	
	 Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) 	
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS) 	
Required Medical	RRMS	
Information:	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS	
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS 	
	<u>CIS</u>	
	 Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense 	
	lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions	
	(periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)	
	Active SPMS	
	Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in	
	neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)	
	Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory	
	activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)	
	Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5	
Appropriate	Betaseron, Plegridy, and Rebif: Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance)	
Treatment	to) at least one preferred product: Avonex, dimethyl fumarate, Extavia, fingolimod,	
Regimen & Other	glatiramer, Glatopa	
Criteria:	 Avonex: Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance to) ALL of the following: Glatiramer OR Glatopa 	
	 Dimethyl fumarate OR fingolimod 	
	No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of	
	MS	
	Reauthorization: provider attestation of treatment success	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



INTRAVITREAL ANTI-VEGF THERAPY

Affected Medications: LUCENTIS (ranibizumab injection), EYLEA (aflibercept), EYLEA HD (aflibercept), BEOVU (brolucizumab), SUSVIMO (ranibizumab implant), VABYSMO (faricimab), PAVBLU (aflibercept-ayyh)

	/IMO (ranibizumab implant), VABYSMO (faricimab), PAVBLU (aflibercept-ayyh)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
	design.
	 Neovascular (Wet) Age-Related Macular Degeneration (AMD)
	 Eylea, Eylea HD, Pavblu, Lucentis, Susvimo, Beovu, Vabysmo
	 Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO)
	 Eylea, Pavblu, Lucentis, Vabysmo
	o Diabetic Macular Edema (DME)
	 Eylea, Eylea HD, Pavblu, Lucentis, Vabysmo, Beovu
	 Diabetic Retinopathy (DR) in patients with Diabetes Mellitus
	 Eylea, Eylea HD, Pavblu, Lucentis
	 Myopic Choroidal Neovascularization (mCNV)
	Lucentis
	 Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP)
	■ Eylea
Required Medical Information:	Anticipated treatment course with dose and frequency clearly stated in chart notes.
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Initial approval of any of the following drugs requires documented failure to intravitreal Avastin (bevacizumab) after a minimum 3-month trial, defined as worsening vision, such as losing greater than 15 letters of visual acuity
	Eylea/Pavblu Dosing
	Approval requires documentation of one of the following:
	 Treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of ranibizumab
	(preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli)
	 Documentation of treatment-naïve ROP in preterm infant 32 weeks or younger
	AMD - 2mg (0.05 ml) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections, followed by 2 mg (0.05ml) every 8 weeks
	 Continued every 4-week dosing requires documented clinical failure to minimum 3 months of every 8-week maintenance dosing
	• RVO - 2 mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks
	DME and DR- 2mg (0.05 ml) every 4 weeks for the first 5 injections followed by 2 mg
	 (0.05ml) every 8 weeks ROP – 0.4 mg (0.01 mL) single injection per affected eye(s); may repeat dose after a
	minimum interval of 10 days
	Eylea HD Dosing
	Approval requires documentation of one of the following:
	 Treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of ranibizumab
	(preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli)
	AMD and DME – 8 mg (0.07 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections followed by 8 mg



(0.07 mL) every 8 to 16 weeks

- Every 4-week dosing is limited to the first 3 injections only
- **DR** 8 mg (0.07 mL) every 4 weeks for the first 3 injections followed by 8 mg (0.07 mL) every 8 weeks to 12 weeks
 - Every 4-week dosing is limited to the first 3 injections only

Lucentis Dosing

- Approval requires documentation of adverse event not attributed to the active ingredient to a biosimilar product (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli)
- AMD and RVO maximum 0.5mg every 4 weeks
- DME and DR 0.3 mg every 28 days
- mCNV 0.5 mg monthly for up to 3 months
- ROP 0.1 to 0.3 mg as a single injection in the affected eye(s); dose may be repeated up to 2 times at a minimum of 28-day intervals

Beovu Dosing

- AMD 6 mg every month for the first three doses, followed by 6 mg every 8-12 weeks
- DME 6 mg every six weeks for the first five doses, followed by 6 mg every 8-12 weeks

Susvimo Dosing

- Must be established on ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli) injections with response to treatment for a minimum of 6 months at standard dosing (0.5mg every 4 weeks)
- AMD– 2mg administered continuously via ocular implant with refills every 24 weeks.

Vabysmo Dosing

- Approval requires documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least 3 months of ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz, Cimerli)
- AMD 6 mg every 4 weeks for the first 4 injections, followed by 6 mg every 8 to 16 weeks
 - Some patients may require continued every 4-week injections following the initial doses
- DME
 - Fixed interval regimen: 6 mg every 4 weeks for the first 6 injections, followed by 6 mg every 8 weeks
 - Variable interval regimen: 6 mg once every 4 weeks for at least the first 4 injections, followed by 6 mg every 4 to 16 weeks (based on visual assessments)
 - Some patients may require continued every 4-week injections following the initial doses
- RVO 6 mg (0.05 mL) every 4 weeks for up to 6 months

<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of vision stability defined as losing fewer than 15 letters of visual acuity and/or improvements in visual acuity with evidence of decreased leakage and/or fibrosis (central retinal thickness)

Exclusion Criteria:

- Evidence of a current ocular or periocular infections
- Active intraocular inflammation (aflibercept)

Age Restriction:



Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO) for Vabysmo:
Duration:	Approval: 6 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified
	Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP):
	Approval: 3 months with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified
	All other indications:
	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



INTRAVITREAL COMPLEMENT INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: SYFOVRE (pegcetacoplan), IZERVAY (avacincaptad pegol)

Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist	
Age Restriction:	 60 years of age and older for Syfovre 50 years of age and older for Izervay 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Presence of choroidal neovascularization in the affected eye(s) receiving treatment	
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Every 25 day dosing for Syfovre Every 30 day dosing with a maximum duration of 12 months for Izervay Reauthorization: Syfovre Documentation of treatment success as determined by treating provider BCVA remains 24 letters or better Izervay - No reauthorization – maximum duration up to 12 months 	
Appropriate	 If GA is multifocal, at least 1 focal lesion that is 1.25 mm² or greater Best-corrected visual acuity (BCVA) using Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study (ETDRS) charts Must be 24 letters or better (approximately 20/320 Snellen equivalent) Dosing not to exceed: 	
Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of geographic atrophy (GA) secondary to age-related macular degeneration (AMD) Diagnosis of geographic atrophy (GA) secondary to age-related macular degeneration (AMD) confirmed by all the following: Fundus Autofluorescence (FAF) imaging showing: Total GA area size between 2.5 and 17.5 mm² 	



POLICY NAME: INTRON-A

Affected Medications: INTRON A (Interferon Alfa-2B)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher Hypereosinophilic Syndrome (HES) in patients that are consistently symptomatic or with evidence of end-organ damage.
Required Medical Information:	 For Hepatitis B and C: Documentation of intolerance to or clinical rationale for avoidance of PEGylated interferon. HES: documentation of steroid resistant disease OR disease responding only to high-dose steroids and the addition of a steroid-sparing agent would be beneficial. Non-lymphocytic variants of HES will also require documented failure with at least 12 weeks of hydroxyurea prior to interferon-alfa approval. Recent liver function tests, comprehensive metabolic panel, complete blood count with differential, TSH (within past 3 months) Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Appropriate	Patients with preexisting cardiac abnormalities and/or advanced cancer: recent
Treatment	electrocardiogram
Regimen & Other	Chest X ray for patients with pulmonary disorders
Criteria:	
omend.	 Recent ophthalmologic exam at baseline for all patients Uncontrolled severe mental health illness should be addressed before use and monitored during treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	 Autoimmune hepatitis Decompensated liver disease Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	 Hepatitis B greater than or equal to 1 year of age Hepatitis C greater than or equal to 3 years of age All other indications greater than or equal to 18 years of age
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



ISAVUCONAZONIUM SULFATE

Affected Medications: CRESEMBA (isavuconazonium sulfate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Invasive aspergillosis Invasive mucormycosis
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of invasive aspergillosis or invasive mucormycosis confirmed by one or more of the following: Sputum fungal staining and culture Biopsy showing aspergillosis or mucormycosis organisms Serum biomarkers such as galactomannan, beta-D-glucan assays, or polymerase chain reaction (PCR) testing
Appropriate Treatment	Aspergillosis
Regimen & Other	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least a 6-week trial
Criteria:	of all the following:
	 Voriconazole
	o Posaconazole
	Mucormycosis
Exclusion Criteria:	Familial short QT syndrome
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist, transplant physician, or oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
_	Reauthorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ISOTRETINOIN ORAL

Affected Medications: AMNESTEEM ORAL, ISOTRETINOIN ORAL, MYORISAN ORAL, ZENATANE ORAL

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Severe acne Compendia-supported uses Hidradenitis suppurative (HS) 	
Required Medical	For all indications	
Information:	Current Weight	
	 Severe Acne For age 21 and above: Documentation of persistent or recurrent inflammatory nodules and cysts AND ongoing scarring OR Documentation of acne fulminans OR For Acne Conglobata: documentation of recurrent abscesses or communicating sinuses Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS) For age 21 and above: Diagnosis of moderate to severe HS as defined by Hurley stage II or stage III disease 	
	AND	
Annuantiata Traatmant	Documentation of baseline count of abscesses and inflammatory nodules Severe Apre	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	 Severe Acne Documented trial and failure with at least 80% adherence to 12 continuous weeks of 	
Criteria:	treatment with one of the following: o Oral antibiotic (such as doxycycline or minocycline) o Topical combination therapy (such as topical antibiotic with topical retinoid)	
	Hidradenitis Suppurativa	
	 Documented trial and failure of at least 12 weeks of oral antibiotics (such as doxycycline, minocycline, or clindamycin plus rifampin) 	
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and current cumulative isotretinoin dose	
Exclusion Criteria:	Dosing above 150mg/kg cumulative lifetime dose.	
Ann Dontwicking	Symptoms of depression, mood disturbance, psychosis, or aggression.	
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a Dermatologist	
Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 5 months	
J	Reauthorization: determined by cumulative lifetime dose	



POLICY NAME: ITRACONAZOLE

Affected Medications: ITRACONAZOLE 100 mg oral capsule

Affected Medications:	ITRACONAZOLE 100 mg oral capsule	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 Pulmonary and extrapulmonary aspergillosis – salvage therapy 	
	 Pulmonary and extrapulmonary blastomycosis 	
	 Disseminated, non-meningeal histoplasmosis 	
	 Pulmonary histoplasmosis 	
	 Onychomycosis 	
	Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable)	
	 Superficial tinea infections 	
	 Coccidioidomycosis 	
	 Prophylaxis against invasive fungal infections 	
	 Sporotrichosis 	
	o Talaromycosis	
Required Medical	Onychomycosis and superficial tinea infections	
Information:	Documentation of a confirmed diagnosis of onychomycosis or tinea infection	
	 Onychomycosis diagnosis must be confirmed by potassium hydroxide (KOH) 	
	preparation, fungal culture, or nail biopsy	
	Documentation of a secondary risk factor that is covered by the Oregon Health Authority	
	(OHA), such as diabetes mellitus, peripheral vascular disease, immunocompromised status	
Appropriate	Superficial tinea infections	
Treatment	 Documented treatment failure with an adequate trial of a topical antifungal agent (such as terbinafine, naftifine, tolnaftate, clotrimazole) 	
Regimen & Other	terbinanne, natume, tomatate, ciotimazoie)	
Criteria:		
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber		
Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	<u>Onychomycosis</u>	
	Authorization: 6 weeks (fingernails) or 12 weeks (toenails), unless otherwise specified	
	Superficial tinea infections	
	Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified	
	All other indications:	
	Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: KESIMPTA

Affected Medications KESIMPTA (ofatumumab)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS) Required Medical Information: REMS Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS CIS Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord) Active SPMS Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses) Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions) Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5 Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Reauthorization Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: Aptive hepatitis B virus infection Coverage Duration: Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord) Active SPMS	Covered Uses:	design Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS Clical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord) Active SPMS	Required	RRMS
Information: Criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS CIS Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord) Active SPMS Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses) Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions) Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5 Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Obcumented treatment failure or intolerance to one of the following: Regimen & Other Criteria: Regimen & Other Criteria: No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: Age Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	•	
Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS CIS Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord) Active SPMS Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses) Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions) Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5 Documented treatment failure or intolerance to one of the following: Regimen & Other Criteria: Regimen & Other Criteria: Prescriber Restriction: Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restriction: Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord) Active SPMS Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses) Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions) Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5 Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Occrevus (ocrelizumab), if previously established on treatment (excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs) No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	information:	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent
Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord) Active SPMS Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses) Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions) Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5 Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Occrevus (ocrelizumab), if previously established on treatment (excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs) No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		CIS
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Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses) Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions) Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5 Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		Active SPMS
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Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Criteria: Documented treatment failure or intolerance to one of the following: Rituximab (preferred biosimilar products: Truxima, Ruxience, Riabni) Ocrevus (ocrelizumab), if previously established on treatment (excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs) No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist Coverage Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Oth	Appropriate	
Ocrevus (ocrelizumab), if previously established on treatment (excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs) No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
Other Criteria: manufacturer's patient assistance programs) No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: Coverage Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success Active hepatitis B virus infection Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: Prescriber Restrictions: Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	_	
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist Coverage Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	Other Criteria:	
Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions: • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist Coverage • Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		Reauthorization requires provider attestation of treatment success
Prescriber Restrictions: • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist Coverage • Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		Active hepatitis B virus infection
Prescriber Restrictions: • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist Coverage • Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	Age Restriction:	
Restrictions: Coverage • Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		Prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist or MS specialist
		1 100011000 by, of it consultation with, a nourologist of wio specialist
	•	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LAROTRECTINIB

Affected Medications: VITRAKVI (larotrectinib)

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of positive neurotrophic tyrosine receptor kinase (NTRK) gene fusion without a known acquired resistance mutation, as determined by an FDA approved test
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of an intolerance to, or clinical rationale for avoidance of Rozlytrek (entrectinib) Reauthorization: Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **LAZERTINIB**

Affected Medications: Lazcluze (lazertinib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better 		
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and		
Information:	anticipated treatment course		
	 Documentation of confirmed non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) that is metastatic or unresectable with epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) exon 19 deletions or exon 21 L858R substitution mutations. 		
Appropriate	Documented intolerable adverse event to Tagrisso (osimertinib) with or without		
Treatment	chemotherapy		
Regimen & Other			
Criteria:	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy		
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater		
Age Restriction:	At least 18 years of age		
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist		
Care Restrictions:			
Coverage Duration:	Initial authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified		
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: **LECANEMAB**

Affected Medications: LEQEMBI (lecanemab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Admir plan design) approved indications not otherwise exclude	d by
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of mild cognitive impairment due to Alzheimer's disease or mild Alzheimer's dementia as evidenced by ALL of the following:			
Appropriate	Current weight			
Treatment	Danima			
Regimen & Other				
Criteria:	,		5	orood
	Dose-rounding to the ne	alest viai size v	within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enfo	orcea
	Dosing and Monitoring Scl	nedule:		
	Infusion (every 2 weeks)	Dose	Monitoring	
	Infusion 1	10 mg/kg	Baseline MRI prior to Infusion 1	
	Infusions 2-5	10 mg/kg	MRI between Infusion 4 and 5	
	Infusions 5-7	10 mg/kg	MRI between Infusion 6 and 7	
	Infusions 8-14	10 mg/kg	MRI between Infusion 13 and 14	
	Infusions 15 and after	10 mg/kg	MRI annually	
	 by post-infusion PET sca Documentation of update microhemorrhage and sea Documentation of one of Cognitive or function Disease stabilization 	an (3rd authorized surveillance uperficial sidero the following vitional improversion	MRI showing absence of clinically significan osis since prior approval when compared to baseline:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior stroke or brain hem 	orrhage		
	 Evidence of moderate to 	severe Alzhei	mer's disease	
	Non-Alzheimer's dement	tia		
	Concurrent anticoagular	t use		
Age Restriction:	50 years of age and older	er		



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LENACAPAVIR

Affected Medications: SUNLENCA

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) infection, in combination with other antiretrovirals, in heavily treatment-experienced adults with multidrug resistant HIV-1 infection failing their current antiretroviral regimen due to resistance, intolerance, or safety considerations
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of multidrug resistance within at least 3 of the 4 following antiretroviral classes (as defined by resistance to at least 2 agents within each of the 3 classes), unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced: Nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs) Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs) Protease inhibitors (PIs) Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTIs) Documentation of current (within the past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA viral load of at least 200 copies/mL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Must be used in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen that contains at least one agent demonstrating full viral susceptibility, as confirmed by resistance testing Reauthorization: Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen Documentation of treatment success, as evidenced by one of the following:
Exclusion Criteria:	confirmed by resistance testing
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease or HIV specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Oral Tablet Initial Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Injection Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Injection Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **LENIOLISIB**

Affected Medications: JOENJA (leniolisib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design	
	Activated phosphoinositide 3-kinase delta syndrome (APDS)	
Required Medical	Documentation of an APDS-associated PIK3CD/PIK3R1 mutation without concurrent	
Information:	use of immunosuppressive medication	
	Presence of at least one measurable nodal lesion on a CT or MRI scan	
	Documentation of both of the following:	
	 Nodal and/or extranodal lymphoproliferation 	
	 History of repeated oto-sino-pulmonary infections and/or organ dysfunction (e.g., lung, liver) 	
	Current member weight (must be at least 45 kg)	
Appropriate	Females of reproductive potential should have pregnancy ruled out and use effective	
Treatment	contraception during therapy	
Regimen & Other		
Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success as shown by both of the following:	
	Improvement in lymphoproliferation as measured by a change from baseline in lymphadenopathy	
	 Normalization of immunophenotype as measured by the percentage of naïve B cells out of total B cells 	
Exclusion Criteria:		
Age Restriction:	12 to 75 years of age	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist, hematologist, oncologist, or	
Care Restrictions:	specialist with experience in the treatment of APDS	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: **LETERMOVIR**

Affected Medications: PREVYMIS (letermovir)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prophylaxis of cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection and disease in CMV-seropositive recipients [R+] of an allogeneic hematopoietic cell transplant for adults and pediatric patients 6 months of age and older and weighing at least 6 kg Prophylaxis of CMV disease in kidney transplant recipients at high risk for adult and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older and weighing at least 40 kg
Required Medical	CMV Prophylaxis in Allogeneic HSCT [R+]
Information:	Documentation confirming receipt of allogeneic HSCT
	Documentation of recipient CMV-seropositive status
Appropriate	CMV Prophylaxis in Kidney Transplant [D+/R-] Documentation confirming receipt of kidney transplant Evidence of high-risk for CMV disease, defined as donor CMV-seropositive/recipient CMV-seronegative mismatch CMV Prophylaxis in Allogeneic HSCT [R+]
Treatment	Dosing: 480 mg (or 240 mg) once daily beginning between Day 0 and 28 post- Section of the post type of t
Regimen & Other	allogeneic HSCT; continue through Day 100 post-transplantation
Criteria:	CMV Prophylaxis in Kidney Transplant [D+/R-]
	Documented intolerance or contraindication to valganciclovir
	Dosing: 480 mg once daily beginning between Day 0 and 7 post-kidney transplant;
Exclusion Criteria:	continue through Day 200 post-transplantation
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in transplant medicine, infectious
Care Restrictions:	disease, or hematology
Coverage Duration:	HSCT: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Kidney transplant: 7 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LEUPROLIDE

Affected Medications: Leuprolide Acetate, LUPRON DEPOT, LUPRON DEPOT-PED, ELIGARD, FENSOLVI,

CAMCEVI

Covered Uses: Required Medical	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Endometriosis Uterine leiomyomata (fibroids) Central precocious puberty (CPP) National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level 2A or higher Gender dysphoria Endometriosis 	
Information:	Documentation of moderate to severe pain due to endometriosis	
illiorillation.	Boodmontation of moderate to develo pain add to endemotione	
	<u>Uterine leiomyomata (fibroids)</u>	
	Documentation of all the following:	
	 Planning to undergo leiomyomata-related surgery in the next 6 months or less 	
	 Planning to use in combination with iron supplements 	
	Gender dysphoria	
	Documentation of all the following:	
	Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and testosterone	
	levels to confirm onset of puberty	
	 Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent 	
	 The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent for treatment 	
	 Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed mental health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health (WPATH) Standards of Care 	
	Control proposicus puberty	
	Central precocious puberty Desumentation of CDD confirmed by basel luteinizing harmone (LH) fallials stimulating	
	 Documentation of CPP confirmed by basal luteinizing hormone (LH), follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH), and either estradiol or testosterone concentrations 	
Appropriate	Endometriosis	
Treatment	 Documentation of a trial and inadequate relief (or contraindication) after at least 3 months of 	
Regimen & Other	Land and the Control of the Control	
	Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)	
Criteria:	 Continuous (no placebo pills) hormonal contraceptives 	
	Central precocious puberty Approval of Fensolvi requires rationale for avoidance of Lupron and Supprelin LA	
Exclusion	Undiagnosed abnormal vaginal blooding	
	Undiagnosed abnormal vaginal bleeding	
Criteria:	Management of uterine leiomyomata without intention of undergoing surgery.	
	Pregnancy or breastfeeding	



	Use for infertility	
Age Restriction:	Endometriosis and preoperative uterine leiomyomata: 18 years or older	
	Central precocious puberty (CPP): age 11 or younger (females), age 12 or younger (males)	
Prescriber	Gender Dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in	
Restrictions:	the treatment of gender dysphoria	
	All other indications: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist, endocrinologist, or gynecologist as appropriate for diagnosis	
Coverage	Uterine leiomyomata: maximum of 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:	Endometriosis: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
	All other diagnoses: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



LEVOKETOCONAZOLE

Affected Medications: RECORLEV (levoketoconazole)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Days Administration (FDA) approved indications not atherwise evaluated by
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Cushing syndrome
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Cushing's syndrome due to one of the following:
Information:	 Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH)-secreting pituitary adenoma (Cushing's disease)
	 Ectopic ACTH secretion (EAS) by a non-pituitary tumor
	Cortisol secretion by an adrenal adenoma
	Mean 24-hour urine free cortisol (mUFC) greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal (ULN) for the assay (at least two measurements)
Appropriate	Documentation confirming surgery is not an option OR previous surgery has not been
Treatment	curative
Regimen & Other	Documentation of one of the following:
Criteria:	 Clinical failure to maximally tolerated dose of oral ketoconazole for at least 8 weeks
	 Intolerable adverse event to oral ketoconazole, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as mUFC normalization (i.e., less than or equal to the ULN)
Exclusion Criteria:	Adrenal or pituitary carcinoma
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, neurologist, or adrenal surgeon
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LIDOCAINE PATCH

Affected Medications: Lidocaine Patch

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Diabetic neuropathic pain
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of post-herpetic neuralgia OR Diagnosis of diabetes (for diabetic neuropathy) All medications tried/failed for indicated diagnosis
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Post Herpetic Neuralgia: Documented inadequate treatment response or intolerance to gabapentin Diabetic Neuropathic Pain: Documented inadequate treatment response or intolerance to a minimum of 3 other pharmacologic therapies commonly used to treat neuropathic pain such as gabapentin, serotonin norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors (SNRIs): duloxetine, venlafaxine, desvenlafaxine, and tricyclic antidepressants (TCAs) Peauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LIFILEUCEL

Affected Medications: AMTAGVI (lifileucel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	Diagnosis of unresectable or Stage IV metastatic melanoma
	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A
	or better
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and
Information:	anticipated treatment course
	ECOG PS of 0 or 1
	Left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) greater than 45%
	 Forced expiratory volume (FEV1) greater than 60%
	New York Heart Association (NYHA) classification not more than Class I
Appropriate	At least one resectable lesion (or aggregate of lesions resected) of 1.5 cm or more in
Treatment	diameter post-resection to generate tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes (TILs)
Regimen & Other	Disease progression after 1 or more prior systemic therapy including
Criteria:	 A PD-1-blocking antibody and
	 If BRAF V600 mutation—positive, a BRAF inhibitor or BRAF inhibitor plus a MEK inhibitor
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	Melanoma of uveal or ocular origin
	Untreated or active brain metastasis
Age Restriction:	At least 18 years of age
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approve for 6 months (one dose per patient's lifetime)



POLICY NAME: LONAFARNIB

Affected Medications: Zokinvy (Ionafarnib)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	,
	 For treatment of processing-deficient Progeroid Laminopathies
Required Medical	A diagnosis of Hutchinson-Gilford Progeria Syndrome (HGPS) confirmed by mutational
Information:	analysis (G608G mutation in the lamin A gene)
	OR
	A diagnosis of processing-deficient Progeroid Laminopathies with one of the following:
	o Heterozygous LMNA mutation with progerin-like protein accumulation
	 Homozygous or compound heterozygous ZMPSTE24 mutations
Appropriate	Documented height and weight, or body surface area (BSA)
Treatment	Documentation of medication review and avoidance of drugs that significantly affect the
Regimen & Other	metabolism of lonafarnib (e.g., strong or moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors/inducers)
Criteria:	Females of reproductive potential should have pregnancy ruled out and use effective
Citteria.	contraception during treatment
	Labs:
	Absolute Phagocyte Count (sum of absolute neutrophil count, bands, and monocytes)
	greater than 1,000/microliters
	Platelets greater than 75,000/microliters (transfusion independent)
	Hemoglobin greater than 9g/dl.
	Tromographi groater triair og, an
	Dosing:
	Available as oral capsules: 50 mg, 75 mg
	 Initial, 115 mg/m2/dose twice daily for 4 months, then increase to 150 mg/m2/dose twice
	daily
	Do not exceed 115 mg/m2/dose twice daily when used in combination with a weak
	CYP3A4 inhibitor
	 Round all total daily doses to the nearest 25 mg increment
	Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and initial criteria to be met.
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for other progeroid syndromes or processing-proficient progeroid laminopathies
	Concomitant use with strong or moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors/inducers, midazolam,
	lovastatin, atorvastatin, or simvastatin
	Overt renal, hepatic, pulmonary disease or immune dysfunction
	BSA less than to 0.39 m2
Age Restriction:	Age 12 months or older with a BSA of greater than or equal to 0.39 m2
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a provider with experience in treating progeria
Restrictions:	and/or progeroid laminopathies
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



LONG-ACTING INJECTABLE RISPERIDONE

Affected Medications: PERSERIS (risperidone subcutaneous injection), RISPERDAL CONSTA (risperidone intramuscular injection), RYKINDO (risperidone intramuscular injection) (*Medical benefit only)

Covered	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan	
Uses:	design	
	 Schizophrenia 	
	 Bipolar I disorder maintenance treatment as monotherapy or as adjunctive therapy to 	
	lithium and valproate (Risperdal Consta and Rykindo only)	
Required	Treatment Initiation	
Medical	A documented history of non-compliance, refusal to utilize oral medication, or cannot be stabilized	
Information:	on oral medications	
	Documentation of established tolerability to oral risperidone (if risperidone-naïve)	
	Continuation of Therapy	
	 Documentation showing that member is stable on current treatment with Perseris, Rykindo or Risperdal Consta 	
Appropriate	Requests for Perseris require documentation of treatment failure or clinical rationale for avoidance	
Treatment	of Risperdal Consta or Rykindo	
Regimen &		
Other	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response	
Criteria:	to therapy	
Exclusion		
Criteria:		
Age		
Restriction:		
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist or receiving input from a psychiatry practice	
Restrictions:		
Coverage	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	
Duration:		



POLICY NAME: **LOTILANER**

Affected Medications: Xdemvy

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Page day blanks: (PB)
Doguirod Modical	Demodex blepharitis (DB) Diagnosis of DB masting both of the following criteria:
Required Medical	Diagnosis of DB meeting both of the following criteria:
Information:	 Presence of erythema of the upper eyelid margin
	 Presence of mites upon examination of eyelashes by light microscopy OR
	presence of collarettes on slit lamp examination
	 Documented trial and failure to oral ivermectin, 200 mcg/kg in a single dose and
	repeated at least once after 7 days
Appropriate	Reauthorization may be given at least 12 months after the first treatment and will require
Treatment	documentation of treatment success and returned presence of mites or collarettes requiring
Regimen & Other	retreatment
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an optometrist or ophthalmologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



LOVOTIBEGLOGENE AUTOTEMCEL

Affected Medications: LYFGENIA (lovotibeglogene autotemcel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of sickle cell disease in adults and pediatric patients at least 12 years of age with a history of recurrent vaso-occlusive crises
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of sickle cell disease confirmed by genetic testing to show the presence of βS/βS, βS/β0 or βS/β+ genotype as follows: Identification of significant quantities of HbS with or without an additional abnormal β-globin chain variant by hemoglobin assay OR Identification of biallelic HBB pathogenic variants where at least one allele is the p.glu6Val or p.glu7val pathogenic variant on molecular genetic testing AND Patient does NOT have disease with more than two α-globin gene deletions
	Documentation of severe disease defined as 2 or more severe vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) or vaso-occlusive events (VOEs) within the previous 1 years (4 events over 2 years will also meet this requirement) VOC/VOEs defined as an event requiring a visit to a medical facility for evaluation AND necessitating subsequent interventions such as opioid pain management, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, red blood cell (RBC) transfusions, which results in a diagnosis of such being documented due to one (or more) of the following: Acute pain event Acute chest Syndrome Priapasm lasting more than 2 hours Acute splenic sequestration Acute hepatic sequestration
	 For patients under 18 years of age, the patient does not have a known and suitable (10/10) human leukocyte antigen (HLA) matched related donor willing to participate in an allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) Adequate bone marrow, lung, heart, and liver function to undergo myeloablative conditioning regimen Confirmed HIV negative as confirmed by a negative HIV test prior to mobilization
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Able to provide the minimum recommended dose of Lyfgenia: 3,000,000 CD34+ cells/kg
Exclusion Criteria:	 Previous treatment with gene therapy for sickle cell disease Prior hematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) History of hypersensitivity to dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) or dextran 40
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 12 months (one-time infusion), unless otherwise specified



LUSPATERCEPT-AAMT

Affected Medications: REBLOZYL (luspatercept-aamt)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of anemia in adults with beta thalassemia who require regular red blood cell (RBC) transfusions Treatment of anemia in adults without previous erythropoiesis stimulating agent use (ESA-naïve) with very low- to intermediate-risk myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS) who may require regular RBC transfusions Treatment of anemia failing an ESA and requiring 2 or more RBC units over 8 weeks in adult patients with very low- to intermediate-risk MDS with ring sideroblasts (MDS-RS) or with myelodysplastic/myeloproliferative neoplasm with ring sideroblasts and thrombocytosis (MDS/MPN-RS-T)
Required Medical	Beta Thalassemia
Information:	Documented diagnosis of beta thalassemia OR hemoglobin E/beta thalassemia
inioiniauon.	 Documentation of transfusion dependence as evidenced by BOTH of the following in the previous 24 weeks:
	 Has required regular transfusions of at least 6 RBC units
	 No transfusion-free period greater than 35 days
	 Pre-treatment or pre-transfusion hemoglobin (Hgb) level is less than or equal to 11 g/dL
	 Myelodysplastic Syndromes Documented diagnosis of MDS, MDS-RS or MDS/MPN-RS-T with very low, low, or intermediate risk as classified by the International Prognostic Scoring System-Revised (IPSS-R) Documentation of requiring at least 2 RBC units over the previous 8 weeks Pre-treatment or pre-transfusion level is less than or equal to 11 g/dL
Appropriate Treatment	Myelodysplastic Syndromes
Regimen & Other Criteria:	For those with MDS-RS or MDS/MPN-RS-T, must have documentation of treatment failure with an ESA (e.g., Retacrit, Procrit, Epogen, Mircera), unless intolerant or current endogenous serum erythropoietin (sEPO) level is greater than 500 U/L
	 Reauthorization Beta thalassemia: requires documentation of treatment success, defined as a reduction in RBC transfusion burden from baseline by at least 20% MDS: requires documentation of treatment success, defined as achieving transfusion independence and/or an improvement in Hgb level from baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	 Diagnosis of non-transfusion-dependent beta thalassemia Use as immediate correction as a substitute for RBC transfusions Diagnosis of alpha thalassemia Known pregnancy
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older



Prescriber Restrictions:	•	Beta thalassemia: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
	•	MDS: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or oncologist
Coverage Duration:	•	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	•	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: LUSUTROMBOPAG

Affected Medications: MULPLETA (lusutrombopag)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Thrombocytopenia in adult patients with chronic liver disease who are scheduled to undergo a procedure
Required Medical	Documentation of ALL the following:
Information:	 Planned procedure including date
	 Baseline platelet count of less than 50,000/microliter
Appropriate Treatment	Approved for one time 7-day dosing regimen
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or gastroenterology/liver specialist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 1 month (7 days of treatment), based on planned procedure date



POLICY NAME: MARIBAVIR

Affected Medications: LIVTENCITY (maribavir)

Allected Medications.	LIVTENCITY (maribavir)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adults and pediatric patients (12 years of age and older and weighing at least 35 kg) with post-transplant cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection/disease that is refractory to treatment (with or without genotypic resistance) with ganciclovir, valganciclovir, cidofovir or foscarnet
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of post-transplant CMV infection Documentation of patient's current weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented clinical failure (not due to drug intolerance) with an adequate trial (of at least 14 days) of at least ONE of the following: ganciclovir, valganciclovir, cidofovir or foscarnet Reauthorization: Documented treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy and continued need for treatment.
Exclusion Criteria:	CMV infection involving the central nervous system, including the retina.
Age Restriction:	12 years and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by an infectious disease provider or a specialist with experience in the treatment of CMV infection
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MARSTACIMAB

Affected Medications: HYMPAVZI (marstacimab-hncq)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency) Hemophilia B (congenital factor VIII deficiency)
Required Medical Information:	 Hemophilia B (congenital factory IX deficiency) Diagnosis of congenital factor VIII deficiency (hemophilia A) or congenital factory IX deficiency (hemophilia B) without inhibitors Documentation of baseline factor level less than 1% AND prophylaxis required OR
	 Baseline factor level 1% to 3% and a documented history of at least two episodes of spontaneous bleeding into joints Prescribed for routine prophylaxis to prevent or reduce the frequency of bleeding
Appropriate	episodes Hemophilia A
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with Hemlibra (emicizumab-kxwh)
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Hemophilia B
	Documented treatment failure to factor IX prophylaxis for at least 6 months
	December 1 200 man and 1
	 Dose escalation to 300 mg once weekly: Documentation of weighing at least 50 kg and experiencing at least 2 breakthrough
	bleeds while on 150 mg dose for at least 6 months
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in spontaneous bleeds requiring treatment, and documentation of bleed history since last approval
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with bypassing agents
	Prior gene therapy administration
	Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Hematologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MAVACAMTEN

Affected Medications: CAMZYOS (mavacamten)

	CAMZYOS (mavacamten)
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy with left ventricular outflow tract obstruction
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (OHCM) New York Heart Association (NYHA) class II or III symptoms Left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of 55% or greater prior to starting therapy Valsalva left ventricular outflow tract (LVOT) peak gradient of 50 mmHg or greater at rest or with provocation, prior to starting therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of negative pregnancy test AND use of effective contraception in females of reproductive potential Documented treatment failure, intolerance, or contraindication, to ALL the following: Non-vasodilating beta-blocker (e.g., atenolol, metoprolol, bisoprolol, propranolol) Non-dihydropyridine calcium channel blocker (e.g., verapamil, diltiazem) Reauthorization will require documentation of symptomatic improvement and that LVEF remains above 50%
Exclusion Criteria:	History of two measurements of LVEF less than 50% while on mavacamten 2.5 mg tablets
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by a cardiologist or a specialist with experience in the treatment of obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MAVORIXAFOR

Affected Medications: XOLREMDI (mavorixafor)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of WHIM syndrome (warts, hypogammaglobulinemia, infections and myelokathexis) in patients 12 years of age and older to increase the number of circulating mature neutrophils and lymphocytes
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of WHIM syndrome confirmed by genotype variant of CXCR4 and ANC (absolute neutrophil count) of 400 cells/µL or less Documentation of symptoms and complications associated with WHIM syndrome requiring medical treatment
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of weight to assess appropriate dosing Documentation of baseline ALC (absolute lymphocyte count) and ANC (absolute neutrophil count) to assess clinical response to treatment
	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy with sustained improvement in ALC and ANC
Exclusion Criteria:	Concomitant use with drugs that are highly dependent on CYP2D6 for clearance
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist or hematologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months Reauthorization: 12 months



POLICY NAME: MEBENDAZOLE

Affected Medications: EMVERM (mebendazole)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Gastrointestinal (GI) infections caused by any of the following:
	Trichostrongyliasis
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of current helminth infection confirmed with appropriate lab testing
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure, clinically significant intolerance, or contraindication to albendazole is required for the following conditions: Ancylostoma duodenale (hookworm) Ascaris lumbricoides (roundworm) Capillariasis Necator americanus (hookworm) Toxocariasis (roundworm) Trichinellosis (aka trichinosis) Documented treatment failure, clinically significant intolerance, or contraindication to albendazole AND pyrantel pamoate is required for the following conditions: Enterobius vermicularis (pinworm)
Exclusion Criteria:	z zmoszac somocnam (pm. or
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization:
co.o.ago Daladon.	 Cystic echinococcus: 6 months Other indications: 2 months



POLICY NAME: MECASERMIN

Affected Medications: INCRELEX (mecasermin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Severe primary insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) deficiency (Primary IGFD) Patient with growth hormone (GH) gene deletion with neutralizine antibodies to GH
Required Medical Information:	 Prior to starting therapy, a height at least 3 standard deviations below the mean for chronological age and sex, and an IGF-1 level at least 3 standard deviations below the mean for chronological age and sex. One stimulation test showing patient has a normal or elevated GH level.
Appropriate	Initial: 0.04-0.08 mg/kg SQ twice daily.
Treatment	Maintenance: Up to 0.12 mg/kg SQ twice daily
	• Maintenance. Op to 0.12 mg/kg 3Q twice daily
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization: requires a documented growth rate increase of at least 2.5 cm over baseline
	per year AND evaluation of epiphyses (growth plates) documenting they remain open.
Exclusion Criteria:	 Epiphyseal closure, active or suspected neoplasia malignancy, or concurrent use with GH therapy. Patient has secondary causes of IGF1 deficiency (e.g., hypothyroidism, malignancy, chronic systemic disease, skeletal disorders, malnutrition, celiac disease).
Age Restriction:	For patients 2 to 18 years of age.
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a Pediatric Endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: MEPOLIZUMAB

Affected Medications: NUCALA (mepolizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of patients with severe asthma aged 6 years and older with an eosinophilic phenotype
	 Treatment of adult patients with eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA) Treatment of patients aged 12 years and older with hypereosinophilic syndrome (HES)
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps (CRSwNP) in adult patients 18 years of age and older with inadequate response to nasal corticosteroids (NCS)
Demained Medical	Fosinophilic asthma

Required Medical Information:

Eosinophilic asthma

- Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by both of the following:
 - Baseline eosinophil count of at least 150 cells/µL AND
 - FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal

EGPA

- Diagnosis of relapsing or refractory EGPA confirmed by all the following:
 - Chronic rhinosinusitis
 - Asthma
 - Blood eosinophilia (at least 1,500 cells/mcL and/or 10% eosinophils on differential) at baseline
 - Diagnosis must be confirmed by a second clinical opinion
- Documented relapsing disease while on the highest tolerated oral corticosteroid dose

HES

- Diagnosis of HES with all the following:
 - Blood eosinophil count greater than or equal to 1,000 cells/mcL
 - Disease duration greater than 6 months
 - o At least 2 flares within the past 12 months
 - Lab work showing Fip1-like1-platelet-derived growth factor receptor alpha (FIP1L1-PDGFRα) mutation negative disease
 - Non-hematologic secondary HES (e.g., drug hypersensitivity, parasitic helminth infection, HIV infection, non-hematologic malignancy) has been ruled out
- Documentation that disease is currently controlled on the highest tolerated glucocorticoid dose (defined as an improvement in clinical symptoms and a decrease in eosinophil count by at least 50% from baseline)

CRSwNP

- Documentation of both the following:
 - Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total ethmoidectomy
 - Indicated for revision sinus endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction)



Appropriate <u>Eosinophilic asthma</u>						
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	(E. 15.1) for all loads are a moral of man contained by improving					
Ontona.	AND					
	Documentation of one of the following: Documentation of one of the following:					
	 Documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaler treatment and at least 80% adherence 					
	Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required					
	EGPA					
	Documented treatment failure or contraindication to at least two oral immunosuppressant drugs (azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate) for at least 12 weeks each					
	HES					
	Documented treatment failure or contraindication to at least 12 weeks of hydroxyurea (not required if patient has a lymphocytic variant of HES [L-HES])					
	Documented treatment failure with interferon alfa					
	Documented treatment failure with interieron and					
	CRSwNP					
	Documented treatment failure with at least 1 intranasal corticosteroid (such as fluticasone)					
	after ethmoidectomy					
	Documented treatment failure with Sinuva implant					
	Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to					
	therapy					
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Fasenra, Xolair, Cinqair, Tezspire) 					
Age Restriction:	Eosinophilic asthma: 6 years of age and older					
	EGPA: 18 years of age and older					
	HES: 12 years of age and older					
	CRSwNP: 18 years of age and older					
Prescriber	• <u>Eosinophilic asthma</u> : prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or					
Restrictions:	pulmonologist					
	 <u>EGPA</u>: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of EGPA (such as an immunologist or rheumatologist) 					
 HES: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of HES immunologist or hematologist) 						
	<u>CRSwNP</u> : prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist					
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified					
Duration: • Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified						



POLICY NAME: METRELEPTIN

Affected Medications: MYALEPT (metreleptin)

	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded						
Covered Uses:	I Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded						
	by plan design						
	 Congenital or acquired generalized lipodystrophy as a result of leptin deficiency 						
Required Medical	Current weight						
Information:	Baseline serum leptin levels, hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c), fasting glucose, fasting triglycerides, fasting serum insulin						
	Prior Myalept use will require testing for anti-metrepeptin antibodies						
	 Documented leptin deficiency confirmed by laboratory testing (serum leptin of less than 12 ng/mL) 						
	Documentation of congenital or acquired generalized lipodystrophy with least ONE of						
	the following:						
	Concurrent hypertriglyceridemia						
	Concurrent diabetes						
Appropriate Treatment	Generalized lipodystrophy with concurrent hypertriglyceridemia						
Regimen & Other	 Triglycerides of 500 mg/dL or higher despite optimized therapy with at least two 						
Criteria:	triglyceride-lowering agents from different classes (e.g., fibrates, statins) at maximum						
	tolerated doses for at least 12 weeks each						
	 Generalized lipodystrophy with concurrent diabetes Persistent hyperglycemia (HgbA1C 7 percent or greater) despite dietary intervention and optimized insulin therapy at maximally tolerated doses for at least 12 weeks 						
Exclusion Criteria:	and optimized insulin therapy at maximally tolerated doses for at least 12 weeks Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy documented by increased metabolic control defined by improvement in						
Exclusion Criteria:	and optimized insulin therapy at maximally tolerated doses for at least 12 weeks Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy documented by increased metabolic control defined by improvement in HgbA1c, fasting glucose, and fasting triglyceride levels						
Exclusion Criteria:	and optimized insulin therapy at maximally tolerated doses for at least 12 weeks Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy documented by increased metabolic control defined by improvement in HgbA1c, fasting glucose, and fasting triglyceride levels Partial lipodystrophy						
Exclusion Criteria:	and optimized insulin therapy at maximally tolerated doses for at least 12 weeks Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy documented by increased metabolic control defined by improvement in HgbA1c, fasting glucose, and fasting triglyceride levels Partial lipodystrophy General obesity not associated with leptin deficiency						
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	and optimized insulin therapy at maximally tolerated doses for at least 12 weeks Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy documented by increased metabolic control defined by improvement in HgbA1c, fasting glucose, and fasting triglyceride levels Partial lipodystrophy General obesity not associated with leptin deficiency HIV-related lipodystrophy Metabolic disease, including diabetes mellitus and hypertriglyceridemia, without						
	and optimized insulin therapy at maximally tolerated doses for at least 12 weeks Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy documented by increased metabolic control defined by improvement in HgbA1c, fasting glucose, and fasting triglyceride levels Partial lipodystrophy General obesity not associated with leptin deficiency HIV-related lipodystrophy Metabolic disease, including diabetes mellitus and hypertriglyceridemia, without concurrent documentation of generalized lipodystrophy						
Age Restriction:	and optimized insulin therapy at maximally tolerated doses for at least 12 weeks Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy documented by increased metabolic control defined by improvement in HgbA1c, fasting glucose, and fasting triglyceride levels Partial lipodystrophy General obesity not associated with leptin deficiency HIV-related lipodystrophy Metabolic disease, including diabetes mellitus and hypertriglyceridemia, without concurrent documentation of generalized lipodystrophy						
Age Restriction: Prescriber	and optimized insulin therapy at maximally tolerated doses for at least 12 weeks Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy documented by increased metabolic control defined by improvement in HgbA1c, fasting glucose, and fasting triglyceride levels Partial lipodystrophy General obesity not associated with leptin deficiency HIV-related lipodystrophy Metabolic disease, including diabetes mellitus and hypertriglyceridemia, without concurrent documentation of generalized lipodystrophy						
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	and optimized insulin therapy at maximally tolerated doses for at least 12 weeks Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy documented by increased metabolic control defined by improvement in HgbA1c, fasting glucose, and fasting triglyceride levels Partial lipodystrophy General obesity not associated with leptin deficiency HIV-related lipodystrophy Metabolic disease, including diabetes mellitus and hypertriglyceridemia, without concurrent documentation of generalized lipodystrophy Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist						



POLICY NAME: MIACALCIN

Affected Medications: MIACALCIN Injection (calcitonin-salmon)

Affected Medications	: MIACALCIN Injection (calcitonin-salmon)					
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by					
	plan design					
	 Paget's disease of bone 					
	o Hypercalcemia					
Required Medical	<u>Hypercalcemia</u>					
Information:	Documented calcium level greater than or equal to 14 mg/dL (3.5 mmol/L)					
miormation.						
	Paget's disease of bone					
	Documented baseline radiographic findings of osteolytic bone lesions					
	Abnormal liver function test (LFT), including alkaline phosphatase					
	Documented lack of malignancy within the past 3 months					
Appropriate	<u>Hypercalcemia</u>					
Treatment	 Documentation that additional methods for lowering calcium (such as intravenous 					
Regimen & Other	fluids) did not result in adequate efficacy OR					
Criteria:	Clinical judgement necessitated immediate administration without waiting for other set to do to give affice and the control of the					
	methods to show efficacy Paget's disease of bone					
	 Documented trial and failure (or intolerable adverse event) with an adequate trial of both of 					
	the following:					
	Zoledronic acid (at least one dose)					
	o Oral bisphosphonate (e.g., alendronate, risedronate) for at least 8 weeks					
	OR					
	Documentation that the patient has severe renal impairment (e.g.,					
	creatinine clearance less than 35 mL/min)					
	AND					
	Documentation of all of the following:					
	Normal vitamin D and calcium levels and/or supplementation					
	Symptoms that necessitate treatment with medication (e.g., bone					
	pain, bone deformity)					
	Re-Authorization criteria – Paget's disease of bone:					
	Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy (such					
	as stable or lowered alkaline phosphatase level, resolution of bone pain or other symptoms)					
Exclusion Criteria:	Related to Paget's disease of bone					
	History of a skeletal malignancy or bone metastases					
	Concurrent use of zoledronic acid or oral bisphosphonates					
	Asymptomatic Paget's Disease of the bone					
	Treatment of prevention of osteoporosis					
Age Restriction:	18 years or older - for Paget's disease of bone only					
Prescriber						
Restrictions:						
0	Approval = 12 months, unless otherwise specified					
Coverage	Approval – 12 months, unless otherwise specified					
Duration:						



POLICY NAME: MIGLUSTAT

Affected Medications: MIGLUSTAT

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluplan design Treatment of adult patients with mild to moderate type 1 Gaucher disease Compendia-supported uses that will be covered: Niemann-Pick disease type C (NPC) Gaucher Disease 				
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis of Gaucher disease confirmed by ONE of the following: An enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of beta-glucocerebrosidase enzyme activity Detection of biallelic pathogenic variants in the GBA gene by molecular genetic testing Enzyme replacement therapy is not a therapeutic option (e.g., due to allergy, hypersensitivity, or poor venous access)				
	 NPC Diagnosis of NPC confirmed by genetic testing showing biallelic pathogenic variants in either the NPC1 gene or NPC2 gene Documentation of at least one neurological symptom of Niemann-Pick disease type C, 				
	such as: o Loss of motor function o Problems with swallowing or speech				
	 Cognitive impairment Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane Documentation of baseline signs and symptoms of NPC 				
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 <u>Gaucher Disease:</u> Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy <u>NPC:</u> Reauthorization requires: Documentation of treatment success defined as stability or improvement of Niemann-Pick disease type C signs and symptoms 				
Exclusion Criteria:	Documentation that patient is still ambulatory				
Age Restriction:	Female of childbearing potential who is pregnant or planning a pregnancy				
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, one of the following: A specialist in the management of Gaucher disease (hematologist, oncologist, hepatologist, geneticist or orthopedic specialist) A specialist in the management of NPC (such as a geneticist, endocrinologist, metabolic disorder subspecialist, or neurologist)				
Coverage Duration: Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified					



POLICY NAME: MILTEFOSINE

Affected Medications: IMPAVIDO (miltefosine)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of the following in adults and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older weighing greater than or equal to 30 kg (66 lbs): Visceral leishmaniasis caused by Leishmania donovani Cutaneous leishmaniasis caused by Leishmania braziliensis, Leishmania guyanensis, and Leishmania panamensis Mucosal leishmaniasis caused by Leishmania braziliensis 				
Required Medical Information:	All Indications Current weight Visceral leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by smear or culture in tissue (usually bone marrow or spleen) Cutaneous and Mucosal leishmaniasis Documentation of diagnosis confirmed by histology, culture, or molecular analysis via				
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	polymerase chain reaction (PCR) Dosing: 30 to 44 kg: 50 mg twice daily for 28 days 45 kg or greater: 50 mg three times daily for 28 days				
Exclusion Criteria:	 Pregnancy Sjögren-Larsson syndrome Weight less than 30 kg (66 lbs) Treatment of leishmaniasis outside of the visceral, cutaneous, or mucosal settings Treatment of other <i>Leishmania</i> species 				
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older				
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist				
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 1 month, unless otherwise specified				



POLICY NAME: MIRIKIZUMAB-MRKZ

Affected Medications: OMVOH (mirikizumab-mrkz)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by				
	plan design				
	o Ulcerative Colitis				
Required Medical	Diagnosis supported by endoscopy/colonoscopy/sigmoidoscopy or biopsy with moderate				
Information:	to severely active disease				
	 Documentation of disease severity Mayo Clinic Score for Assessment of Ulcerative Colitis Activity score 				
Appropriate	Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks:				
Treatment	corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, azathioprine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, 6-				
Regimen & Other	mercaptopurine				
Criteria:	OR				
	Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater				
	than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of				
	systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent				
	hospitalization for ulcerative colitis				
	AND				
	Documented failure (or intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of all available				
	formulary alternatives: infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola,				
	Renflexis), Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Xeljanz, Entyvio				
Exclusion Criteria:					
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older				
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist				
Care Restrictions:					
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified				
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified				



POLICY NAME: MITAPIVAT

Affected Medications: MITAPIVAT (pyrukynd tablet)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hemolytic anemia due to pyruvate kinase deficiency (PKD)				
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of pyruvate kinase deficiency (PKD), confirmed by BOTH of the following: Presence of at least 2 variant alleles in the pyruvate kinase liver and red blood cell (PLKR) gene At least one variant allele is a missense mutation Documentation of ONE of the following: Regularly receiving red blood cell (RBC) transfusions, defined as 6 or more transfusions in the previous 12 months Baseline hemoglobin level of less than or equal to 10 g/dL with a history of no more than 4 transfusions in the previous 12 months Documentation of baseline transfusion count, including dates and number of units transfused 				
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy, defined as: For patients receiving regular transfusions at baseline: must document greater than or equal to a 33% reduction in RBC units transfused compared to baseline For patients not receiving regular transfusions at baseline: must document greater than or equal to a 1.5 g/dL increase in Hb from baseline sustained at 2 or more scheduled visits AND no transfusions were needed 				
Exclusion Criteria:	 Splenectomy scheduled during treatment or have undergone within the 12-month period prior to starting treatment Previous bone marrow or stem cell transplant 				
Age Restriction:	Must be 18 years or older				
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist				
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 				



MOMETASONE SINUS IMPLANT

Affected Medications: SINUVA (mometasone sinus implant)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps in patients who have had ethmoid sinus surgery				
Required Medical	Documentation of both of the following:				
Information:	Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total				
	ethmoidectomy				
	 Indicated for revision endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction) 				
Appropriate Treatment	Documented treatment failure with at least 3 months of two intranasal				
Regimen & Other Criteria:	corticosteroids after ethmoidectomy				
Exclusion Criteria:	History of previous Sinuva implant use				
	Known history of resistant or poor response to oral steroids				
	Acute bacterial or invasive fungal sinusitis				
	Immune deficiency (including cystic fibrosis)				
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older				
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist				
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 1 month, unless otherwise specified				
	 Reauthorization: Not eligible, there are no studies evaluating repeat implantation of the SINUVA Sinus Implant 				



POLICY NAME: MOTIXAFORTIDE

Affected Medications: APHEXDA (motixafortide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design				
	 In combination with filgrastim (granulocyte colony-stimulating factor [G-CSF]) to mobilize hematopoietic stem cells (HSCs) to the peripheral blood circulation to facilitate their collection for subsequent autologous stem cell transplantation (ASCT) in patients with multiple myeloma (MM). 				
	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better (autologous HSCT must be NCCN recommended) 				
Required Medical	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and				
Information:	anticipated treatment course				
	Documentation of diagnosis of multiple myeloma in first or second remission				
	Eligible for Autologous stem cell transplantation (ASCT)				
	At least 7 days from most recent high dose induction therapy				
	No single agent chemotherapy or maintenance therapy within 7 days				
	 Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status (PS) of 0 or 1 				
Appropriate	Inadequate stem cell collection amount despite previous trial with ALL the following:				
Treatment	 Single agent Granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF) 				
Regimen & Other	 Granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF) in combination with plerixafor 				
Criteria:	No reauthorization				
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status (PS) of 2 or greater				
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older				
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist				
Care Restrictions:					
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 2 months, unless otherwise specified				



MUCOPOLYSACCHARIDOSIS (MPS) AGENTS

Affected Medications: VIMIZIM (elosulfase alfa), NAGLAZYME (galsulfase), MEPSEVII (vestronidase alfa-vjbk), MEPSEVII (vestronidase alfa-vjbk), ALDURAZYME (laronidase), ELAPRASE (idursulfase)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Vimizim: Mucopolysaccharidosis type IVA (MPS IVA; Morquio A syndrome) Naglazyme: Mucopolysaccharidosis type VI (MPS VI, Maroteaux-Lamy syndrome) Mepsevii: Mucopolysaccharidosis VII (MPS VII; Sly Syndrome) Aldurazyme:			
Required Medical	Diagnosis of specific MPS type confirmed by enzyme assay showing deficient activity of			
Information:	the relevant enzyme OR detection of pathogenic mutations in the relevant gene by molecular genetic testing, as follows: For Vimizim: N-acetylgalactosamine 6-sulfatase (GALNS) enzyme or GALNS gene For Naglazyme: N-acetylgalactosamine 4-sulfatase (ASB) enzyme or Arylsulfatase B (ARSB) gene For Mepsevii: beta-glucuronidase (GUSB) enzyme or GUSB gene For Aldurazyme: alpha-L-iduronidase (IDUA) enzyme or IDUA gene For Elaprase: iduronate 2-sulfatase (I2S or IDS) enzyme or IDS gene Documented clinical signs and symptoms of MPS, such as soft tissue abnormality, skeletal abnormality, joint abnormality, respiratory disease, gait abnormality, motor issues, or cardiac abnormality Baseline value for one or more of the following: Function test such as the Bruininks-Oseretsky Test of Motor Proficiency (BOT-2), 6-minute walk test (6MWT), three-minute stairclimb test (3-MSCT), or pulmonary function tests (PFTs) Liver and/or spleen volume Urinary glycosaminoglycan (GAGs) level			
Appropriate	Dose does not exceed the recommended dosing according to the FDA label			
Treatment	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will			
Regimen & Other Criteria:	be enforced			
Gilleria.	 Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as ONE or more of the following: Stability or improvement in function tests such as BOT-2, 6MWT, 3-MSCT, or PFTs Reduction in liver and/or spleen volume Reduction in urinary GAG level Other clinically significant improvement in MPS signs and symptoms 			



Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of central nervous system manifestation of the disorder
	Severe, irreversible cognitive impairment
Age Restriction:	Vimizim and Naglazyme: 5 years of age and older
	Elaprase: 16 months of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of inherited metabolic
Care Restrictions:	disorders, such as a geneticist or endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY

Affected Medications: Amondys 45 (casimersen), Exondys 51 (eteplirsen), Vyondys 53 (golodirsen), Viltepso (viltolarsen), Duvyzat (givinostat)

Covered Uses:

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design

Casimersen (Amondys 45)

• Duchenne muscular dystrophy with mutations amenable to exon 45 skipping, including the following exon deletions:

,,	mowing exon deletions.							
	7-44	12-44	44	46-51	46-60	46-75		
		18-44	46	46-53	46-67	46-78		
			46-47	46-55	46-69			
			46-48	46-57				
			46-49	46-59				

Eteplirsen (Exondys 51)

 Duchenne muscular dystrophy with mutations amenable to exon 51 skipping, including the following exon deletions:

3-50	10-50	21-50	30-50	40-50	50
4-50	11-50	23-50	31-50	41-50	52
5-50	13-50	24-50	32-50	42-50	52-61
6-50	14-50	25-50	33-50	43-50	52-63
9-50	15-50	26-50	34-50	45-50	52-64
	16-50	27-50	35-50	47-50	52-66
	17-50	28-50	36-50	48-50	52-76
	19-50	29-50	37-50	49-50	
			38-50		-

Golodirsen (Vyondys 53)

 Duchenne muscular dystrophy with mutations amenable to exon 53 skipping, including the following exon deletions:

39-50

3-52	10-52	21-52	30-52	40-52	50-52
4-52	11-52	23-52	31-52	41-52	52
5-52	13-52	24-52	32-52	41-52	54-58
6-52	14-52	25-52	33-52	43-52	54-61
9-52	15-52	26-52	34-52	45-52	54-63
	16-52	27-52	35-52	47-52	54-64
	17-52	28-52	36-52	48-52	54-66
	19-52	29-52	37-52	49-52	54-76
	·	·	38-52		54-77
			39-52		

Viltolarsen (Viltepso)

Duchenne muscular dystrophy with mutations amenable to exon 53 skipping (see above)

Givinostat (Duvyzat)

Duchenne muscular dystrophy



Required Medical Information:	 A confirmed diagnosis of Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD) with documentation of genetic testing to confirm appropriate use A baseline functional assessment using a validated tool (e.g., the 6- minute walk test or North Star Ambulatory Assessment, etc.) Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane (Duvyzat) Current weight
Appropriate Treatment	Documentation of being on a stable dose of an oral corticosteroid such as prednisone for at
	least 12 weeks prior to treatment
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Popultherization requires that the national atomic has been maintained at or above
Cilleila.	Reauthorization requires that the patient's functional status has been maintained at or above
	baseline level or not declined more than expected given the natural disease progression
	*Deep rounding to the progress violating within 100/ of the propertied does will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria:	*Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Exclusion Criteria.	 Treatment with more than one exon-skipping therapy Combined use of Duvyzat and exon-skipping therapy
	Combined use of buryzat and exon-skipping therapy
	Duvyzat
	Prior to starting therapy, platelet count less than 150,000 cells/microliter
	During therapy, QTc interval exceeds 500 ms or increases by more than 60 ms from
	baseline
Age Restriction:	6 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist with experience in the treatment of
Restrictions:	Duchenne muscular dystrophy
	Required to utilize pharmacy benefit
Coverage Duration:	Initial Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Continuation: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



MYELOID GROWTH FACTORS

Affected Medications: FULPHILA (pegfilgrastim-jmdb), LEUKINE (sargramostim), NEULASTA (pegfilgrastim), NEUPOGEN (filgrastim), NIVESTYM (filgrastim-aafi), NYVEPRIA (pegfilgrastim – apgf), GRANIX (tbo-filgrastim), ZARXIO (filgrastim-sndz), RELEUKO (filgrastim-ayow), FYLNETRA (Pegfilrastim-pbbk), ROLVEDON (Eflapegrastim-xnst), STIMUFEND (Pegfilgrastim-fpgk), UDENYCA (pegfilgrastim-cbqv), NYPOZI (filgrastim-txid)

Covered Uses:

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design

Neupogen, Nivestym, Releuko, and Zarxio

Patients with Cancer Receiving Myelosuppressive Chemotherapy

Indicated to decrease the incidence of infection, as manifested by febrile neutropenia, in
patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs
associated with a significant incidence of severe neutropenia with fever

Patients With Acute Myeloid Leukemia Receiving Induction or Consolidation Chemotherapy

• Indicated for reducing the time to neutrophil recovery and the duration of fever, following induction or consolidation chemotherapy treatment of adults with acute myeloid leukemia

Patients with Cancer Receiving Bone Marrow Transplant

 Indicated to reduce the duration of neutropenia and neutropenia-related clinical sequelae, (e.g., febrile neutropenia) in patients with non-myeloid malignancies undergoing myeloablative chemotherapy followed by marrow transplantation

<u>Patients Undergoing Autologous Peripheral Blood Progenitor Cell Collection and Therapy</u> (Neupogen, Nivestym, Zarxio)

• Indicated for the mobilization of autologous hematopoietic progenitor cells into the peripheral blood for collection by leukapheresis

Patients With Severe Chronic Neutropenia

 Indicated for chronic administration to reduce the incidence and duration of sequelae of neutropenia (e.g., fever, infections, oropharyngeal ulcers) in symptomatic patients with congenital neutropenia, cyclic neutropenia, or idiopathic neutropenia

<u>Patients Acutely Exposed to Myelosuppressive Doses of Radiation (Hematopoietic Syndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome) (Neupogen)</u>

 Indicated to increase survival in patients acutely exposed to myelosuppressive doses of radiation

Leukine

Use Following Induction Chemotherapy in Acute Myelogenous Leukemia

 Indicated for use following induction chemotherapy in older adult patients with acute myelogenous leukemia to shorten time to neutrophil recovery and to reduce the incidence of severe and life-threatening infections and infections resulting in death

Use in Mobilization and Following Transplantation of Autologous Peripheral Blood Progenitor Cells



• Indicated for the mobilization of hematopoietic progenitor cells into peripheral blood for collection by leukapheresis.

<u>Use in Myeloid Reconstitution After Autologous Bone Marrow Transplantation</u>

 Indicated for acceleration of myeloid recovery in patients with non-Hodgkin's lymphoma (NHL), acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) and Hodgkin's disease undergoing autologous bone marrow transplantation (BMT)

Use in Myeloid Reconstitution After Allogeneic Bone Marrow Transplantation

 Indicated for acceleration of myeloid recovery in patients undergoing allogeneic BMT from human leukocyte antigen (HLA)-matched related donors

Use in Bone Marrow Transplantation Failure or Engraftment Delay

• Indicated in patients who have undergone allogeneic or autologous BMT in whom engraftment is delayed or has failed

Neulasta, Fulphila, Udenyca, Ziextenzo, Nyvepria, Fylnetra, Stimufend and Rolvedon

Patients with Cancer Receiving Myelosuppressive Chemotherapy

Indicated to decrease the incidence of infection, as manifested by febrile neutropenia, in
patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs
associated with a significant incidence of severe neutropenia with fever

Patients with Hematopoietic Subsyndrome of Acute Radiation Syndrome (Neulasta, Udenyca, Ziextenzo)

 Indicated to increase survival in patients acutely exposed to myelosuppressive doses of radiation

Granix

 Granix is indicated to reduce the duration of severe neutropenia in patients with non-myeloid malignancies receiving myelosuppressive anti-cancer drugs associated with a clinically significant incidence of febrile neutropenia

Compendia supported uses that will be covered (if applicable) Neupogen/Granix/Zarxio/Nivestym/Leukine:

- Treatment of chemotherapy-induced febrile neutropenia in patients with non-myeloid malignancies
- Treatment of anemia in patients with myelodysplastic syndromes (MDS)
- Treatment of neutropenia in patients with MDS
- Following chemotherapy for acute lymphocytic leukemia (ALL)
- Stem cell transplantation-related indications
- Agranulocytosis
- Aplastic anemia
- Neutropenia related to human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)
- Neutropenia related to renal transplantation

Required Medical Information:

- Complete blood counts with differential and platelet counts will be monitored at baseline and regularly throughout therapy
- Documentation of therapy intention (curative, palliative) for prophylaxis of febrile neutropenia
- Documentation of patient specific risk factors for febrile neutropenia
- Documentation of febrile neutropenia risk associated with the chemotherapy regimen



- Documentation of planned treatment course
- Documentation of current patient weight

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Filgrastim products: Neupogen, Nivestym, Releuko, Zarxio, Granix, Nypozi

When requested via the MEDICAL benefit:

Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko, Nypozi and Granix, is provided when the member meets the following criteria:

Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Zarxio and Nivestym

When requested through the specialty PHARMACY benefit:

Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neupogen, Releuko, Nypozi and Granix, is provided when the member meets the following criteria:

Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Nivestym and Zarxio

Sargramostim product: Leukine

Coverage for the non-preferred product, Leukine, is provided when the member meets one of the following criteria:

- Leukine will be used for myeloid reconstitution after autologous or allogenic bone marrow transplant or bone marrow transplant engraftment delay or failure
- A documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to preferred products listed above

<u>Pegfilgrastim products: Neulasta, Fulphila, Udenyca, Ziextenzo, Nyvepria, Fylnetra, Stimufend, Rolvedon</u>

When requested via the PHARMACY benefit:

Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neulasta, Fylnetra, Rolvedon, Stimufend, and Nyvepria is provided when the member meets one of the following criteria:

 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Ziextenzo, Fulphila and Udenyca

When requested via the MEDICAL benefit:

Coverage for the non-preferred products, Neulasta, Nyvepria, Fulphila, and Flynetra is provided when the member meets the following criteria:

• Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to Ziextenzo or Udenyca

Eflapegrastim product: Rolvedon

Coverage for the non-preferred product, Rolvedon, is provided when the member meets the following criteria:

Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to the preferred pegfilgrastim products

For prophylaxis of febrile neutropenia (FN) or other dose-limiting neutropenic events for patients receiving myelosuppressive anticancer drugs:

Meets **ONE** of the following:

- Curative Therapy:
 - High risk (greater than 20% risk) for febrile neutropenia based on chemotherapy regimen
 OR
 - Intermediate risk (10-20% risk) for febrile neutropenia based on chemotherapy regimen with documentation of significant patient risk factors for serious medical consequences **OR**



	 Has experienced a dose-limiting neutropenic event on a previous cycle of current chemotherapy to be continued Palliative Therapy: Myeloid growth factors will not be approved upfront for prophylaxis of febrile neutropenia in the palliative setting. Per the NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network), chemotherapy regimens with a 20% or greater risk of neutropenic events should not be used. If, however, a dose limiting neutropenic event occurs on a previous cycle of chemotherapy, and the effectiveness of chemotherapy will be reduced with dose reduction, growth factor will be approved for secondary prophylaxis on a case by case basis
	For Treatment of Severe Chronic Neutropenia: ■ Must meet ALL the following: □ Congenital neutropenia, cyclic neutropenia, OR idiopathic neutropenia □ Current documentation of absolute neutrophil count (ANC) less than 500 cells/microL □ Neutropenia symptoms (fever, infections, oropharyngeal ulcers)
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or hematologist
Coverage Duration:	6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NATALIZUMAB

Affected Medications: TYSABRI (natalizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following: 		
	 Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS) 		
	 Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS) 		
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS) 		
	o Crohn's disease (CD)		
Required Medical	Screening for anti-JC virus (JCV) antibodies prior to initiating Tysabri therapy		
Information:			
	RRMS		
	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald		
	diagnostic criteria for MS		
	 Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS 		
	CIS		
	 Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and 		
	corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions		
	that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular,		
	cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)		
	Active SPMS		
	Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic		
	function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)		
	Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory		
	activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)		
	 Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5 		
	Crohn's disease		
	Moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment		
Appropriate	Relapsing Forms of MS		
Treatment	 Documentation of treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) to: 		
Regimen & Other	 Rituximab (preferred biosimilar products: Riabni, Truxima and Ruxience) OR 		
Criteria:	 Ocrevus (ocrelizumab) if previously established on treatment, excluding via samples 		
	or manufacturer's patient assistance program OR		
	 Documentation of pregnancy and severe disease 		
	д —		
	Crohn's disease		
	Documented treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks		
	each: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine,		
	balsalazide		
	OR		
	Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease		
	all all all all all all all all al		



	OR
	Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following:
	 Fistulizing disease
	o Stricture
	 Presence of abscess/phlegmon
	 Deep ulcerations
	 Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal involvement
	 Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of:
	 Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
	AND
	 One of the following: Entyvio or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilar products:
	Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)
	Reauthorization:
	 Anti-JCV antibody <u>negative</u>: documentation of positive clinical response to therapy Anti-JCV antibody <u>positive</u>: documentation of positive clinical response to therapy and periodic MRI to monitor for progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy (PML)
Exclusion Criteria:	Current or prior history of PML
	 MS: concurrent use of disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS CD: concurrent use of other targeted immune modulators for the treatment of CD
Age Restriction:	g
Prescriber	MS: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Restrictions:	CD: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist
Coverage Duration:	<u>MS</u>
	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	<u>CD</u>
	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NAXITAMAB

Affected Medications: DANYELZA (naxitamab)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of relapsed or refractory high-risk neuroblastoma in the bone or bone marrow (in combination with granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor [GM-CSF]) in patients who have demonstrated a partial response, minor response, or stable disease to prior therapy National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher Required Medical Information: Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and prescribed dosing regimen Diagnosis of neuroblastoma as defined per the International Neuroblastoma Response Criteria (INRC): An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or serum) catecholamines or their metabolites] OR Evidence of metastases to bone marrow on an aspirate or trephine biopsy with concomitant elevation of urinary or serum catecholamines or their metabolites Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including:
 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and prescribed dosing regimen Diagnosis of neuroblastoma as defined per the International Neuroblastoma Response Criteria (INRC): An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or serum) catecholamines or their metabolites]
Information: prescribed dosing regimen Diagnosis of neuroblastoma as defined per the International Neuroblastoma Response Criteria (INRC): An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or serum) catecholamines or their metabolites] OR Evidence of metastases to bone marrow on an aspirate or trephine biopsy with concomitant elevation of urinary or serum catecholamines or their metabolites Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including:
Diagnosis of neuroblastoma as defined per the International Neuroblastoma Response Criteria (INRC):
Criteria (INRC): An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or serum) catecholamines or their metabolites] OR Evidence of metastases to bone marrow on an aspirate or trephine biopsy with concomitant elevation of urinary or serum catecholamines or their metabolites Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including:
 An unequivocal histologic diagnosis from tumor tissue by light microscopy [with or without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or serum) catecholamines or their metabolites] OR Evidence of metastases to bone marrow on an aspirate or trephine biopsy with concomitant elevation of urinary or serum catecholamines or their metabolites Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including:
without immunohistochemistry, electron microscopy, or increased urine (or serum) catecholamines or their metabolites] OR Evidence of metastases to bone marrow on an aspirate or trephine biopsy with concomitant elevation of urinary or serum catecholamines or their metabolites • Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including:
concomitant elevation of urinary or serum catecholamines or their metabolites • Evidence of high-risk neuroblastoma, including:
 Stage 2/3/4/4S disease with amplified MYCN gene (any age)
 Stage 4 disease in patients greater than 18 months of age
 Disease is evaluable in the bone and/or bone marrow, as documented by histology and/or appropriate imaging [e.g., metaiodobenzylguanidine (MIBG) scan and positron emission topography (PET) scan if MIBG is negative] Documented history of previous treatment with at least one systemic therapy to treat disease outside of the bone or bone marrow Documentation of clinical rationale for avoiding use of Dinutuximab plus chemotherapy (if
under 18 years of age)
Appropriate • Must be used in combination with granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor (GM-
Treatment CSF)
Regimen & Other
Describerization will require decumentation of discours reasonably and to the rest
Criteria: Reauthorization will require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
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Criteria: Reauthorization will require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy Exclusion Criteria: Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Patients with progressive disease
Criteria: Reauthorization will require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy • Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater • Patients with progressive disease Age Restriction: • 1 year of age or older Prescriber Restrictions: • Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist/oncologist with expertise in neuroblastoma
 Criteria: Reauthorization will require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy Exclusion Criteria: • Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Patients with progressive disease Age Restriction: • 1 year of age or older Prescriber • Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist/oncologist with expertise in



NEMOLIZUMAB-ILTO

Affected Medications: NEMLUVIO

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prurigo nodularis (PN) Atopic dermatitis (AD)
Required Medical	<u>PN</u>
Information:	 Documentation of all the following: Diagnosis confirmed by skin biopsy Presence of at least 20 PN lesions for at least 3 months Severe itching
	 Diagnosis of severe atopic dermatitis with functional impairment, defined by one of the following: Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater Severe disease on other validated tools Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction AND one of the following:
	 Body surface area (BSA) involvement of at least 10%
	Hand, foot, face, or mucous membrane involvement
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 PN Documented treatment failure with at least 2 weeks of a super high potency topical corticosteroid (such as clobetasol propionate 0.05%, halobetasol propionate 0.05%) Documentation of treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of one of the following: phototherapy, methotrexate, cyclosporine Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of Dupixent (dupilumab)
	 AD Documented treatment failure with at least 4 weeks of a topical non-steroidal agent (e.g., tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream) Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of one of the following: phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of Dupixent (dupilumab)
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with another therapeutic immunomodulator agent
Age Restriction:	 PN: 18 years of age and older AD: 12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
colonge balanolli	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



NEONATAL FC RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

Affected Medications: VYVGART (efgartigimod alfa), VYVGART HYTRULO (efgartigimod alfa and hyaluronidase), RYSTIGGO (rozanolixizumab)

RYSTIGGO (rozanolixiz Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
COVERCU OSCS.	plan design
	Vyvgart
	 Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine
	receptor (AChR) antibody positive
	Rystiggo
	 Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are AChR or anti- muscle-specific tyrosine kinase (MuSK) antibody positive
	Vyvgart Hytrulo
	 Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive
	 Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP)
Required Medical	Myasthenia Gravis
Information:	Diagnosis of generalized Myasthenia Gravis (gMG) confirmed by one of the following: A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test A positive edrophonium chloride test
	 Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV Positive serologic test for AChR or MuSK antibodies (for Rystiggo)
	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater
	CIDP (Vyvgart Hytrulo only)
	 Documented baseline in strength/weakness using an objective clinical measuring tool (INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6 Minute Walk Test, Rankin, Modified Rankin)
	 Documented disease course is progressive or relapsing and remitting for 2 months or longer
	Abnormal or absent deep tendon reflexes in upper or lower limbs
	Electrodiagnostic evidence of demyelination indicated by one of the following:
	 Motor distal latency prolongation in 2 nerves
	Reduction of motor conduction velocity in 2 nerves
	 Prolongation of F-wave latency in 2 nerves Absence of F-waves in at least 1 nerve
	 Absence of F-waves in at least 1 nerve Partial motor conduction block of at least 1 motor nerve
	Abnormal temporal dispersion in at least 2 nerves
	 Distal CMAP duration increase in at least 1 nerve
	 Cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) analysis indicates all of the following (if electrophysiologic findings are non-diagnostic):
	 CSF white cell count of less than 10 cells/mm³
	 CSF protein is elevated (greater than or equal to 45mg/dL)
Appropriate Treatment	 Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be
	continued during initial treatment with Vyvgart, Vyvgart Hytrulo, or Rystiggo



Regimen & Other	Documentation of one of the following:
Criteria:	 Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2
	immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate)
	Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma
	exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one
	immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months
	Coverage for Rystiggo is provided when one of the following is met:
	 Currently receiving treatment with Rystiggo, excluding when the product is
	obtained as samples or via manufacturer's patient assistance programs o Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Vyvgart for AChR
	antibody positive MG
	 Documented treatment failure to rituximab for MuSK antibody positive MG
	(preferred products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience)
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization requires:
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy defined as:
	A minimum 2-point reduction in MG-ADL score from baseline or improvement in
	QMG total score
	 Absent or reduced need for rescue therapy compared to baseline That the patient requires continuous treatment, after an initial beneficial response, due to
	new or worsening disease activity
	♦ Note: a minimum of 50 days for Vyvgart/ Vyvgart Hytrulo or 63 days for Rystiggo must have elapsed from the start of the previous treatment cycle
	CIDP (Vyvgart Hytrulo only)
	Documented trial and failure of at least 3 months of intravenous or subcutaneous immune globulin
	Reauthorization:
	Documentation of a clinical response to therapy based on an objective clinical measuring tool
	(e.g., INCAT, Medical Research Council (MRC) muscle strength, 6-Minute walk test, Rankin, Modified Rankin)
Exclusion Criteria:	Immunoglobulin G (IgG) levels less than 600 mg/dL at baseline
Ana Dantelot	Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for treatment of gMG
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NILOTINIB

Affected Medications: TASIGNA (nilotinib)

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, and prescribed treatment regimen Documentation of Philadelphia chromosome or BCR::ABL1-positive mutation status
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	For patients with Chronic Myeloid Leukemia (CML) and low-risk score, documented clinical failure with Imatinib Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success (as applicable, BCR-ABL1 transcript levels, cytogenetic response)
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NIROGACESTAT

Affected Medications: OGSIVEO (nirogacestat)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Progressive desmoid tumor(s) requiring systemic therapy
	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
information.	 Diagnosis of biopsy proven desmoid tumor/aggressive fibromatosis (DT/AF) with documentation of tumor progression. (Tumor growth causing chronic pain, disfigurement, internal bleeding, and/or impaired range of motion)
Appropriate	Documentation of clinical failure with sorafenib
Treatment	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



NON-PREFERRED MEDICAL DRUG CODES

Affected Medications: BORTEZOMIB, PEMETREXED

Required Medical Information: Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 plan design For oncology incomit with evidence le Approval of a not intolerable adve 	ug Administration (FDA) approved dications: National Comprehensivel of 2A or higher on-preferred medical drug listed by the event to all the preferred alterwerse event attributed to the active or see event attributed attributed to the active or see event attributed attributed to the active or see event attributed attribute	e Cancer Network (NCCN) indi	cations
Ontonia.	Drug Bortezomib	Non-Preferred code (Manufacturer) J9046 (Dr. Reddy's), J9054 (Shilpa)	Preferred Alternatives J9041, J9048, J9049	
	Pemetrexed	J9304 (Apotex), J9292 (Avyxa)	J9294, J9296, J9297, J9305, J9314, J9324	
	Reauthorization red	quires documentation of disease	responsiveness to therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:				
Age Restriction:				
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:				
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12	2 months, unless otherwise specif	fied	



NON-PREFERRED SODIUM-GLUCOSE CO-TRANSPORTERS (SGLT2)

Affected Medications: JARDIANCE (empagliflozin), Dapagliflozin, INVOKANA (canagliflozin), INVOKAMET (canagliflozin/metformin), INVOKAMET XR (canagliflozin/metformin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus Light failure reporting of significant fraction (deposition in landings)
	 Heart failure regardless of ejection fraction (dapagliflozin, Jardiance) Chronic kidney disease at risk of progression (dapagliflozin, Jardiance)
	Chronic kidney disease at risk of progression (dapagliflozin, Jardiance)
Required Medical	Documentation of diagnosis of one of the following:
Information:	o Type 2 Diabetes
	Heart failure (dapagliflozin, Jardiance)
Annuantiata Traatmant	Chronic kidney disease (dapagliflozin, Jardiance) Indianae
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	Jardiance Type 2 Diabetes AND:
Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with Steglatro
Ontena.	OR
	Documentation of one of the following in addition to Type 2 diabetes: Documentation of one of the following in addition to Type 2 diabetes:
	Established atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD)
	o Heart failure
	Established chronic kidney disease
	 Age of 10 years to under 18 years
	Heart Failure (adjunctive agent):
	Documentation of diagnosis of heart failure
	Chronic Kidney Disease (adjunctive agent):
	Documentation of chronic kidney disease at risk of progression
	eGFR between 25 and 60 mL/min/1.73 m ²
	AND
	 albuminuria (urine albumin creatinine ratio greater than 300mg/g)
	<u>Dapagliflozin</u>
	Type 2 Diabetes AND:
	Documented treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with Steglatro
	OR
	Documentation of one of the following in addition to Type 2 diabetes: Documentation of one of the following in addition to Type 2 diabetes:
	Established atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD)
	o Multiple risk factors for cardiovascular disease (ex. Dyslipidemia, hypertension,
	family history of CVD, etc.)
	o Heart failure
	 Established chronic kidney disease
	o Age of 10 years to under 18 years



	Heart Failure (adjunctive agent):
	Documentation of diagnosis of heart failure
	Chronic Kidney Disease (adjunctive agent):
	Documentation of chronic kidney disease at risk of progression:
	o eGFR between 25 and 60 mL/min/1.73m ²
	AND
	 albuminuria (urine albumin creatinine ratio greater than 300 mg/g)
	Invokana/Invokamet
	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Documented treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with Steglatro Documented diagnosis of established cardiovascular disease (coronary artery disease, history of stroke, or peripheral artery disease)
	 Documented diagnosis of diabetic nephropathy and albuminuria greater than 300mg/day
	 Age of 10 years to under 18 years
	Reauthorization:
	Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of more than one SGLT2
	Weight Loss
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 36 months, unless otherwise specified



NIEMANN-PICK DISEASE TYPE C (NPC) AGENTS
Affected Medications: Miplyffa (arimoclomol citrate), Aqneursa (levacetylleucine)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Nigmann Rick disease type C (NRC)	
Required Medical Information:	 Niemann-Pick disease type C (NPC) Diagnosis of NPC confirmed by genetic testing showing biallelic pathogenic variants in either the NPC1 gene or NPC2 gene Documentation of at least one neurological symptom of Niemann-Pick disease type C, such as: Loss of motor function 	
	 Problems with swallowing or speech Cognitive impairment Documentation of being ambulatory without needing an assistive device such as a wheelchair, walker, or cane Documentation of baseline signs and symptoms of NPC 	
Appropriate	For Miplyffa:	
Treatment	Documentation that patient has been receiving miglustat with a stable dose for at least	
Regimen & Other	the past 6 consecutive months	
Criteria:	Documentation that Miplyffa will be taken in combination with miglustat	
	 Reauthorization requires: Documentation of treatment success defined as stability or improvement of Niemann-Pick disease type C signs and symptoms Documentation that patient is still ambulatory For Miplyffa: that the drug continues to be used in combination with miglustat 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Use of Miplyffa and Aqneursa in combination	
Age Restriction:	 Miplyffa: 2 years of age and older Aqneursa: Adults and pediatric patients weighing 15 kilograms or greater 	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the management of NPC (such as a	
Care Restrictions:	geneticist, endocrinologist, metabolic disorder subspecialist, or neurologist)	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: NULIBRY

Affected Medications: NULIBRY (fosdenopterin)

Affected Medications:	NULIBRY (fosdenopterin)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	o To reduce the risk of mortality in patients with molybdenum cofactor deficiency
	(MoCD) Type A
Required Medical	Documentation of presumptive or genetically confirmed molybdenum cofactor deficiency
Information:	(MoCD) Type A diagnosis
	Presumptive diagnosis of Molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type A
	Documentation of family history meeting ONE of the following:
	 Affected sibling(s) with confirmed MoCD Type A; or a history of deceased sibling(s)
	with classic MoCD presentation
	 One or both parents are known to carry a copy of the mutated gene [Molybdenum
	Cofactor Synthesis 1 (MOCS1)]
	 Child has consanguineous parents with a family history of MoCD
	Onset of clinical and/or laboratory signs and symptoms consistent with MoCD Type A,
	such as:
	 Clinical presentation: intractable seizures, exaggerated startle response, high-
	pitched cry, axial hypotonia, limb hypertonia, feeding difficulties
	 Biochemical findings: elevated urinary sulfite and/or S-sulfocysteine (SSC),
	elevated xanthine in urine or blood, or low/absent uric acid in the urine or blood
	Genetic testing to confirm diagnosis of MoCD Type A is scheduled or in progress
	Confirmed diagnosis of MoCD Type A:
	Diagnosis of MoCD Type A confirmed by genetic testing showing the presence of mutation
	in molybdenum cofactor synthesis gene 1 (MOSC1)
Appropriate	Reauthorization:
Treatment	Documentation of clinically significant response to therapy as determined by prescribing
Regimen & Other	physician
Criteria:	Documentation of genetically confirmed MoCD Type A (MOCS1 mutation) if initially
	approved for presumptive diagnosis
Fredrice Oritoria	MALL Law and Control Colors (MACOD) To a D (MOCOD) and (affect)
Exclusion Criteria:	Molybdenum cofactor deficiency (MoCD) Type B (MOCS2 mutation) MoCD Type C (gently ripe or CDUN mytation)
Ago Postriotion	MoCD Type C (gephyrin or GPHN mutation)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, one of the following: neonatologist, pediatrician,
Restrictions:	pediatric neurologist, neonatal neurologist, or geneticist.
Coverage Duration:	Presumptive diagnosis:
	Approval: 1 month, unless otherwise specified. Must have confirmed diagnosis for
	continued approval
	Confirmed diagnosis:
	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: NUSINERSEN

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) Required Medical Information: Diagnosis of SMA type 1, 2, or 3 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2 demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or more copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene
 Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA) Diagnosis of SMA type 1, 2, or 3 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2 demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or more copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene
Required Medical Information: Diagnosis of SMA type 1, 2, or 3 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2 demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or more copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene
Information: demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or more copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene
 Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or more copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene
 Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or more copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene
 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or more copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene
Documentation of 2 or more copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene
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Documentation of previous treatment history
Documentation of one of the following baseline motor assessments appropriate for patient
age and motor function:
 Hammersmith Infant Neurological Examination (HINE-2)
 Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFSME)
o Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neuromuscular Disorders (CHOP-
INTEND)
 Upper Limb Module (ULM) test
o 6-Minute Walk Test (6MWT)
Documentation of ventilator use status
 Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16 hours
per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days)
 This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance Planned treatment regimen
Training treatment regimen
Appropriate • Documented treatment failure with or intolerable adverse event on Evrysdi
Treatment Regimen & Other Reauthorization: documentation of improvement in baseline motor assessment score,
alinically magningful atabilization, or delayed progression of SMA appropriated signs and
Criteria: symptoms
Exclusion Criteria: • SMA type 4
 Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation support)
Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi)
Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., onasemnogene abeparvovec-
xioi, risdiplam, etc.)
Age Restriction:
Prescriber • Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider who is experienced in
Restrictions: treatment of spinal muscular atrophy
Coverage Duration: • Initial approval: 8 months, unless otherwise specified
Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OCRELIZUMAB

Affected Medications: OCREVUS (ocrelizumab), OCREVUS ZUNOVO (ocrelizumab hyaluronidase)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not atherwise evaluded by plan
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
	design
	o Primary progressive multiple sclerosis (PPMS)
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following:
	 Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	 Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	 Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Required	RRMS
Medical	Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic
Information:	criteria for MS Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent
	with MS
	<u>CIS</u>
	Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and
	corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that
	are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or
	juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
	PPMS PPMS
	Documented diagnosis of PPMS, with at least of one year of disease progression
	(retrospectively or prospectively determined), independent of clinical relapse, AND two of the
	following:
	One or more T2- hyperintense lesions characteristic of MS in one or more of the
	periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, or infratentorial areas brain regions Two or more T2- hyperintense lesions in the spinal cord
	 I wo or more 12- hyperintense lesions in the spinal cord Presence of CSF-specific oligoclonal bands
	 Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
	bootimentation of Expanded bloability states coale (EBSS) socie of 6.5 to 6.5
	Active SPMS
	 Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic
	function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
	Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity
	(i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)
	Documentation of EDSS score of 3.0 to 6.5
Appropriate	
	 Relapsing Forms of MS: Coverage of Ocrevus (ocrelizumab) or Ocrevus Zunovo (ocrelizumab hyaluronidase) requires documentation of one of the following:
Treatment	 Documentation of inadequate disease response or intolerance to rituximab (preferred
Regimen &	products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience)
Other Criteria:	
	(ocrelizumab hyaluronidase), excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient
	assistance program
	No concurrent use of other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success



Exclusion Criteria:	Active hepatitis B virus infection
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



OFEV

Affected Medications: OFEV CAPSULE 100 MG ORAL, OFEV CAPSULE 150 MG ORAL

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF) Chronic fibrosing interstitial lung disease (ILD) with a progressive phenotype Systemic sclerosis-associated interstitial lung disease (SSc-ILD)
Required Medical Information:	Documented diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF): Documented diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF) confirmed by ONE of the following: Usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) pattern demonstrated on high-resolution computed tomography (HRCT) UIP pattern demonstrated on surgical lung biopsy Probable UIP pattern demonstrated on both HRCT and surgical lung biopsy Documentation confirming known causes of interstitial lung disease have been ruled out (e.g., rheumatic disease, environmental exposure, drug toxicity) Documentation of both of the following: Baseline forced vital capacity (FVC) greater than or equal to 50% predicted Baseline diffusing capacity for carbon monoxide (DLCO) greater than or equal to 30 % predicted Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease (SSc-ILD) Documented diagnosis of SSc-ILD Documentation of greater than or equal to 10% fibrosis on a chest high resolution computed tomography (HRCT) scan conducted within the previous 12 months. Documentation of baseline FVC greater than or equal to 40% of predicted Documentation of predicted DLCO 30-89% of predicted Chronic Fibrosing Interstitial Lung Disease (ILD) with a Progressive Phenotype Documented diagnosis of chronic fibrosing ILD with a progressive phenotype (aka progressive pulmonary fibrosis), confirmed by at least two of the following: Worsening respiratory symptoms Worsening respiratory symptoms Physiological evidence of disease progression (defined as DLCO reduced by 10% or greater OR FVC reduced by 5% or greater) Radiological evidence of disease progression (e.g., increased traction bronchiectasis, new ground-glass opacity or fine reticulation, new/increased
	 honeycombing) Documentation of relevant fibrosis (greater than 10% fibrotic features) on chest HRCT scan Baseline FVC greater than or equal to 45% of predicted Baseline DLCO 30% to less than 80% of predicted
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerance to pirfenidone SSc-ILD:



	Documented treatment failure with one of the following: mycophenolate (MMF) or cyclophosphamide Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	 Documentation of airway obstruction (i.e., pre-bronchodilator FEV/FVC less than 0.7) Combined use with pirfenidone (Esbriet)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist or rheumatologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OLEZARSEN

Affected Medications: TRYNGOLZA (olezarsen sodium)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 Reduce triglycerides as an adjunct to diet in adults with familial chylomicronemia syndrome (FCS) 	
Required Medical	Diagnosis of FCS (type 1 hyperlipoproteinemia) confirmed by genetic testing showing a	
Information:	pathogenic gene mutation in LPL, APOC2, APOA5, GPIHBP1 or LMF1 genes	
	Fasting triglyceride level of at least 880 mg/dL	
	Will be used as an adjunct to diet	
Appropriate	Documentation of following a low-fat diet with less than 20 grams of fat per day	
Treatment		
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in	
Criteria:	triglycerides since starting therapy	
Exclusion Criteria:	History of acute coronary syndrome	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or endocrinologist	
Care Restrictions:		
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: OLIPUDASE ALFA

Affected Medications: XENPOZYME

Affected Medications:	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of non-central nervous system manifestations of acid sphingomyelinase
	deficiency (ASMD) in adult and pediatric patients
Required Medical	Documentation of acid sphingomyelinase deficiency as evidenced by one of the following:
Information:	 Enzyme assay showing diminished (less than 10% of controls) or absent acid
	sphingomyelinase (ASM) activity
	 Gene sequencing showing biallelic pathogenic sphingomyelin phosphodiesterase-1 (SMPD1) mutation
	Documentation of clinical presentation outside the central nervous system (e.g.,
	hepatosplenomegaly, interstitial lung disease, liver fibrosis, growth restriction of childhood)
	Documentation of current body mass index (BMI), weight, and height
	For adults aged 18 years and older, documentation of both of the following:
	 Diffusion capacity of lungs (DLCO) is less than or equal to 70% of the predicted
	normal value
	 Spleen volume greater than or equal to 6 multiples of normal (MN) measured by
	magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)
	For pediatrics aged 18 years and younger, documentation of both of the following:
	 Spleen volume greater than or equal to 5 MN measured by MRI
	 Height Z-score -1 or lower
Appropriate	Dosing: Dosed every two weeks based on FDA label
Treatment	Body mass index (BMI) less than or equal 30, the dosage is based on actual body weight (kg) BMI of greater than 30 is dosed based on adjusted body weight
Regimen & Other	Adjusted body weight= (actual height in m²) x 30
Criteria:	Transfer and the second
	Availability: 20 mg single-dose vials
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	Reauthorization : Documentation of improvement in patient specific disease presentation such
	as:
	Improvement in PFT or DLCO Improvement in spleon and/or liver values or function
	 Improvement in spleen and/or liver volume or function Improvement/Stability in platelet counts
Evaluation Oritaria	Improvement in linear growth progression (pediatric)
Exclusion Criteria:	Exclusive central nervous system manifestations
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist
เงชอนานเบทอ.	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OMALIZUMAB

Affected Medications: XOLAIR (omalizumab)

Covered U	ses:
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- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 - Treatment of moderate to severe allergic asthma in adults and pediatric patients 6 years of age and older
 - Add-on maintenance treatment of chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps (CRSwNP) in adult patients
 - Treatment of symptomatic chronic spontaneous urticaria (CSU) up to a maximum age of 20 years
 - Reduction of allergic reactions (Type I), including anaphylaxis, that may occur with accidental exposure to one or more foods in adults and pediatric patients aged 1 year and older with IgE-mediated food allergy

Required Medical Information:

Allergic Asthma

- Documentation of moderate to severe allergic asthma defined by all the following:
 - A positive skin test or in vitro reactivity to a perennial aeroallergen (e.g., house dust mite, animal dander [dog, cat], cockroach, feathers, mold spores)
 - o A serum total IgE level at baseline of
 - At least 30 IU/mL and less than 700 IU/mL in patients aged 12 years or older OR
 - At least 30 IU/mL and less than 1,300 IU/mL in patients aged 6 to 11 vears
 - FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal

CRSwNP

- Documentation of both the following:
 - Diagnosis of chronic rhinosinusitis and has undergone prior bilateral total ethmoidectomy
 - Indicated for revision sinus endoscopic sinus surgery due to recurrent symptoms of nasal polyps (such as nasal obstruction/congestion, bilateral sinus obstruction)

<u>CSU</u>

- Documentation of active CSU where the underlying cause is not considered to be any other allergic condition or other form of urticaria
- Documentation of presence of recurrent urticaria, angioedema, or both, for a period of six weeks or longer
- Documented avoidance of triggers (such as nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs [NSAIDs])
- Documented severe disease (despite treatment) based on score from an objective clinical evaluation tool, such as:
 - Urticaria Activity Score (UAS7) (Score of 28 or higher)
 - Urticaria Control Test (UCT)) (Score under 12)
 - Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) (Score of 21 or higher)
 - Chronic Urticaria Quality of Life Questionnaire (CU-QoL) (Score of 75 or higher)
- Documentation of pruritus severe enough to interfere with the ability to grow, develop and participate in school despite treatment with at least 80% adherence



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	IgE-Mediated Food Allergy
	 Serum total IgE level between 30 and 1850 IU/mL Body weight between 10 and 150 kg
	 Diagnosis of IgE-mediated food anaphylactic allergy to three or more foods with documented
	positive skin prick test and positive serum IgE
	Documentation of past IgE-mediated food anaphylactic reactions requiring use of epinephrine
	despite avoidance of food allergen and modifications to diet
	Documentation that avoidance of food allergen alone is not feasible based on the number of
	allergens, malnutrition due to nutritional restrictions, and impaired quality of life causing food
	allergy-related anxiety
Appropriate	Allergic Asthma
Treatment	Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta agonist
Regimen & Other	(LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
Criteria:	AND
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Documentation of one of the following:
	A documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic
	corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaled treatment
	with at least 80% adherence.
	Documentation that chronic daily oral corticosteroids are required
	<u>CRSwNP</u>
	Documented treatment failure with at least 1 intranasal corticosteroid (such as fluticasone)
	after ethmoidectomy
	Documented treatment failure with Sinuva implant
	<u>CSU</u>
	Documented treatment failure with up to 4-fold standard dosing (must be scheduled) of one of
	the following second generation H1- antihistamine products for at least one month: cetirizine, fexofenadine, loratadine, desloratadine, or levocetirizine
	Documented treatment failure with scheduled dosing of ALL the following for at least one
	month each:
	Add-on therapy with a leukotriene antagonist (montelukast or zafirlukast)
	Add-on therapy with a H2-antagonist (famotidine or cimetidine)
	Add-on therapy with a corticosteroid
	IgE-Mediated Food Allergy
	Trial and failure of oral immunotherapy (OIT)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy
Exclusion	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Fasenra, Nucala, Tezspire,
Criteria:	Dupixent, Cinqair)
	Treatment of CSU in patients 21 years of age and older
Age Restriction:	Allergic Asthma: 6 years of age and older
	<u>CRSwNP</u> : 18 years of age and older



	 <u>CSU</u>: up to 20 years of age <u>IgE-Mediated Food Allergy</u>: 1 year of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Allergic Asthma: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist CRSwNP: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an otolaryngologist CSU/IgE-Mediated Food Allergy: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist or immunologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OMAVELOXOLONE

Affected Medications: SKYCLARYS (omaveloxolone)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Friedreich's ataxia in adults and adolescents aged 16 years and older
Required Medical	Genetically confirmed diagnosis of Friedreich's Ataxia
Information:	 Documentation of baseline modified Friedreich's Ataxia Rating Scale (mFARS) score under 81
	Documentation that the patient is still ambulatory or retains enough activity to assist in activities with daily living
Appropriate	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success such as a reduction in the
Treatment	rate of decline as determined by prescriber
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	Must be 16 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OMIDUBICEL

Affected Medications: Omisirge

Covered Uses:	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
	Documented diagnosis of a hematologic malignancy
	 Clinically stable and eligible for umbilical cord blood transplantation (UCBT) following myeloablative conditioning
Appropriate	Must NOT have a matched related donor (MRD), matched unrelated donor (MUD),
Treatment	mismatched unrelated donor (MMUD), or haploidentical donor readily available
Regimen & Other	Documentation that NONE of the following are present:
Criteria:	Other active malignancy
	Active or uncontrolled infection
	 Active central nervous system (CNS) disease
	Reauthorization: None- Omisirge will be used as a one-time treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
	HLA (Human leukocyte antigen)-matched donor able to donate
	Prior allo- HSCT (Hematopoietic stem cell transplantation)
	Pregnancy or lactation
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 2 months for 1 time administration, unless otherwise specified



ONASEMNOGENE ABEPARVOVEC XIOI

Affected Medications: ZOLGENSMA (onasemnogene abeparvovec xioi)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by benefit design Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of SMA type 1 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2 demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 2 or fewer copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene Documentation of previous treatment history Documentation of ventilator use status: Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16 hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days) This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance Documentation of anti-adeno-associated virus (AAV) serotype 9 antibody titer less than or equal 1:50 Patient weight and planned treatment regimen
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi) Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., nusinersen, risdiplam, etc.) Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation support)
Age Restriction:	Children less than 2 years old
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric neurologist or provider who is experienced in treatment of spinal muscular atrophy
Coverage Duration:	Approved for one dose only per lifetime



ONCOLOGY AGENTS

Affected Medications: ABRAXANE (paclitaxel), ABECMA (idecabtagene vicleucel), ABIRATERONE, ADCETRIS (brentuximab vedotin), ADSTILADRIN (nadofaragene firadenovec-vncg), AKEEGA (niraparib + abiraterone), ALECENSA, ALKERAN, ALIQOPA (copanlisib), ALUNBRIG (brigatinib), ANKTIVA (nogapendekin alfa), ASPARLAS (asparaginase), ARZERRA (ofatumumab), AUCATZYL (obecabtagene autoleucel), AUGTYRO (repotrectinib), AYVAKIT (avapritinib), AZEDRA (iobenguane I-131), BAVENCIO (avelumab), BALVERSA (erdafitinib), BELEODAQ (belinostat), BELRAPZO (bendamustine), BENDEKA (bendamustine), BESPONSA (inotuzumab ozogamicin), BIZENGRI (zenocutuzumab-zbco), BLENREP (belantamab mafodotin-blmf), BLINCYTO (blinatumomab), BOSULIF (bosutinib), BRAFTOVI (encorafenib), BREYANZI (lisocabtagene maraleucel), BRUKINSA (zanubrutinib), CABOMETYX (cabozantinib), CALQUENCE (calabrutinib), CAPRELSA, CARVYKTI (ciltacabtagene autoleucel), COLUMVI (glofitamab-gxbm), COMETRIQ (cabozantinib), COPIKTRA (duvelisib), COSELA (trilaciclib), COTELLIC, CYRAMZA (ramucirumab), DACOGEN (decitabine), DANZITEN (nilotinib), DARZALEX, DARZALEX FASPRO (daratumumab-hyaluronidase), DAURISMO (glasdegib), ELAHERE, ELREXFIO (elranatamab), EMPLICITI, ENHERTU (fam-trastuzumab deruxtecan), EPKINLY (epcoritamab), ERBITUX (cetuximab), ERIVEDGE, ERLEADA (apalutamide), ERLOTINIB, ERWINAZE, EVOMELA, FOTIVDA (tivozanib), FRUZAQLA (fruquintinib), GAVRETO (pralsetinib), GAZYVA, GEFITINIB, GILOTRIF, HEPZATO (melphalan), HYCAMTIN, IBRANCE (palbociclib), ICLUSIG, IDHIFA (enasidenib), IMATINIB, IMBRUVICA (ibrutinib), IMDELLTRA (tarlatamab), IMFINZI (durvalumab), IMJUDO (tremelimumab), IMLYGIC (talimogene laherparepvec), INLYTA, INQOVI (decitabine and cedazuridine), INREBIC, ISTODAX (romidepsin), ITOVEBI (inavolisib), IXEMPRA (ixabepilone), JAKAFI (ruxolitinib), JAYPIRCA (pirtobrutinib), JELMYTO (mitomycin pyelocaliceal), JEMPERLI (dostarlimab), JEVTANA (cabazitaxel), Kadcyla (Ado-trastuzumab), KEYTRUDA (pembrolizumab), KIMMTRAK, KISQALI (ribociclib), KISQALI & FEMARA CO-PACK, KRAZATI (adagrasib), KYMRIAH (tisagenlecleucel), KYPROLIS (carfilzomib), LARTRUVO, lenalidomide, LENVIMA (lenvatinib mesylate), LIBTAYO (cemiplimab-rwlc), LIPOSOMAL DOXORUBICIN, LONSURF, LOQTORZI (toripalimab-tpzi), LORBRENA, LUMAKRAS (sotorasib), LUMOXITI, LUNSUMIO (mosunetuzumab), LUTATHERA, LYNPARZA, LYTGOBI (futibatinib), MARGENZA (margetuximab-cmkb), MARQIBO (liposomal vincristine), MATULANE (procarbazine hydrochloride), MEKINIST (trametinib), MEKTOVI (binmetinib), MONJUVI (tafisitamab-cxix), MYLOTARG, NERLYNX (neratinib), SORAFENIB TOSYLATE, NILANDRON, NINLARO (ixazomid), NUBEQA, ODOMZO, OJEMDA (tovorafenib), OJJAARA (momelotinib), ONCASPAR, ONIVYDE (irinotecan), ONUREG (azacitidine), OPDIVO (nivolimumab), OPDIVO QVANTIG (Nivolumab/ hyaluronidase), OPDUALAG (nivolimumab/relatlimab), ORSERDU (elacestrant), PADCEV (enfortumab vedotin), PAZOPANIB, PEMAZYRE (pemigatinib), PEPAXTO (melphalan flufenamide), PERJETA (pertuzumab), PHOTOFRIN (porfimer), PIQRAY (alpelisib), PLUVICTO (lutetium), POLIVY (polatuzumab vedotin-piiq), POMALYST, PORTRAZZA (necitumumab), POTELIGEO, PROLEUKIN (aldesleukin), PROVENGE (sipuleucel-t), QINLOCK (ripretinib), RETEVMO (selpercatinib), REVUFORJ (revumenib), REZLIDHIA (olutasidenib), REZUROCK (belumosudil), ROZLYTREK, RUBRACA, RYBREVANT (amivantamab), RYDAPT, RYLAZE (asparaginase erwinia chrysanthemi), RYTELO (imetelstat), SARCLISA (isatuximab), STIVARGA (regorafenib), sunitinib, SYNRIBO (omacetaxine), TABRECTA (capmatinib), TAFINLAR (dabrafenib), TAGRISSO, TALVEY (talguetamab-tgvs), TALZENNA (talazopairb), TAZVERIK (tazemetostat), TECARTUS (brexucabtagene autoleucel), TECELRA (afamitresgene), TECENTRIQ (atezolizumab), TECENTRIQ HYBREZA (atezolizumab and hyaluronidase), TECVAYLI, TEPADINA (thiotepa), TEPMETKO (tepotinib), TEVIMBRA (tislelizumab-jsgr), TIBSOVO (ivosidenib), TIVDAK (tisotumab), TORISEL (temsirolimus), TREANDA (bendamustine), TRODELVY (sacituzumab govitecan), TRUQAP (capivasertib), TURALIO (pexidartinib oral capsules), TYKERB, VANFLYTA (quizartinib), VECTIBIX, VENCLEXTA (venetoclax), VERZENIO (abemaciclib), VIDAZA (Azacitidine), VIVIMUSTA (bendamustine), VIZIMPRO (dacotiminib), VONJO (pacritinib), VORANIGO (Vorasidenib), VYXEOS (Daunorubicin and Cytarabine (Liposomal)), XALKORI (crizotinib), XALKORI (crizotinib) pellets, XELODA, XOFIGO (Radium 223), XOSPATA (gilteritinib), XPOVIO (selinexor), XTANDI (enzalutamide), YERVOY (ipilimumab), YESCARTA (axicabtagene ciloleucel), YONDELIS (trabectedin), ZALTRAP (ziv-aflibercept), ZEJULA (niraparib), ZELBORAF, ZEPZELCA (lurbinectedin), ZOLINZA, ZYDELIG, ZYKADIA, ZYNLONTA (loncastuximab tesirine), ZYNYZ (retifanlimab-dlwr) injection

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of
	2A or higher.



Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, all prior therapies used, disease staging, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of use with National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) 2A or higher level of evidence regimen Patient weight
Appropriate Treatment	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OPICAPONE

Affected Medications: ONGENTYS (Opicapone)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Adjunctive treatment to levodopa/carbidopa in patients with Parkinson's Disease (PD) experiencing "off" episodes
Required Medical	Diagnosis of PD
Information:	Documentation of acute, intermittent hypomobility, "off" episodes occurring for at least 2 hours per day while awake despite an optimized oral PD treatment regimen
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure of the following:
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use as monotherapy or first line agent Concomitant use of non-selective monoamine oxidase (MAO) inhibitors Pheochromocytoma, paraganglioma, or other catecholamine secreting neoplasms
Age Restriction:	1 Hooding Hoopiasing, paraganghoma, or outer categoricalining coording hoopiasing
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



OPIOID NAÏVE 7 DAY LIMIT
Affected Medications: OPIOIDS

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of previous and current opioid treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that first opioid prescription in current treatment course will not exceed 7 days Exceptions require all of the following: Documentation that a 7 day supply would be inadequate for treatment Follow-up for evaluation within 7 days is not possible
Exclusion Criteria:	 Non-naïve patients (has had a prescription for opioid within the last 180 days) Pain related to current active cancer Chronic pain related to sickle cell disease Pain related to hospice care
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Based on exceptional circumstance, not to exceed 1 month



OPIOID QUANTITY ABOVE 90 MORPHINE MILLIGRAM EQUIVALENTS (MME)

Affected Medications: OPIOIDS

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	 Short term use of opioids with an MME per day greater than 90 MME requires one of the following: Recent surgery Acute injury Chronic use of opioids with a Morphine Milligram Equivalents (MME) per day greater than 90 MME requires: A comprehensive individual treatment plan including attestation of a pain management agreement between the prescriber and patient Continued assessment and documentation of risk of abuse Documentation that previous tapers have been attempted or documentation of a taper plan or rationale for avoidance of taper initiation
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Pain related to current active cancer Chronic pain related to sickle cell disease Pain related to hospice care Surgery or documented acute injury – 1 month approval
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OPZELURA

Affected Medications: OPZELURA 1.5% CREAM

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	Severe Atopic Dermatitis
	Previous 8-week treatment course
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	Nonsegmental Vitiligo
	Previous 24-week treatment course
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist
Restrictions.	
Coverage	Severe Atopic Dermatitis
Duration:	Authorization: 8 weeks (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified
	Nonsogmental Vitiliae
	Nonsegmental Vitiligo
	Initial Authorization: 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 16 weeks, unless otherwise specified
	o Lifetime Limit: 24 weeks



ORAL-INTRANASAL FENTANYL

Affected Medications: FENTANYL CITRATE LOZENGE ON A HANDLE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Management of breakthrough pain in cancer patients who are already receiving and who are tolerant to around-the-clock opioid therapy for their underlying persistent cancer pain
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of ALL the following: This drug is being prescribed for breakthrough cancer-related pain The patient is currently receiving, and will continue to receive, around-the-clock opioid therapy for underlying persistent cancer pain The patient is opioid tolerant, defined as taking one of the following for one week or longer:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of ONE of the following:
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or specialist in the treatment of cancer- related pain
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ORENITRAM

Affected Medications: ORENITRAM (treprostinil oral)

Г	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
	design
	o Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
Medical	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criteria: Many pulses and a state of the set 20 may 1/m. Many pulses are state of the set 20 may 1/m. Many pulses
Information:	Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg AND Pulmonary vacabillary register as of at least 2.0 Was divisite.
	Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	Etiology of PAH: idiopathic, heritable, or associated with connective tissue disease
	PAH secondary to one of the following conditions:
	Connective tissue disease
	Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection
	o Cirrhosis
	Anorexigens
	Congenital left to right shunts
	Schistosomiasis
	Drugs and toxins
	o Portal hypertension
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class II or I in a superstance.
	higher symptoms
	Documentation of acute vasoreactivity testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium
	channel blocker) unless there are contraindications
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90), or
	Low cardiac index OR
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate	Documentation of failure with Remodulin
Treatment	The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal medical and/or surgical
Regimen &	treatment of the identified condition
Other Criteria:	Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin, Tyvaso,
	Orenatriam should not be used in combination)
	Treatment with oral calcium channel blocking agents has been tried and failed, or has been
	considered and ruled out
	Not recommended for PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension (e.g., left sided atrial)
	or ventricular disease, left sided valvular heart disease, etc) or disorders of the respiratory
	system (e.g., chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, interstitial lung disease, obstructive sleep
	apnea or other sleep disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, etc.)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the
	following:
	Improvement in walking distance
	Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in pulmonary function
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh Class C)



Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ORGOVYX

Affected Medications: ORGOVYX (relugolrix)

Covered Uses:	 National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Prostate Cancer Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with leuprolide or degarelix Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ORITAVANCIN

Affected Medications: KIMYRSA

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of adult patients with acute bacterial skin and skin structure infections caused or suspected to be caused by susceptible isolates of designated Grampositive microorganisms Staphylococcus aureus (including methicillin-susceptible and methicillin-resistant isolates) Streptococcus pyogenes Streptococcus agalactiae Streptococcus dysgalactiae Streptococcus anginosus group (includes S. anginosus, S. intermedius, and S. constellatus) Enterococcus faecalis (vancomycin-susceptible isolates only)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed or suspected diagnosis Documentation of treatment history and current treatment regimen Documentation of planned treatment duration as applicable
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 1200 mg (1 vial) intravenous (IV) infusion over 1 hour as a single dose Documented clinical failure with Orbactiv (oritavancin)
Exclusion Criteria:	Known hypersensitivity to oritavancin products
Age Restriction:	18 years or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 1 week, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OTESECONAZOLE

Affected Medications: VIVJOA (oteseconazole)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 To reduce the incidence of recurrent vulvovaginal candidiasis (RVVC) in females with a history of RVVC who are not of reproductive potential, alone or in combination with fluconazole
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of RVVC defined as three or more episodes of symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis infection within the past 12 months Documented presence of signs/symptoms of current acute vulvovaginal candidiasis with a
	positive potassium hydroxide (KOH) test
	 Documentation confirming that the patient is permanently infertile (e.g. due to tubal ligation, hysterectomy, salpingo-oophorectomy) or postmenopausal
Appropriate Treatment	 Documented disease recurrence following 10 to 14 days of induction therapy with a topical antifungal agent or oral fluconazole, followed by fluconazole 150 mg once per week for 6
Regimen & Other Criteria:	months
	Not to exceed one treatment course per year
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as a reduction in symptomatic vulvovaginal candidiasis episodes, and documentation supporting the need for additional treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	Women of reproductive potential or who are pregnant or breastfeeding
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OSILODROSTAT

Affected Medications: ISTURISA (osilodrostat)

Affected Medications: IST	ORISA (OSIIOGIOSTAI)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	o Cushing's disease
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of Cushing's disease
Information:	Documentation of at least two of the following:
	 Mean (at least two measurements) 24-hour urine free cortisol (mUFC) greater
	than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal (ULN) for the assay
	 Bedtime salivary cortisol (at least two measurements) greater than 145 ng/dL
	 Overnight dexamethasone suppression test (DST) with a serum cortisol greater than 1.8 mcg/dL
Appropriate	Documentation confirming pituitary surgery is not an option OR previous surgery has not
Treatment	been curative
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as mUFC normalization (i.e., less than or equal to the ULN)
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist, neurologist, or adrenal surgeon
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: OXERVATE

Affected Medications: OXERVATE (cenegermin-bkbj)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
Covered Uses.	7 iii 1 dad aha Brag 7 ianimbaratan (1 B71) approved inaleatione het ethermies exelucion by Plan
	design o Treatment of neurotrophic keratitis
Required Medical	 Documentation of decreased corneal sensitivity (≤ 4 cm using the Cochet-Bonnet [CB]
Information:	aesthesiometer) within the area of the recurrent/persistent epithelial defect (PED) or corneal
illioilliation.	ulcer AND outside of the area of the defect in at least one corneal quadrant
	Documentation of one of the following:
	Stage 2 neurotrophic keratitis, confirmed by presence of recurrent or persistent
	corneal epithelial defect
	 Stage 3 neurotrophic keratitis, confirmed by presence of corneal ulceration (with or
	without stromal melting and perforation)
Appropriate	Documentation of treatment failure (e.g., persistent epithelial defects or corneal ulceration)
Treatment	with preservative-free artificial tears/ointments and TWO of the following:
Regimen & Other	 Therapeutic contact lenses (TCLs) (e.g., corneal or scleral contact lenses, soft
Criteria:	bandage contact lenses)
	 Amniotic membrane transplantation
	 Tarsorrhaphy
	 Conjunctival flap surgery
	Dose may not exceed more than 1 vial per eye per day
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment response as shown by reduction in
	corneal staining with fluorescein
Exclusion	Active or suspected ocular or periocular infections
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 8 weeks, unless otherwise specified
	 Lifetime Limit: 16 weeks (per affected eye)



POLICY NAME: OXYBATES

Affected Medications: LUMRYZ (sodium oxybate extended release), sodium oxybate, XYWAV (oxybate salts)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of cataplexy or excessive daytime sleepiness (EDS) in patients with narcolepsy
Required Medical Information:	 All Indications Polysomnography and multiple sleep latency test results confirming diagnosis Other causes of sleepiness have been ruled out or treated (including but not limited to obstructive sleep apnea, insufficient sleep syndrome, shift work, the effects of substances or medications, or other sleep disorders) Narcolepsy with cataplexy
	 Diagnosis confirmed by polysomnography and multiple sleep latency test Documentation of cataplexy episodes defined as more than one episode of sudden loss of muscle tone with retained consciousness
	 Narcolepsy with EDS Diagnosis confirmed by polysomnography and multiple sleep latency test Current evaluation of symptoms and Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS) score of more than 10 despite treatment
Appropriate	Authorization for Xywav and Lumryz for current and new utilizers requires documented
Treatment	treatment failure with sodium oxybate
Regimen & Other	, in the second of the second
Criteria:	 Narcolepsy with cataplexy: Documented treatment failure (inadequately controlled cataplexy) despite treatment with each of the following for at least 1 month unless contraindicated: Venlafaxine, fluoxetine, and a tricyclic antidepressant OR Must meet criteria for EDS
	Narcolepsy with EDS: ■ Documented treatment failure with at least 3 of the following (1 in each category required) for at least 1 month, unless contraindicated: □ Modafinil or armodafinil □ Methylphenidate or dextroamphetamine or lisdexamfetamine □ Sunosi
	 Reauthorization: Narcolepsy with cataplexy: clinically significant reduction in cataplexy episodes Narcolepsy with EDS: clinically significant improvement in activities of daily living and in Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS) score
Exclusion Criteria:	Current use of alcohol, sedative/hypnotic drugs, or other central nervous system depressants



Age Restriction:	 Use for other untreated causes of sleepiness 7 years of age or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a sleep specialist or neurologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PALFORZIA

Affected Medications: PALFORZIA (peanut allergen powder)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Mitigation of allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis, that may occur with accidental exposure to peanut
Required Medical Information:	 Documented treatment plan, including dose and frequency Diagnosis of peanut allergy confirmed by one of the following: A positive skin prick test (SPT) response to peanut with a wheal diameter at least 3 mm larger than the control Serum peanut-specific IgE level greater than or equal to 0.35 kUA/L Documented history of an allergic reaction to peanut with all the following: Signs and symptoms of a significant systemic allergic reaction to peanut (e.g., hives, swelling, wheezing, hypotension, gastrointestinal symptoms) The reaction occurred within a short period of time following a known ingestion of peanut or peanut-containing food The reaction was severe enough to warrant a prescription for an epinephrine injection
Aumannista	Documentation indicating a significant impact on quality of life due to peanut allergies
Appropriate	 Dosing: Requests for initial dose escalation: must be between 1 and 17 years of age
Treatment Regimen & Other	Requests for up-dosing and maintenance phase: 1 year of age and older
Criteria:	Requests for up-dosting and maintenance phase. If year or age and older
Ginoria.	 Reauthorization requires documentation of completion of the appropriate initial dose escalation and up-dosing phases prior to moving on to the maintenance phase AND documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy, defined by one or more of the following: Improvement in quality of life Reduction in severe allergic reactions Reduction in physician office visits, ER visits, or hospitalizations due to peanut allergy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for the emergency treatment of allergic reactions, including anaphylaxis
	Uncontrolled asthma
	History of eosinophilic esophagitis (EoE) and other eosinophilic gastrointestinal disease
	 History of cardiovascular disease, including uncontrolled or inadequately controlled hypertension History of a mast cell disorder, including mastocytosis, urticarial pigmentosa, and
Ago Postriction	hereditary or idiopathic angioedema
Age Restriction:	• 1 year of age and older (see Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria for specific age-related dosing requirements)
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist or immunologist
Care Restrictions:	,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PALIPERIDONE PALMITATE INJECTABLES

Affected Medications: INVEGA SUSTENNA (Paliperidone Palmitate Extended-Release Injectable Suspension), INVEGA TRINZA (Paliperidone Palmitate Extended-Release Injectable Suspension), INVEGA HAFYERA (Paliperidone Palmitate Extended-Release Injectable Suspension); ERZOFRI (Paliperidone Palmitate Extended-Release Injectable Suspension)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Schizophrenia (Invega Sustenna, Invega Trinza, and Invega Hafyera, Erzofri)
	 Schizoaffective disorder (Invega Sustenna, Erzofri)
Required Medical	A documented history of non-compliance, refusal to utilize oral medications, or unable to be
Information:	stabilized on oral medications
Appropriate	Documented anticipated dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling
Treatment	Bootimented anticipated desing is in accordance with 1 BA labeling
Regimen & Other	Invega Sustenna
Criteria:	Documented history of receiving at least one of the following:
Officia.	 At least three test doses of oral risperidone
	 At least three test doses of oral paliperidone
	o Invega Sustenna
	Invega Trinza
	Adequate treatment has been established with Invega Sustenna for at least 4 months
	Documented anticipated dose and dosing schedule
	Invega Hafyera
	Adequate treatment has been established with Invega Sustenna for at least 4 months OR
	with Invega Trinza for at least one three-month injection cycle
	AND
	Documented anticipated dose and dosing schedule based on maintenance Invega
	Sustenna or Invega Trinza maintenance dose
	<u>Erzofri</u>
	A documented intolerable adverse event with Invega Sustenna, Invega Trinza or Invega
	Hafyera, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active
	ingredient
	Poputhorization will require decumentation of treatment augusts and a clinically significant
	<u>Reauthorization</u> will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of dementia-related psychosis
	Diagnosis of demontia foldiod psycholic
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a psychiatrist or a psychiatric practice
Restrictions:	



Coverage Duration:

Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PALIVIZUMAB

Affected Medications: SYNAGIS (palivizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of one of the following conditions:
	 1) Congenital heart disease (CHD): a) With cardiac transplantation, cardiac bypass, or extra-corporeal membrane oxygenation b) That is hemodynamically significant (e.g., acyanotic heart disease, congestive heart failure, or moderate to severe pulmonary hypertension)
	 2) Chronic lung disease (CLD) of prematurity: a) In the first year of life, born less than 32 weeks gestation and requiring greater than 21% oxygen for at least the first 28 days of life b) In the second year of life necessitating continued medical support within the 6-month period prior to RSV season (e.g., corticosteroids, diuretics, supplemental oxygen)
	 3) Cystic Fibrosis and: a) Clinical evidence of CLD and/or nutritional compromise b) Severe lung disease (e.g., previous hospitalization for pulmonary exacerbation in the first year of life or abnormalities on chest radiography or computed tomography that persist when stable) c) A weight for length less than the 10th percentile
	4) Congenital airway abnormality or neuromuscular condition (not cystic fibrosis) that impairs the ability to clear airway secretions
	5) Premature infants without above conditions
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Prevention of serious lower respiratory tract disease caused by respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) The first dose of Synagis should be administered prior to commencement of the RSV season Remaining doses should be administered monthly throughout the RSV season (Exception: dose administration should occur immediately post cardiopulmonary bypass surgery, even if dose is administered earlier than a month from previous dose, then dosing schedule should resume monthly) No more than 5 monthly doses During the RSV season, November 1 through March 31 Discontinue prophylaxis therapy if hospitalized for RSV
Exclusion Criteria:	 For use in the treatment of RSV disease Received Beyfortus during the current RSV season
Age Restriction:	Refer to numbered conditions above in "Required Medical Information": 1a. Less than 2 years of age 1b. Less than 2 years of age 2a. Less than 2 years of age; Gestational Age less than 32 weeks 2b. Less than 2 years of age; Gestational Age less than 32 weeks 3a. Less than 2 years of age



	 3b. Less than 2 years of age 3c. Less than 2 years of age 4. Less than 2 years of age
Prescriber Restrictions:	5. Less than 2 years of age; Gestational Age less than 29 weeks
Coverage Duration:	 Approval: 5 months (November 1 through March 31) 5 monthly doses, unless otherwise specified 1 month for off-season when RSV activity greater than or equal to 10% for the region according to the CDC 1 monthly dose, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PALOVAROTENE

Affected Medications: SOHONOS (palovarotene)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise evaluded by
All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by The design
plan design
To reduce the volume of new heterotopic ossification in patients with fibrodycelegic ossificants progressive (ECP)
fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP)
Documentation of genetic testing confirming a diagnosis of FOP with an activin receptor (ACM PA) PROBLE mentation.
type 1 (ACVR1) R206H mutation
Radiographic testing has confirmed the presence of both of the following:
 Heterotopic ossification (HO)
 Joint malformations (such as hallux valgus deformity, malformed first metatarsal, absent or fused interphalangeal joint)
 Documentation of at least two flare-ups in the past 12 months requiring prescription strength non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) and oral glucocorticoids (e.g., prednisone)
Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in HO
volume or number of flare-ups compared to baseline
Patients weighing less than 10 kg
Pregnancy
Females 8 years of age and older
Males 10 years of age and older
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a physician who specializes in rare connective
tissue diseases (e.g., endocrinologist, geneticist, orthopedist, rheumatologist)
Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PALYNZIQ

Affected Medications: PALYNZIQ (pegvaliase-pqpz)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce phenylalanine (Phe) blood concentrations in adults with phenylketonuria (PKU) who have uncontrolled blood Phe greater than 600 micromol/L on existing management
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of a diagnosis of PKU Documentation of treatment failure with dual therapy of sapropterin and a Phe restricted diet as shown by a blood Phe level greater than 600 micromol/L (10 mg/dL) despite treatment
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that Palynziq will not be used in combination with sapropterin Reauthorization requires documentation of one of the following: Reduction in baseline Phe levels by 20 percent Increase in dietary Phe tolerance Improvement in clinical symptoms
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in metabolic disorders or an endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PARATHYROID HORMONE

Affected Medications: YORVIPATH (palopegteriparatide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of hypoparathyroidism
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of the following lab values while on standard of care calcium and active vitamin D treatment: 25-hydroxyvitamin D levels between 20-80 ng/mL Total serum calcium (albumin-corrected) greater than 7.8 mg/dL
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of a consistent supplementation regimen as follows:
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or nephrologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PARATHYROID HORMONE ANALOGS

Affected Medications: TERIPARATIDE, TYMLOS (abaloparatide), FORTEO (teriparatide)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of osteoporosis in men and postmenopausal women at high risk for fracture (teriparatide, Tymlos, and Forteo) Treatment of glucocorticoid-induced osteoporosis in men and women at high risk for fracture (teriparatide and Forteo only)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of osteoporosis as defined by at least one of the following:
Information:	 T-score –2.5 or lower (current or past) at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site
	 T-score between -1.0 and -2.5 at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site <u>AND</u> increased risk of fracture as defined by at least one of the following Fracture Risk Assessment Tool (FRAX) scores:
	 FRAX 10-year probability of major osteoporotic fracture is 20% or greater
	 FRAX 10-year probability of hip fracture is 3% or greater History of non-traumatic fractures in the absence of other metabolic bone disorders (postmenopausal women with osteoporosis only)
	 For glucocorticoid-induced osteoporosis, in addition to the above, must also provide documentation of the following: Treatment with 5 mg or higher of prednisone (or equivalent) per day for at least 3
	months
Appropriate	Documentation of one of the following:
Treatment	Treatment failure (new fracture or worsening T-score despite adherence to an adequate trial
Regimen & Other	of therapy), contraindication, or intolerance to BOTH of the following:
Criteria:	 Oral or Intravenous bisphosphonate (such as alendronate, risedronate, zoledronic acid or ibandronate) Prolia (denosumab)
	High risk of fracture defined as T-score -3.5 or lower, OR T-score -2.5 or lower with a history of fragility fractures
	For Forteo requests: documented treatment failure with Tymlos and teriparatide
	Total duration of therapy with parathyroid analogues should not exceed 2 years in a lifetime
	Forteo or teriparatide may be reauthorized for up to one additional year beyond two years of parathyroid analogue use (maximum of 3 total years) if meeting the following criteria: Documentation of treatment success with parathyroid hormone use, defined as reduced frequency of fragility fractures or stable T score while on Forteo or teriparatide
	 Documentation that after 24 months of parathyroid hormone use, the patient remains at or has returned to having a high risk for fracture as evidenced by new fragility fracture or decline in T-score



Exclusion	Paget's Disease
Criteria:	Open epiphyses (such as pediatric or young adult patient)
	Bone metastases or skeletal malignancies
	Hereditary disorders predisposing to osteosarcoma
	Prior external beam or implant radiation therapy involving the skeleton
	Concurrent use of bisphosphonates, parathyroid hormone analogs, or RANK ligand inhibitors
	Pre-existing hypercalcemia
	Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Approval: 24 months (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: PAROMOMYCIN

Affected Medications: HUMATIN (paromomycin)

 Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable) Cryptosporidiosis-associated diarrhea in patients with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) Dientamoeba fragilis
 Documentation of current infection confirmed with appropriate lab testing Hepatic abscess: Confirmed by diagnostic imaging (conventional ultrasound, computed tomography scan, or magnetic resonance imaging) Dientamoeba fragilis: Identification of D. fragilis trophozoites in fecal smears Cryptosporidiosis-associated diarrhea in patients with HIV: Stool specimen microscopic examination (acid-fast staining, direct fluorescent antibody, and/or enzyme immunoassays for detection of Cryptosporidium sp. antigens) or molecular methods
 Intestinal obstruction Use as monotherapy in <i>Entamoeba histolytica</i> infections
Approval: 3 months



PCSK9 MONOCLONAL ANTIBODIES

Affected Medications: REPATHA (evolocumab), PRALUENT (alirocumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not atherwise evaluded by plan
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
	design
	Secondary prevention in clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD)
	 Primary hyperlipidemia (including heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia [HeFH])
Dameira d Madia al	Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia (HoFH)
Required Medical	 All Indications Documentation of current complete lipid panel within last 3 months
Information:	· · ·
	Documentation of baseline (untreated) low-density lipoprotein cholesterol (LDL-C)
	Clinical ASCVD
	Documentation of established ASCVD, confirmed by at least ONE of the following:
	 Acute coronary syndromes (ACS)
	History of myocardial infarction (MI)
	Stable or unstable angina
	Coronary or other arterial revascularization
	 Stroke or transient ischemic attack
	 Peripheral artery disease (PAD) presumed to be of atherosclerotic origin
	Primary Hyperlipidemia (non-familial)
	Documentation of baseline (untreated) LDL-C of at least 190 mg/dL
	HeFH
	Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:
	 Minimum baseline LDL-C of 160 mg/dL in adolescents or 190 mg/dL in adults AND 1
	first-degree relative affected
	Presence of one abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defect (e.g., LDL receptor [LDLR],
	apolipoprotein B [apo B], proprotein convertase subtilisin kexin type 9 [PCSK9] gain-of-
	function mutation, LDL receptor adaptor protein 1 [LDLRAP1])
	 World Health Organization (WHO)/Dutch Lipid Network criteria score of at least 8
	points
	 Definite FH diagnosis per the Simon Broome criteria
	UAEU
	HoFH ■ Diagnosis confirmed by ONE of the following:
	Baseline LDL-C greater than 560 mg/dL
	 Baseline LDL-C greater than 300 mg/dL Baseline LDL-C of 400 mg/dL and at least 1 parent with familial hypercholesterolemia
	Baseline LDL-C of 400 mg/dL with aortic valve disease or xanthomata in ages less
	than 20 years
	 Presence of two abnormal LDL-C-raising gene defects (excluding double-null LDLR
	mutations)
Appropriate	All Indications
Treatment	Documented intent to take alongside maximally tolerated doses of statin and/or ezetimibe,
· 	unless otherwise contraindicated



Pagimon & Other	OR
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	 History of statin intolerance requires documentation of ONE of the following: Statin-associated rhabdomyolysis occurred with statin use and was confirmed by a creatinine kinase (CK) level at least 10 times the upper limit of normal Statin-associated muscle symptoms (e.g., myopathy, myalgia) occurred with statin use and was confirmed by BOTH of the following:
	 Clinical ASCVD Documented treatment failure with minimum 12 weeks of statin/ezetimibe combination therapy at maximally tolerated doses with consistent use, as shown by ONE of the following: Current LDL-C of at least 70 mg/dL Current LDL-C of at least 55 mg/dL in patients at very high risk of future ASCVD events, based on history of multiple major ASCVD events OR 1 major ASCVD event + multiple high-risk conditions
	Major ASCVD Events High-Risk Conditions
	 ACS within the past 12 months History of MI (distinct from ACS event) Ischemic stroke Symptomatic PAD Age 65 years and older HeFH Prior coronary artery bypass or percutaneous intervention (outside of major ASCVD events) Diabetes Hypertension Chronic kidney disease Current smoking History of congestive heart failure
Exclusion	Primary Hyperlipidemia/HeFH/HoFH Documented treatment failure, defined as an inability to achieve LDL-C reduction of 50% or greater OR LDL-C less than 100 mg/dL, with minimum 12 weeks of statin/ezetimibe combination therapy at maximally tolerated doses with consistent use Reauthorization: Documentation of an updated lipid panel showing a clinically significant reduction in LDL-C from baseline AND continued compliance to therapy Concurrent use with Legvio
Criteria:	202 455 254
Age Restriction:	



Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist, endocrinologist, or lipid specialist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **PEDMARK**

Affected Medications: PEDMARK (sodium thiosulfate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce the risk of ototoxicity associated with cisplatin in pediatric patients 1 month of age and older with localized, non-metastatic solid tumors.
Required Medical	Documentation of the following:
Information:	 Treatment plan is a cisplatin-based regimen treating a localized, non-metastatic solid tumor
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Metastatic disease
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 6 months or duration of cisplatin regimen



POLICY NAME: PEGASYS

Affected Medications: PEGASYS® (peginterferon alfa-2a)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications and compendia-supported not otherwise excluded by plan design			
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of anticipated treatment course, to include full antiviral regimen, and duration of therapy			
	 Chronic Hepatitis C (CHC): Documentation chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) genotype by liver biopsy or by FDA-approved serum test Baseline HCV RNA level 			
	DocumBaselin	epatitis B (CHB): entation of HBeAg-positive or HBe e HBV DNA level (within 12 weeks) alanine transam	Ag-negative chronic hepatitis B virus	(HBV) infection
	 Chronic Hepatitis C and B: Current documentation of hepatic impairment severity with Child-Pugh Classification OR bilirubin, albumin, INR, ascites status, and encephalopathy status to calculate Child-Pugh score within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start of therapy Documentation of HIV/HCV/HBV coinfection 			
Appropriate	Chronic He	epatitis C:		
Treatment	Approve if used in combination with FDA- and/or AASLD/IDSA- recommended regimen and if			
Regimen & Other	not otherwise excluded from PacificSource policies of other medications in the regimen			
Criteria:	Chronic He	epatitis B:		
	• Docum	entation of ONE of the following sc	enarios:	_
	HBeAg	HBV DNA	ALT	
	Without c	irrhosis		
	Positive	Greater than 20,000 copies/mL	Greater than 2 times the upper limit of normal (ULN)	
	Negative	Greater than 2,000 copies/mL	Greater than 2 times the ULN	
	Negative	Greater than 2,000 copies/mL	1-2 times the ULN and moderate/severe liver	
	\A/:4b a a m	manage distribution	inflammation/fibrosis	
	Either	pensated cirrhosis Greater than 2,000 copies/mL	Any ALT	
Exclusion	<u> </u>	ent of patients with CHC who have	•	
Criteria:		mune hepatitis	nad solid organ transplantation	
	Hepatic decompensation (Child-Pugh score greater than 6)			
Age Restriction:	CHC: 5 years of age or older			
Dragoriba:		8 years of age or older	notice entered a giotal base de la giotal de la cienta	ootious disess-
Prescriber Restrictions:	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist, hepatologist, or infectious disease specialist 			
ivesii iciiolis.	Speciali	5 1		



Coverage	CHC: 12 weeks, unless otherwise specified (depends on regimen and diagnosis)
Duration:	CHB: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PEGLOTICASE

Affected Medications: KRYSTEXXA (pegloticase)

	(TOTEXXXX (pegiotiodoe)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design:
	 Chronic gout in adult patients refractory to conventional therapy
Required Medical	Baseline serum uric acid (SUA) level greater than 8 mg/dL
Information:	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Two or more gout flares per year that were inadequately controlled by colchicine and/or nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDS) or oral/injectable corticosteroids At least one non-resolving subcutaneous gouty tophus
	 Chronic gouty arthritis (defined clinically or radiographically as joint damage due to gout)
Appropriate Treatment	Documented contraindication, intolerance or clinical failure (defined as inability to reduce SUA level to less than 6 mg/dL) following a 12-week trial at maximum tolerated dose to
	BOTH:
Regimen & Other	Xanthine oxidase inhibitor (allopurinol or febuxostat)
Criteria:	 Combination of a xanthine oxidase inhibitor AND a uricosuric agent (such as probenecid). If xanthine oxidase inhibitor is contraindicated, trial with uricosuric agent required
	 Documentation Krystexxa will be used in combination oral methotrexate 15mg weekly unless contraindicated
	Reauthorization will require ALL the following:
	 Documentation of SUA less than 6mg/dL prior to next scheduled Krystexxa dose
	 Documentation of response to treatment such as reduced size of tophi or number of flares or affected joints
	Rationale to continue treatment after resolution of tophi or reduction in symptoms
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with oral urate-lowering therapies
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in combination with, a nephrologist or rheumatologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **PEMIVIBART**

Affected Medications: PEMGARDA (pemivibart)

Required Medical Information:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or compendia supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) in moderate-to-severe immune compromised individuals 12 years of age and older weighing at least 40 kg Documentation of moderate-to-severe immune compromise due to a medical condition or receipt of immunosuppressive medications or treatments, and are unlikely to mount an adequate response to COVID-19 vaccination, meeting one of the following: Active treatment for solid tumor and hematologic malignancies Hematologic malignancies associated with poor responses to COVID-19 vaccines regardless of current treatment status (e.g., chronic lymphocytic leukemia, non-Hodgkin lymphoma, multiple myeloma, acute leukemia) Receipt of solid-organ transplant or an islet transplant and taking immunosuppressive therapy Receipt of chimeric antigen receptor (CAR)-T-cell or hematopoietic stem cell transplant (within 2 years of transplantation or taking immunosuppressive therapy) Moderate or severe primary immunodeficiency (e.g., common variable immunodeficiency disease, severe combined immunodeficiency, DiGeorge syndrome, Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome) Advanced or untreated human immunodeficiency viruses (HIV) infection (people with HIV and CD4 cell counts less than 200/mm³, history of an AIDS-defining illness without immune reconstitution, or clinical manifestations of symptomatic HIV) Active treatment with high-dose corticosteroids (at least 20 mg prednisone or equivalent per day when administered for 2 or more weeks), alkylating agents,
	 Active treatment with high-dose corticosteroids (at least 20 mg prednisone or equivalent per day when administered for 2 or more weeks), alkylating agents, antimetabolites, transplant-related immunosuppressive drugs, cancer chemotherapeutic agents classified as severely immunosuppressive, and biologic agents that are immunosuppressive or immunomodulatory (such as B-cell
	depleting agents)
	Documentation of prophylactic use
	Baseline SARS-CoV-2 titers that show undetectable antibodies
	Weight of 40 kg or more
Appropriate	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed 4500 mg once every 3
Treatment	months
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of continued immune compromise and low SARS-CoV-2 titers
Exclusion Criteria:	Positive SARS-CoV-2 antigen test or PCR test within the last 3 months
	Received COVID-19 vaccine within the last 3 months
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	
Care Restrictions:	



Coverage Duration:	•	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



PHENOXYBENZAMINE

Affected Medications: Phenoxybenzamine

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of sweating and hypertension associated with pheochromocytoma
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of pheochromocytoma that requires treatment to control episodes of hypertension and sweating This drug will be used for one of the following: Preoperative preparation for a scheduled surgical resection Chronic treatment of pheochromocytoma that is not amenable to surgery
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of treatment failure, intolerance, or contraindication to a selective alpha-1 adrenergic receptor blocker (e.g., doxazosin, terazosin, prazosin) Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or a specialist with experience in the management of pheochromocytoma
Coverage Duration:	 Preoperative preparation: 1 month, unless otherwise specified Chronic treatment: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **PHESGO**

Affected Medications: PHESGO (pertuzumab-trastuzumab-hyaluronidase-zzxf)

Covered Uses:	NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and prescribed dosing regimen Documentation of HER2 positivity based on 3+ score on immunohistochemistry (IHC) testing OR Positive gene amplification by Fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) test
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of an intolerable adverse event to two of the following preferred products and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredients Preferred products: Perjeta in combination with Kanjinti, Perjeta in combination with Ogivri, Perjeta in combination with Trazimera, Perjeta in combination with Herzuma, Perjeta in combination with Ontruzant Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PHOSPHODIESTERASE-5 (PDE-5) ENZYME INHIBITORS FOR PULMONARY ARTERIAL HYPERTENSION Affected Medications: tadalafil 20 mg tablet, sildenafil 20 mg tablet

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group
Required Medical	Diagnosis of World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 PAH confirmed by right heart
Information:	catheterization meeting the following criterias:
	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg AND
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II or higher symptoms
	 Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90)
	 Low cardiac index
	OR
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate Treatment	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following:
Regimen & Other	Improvement in walking distance
Criteria:	Improvement in exercise ability
Citteria.	Improvement in pulmonary function
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	Concomitant nitrate therapy on a regular or intermittent basis
	Concomitant use of a guanylate cyclase stimulator (such as riociguat or vericiguat)
	Use for erectile dysfunction
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PIRFENIDONE

Affected Medications: PIRFENIDONE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Idiopathic Pulmonary Fibrosis (IPF)
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF) confirmed by ONE of the following: Usual interstitial pneumonia (UIP) pattern demonstrated on high-resolution computed tomography (HRCT) UIP pattern demonstrated on surgical lung biopsy Probable UIP pattern demonstrated on both HRCT and surgical lung biopsy Documentation confirming known causes of interstitial lung disease have been ruled out (e.g., rheumatic disease, environmental exposure, drug toxicity) Documentation of both of the following: Baseline forced vital capacity (FVC) greater than or equal to 50 percent predicted Baseline diffusing capacity for carbon monoxide (DLCO) greater than or equal to 30 percent predicted
Appropriate	
Treatment	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success.
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Combined use with nintedanib (Ofev)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
<u> </u>	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POMBILITI AND OPFOLDA

	DMBILITI (cipaglucosidase alfa-atga intravenous injection), OPFOLDA (miglustat oral capsule)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Late-onset Pompe disease for patients weighing 40 kg or more and who are not improving on their current enzyme replacement therapy (ERT)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of late-onset Pompe disease confirmed by one of the following:
Information:	 Enzyme assay demonstrating a deficiency of acid α-glucosidase (GAA) enzyme
	activity
	 DNA testing that identifies mutations in the GAA gene
	One or more clinical signs or symptoms of late-onset Pompe disease:
	 Progressive proximal weakness in a limb-girdle distribution
	 Delayed gross-motor development in childhood
	 Involvement of respiratory muscles causing respiratory difficulty (such as reduced
	forced vital capacity [FVC] or sleep disordered breathing)
	 Skeletal abnormalities (such as scoliosis or scapula alata)
	Low/absent reflexes
	Documentation that patient has a 6-minute walk test (6MWT) of 75 meters or more
	Documentation has a sitting percent predicted forced vital capacity (FVC) of 30% or
	more
	Patient weight
Appropriate	Documentation of planned treatment regimen for both Pombiliti and Opfolda which are
Treatment	within FDA-labeling
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation that patient is no longer improving after at least one year of current
Criteria:	enzyme replacement therapy (ERT) with Lumizyme (alglucosidase alfa) or Nexviazyme
	(avalglucosidase alfa-ngpt)
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant
	response to therapy as evidenced by an improvement, stabilization, or slowing of
	progression in percent predicted FVC and/or 6MWT
Exclusion Criteria:	Pregnancy or, if female of reproductive potential, not using effective contraception during
	treatment
	Use of invasive or noninvasive ventilation support for more than 6 hours a day while
	awake
	Diagnosis of infantile-onset Pompe Disease
	Concurrent treatment with Lumizyme or Nexviazyme
	Pombiliti or Opfolda as monotherapy
Age Restriction:	Use of Opfolda for Gaucher disease
Age Restriction:	18 years or older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist, endocrinologist,
Care Restrictions:	biochemical geneticist, or physician experienced in the management of Pompe disease
Coverage Duration:	Approval 12 months, unloss otherwise and siting
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: POSACONAZOLE

Affected Medications: posaconazole suspension, posaconazole delayed release tablets

Required Medical Information:	 Susceptibility cultures matching posaconazole activity Current body weight (for pediatric patients)
-	
miormation.	Documentation of an Oregon Health Authority (OHA) funded condition
Appropriate	Treatment of invasive aspergillosis
Treatment	Documentation of resistance (or intolerable adverse event) to voriconazole
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Prophylaxis of invasive Aspergillus and Candida infections
	Documentation of severely immunocompromised state, such as hematopoietic stem cell
	transplant (HSCT) recipients with graft versus-host disease (GVHD) or those with
	hematologic malignancies with prolonged neutropenia from chemotherapy
	Documentation of resistance (or intolerable adverse event) to one other compendia-
	supported systemic agent (e.g., fluconazole, itraconazole, voriconazole)
	Treatment of oropharyngeal candidiasis (OPC):
	 Documented failure (or intolerable adverse event) to 10 days or more of treatment with all the
	following:
	Fluconazole
	o Itraconazole
	o iliaconazoro
Exclusion	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Criteria:	Posaconazole delayed release tablets – 2 years of age or older who weigh greater than 40kg.
Criteria: Age Restriction:	Posaconazole delayed release tablets – 2 years of age or older who weigh greater than 40kg
Criteria:	 Posaconazole delayed release tablets – 2 years of age or older who weigh greater than 40kg Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Criteria: Age Restriction:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber	



POLICY NAME: POZELIMAB

Affected Medications: VEOPOZ (pozelimab-bbfg)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of CD55-deficient protein-losing enteropathy (PLE) or CHAPLE disease
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of CD-55-deficient PLE confirmed by biallelic CD55 loss-of-function mutation using molecular genetic testing Documentation of hypoalbuminemia (serum albumin of 3.2 g/dL or less) Clinical signs and features of active PLE including abdominal pain, diarrhea, peripheral edema, or facial edema Documentation of at least two albumin transfusions or hospitalizations in the past year
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling and does not exceed the following: Loading Dose: 30 mg/kg by intravenous infusion for 1 dose Maintenance Dose: Starting on day 8, 10 mg/kg as a subcutaneous injection once weekly May be increased to 12 mg/kg starting week 4 Maximum maintenance dosage of 800 mg once weekly Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documentation of positive clinical response with all the following: Improvement or stabilization of clinical symptoms Improvement or normalization of serum albumin concentrations
Exclusion Criteria:	 Reduction in albumin transfusion requirements and/or hospitalizations Receiving concurrent therapy with Soliris (eculizumab) Unresolved Neisseria meningitidis, Streptococcus pneumoniae, or Haemophilus influenzae type b (Hib) infection
Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist, gastroenterologist, or provider that specializes in rare genetic hematologic diseases
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PRAMLINTIDE

Affected Medications: SYMLINPEN (pramlintide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Type 1 diabetes mellitus Type 2 diabetes mellitus
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of inadequate glycemic control (HbA1c greater than 7 percent) on optimal insulin therapy AND
	Patient will take SymlinPen in addition to mealtime insulin therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	HbA1c level greater than 9 percent.Weight loss treatment.
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PRIMARY BILIARY CHOLANGITIS AGENTS

Affected Medications: OCALIVA (obeticholic acid), IQIRVO (elafibranor), LIVDELZI (seladelpar)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Drive and billions aboles pittin (RBC)
	o Primary biliary cholangitis (PBC)
Required Medical Information:	 Liver function tests (including alkaline phosphatase and bilirubin) Child-Pugh score
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that after at least 12 months of adherent therapy with ursodiol or clinical inability to tolerate ursodiol, the patient has ONE of the following: Alkaline phosphatase level (ALP) at least 1.67 times the upper limit of normal (ULN) of the reference lab Total bilirubin above the ULN of the reference lab
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success defined as a significant reduction in Alkaline phosphatase (ALP) and/or bilirubin levels
Exclusion Criteria:	 Complete biliary obstruction Decompensated cirrhosis (e.g., Child-Pugh Class B or C) or a prior decompensation event For Ocaliva: Compensated cirrhosis with evidence of portal hypertension (e.g., ascites, gastroesophageal varices, persistent thrombocytopenia) Use in combination with another drug on this policy (Ocaliva, Iqirvo, Livdelzi)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



PROLIA

Affected Medications: PROLIA (denosumab)

•	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of osteoporosis in men and postmenopausal women at high risk for
	fracture
	 Treatment of glucocorticoid-induced osteoporosis in men and women at high risk for
	fracture
	 Treatment of bone loss in women at high risk for fracture receiving adjuvant
	aromatase inhibitor therapy for breast cancer
	 Treatment of bone loss in men at high risk for fracture receiving androgen
	deprivation therapy for prostate cancer
Required Medical	Osteoporosis
Information:	Diagnosis of osteoporosis as defined by at least one of the following:
	 T-score less than or equal to -2.5 (current or past) at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site.
	 T-score between -1.0 and -2.5 at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3
	radius site AND increased risk of fracture as defined by at least one of the following
	Fracture Risk Assessment Tool (FRAX) scores:
	 FRAX 10-year probability of major osteoporotic fracture is 20% or
	greater
	 FRAX 10-year probability of hip fracture is 3% or greater History of non-traumatic fractures in the absence of other metabolic bone disorders
	 History of non-traumatic fractures in the absence of other metabolic bone disorders (postmenopausal women with osteoporosis only)
	Glucocorticoid-Induced Osteoporosis
	If 50 years old and greater, must provide documentation of one of the following:
	 Baseline bone mineral density (BMD) T-score of less than or equal to -2.0 at the lumbar spine, total hip, or femoral neck
	 BMD T-score less than or equal to -1.0 at the lumbar spine, total hip, or femoral neck AND a history of osteoporotic fracture
	If less than 50 years old, must provide documentation of a history of osteoporotic fracture
	In addition to the above, must also provide documentation of the following:
	 Initiation or continuation of systemic glucocorticoids equivalent to 7.5 mg or greater of prednisone and expected to remain on glucocorticoids for at least 6 months
	Bone Loss in Women Receiving Adjuvant Aromatase Inhibitor Therapy for Breast Cancer
	Documentation of baseline BMD T-score at minimum -1.0 at the lumbar spine, total hip, or
	femoral neck
	Bone Loss in Men Receiving Androgen Deprivation Therapy for Prostate Cancer
	If less than 70 years old, must provide documentation of one of the following:
	 BMD T-score at minimum -1.0 at the lumbar spine, total hip, or femoral neck
	 History of osteoporotic fracture
Appropriate	Osteoporosis and Glucocorticoid-Induced Osteoporosis



Regimen & Other	Treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with an oral or intravenous
Criteria:	bisphosphonate (e.g., alendronate, risedronate, zoledronic acid or ibandronate)
	 Severe renal impairment (e.g., creatinine clearance less than 35 mL/min)
	 Multiple osteoporotic fractures in the setting of T-scores less than -3.5
	Reauthorization: requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent use of bisphosphonate therapy or antineoplastic therapy apart from aromatase inhibitors or androgen deprivation therapy. Preexisting hypocalcemia
	Pregnancy
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



PROSTAGLANDIN INTRACAMERAL IMPLANTS

Affected Medications: DURYSTA (bimatoprost intracameral implant), iDose TR (travoprost intracameral implant)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Reduction of intraocular pressure (IOP) in patients with open angle glaucoma (OAG) or ocular hypertension (OHT)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of OAG or OHT with a baseline IOP of at least 22 mmHg
Information:	• Documentation of clinical justification for inability to manage routine topical therapy (e.g., due to progression of glaucoma, aging, comorbidities, and administration difficulties that cannot be addressed through instruction and technique)
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with at least two IOP-lowering
Treatment	agents with different mechanisms of action, (used concurrently), one of which must
Regimen & Other	include a prostaglandin analog such as latanoprost
Criteria:	For iDose TR requests:
	 Documented treatment failure to the preferred product Durysta
Exclusion Criteria:	Repeat implantation with the same prostaglandin implant
	Diagnosis of corneal endothelial cell dystrophy (e.g., Fuchs' Dystrophy)
	 Prior corneal or endothelial cell transplantation (e.g., Descemet's Stripping Automated Endothelial Keratoplasty [DSAEK])
	Active or suspected ocular or periocular infections
	Absent or ruptured posterior lens capsule (Durysta)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 1 month (one implant per impacted eye), unless otherwise specified



PROXIMAL COMPLEMENT INHIBITOR

Affected Medications: EMPAVELI (pegcetacoplan), FABHALTA (iptacopan)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
	design
	o Treatment of adult patients with paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH)
	 Reduce proteinuria in adults with primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) at risk of rapid disease progression, generally a urine protein-to-creatinine ratio (UPCR)
	≥1.5 g/g (Fabhalta)
Required Medical	Patients must be administered a meningococcal vaccine at least two weeks prior to initiation
Information:	of the requested therapy and revaccinated according to current Advisory Committee on
	Immunization Practices (ACIP) guidelines
	PNH Detection of DNU planes of at least 50/ builton system attended to the most in traction.
	 Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies
	o Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g., granulocytes,
	monocytes, erythrocytes)
	Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper
	limit of normal range
	One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings:
	Presence of a thrombotic event
	 Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
	History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months
	IgAN (Fabhalta)
	Diagnosis of IgAN confirmed with biopsy
	Documentation of one of the following (with labs current within 30 days of request):
	 Proteinuria defined as equal to or greater than 1 g/day
	o UPCR greater than 1.5 g/g
Appropriate	PNH
Treatment	For Empaveli: Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to
Regimen & Other	ravulizumab (Ultomiris)
Criteria:	For Fabhalta: Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to another
	complement inhibitor such as ravulizumab (Ultomiris) or Empaveli
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum
	LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in
	thromboembolic events compared to baseline
	anomiscomische evente compared to saccimic
	IgAN (Fabhalta)
	Documented treatment failure (defined as proteinuria equal to or greater than 1 g/day OR
	UPCR greater than 1.5 g/g) with a minimum of 12 weeks of all of the following:
	 Maximum tolerated dose of an angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB)
	High dose glucocorticoid therapy such as oral prednisone or methylprednisolone (or
	an adverse effect to two or more glucocorticoid therapies that is not associated with
	the corticosteroid class)
	o Filspari (sparsentan)
L	o Filspari (sparsentan)



	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as reduction in UPCR or proteinuria from baseline
Exclusion	Concurrent use with other biologics for PNH (Soliris, Ultomiris, Empaveli, or Fabhalta) except
Criteria:	when cross tapering according to FDA approved dosing
	Current meningitis infection or other unresolved serious infection caused by encapsulated bacteria
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or a nephrologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: PYRIMETHAMINE

Affected Medications: PYRIMETHAMINE

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Toxoplasmosis
Required Medical	Documentation of recent <i>Toxoplasma</i> infection
Information:	Documentation of one of the following:
	 Severe symptoms (pneumonitis, myocarditis, etc) or prolonged symptoms greater than 4 weeks with significant impact on quality of life Immunocompromised status
Appropriate Treatment	Dosing Regimen (adult):
Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Day 1: Pyrimethamine 100mg, sulfadiazine 2-4gm divided four times daily, leucovorin 5-25mg Day 2: Pyrimethamine 25-50mg, sulfadiazine 2-4gm divided four times daily, leucovorin 5-25mg Day 3 and beyond: Pyrimethamine 25-50mg, sulfadiazine 500mg-1 gm
	divided four times daily, leucovorin 5-25mg
Exclusion Criteria:	 Treatment regimen does not contain leucovorin and a sulfonamide (or alternative if allergic to sulfa)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: Up to 6 weeks, with no reauthorization unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

QSYMIA (PHENTERMINE/TOPIRAMATE)

Affected Medications: QSYMIA (phentermine/topiramate)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
plan design
Pediatric weight loss:
Patient age of 12 to 20 years
Severe obesity defined as one of the following:
 Body mass index (BMI) of greater than or equal to 35kg/m²
 Equal to or greater than 120% of the 95th percentile for age and sex
Reauthorization:
Documentation of reduction of weight of at least 5% of baseline BMI since initiation
3 *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *
Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatrician or weight loss specialist
Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

RAVULIZUMAB-CWVZ

Affected Medications: ULTOMIRIS (ravulizumab-cwvz)

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 - o Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH) to reduce hemolysis
 - Atypical hemolytic uremic syndrome (aHUS) to inhibit complement-mediated thrombotic microangiopathy
 - Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine receptor (AChR) antibody positive
 - Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) who are anti-aquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive for adult patients

Required Medical Information:

PNH

- Detection of PNH clones of at least 5% by flow cytometry diagnostic testing
 - Presence of at least 2 different glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI) protein deficiencies (e.g., CD55, CD59, etc.) within at least 2 different cell lines (e.g., granulocytes, monocytes, erythrocytes)
- Baseline lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) levels greater than or equal to 1.5 times the upper limit of normal range
- One of the following PNH-associated clinical findings:
 - Presence of a thrombotic event
 - o Presence of organ damage secondary to chronic hemolysis
 - History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months

aHUS

- Clinical presentation of microangiopathic hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, and acute kidney injury
- Patient shows signs of thrombotic microangiopathy (TMA) (e.g., changes in mental status, seizures, angina, dyspnea, thrombosis, increasing blood pressure, decreased platelet count, increased serum creatinine, increased LDH, etc.)
- ADAMTS13 activity level greater than or equal to 10%
- Shiga toxin E. coli related hemolytic uremic syndrome (ST-HUS) has been ruled out
- History of 4 or more blood transfusions required in the previous 12 months

gMG

- Diagnosis of gMG confirmed by **ONE** of the following:
 - o A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test
 - o A positive edrophonium chloride test
 - o Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor
- Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV
- Positive serologic test for AChR antibodies
- Documentation of **ONE** of the following:
 - MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater
 - Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater

NMOSD

- Diagnosis of NMOSD with aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4- IgG) antibody positive disease confirmed by all the following:
 - Documentation of positive test for AQP4-IgG antibodies via cell-based assay



- Exclusion of alternative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis)
- At least one core clinical characteristic:
 - Acute optic neuritis
 - Acute myelitis
 - Area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained hiccups or nausea/vomiting)
 - Acute brainstem syndrome
 - Symptomatic narcolepsy **OR** acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with NMSOD-typical diencephalic MRI lesions
 - Symptomatic cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical lesion on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) [see table below]
 - Acute cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see table below]

Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings
Diencephalicsyndrome	Periependymal lesion
	 Hypothalamic/thalamic lesion
Acute cerebralsyndrome	 Extensive periependymal lesion
	 Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion
	 Long corticospinal tract lesion
	 Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

aHUS

- Failure to respond to plasma therapy within 10 days
 - o Trial of plasma therapy not required if one of the following is present:
 - Life-threatening complications of HUS such as seizures, coma, or heart
 - Confirmed presence of a high-risk complement genetic variant (e.g., CFH or CFI)

gMG

- Documentation of one of the following:
 - Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least 2 immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate)
 - Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months
- Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to efgartigimod-alfa (Vyvgart)

NMOSD

Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to ALL the following:



	Rituximab (preferred products: Riabni, Ruxience, Truxima)
	Satralizumab-mwge (Enspryng)
	Inebilizumab-cdon (Uplizna)
	o medilizumad-cuom (opiizna)
	 Reauthorization requires: gMG: documentation of treatment success defined as an improvement in MG-ADL or QMG scores from baseline PNH: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved hemoglobin, decreased transfusion requirement, and reduction in thromboembolic events compared to baseline aHUS: documentation of treatment success defined as a decrease in serum LDH, stabilized/improved serum creatinine, increased platelet count, and decreased plasma exchange/infusion requirement compared to baseline NMOSD: documentation of treatment success defined as the stabilization or improvement in neurological symptoms as evidenced by a decrease in acute relapses, Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score, hospitalizations, or plasma exchange
Exclusion	Current meningitis infection
Criteria:	 Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication, unless indicated by the FDA for combination use with Ultomiris
Age Restriction:	PNH, aHUS: 1 month of age and older
	gMG: 18 years and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist:
Restrictions:	 PNH: Hematologist
	 aHUS: Hematologist or Nephrologist
	o gMG: Neurologist
	NMOSD: neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: REMODULIN

Affected Medications: REMODULIN INJECTION (treprostinil)

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Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension in Patients Requiring Transition from Epoprostenol
Required	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
Medical	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criteria:
Information:	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg AND
	Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH, OR
	PAH secondary to one of the following conditions: One of the following conditions:
	 Connective tissue disease Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection
	 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection Cirrhosis
	Anorexigens
	Congenital left to right shunts
	 Schistosomiasis
	 Drugs and toxins
	 Portal Hypertension
	New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class II or
	higher symptoms
	Documentation of acute vasoreactivity testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium
	channel blocker) unless contraindications:
	 Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index OR
	 Low cardiac index OR Presense of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate	The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal medical and/or surgical
Treatment	treatment of the identified condition
Regimen &	Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin, Tyvaso,
Other Criteria:	Orenitram should not be used in combination)
Other Oriteria.	Treatment with oral calcium channel blocking agents has been tried and failed, or has been
	considered ruled out
	Treatment with combination of endothelin receptor antagonist (ERA) and phosphodiesterase 5
	inhibitor (PDE5I) has been tried and failed for WHO Functional Class II and III symptoms
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the
	following:
	Improvement in walking distance
	Improvement in exercise ability
	Improvement in pulmonary function
	Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion	PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension (e.g., left sided atrial or ventricular disease,
Criteria:	left sided valvular heart disease, etc.) or disorders of the respiratory system (e.g., chronic
	obstructive pulmonary disease, interstitial lung disease, obstructive sleep apnea or other sleep
	disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, etc.)



Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial coverage: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Subsequent coverage: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration.	Cubsequent coverage. 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RESLIZUMAB

Affected Medications: CINQAIR IV (reslizumab-interleukin-5 antagonist monoclonal antiboty (IgG4 kappa))

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Add-on maintenance treatment of adult patients with severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of severe asthma with an eosinophilic phenotype, defined by both of the following: Baseline eosinophil count of at least 400 cells/µL AND FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms AND Documentation of one of the following:
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Dupixent, Nucala, Xolair, Fasenra, Tezspire)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **RESMETIROM**

Affected Medications: REZDIFFRA (resmetirom)

Affected Medications: RE	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Treatment of adults with noncirrhotic nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH) with
	moderate to advanced liver fibrosis (consistent with stages F2 to F3 fibrosis), in
	conjunction with diet and exercise
Required Medical	Diagnosis of NASH or metabolic dysfunction—associated steatohepatitis (MASH) with
Information:	moderate to advanced (F2 to F3) liver fibrosis confirmed by ONE of the following:
	 Conclusive result from a well-validated non-invasive test such as:
	 Fibroscan-AST (FAST) score
	 MAST (score from MRI–proton density fat fraction, Magnetic
	resonance elastography [MRE], and serum AST)
	 MEFIB (Fibrosis-4 Index greater than or equal to 1.6 and MRE
	greater than or equal to 3.3 kPa)
	 Liver biopsy (also required if non-invasive testing is inconclusive or other causes
	for liver disease have not been ruled out)
	Other causes for liver steatosis have been ruled out (such as alcohol-associated liver)
	disease, chronic hepatitis C, Wilson disease, drug-induced liver disease)
	Baseline lab values for AST and ALT
Appropriate	Documentation of abstinence from alcohol consumption
Treatment	Documentation of comprehensive comorbidity management being undertaken, including
Regimen & Other	all the following:
Criteria:	 Use of diet and exercise for weight management
	 Medications to manage associated comorbid conditions, such as thyroid disease
	(must not have active disease), diabetes, dyslipidemia, hypertension, or
	cardiovascular conditions.
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy based on
	improvements or stability in laboratory results, such as ALT and AST, or fibrosis as
	evaluated by a non-invasive test
Exclusion Criteria:	History of excessive alcohol use or alcohol-associated liver disease
	Current excessive alcohol use
	Continued use of medications associated with liver steatosis
	Stage 4 liver disease or cirrhosis
	Use for other liver disease
	Active or untreated thyroid disease
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist or gastroenterologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months



POLICY NAME: RETHYMIC

Affected Medications: RETHYMIC (allogeneic processed thymus tissue-agdc)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Immune reconstitution in pediatric patients with congenital athymia
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of congenital athymia associated with one of the following: Complete DiGeorge Syndrome (cDGS) Forkhead Box N1 (FOXN1) deficiency 22q11.2 deletion CHARGE Syndrome (Coloboma, Heart defects, Atresia of the nasal choanae, Retardation of growth and development, Genitourinary anomalies, Ear anomalies) CHD7 mutation 10p13-p14 deletion
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Congenital athymia confirmed by flow cytometry that demonstrates: Fewer than 50 naïve T cells/mm3 in the peripheral blood OR Less than 5% of total T cells being naïve T cells
Exclusion Criteria:	 Treatment of patients with severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID) Prior thymus transplant
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric immunologist or prescriber experienced in the treatment of congenital athymia
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 1 month (1 treatment only), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RILONACEPT

Affected Medications: ARCALYST (Rilonacept)

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
	design o Treatment of Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS), including Familial
	Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS), and Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS) in
	adults and pediatric patients 12 years and older
	(DIRA) in adults and pediatric patients weighing at least 10 kg
	o Treatment of recurrent pericarditis (RP) and reduction in risk of recurrence in adults
	and pediatric patients 12 years and older
Required Medical	Documentation confirming one of the following:
Information:	Diagnosis of Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS), including Familial Cold
iniornianon.	Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS), and Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS)
	Diagnosis of Deficiency of Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist (DIRA)
	Must include genetic testing results which confirm the presence of homozygous
	mutations in the interleukin-1 receptor antagonist (IL1RN) gene
	Disease must currently be in remission
	Diagnosis of Recurrent Pericarditis with an inflammatory phenotype shown by one of the
	following:
	o Fever, elevated C-Reactive protein (CRP), elevated white blood cell count, elevated
	erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), pericardial late gadolinium enhancement (LGE)
	on cardiac magnetic resonance (CMR), or pericardial contrast enhancement on
Ammuomioto	computed tomography (CT) scan
Appropriate	 All Indications: Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with trial of Kineret (anakinra)
Treatment	Documented treatment failure of intolerable adverse event with that of Kineret (anakima)
Regimen & Other	Recurrent Pericarditis:
Criteria:	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event to triple therapy with all the
	following:
	Colchicine
	Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) or aspirin
	Glucocorticoid
	Dosing for CAPS or Recurrent Pericarditis:
	Adults: loading dose of 320 mg followed by 160 mg once weekly
	 Pediatric patients (age 12 to 17): loading dose of 4.4 mg/kg (maximum 320 mg) followed by
	2.2 mg/kg once weekly (maximum 160 mg)
	Dosing for DIRA:
	Adults: 320 mg once weekly Patientia national (variable national Adults and Adults national Adults natio
	Pediatric patients (weighing 10 kg or more): 4.4 mg/kg (maximum 320 mg) once weekly
	Reauthorization will require:
	All indications: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to
	therapy



	Recurrent pericarditis: documentation that the patient is unable to remain asymptomatic with normal CRP levels upon trial of an appropriate tapering regimen
Exclusion	Active or chronic infection
Criteria:	Concurrent therapy with anakinra, TNF inhibitors, or other biologics
Age Restriction:	CAPS or Recurrent Pericarditis, 12 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, immunologist, cardiologist, or dermatologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RIOCIGUAT

Affected Medications: ADEMPAS (riociguat)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 Chronic-Thromboembolic Pulmonary Hypertension (WHO Group 4)
Required Medical Information:	 Chronic thromboembolic pulmonary hypertension (CTEPH) Documentation of Chronic-Thromboemolic Pulmonary Hypertension (WHO Group 4) meeting the following criteria: Evidence of thromboembolic occlusion of proximal or distal pulmonary vasculature on CT/MRI or V/Q scan Mean pulmonary arterial pressure greater than 20 mmHg PAWP less than 15 mmHg Elevated pulmonary vascular resistance over 2 Wood units
	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) ■ Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criteria: □ Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg □ Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg □ Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units ■ Etiology of PAH (idiopathic, heritable, or associated with connective tissue disease) ■ New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class II or higher symptoms ■ Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blocker) unless there are contraindications: □ Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) □ Low cardiac index □ Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	CTEPH Documentation of failure of or inability to receive pulmonary endarterectomy surgery Current therapy with anticoagulants PAH Documented failure to the following therapy classes: Phosphodiesterase type 5 (PDE5) inhibitors AND endothelin receptor antagonists
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concomitant use with nitrates or nitric oxide donors (such as amyl nitrite) Concomitant use with specific PDE-5 inhibitors (such as sildenafil, tadalafil, or vardenafil) or non-specific PDE inhibitors (such as dipyridamole or theophylline)



Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RISANKIZUMAB

Affected Medications: SKYRIZI PREFILLED SYRINGE KIT, SKYRIZI PREFILLED SYRINGE, SKYRIZI AUTO-INJECTOR, SKYRIZI SOLUTION CARTRIDGE, SKYRIZI INTRAVENOUS (IV) SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
	design
	o Plaque Psoriasis (PP)
	o Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)
	o Crohn's Disease (CD)
	Ulcerative Colitis (UC)
Required	Plaque Psoriasis
Medical	Documentation of disease that is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment
Information:	as defined by one of the following:
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) of greater than or equal to 11
	 Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) greater than or equal to 13
	 Severe disease on other validated tools
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement
	preventing normal social interaction
	Documentation of one or more of the following:
	 At least 10% body surface area involvement; or
	 Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement
	Psoriatic Arthritis
	 Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or greater
	based on chart notes
	 Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point, OR a
	family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
	Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point
	Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
	Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
	Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point
	o Suxta-articular borie formation on facility (distinct from osteophytes). One point
	Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis
	Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy
	Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment
Appropriate	Plaque Psoriasis
Treatment	 Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least two systemic therapies: methotrexate,
Regimen &	cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy (UVB, PUVA)
Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12
	weeks of each therapy:
	 Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)
	AND
	 One of the following: Otezla, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp,
	Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), or Ilumya



Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented treatment failure of at least 12 weeks with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying anti-rheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Otezla, Simponi Aria, Orencia, or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Crohn's Disease

- Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide OR
- Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease
 OR
- Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following:
 - Fistulizing disease
 - Stricture
 - o Presence of abscess/phlegmon
 - Deep ulcerations
 - Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal gastrointestinal involvement

AND

- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Entyvio or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Ulcerative Colitis

 Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine

OR

 Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for ulcerative colitis

AND

- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola) AND
 - One of the following: Entyvio or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp,



	Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)
	<u>QL</u>
	PP/PsA:
	o Induction: 150 mg at week 0 and 4
	 Maintenance: 150 mg per 84 days
	Crohn's Disease:
	 Induction: 600 mg IV at weeks 0, 4, and 8
	 Maintenance: 360 mg subcutaneously every 8 weeks, beginning week 12
	Ulcerative Colitis
	 Induction: 1200 mg IV at weeks 0, 4, and 8
	 Maintenance: 360 mg subcutaneously every 8 weeks, beginning week 12
	Reauthorization
F	Documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is
Criteria:	not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, dermatologist, or gastroenterologist as
Restrictions:	appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: RISDIPLAM

Affected Medications: EVRYSDI (Risdiplam)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Spinal muscular atrophy (SMA)
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of SMA type 1, 2, or 3 confirmed by genetic testing of chromosome 5q13.2 demonstrating ONE of the following: Homozygous gene deletion of SMN1 (survival motor neuron 1) Homozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Compound heterozygous gene mutation of SMN1 Documentation of 4 or fewer copies of the SMN2 (survival motor neuron 2) gene Documentation of one of the following baseline motor assessments appropriate for patient age and motor function: Hammersmith Infant Neurological Examination (HINE-2) Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale (HFSME) Children's Hospital of Philadelphia Infant Test of Neuromuscular Disorders (CHOP-INTEND) Upper Limb Module (ULM) test 6-Minute Walk Test (6MWT) Documentation of previous treatment history Documentation of ventilator use status: Patient is NOT ventilator-dependent (defined as using a ventilator at least 16 hours per day on at least 21 of the last 30 days) This does not apply to patients who require non-invasive ventilator assistance Patient weight and planned treatment regimen
Appropriate	Reauthorization: documentation of improvement in baseline motor assessment score,
Treatment	clinically meaningful stabilization, or delayed progression of SMA-associated signs and
Regimen & Other	symptoms
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 SMA type 4 Advanced SMA at baseline (complete paralysis of limbs, permanent ventilation support) Prior treatment with SMA gene therapy (i.e., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi) Will not use in combination with other agents for SMA (e.g., onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi, nusinersen, etc.)
Age Restriction:	, and the state of
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider who is experienced in treatment of spinal muscular atrophy
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

RITUXIMAB

Affected Medications: RITUXAN (rituximab), RITUXAN HYCLEA (rituximab & hyaluronidase subcutaneous), TRUXIMA (rituximab-abbs), RUXIENCE (rituximab-pvvr), RIABNI (rituximab-arrx)

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia-supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 - Rheumatoid arthritis (RA)
 - Relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS)
 - Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
 - Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
 - Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
 - Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD)
 - Microscopic polyangiitis (MPA)
 - Granulomatosis with polyangiitis (GPA)
 - Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA)
 - o Pemphigus vulgaris (PV) and other autoimmune blistering skin diseases
 - o Immune thrombocytopenia (ITP), relapsed or refractory
- National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2 or higher

Required Medical Information:

Documentation of disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course

Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)

- Documentation of moderate to severe disease despite current treatment
- Documented current level of disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale):
 - Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
 - Simplified Disease Activity Index (SDAI) greater than 11
 - Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
 - Weighted RAPID3 of at least 2.3

Microscopic Polyangiitis (MPA) or Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis (GPA)

Documentation of active MPA or GPA

Eosinophilic Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis (EGPA)

- Documentation of active EGPA
 - For severe EGPA: documentation of organ or life-threatening manifestations as defined by the American College of Rheumatology/Vasculitis Foundation (ACR/VF) guidelines

<u>RRMS</u>

- Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS
 - Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS

CIS

 Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that



are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)

Active SPMS

- Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
- Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)
- Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5

NMOSD

- Diagnosis of seropositive aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD confirmed by all the following:
 - Documentation of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-based assay
 - o Exclusion of alternative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis)
 - o At least **one** core clinical characteristic:
 - Acute optic neuritis
 - Acute myelitis
 - Acute area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained hiccups or nausea/vomiting)
 - Acute brainstem syndrome
 - Symptomatic narcolepsy OR acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with NMOSD-typical diencephalic lesion on magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) [see table below]
 - Acute cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see table below]

Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings
Diencephalic syndrome	Periependymal lesionHypothalamic/thalamic lesion
Acute cerebral syndrome	 Extensive periependymal lesion Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion Long corticospinal tract lesion Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion

Pemphigus Vulgaris (PV) and other autoimmune blistering skin diseases (such as but not limited to pemphigus foliaceus, bullous pemphigoid, cicatricial pemphigoid, epidermolysis bullosa acquisita, and paraneoplastic pemphigus)

- Diagnosis confirmed by biopsy
- Documented severe or refractory disease with failure to conventional topical and oral systemic therapies



Immune Thrombocytopenia (ITP), Relapsed or Refractory

- Platelet count less than 20,000/microliter AND
- One of the following:
 - Documented steroid dependence to maintain platelets/prevent bleeding with ITP equal or greater than 3 months
 - Lack of clinically meaningful response to corticosteroids (defined as inability to increase platelets to at least 50,000/mcl)

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

All Uses

- Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
- Coverage of Rituxan or Rituxan Hycela requires documentation of one of the following:
 - A documented intolerable adverse event to the preferred products, Riabni, Truxima and Ruxience, and the adverse event was not an expected adverse event attributed to the active ingredient

Oncology Uses:

 Documentation of ECOG performance status of 1 or 2 OR Karnofsky performance score greater than 50%

RA

- Initial Course: Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)
- Dose is approved for up to 2 doses of 1,000 mg given every 2 weeks
- Repeat Course: Approve if 16 weeks or more after the first dose of the previous rituximab regimen and the patient has responded (e.g., less joint pain, morning stiffness, or fatigue, or improved mobility, or decreased soft tissue swelling in joints or tendon sheaths) as determined by the prescribing physician

MPA and **GPA**

- **Initial:** May include one-time induction dose (e.g., 1,000 mg once every 2 weeks for 2 doses **or** 375 mg/m² once weekly for 4 doses), to be used in combination with a systemic glucocorticoid
- Maintenance: Approvable for up to 1,000 mg annually. Higher doses will require documentation to support (e.g., positive ANCA titers, detection of CD19+ lymphocytes)

EGPA

- Non-severe
 - Documented treatment failure with a corticosteroid
 - Documented treatment failure with an oral immunosuppressive therapy: azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate, leflunomide
- Severe
 - Documentation that rituximab will be administered in combination with a systemic glucocorticoid

Relapsing Forms of MS

- Initiation: May include one-time induction dose (e.g., 1,000 mg once every 2 weeks for 2 doses)
- Maintenance: Approvable up to 2,000 mg annually. Higher doses will require documentation to support



	 NMOSD Initial: May include one-time induction dose (e.g., 1,000 mg once every 2 weeks for 2 doses) Maintenance: Approvable up to 2,000 mg annually. Higher doses will require documentation to support (e.g., detection of CD19+ lymphocytes)
	 PV and other autoimmune blistering skin diseases Documentation that rituximab will be administered in combination with a systemic glucocorticoid (if or when appropriate)
	 Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of a corticosteroid AND Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of an immunosuppressant at an adequate dose (e.g., azathioprine, mycophenolate, methotrexate, etc.) or other appropriate corticosteroid-sparing therapy
	 All other indications A Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved or compendia supported dose, frequency, and duration of therapy Documented treatment failure with first line recommended and conventional therapies
	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 MS: Concurrent anti-CD20-directed therapy or other disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS Other non-oncology indications: Concurrent use with targeted immune modulators
Age Restriction:	G,
Prescriber Restrictions:	 For RA, GPA, MPA, EGPA– Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist For CLL, NHL– Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist For MS, NMOSD- Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist For PV- Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization MPA, GPA, EGPA, PV: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Oncology: 4 months, unless otherwise specified RA, MS, NMSOD: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

RNA INTERFERENCE DRUGS FOR PRIMARY HYPEROXALURIA 1 Affected Medications: OXLUMO (lumasiran), RIVFLOZA (nedosiran)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by	
	plan design	
	 Primary hyperoxaluria type 1 (PH1) 	
Required Medical	A diagnosis of primary hyperoxaluria type 1 (PH1) confirmed by genetic testing confirming	
Information:	presence of AGXT gene mutation	
	Metabolic testing demonstrating elevated urinary oxalate excretion	
	Presence of clinical manifestations diagnostic of PH1 such as:	
	 Metabolic testing demonstrating elevated urinary glycolate excretion 	
	 Normal levels of levels of L-glyceric acid (elevation indicates PH type 2) 	
	 Normal levels of hydroxy-oxo-glutarate (elevation indicates PH type 3) 	
	For Rivfloza: eGFR of 30 or more	
Appropriate	For Rivfloza: Trial and failure or contraindication with Oxlumo	
Treatment		
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization will require documentation of the following criteria related to treatment	
Criteria:	success:	
G.1101101	Reduction from baseline in urine or plasma oxalate levels	
	• Improvement, stabilization, or slowed worsening of one more clinical manifestation of PH1	
	(i.e., nephrocalcinosis, renal stone events, renal impairment, systemic oxalosis)	
Exclusion Criteria:	Diagnosis of primary hyperoxaluria type 2 or type 3	
	Secondary hyperoxaluria	
	Concurrent use of another RNA interference drug for PH1	
Age Restriction:	For Rivfloza: Age in accordance with FDA labeling	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist, urologist, geneticist, or physician	
Restrictions:	specialized in the treatment of PH1	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: ROMIPLOSTIM

Affected Medications: NPLATE (romiplostim)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
Govered Gaea.	design
	Adult patients with immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who have had an insufficient
	response to corticosteroids, immunoglobulins, or splenectomy
	Pediatric patients 1 year of age and older with ITP for at least 6 months who have had
	an insufficient response to corticosteroids, immunoglobulins, or splenectomy
	Adult and pediatric patients (including term neonates) with acute exposure to
	myelosuppressive radiation doses.
Required Medical	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP:
Information:	Documentation of ONE of the following:
information:	
	·
	Platelet count less than 30,000/microliter AND symptomatic bleeding Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased right for bleeding.
	o Platelet count less than 50,000/microliter AND increased risk for bleeding (such as
	peptic ulcer disease, use of antiplatelets or anticoagulants, history of bleeding at
	higher platelet count, need for surgery or invasive procedure)
	Usmatanaistia ayndrama af asyta radiation ayndrama.
	 Hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome: Suspected or confirmed exposure to radiation levels greater than 2 gray (Gy)
	Suspected of confirmed exposure to radiation levels greater than 2 gray (Gy)
Appropriate	Current weight
Treatment	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP:
on to ha	Documentation of inadequate response, defined as platelets did not increase to at least
	50,000/microliter, to the following therapies:
	 ONE of the following:
	 Inadequate response with at least 2 therapies for ITP, including
	corticosteroids, rituximab, or immunoglobulin
	 Splenectomy
	o Promacta
	Reauthorization (ITP only):
	Response to treatment with platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter (not to exceed)
	400,000/microliter)
	OR
	• The platelet counts have not increased to a platelet count of at least 50,000/microliter and the
	patient has NOT been on the maximum dose for at least 4 weeks
	Hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome



Exclusion	Treatment of thrombocytopenia due to myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS)
Criteria:	 Use in combination with another thrombopoietin receptor agonist, spleen tyrosine kinase inhibitor, or similar treatments (Promacta, Doptelet, Tavalisse)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Thrombocytopenia in patients with ITP:
Duration:	Initial Approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Hematopoietic syndrome of acute radiation syndrome:
	1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ROMOSOZUMAB

Affected Medications: EVENITY (romosozumab-aqqg)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
Covereu Oses.	design
	Treatment of osteoporosis in postmenopausal women at high risk for fracture, defined
	as one of the following:
	History of osteoporotic fracture
	Multiple risk fractures for fracture
	 History of treatment failure or intolerance to other available osteoporosis
	therapy
Required Medical	Diagnosis of osteoporosis as defined by at least one of the following:
Information:	 T-score less than or equal to -2.5 (current or past) at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3 radius site
	 ○ T-score between −1.0 and −2.5 at the lumbar spine, femoral neck, total hip, or 1/3
	radius site AND increased risk of fracture as defined by at least one of the following
	Fracture Risk Assessment Tool (FRAX) scores:
	 FRAX 10-year probability of major osteoporotic fracture is 20% or
	greater
	■ FRAX 10-year probability of hip fracture is 3% or greater
A	History of non-traumatic fractures in the absence of other metabolic bone disorders
Appropriate	Treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerance to all the following:
Treatment	o Intravenous bisphosphonate (zoledronic acid or ibandronate)
Regimen & Other	o Prolia (denosumab)
Criteria:	Total duration of therapy with Evenity should not exceed 12 months in a lifetime
Exclusion	Heart attack or stroke event within the preceding year
Criteria:	 Concurrent use of bisphosphonates, parathyroid hormone analogs or RANK ligand inhibitors
Oritoria.	 Hypocalcemia that is uncorrected prior to initiating Evenity
Ana Dantriotion	Trypocalcernia triat is discorrected prior to initiating Evenity
Age Restriction: Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Approval: 12 months lifetime maximum
Duration:	



POLICY NAME: RYPLAZIM

Affected Medications: RYPLAZIM

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Plasminogen Deficiency Type 1
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of symptomatic congenital plasminogen deficiency (C-PLGD) type 1, as evidenced by documentation of all the following: Clinical signs and symptoms of the disease (such as ligneous conjunctivitis, gingivitis, tonsillitis, abnormal wound healing) Presence of (ligneous) pseudomembranous lesions with documentation of size, location, and total number of lesions Baseline plasminogen activity level less than or equal to 45% of laboratory standard
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dosing Dosing may not exceed 6.6 mg/kg every 2 days Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	 Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy, defined as the following: Trough plasminogen activity level (taken 72 hours after dose) increased by 10% or greater above baseline Improvement (reduction) in lesion number/size from baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	 Prior treatment failure with Ryplazim Treatment of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SACROSIDASE

Affected Medications: SUCRAID (Sacrosidase)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Oral replacement therapy for congenital sucrase-isomaltase deficiency (CSID)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed congenital sucrose-isomaltase deficiency, diagnosed by one of the following: Small bowel biopsy Sucrose breath test Genetic test Documentation of current symptoms (e.g., diarrhea, abdominal pain or cramping, bloating, gas, loose stools, nausea, vomiting) Reauthorization: requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy (fewer stools, lower number of symptoms)
Appropriate	
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	5 months or older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist or metabolic specialist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SAPROPTERIN

Affected Medications: SAPROPTERIN, JAVYGTOR

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by benefit design Reduce phenylalanine (Phe) levels in those that are one month of age and older with phenylketonuria (PKU)
Required Medical	Documentation of a diagnosis of PKU
Information:	Baseline (pre-treatment) blood Phe level greater than or equal to 360 micromol/L (6 mg/dL)
	Documentation of failure to Phe restricted diet as monotherapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	Documentation of continuation on a Phe restricted diet
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of one of the following:
Criteria.	 Reduction in baseline Phe levels by 30 percent or levels maintained between 120 to 360 micromol/L (2 to 6 mg/dL)
	Increase in dietary Phe tolerance
	Improvement in clinical symptoms
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in metabolic disorders or endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial approval: 2 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SARILUMAB

Affected Medications: KEVZARA AUTO-INJECTOR, KEVZARA PREFILLED SYRINGE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA) Polymyalgia Rheumatica (PMR) Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (pJIA)
Required Medical Information:	 Rheumatoid Arthritis Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective scale) Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) is greater than 3.2 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) is greater than 10 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3 Polymyalgia Rheumatica Age 50 years or older at onset
	 Elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) or C-reactive protein (CRP) Confirmation of PMR according to the American College of Rheumatology/European Union League against Rheumatism (ACR/EULAR) classification criteria (score of 4 or more) Morning stiffness greater than 45 min in duration -2 points Hip pain or limited range of motion - 1 point Absence of rheumatoid factor (RF) or anticitrullinated protein antibody (ACPA) - 2 points Absence of other joint involvement - 1 point Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD global score) or active joint count
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Rheumatoid Arthritis Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide) Documentation of treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) for 12 weeks or greater with Infliximab (preferred products Inflectra, Avsola) or Actemra IV Polymyalgia Rheumatica
	 Clinical response to low dose glucocorticoids (prednisone 15mg/day or equivalent) within a week of initiation with inability to complete gradual (2- 4 week) taper Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide AND Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at 12 weeks of two of the following therapies: Actemra IV, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), and Simponi Aria



	QL RA/PMR/JIA: 200 mg every 2 weeks Reauthorization: Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME:

SATRALIZUMAB-MWGE

Affected Medications: ENSPRYNG (satralizumab-mwge)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD) in adult patients who are antiaquaporin-4 (AQP4) antibody positive 			
Required Medical Information:	all the following: Documentation of Exclusion of alte Exclusion of alte At least one core Acu Acu Acu Acu Acu Acu Acu Acu Acu Ac	re aquaporin-4 immunoglobulin G (AQP4-IgG) NMOSD confirmed by of AQP4-IgG-specific antibodies on cell-based assay mative diagnoses (such as multiple sclerosis) eclinical characteristic: atte optic neuritis atte myelitis atte area postrema syndrome (episode of otherwise unexplained cups or nausea/vomiting) atte brainstem syndrome mptomatic narcolepsy OR acute diencephalic clinical syndrome with OSD-typical diencephalic lesion on magnetic resonance imaging RI) [see table below] atte cerebral syndrome with NMOSD-typical brain lesion on MRI [see the below]		
	Clinical presentation	Possible MRI findings		
	Diencephalic syndrome Acute cerebral syndrome	 Periependymal lesion Hypothalamic/thalamic lesion Extensive periependymal lesion Long, diffuse, heterogenous, or edematous corpus callosum lesion 		
		 Long corticospinal tract lesion Large, confluent subcortical or deep white matter lesion 		
	History of at least 1 attack in the past year, or at least 2 attacks in the past 2 years, requiring rescue therapy			
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented inadequate response, contraindication, or intolerance to rituximab (preferred agents Truxima, Riabni, and Ruxience) Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success			
Exclusion Criteria:	Active Hepatitis B VirusActive or untreated later	·		



	Concurrent use with other disease-modifying biologics for requested indication
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or neuro-ophthalmologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SEBELIPASE ALFA

Affected Medications KANUMA (sebelipase alfa)

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Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded
	by plan design
	 Treatment of Lysosomal Acid Lipase (LAL) deficiency
Required Medical	 Diagnosis of LAL deficiency or Rapidly Progressive LAL deficiency within the first 6
Information:	months of life confirmed by one of the following:
	 Absence or deficiency in lysosomal acid lipase activity
	 Mutation in the lipase A, lysosomal acid type (LIPA) gene
	Documentation of patient weight
	Documentation of prescribed treatment regimen (dose and frequency)
	Baseline fasting lipid panel including LDL-c prior to initiating therapy (not required for
	Rapidly Progressive LAL deficiency)
Appropriate Treatment	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be
Regimen & Other	enforced
Criteria:	omorood .
Criteria.	Reauthorization
Exclusion Criteria:	Enter delicionery, decamentation of improvement in EDE c
Exolucion Critoria.	
Age Restriction:	1 month or older
rigo ricottiono	1 month of older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or metabolic specialist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	···
Restrictions:	 1 month or older Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist or metabolic specialist Initial Approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SECUKINUMAB

Affected Medications COSENTYX PREFILLED SYRINGE, COSENTYX SENSOREADY AUTO-INJECTOR, COSENTYX UNOREADY AUTO-INJECTOR, COSENTYX IV SOLUTION

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
	plan design		
	o Plaque Psoriasis (PP)		
	 Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA) 		
	 Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS) 		
	Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis (NR-axSPA)		
	Enthesitis-Related Arthritis (ERA)		
	Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis (JPsA) Hidradonitis Supporting (US)		
	o Hidradenitis Suppurativa (HS)		
Required Medical	Plaque Psoriasis		
Information:	Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional		
	impairment as defined by one of the following:		
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater 		
	 Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater 		
	 Severe disease on other validated tools 		
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial 		
	involvement preventing normal social interaction		
	AND		
	Documentation of one or more of the following:		
	At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment		
	OR		
	 Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement 		
	Traina, rees, et massas membrane invertement		
	Psoriatic Arthritis		
	 Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or 		
	greater based on chart notes:		
	 Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point, 		
	OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point		
	Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point		
	 Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point 		
	Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point		
	 Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point 		
	Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis		
	Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by sacroillitis on imaging AND at least		
	spondyloarthritis feature:		
	o Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):		
	 Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years Insidious onset 		
	Insidious onset		

Improvement with exercise No improvement with rest

Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)



- o Arthritis
- o Enthesitis
- Uveitis
- Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
- Psoriasis
- Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
- o Good response to nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
- Family history of SpA
- Elevated C-reactive protein (CRP)

OR

- HLA-B27 genetic test positive AND at least TWO SpA features
- Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale

Enthesitis-Related Arthritis or Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis

- Diagnosis of ERA confirmed by presence of the following:
 - o Arthritis persisting at least 6 weeks AND enthesitis present

OR

- Arthritis or enthesitis with two of the following features:
 - Sacroiliac tenderness or inflammatory lumbosacral pain
 - Positive HLA-B27
 - Onset of arthritis in males greater than 6 years of age
 - Acute symptomatic anterior uveitis
 - First-degree relative with ERA, sacroilitis associated with inflammatory bowel disease, reactive arthritis, or acute anterior uveitis

OR

- Diagnosis of JPsA confirmed by presence of:
 - Arthritis and psoriasis

OR

- Arthritis and at least 2 of the following:
 - Dactylitis
 - Nail pitting or onycholysis
 - Psoriasis in a first-degree relative

Hidradenitis Suppurativa

- Diagnosis of moderate to severe HS as defined by Hurley stage II or stage III disease
- Documentation of baseline count of abscesses and inflammatory nodules

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Plaque Psoriasis

- Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies: methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA]
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Otezla, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), or Ilumya

Psoriatic Arthritis



- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

- One of the following: Orencia, Otezla, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), or Simponi Aria
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation (exception made for concomitant plaque psoriasis use)

Ankylosing Spondylitis, Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis

- Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each OR
- For peripheral arthritis: documented treatment failure with locally administered parenteral glucocorticoid
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

- One of the following: Simponi Aria or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with intravenous formulation (exception made for concomitant plaque psoriasis use)

Enthesitis-Related Arthritis or Juvenile Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented treatment failure with a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (ibuprofen, naproxen, celecoxib, meloxicam, etc.) with a minimum trial of 1 month
- Documented treatment failure with at least one of the following disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (DMARDs) with a minimum trial of 12 weeks: methotrexate, sulfasalazine, leflunomide

Hidradenitis Suppurativa

- Documented failure with at least 12-week trial of oral antibiotics for treatment of HS:
 - Doxycycline, tetracycline, minocycline OR
 - o Clindamycin plus rifampin
- Documented failure with 8 weeks on a systemic retinoid (isotretinoin or acitretin)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of:
 - Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola)
 AND
 - Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

QL

- Induction
 - Adult PP: 4 two-packs (300 mg) in first 28 days



	Pediatric PP/JPsA/ERA:
	 Less than 50 kg: four 75 mg doses in the first 28 days
	 Greater than or equal to 50 kg: four 150 mg doses in the first 28 days
	o HS: 4 two-packs (300 mg) in first 28 days
	Maintenance
	o Adult PP: 1 two-pack (300 mg) per 28 days
	o Pediatric PP/JPsA/ERA:
	Less than 50 kg: 75 mg per 28 days
	 Greater than or equal to 50 kg: 150 mg per 28 days
	 PsA without PP/AS/NR-axSPA: 1 injection (150 mg) per 28 days
	 If a patient continues to have active disease, a dosage of 300 mg may be
	considered
	■ HS: 1 two-pack (300 mg) per 28 days
	Reauthorization
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other biologic therapy or Otezla is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/ dermatologist as appropriate for
Restrictions:	diagnosis
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



SELEXIPAG FOR INJECTION

Affected Medications: UPTRAVI Intravenous (IV)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH), World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed by right heart catheterization Etiology of PAH (idiopathic, heritable, or associated with connective tissue disease) New York Heart Association (NYHA)/WHO Functional Class II to III symptoms Current and complete treatment course Current and/or anticipated barriers to continuing oral therapy
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria:	 For temporary use in patients established on a stable dose of oral Uptravi who are temporarily unable to continue oral therapy. Dose of twice daily intravenous infusion corresponds to current dose of Uptravi tablets. Use in patients not established on a stable dose of oral Uptravi to initiate therapy.
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	1 month, unless otherwise specified



SELF-ADMINISTERED DRUGS (SAD)

PA Policy Applicable to: Please refer to package insert for directions on self-administration.

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design.
Required Medical Information:	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 In the hospital outpatient setting, the pharmacy benefit will cover pharmaceutical agents that the member can reasonably take or use on their own, while the medical benefit will cover any agents given intravenously (IV) or other forms that the member cannot give to themselves.
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	



POLICY NAME: SELUMETINIB

Affected Medications KOSELUGO (selumetinib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Neurofibromatosis type 1 with symptomatic, inoperable plexiform neurofibromas in pediatric patients 2 years of age and older National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or better Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) with inoperable plexiform neurofibromas
Medical Information:	 Documentation of diagnosis of symptomatic and/or progressive, inoperable NF1, defined as one or more plexiform neurofibromas that cannot be completely removed without risk for substantial morbidity due to encasement of, or close proximity to, vital structures, invasiveness, or high vascularity Documentation of 2 or more of the following clinical diagnostic criteria as evaluated by a multidisciplinary specialist care team (A child of a parent with NF1 can be diagnosed if one or more of these criteria are met): Six or more café-au-lait macules over 5 mm in greatest diameter in prepubertal individuals and over 15 mm in greatest diameter in postpubertal individuals Freckling in the axillary or inguinal region Two or more neurofibromas of any type or one plexiform neurofibroma Optic pathway glioma Two or more iris Lisch nodules identified by slit lamp examination or two or more choroidal abnormalities A distinctive osseous lesion such as sphenoid dysplasia, anterolateral bowing of the tibia, or pseudarthrosis of a long bone A heterozygous pathogenic NF1 variant with a variant allele fraction of 50% in apparently normal tissue such as white blood cells
	NCCN Indications Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment	Documented body surface area (BSA) and prescribed dose
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Criteria:	 For NF1: defined as a decrease in tumor volume from baseline and improvement in symptoms, such as pain
Exclusion	NCCN Indications
Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) with inoperable plexiform neurofibromas 2 years of age to less than 19 years of age



Prescriber Restrictions:	 Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) with inoperable plexiform neurofibromas Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric oncologist or specialist with experience in the treatment of neurofibromatosis
	 NCCN Indications Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SEROSTIM

Affected Medications: SEROSTIM (somatropin)

	SEROSTIM (somatropin)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 HIV (human immunodeficiency virus) -associated wasting, cachexia
Required Medical	Documentation of current body mass index (BMI), actual body weight, and ideal body weight
Information:	(IBW)
in or mation.	(10***)
	Serostim is used in combination with antiretroviral therapy to which the patient has
	documented compliance
	Alternative causes of wasting (e.g., inadequate nutrition intake, malabsorption, opportunistic
	infections, hypogonadism) have been ruled out or treated appropriately
	 Prior to somatropin, patient had a suboptimal response to at least 1 other therapy for wasting
	or cachexia (e.g., megestrol, dronabinol, cyproheptadine, or testosterone therapy if
	hypogonadal) unless contraindicated or not tolerated
	 Diagnosis of HIV-association wasting syndrome or cachexia confirmed by one of the
	following:
	 Unintentional weight loss greater than or equal to 10% of body weight over prior 12
	months
	 Unintentional weight loss greater than or equal to 5% of body weight over prior 6
	months
	o BMI less than 20 kg/m ²
	Weight is less than 90% of IBW
	
Appropriate	Reauthorization:
Treatment	
Treatment Regimen & Other	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g.,
Treatment	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g., improved or stabilized BMI, increased physical endurance compared to baseline, etc.)
Treatment Regimen & Other	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g.,
Treatment Regimen & Other	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g., improved or stabilized BMI, increased physical endurance compared to baseline, etc.)
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g., improved or stabilized BMI, increased physical endurance compared to baseline, etc.) Documentation of continued compliance to antiretroviral regimen Acute critical illness due to complications following open heart or abdominal surgery, multiple
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g., improved or stabilized BMI, increased physical endurance compared to baseline, etc.) Documentation of continued compliance to antiretroviral regimen Acute critical illness due to complications following open heart or abdominal surgery, multiple accidental traumas, or acute respiratory failure
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g., improved or stabilized BMI, increased physical endurance compared to baseline, etc.) Documentation of continued compliance to antiretroviral regimen Acute critical illness due to complications following open heart or abdominal surgery, multiple accidental traumas, or acute respiratory failure Active malignancy
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g., improved or stabilized BMI, increased physical endurance compared to baseline, etc.) Documentation of continued compliance to antiretroviral regimen Acute critical illness due to complications following open heart or abdominal surgery, multiple accidental traumas, or acute respiratory failure Active malignancy Acute respiratory failure
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g., improved or stabilized BMI, increased physical endurance compared to baseline, etc.) Documentation of continued compliance to antiretroviral regimen Acute critical illness due to complications following open heart or abdominal surgery, multiple accidental traumas, or acute respiratory failure Active malignancy
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g., improved or stabilized BMI, increased physical endurance compared to baseline, etc.) Documentation of continued compliance to antiretroviral regimen Acute critical illness due to complications following open heart or abdominal surgery, multiple accidental traumas, or acute respiratory failure Active malignancy Acute respiratory failure Active proliferative or severe non-proliferative diabetic retinopathy
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber	 Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g., improved or stabilized BMI, increased physical endurance compared to baseline, etc.) Documentation of continued compliance to antiretroviral regimen Acute critical illness due to complications following open heart or abdominal surgery, multiple accidental traumas, or acute respiratory failure Active malignancy Acute respiratory failure
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g., improved or stabilized BMI, increased physical endurance compared to baseline, etc.) Documentation of continued compliance to antiretroviral regimen Acute critical illness due to complications following open heart or abdominal surgery, multiple accidental traumas, or acute respiratory failure Active malignancy Acute respiratory failure Active proliferative or severe non-proliferative diabetic retinopathy
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:	 Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g., improved or stabilized BMI, increased physical endurance compared to baseline, etc.) Documentation of continued compliance to antiretroviral regimen Acute critical illness due to complications following open heart or abdominal surgery, multiple accidental traumas, or acute respiratory failure Active malignancy Acute respiratory failure Active proliferative or severe non-proliferative diabetic retinopathy Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist
Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria: Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction: Prescriber	 Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy (e.g., improved or stabilized BMI, increased physical endurance compared to baseline, etc.) Documentation of continued compliance to antiretroviral regimen Acute critical illness due to complications following open heart or abdominal surgery, multiple accidental traumas, or acute respiratory failure Active malignancy Acute respiratory failure Active proliferative or severe non-proliferative diabetic retinopathy Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease specialist



POLICY NAME: SIGNIFOR

Affected Medications: SIGNIFOR (pasireotide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Cushing's disease
Required Medical Information:	Documented diagnosis of Cushing's disease Documentation of at least TWO of the following:
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documented inadequate response, intolerable adverse event, or contraindication to ketoconazole and cabergoline Documentation confirming pituitary surgery is not an option OR previous surgery has not been curative
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success defined as mUFC normalization (i.e., less than or equal to the ULN)
Exclusion Criteria:	Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh C)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SIGNIFOR LAR

Affected Medications: SIGNIFOR LAR (pasireotide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Acromegaly
	Cushing's disease
Required Medical Information:	 Acromegaly Documentation confirming clinical manifestations of disease Diagnosis of acromegaly confirmed by ONE of the following: Elevated pre-treatment serum insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) level for age/gender Serum growth hormone (GH) level of 1 microgram/mL or greater after an oral glucose tolerance test (OGTT)
	 Cushing's Disease Documented diagnosis of Cushing's disease Documentation of at least TWO of the following: Mean 24-hour urine free cortisol (mUFC) greater than 1.5 times the upper limit of normal (ULN) for the assay (at least two measurements) Bedtime salivary cortisol greater than 145 ng/dL (at least two measurements) Overnight dexamethasone suppression test (DST) with a serum cortisol greater than 1.8 mcg/dL
Appropriate	Acromegaly
Treatment	Documented treatment failure or intolerance to lanreotide (Somatuline Depot) OR
Regimen & Other	Sandostatin LAR
Criteria:	Documentation confirming ONE of the following:
	 Inadequate response to surgery or radiotherapy
	 Not a candidate for surgical management or radiotherapy (e.g., medically unstable, high risk for complications under anesthesia, major systemic complications of acromegaly, severe hypertension, uncontrolled diabetes, etc.) Dosing: Not to exceed 60 mg every 4 weeks (after 3 months of 40 mg)
	 Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success shown by decreased/normalized IGF-1 or GH levels
	Cushing's Disease
	 Documentation confirming pituitary surgery is not an option OR previous surgery has not been curative
	Documented treatment failure or intolerance to ketoconazole and cabergoline
	Dosing: Not to exceed 40 mg every 4 weeks (after 4 months of 10 mg)
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as UFC normalization (i.e., less than or equal to the ULN)
Exclusion Criteria:	Severe hepatic impairment (Child Pugh C)



Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SILTUXIMAB

Affected Medications: SYLVANT (siltuximab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of patients with multicentric Castleman's disease (MCD) who are human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) negative and human herpesvirus-8 (HHV-8) negative National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course The diagnosis was confirmed by biopsy of lymph gland Documented negative tests for HIV and HHV-8 Patient weight
Appropriate	Dosing
Treatment	MCD: 11 mg/kg intravenous (IV) infusion once every 3 weeks until treatment failure
Regimen & Other	Cytokine release syndrome (CRS): 11 mg/kg IV infusion one time only
Criteria:	Availability: 100 mg and 400 mg vials
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
	requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	MCD:
	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	 Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	CRS: 1 month (1 dose only), unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SIROLIMUS GEL

Affected Medications: HYFTOR (sirolimus gel)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 For the treatment of facial angiofibroma (FA) associated with tuberous sclerosis complex (TSC)
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of FA associated with TSC which are:
Information:	 Rapidly changing in size and/or number
	 Causing functional interference, pain or bleeding
	 Inhibiting social interactions
	Current and baseline description of FA including lesion count, associated symptoms and
	complications, and overall severity
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with laser therapy and/or surgery (such as shave excision,
Treatment	cryotherapy, radiofrequency ablation, or dermabrasion), unless contraindicated
Regimen & Other	Desirtherization requires desumentation of a positive clinical response to the repy (decrease
Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of a positive clinical response to therapy (decrease in size and/or redness of facial angiofibromas)
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use of systemic mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR) inhibitors
	Treatment of non-facial angiofibroma
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, oncologist, or neurologist.
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified.
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified.



SODIUM PHENYLBUTYRATE

Affected Medications: sodium phenylbutyrate

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Adjunctive therapy in the chronic management of patients with urea cycle disorders (UCDs) involving deficiencies of carbamylphosphate synthetase (CPS), ornithine transcarbamylase (OTC), or argininosuccinic acid synthetase (AS) Neonatal-onset deficiency (complete enzymatic deficiency, presenting within the first 28 days of life) Late-onset disease (partial enzymatic deficiency, presenting after the first month of life) with history of hyperammonemic encephalopathy
Required Medical Information:	Diagnosis confirmed by blood, enzymatic, biochemical, or genetic testing
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Oral tablets require documented inability to use sodium phenylbutyrate powder Documented treatment failure with dietary protein restriction and/or amino acid supplementation alone Must be used in combination with dietary protein restriction Reauthorization will require BOTH of the following: Documentation of treatment success defined as ammonia levels maintained within normal limits That this drug continues to be used in combination with dietary protein restriction
Exclusion Criteria:	Use for management of acute hyperammonemia
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist experienced in the treatment of metabolic diseases
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



SOMATOSTATIN ANALOGS

Affected Medications: OCTREOTIDE, SANDOSTATIN LAR, LANREOTIDE (Somatuline Depot)

Covered Uses:

 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design

Octreotide, Sandostatin LAR:

- Acromegaly
- Symptomatic treatment of metastatic carcinoid tumors (carcinoid syndrome)
- Symptomatic treatment of vasoactive intestinal peptide tumors (VIPomas)

Lanreotide (Somatuline Depot):

- Acromegaly
- Carcinoid syndrome (to reduce the frequency of short-acting somatostatin analog rescue therapy)
- Unresectable, well- or moderately-differentiated, locally advanced or metastatic gastroenteropancreatic neuroendocrine tumors (GEP-NETs)
- NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher

Required Medical Information:

Acromegaly

- Documentation confirming clinical manifestations of disease
- Diagnosis of acromegaly confirmed by ONE of the following:
 - Elevated pre-treatment serum insulin-like growth factor-1 (IGF-1) level for age/gender
 - Serum growth hormone (GH) level of 1 microgram/mL or greater after an oral glucose tolerance test (OGTT)

All other indications

 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Acromegaly

- Documentation confirming ONE of the following:
 - Inadequate response to surgery or radiotherapy
 - Not a candidate for surgical management or radiotherapy (e.g., medically unstable, high risk for complications under anesthesia, major systemic complications of acromegaly, severe hypertension, uncontrolled diabetes, etc.)

Lanreotide (Somatuline Depot)

GEP-NETs must use 120 mg injection

Reauthorization:

- Acromegaly: requires documentation of treatment success shown by decreased/normalized IGF-1 or GH levels
- All other indications: requires documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy



Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist, endocrinologist, or gastroenterologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



SOTATERCEPT-CSRK

Affected Medications: WINREVAIR (sotatercept-csrk)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design o Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criteria: Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 5 Wood units Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH OR PAH secondary to one of the following conditions: Connective tissue disease Simple, congenital systemic to pulmonary shunts at least 1 year following repair Drugs and toxins New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class II or III symptoms Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium channel blockers) unless there are contraindications: Low systemic blood pressure (systolic blood pressure less than 90) Low cardiac index (cardiac index less than 2 L/min/m²) OR Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV) Baseline 6-minute walk test (6MWD)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation that drug will be used as an add-on treatment with all of the following (one from each category) at optimized doses for at least 90 days: Phosphodiesterase-5 (PDE-5) inhibitor: sildenafil, tadalafil Endothelin Receptor Antagonist: ambrisentan, bosentan Prostacyclin: treprostinil, epoprostenol, Ventavis Documentation of inadequate response or intolerance to oral calcium channel blocking agents (nifedipine, diltiazem) if positive Acute Vasoreactivity Test Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance (6MWD) Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion Criteria:	 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)-associated PAH PAH associated with portal hypertension Schistosomiasis-associated PAH Pulmonary veno-occlusive disease Platelet count less than 50,000/mm³ (50 x 109/L) Hemoglobin (Hgb) at screening above gender-specific upper limit of normal (ULN)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older



Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SPARSENTAN

Affected Medications: FILSPARI (sparsentan)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce proteinuria in adults with primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) at risk of rapid disease progression
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) confirmed with biopsy Documentation of ONE of the following (with labs current within 30 days of request): Proteinuria defined as equal to or greater than 1 g/day Urine protein-to-creatinine ratio (UPCR) greater than 1.5 g/g
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure (defined as proteinuria equal to or greater than 1 g/day OR UPCR greater than 1.5 g/g) with a minimum of 12 weeks of each of the following: Maximum tolerated dose of an angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) High dose glucocorticoid therapy such as oral prednisone or methylprednisolone (or an adverse effect to two or more glucocorticoid therapies that is not associated with the corticosteroid class)
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class A-C) Estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) that is less than 30 mL/min/1.73 m²
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist that is REMS certified
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SPESOLIMAB

Affected Medications: SPEVIGO (spesolimab-SBZO injection)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Generalized pustular psoriasis flares (GPP, also called von Zumbusch psoriasis)	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of generalized pustular psoriasis as confirmed by the following: The presence of widespread sterile pustules arising on erythematous skin Pustulation is not restricted to psoriatic plaques Signs and symptoms of an acute GPP flare of moderate-to-severe intensity as follows: A Generalized Pustular Psoriasis Physician Global Assessment (GPPGA) score of greater than or equal to 3 A GPPGA pustulation score of greater than or equal to 2 (moderate to very high-density pustules) Greater than or equal to 5% body surface area (BSA) covered with erythema and the presence of pustules 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documented treatment failure of acute disease flare (or documented intolerable adverse event) with:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Previous use of Spevigo Erythrodermic plaque psoriasis without pustules or with pustules restricted to psoriatic plaques Synovitis-acne-pustulosis-hyperostosis-osteitis syndrome Drug-induced acute generalized exanthematous pustulosis 	
Age Restriction: Prescriber Restrictions:		
	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: One month with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified	



SPHINGOSINE 1-PHOSPHATE (S1P) RECEPTOR MODULATORS

Affected Medications: MAYZENT (siponimod), PONVORY (ponesimod), VELSIPITY (etrasimod), ZEPOSIA (ozanimod)

Covered Uses:

- All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
 - Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following (Mayzent, Ponvory, Zeposia):
 - Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
 - Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
 - Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
 - Ulcerative colitis (UC) (Velsipity, Zeposia)

Required Medical Information:

RRMS

- Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS
 - Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be consistent with MS

CIS

 Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular, cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)

Active SPMS

- Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
- Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity (i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions **OR** new or enlarging lesions
- Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5

UC

- Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy
- Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Relapsing Forms of MS

- Mayzent, Ponvory, and Zeposia: Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance to)
 ALL the following: dimethyl fumarate, fingolimod
- No concurrent use of other disease modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS

UC

- Documentation of one of the following:
 - Treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine
 OR
 - Severely active disease despite current treatment, defined by greater than 5 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), **OR** recent hospitalization for UC



	 Documentation of treatment failure with (or intolerance to) at least 12 weeks of ALL of the following: infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola, Renflexis), Adalimumab (preferred biosimilar products: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Xeljanz, Entyvio Zeposia: Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure with (or intolerance to) Velsipity Currently receiving treatment with Zeposia, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance program
	Reauthorization: provider attestation of treatment success
Exclusion	Mayzent: CYP2C9*3/*3 genotype
Criteria:	
Age	
Restriction:	
Prescriber	MS: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or MS specialist
Restrictions:	UC: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist
Coverage	Initial Authorization:
Duration:	 UC: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	MS: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified
	- Readmonzation. 24 months, diffess otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: SPRAVATO

Affected Medications: SPRAVATO (esketamine nasal spray)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indicated. o Indicated, in conjunction with an oral antidepress resistant depression (TRD) in adults and depression depressive disorder (MDD) with acute suicidal idea.	sant, for the treatment of treatment sive symptoms in adults with major
Required	nosis of treatment-resistant depression:	
Medical	Assessment of patient's risk for abuse or misuse	
Information:	Patient Health Questionnaire-9 (PHQ-9) score at baseling	ine (or other standard rating scale)
	nosis of MDD with acute suicidal ideation or behavior: Assessment of patient's risk for abuse or misuse Montgomery-Asberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS) score above 15 or other standard rating scale indicating	,
Appropriate	tment - Resistent Depression:	
Treatment	Failure to clinically respond to three trials of antidepress	sant drugs at highest tolerated doses for
Regimen &	at least 6 weeks from two or more different classes durin	ing the current depressive episode as
Other Criteria:	defined by less than 50% reduction in symptom severity	y using a standard rating scale that
	eliably measures depressive symptoms (such as PHQ-	-9) and at least one trial must have used
	an augmentation strategy (aripiprazole, lithium, olanzap	pine, quetiapine, risperidone, thyroid
	normone)	
	Failure to respond to evidence based psychotherapy su	
	CBT) and/or Interpersonal Therapy as documented by	an objective scale such as a PHQ-9 or
	similar rating scale for depressive symptoms	
	Will use Spravato in addition to oral antidepressant there	• •
	Reauthorization (for TRD indication only) requires docu	
	as at least a 50% reduction in symptoms of depression	•
	ating scale that reliably measures depressive symptom	ns and that Spravato continues to be
	used in addition to antidepressant therapy	
	 Dose: Approve #8 dose packs in first 28 days, then limit of #4 per 28 days (maximum). Per table below 	
	Recommended Dosage for SPRAVATO	
	A	Adults
		Day 1 starting dose: 56 mg
		Subsequent doses: 56 mg or 84 mg



	Maintenance Phase	Weeks 5 to 8:	
		Administer once weekly	56 mg or 84 mg
		Week 9 and after:	
		Administer every 2 weeks or once weekly*	56 mg or 84 mg
	*Dosing frequency show remission/response	ıld be individualized to the lea	st frequent dosing to maintain
	is not currently at inpatiWill use Spravato in add	nt inpatient psychiatric hospit ent level of care dition to oral antidepressant tl	alization OR documentation of why patient nerapy (at a therapeutic dose) No reauthorization unless requirements for
Exclusion	Concomitant psychotic	disorder	
Criteria:	Bipolar or related disord	lers	
	 History of substance us 		
	 Use as an anesthetic ag 	gent	
	 Pregnancy 		
	-		abdominal aorta, intracranial, and
	1	els) or arteriovenous malform	ation
	History of intracerebral	· ·	
	 Hypersensitivity to eske 	tamine, ketamine, or any of the	ne excipients
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and old	er	
Prescriber	REMS Program certified	d (others will be unable to ord	er drua)
Restrictions:	Behavioral health speci	•	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Coverage	Initial authorization		
Duration:	Major depressive disord	ler (MDD) with acute suicidal	ideation or behavior: 1 month (limit #24
	nasal spray devices in 2	28 days of treatment only), un	less otherwise specified
	,	on phase – maximum of 23 n nance phase), unless otherwi	asal spray devices in first 28 days followed se specified
	Reauthorization (TRD indic	cation only): 6 months, unless	otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: STIRIPENTOL

Affected Medications: Diacomit (stiripentol) capsules

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by		
Govered Oses.	plan design		
	 Treatment of seizures associated with Dravet syndrome (DS) 		
Required Medical	Current weight		
Information:	Documentation that therapy is being used as adjunct to clobazam for seizures		
	Documentation of at least 4 generalized clonic or tonic-clonic seizures in the last month		
	while on stable antiepileptic drug therapy		
Appropriate Treatment	Documented treatment and inadequate control of seizures with at least four guideline		
Regimen & Other	directed therapies including:		
Criteria:	 Valproate and 		
	 Clobazam and 		
	 Topiramate and 		
	Clonazepam, levetiracetam, or zonisamide		
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a reduction in seizure		
	severity, frequency, or duration		
Fredrice Onitaria			
Exclusion Criteria:			
Ago Postriction:	6 months of age or older		
Age Restriction:	o monuto or ago or state		
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist		
Restrictions:			
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		
oo to ago Daration.	·		



POLICY NAME: STRENSIQ

Affected Medications: STRENSIQ (asfotase alfa)

0	All Francis Device A Latitude (FDA) and the first of the	
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan	
	design.	
	 Perinatal/infantile or Juvenile onset hypophosphatasia (HPP) 	
Required	Diagnosis of Perinatal/infantile or Juvenile onset hypophosphatasia (HPP) with ALL of the	
Medical	following:	
Information:	Age of onset less than 18 years	
	One of the following:	
	 Clinical manifestations consistent with hypophospatasia at onset prior to age 18 such as: vitamin B6 dependent seizures, respiratory insufficiency, failure to thrive, non- traumatic fracture, dental abnormalities, low score on 6 minute walk test, low bone density score 	
	 Skeletal abnormalities confirmed with radiographic imaging (such as flared and frayed metaphyses, widened growth plate, bowed arms or 	
	legs, rachitic chest deformity, craniosynostosis) • Genetic test confirming mutation of tissue-non-specific alkaline phosphatase (TNSALP)	
	gene	
	Low level of serum alkaline phosphatase (ALP) evidenced by lab result below reference range	
	for patient's age and gender	
	 Elevated levels of one of the following: Urine or serum concentration of phosphoethanolamine (PEA) 	
	 Urine or serum concentration of phosphoethanolamine (PEA) Serum concentration of pyridoxal 5'-phosphate (PLP) in the absence of vitamin 	
	supplements within one week prior to the test Urinary inorganic pyrophosphate (PPi)	
Appropriate Treatment	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Please note: the 80mg/0.8ml vial is for patients weighing greater than 40 kilograms only 	
Regimen &	Reauthorization requires documentation of:	
Other Criteria:	Laboratory results confirming a decrease in urine concentration of urine or serum	
	phosphoethanolamine (PEA), serum concentration of pyridoxal 5'-phosphate (PLP), or urinary	
	inorganic pyrophosphate (PPi)	
	 Improvement or stabilization in the clinical signs and symptoms of hypophosphatasia, such as: 	
	Radiographic evidence of improvement in skeletal deformities or growth	
	Improvement in 6-minute walk test	
	 Improved bone density 	
	Reduction in fractures	
	Respiratory function/breathing	
	 Improvement in developmental milestones 	
Exclusion Criteria:	Other types of osteomalacia or hypophosphatasia, including adult onset hypophosphatasia	
Age Restriction:		
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist OR specialist experienced in the	
Restrictions:	treatment of metabolic bone disorders	



Coverage	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



SUBCUTANEOUS IMMUNE GLOBULIN

Affected Medications: Cuvitru, Cutaquig, Gamunex-C, Hizentra, Hyqvia, Xembify

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan	
	design	
	o Primary immunodeficiency (PID)/Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome	
	 Such as: x-linked agammaglobulinemia, common variable 	
	immunodeficiency (CVID), transient hypogammaglobulinemia of infancy,	
	immunoglobulin G (IgG) subclass deficiency with or without	
	immunoglobulin A (IgA) deficiency, antibody deficiency with near normal	
	immunoglobulin levels) and combined deficiencies (severe combined	
	immunodeficiencies, ataxia-telangiectasia, x-linked lymphoproliferative	
	syndrome) [list not all inclusive]	
Poguired Medical	, ,,	
Required Medical Information:	Monthly intravenous immune globulin (IVIG) dose for those transitioning Detions weight	
information:	Patient weight	
	Primary Immunodeficiency (PID)	
	Type of immunodeficiency	
	Documentation of one of the following:	
	Recent IgG level less than 200	
	history of multiple hard to treat infections as indicated by at least one of the following:	
	Four or more ear infections within 1 year	
	Two or more serious sinus infections within 1 year	
	Two or more months of antibiotics with little effect Two or more months of antibiotics with in 4 years.	
	Two or more pneumonias within 1 year	
	Recurrent or deep skin abscesses	
	 Need for intravenous antibiotics to clear infections 	
	Two or more deep-seated infections including septicemia	
	Documentation showing a deficiency in producing antibodies in response to vaccination	
	including all the following:	
	 Titers that were drawn before challenging with vaccination 	
	 Titers that were drawn between 4 and 8 weeks after vaccination 	
Appropriate	Meets all criteria for IVIG approval	
Treatment	Exceptions may be given for patients without prior intravenous (IV) or subcutaneous (SC)	
Regimen & Other	immune globulin use	
Criteria:	Documentation of at least 3 months of IVIG therapy	
	Barra at Ottoria	
	Renewal Criteria	
	Renewal requires documented disease response defined as a decrease in the frequency or	
F 1 1 1	severity of infections	
Exclusion	IgA deficiency with antibodies to IgA	
Criteria:	History of hypersensitivity to immune globulin or product components	
	Hyperprolinemia type I or II	



Age Restriction:	•	PID: 2 years of age and older	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	•	PID: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an immunologist	
Coverage Duration:	•	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: SUTIMLIMAB

Affected Medications: ENJAYMO (sutimlimab-jome)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of hemolysis in adults with cold agglutinin disease (CAD) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Cold Agglutinin Disease (CAD) Documentation of current weight Diagnosis of CAD as confirmed by all the following: Chronic hemolysis as confirmed by hemoglobin level of 10 g/dL or less AND elevated indirect bilirubin level Positive monospecific direct antiglobulin test (DAT) or Coombs test for C3d A positive DAT or Coombs test for IgG of 1+ or less Cold agglutinin titer of greater than or equal to 64 at 4°C 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Cold Agglutinin Disease (CAD) Dosing: 39 kg to less than 75 kg: 6,500 mg/dose 75 kg or greater: 7,500 mg/dose Administered weekly for the first two weeks, then every two weeks thereafter. Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy (e.g., increased hemoglobin, normalized markers of hemolysis [bilirubin, lactate dehydrogenase, reticulocyte count], reduced blood transfusion requirements)	
Exclusion Criteria:	Disease secondary to infection, rheumatologic disease, systemic lupus erythematosus, or overt hematologic malignancy Concomitant use of rituximab with or without cytotoxic agents	
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



TAGRAXOFUSP-ERZS

Affected Medications: ELZONRIS (tagraxofusp-erzs)

Covered Uses:	 Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of blastic plasmacytoid dendritic cell neoplasm (BPDCN) in adults and in pediatric patients at least 2 years of age NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better 	
Required Medical	Diagnosis of BPDCN is confirmed by ALL the following:	
Information:	 A biopsy showing the morphology of plasmacytoid dendritic blast cells At least 3 of the following plasmacytoid dendritic cell (pDC) markers are expressed by immunohistochemistry (IHC) or flow cytometry: CD123 CD4 CD56 TCF4 TCL1 CD303 CD304 The following pDC markers are negative: CD3, CD14, CD19, CD34, lysozyme, myeloperoxidase Diagnosis is made by a board-certified hematopathologist or dermatopathologist Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course 	
Appropriate	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy	
Treatment		
Regimen & Other Criteria:		
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Pregnancy 	
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a prescriber experienced in the treatment of BPDCN	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 	



POLICY NAME: TARPEYO

Affected Medications: BUDESONIDE DELAYED RELEASE CAPSULE 4MG

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Reduce the loss of kidney function in adults with primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) who are at risk for disease progression
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of primary immunoglobulin A nephropathy (IgAN) confirmed with biopsy Documentation of risk of rapid disease progression with a urine protein-to-creatinine ratio (UPCR) equal to or greater than 1.5g/g (labs current within 30 days of request) OR Proteinuria defined as equal to or greater than 1g/day (labs current within 30 days of request)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of treatment failure of a minimum of 12 weeks of Angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB) AND Documented treatment failure with a minimum of 12 weeks of glucocorticoid therapy such as oral prednisone or methylprednisolone (treatment failure defined as proteinuria equal to or greater than 1 g/day or an adverse effect to two glucocorticoid therapies that is not associated with the corticosteroid class) AND Documented treatment failure with a minimum of 12 weeks of Filspari (treatment failure defined as proteinuria equal to or greater than 1 g/day or an adverse effect to Filspari) No reauthorization – Recommended duration of therapy is 9 months followed by a 2-week dose taper prior to discontinuation
Exclusion Criteria:	Patients with other glomerulopathies and nephrotic syndrome
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 10 months unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TEDIZOLID

Affected Medications: Sivextro injection, Sivextro tablets

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design	
	Acute bacterial skin and skin structure infections (ABSSSI) caused by susceptible	
	isolates of the following Gram-positive microorganisms: Staphylococcus aureus (including methicillin-resistant [MRSA] and	
	methicillin-susceptible [MSSA] isolates)	
	Streptococcus pyogenes	
	Streptococcus agalactiae	
	 Streptococcus anginosus Group (including Streptococcus anginosus, 	
	Streptococcus intermedius, and Streptococcus constellatus)	
	Enterococcus faecalis	
Required	Documentation of confirmed or suspected diagnosis	
Medical	Documentation of treatment history and current treatment regimen	
Information:	Documentation of culture and sensitivity data	
	Documentation of planned treatment duration	
Appropriate	Dosing: 200 mg once daily for 6 days	
Treatment		
Regimen &	Requests for the intravenous formulation will require both of the following:	
Other Criteria:	Documentation of treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerable adverse event with	
	intravenous linezolid AND	
	Documentation of treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerable adverse event with at least	
	2 of the following drugs/drug classes:	
	o Vancomycin	
	 Avoidance of vancomycin due to nephrotoxicity will require documentation 	
	of multiple (at least 2 consecutive) increased serum creatinine	
	concentrations (increase of 0.5 mg/dL [44 mcmol/L] or at least 50 percent	
	increase from baseline, whichever is greater), without an alternative	
	explanation	
	o Daptomycin	
	o Cephalosporin (cefazolin)	
	Requests for the oral tablet formulation will require both of the following:	
	 Documentation of treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerable adverse event with oral 	
	linezolid AND	
	 Documentation of treatment failure, contraindication, or intolerable adverse event with at least 	
	2 of the following drugs/drug classes:	
	Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole	
	Tetracycline (doxycycline, minocycline)	
	Clindamycin	
Exclusion		
Criteria:		



Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	1 month, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TEDUGLUTIDE

Affected Medications: GATTEX KIT (teduglutide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Short Bowel Syndrome (SBS) 	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of confirmed SBS diagnosis Dependence on parenteral nutrition (PN) and/or intravenous (IV) fluids at least 12 consecutive months continuously Receiving three or more days per week of parenteral nutrition (PN) support such as fluids, electrolytes, and/or nutrients 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Documentation of unable to be weaned from PN despite use of the following conventional measures: Dietary manipulations, oral rehydration solutions Antidiarrheal/motility agents: loperamide or diphenoxylate Antisecretory agents: H2 receptor antagonists or proton pump inhibitors Developed significant complications or severe impairment in quality of life related to parenteral nutrition use (such as loss of vascular access sites, recurrent catheter-related bloodstream infections, and liver disease) Dose does not exceed 0.05 mg/kg daily Reauthorization: requires documentation of clinically significant benefit defined by parenteral support reduction of 1 day or greater a week 	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Weight of less than 10 kg Onset or worsening of gallbladder/biliary disease Onset or worsening of pancreatic disease Presence of any gastrointestinal malignancy Presence of intestinal or stomal obstruction 	
Age Restriction:	1 year of age and older	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist or SBS specialist	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified	



TENOFOVIR ALAFENAMIDE

Affected Medications: Vemlidy tablet

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design For the treatment of chronic hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection in adults and pediatric patients 6 years of age and older with compensated liver disease 	
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of chronic hepatitis B infection Documentation of compensated liver disease (Child-Pugh A) within 12 weeks prior to anticipated start of therapy 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of one or more of the following:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Decompensated hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh B or C)	
Age Restriction:	6 years of age or older	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Must be prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hepatologist, gastroenterologist, or infectious disease specialist	
Coverage Duration:	Approval duration: 12 months, unless otherwise specified	



TEPROTUMUMAB-TRBW

Affected Medications: TEPEZZA (teprotumumab-trbw)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design	
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation that baseline disease is under control prior to starting therapy, as defined by one of the following: Patient is euthyroid (thyroid function tests are within normal limits) Patient has recent and mild hypo- or hyperthyroidism (thyroid function tests show free thyroxine (T4) and free triiodothyronine (T3) levels less than 50% above or below normal limits) and will undergo treatment to maintain euthyroid state TED has an appreciable impact on daily life, defined as: Proptosis greater than or equal to 3-mm increase from baseline (prior to diagnosis of TED) and/or proptosis greater than or equal to 3 mm above normal for race and gender OR Current moderate-to-severe active TED with a Clinical Activity Score (CAS) greater than or equal to 4 (on the 7-item scale) for the most severely affected eye and symptoms such as: lid retraction greater than or equal to 3 mm, moderate or severe soft tissue involvement, diplopia, and/or proptosis greater than or equal to 3 mm above normal for race and gender 	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Evidence of stable, well-controlled disease if comorbid inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) or diabetes Documented failure to intravenous or oral steroid at appropriate dose over 12 weeks 	
Exclusion Criteria: Age Restriction:	 Use of more than one course of Tepezza treatment Prior orbital irradiation, orbital decompression, or strabismus surgery Decreasing visual acuity, new defect in visual field, color vision defect from optic nerve involvement within the previous 6 months Corneal decompensation that is unresponsive to medical management 18 years of age or older 	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 7 months, maximum approval (total of 8 doses) with no reauthorization, unless otherwise specified	



POLICY NAME: TEPLIZUMAB-MZWV

Affected Medications: TZIELD (teplizumab-mzwv)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design			
	 Type 1 diabetes mellitus, to delay the onset of Stage 3 type 1 diabetes in adults and pediatric patients with Stage 2 type 1 diabetes 			
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Stage 2 type 1 diabetes, confirmed by both of the following:			
Information:	 Positive for two or more of the following pancreatic islet cell autoantibodies within the past 6 months: 			
	 Glutamic acid decarboxylase 65 (GAD) autoantibodies Insulin autoantibody (IAA) 			
	■ Insulir	oma-associated antigen 2 autoantibody (IA-2A)		
	■ Zinc ti	ansporter 8 autoantibody (ZnT8A)		
	■ Islet c	ell autoantibody (ICA)		
	 Dysglycemia on oral glucose tolerance testing (OGTT) within the past 6 months, as shown by one of the following: 			
	 Fasting blood glucose between 110 mg/dL and 125 mg/dL 2 hour glucose greater than or equal to 140 mg/dL and less than 200 			
	mg/dL 30, 60, or 90 minute value on OGTT greater than or equal to 200			
	 mg/dL on two separate occasions Documentation that the patient has a first-degree or second-degree relative with type 1 			
	diabetes and one of the following: o If first-degree relative (brother, sister, parent, offspring), patient must be between			
	 If first-degree relative (brother, sister, parent, offspring), patient must be between 8 and 45 years of age 			
	o If second-degree relative (niece, nephew, aunt, uncle, grandchild, cousin), patient			
	must be between 8 and 20 years of age			
	 Documentation of the patient's current body surface area (BSA) or height and weight to calculate BSA Treatment plan, including planned dose and frequency 			
Appropriate		y infusion only, based on the following dosing schedule		
Treatment		,gg		
Regimen & Other	Treatment Day	Dose		
Criteria:	Day 1	65 mcg/m ²		
Ornoria.	Day 2	125 mcg/m ²		
	Day 3	250 mcg/m ²		
	Day 4	500 mcg/m ²		
	Days 5 - 14	1,030 mcg/m ²		
	Avoilability: 2 mg/2 ml /1 mg/ml) single does viola			
	Availability: 2 mg/2 mL (1 mg/mL) single-dose vials Page rounding to the page state of the page still be enforced.			
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced			
Exclusion Criteria:	Prior treatment with Tzield			
	Diagnosis of Stage 3 type 1 diabetes (clinical type 1 diabetes)			
	 Diagnosis of Type 2 diabe 	es		



	Current active serious infection or chronic infection
	Pregnant or lactating
Age Restriction:	8 to 45 years of age
	See Required Medical Information for age requirements based on first-degree or second-degree relative
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an endocrinologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified (one 14-day infusion only)



POLICY NAME:	
TESTOSTERONE	
	estosterone gel, Jatenzo capsules (testosterone undecanoate
capsules), Tlando (testosterone undecanoate capsules), A	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
design ○ Testosterone replaceme	on (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan ent therapy in adult males for conditions associated with a f endogenous testosterone: primary hypogonadism or gonadism
Required Medical All Indications:	
Information: • If 65 years of age and older, no includes ALL the following:	nust provide documentation of a yearly evaluation that
 The need for continued 	hormone replacement therapy
 Education on the risks 	of hormone replacement therapy (heart attack, stroke)
 Discussion about the li 	mited efficacy and safety for hormone replacement therapy in
patients experiencing a	an age-related decrease in testosterone levels
Hypogonadism in Adults	
	vel (total testosterone less than 300 ng/dl or morning free or
bioavailable testosterone less	than 5 ng/dL) or absence of endogenous testosterone
Gender Dysphoria	
Documented diagnosis of gen	
If under 18 years of age, docu	der dysphoria
	mentation of all the following:
testosterone levels to o	mentation of all the following: 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and
	mentation of all the following: 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and confirm onset of puberty
 Confirmed diagnosis o 	mentation of all the following: 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and confirm onset of puberty f gender dysphoria that is persistent
Confirmed diagnosis oThe patient has the ca	mentation of all the following: 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and confirm onset of puberty
 Confirmed diagnosis o The patient has the ca for treatment 	mentation of all the following: 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and confirm onset of puberty 6 gender dysphoria that is persistent pacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent
 Confirmed diagnosis o The patient has the ca for treatment Any significant medica 	mentation of all the following: 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and confirm onset of puberty f gender dysphoria that is persistent

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

STEP 1 MEDICATIONS: Testosterone injections

hormone supplementation

(WPATH) Standards of Care

STEP 2 MEDICATIONS: Transdermal testosterone, Tlando, and Jatenzo capsules

Approval requires documented failure, intolerance, or clinical rationale for avoidance of the testosterone injections

current version of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health

Note: For requests following pubertal suppression therapy, an updated or new comprehensive mental health evaluation must be provided prior to initiation of

STEP 3 MEDICATIONS: Testopel, Azmiro

- Approval requires documented treatment failure with each of the following:
 - testosterone injection
 - generic transdermal testosterone
 - oral testosterone (e.g. Tlando, Jatenzo)



	 Testopel dosage (in milligrams) or number of pellets to be administered and frequency Maximum of 450 mg per treatment Reauthorization: Hypogonadism in Adults: Documentation of a recent testosterone level within normal limits Gender Dysphoria: Documentation of treatment success
Exclusion	Gender Dysphona. Documentation of treatment success
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Gender dysphoria: Diagnosis made and prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in
Restrictions:	the treatment of gender dysphoria
Coverage	Gender Dysphoria:
Duration:	Testopel: Maximum of 4 treatments in 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	All other formulations: 5 years, unless otherwise specified
	All Other indications:
	Testopel: Maximum of 4 treatments in 12 months, unless otherwise specified
	All other formulations: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



TEZEPELUMAB-EKKO

Affected Medications: TEZSPIRE (tezepelumab-ekko)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design
	 Add-on maintenance treatment of patients aged 12 years and older with severe asthma
Required Medical	Diagnosis of severe asthma defined by the following:
Information:	 For adults: FEV1 less than 80% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
	 For adolescents aged 12 to 17: FEV1 less than 90% at baseline or FEV1/FVC reduced by at least 5% from normal
Appropriate	Documented use of high-dose inhaled corticosteroid (ICS) plus a long-acting beta
Treatment	agonist (LABA) for at least three months with continued symptoms
Regimen & Other	AND
Criteria:	A documented history of 2 or more asthma exacerbations requiring oral or systemic
	corticosteroid treatment in the past 12 months while on combination inhaled treatment
	with at least 80% adherence
	Reauthorization: documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Use in combination with another monoclonal antibody (e.g., Fasenra, Nucala, Xolair, Dupixent, Cinqair)
Age Restriction:	12 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an allergist, immunologist, or pulmonologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: THALIDOMIDE

Affected Medications: THALOMID (thalidomide)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved OR compendia-supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Multiple Myeloma (MM) Erythema Nodosum Leprosum (ENL) Systemic light chain amyloidosis AIDS-related aphthous stomatitis Waldenström macroglobulinemia Graft-versus-host disease, chronic (refractory) NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Multiple Myeloma NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with evidence level of 2A or higher Systemic light chain amyloidosis NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with evidence level of 2A or higher Waldenström Macroglobulinemia NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) regimen with evidence level of 2A or higher AIDS-related or Severe recurrent aphthous stomatitis Documented trial and failure with BOTH topical and systemic corticosteroids
	 Erythema Nodosum Leprosum (ENL) Acute treatment of the cutaneous manifestations of moderate to severe ENL (Type 2 reaction) Maintenance therapy for prevention and suppression of the cutaneous manifestations of ENL recurrence Reauthorization: Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Pregnancy Karnofsky Performance Status less than or equal to 50% or ECOG performance score greater than or equal to 3
Age Restriction:	12 years of age or older



Prescriber Restrictions:	•	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist or infectious disease specialist
Coverage Duration:	•	Initial authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: THICK-IT

Affected Medications: THICK-IT ORIGINAL POWDER, THICK-IT #2, THICK-IT LIQUID

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Dysphagia Swallowing disorder
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of esophageal or throat dysfunction that compromises ability to safely consume food or liquids OR Documentation of high risk for aspiration pneumonia
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Maintained on enteral or parenteral nutrition
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TILDRAKIZUMAB

Affected Medications: ILUMYA PREFILLED SYRINGE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Plaque Psoriasis (PP)
Required Medical Information:	Plaque Psoriasis ■ Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment as defined by one of the following: □ Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater □ Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater □ Severe disease on other validated tools □ Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction AND ■ Documentation of one or more of the following: □ At least 10% body surface area involvement despite current treatment OR □ Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Plaque Psoriasis Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies: methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy [UVB, PUVA] Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola) QL PP: 100 mg at week 0 and 4, followed by every 12 weeks Reauthorization Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



TOBRAMYCIN INHALATION

Affected Medications: TOBI PODHALER (tobramycin inhalation powder), tobramycin nebulized solution, KITABIS PAK (tobramycin), BETHKIS (tobramycin), Tobi (tobramycin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
Required Medical	Diagnosis of Cystic Fibrosis (CF) (phenotyping not required).
Information:	Culture and sensitivity report confirming presence of pseudomonas aeruginosa in the lungs
	• For Tobi Podhaler: Baseline forced expiratory volume in 1 second (FEV1) equal to or greater than 25% but equal to or less than 80%
	 For Bethkis: Baseline FEV1 equal to or greater than 40% but equal to or less than 80% For Kitabis Pak: Baseline FEV1 equal to or greater than 25% but equal to or less than 75%
Appropriate Treatment	For Tobi Podhaler, Kitabis Pak, Bethkis, and Tobi: Documentation of failure with
Regimen & Other	nebulized tobramycin or clinical rationale for avoidance
Criteria:	Use is limited to 28 days on and 28 days off regimen
	Reauthorization requires documentation of improved respiratory symptoms and need for long-term use
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pulmonologist or provider who specializes in
Restrictions:	CF
Coverage Duration:	12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TOCILIZUMAB

Affected Medications: ACTEMRA INTRAVENOUS (IV), ACTEMRA ACTPEN AUTO-INJECTOR, ACTEMRA PREFILLED SYRINGE, TOFIDENCE (IV), TYENNE (IV)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
	design
	Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
	o Giant Cell Arteritis (GCA)
	 Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (PJIA)
	 Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (SJIA)
	 Cytokine Release Syndrome (CRS)
	 Systemic sclerosis-associated interstitial lung disease (SSc-ILD)
Required Medical	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Information:	Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective
	scale)
	 Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
	 Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10 Weighted Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) of at least 2.3
	Weighted Reddine Assessment of Fattern index Bata 3 (RAF 183) of at least 2.3
	Giant Cell Arteritis
	Confirmed diagnosis of GCA based on:
	 Temporal artery biopsy
	Color doppler ultrasound
	OR
	 Confirmed diagnosis of large vessel GCA based on: Vascular tree imaging computed tomography (CT), magnetic resonance imaging
	(MRI), magnetic resonance angiography (MRA), positron emission tomography (PET) or PET with CT
	Cytokine Release Syndrome
	 Documentation of previous chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) T cell therapy treatment plan Documentation of active cytokine release syndrome
	Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis
	Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD)
	global score) or active joint count
	Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease
	Documentation of diagnosis of Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease from
	the American College of Rheumatology / European League Against Rheumatism
	classification criteria with the following:
	 Documentation of onset of disease (first non-Raynaud symptom) of less than 7 years SSc-ILD confirmed by a chest high resolution computed tomography (HRCT) scan
	conducted within the previous 12 months.
	 Documentation of baseline observed forced vital capacity (FVC) and percent
	predicted forced vital capacity (ppFVC)
Appropriate	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Treatment	Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate



Regimen & Other Criteria:

- If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with tocilizumab intravenous formulation

Giant Cell Arteritis and Cytokine Release Syndrome

- Documentation of disease refractory to glucocorticoid treatment
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with tocilizumab intravenous formulation

Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide
- Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids
- Subcutaneous formulation requires documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with tocilizumab intravenous formulation

Systemic Sclerosis-Associated Interstitial Lung Disease

 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with mycophenolate and cyclophosphamide

QL

Intravenous

- RA: 4 mg/kg every 4 weeks; may increase to 8 mg/kg every 4 weeks based on clinical response (maximum 800 mg/dose)
- GCA: 6 mg/kg every 4 weeks
- CRS:
- <30 kg: 12 mg/kg once, may repeat every 8 hours (maximum 4 doses)</p>
- ≥30 kg: 8 mg/kg once (maximum 800 mg/dose), may repeat every 8 hours (maximum 4 doses)
- o PJIA:
- <30 kg: 10 mg/kg every 4 weeks</p>
- ≥30 kg: 8 mg/kg every 4 weeks (maximum 800 mg/dose)
- SJIA:
- <30 kg: 12 mg/kg every 2 weeks</p>
- ≥30 kg: 8 mg/kg every 2 weeks (maximum 800 mg/dose)
- Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced

Subcutaneous

- RA:
- <100 kg: 162 mg every other week; may increase to 162 mg weekly based on clinical response</p>
- ≥100 kg: 162 mg weekly
- GCA: 162 mg weekly
- > PJIA
- <30 kg: 162 mg every 3 weeks</p>
- ≥30 kg: 162 mg every 2 weeks
- SJIA



	 <30 kg: 162 mg every 2 weeks ≥30 kg: 162 mg weekly SSc-ILD: 162 mg weekly
	 Reauthorization Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/oncologist/pulmonologist as appropriate for diagnosis
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TOFACITINIB

Affected Medications: XELJANZ, XELJANZ XR, XELJANZ SOLUTION

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
design
Rheumatoid Arthritis
o Psoriatic Arthritis
 Ulcerative Colitis
 Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)
Ankylosing Spondylitis
Rheumatoid Arthritis
Documentation of current disease activity with one of the following (or equivalent objective)
scale)
 The Disease Activity Score derivative for 28 joints (DAS-28) greater than 3.2
 The Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) greater than 10
 Weighted RAPID3 of at least 2.3
Psoriatic Arthritis
Documentation of CASPAR criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes:
 Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point
 Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point o Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point
 Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point
 Juxtaarticular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point
Ulcerative Colitis
Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy
Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)
Documentation of current level of disease activity with physician global assessment (MD global)
score) or active joint count

Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS)

- Diagnosis of axial spondyloarthritis (SpA) confirmed by Sacroillitis on imaging AND at least 1 Spondyloarthritis (SpA) feature:
 - o Inflammatory back pain (4 of 5 features met):
 - Onset of back discomfort before the age of 40 years
 - Insidious onset
 - Improvement with exercise
 - No improvement with rest
 - Pain at night (with improvement upon arising)
 - Arthritis
 - o Enthesitis
 - Uveitis
 - o Dactylitis (inflammation of entire digit)
 - o Psoriasis



- o Crohn's disease/ulcerative colitis
- Good response to NSAIDs
- o Family history of SpA
- Elevated CRP
- Documentation of active disease defined by Bath ankylosing spondylitis disease activity index (BASDAI) at least 4 or equivalent objective scale

Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:

Rheumatoid Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - o If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - One of following: Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola, Renflexis), Actemra IV

AND

 Two of the following: Olumiant, Kevzara, Simponi Aria, Actemra SQ, Kineret, rituximab (preferred biosimilar products Truxima, Riabni, and Ruxience), Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkip, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Psoriatic Arthritis

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
- If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Otezla, Simponi Aria, Orencia, or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Ulcerative Colitis

 Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine

OR

 Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for ulcerative colitis

AND

- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of each therapy:
 - o Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products: Inflectra, Avsola)

AND

 One of the following: Entyvio or Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)

Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (JIA)

Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate or leflunomide



	AND		
	Documented failure with glucocorticoid joint injections or oral corticosteroids		
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12		
	weeks of Actemra IV and Simponi Aria		
	Ankylosing Spondylitis (AS)		
	Documented failure with two daily prescription strength nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs		
	(ibuprofen, naproxen, diclofenac, meloxicam, etc.) with minimum 1 month trial each		
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12		
	weeks of each therapy:		
	 Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola) 		
	AND		
	 One of the following: Simponi Aria, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab- 		
	fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz)		
	QL:		
	Xeljanz tablets (5mg, 10mg): One tablet twice daily		
	Xeljanz XR tablets (11mg, 22mg): One tablet daily		
	Xeljanz Solution: 240 mL/30 days		
	<u>Reauthorization</u>		
	Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy		
Exclusion	Concurrent use with any other biologic therapy or Otezla is considered experimental and is not		
Criteria:	a covered benefit		
Age Restriction:			
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/gastroenterologist as appropriate for		
Restrictions:	diagnosis		
	5		
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified		
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified		



POLICY NAME: TOFERSEN

Affected Medications: QALSODY (tofersen)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) associated with a mutation in the superoxide dismutase 1 (SOD1) gene (SOD1-ALS) 		
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of "definite" or "probable" ALS diagnosis based on revised El Escorial (Airlie House) or Awaji criteria Documentation of a confirmed SOD1 genetic mutation Forced vital capacity (FVC) greater than or equal to 50% as adjusted for age, sex, and height (from a sitting position) Baseline plasma neurofilament light chain (NfL) value Patient currently retains most activities of daily living defined as at least 2 points on all items of the ALS functional rating scale-revised (ALSFRS-R) 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy, defined as both of the following: Reduction in plasma NfL from baseline The patient's baseline functional status has been maintained at or above baseline level or not declined more than expected given the natural disease progression Patient is not dependent on invasive mechanical ventilation (e.g., intubation, tracheostomy)		
Exclusion Criteria:			
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist, neuromuscular specialist, or specialist with experience in the treatment of ALS		
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 		



POLICY NAME: TOLVAPTAN

Affected Medications: JYNARQUE, tolvaptan (15 mg, 30 mg)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Tolvaptan: treatment of clinically significant hypervolemic and euvolemic hyponatremia (serum sodium less than 125 mEq/L OR less marked hyponatremia that is symptomatic and has resisted correction with fluid restriction), including patients with heart failure and Syndrome of Inappropriate Antidiuretic Hormone (SIADH) Jynarque: to slow kidney function decline in adults at risk of rapidly progressing autosomal dominant polycystic kidney disease (ADPKD)
Required	Hyponatremia
Medical Information:	Serum sodium less than 125 mEq/L at baseline OR
inormation.	 Serum sodium less than 135 mEq/L at baseline and symptomatic (nausea, vomiting, headache, lethargy, confusion)
	ADPKD
	Diagnosis of typical ADPKD confirmed by family history, imaging, and if applicable, genetic testing
	 Estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) greater than or equal to 25 mL/min/1.73m² High risk for rapid progression determined by Mayo imaging class 1C, 1D, or 1E
Appropriate	Hyponatremia
Treatment Regimen &	Treatment is initiated or re-initiated in a hospital setting prior to discharge
Other Criteria:	 ADPKD Documentation of intensive blood pressure control with an angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB), unless contraindicated
	Reauthorization: will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion	Patients requiring intervention to raise serum sodium urgently to prevent or treat serious
Criteria:	neurological symptomsPatients who are unable to sense or respond to thirst
	 Hypovolemic hyponatremia
	Anuria
	Uncorrected urinary outflow obstruction
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a nephrologist
Coverage	<u>Hyponatremia</u>
Duration:	Authorization: 1 month (no reauthorization), unless otherwise specified



<u>ADPKD</u>

- Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
- Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



TOPICAL AGENTS FOR CUTANEOUS T-CELL LYMPHOMA (including Mycosis fungoides and Sézary syndrome)

Affected Medications: VALCHLOR (mechlorethamine topical gel), TARGRETIN (bexarot	ene ael)
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Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher 		
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (CTCL), stage and type confirmed by biopsy. Extent of skin involvement (limited/localized or generalized) 		
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Limited/localized skin involvement (topical bexarotene and mechlorethamine) Documented clinical failure to ALL the following: Topical corticosteroids (high or super-high potency) such as clobetasol, betamethasone, fluocinonide, halobetasol Topical imiquimod Phototherapy Generalized skin involvement (Topical mechlorethamine only) Documentation of failure or contraindication to at least 1 skin-directed therapy 		
Exclusion Criteria:	 Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Pregnancy 		
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older		
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist		
Coverage Duration:	 Initial authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified 		



TOPICAL AGENTS FOR SEVERE INFLAMMATORY SKIN DISEASE

Affected Medications: TACROLIMUS OINTMENT (0.1%, 0.03%), PIMECROLIMUS CREAM (1%), CALCIPOTRIENE CREAM (0.005%), VTAMA CREAM (1%), ZORYVE CREAM (0.3%), ZORYVE CREAM (0.15%)

Covered Uses:	TAMA CREAM (1%), ZORYVE CREAM (0.3%), ZORYVE CREAM (0.15%) • All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia supported indications not	
	otherwise excluded by plan design	
	Atopic dermatitis (AD)	
	Plaque psoriasis (PP)	
	o Vitiligo	
Required Medical	All Ages	
Information:	Documentation of affected body surface area (BSA) and areas of involvement	
	Age 21 and above	
	Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional	
	impairment as defined by one of the following:	
	 Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) 11 or greater 	
	Severe disease on other validated tools	
	 Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living 	
	Significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction	
	Documentation of one or more of the following:	
	BSA of at least 10%	
	 Hand, foot, face, or mucous membrane involvement 	
Appropriate	All Indications	
Treatment	Tacrolimus ointment, pimecrolimus cream: Documented treatment failure with emollients	
Regimen & Other	and prescription strength topical corticosteroids OR facial involvement	
Criteria:		
o i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Atopic Dermatitis	
	Zoryve 0.15% cream: Documented treatment failure with ALL the following:	
	 A high or super-high potency topical corticosteroid 	
	 Minimum 6-week trial with one topical calcineurin inhibitor 	
	 Minimum 12-week trial with one systemic therapy: phototherapy, cyclosporine, 	
	methotrexate, azathioprine, mycophenolate	
	Vtama: Documented treatment failure with ALL the following:	
	 A high or super-high potency topical corticosteroid 	
	 Minimum 6-week trial with one topical calcineurin inhibitor 	
	 Minimum 12-week trial with one systemic therapy: phototherapy, cyclosporine, 	
	methotrexate, azathioprine, mycophenolate	
	Minimum 4-week trial with Zoryve 0.15% cream	
	Plaque Psoriasis	
	 Plaque Psoriasis Calcipotriene cream: Documented treatment failure with emollients and prescription strengtl 	

Zoryve 0.3% cream: Documented treatment failure with ALL the following:

A high or super-high potency topical corticosteroid

Calcipotriene cream



	 Minimum 12-week trial with one systemic therapy: phototherapy, cyclosporine, methotrexate, acitretin Vtama: Documented treatment failure with ALL the following: A high or super-high potency topical corticosteroid Calcipotriene cream Minimum 12-week trial with one systemic therapy: phototherapy, cyclosporine, methotrexate, acitretin Minimum 8-week trial with Zoryve 0.3% cream
	<u>Reauthorization</u> : Documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy, defined as a decrease in affected BSA from baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	 Atopic dermatitis, plaque psoriasis, or vitiligo not meeting the above criteria is considered a below the line (non-funded) diagnosis per Oregon Health Authority (OHA) for those 21 years of age and older. Please refer to OHA GUIDELINE NOTE 21, SEVERE INFLAMMATORY SKIN DISEASE.
Age Restriction:	 Tacrolimus ointment 0.03%: 2 years of age and older Tacrolimus ointment 0.1%: 16 years of age and older Vtama: 18 years of age and older (plaque psoriasis) Vtama: 2 years of age and older (atopic dermatitis) Zoryve: 6 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, allergist, or immunologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TRALOKINUMAB

Affected Medications: ADBRY (tralokinumab)

			I
1.	Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2
2.	Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to one of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications? Treatment of moderate to severe atopic dermatitis in adults	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met
Mc	oderate to Severe Atopic Dermatitis		
1.	Is there documentation of severe inflammatory skin disease defined as functional impairment as defined by one of the following: O Dermatology Life Quality Index (DQLI) 11 or greater O Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) 13 or greater O Severe disease on other validated tools Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
2.	Is there a documented body surface area (BSA) effected of at least 10% OR hand, foot or mucous membrane involvement?	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
3.	Is there documented failure of a 4-week trial of a combination of topical moderate to high potency topical steroids and a topical non-steroidal agent?	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Go to #4
4.	Is there documented treatment failure with one of the following for at least 12 weeks: Phototherapy, cyclosporine, azathioprine, methotrexate, mycophenolate?	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Criteria not met
5.	Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in the treatment of atopic dermatitis (Such as a dermatologist)?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months	No – Criteria not met
Re	newal Criteria		



Is there documentation of treatment success clinically significant response to therapy as a the prescribing provider?	 No – Criteria not met
Is the requested dose within the Food and D Administration (FDA)-approved label and Pa quantity limitations?	No – Criteria not met

Quantity Limitations

- Adbry
 - o Availability: 150mg/ml prefilled syringes, 300 mg/2mL autoinjectors
 - o Dosing:
- Adults 18 years and older: 600 mg as single dose, then 300 mg every 2 weeks
- If less than 100kg and clear/almost clear is achieved, dosing may be reduced to 300mg every 4 weeks
 - Pediatric patients 12 to 17 years old: 300 mg as a single dose, then 150 mg every 2 weeks



POLICY NAME: TRASTUZUMAB

Affected Medications: HERCEPTIN IV (trastuzumab), HERCEPTIN HYLECTA SQ (Trastuzumab and hyaluronidase), OGIVRI (trastuzumab-dkst), KANJINTI (trastuzumab-anns), TRAZIMERA (trastuzumab-qyyp), HERZUMA (trastuzumab-pkrb), ONTRUZANT (trastuzumab-dttb), HERCESSI (trastuzumab-strf)

Covered Uses:	 National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and prescribed dosing regimen Documentation of HER2 positivity based on: 3+ score on immunohistochemistry (IHC) testing OR Positive gene amplification by Fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) test
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Maximum duration for adjuvant breast cancer therapy is 12 months All Indications Coverage for a non-preferred product (Herceptin or Herceptin Hylecta) requires documentation of the following:
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 For new starts to adjuvant breast cancer therapy – approve 12 months with no reauthorization For all other clinical scenarios: Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TRIPTORELIN

Affected Medications: TRELSTAR, TRIPTODUR (triptorelin)

Covered Uses:	National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher			
	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan 			
	design o Prostate Cancer (Trelstar)			
	 Central Precoclous Puberty (Triptodur) Compendia-supported uses that will be covered 			
Required Medical	Gender Dysphoria Control Processing Puberty (CPP)			
Information:	Central Precocious Puberty (CPP)			
iniormation.	Documentation of CPP confirmed by one of the following labs: Clauseted based luttining beginning to the following labs:			
	Elevated basal luteinizing hormone (LH) level greater than 0.2 - 0.3 mIU/L Elevated laws reliable at invested LH level greater than 2.3 - 5 H//L (dependent on time of			
	→ Elevated leuprolide-stimulated LH level greater than 3.3 - 5 IU/L (dependent on type of the state of t			
	assay used)			
	Bone age greater than 2 standard deviations (SD) beyond chronological age			
	Gender Dysphoria			
	Documentation of all the following:			
	Current Tanner stage 2 or greater OR baseline and current estradiol and testosterone			
	levels to confirm onset of puberty			
	 Confirmed diagnosis of gender dysphoria that is persistent 			
	 The patient has the capacity to make a fully informed decision and to give consent for 			
	treatment			
	 Any significant medical or mental health concerns are reasonably well controlled 			
	A comprehensive mental health evaluation has been completed by a licensed mental			
	health professional (LMHP) and provided in accordance with the most current version			
	of the World Professional Association for Transgender Health (WPATH) Standards of			
	Care			
	Odio			
Appropriate	For all Triptodur requests:			
Treatment	Documentation of treatment failure to Lupron (leuprolide)			
Regimen & Other				
Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant			
	response to therapy			
Exclusion	Use as neoadjuvant ADT for radical prostatectomy			
Criteria:				
Age Restriction:	3. CPP: Age 11 or younger (females), age 12 or younger (males)			
Prescriber	Oncology: prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist			
Restrictions:	CPP: prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric endocrinologist			



Coverage	(Oncology) Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	CPP Approval/Oncology reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **TROFINETIDE**

Affected Medications: DAYBUE

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of Rett syndrome (RTT)
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of typical RTT (per the revised diagnostic criteria for Rett Syndrome) AND a period of regression followed by recovery or stabilization Documented presence of mutation in the MECP2 gene Documentation of all the following: Partial or complete loss of acquired purposeful hand skills Partial or complete loss of acquired spoken language Gait abnormalities: Impaired (dyspraxic) or absence of ability Stereotypic hand movements such as hand wringing/squeezing, clapping/tapping, mouthing, and washing/rubbing automatisms Current weight (within past 30 days) Must weigh minimum of 9 kilograms
Appropriate Treatment	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success determined by treating provider
Regimen & Other Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	 Brain injury secondary to trauma or severe infection Grossly abnormal psychomotor development in first 6 months of life
Age Restriction:	2 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or provider experienced in the management of Rett syndrome
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TROGARZO

Affected Medications: TROGARZO (ibalizumab-uiyk/IV infusion)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) infection, in combination with other antiretrovirals, in heavily treatment-experienced adults with multidrug resistant HIV-1 infection failing their current antiretroviral regimen
Required Medical	Documentation of all prior therapies used
Information:	Documentation of active antiretroviral therapy for at least 6 months
	 Documented resistance to at least one antiretroviral agent from three different classes: Nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs) Non-nucleoside reverse-transcriptase inhibitors (NNRTIs) Integrase strand transfer inhibitors (INSTIs) Protease inhibitors (PIs)
	 Documentation of current (within the past 30 days) HIV-1 RNA viral load of at least 200 copies/mL
Appropriate	Prescribed in combination with an optimized background antiretroviral regimen
Treatment	
Regimen & Other	Reauthorization:
Criteria:	Treatment plan includes continued use of optimized background antiretroviral regimen
	Documentation of treatment success as evidenced by one of the following:
	 Reduction in viral load from baseline or maintenance of undetectable viral load Absence of postbaseline emergence of ibalizumab resistance-associated mutations confirmed by resistance testing
Exclusion	
Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	18 years and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an infectious disease or HIV specialist
Restrictions:	
Coverage	Initial approval: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization 12 months, unless otherwise specified



TRYVIO

Affected Medications: TRYVIO (aprocitentan)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of hypertension in combination with other antihypertensive drugs
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of resistant hypertension Blood pressure remains above target goal (as determined by treating provider) despite
	adherence to antihypertensive therapies
	Documentation of intent to use as an adjunct to current antihypertensive therapies
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other	 Documented treatment failure with concurrent use of at least four antihypertensive drugs (from different drug classes) at maximum tolerated doses, for a minimum of 12 weeks: Angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor OR angiotensin II receptor blocker
Criteria:	 (ARB) Calcium channel blocker (e.g. amlodipine, nifedipine, diltiazem, verapamil) Diuretic (e.g. hydrochlorothiazide, chlorthalidone) Beta-blocker (e.g. atenolol, carvedilol)
	 Mineralocorticoid receptor antagonist (e.g. spironolactone, eplerenone) Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success and continued use of at least three background blood pressure therapies
Exclusion Criteria:	Pregnancy
	 Concurrent use with an endothelin receptor antagonist (e.g. ambrisentan, bosentan, Opsumit, Filspari)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist, nephrologist, or endocrinologist
Care Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



TTR STABILIZERS

Affected Medications: VYNDAQEL (tafamidis meglumine 20 mg), VYNDAMAX (tafamidis 61 mg), ATTRUBY (acoramidis hydrochloride)

(acoramidis nydrocnic	nide)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
	design
	 Treatment of wild type or hereditary transthyretin amyloid cardiomyopathy (ATTR-CM)
	to reduce cardiovascular mortality and cardiovascular-related hospitalizations in adults
Required Medical	Diagnosis of ATTR-CM supported by ONE of the following (a, b, or c):
Information:	 Cardiac tissue biopsy confirms presence of ATTR amyloid deposits by
	immunohistochemistry (IHC) or mass spectrometry
	b. Documentation of BOTH of the following (i and ii):
	i. Noncardiac tissue biopsy confirms presence of ATTR amyloid deposits by
	IHC or mass spectrometry
	ii. Imaging consistent with cardiac amyloidosis (echocardiogram [ECG], cardiac
	magnetic resonance [CMR], or positron emission tomography [PET])
	c. Documentation of ALL the following (i, ii, and iii):
	i. Grade 2 to 3 uptake on cardiac scintigraphy (utilizing Tc-PYP, Tc-DPD, or
	Tc-HMDP radiotracers)
	,
	ii. Normal serum kappa/lambda free light chain (sFLC) ratio, serum protein
	immunofixation, AND urine protein immunofixation
	iii. Imaging consistent with cardiac amyloidosis (ECG, CMR, or PET)
	Documentation of New York Heart Association (NYHA) Functional Class I to III
Appropriate	Coverage for Vyndaqel or Vyndamax is provided when the following is met:
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with Attruby (acoramidis)
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	Reauthorization requires documentation of disease responsiveness (improvement in symptoms,
	quality of life, or 6-Minute Walk Test; slowing or stabilization of disease progression; reduced cardiovascular-related hospitalizations, etc.)
Exclusion	NYHA Functional Class IV heart failure
Criteria:	
Criteria.	Presence of light-chain (primary) amyloidosis
	Prior liver or heart transplant
	Implanted cardiac mechanical assist device
	Combined use with another TTR stabilizer or TTR silencer (such as eplontersen, patisiran,
	vultrisiran)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or specialist experienced in the treatment
Restrictions:	of amyloidosis
Coveres	Initial Authorization, Consetts unless athematics are afficial
Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TUCATINIB

Affected Medications: Tukysa (tucatinib)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation of RAS wild-type, HER2 (human epidermal growth factor receptor-2) - positive unresectable or metastatic colorectal cancer that has progressed following treatment with fluoropyrimidine, oxaliplatin, and irinotecan based chemotherapy OR Advanced unresectable or metastatic human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2)-positive breast cancer, with prior treatment of 1 or more anti-HER2-based regimens in the metastatic setting.
Appropriate	Colorectal cancer
Treatment Regimen & Other	 Documented intolerable adverse event to both preferred products Lapatinib and Pertuzumab
Criteria:	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater Colorectal cancer ONLY: previous treatment with a HER2 inhibitor
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: TYVASO

Affected Medications: TYVASO (treprostinil), TYVASO REFILL, TYVASO STARTER, TYVASO DPI

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 1 Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) World Health Organization (WHO) Group 3
Required	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
Medical	Documentation of PAH confirmed by right-heart catheterization meeting the following criteria:
Information:	 Mean pulmonary artery pressure of at least 20 mm Hg
iniormation.	 Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure less than or equal to 15 mm Hg
	 Pulmonary vascular resistance of at least 2.0 Wood units
	Etiology of PAH: idiopathic PAH, hereditary PAH, OR
	PAH secondary to one of the following conditions:
	Connective tissue disease
	 Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection
	o Drugs
	 Congenital left to right shunts
	 Schistosomiasis
	 Portal hypertension
	 New York Heart Association (NYHA)/World Health Organization (WHO) Functional Class III or
	higher symptoms
	Documentation of Acute Vasoreactivity Testing (positive result requires trial/failure to calcium
	channel blockers) unless there are contraindications:
	 Presence of severe symptoms (functional class IV)
	Pulmonary Hypertension Associated with Interstitial Lung Disease WHO GROUP 3
	Documentation of diagnosis of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis confirmed by presence of usual
	interstitial pneumonia (UIP) or high-resolution computed tomography (HRCT), and/or surgical lung biopsy OR
	Pulmonary fibrosis and emphysema OR
	Connective tissue disorder
Appropriate	The pulmonary hypertension has progressed despite maximal medical and/or surgical
Treatment	treatment of the identified condition
	 Documentation that treprostinil is used as a single route of administration (Remodulin, Tyvaso,
Regimen &	Orenitram should not be used in combination)
Other Criteria:	
	WHO Group 1 only:
	Treatment with oral calcium channel blocking agents has been tried and failed, or has been
	considered and ruled out
	• Treatment with combination of endothelin receptor antagonist (ERA) and phosphodiesterase 5
	(PDE-5) inhibitor has been tried and failed for WHO Functional Class II and III
	Ambrisentan and tadalafil
	 Bosentan and riociguat



	Macitentan and sildenafil
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined as one or more of the following: Improvement in walking distance Improvement in exercise ability Improvement in pulmonary function Improvement or stability in WHO functional class
Exclusion	PAH secondary to pulmonary venous hypertension such as (left sided atrial or ventricular disease, left sided velocity heart disease, etc) or disease, left sided velocity and the reprinters existence and the reprinters a vertens and the reprinters and the reprinters a vertens and the reprinters and the reprinters are reprinted by the reprinters and the reprinted by the reprinters are reprinted by the re
Criteria:	disease, left sided valvular heart disease, etc) or disorders of the respiratory system such as (chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, obstructive sleep apnea or other sleep disordered breathing, alveolar hypoventilation disorders, etc.)
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or pulmonologist
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	 Initial coverage: 6 months unless otherwise specified Subsequent coverage: 12 months unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: UBLITUXIMAB-XIIY

Affected Medications: BRIUMVI (Ublituximab-xiiy)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by
	plan design.
	 Treatment of relapsing forms of multiple sclerosis (MS), including the following:
	 Clinically isolated syndrome (CIS)
	 Relapsing-remitting multiple sclerosis (RRMS)
	Active secondary progressive multiple sclerosis (SPMS)
Demoined Medical	
Required Medical	RRMS Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic reconnect imaging (MRI), per revised McDaneld
Information:	 Diagnosis confirmed with magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), per revised McDonald diagnostic criteria for MS
	Clinical evidence alone will suffice; additional evidence desirable but must be
	consistent with MS
	<u>CIS</u>
	Documentation of a monophasic clinical episode, with patient-reported symptoms and
	corresponding objective clinical evidence as follows: One or more T2-hyperintense lesions
	that are characteristic of MS in at least two of four MS-typical regions (periventricular,
	cortical or juxtacortical, infratentorial brain regions, and the spinal cord)
	Active SPMS
	Documented history of RRMS, followed by gradual and persistent worsening in neurologic
	function over at least 6 months (independent of relapses)
	 Evidence of active SPMS, as shown by ongoing clinical relapses and/or inflammatory activity
	(i.e., gadolinium enhancing lesions OR new or enlarging lesions)
	 Documentation of Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS) score of 3.0 to 6.5
Annroprioto	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Appropriate Treatment	Coverage of Briumvi requires documentation of one of the following: Desumented disease progression or intellegence to ritualize the following:
	 Documented disease progression or intolerance to rituximab (preferred products: Truxima, Riabni, Ruxience)
Regimen & Other	Currently receiving treatment with Briumvi, excluding via samples or manufacturer's
Criteria:	patient assistance programs
	No concurrent use of disease-modifying medications indicated for the treatment of MS
	Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced
	2 000 1041161119 to 1110 11041000 1141 01 2 0 11411111 1070 01 1110 processing a construction
	Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success
Exclusion Criteria:	Active hepatitis B infection
Prescriber/Site of	 Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or an MS specialist
Care Restrictions	
Coverage Duration	Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Coverage Duration	· ·
	 Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: USTEKINUMAB

Affected Medications: STELARA IV, STELARA SOLUTION, STELARA PREFILLED SYRINGE, STEQEYMA IV,

WEZLANA IV

	-
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Plaque Psoriasis (PP) Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA) Crohn's Disease (CD) Ulcerative Colitis (UC)
Required Medical Information:	Plaque Psoriasis Documentation that the skin disease is severe in nature, which has resulted in functional impairment as defined by one of the following: □ Dermatology Life Quality Index (DLQI) of greater than or equal to 11 □ Children's Dermatology Life Quality Index (CDLQI) greater than or equal to 13 □ Severe disease on other validated tools □ Inability to use hands or feet for activities of daily living, or significant facial involvement preventing normal social interaction ■ Documentation of one or more of the following: □ At least 10% body surface area involvement; or □ Hand, foot, or mucous membrane involvement Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis ■ Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy ■ Documentation of moderate to severely active disease despite current treatment Psoriatic Arthritis ■ Documentation of Classification for Psoriatic Arthritis (CASPAR) criteria score of 3 or greater based on chart notes □ Skin psoriasis: present – two points, OR previously present by history – one point, OR a family history of psoriasis, if the patient is not affected – one point □ Nail lesions (onycholysis, pitting): one point □ Dactylitis (present or past, documented by a rheumatologist): one point □ Negative rheumatoid factor (RF): one point □ Juxta-articular bone formation on radiographs (distinct from osteophytes): one point
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 All Indications: Currently receiving treatment with Stelara, excluding via samples or manufacturer's patient assistance programs, will not be required to have documented failure with all formulary alternatives Intravenous Steqeyma and Wezlana require documented clinical failure with intravenous Stelara



Plaque psoriasis

- Documented treatment failure with 12 weeks of at least TWO systemic therapies: methotrexate, cyclosporine, acitretin, phototherapy (UVB, PUVA)
 AND
- Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of all available formulary alternatives: Infliximab, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Enbrel, Cosentyx, Otezla, Ilumya, Cimzia

Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)

- Documented failure with at least 12 weeks of treatment with methotrexate
 - o If unable to tolerate methotrexate or contraindications apply, another disease modifying antirheumatic drug (sulfasalazine, cyclosporine, leflunomide)

AND

Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of all available formulary alternatives: Infliximab, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Enbrel, Otezla, Cosentyx, Xeljanz, Simponi Aria, Cimzia, Orencia (SQ or IV)

Crohn's Disease

- Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, sulfasalazine, balsalazide
- Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease

OR

- Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by:
 - Fistulizing disease
 - Stricture
 - o Presence of abscess/phlegmon
 - o Deep ulcerations
 - o Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal GI involvement

AND

• Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of all available formulary alternatives: Infliximab, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Cimzia, Entyvio

Ulcerative Colitis

 Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks: corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, azathioprine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine

OR

Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater than
or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of systemic
toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization
for ulcerative colitis

AND



	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with at least 12 weeks of all available formulary alternatives: Infliximab, Adalimumab (preferred biosimilars: Adalimumab-fkjp, Hadlima, Adalimumab-adaz), Entyvio, Xeljanz
	QL
	Maintenance PP:
	Reauthorization Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist/dermatologist/gastroenterologist as appropriate for diagnosis



Coverage Duration:

- Initial Authorization: 6 months initiation, unless otherwise specified
- Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



VAGINAL PROGESTERONE

Affected Medications: FIRST-PROGESTERONE VGS 100 MG, FIRST-PROGESTERONE VGS 200 MG

Covered Uses:	Prevention of preterm birth in pregnancy
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of a current pregnancy with one or more risk factor(s) for preterm birth, including but not limited to: Ethnicity (e.g., African American, American Indian/Alaska Native) Lifestyle factors (e.g., smoking, drinking alcohol, using illegal drugs) Being underweight or obese before pregnancy Prior preterm delivery Having multiple gestations (e.g., twins, triplets) Short time period between pregnancies (less than 6 months between a birth and the beginning of the next pregnancy) Documentation of a short cervix (defined as cervical length less than or equal to 25 mm) confirmed by ultrasound Current week of gestation and estimated delivery date
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	May continue until completion of 36 weeks gestation
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of infertility
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gynecologist or obstetrician
Coverage Duration:	Up to 6 months, unless otherwise specified



VALOCTOCOGENE ROXAPARVOVEC-RVOX

Affected Medications: ROCTAVIAN (Medical Benefit only)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Hemophilia A (Factor VIII deficiency)
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of diagnosis of Hemophilia A Documentation of current testing with negative results for active factor VIII inhibitors on 2 consecutive occasions (at least one week apart within the past 12 months) and is not receiving a bypassing agent (e.g., Feiba) Documentation of baseline circulating level of factor with Factor VIII activity level equal to or less than 1 IU/dL or 1% endogenous factor VIII Evidence of any bleeding disorder NOT related to hemophilia A has been ruled out No detectable antibodies to AAV5 as determined by an FDA-approved / CLIA-compliant test Has received stable dosing of prophylactic Factor VIII replacement therapy on a regular basis for at least 1 year Baseline lab values (must be less than 2 times upper limit of normal): ALT AST Total bilirubin Alkaline phosphatase (ALP)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dosing 6 x 10 ¹³ vector genomes/kg (which is 3 mL/kg) as a single one-time dose
Exclusion Criteria:	 History of or current presence of Factor VIII inhibitors Prior gene therapy administration Active Hepatitis B or C infection or other active acute or uncontrolled chronic infection Cirrhosis Female gender at birth Allergy to mannitol
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist or specialist with experience in the treatment of hemophilia
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 2 months (one time infusion)



POLICY NAME: VARIZIG

Affected Medications: VARIZIG (varicella zoster immune globulin (human) IM injection)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded from benefit design. For postexposure prophylaxis of varicella in high-risk individuals
Required Medical	Documentation of immunocompromised patient, defined as:
Information:	 Newborns of mothers with signs and symptoms of varicella shortly before or after delivery (five days before to two days after delivery) Hospitalized premature infants born at at least 28 weeks of gestation who are exposed during their hospitalization and whose mothers do not have evidence of immunity Hospitalized premature infants less than 28 weeks of gestation or who weigh 1000 grams or less at birth and were exposed to varicella during hospitalization, regardless of mother's immunity status to varicella Immunocompromised children and adults who lack evidence of immunity to varicella Pregnant women who lack evidence of immunity to varicella Lack evidence of immunity to varicella is defined as: those who are seronegative for varicella zoster antibodies OR those with unknown history of varicella
Appropriate	If repeat dose is necessary due to re-exposure, use more than 3 weeks after initial
Treatment	administration
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	Coagulation disorders
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VEDOLIZUMAB

Affected Medication: ENTYVIO (Vedolizumab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
Covered Oses.	design
	o Crohn's Disease (CD)
	Ulcerative Colitis (UC)
Required	All Indications:
documentation:	Diagnosis supported by colonoscopy/endoscopy/sigmoidoscopy/biopsy
	Documentation of moderate to severe disease despite current treatment
Appropriate	Crohn's Disease
Treatment	Documentation of ONE of the following:
Regimen:	 Documented treatment failure with at least two oral treatments for minimum of 12
	weeks trial: corticosteroids, azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate,
	sulfasalazine, balsalazide
	 Documentation of previous surgical intervention for Crohn's disease Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the
	 Documentation of severe, high-risk disease on colonoscopy defined by one of the following:
	Fistulizing disease
	Stricture
	 Presence of abscess/phlegmon
	Deep ulcerations
	 Large burden of disease including ileal, ileocolonic, or proximal
	gastrointestinal involvement
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with 12 weeks of In fliction by (any farmed his significance depth and a latter than 12 weeks) In fliction by (any farmed his significance depth and a latter than 12 weeks) In fliction by (any farmed his significance depth and a latter than 12 weeks)
	 Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola, Renflexis) Subcutaneous (SQ) formulation requires documentation of one of the following:
	 Subcutaneous (SQ) formulation requires documentation of one of the following: Loss of response after a minimum 6-month trial of 300 mg IV every 4 weeks
	 Unexpected adverse event on Entyvio IV, which cannot be attributed to the active
	ingredient
	Ulcerative Colitis
	Documentation of ONE of the following:
	 Documented failure with at least two oral treatments for a minimum of 12 weeks:
	corticosteroids, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, balsalazide, cyclosporine, azathioprine, 6-
	mercaptopurine
	Documentation of severely active disease despite current treatment defined by greater
	than or equal to 6 bloody, loose stools per day with severe cramps and evidence of
	systemic toxicity (fever, tachycardia, anemia, and/or elevated CRP/ESR), or recent hospitalization for ulcerative colitis
	Documented treatment failure (or documented intolerable adverse event) with 12 weeks of
	Infliximab (preferred biosimilar products Inflectra, Avsola, Renflexis)
	 Subcutaneous (SQ) formulation requires documentation of one of the following:
	Loss of response after a minimum 6-month trial of 300 mg IV every 4 weeks
	 Unexpected adverse event on Entyvio IV, which cannot be attributed to the active
	ingredient
	QL Initial: 200 mg IV at weeks 0. 2. and 0
	• Initial: 300 mg IV at weeks 0, 2, and 6



	Maintenance:
	 Defined as an initial response to therapy (improvement in signs/symptoms of disease) with a subsequent loss of response, which can be shown by any of the following: Moderate to severe disease evident by mucosal appearance (e.g., per endoscopy, colonoscopy, sigmoidoscopy) Validated clinical indices (e.g., Crohn's Disease Activity Index [CDAI] 220 or greater, Partial Mayo Clinic Score for UC of 5 or greater) New increase in disease activity accompanied by C-reactive protein (CRP) level of 10 mg/mL or greater and/or fecal calprotectin level over 150 mcg/g New increase in disease activity requiring additional therapy (e.g., conventional synthetic disease modifying therapy or systemic corticosteroid) Reauthorization Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Concurrent use with any other targeted immune modulator is considered experimental and is not a covered benefit
Age Restriction:	
Provider Restriction:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a gastroenterologist
Approval Duration:	 Initial approval: 6 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 24 months, unless otherwise specified



VELMANASE ALFA-TYCV

Affected Medications: LAMZEDE

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design The treatment of non-central nervous system manifestations of alphamannosidosis
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of alpha-mannosidosis (AM) confirmed by enzyme assay demonstrating alpha-mannosidase activity less than 10% of normal activity Documentation of symptoms consistent with AM such as hearing impairment, difficulty walking, skeletal abnormalities, or intellectual disabilities
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success such as improvement in motor function, forced viral capacity (FVC), or reduction in frequency of infections
Exclusion Criteria:	Patients with only central nervous system manifestations and no other symptoms
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, specialist familiar with the treatment of lysosomal storage disorders
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



VERTEPORFIN INJECTION

Affected Medications: VISUDYNE (verteporfin)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Treatment of predominantly classic subfoveal choroidal neovascularization (CNV) due to one of the following:
Required Medical Information:	 Documented diagnosis of subfoveal CNV due to one of the following: Neovascular AMD Pathologic myopia Presumed ocular histoplasmosis Documentation of current body surface area (BSA)
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	 Neovascular AMD and Pathologic Myopia Documented treatment failure or intolerance following a minimum 3-month trial with Avastin and ranibizumab (preferred biosimilar products: Byooviz and Cimerli) Dosing 6 mg/m² BSA Every 3 month dosing is permitted with evidence of choroidal neovascular leakage (see reauthorization criteria) Dose-rounding to the nearest vial size within 10% of the prescribed dose will be enforced Reauthorization requires documentation of the following: Positive response to therapy (e.g., improved or stable visual acuity, reduced central macular thickness) Evidence of recurrent or persistent leakage on fluorescein angiogram or optical coherence tomography (OCT), performed at least 3 months after the last treatment
Exclusion Criteria:	 Concurrent therapy with vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) inhibitors Treatment of non-neovascular (dry) AMD
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an ophthalmologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VIGABATRIN

Affected Medications: SABRIL (vigabatrin), VIGADRONE (vigabatrin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness) Infantile spasms
Required Medical	Infantile Spasms
Information:	Used as monotherapy for pediatric patients (1 month to 2 years of age)
	Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness) • Used as adjunctive therapy only
Appropriate	Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)
Treatment	Documentation the patient has tried at least 2 alternative therapies: carbamazepine,
Regimen & Other	phenytoin, levetiracetam, topiramate, oxcarbazepine, or lamotrigine
Criteria:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a reduction in seizure severity, frequency, and/or duration
Exclusion Criteria:	Use as a first line agent for Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)
Age Restriction:	Infantile Spasms: 1 month to 2 years of age Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness): greater than 2 years of age
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Infantile Spasms
	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months (or up to 2 years of age), unless otherwise specified
	Refractory Complex Partial Seizures (focal seizures with impaired awareness)
	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VIJOICE

Affected Medications: VIJOICE (alpelisib)

Affected Medication	is. VIJOICE (alpelisib)
Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan
	design
	 Treatment of severe manifestations of PIK3CA-related overgrowth spectrum (PROS)
	in patients who require systemic therapy
Required Medical	Documented diagnosis of PROS, to include any of the following:
Information:	 CLAPOS syndrome
	 CLOVES syndrome
	 Diffuse capillary malformation with overgrowth (DCMO)
	 Dysplastic megalencephaly (DMEG)
	 Facial infiltrating lipomatosis (FIL)
	 Fibroadipose hyperplasia (FAH)/fibroadipose overgrowth (FAO)/ hemihyperplasia
	multiple lipomatosis (HHML) syndrome
	 Fibroadipose vascular anomaly (FAVA)
	 Hemimegalencephaly (HMEG)
	 Klippel-Trenaunay syndrome (KTS)
	 Lipomatosis of nerve (LON)
	 Megalencephaly-capillary malformation (MCAP) syndrome
	Muscular hemihyperplasia (HH)
	Documentation of PIK3CA gene mutation
	Documentation of clinical manifestations that were assessed by the treating provider as
	severe or life-threatening and necessitating systemic treatment
	Documentation that clinical manifestations are a direct result of a lesion that is both of the
	following: o Inoperable, as defined by the treating provider
	Causing functional impairment
	Documentation of one or more target lesion(s) identified on imaging within 6 months prior to
	request, including location(s) and volume of lesion(s)
Appropriate	Treatment failure (or intolerable adverse event) with sirolimus for at least 6 months at a dose
Treatment	of at least 2 mg daily in patients with lymphatic, venous, or combined manifestations of
Regimen & Other	disease
Criteria:	
	Reauthorization will require documentation of both of the following:
	 Radiological response, defined as greater than or equal to a 20% reduction from
	baseline in the sum of measurable target lesion volume, confirmed by at least one
	subsequent imaging assessment
	 Absence of greater than or equal to a 20% increase from baseline in any target lesion,
	progression of non-target lesions, or appearance of a new lesion
Exclusion Criteria:	Treatment of PIK3CA-mutated conditions other than PROS
Age Restriction:	Must be 2 years of age or older
Prescriber	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist with experience in the treatment of PROS
Restrictions:	Freschibed by, or in consultation with, a specialist with experience in the treatment of PROS
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Coverage	Initial Authorization: 6 months, unless otherwise specified
Duration:	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: VISTOGARD

Affected Medications: VISTOGARD (uridine triacetate)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design For the emergency treatment of adult and pediatric patients: Following a fluorouracil or capecitabine overdose regardless of the presence of symptoms, OR Who exhibit early-onset, severe, or life-threatening toxicity affecting the cardiac or central nervous system, and/or early-onset, unusually severe adverse reactions (e.g., gastrointestinal toxicity and/or neutropenia) within 96 hours following the end of fluorouracil or capecitabine administration
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of fluorouracil or capecitabine administration Documentation of overdose OR early-onset, severe adverse reaction, or life-threatening toxicity
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Dosing is in accordance with FDA labeling
Exclusion	Non-emergent treatment of adverse events associated with fluorouracil or capecitabine
Criteria:	Use more than 96 hours following the end of fluorouracil or capecitabine administration
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 7 days, unless otherwise specified



VMAT2 INHIBITORS

Affected Medications: tetrabenazine, AUSTEDO (deutetrabenazine), AUSTEDO XR (deutetrabenazine), INGREZZA (valbenazine), INGREZZA SPRINKLE (valbenazine)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Chorea associated with Huntington's disease Tardive dyskinesia
Required Medical	Chorea related to Huntington's Disease
Information:	Diagnosis of Huntington's Disease with Chorea requiring treatment
	Tardive Dyskinesia
	 Diagnosis of moderate to severe tardive dyskinesia including all of the following: A history of at least one month of ongoing or previous dopamine receptor-blocking agent exposure
	 Presence of dyskinetic or dystonic involuntary movements that developed either while exposed to a dopamine receptor-blocking agent, or within 4 weeks of discontinuation from an oral agent (8 weeks from a depot formulation) Other causes of abnormal movements have been excluded
	Baseline evaluation of the condition using one of the following:
	Abnormal Involuntary Movement Scale (AIMS)
	Extrapyramidal Symptom Rating Scale (ESRS)
	Call apyramidal Symptom Rating Scale (ESRS)
Appropriate	For new start requests for Austedo and Austedo XR:
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of Ingrezza or Ingrezza Sprinkle
Regimen & Other Criteria:	(valbenazine)
	Tardive Dyskinesia
	 Persistent dyskinesia despite dose reduction or discontinuation of the offending agent OR
	Documented clinical inability to reduce dose or discontinue the offending agent
	Reauthorization: requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
	 Tardive Dyskinesia: must include an improvement in AIMS or ESRS score from baseline
Exclusion Criteria:	 Use for Huntington's comorbid with untreated or inadequately treated depression or suicidal ideation
	Concomitant use with another VMAT2 inhibitor or reserpine
	Hepatic impairment
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist or psychiatrist
Care Restrictions:	The state of the s
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 3 months, unless otherwise specified
-	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified
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POLICY NAME: VOCLOSPORIN

Affected Medications: LUPKYNIS CAPSULE 7.9 MG ORAL

Is the request for continuation of therapy currently approved through insurance?	Yes – Go to renewal criteria	No – Go to #2
Is the request to treat a diagnosis according to the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indication? a. For use in combination with a background immunosuppressive therapy regimen for the treatment of adult patients with active lupus nephritis	Yes – Go to appropriate section below	No – Criteria not met
Lupus Nephritis (LN)		
Is there documented International Society of Nephrology/Renal Pathology Society (ISN/RPS) biopsy- proven active class III, IV and/or V disease?	Yes – Document and go to #2	No – Criteria not met
Are there documented current baseline values (within the last 3 months) for all of the following? a. Estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) b. Urine protein to creatinine ratio (uPCR) c. Blood pressure	Yes – Document and go to #3	No – Criteria not met
Is there documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of standard therapy with both mycophenolate mofetil (MMF) AND cyclophosphamide?	Yes – Document and go to #4	No – Criteria not met
Is there documented treatment failure with at least 12 weeks of IV or subcutaneous Benlysta?	Yes – Document and go to #5	No – Criteria not met
Will Lupkynis be used in combination with MMF and corticosteroids or other background immunosuppressive therapy, other than cyclophosphamide?	Yes – Document and go to #6	No – Criteria not met
Is the drug prescribed by, or in consultation with, a rheumatologist, immunologist, nephrologist, or kidney specialist?	Yes – Go to #10	No – Criteria not met
7. Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 12 months	No – Criteria not met
Renewal Criteria		



Is there documentation of treatment success defined as an increase in eGFR, decrease in uPCR, or decrease in flares and corticosteroid use?	Yes – Go to #2	No – Criteria not met
Is the requested dose within the Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved label and PacificSource quantity limitations?	Yes – Approve up to 6 months (lifetime maximum 12 months of therapy)	No – Criteria not met

Quantity Limitations

• Lupkynis

- Starting dose: 23.7 mg twice daily (BID)
- Starting dose must be reduced in the below situations as follows:
 - eGFR 45 mL/min/1.73 m² or less at initiation: 15.8mg BID
 - Mild-to-moderate hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh A or B): 15.8mg BID
 - Concomitant use with moderate CYP3A4 inhibitors: 15.8mg in morning and 7.9mg in afternoon.



VORETIGENE NEPARVOVEC

Affected Medications: LUXTURNA (voretigene neparvovec-rzyl intraocular suspension for subretinal injection)

All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by
plan design.
 Inherited Retinal Dystrophies (IRD) caused by mutations in the retinal pigment epithelium-specific protein 65kDa (RPE65) gene.
 Diagnosis of a confirmed biallelic RPE65 mutation-associated retinal dystrophy (e.g. Leber's congenital amaurosis [LCA], Retinitis pigmentosa [RP], Early Onset Severe Retinal Dystrophy [EOSRD], etc.); AND Genetic testing documenting biallelic mutations of the RPE65 gene; AND Visual acuity of at least 20/800 OR have remaining light perception in the eye(s) receiving treatment AND Visual acuity of less than 20/60 OR a visual field of less than 20 degrees AND Presence of neural retina and a retinal thickness greater than 100 microns within the posterior pole as assessed by optical coherence tomography with AND have sufficient viable
retinal cells as assessed by the treating physician
 Patient has been previously enrolled in clinical trials of gene therapy for retinal dystrophy RPE65 mutations or has previously been treated with gene therapy for retinal dystrophy in the eye(s) receiving treatment Patient has other pre-existing eye conditions or complicating systemic diseases that would eventually lead to irreversible vision loss and prevent the patient from receiving full benefit from treatment (e.g. severe diabetic retinopathy)
12 months of age and older
Ophthalmologist or retinal surgeon with experience providing sub-retinal injections
Approval: 1 month - 1 injection per eye, per lifetime



POLICY NAME: VORICONAZOLE

Affected Medications: Voriconazole tablet, Voriconazole Intravenous (IV)

	volicoliazole tablet, volicoliazole ilitraverious (iv)
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded from benefit design
	 Invasive aspergillosis
	 Candidemia in non-neutropenic patients with the following Candida infections: disseminated skin infections and infections in the abdomen, kidney, bladder wall and wounds
	 Esophageal candidiasis Invasive candidiasis
	 Serious mycosis infections due to Scedosporium apiospermum and Fusarium species
	Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable)
	 Empiric therapy in high-risk patients with febrile neutropenia despite receiving broad-spectrum antibiotic therapy
	 Continuation of therapy for patients started/stabilized on IV or oral voriconazole for a systemic infection
	Blastomycosis
	Candida endophthalmitis
	 Infection caused by Talaromyces marneffei in patients with HIV
	Chronic pulmonary aspergillosis – cavitary or necrotizing
Required Medical	All indications:
Information:	Susceptibility cultures matching voriconazole activity
	Exceptions made for empiric therapy as long as treatment is adjusted when
	susceptibility cultures are available
	Documentation of an Oregon Health Authority (OHA) funded condition
	Esophageal candidiasis
	 Documented treatment failure with one other systemic agent (such as fluconazole, IV amphotericin B, itraconazole)
Appropriate Treatment	
Regimen & Other	
Criteria:	
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	2 years of age or older
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 month, unless otherwise specified





POLICY NAME: VOSORITIDE

Affected Medications: VOXZOGO (vosoritide)

	V GAZOGO (Voscillado)
Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design To increase linear growth in pediatric patients with achondroplasia with open epiphyses
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of achondroplasia confirmed by molecular genetic testing showing a mutation in the fibroblast growth factor receptor type 3 (FGFR3) gene Baseline height, growth velocity, and patient weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Documentation of all the following:
Exclusion Criteria:	 Hypochondroplasia Other short stature condition other than achondroplasia Evidence of growth plate closure
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a pediatric orthopedist, endocrinologist, or a provider with experience in treating skeletal dysplasias
Coverage Duration:	 Initial Authorization: 12 months Reauthorization: 12 months



POLICY NAME: VOXELOTOR

Affected Medications: Oxbryta (voxelotor)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. Oxbryta is indicated for the treatment of sickle cell disease (SCD) in adults and pediatric patients 4 years of age and older.
Required Medical Information:	 Two or more sickle cell-related crises in the past 12 months (defined as acute painful crisis or acute chest syndrome for which there are no explanation other than vaso-occlusive crisis). Therapeutic failure of 6 month trial on maximum tolerated dose of hydroxyurea or intolerable adverse event to hydroxyurea. Baseline hemoglobin (Hb) greater than or equal to 5.5 or less than or equal to 10.5 g/dL Current weight
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Tablets for oral suspension, must be unable to swallow tablets Reauthorization requires documentation of treatment success defined by an increase in hemoglobin of more than 1 gm/dL from baseline or a decrease in the number of sickle cell-related crises.
Exclusion Criteria:	 Receiving regular red-cell transfusion therapy or have received a transfusion in the past 60 days Have been hospitalized for vaso-occlusive crisis within 14 days of request Combined use with anti-P selectin monoclonal antibody (crizanlizumab)
Age Restriction:	Patients aged 4 years and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a hematologist
Coverage Duration:	 Intial approval: 6 months Reauthorization: 12 months



POLICY NAME: **VYALEV**

Affected Medications: VYALEV (carbidopa-levodopa infusion)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 Treatment of motor fluctuations in adults with advanced Parkinson's disease (PD)
Required Medical	Diagnosis of advanced PD
Information:	 Clear response to levodopa treatment with evidence of "On" periods
	 Persistent motor fluctuations with "Off" time occurring 2.5 hours or more per day while awake despite an optimized PD treatment regimen
Appropriate	Documented treatment failure with both of the following:
Treatment	 Oral carbidopa/levodopa extended release
Regimen & Other	 Two additional agents from different anti-PD drug classes:
Criteria:	 Monoamine oxidase-B (MAO-B) inhibitors (ex: selegiline, rasagiline) Dopamine agonists (ex: amantadine, pramipexole, ropinirole) Catechol-O-methyltransferase (COMT) inhibitors (ex: entacapone) Dosing is in accordance to FDA labeling and does not exceed 3,525 mg of foslevodopa component per day
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Non-levodopa responsive PD
	 Concomitant or recent (within 2 weeks) use of nonselective MAO inhibitors
	Concomitant use with carbidopa/levodopa extended-release products
Age Restriction:	18 years of age or older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



XEOMIN, DYSPORT, MYOBLOC, and DAXXIFY

Affected Medications: XEOMIN (incobotulinumtoxinA), DYSPORT (AbobotulinumtoxinA), MYOBLOC

(RimabotulinumtoxinB), DAXXIFY (daxibotulinumtoxinA-lanm)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved and compendia-supported indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Dysport Focal dystonia (cervical dystonia, blepharospasm, laryngeal spasm, oromandibular dystonia, severe writer's cramp) Upper/lower limb spasticity Xeomin Cervical dystonia Blepharospasm Upper limb spasticity Myobloc, Daxxify Cervical dystonia Cervical dystonia
Required Medical	Pertinent medical records and diagnostic testing
Information:	Complete description of the site(s) of injection
miormation.	Strength and dosage of botulinum toxin used
Appropriate	Dysport
Treatment	Approved first-line for focal dystonia, drug-induced orofacial dyskinesia, upper or lower
Regimen & Other Criteria:	limb spasticity
	<u>Xeomin</u>
	Cervical dystonia and upper limb spasticity: Documentation of treatment failure with
	Botox and Dysport
	Blepharospasm: Documentation of treatment failure with Botox
	 Myobloc Cervical dystonia: Documentation of treatment failure with Botox and Dysport
	 Daxxify Cervical dystonia: Documentation of treatment failure with Botox, Dysport, and Xeomin
	 Quantity limitations Maximum of 4 treatments per 12 months
	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Headaches/migraines Hemifacial spasm, sialorrhea, cosmetic procedures: not above the line on the prioritized list
Age Restriction:	Myobloc, Daxxify: 18 years of age and older
Prescriber	Blepharospasm: Prescribed by, or in consult with, a neurologist, ophthalmologist, or
Restrictions:	optometrist
	Other indications: Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist



Coverage Duration: • Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



XGEVA

Affected Medications: XGEVA (denosumab)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Giant cell tumor Bone metastases from solid tumors Hypercalcemia of malignancy Multiple myeloma National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	 Giant cell tumor Unresectable disease or surgical resection would likely result in severe morbidity Bone metastases from solid tumors Hypercalcemia of malignancy Refractory to bisphosphonate therapy or contraindication Multiple myeloma Requires failure of zoledronic acid or pamidronate OR creatinine clearance less than 30mL/min
Appropriate Treatment Regimen:	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	 Giant cell tumor: Adults and adolescents at least 12 years of age and skeletally mature weighing at least 45 kg All other indications: 18 years of age or older
Provider Restriction:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months



POLICY NAME: XIAFLEX

Affected Medications: XIAFLEX (collagenase clostridium histolyticum)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Dupuytren's contracture with a palpable cord
Required Medical Information:	
Appropriate Treatment Regimen:	Dupuytren's Authorization will be limited per joint as follows: One injection per month for a maximum of three injections per cord Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Provider Restriction:	
Coverage Duration:	Dupuytren's: 12 weeks, unless otherwise specified (separate approval is required for each hand)



POLICY NAME: XIFAXAN

Affected Medications: XIFAXAN (rifaximin)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Prevention of hepatic encephalopathy (HE) Compendia-supported uses that will be covered (if applicable) Treatment of HE
Required Medical	Documentation of complete & current treatment course required.
Information:	Previous antibiotic history and documented allergies/hypersensitivity
Appropriate	HE:
Treatment	Documented treatment failure with at least 1 month of lactulose therapy defined as
Regimen & Other	continued altered mental status or elevated ammonium levels despite adequate upward
Criteria:	titration
	Reauthorization will require documentation of treatment success and a clinically significant response to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	HE:
	Xifaxan exceeding the recommended dose of two 550 mg tablets daily or 400 mg 3 times daily for the treatment or prevention of hepatic encephalopathy
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber	
Restrictions:	
Coverage Duration:	HE:
	Authorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: XURIDEN

Affected Medications: XURIDEN (uridine triacetate)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise
	excluded by plan design
	Hereditary orotic aciduria
Required Medical	Diagnosis of hereditary orotic aciduria confirmed by ONE of the following:
imormation.	UMPS gene
	 Urinary orotic acid level above the normal reference range
	 Clinical manifestations consistent with disease such as:
	 Megaloblastic anemia
	 Leukopenia
	 Developmental delays
	 Failure to thrive
Appropriate Treatment	
Regimen & Other Criteria:	<u>Reauthorization</u> requires documentation of treatment success based on ONE of the following:
	Improvement of hematologic abnormalities such as megaloblastic anemia and leukopenia
	Reduction of urinary orotic acid levels
Exclusion Criteria:	
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a metabolic specialist or geneticist
Coverage Duration:	Approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: YONSA

Affected Medications: YONSA (abiraterone)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design. National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) indications with evidence level of 2A or higher
Required Medical Information:	Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	A documented inadequate response or intolerable adverse event with the preferred product abiraterone acetate Reauthorization will require documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	 Child-Pugh Class C Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	 Initial approval: 4 months, unless otherwise specified Subsequent approval: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: **ZANIDATAMAB**

Affected Medications: ZIIHERA (zanidatamab)

Covered Uses:	All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design
	 NCCN (National Comprehensive Cancer Network) indications with evidence level of 2A or better
Required Medical Information:	 Documentation of performance status, disease staging, all prior therapies used, and anticipated treatment course Documentation that Ziihera will be administered as monotherapy
	 Documentation of previously treated unresectable or metastatic human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2)-positive biliary tract cancer (BTC) that has progressed following at least 1 prior systemic therapy
	 Documentation of HER2 positivity with a score of 3+ on immunohistochemistry (IHC) testing
Appropriate Treatment	 Documented treatment failure or intolerable adverse event with Enhertu (fam- trastuzumab deruxtecan)
Regimen & Other Criteria:	Reauthorization: documentation of disease responsiveness to therapy
Exclusion Criteria:	Karnofsky Performance Status 50% or less or ECOG performance score 3 or greater
Age Restriction:	
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, an oncologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified



POLICY NAME: ZILUCOPLAN

Affected Medications: ZILBRYSQ (zilucoplan)

Covered Uses:	 All Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved indications not otherwise excluded by plan design Generalized myasthenia gravis (gMG) in adult patients who are anti-acetylcholine
	receptor (AChR) antibody positive
Required Medical Information:	 Diagnosis of generalized Myasthenia Gravis (gMG) confirmed by one of the following: A history of abnormal neuromuscular transmission test A positive edrophonium chloride test Improvement in gMG signs or symptoms with an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor Myasthenia Gravis Foundation of America (MGFA) Clinical Classification Class II to IV Positive serologic test for AChR antibodies MG-Activities of Daily Living (MG-ADL) total score of 6 or greater OR Quantitative Myasthenia Gravis (QMG) total score of 12 or greater
Appropriate Treatment Regimen & Other Criteria:	Currently on a stable dose of at least one gMG therapy (acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, corticosteroid, or non-steroidal immunosuppressive therapy (NSIST)) that will be continued during initial treatment with Zilbrysq.
	 Documentation of one of the following: Treatment failure with an adequate trial (one year or more) of at least two immunosuppressive therapies (azathioprine, mycophenolate, tacrolimus, cyclosporine, methotrexate) Has required three or more courses of rescue therapy (plasmapheresis/plasma exchange and/or intravenous immunoglobulin), while on at least one immunosuppressive therapy, over the last 12 months
	Reauthorization requires:
	 Documentation of treatment success and clinically significant response to therapy defined as: A minimum 2-point reduction in MG-ADL score from baseline AND Absent or reduced need for rescue therapy compared to baseline That the patient requires continuous treatment, after an initial beneficial response, due to
	new or worsening disease activity
Exclusion Criteria:	 Current or recent systemic infection within 2 weeks Concurrent use with other biologics (rituximab, eculizumab, IVIG, etc)
Age Restriction:	18 years of age and older
Prescriber/Site of Care Restrictions:	Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a neurologist
Coverage Duration:	Initial Authorization: 4 months, unless otherwise specified
	Reauthorization: 12 months, unless otherwise specified

